

Spire Global Announces Third Quarter 2025 Results

VIENNA, Va.--(BUSINESS WIRE)-- <u>Spire Global, Inc.</u> (NYSE: SPIR) ("Spire" or "the Company"), a global provider of satellite data, analytics and intelligence, announced results for its quarter ended September 30, 2025. The Company will hold a <u>webcast</u> at 8:30 a.m. ET today to discuss the results.

Third Quarter 2025 Highlights

Financial:

- Third quarter 2025 revenue was \$12.7 million dollars, reflecting a year over year decrease primarily associated with selling the maritime business at the end of April 2025. Spire recognized approximately \$43.5 million of revenue in 2024 for the maritime business, and year over year comparisons should be viewed with this context. Third quarter 2025 revenue was lower than expectations, primarily driven by revenue recognition timing and uncertainty regarding the renewal of an Earth observation data contract. The revenue impacted by recognition timing remains fully contracted and is expected to be recognized in 2026 as Spire executes and delivers against program milestones.
- Third quarter 2025 operating loss was \$21.1 million and non-GAAP¹ operating loss was \$13.9 million. Third quarter 2025 net loss was \$19.7 million and adjusted EBITDA¹ was negative \$11.8 million. Both metrics declined year over year, driven primarily by lower revenue, including revenue recognition timing which caused some revenue to move to 2026.
- Third quarter 2025 cash flow used in operations was \$12.0 million. Cash, cash equivalents, and marketable securities for the quarter ended September 30, 2025 were \$96.8 million. Cash usage in the quarter reflected revenue timing effects, working-capital dynamics related to satellite manufacturing, and elevated legal and professional fees. Spire's debt-free balance sheet remains strong going into 2026.
- Remaining performance obligations not yet recognized as revenue as of September 30, 2025 were more than \$200 million. Of this balance, Spire expects approximately \$70 million dollars to be recognized as revenue in 2026.

Business:

 Spire was awarded a \$11.2 million contract from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) to provide global navigation satellite system (GNSS) radio occultation (RO) data for a one-year period. The Company's near-real-time GNSS-RO data consists of vertical profiles of atmospheric measurements, including pressure, humidity, and temperature, that can reach all points of the globe. NOAA, together with NASA, the U.S. Air Force, and the U.S. Navy, will integrate

- Spire's GNSS-RO data into their weather and space weather models.
- Spire was selected by Deloitte to build eight additional satellites and deliver advanced satellite capabilities, expanding their on-orbit cyber and data operations. This contract will support Deloitte's on-orbit cyber payloads, as well as its space data capabilities for commercial and government clients. The mission will serve as a platform for advancing Deloitte's Silent Shield mission to further innovate in satellite vehicle defense and resilience.
- Spire was awarded a \$2.5 million contract by NOAA for satellite weather data. The
 contract is part of NOAA's Commercial Weather Data Pilot (CWDP) Ocean Surface
 Winds Pilot Study to evaluate how commercial satellite observations can improve
 measurements of ocean surface winds a critical factor in forecasting hurricanes,
 winter storms, and other severe weather.
- Spire was awarded a €3 million contract renewal by EUMETSAT, Europe's
 meteorological satellite agency, for a one-year period. Through the contract, the
 Company will continue to provide RO data. Spire will provide the data in near-real
 time, with EUMETSAT processing and disseminating it to national weather agencies
 across Europe and the broader World Meteorological Organization (WMO) community
 for integration into global forecast models.
- Spire continues to see a strong demand environment for space-based insights driven by increasing European and NATO budgets and accelerated procurement timelines, especially for firms that can meet capability needs today. With strategic investments in Europe and the U.S., along with expanding on-orbit data collection, Spire is positioned to meet this demand.

Financial Outlook

Spire is providing the following guidance for the fourth quarter 2025 and full year ending December 31, 2025, which takes into account delays from the U.S. government shutdown and revenue recognition timing for specific efforts that remain fully contracted and are expected to be recognized as revenue in 2026 as Spire executes and delivers against program milestones:

	Q4'25 Rang	ges	FY'25	Rang	jes
	 Low	High	Low		High
Revenue (millions)	\$ 14.8 \$	16.8	\$ 70.5	\$	72.5
Y/Y Change	-32%	-22%	-36%		-34%
Non-GAAP Operating Loss (millions)	\$ (16.4) \$	(15.5)	\$ (54.7)	\$	(53.8)
Adjusted EBITDA (millions)	\$ (12.2) \$	(11.4)	\$ (42.2)	\$	(41.3)
Non-GAAP Loss Per Share	\$ (0.47) \$	(0.44)	\$ (1.98)	\$	(1.95)
Basic Weighted Average Shares (millions)	32.8	32.8	30.9		30.9

Given the revenue movement out of 2025, Spire now expects in excess of 30% revenue growth in 2026 for the business remaining after the maritime divestiture⁽¹⁾. The Company is in the process of completing its 2026 budget with the goal of becoming adjusted EBITDA and operating cash flow break even to positive by no later than Q4 2026. We are taking a comprehensive look at our cost base to align to our revenue expectations and the sale of the maritime business.

Non-GAAP operating loss, adjusted EBITDA and non-GAAP loss per share included in the table above are non-GAAP measures. Please see the section titled "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for the definition of such measures. Spire has provided a reconciliation of GAAP

to non-GAAP financial measures in the tables included in this press release for its third quarter 2024 and 2025, as well as its outlook for such measures for the fourth quarter and full year 2025.

1 Non-GAAP Financial Measure, please see section titled Non-GAAP Financial Measures for the definition of such measures and the reconciliation tables at the end of this release for reconciliation to the most directly comparable GAAP measure.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

In addition to financial measures prepared in accordance with GAAP, this press release and the accompanying tables contain non-GAAP financial measures, including free cash flow, non-GAAP gross profit, non-GAAP gross margins, non-GAAP research and development, non-GAAP sales and marketing, non-GAAP general and administrative expenses, non-GAAP operating loss/income, non-GAAP operating margin, EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA, non-GAAP net loss/income, and non-GAAP net loss/income per share. Spire's management uses these non-GAAP financial measures internally in analyzing its financial results and believes they are useful to investors, as a supplement to the corresponding GAAP financial measures, in evaluating its ongoing operational performance and trends and in comparing its financial measures with other companies in the same industry, many of which present similar non-GAAP financial measures to help investors understand the operational performance of their businesses. However, it is important to note that the particular items Spire excludes from, or includes in, its non-GAAP financial measures may differ from the items excluded from, or included in, similar non-GAAP financial measures used by other companies in the same industry. In addition, other companies may utilize metrics that are not similar to Spire's. The non-GAAP financial information is presented for supplemental informational purposes only and is not intended to be considered in isolation or as a substitute for, or superior to, financial information prepared and presented in accordance with GAAP. There are material limitations associated with the use of non-GAAP financial measures since they exclude significant expenses and income that are required by GAAP to be recorded in Spire's financial statements. Investors should note that the excluded items may have had, and may in the future have, a material impact on our reported financial results. Please see the reconciliation tables at the end of this release for the reconciliation of GAAP and non-GAAP results. Management encourages investors and others to review Spire's financial information in its entirety and not rely on a single financial measure.

Spire adjusts the following items from one or more of its non-GAAP financial measures:

Gain on sale of a business. Spire excludes this as a material unusual item that does not reflect the ongoing operational results of its business.

Loss on extinguishment of debt. Spire excludes this as the fees associated with this line are not typical of the ongoing servicing of its debt and do not reflect the operational results of its business.

Change in fair value of contingent earnout liabilities and warrant liabilities. Spire excludes this as it does not reflect the underlying cash flows or operational results of the business.

Issuance of stock warrants. Spire excludes this as it does not reflect the underlying cash flows or operational results of the business.

Foreign exchange gain/loss. Spire is exposed to foreign currency gains or losses on

outstanding foreign currency denominated receivables and payables related to certain customer sales agreements, product costs and other operating expenses. As Spire does not actively hedge these currency exposures, changes in the underlying currency rates relative to the U.S. dollar may result in realized and unrealized foreign currency gains and losses between the time these receivables and payables arise and the time that they are settled in cash. Since such realized and unrealized foreign currency gains and losses are the result of macro-economic factors and can vary significantly from one period to the next, Spire believes that exclusion of such realized and unrealized gains and losses is useful to management and investors in evaluating the performance of its ongoing operations on a period-to-period basis.

Other expense, net. Spire excludes other expense, net because it includes items that do not reflect the underlying cash flows or operational results of its business. Examples of such expenses include equity investment loss and disposal of assets.

Stock-based compensation. Spire excludes stock-based compensation expenses primarily because they are non-cash expenses that it excludes from its internal management reporting processes. Spire also finds it useful to exclude these expenses when management assesses the appropriate level of various operating expenses and resource allocations when budgeting, planning, and forecasting future periods. Moreover, because of varying available valuation methodologies, subjective assumptions and the variety of award types that companies can use under FASB ASC Topic 718, Stock Compensation, Spire believes excluding stock-based compensation expenses allows investors to make meaningful comparisons between its recurring core business results of operations and those of other companies.

Loss on decommissioned satellites. Spire excludes loss on decommissioned satellites because if there was no loss, the expense would be accounted for as depreciation and would also be excluded as part of its EBITDA calculation.

Amortization of purchased intangibles. Spire incurs amortization expense for purchased intangible assets in connection with acquisitions of certain businesses and technologies. Amortization of intangible assets is a non-cash expense and is inconsistent in amount and frequency because it is significantly affected by the timing, size of acquisitions and the inherent subjective nature of purchase price allocations. Because these costs have already been incurred and cannot be recovered, and are non-cash expenses, Spire excludes these expenses for its internal management reporting processes. Spire's management also finds it useful to exclude these charges when assessing the appropriate level of various operating expenses and resource allocations when budgeting, planning and forecasting future periods. It is important to note that while this amortization expense is excluded for purposes of non-GAAP presentation, the revenue of the acquired businesses is reflected in the non-GAAP measures and that the assets contribute to revenue generation.

Other unusual and infrequent costs. Spire excludes these items because they are not reflective of its ongoing operating results. Examples include accounting, legal and other professional fees associated with the financial restatement, fees related to the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") subpoena received in July 2025, as well as liquidated damages paid to investors in the 2025 Private Placement.

Other acquisition accounting amortization. Spire amortizes prepaid expense for purchased

data rights in connection with the acquisition of exactEarth and certain technologies. The prepaid amortization of this asset is a non-cash expense that can be significantly affected by the inherent subjective nature of the assigned value and useful life. Spire excludes this amortized prepaid expense for its internal management reporting processes because it has already been incurred and is a non-cash expense. Spire's management also finds it useful to exclude this charge when assessing the appropriate level of various operating expenses and resource allocations when budgeting, planning and forecasting future periods. It is important to note that while this expense is excluded for purposes of non-GAAP presentation, the revenue of the acquired companies is reflected in the non-GAAP measures and that the assets contribute to revenue generation.

Our additional non-GAAP measures include:

Free Cash Flow. Spire defines free cash flow as net cash provided by/used in operating activities less purchases of property and equipment.

EBITDA. Spire defines EBITDA as net income (loss), plus depreciation and amortization expense, plus interest expense, and plus the provision for (or minus benefit from) income taxes.

Adjusted EBITDA. Spire defines Adjusted EBITDA as earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, further adjusted for any gain on sale of division, loss on extinguishment of debt, change in fair value of contingent earnout liability, change in fair value of warrant liabilities, issuance of stock warrants, foreign exchange (gain) loss, other expense, net, stock-based compensation, loss on decommissioned satellites, other unusual and infrequent costs, and other acquisition accounting amortization. Spire believes Adjusted EBITDA can be useful in providing an understanding of the underlying results of operations and trends, an enhanced overall understanding of our financial performance and prospects for the future. While Adjusted EBITDA is not a recognized measure under GAAP, management uses this financial measure to evaluate and forecast business performance. Adjusted EBITDA is not intended to be a measure of liquidity or cash flows from operations or a measure comparable to net income (loss) as it does not take into account certain requirements, such as capital expenditures and related depreciation, interest payments, tax benefits, stock-based compensation, other unusual and infrequent costs, and other acquisition accounting amortization. Adjusted EBITDA is not a presentation made in accordance with GAAP, and Spire's use of the term Adjusted EBITDA may vary from the use of similarly titled measures by others in our industry due to the potential inconsistencies in the method of calculation and differences due to items subject to interpretation.

Additional non-GAAP measures utilized by Spire incorporate the adjustments described in the reconciliation tables below.

Conference Call

Spire will webcast a conference call to discuss the results at 8:30 a.m. Eastern Time today. The webcast will be available on Spire's Investor Relations website at <u>ir.spire.com</u>. A replay of the call will be available on the site for six months.

Safe Harbor Statement

This press release contains forward-looking statements, including information about management's view of Spire's future financial results and guidance, expectations, plans and prospects, including our views regarding future execution within our business, and the opportunity we see in our industry, within the safe harbor provisions under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the results of Spire to be materially different than those expressed or implied in such statements. Certain of these risk factors and others are included in documents Spire files with the SEC, including but not limited to, Spire's Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the year ended December 31, 2024, as well as subsequent reports filed with the SEC. Other unknown or unpredictable factors also could have material adverse effects on Spire's future results. The forward-looking statements included in this presentation are made only as of the date hereof. Spire cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements. Accordingly, you should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. Finally, Spire expressly disclaims any intent or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise.

About Spire Global, Inc.

Spire (NYSE: SPIR) is a global provider of satellite data, analytics and intelligence, offering unique datasets and powerful insights about Earth so that organizations can make decisions with confidence in a rapidly changing world. Spire builds, owns, and operates a fully deployed satellite constellation that observes the Earth in real time using radio frequency technology. The data acquired by Spire's satellites provides global weather intelligence, ship and plane movements, and spoofing and jamming detection to better predict how their patterns impact economies, global security, business operations and the environment. Spire also offers Space as a Service solutions that empower customers to leverage its established infrastructure to put their business in space. Spire has offices across the U.S., Canada, UK, Luxembourg and Germany. To learn more, visit spire.com.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

		Three Mon Septen				Nine Mon Septen		
(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)		2025		2024	_	2025		2024
		(Unaudited)		(Unaudited)		(Unaudited)		(Unaudited)
Revenue	\$	12,670	\$	28,568	\$	55,728	\$	88,792
Cost of revenue		8,027		15,843		32,997		55,927
Gross profit		4,643		12,725		22,731		32,865
Operating expenses:	_				_		_	
Research and development		9,116		5.631		27,970		19,185
Sales and marketing		2,816		5,655		12,759		15,941
General and administrative		13,762		12,303		48,598		32,156
Loss on decommissioned satellites		_		246		6,270		953
Allowance for current expected credit loss on notes receivable		_		2,609		_		2,689
Total operating expenses		25,694		26,444		95,597		70,924
Loss from operations		(21,051)		(13,719)		(72,866)		(38,059)
Other income (expense):			-					•
Interest income		1,015		407		1,681		1,432
Interest expense		(2)		(4,828)		(7,418)		(14,654)
Gain on sale of a business		_		_		154,305		_
Loss on extinguishment of debt		_		_		(12,008)		_
Change in fair value of contingent earnout liability		617		515		1,428		(717)
Change in fair value of warrant liabilities		51		854		3,098		(1,109)
Issuance of stock warrants		_		_		_		(2,399)
Foreign exchange (loss) gain		(17)		4,872		10,774		2,573
Other expense, net		(291)		(530)		(802)		(1,541)
Total other income (expense), net		1,373		1,290		151,058		(16,415)
(Loss) income before income taxes		(19,678)		(12,429)		78,192		(54,474)
Income tax (benefit) provision		(2)		44		1,793		102
Net (loss) income	\$	(19,676)	\$	(12,473)	\$	76,399	\$	(54,576)
(Loss) income per share:								
Basic	\$	(0.61)	\$	(0.50)	\$	2.52	\$	(2.30)
Diluted	\$	(0.61)	\$	(0.50)	\$	2.31	\$	(2.30)
Shares used in computing (loss) income per share:								
Basic		32,501,417		24,921,585		30,249,828		23,745,015
Diluted		32,501,417		24,921,585		31,410,136		23,745,015

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

	Three Mon Septen	ths Ended nber 30,		ths Ended nber 30,
(In thousands)	2025	2024	2025	2024
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Net (loss) income	\$ (19,676)	\$ (12,473)	\$ 76,399	\$ (54,576)
Other comprehensive (loss) income:				
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(1,244)	(1,986)	3,526	(4,275)
Net unrealized loss on investments (net of tax)	31	4	28	2
Comprehensive (loss) income	\$ (20,889)	\$ (14,455)	\$ 79,953	\$ (58,849)

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands)	S	eptember 30, 2025		December 31, 2024
		(Unaudited)	_	(Audited)
Assets				
Current assets				
	\$	20,312	\$	19,206
Marketable securities		76,438		_
Accounts receivable, net		5,808		11,926
Contract assets		3,950		785
Other current assets		6,524		3,278
Assets classified as held for sale				56,963
Total current assets		113,032		92,158
Property and equipment, net		75,261		63,338
Operating lease right-of-use assets		10,206		11,074
Goodwill		15,222		14,735
Other intangible assets		9,332		10,161
Other long-term assets		1,204		2,109
Total assets	\$	224,257	\$	193,575
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	11,368	\$	11,592
Long-term debt, current portion		_		93,936
Contract liabilities, current portion		28,006		22,037
Other accrued expenses		20,020		16,361
Liabilities associated with assets classified as held for sale		_		7,667
Total current liabilities		59,394		151,593
Contract liabilities, non-current		21,640		23,489
Warrant liability		201		13,641
Operating lease liabilities, net of current portion		8,354		9,598
Other long-term liabilities		1,539		6,941
Total liabilities		91,128		205,262
Common stock		3		3
Additional paid-in capital		601,588		536,725
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(6,216)		(9,770)
Accumulated deficit		(462,246)		(538,645)
Total stockholders' equity (deficit)		133,129		(11,687)
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	224,257	\$	193,575

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Nin	ne Months End	ed Sep	tember 30,	
(In thousands)		2025		2024	
	(U	naudited)	(U	Inaudited)	
Cash flows from operating activities	_		_		
Net income (loss)	\$	76,399	\$	(54,576)	
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash used in operating activities:		0.404		10.051	
Depreciation and amortization		9,494		16,351	
Stock-based compensation		14,957		13,382	
Amortization of operating lease right-of-use assets		2,307		4,104	
Change in fair value of warrant liabilities		(3,098)		1,109	
Change in fair value of contingent earnout liability		(1,428)		717	
Issuance of stock warrants		_		2,399	
Loss on decommissioned satellites and disposal of assets		6,270		1,474	
Loss on extinguishment of debt		12,008		_	
Gain on sale of a business		(154,305)		_	
Transaction costs on sale of a business		(23,744)		_	
Other, net		1,817		2,669	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:					
Accounts receivable, net		7,315		741	
Contract assets		(2,975)		812	
Other current assets		(3,431)		8,660	
Other long-term assets		1,250		1,544	
Accounts payable		(3,076)		1,478	
Accrued wages and benefits		2,504		675	
Contract liabilities		3,231		452	
Other accrued expenses		827		2,892	
Operating lease liabilities		(1,866)		(4,134)	
Other long-term liabilities		(8)		_	
Net cash used in operating activities		(55,552)		749	
Cash flows from investing activities					
Purchases of short-term investments		(97,730)		(30,147)	
Maturities of short-term investments		22,600		34,897	
Purchase of property and equipment		(20,895)		(21,491)	
Proceeds from sale of a business, net of cash		238,948		_	
Not each manifold by (conding in the continue activities		142,923		(16,741)	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities					
Cash flows from financing activities		27 207		27 001	
Proceeds from Securities Purchase Agreements, net		37,297		37,881	
Payments on long-term debt Payments on long-term debt closing fees		(105,742) (9,091)		(20,113)	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,		260	
Proceeds from exercise of stock options		1,824 443		269 370	
Proceeds from employee stock purchase plan	_			18,407	
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities		(75,269)			
Effect of foreign currency translation on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash		(10,896)		(2,486)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash		1,206		(71)	
Beginning balance		19,684		29,641	
	\$	20,890	\$	29,570	
Ending balance					

GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations

		Three Mon Septem				Nine Mont Septen		
(In thousands)		2025		2024		2025		2024
· ,	-	(Unaudited)		(Unaudited)		(Unaudited)	_	(Unaudited)
Gross profit (GAAP)	\$	4,643	\$	12,725	\$	22,731	\$	32,865
Adjustments:								
Exclude stock-based compensation		62		58		254		182
Exclude amortization of purchased intangibles		374		862		1,108		2,608
Exclude other acquisition accounting amortization		-		168		218		506
Exclude other unusual and infrequent costs		71		-		71		-
Gross profit (Non-GAAP)	\$	5,150	\$	13,813	\$	24,382	\$	36,161
Research and development (GAAP)	\$	9,116	\$	5,631	\$	27,970	\$	19,185
Adjustments:	Ť	5,115	Ψ	0,001	Ψ	21,010	Ψ	10,100
Exclude stock-based compensation		(747)		(1,180)		(2,409)		(3,408)
Exclude other unusual and infrequent costs		(64)		(11)		(501)		(11)
Research and development (Non-GAAP)	\$	8,305	\$	4,440	\$	25,060	\$	15,766
Sales and marketing (GAAP)	\$	2,816	\$	5,655	\$	12,759	\$	15,941
Adjustments:								
Exclude stock-based compensation		(219)		(893)		(2,187)		(2,512)
Exclude other unusual and infrequent costs		(4)		(191)		(354)		(191)
Sales and marketing (Non-GAAP)	\$	2,593	\$	4,571	\$	10,218	\$	13,238
General and administrative (GAAP)	\$	13,762	\$	12,303	\$	48,598	\$	32,156
Adjustments:								
Exclude stock-based compensation		(2,802)		(2,828)		(10,107)		(7,280)
Exclude other unusual and infrequent costs		(2,759)		(1,162)		(11,098)		(1,162)
General and administrative (Non-GAAP)	\$	8,201	\$	8,313	\$	27,393	\$	23,714
Loss from operations (GAAP)	\$	(21,051)	\$	(13,719)	\$	(72,866)	\$	(38,059)
Adjustments:								
Exclude stock-based compensation		3,830		4,959		14,957		13,382
Exclude other unusual and infrequent costs		2,898		1,364		12,024		1,364
Exclude amortization of purchased intangibles		374		862		1,108		2,608
Exclude other acquisition accounting amortization		-		168		218		506
Exclude loss on decommissioned satellites		-		246		6,270		953
Loss from operations (Non-GAAP)	\$	(13,949)	\$	(6,120)	\$	(38,289)	\$	(19,246)

	Three Montl Septemb		Nine Month Septemb	
(In thousands, except for share and per share amounts)	2025	2024	2025	2024
-	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Gross Margin (GAAP)	37%	45%	41%	37%
Adjustments:				
Exclude stock-based compensation, merger and acquisition related expenses and other unusual and infrequent costs	1%	0%	1%	0%
Exclude amortization of purchased intangibles	3%	2%	2%	3%

Exclude other acquisition accounting amortization	0%	1%	0%	1%
Gross Margin (Non-GAAP)	41%	48%	44%	41%
Operating Margin (GAAP)	(166)%	(48)%	(131)%	(43)%
Adjustments:	, ,	, ,	, ,	
Exclude stock-based compensation	30%	17%	27%	14%
Exclude other unusual and infrequent costs Exclude amortization of purchased	23%	5%	22%	2%
intangibles	3%	3%	2%	3%
Exclude other acquisition accounting amortization	0%	1%	0%	1%
Exclude loss on decommissioned satellites	0%	1%	11%	1%
Operating Margin (Non-GAAP)	(110)%	(21)%	(69)%	(22)%
Net (loss) income (GAAP) Adjustments:	\$ (19,676)	\$ (12,473)	\$ 76,399	\$ (54,576)
Exclude gain on sale of a business	-	-	(154,305)	-
Exclude Loss on extinguishment of debt	-	-	12,008	-
Exclude stock-based compensation	3,830	4,959	14,957	13,382
Exclude other unusual and infrequent costs	2,898	1,364	12,024	1,364
Exclude amortization of purchased intangibles	374	862	1,108	2,608
Exclude other acquisition accounting amortization	-	168	218	506
Exclude change in fair value of contingent earnout liability	(617)	(515)	(1,428)	717
Exclude change in fair value of warrant liabilities	(51)	(854)	(3,098)	1,109
Exclude issuance of stock warrants	_	. ,	_	2,399
Exclude foreign exchange	17	(4,872)	(10,774)	(2,573)
Exclude other expense, net	291	530	802	1,541
Exclude loss on decommissioned		040	0.070	,
satellites	 - (40.004)	 246	 6,270	 953
Net (loss) income (Non-GAAP)	\$ (12,934)	\$ (10,585)	\$ (45,819)	\$ (32,570)
Net (loss) income per share (GAAP)	\$ (0.61)	\$ (0.50)	\$ 2.31	\$ (2.30)
Adjustments:				
Exclude gain on sale of a business	-	-	(4.91)	-
Exclude Loss on extinguishment of debt	- 0.40	-	0.38	-
Exclude stock-based compensation	0.12	0.20	0.48	0.56
Exclude other unusual and infrequent costs	0.09	0.05	0.38	0.06
Exclude amortization of purchased intangibles	0.01	0.03	0.04	0.11
Exclude other acquisition accounting amortization	-	0.01	0.01	0.02
Exclude change in fair value of contingent earnout liability	(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.05)	0.03
Exclude change in fair value of warrant liabilities	-	(0.03)	(0.10)	0.05
Exclude issuance of stock warrants	-	-	-	0.10
Exclude foreign exchange	- 0.04	(0.20)	(0.34)	(0.11)
Exclude other expense, net Exclude loss on decommissioned	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.06
	-	0.01	0.20	0.04
satellites	\$ (0.40)	\$ (0.43)	\$ (1.57)	\$ (1.38)

Weighted-average shares used in computing basic net loss per share	32,501,417	24,921,585	30,249,828	23,745,015
Weighted-average shares used in computing diluted net income per share	32,501,417	24,921,585	31,410,136	23,745,015

		Three Mon Septem				Nine Mont Septen		
(In thousands)		2025		2024		2025		2024
(3.000000)	_	(Unaudited)		(Unaudited)	_	(Unaudited)	_	(Unaudited)
Net loss (GAAP)	\$	(19,676)	\$	(12,473)	\$	76,399	\$	(54,576)
Depreciation and amortization		2,557		3,862		9,494		16,351
Interest, net		(1,013)		4,421		5,737		13,222
Income tax provision		(2)		44		1,793		102
EBITDA		(18,134)		(4,146)		93,423	_	(24,901)
Gain on sale of a business		· -		-		(154,305)		-
Loss on extinguishment of debt		-		-		12,008		-
Change in fair value of contingent earnout liability		(617)		(515)		(1,428)		717
Change in fair value of warrant liabilities		(51)		(854)		(3,098)		1,109
Issuance of stock warrants		-		-		-		2,399
Foreign exchange loss (gain)		17		(4,872)		(10,774)		(2,573)
Stock-based compensation		3,830		4,959		14,957		13,382
Other unusual and infrequent costs		2,898		1,364		12,024		1,364
Loss on decommissioned satellites		-		246		6,270		953
Other acquisition accounting amortization		-		168		218		506
Other expense, net		291		530		802		1,541
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	(11,766)	\$	(3,120)	\$	(29,903)	\$	(5,503)
Net cash used in operating activities		(12,048)		(11,301)	¢	(55.552)	\$	749
' - T		(8,388)		(8,906)	ψ	(20,895)	Ψ	(21,491)
Purchase of property and equipment	_		_		_		_	, , ,
Free Cash Flow	\$	(20,436)	\$	(20,207)	\$	(76,447)	\$	(20,742)

GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations – Q4 2025, Full Year 2025 Financial Outlook and 2025 Revenue Excluding Sold Maritime Business

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except for share and per share amounts)	Q4'25 F	Range	es
	Low		High
Revenue	14,800		16,800
	Low		High
Loss from operations (GAAP)	\$ (25,000)	\$	(24,100)
Adjustments:			
Exclude stock-based compensation	5,300		5,300
Exclude other unusual and infrequent costs	2,900		2,900
Exclude amortization of purchased intangibles	400		400
Loss from operations (Non-GAAP)	\$ (16,400)	\$	(15,500)
	Low		High
Net loss per share (GAAP)	\$ (0.73)	\$	(0.71)
Adjustments:	,		
Exclude stock-based compensation	0.16		0.17
Exclude other unusual and infrequent costs	0.09		0.09
Exclude purch intangibles and other acq acctg amortization	0.01		0.01
Net loss per share (Non-GAAP)	\$ (0.47)	\$	(0.44)
Weighted-average shares used in computing basic and diluted net loss per share	 32,800,000		32,800,000
	Low		High
Net loss (GAAP)	\$ (24,000)	\$	(23,200)
Depreciation and amortization	4,600		4,600
Interest, net	(1,100)		(1,100)
Taxes	 -		-
EBITDA	\$ (20,500)	\$	(19,700)
Other expense, net	100		100
Stock-based compensation	5,300		5,300
Other unusual and infrequent costs	2,900		2,900
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ (12,200)	\$	(11,400)
		_	

(In thousands, except for share and per share amounts)		FY 2025	Rang	jes
		Low		High
Revenue		70,500		72,500
		1		Lliad
Loss from apprehienc (CAAD)	\$	Low (97,800)	œ	High (06 000)
Loss from operations (GAAP) Adjustments:	Ф	(97,000)	Ф	(96,900)
Exclude stock-based compensation		20,200		20,200
Exclude stock-based compensation Exclude other unusual and infrequent costs		14,900		14,900
Exclude office unusual and infrequent costs Exclude amortization of purchased intangibles		1,500		1,500
Exclude affortization or purchased intangibles Exclude other acquisition accounting amortization		200		200
Exclude loss on decommissioned satellites		6,300		6,300
	\$	(54,700)	\$	(53,800
Loss from operations (Non-GAAP)	<u> </u>	(-1,1-1)		(,
		Low		Higl
Net loss per share (GAAP)	\$	1.70	\$	1.73
Adjustments:		=		
Exclude stock-based compensation		1.05		1.05
Exclude other unusual and infrequent costs		0.48		0.48
Exclude purch intangibles and other acq acctg amortization		0.05		0.05
Exclude change in fair value of contingent earnout liability		(0.05)		(0.05
Exclude change in fair value of warrant liabilities		(0.10)		(0.10
Exclude foreign exchange		(0.35)		(0.35
Exclude other expense, net		(4.96)		(4.96
Exclude loss on decommissioned satellites		0.20		0.20
Net loss per share (Non-GAAP)	\$	(1.98)	\$	(1.95)
Weighted-average shares used in computing basic and diluted net loss per share		30,924,956		30,924,956
Weighted-average shares used in computing basic and diluted net loss per share				
		Low	<u></u>	High
Net loss (GAAP)	\$	Low 52,500	\$	Higl 53,400
Net loss (GAAP) Depreciation and amortization	\$	Low 52,500 14,000	\$	Higl 53,400 14,000
Net loss (GAAP) Depreciation and amortization Interest, net	\$	Low 52,500 14,000 4,600	\$	Higl 53,400 14,000 4,600
Net loss (GAAP) Depreciation and amortization Interest, net Taxes		Low 52,500 14,000 4,600 1,800		Higl 53,400 14,000 4,600 1,800
Net loss (GAAP) Depreciation and amortization Interest, net Taxes EBITDA	\$	Low 52,500 14,000 4,600 1,800 72,900	\$	High 53,400 14,000 4,600 1,800
Net loss (GAAP) Depreciation and amortization Interest, net Taxes EBITDA Change in fair value of contingent earnout liability		Low 52,500 14,000 4,600 1,800 72,900 (1,400)		Higl 53,400 14,000 4,600 1,800 73,800 (1,400
Net loss (GAAP) Depreciation and amortization Interest, net Taxes EBITDA Change in fair value of contingent earnout liability Change in fair value of warrant liabilities	\$	Low 52,500 14,000 4,600 1,800 72,900 (1,400) (3,100)	\$	Higl 53,400 14,000 4,600 1,800 73,800 (1,400 (3,100
Net loss (GAAP) Depreciation and amortization Interest, net Taxes EBITDA Change in fair value of contingent earnout liability Change in fair value of warrant liabilities Foreign exchange	\$	Low 52,500 14,000 4,600 1,800 72,900 (1,400) (3,100) (10,800)	\$	Higl 53,400 14,000 4,600 1,800 73,800 (1,400 (3,100 (10,800
Net loss (GAAP) Depreciation and amortization Interest, net Taxes EBITDA Change in fair value of contingent earnout liability Change in fair value of warrant liabilities Foreign exchange Other expense, net	\$	Low 52,500 14,000 4,600 1,800 72,900 (1,400) (3,100) (10,800) (153,400)	\$	Higl 53,400 14,000 4,600 1,800 73,800 (1,400 (3,100 (10,800 (153,400
Net loss (GAAP) Depreciation and amortization Interest, net Taxes EBITDA Change in fair value of contingent earnout liability Change in fair value of warrant liabilities Foreign exchange Other expense, net Stock-based compensation	\$	Low 52,500 14,000 4,600 1,800 72,900 (1,400) (3,100) (10,800) (153,400) 20,200	\$	Higl 53,400 14,000 4,600 1,800 73,800 (1,400 (3,100 (10,800 (153,400 20,200
Net loss (GAAP) Depreciation and amortization Interest, net Taxes EBITDA Change in fair value of contingent earnout liability Change in fair value of warrant liabilities Foreign exchange Other expense, net Stock-based compensation Other unusual and infrequent costs	\$	Low 52,500 14,000 4,600 1,800 72,900 (1,400) (3,100) (10,800) (153,400) 20,200 14,900	\$	High 53,400 14,000 4,600 1,800 73,800 (1,400 (3,100 (10,800 (153,400 20,200 14,900
Net loss (GAAP) Depreciation and amortization Interest, net Taxes EBITDA Change in fair value of contingent earnout liability Change in fair value of warrant liabilities Foreign exchange Other expense, net Stock-based compensation Other unusual and infrequent costs Other acquisition accounting amortization	\$	Low 52,500 14,000 4,600 1,800 72,900 (1,400) (3,100) (10,800) (153,400) 20,200 14,900 200	\$	High 53,400 14,000 4,600 1,800 73,800 (1,400 (3,100 (10,800 (153,400 20,200 14,900 200
Net loss (GAAP) Depreciation and amortization Interest, net Taxes EBITDA Change in fair value of contingent earnout liability Change in fair value of warrant liabilities Foreign exchange Other expense, net Stock-based compensation Other unusual and infrequent costs Other acquisition accounting amortization Loss on extinguishment of debt	\$	Low 52,500 14,000 4,600 1,800 72,900 (1,400) (3,100) (10,800) (153,400) 20,200 14,900 200 12,000	\$	High 53,400 14,000 4,600 1,800 73,800 (1,400 (3,100 (10,800 (153,400 20,200 14,900 200 12,000
Net loss (GAAP) Depreciation and amortization Interest, net Taxes EBITDA Change in fair value of contingent earnout liability Change in fair value of warrant liabilities Foreign exchange Other expense, net Stock-based compensation Other unusual and infrequent costs Other acquisition accounting amortization Loss on extinguishment of debt Loss on decommissioned satellites	\$	Low 52,500 14,000 4,600 1,800 72,900 (1,400) (3,100) (10,800) (153,400) 20,200 14,900 200 12,000 6,300	\$	High 53,400 14,000 4,600 1,800 73,800 (1,400 (3,100 (10,800 (153,400 20,200 14,900 200 12,000 6,300
Net loss (GAAP) Depreciation and amortization Interest, net Taxes EBITDA Change in fair value of contingent earnout liability Change in fair value of warrant liabilities Foreign exchange Other expense, net Stock-based compensation Other unusual and infrequent costs Other acquisition accounting amortization Loss on extinguishment of debt Loss on decommissioned satellites	\$	Low 52,500 14,000 4,600 1,800 72,900 (1,400) (3,100) (10,800) (153,400) 20,200 14,900 200 12,000	\$	High 53,400 14,000 4,600 1,800 73,800 (1,400 (3,100 (10,800 (153,400 20,200 14,900 200 12,000 6,300
Net loss (GAAP) Depreciation and amortization Interest, net Taxes EBITDA Change in fair value of contingent earnout liability Change in fair value of warrant liabilities Foreign exchange Other expense, net Stock-based compensation Other unusual and infrequent costs Other acquisition accounting amortization Loss on extinguishment of debt Loss on decommissioned satellites Adjusted EBITDA	\$	Low 52,500 14,000 4,600 1,800 72,900 (1,400) (3,100) (10,800) (153,400) 20,200 14,900 200 12,000 6,300	\$	High 53,400 14,000 4,600 1,800 73,800 (1,400 (3,100 (10,800 (153,400 20,200 14,900 200 12,000 6,300 (41,300
Net loss (GAAP) Depreciation and amortization Interest, net Taxes EBITDA Change in fair value of contingent earnout liability Change in fair value of warrant liabilities Foreign exchange Other expense, net Stock-based compensation Other unusual and infrequent costs Other acquisition accounting amortization Loss on extinguishment of debt	\$	Low 52,500 14,000 4,600 1,800 72,900 (1,400) (3,100) (10,800) (153,400) 20,200 14,900 200 12,000 6,300	\$	High 53,400 14,000 4,600 1,800 73,800 (1,400) (3,100) (10,800) (153,400) 20,200 14,900 200

View source version on businesswire.com: https://www.businesswire.com/news/home/20251217240364/en/

For Media:

Sarah Freeman
Senior Communications Manager
Sarah.Freeman@spire.com

For Investors:

Benjamin Hackman Head of Investor Relations Benjamin.Hackman@spire.com

Source: Spire Global, Inc.