

Polymyositis: A Rare Autoimmune Muscle Disease

Disease Overview^{1,2}



Polymyositis (PM) is a rare, autoimmune and muscle disorder characterized by chronic muscle inflammation and weakness. PM is gradual in onset, and without treatment could eventually affect one's ability to rise from a seated position, climb stairs, lift objects or reach overhead.

Cause^{1,2}

Like other types of myositis, the cause of PM is **unknown**. PM shares many characteristics with autoimmune disorders as the immune system mistakenly attacks healthy muscle fibers.

Associated Conditions^{2,4}

Lung Disease



Lupus



Scleroderma



Rheumatoid Arthritis



Raynaud's Phenomenon



Viral Infections



Cardiovascular Disease



Connective Tissue Disorders



Sjogren's Syndrome



Affected Populations⁵

Yearly incidence is between **1 to 5 people per million**, and the prevalence is 1/14,000. PM most commonly affects adults over the age of 20, particularly people in their **30s, 40s or 50s**.

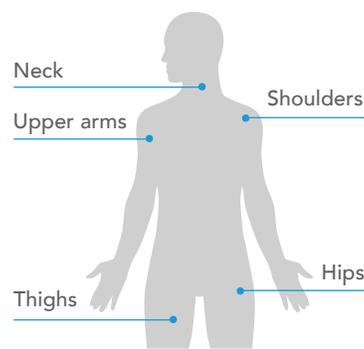
Other Risk Factors^{2,5}

Gender: PM is more common in women than in men by a 2:1 ratio.

Ethnicity: In the United States, a Black-to-Caucasian ratio of 5:1 has been reported.

Symptoms that Arise Over Time^{1,3,5}

Muscle weakness on both sides and areas, especially those closest to the center of the body



Muscle Aches



Difficulty Swallowing



Fatigue



Shortness of Breath



Weight Loss



Difficulty Speaking



Fever



Chronic Dry Cough



Diagnosis and Tests⁴

Clinical Blood Tests



Electro-myography



MRI



Muscle Biopsy



Doctors Who Help Manage Care⁷



Rheumatologists



Neurologists

Current Treatment Options for Those with PM^{4,6}

Treatment is based upon signs and symptoms, but physicians can offer high-dose corticosteroids and other **immunosuppressive agents**. **Exercise and physical therapy** are recommended to improve muscle strength and flexibility. **Speech therapy** can be recommended for difficulties with swallowing and speech. Some may also recommend infusion of intravenous immunoglobulin to block autoantibodies.

References:

1. myositis.org/about-myositis/types-of-myositis/polymyositis/ | 2. mayoclinic.org/diseases-conditions/polymyositis/symptoms-causes/syc-20353208 | 3. my.clevelandclinic.org/health/diseases/12053-polymyositis | 4. rarediseases.info.nih.gov/diseases/7425/polymyositis | 5. orpha.net/consor/cgi-bin/OC_Exp.php?Lng=GB&Expert=732 | 6. mda.org/disease/polymyositis/medical-management | 7. myositis.org/patient-support/find-doctor/