

ADP-A2M4 (MAGE-A4) IN PATIENTS WITH SYNOVIAL SARCOMA

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DISCLOSURE INFORMATION

Van Tine, Brian

Personal financial interests

- Advisory Role/Consultant: Epizyme; CytRx; Janssen; Plexxicon
- Consultant, Advisory Role/Speaker, Research/Trial Support, Travel Support: Lilly
- . Speaker Bureau: Caris
- Research Grant/Consulting/Ad Board: Pfizer
- . Consultant: Bayer
- Research Grant: Merck; Tracon
- Advisory Board: Immune Design; Daiichi Sankyo
- Speaker: Adaptimmune

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Institutional financial interests

- Research Grant: Lilly; Merck
- Trial Support: Oncothyreon; Gliknik; Celidex Therapeutics; ImClone Systems; Peregrine Pharmaceuticals; BIND Therapeutics; Regeneron Pharmaceuticals; MabVax Therapeutics; Millenium; AbbVie; Janssen Research Foundation; Jounce Therapeutics; EMD Serono; Puma Biotechnology; VentiRx Pharmaceuticals; Taiho Pharmaceuticals; Gilead Sciences; Incyte; Daiichi Pharmaceutical; Novartis; Pfizer; Acerta; Inventiv Health; Celgene; Sanofi; AstraZeneca; Merrimack Pharmaceuticals; Biothera Pharmaceuticals; Medimmune; Blueprint Medicines; Bristol-Myers Squibb:: Enzychem Lifesciences Corporation; Eisai; Genentech; Corvus; Johnson & Johnson; Threshold Pharmaceuticals; Bayer; BeiGene; GlaxoSmithKline; Molecular Insight Pharmaceuticals; Gem Pharmaceuticals; Deciphera Pharmaceuticals; Forma Therapeutics, Bavarian Nordic; Hoffman-LaRoche; Caris Life Sciences; Morphotek; Soligenix; Eleison Pharmaceuticals; AADi; Immune Design; TRACON Pharmaceuticals: NanoCarrier: Advenchen Laboratories: Karyopharm Therapeutics; Hutchison MediPharma



BACKGROUND

Synovial Sarcoma and MAGE-A4 Expression

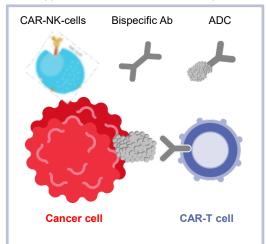
- Synovial sarcoma represents ~10% of all soft tissue sarcomas
- Metastatic disease has poor prognosis
- . MAGE-A4 is highly expressed in synovial sarcoma patients
 - 2017 study¹ showed that 82% of synovial sarcoma tumor samples expressed MAGE-A4 by immunohistochemistry
- ADP-A2M4 SPEAR T-cells are autologous CD4⁺ and CD8⁺ T-cells genetically engineered to express an affinity-enhanced T-cell receptor (TCR) that recognizes the HLA-A2-restricted peptide MAGE-A4₂₃₀₋₂₃₉ (GVYDGREHTV)

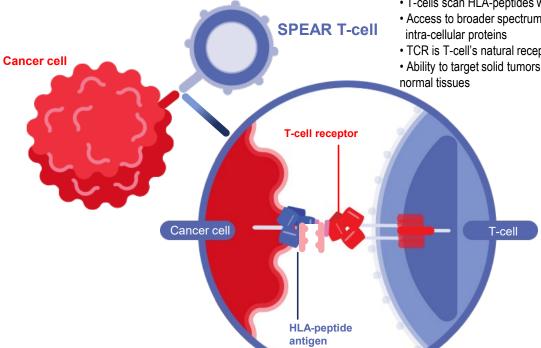


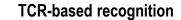
BACKGROUND

ADP-A2M4 SPEAR (Specific Peptide Enhanced Affinity Receptor) T-cells

For most approaches, access to extracellular proteins only







More options for targeting cancers by enhancing the natural immune system:

- T-cells scan HLA-peptides with TCRs
- · Access to broader spectrum of extra- and
- TCR is T-cell's natural receptor construct
- · Ability to target solid tumors as opposed to



OBJECTIVES

- Phase 1 Dose Escalation, Multi-Tumor Study to Assess the Safety, Tolerability and Antitumor Activity of ADP-A2M4 in HLA-A2⁺ Subjects with MAGE-A4⁺ Tumors
- This presentation focuses on data from patients with synovial sarcoma

Primary

• Evaluate safety and tolerability of ADP-A2M4 T-cell therapy

Secondary

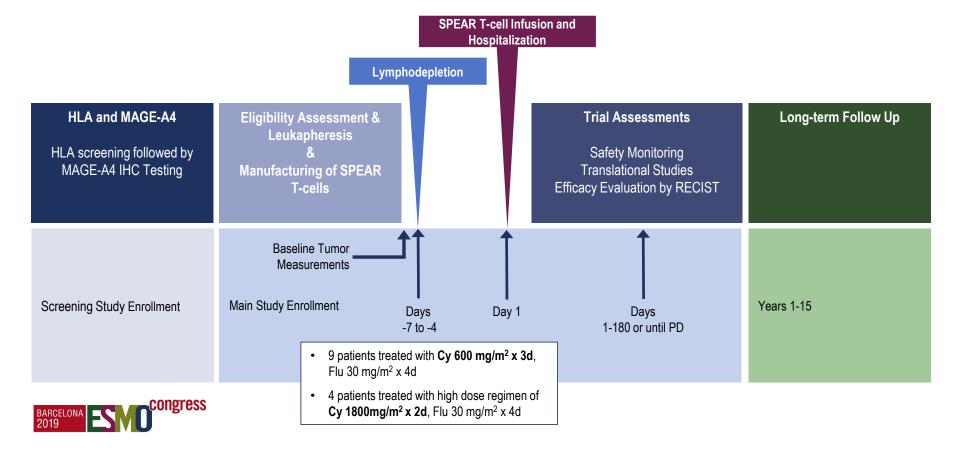
- Evaluate the anti-tumor activity of ADP-A2M4 T-cells
- Evaluate potential therapy-related delayed AEs for 15 years post-infusion

Exploratory

- Evaluate the persistence, phenotype and functionality of transduced and non-transduced T-cells
- Characterize the tumor and serum factors that may influence response or resistance to ADP-A2M4 therapy



METHODS: STUDY DESIGN



PATIENT CHARACTERISTICS

| N=13* | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|------------------------------------|
| Sex | Male: 8 | Female: 5 |
| Age | Median: 53 | Range: 31 - 76 Two patients >70 |
| Race | White: 11 | Asian: 2 |
| ECOG status | ECOG 0 = 7 | ECOG 1 = 6 |
| Prior lines of systemic therapies | Median: 2 | Range: 1 - 5 |
| Cell dose x 10 ⁹ | Median: 9.7 | Range: 3.41 - 9.98 |

*13th treated patient did not have post-baseline assessment at time of data cut off.



SAFETY: ADVERSE EVENTS ≥ GRADE 3

| Preferred Term | Grade ≥3 N (%) |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| Leukopenia | 12 (92.3%) |
| Lymphopenia | 12 (92.3%) |
| Neutropenia | 10 (76.9%) |
| Anemia | 5 (38.5%) |
| Thrombocytopenia | 5 (38.5%) |
| Hypophosphatemia | 5 (38.5%) |
| Rash | 3 (23.1%) |
| Febrile neutropenia | 3 (23.1%) |
| CRS | 2 (15.4%) |
| Hyponatremia | 2 (15.4%) |
| Acute kidney injury | 1 (7.7%) |
| Acute left ventricular failur | 1 (7.7%) |
| Anal abscess | 1 (7.7%) |

| Preferred Term | Grade ≥3 N (%) |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| Aplastic anemia | 1 (7.7%) |
| Arrhythmia | 1 (7.7%) |
| Decreased appetite | 1 (7.7%) |
| Endocarditis staphylococcal | 1 (7.7%) |
| Hypermagnesemia | 1 (7.7%) |
| Hypocalcemia | 1 (7.7%) |
| Hypotension | 1 (7.7%) |
| Influenza like illness | 1 (7.7%) |
| Pancytopenia | 1 (7.7%) |
| Pleural effusion | 1 (7.7%) |
| Sciatica | 1 (7.7%) |
| Sepsis | 1 (7.7%) |
| Troponin increased | 1 (7.7%) |



ADVERSE EVENT OF INTEREST

Aplastic Anemia (AA)

- AA has been reported in other cell therapies using a high dose lymphodepletion regimen¹
- Three cases of fatal aplastic anemia reported in trials with three different TCRs using a lymphodepletion regimen of Flu 30 mg/m² x 4d, Cy 1800mg/m² x 2d
 - . 76-year-old patient with synovial sarcoma treated with ADP-A2M4 (MAGE-A4)
 - . 73-year-old patient with synovial sarcoma treated with NY-ESO-1 TCR1
 - 66-year-old patient with NSCLC treated with ADP-A2M10 (MAGE-A10, NCT02989064)
- . All cases were reported to regulatory agencies
- . RT-PCR did not detect MAGE antigens in the bone marrow

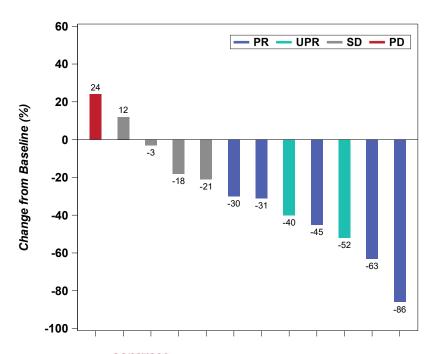
Caution should be used with high-dose lymphodepletion in heavily pretreated older patients; protocols have been amended

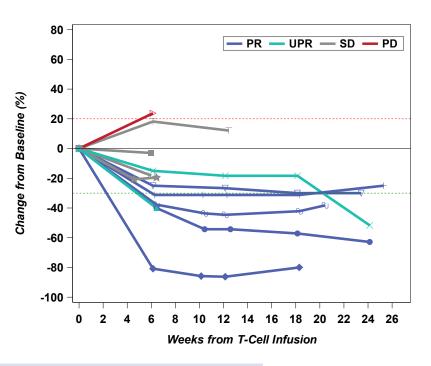
- Moderate lymphodepletion regimen: Flu 30 mg/m² x 4d, Cy 600 mg/m² x 3d
- Patients must be ≤75 years old



ADP-A2M4 SPEAR T-CELLS INDUCE CLINICAL RESPONSES

Best overall response in 12 patients* with post-baseline assessments







SIGNIFICANT TUMOR REDUCTION

Lung













86% decrease in RECIST 1.1 and significant symptom improvement

- 53-year-old male
- Longstanding history of synovial sarcoma
- Treated with surgery, radiotherapy, and multiple chemotherapy regimens
- High MAGE-A4 expression in tumor
 - Baseline SLD* 24 cm
- 9.87 x 109 SPEAR T-cells
- Did well post-infusion
 - Grade 1 CRS and cytopenias
- Baseline scans:
 - Extensive disease in the lung and pleura-based tumor masses
- Week 6 scans:
 - One large pleura-based lesion disappeared and others reduced via RECIST 1.1 criteria

*Sum of the Longest Diameter of the target lesions



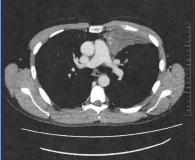
REDUCTION IN BULKY TUMOR

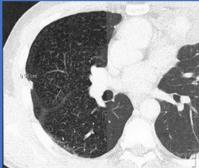
Lung











Week 12

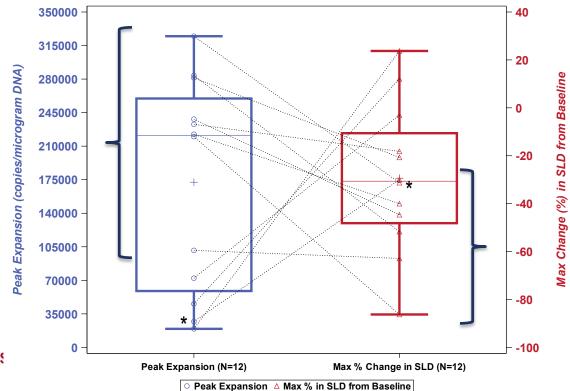
44% decrease by RECIST 1.1 and shortness of breath resolved

- 42-year-old male
- Diagnosed age 25
 - Recently developed metastatic disease
- Moderate MAGE-A4 expression
 - Baseline SLD 20 cm
- 9.95 x 10⁹ SPEAR T-cells
- Did well post-infusion
 - Grade 2 CRS and cytopenias
- At baseline
 - Shortness of breath due to accumulation of fluid in pleural space
 - Tumor (left lung) displacing major blood vessels and compressing right lung
- Week 12 scans:
 - Tumor decreased and non-target lesion disappeared
 - Patient lung expanded; shortness of breath resolved



TRANSDUCED T-CELLS PEAK EXPANSION

Higher peak expansion associated with decrease in tumor size from baseline



CONCLUSIONS

- ADP-A2M4 SPEAR T-cells induced clinical responses by RECIST 1.1 in 7/12 and clinical benefit rate in 11/12 assessed patients with synovial sarcoma
 - Additional follow up needed to determine durability of responses
- Most adverse events consistent with those typically experienced by cancer patients undergoing cytotoxic chemotherapy and/or cancer immunotherapy
 - CRS was common in the treated patient population
- Higher peak expansion is associated with decreases in tumor size from baseline
- The ADP-A2M4 Phase 2 SPEARHEAD-1 Trial in synovial sarcoma and myxoid/round cell liposarcoma is now enrolling in North America, and soon in Europe (NCT04044768)



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