



Q2 2022 Earnings

August 5, 2022

VALUE FOCUSED *PROVEN STRATEGY*





Forward-Looking Statements and Cautionary Note Regarding Hydrocarbon Disclosures

Forward –Looking Statements

This Presentation includes "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. All statements, other than statements of strictly historical facts included in this Presentation constitute forward-looking statements and may often, but not always, be identified by the use of such words as "may," "will," "should," "could," "intends," "estimates," "expects," "anticipates," "plans," "project," "guidance," "target," "potential," "possible," "probably," and "believes" or the negative variations thereof or comparable terminology. These forward-looking statements include statements regarding the Company's financial position, future revenues, net income, potential evaluations, business strategy and plans and objectives for future operations. The forward-looking statements include statements about the expected benefits to the Company and to its stockholders from the proposed acquisition of certain assets (the "Stronghold Assets") from Stronghold Energy II Operating, LLC ("Stronghold OpCo") and Stronghold Energy II Royalties, LP ("Stronghold RoyaltyCo", together with Stronghold OpCo, collectively, "Stronghold"); Forward-looking statements are subject to numerous assumptions, risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to be materially different than any future results expressed or implied in those statements. However, whether actual results and developments will conform to expectations is subject to a number of material risks and uncertainties, including but not limited to: the Company's ability to close the acquisition of the Stronghold Assets; the Company's ability to integrate the Stronghold Assets and achieve the anticipated benefits therefrom; risks relating to any unforeseen liability of the Company or the Stronghold Assets; declines in oil, natural gas liquids or natural gas prices; the level of success in exploration, development and production activities; the timing of exploration and development expenditures; inaccuracies of reserve estimates or assumptions underlying them; revisions to reserve estimates as a result of changes in commodity prices or production history; impacts to financial statements as a result of impairment write-downs; risks related to level of indebtedness and periodic redeterminations of the borrowing base under the Company's credit facility; the ability of the Company to obtain substantial additional debt financing to close the acquisition of the Stronghold Assets; the impacts of hedging on results of operations; the Company's ability to replace oil and natural gas reserves; any loss of senior management or technical personnel; and the direct and indirect impact on most or all of the foregoing due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Some of the factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from expected results are described under "Risk Factors" in our 2021 annual report on Form 10-K filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on March 16, 2022, and in our subsequent quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and current reports on Form 8-K. Although the Company believes that the assumptions upon which such forward-looking statements are based are reasonable, it can give no assurance that such assumptions will prove to be correct. All forward-looking statements in this Presentation are expressly qualified by the cautionary statements and by reference to the underlying assumptions that may prove to be incorrect.

The Company undertakes no obligation to publicly revise these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances that arise after the date hereof, except as required by applicable law. The financial and operating estimates contained in this presentation represent our reasonable estimates as of the date of this Presentation. Neither our independent auditors nor any other third party has examined, reviewed or compiled the projections and, accordingly, none of the foregoing expresses an opinion or other form of assurance with respect thereto. The assumptions upon which the projections are based are described in more detail herein. Some of these assumptions inevitably will not materialize, and unanticipated events may occur that could affect our results. Therefore, our actual results achieved during the periods covered by the estimates will vary from the projected results. Prospective investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on the estimates included herein.

Cautionary Note regarding Hydrocarbon Disclosures

The SEC has generally permitted oil and natural gas companies, in their filings with the SEC, to disclose proved reserves, which are reserve estimates that geological and engineering data demonstrate with reasonable certainty to be recoverable in future years from known reservoirs under existing economic and operating conditions, and certain probable and possible reserves that meet the SEC's definitions for such terms. We use the terms "estimated ultimate recovery," or "EURs," "probable," "possible," and "non-proven" reserves, reserve "potential" or "upside" or other descriptions of volumes of reserves potentially recoverable through additional drilling or recovery techniques that the SEC's guidelines prohibit us from including in filings with the SEC. Reference to EURs of natural gas and oil includes amounts that are not yet classified as proved reserves under SEC definitions, but that we believe should ultimately be produced and are based on previous operating experience in a given area and publicly available information relating to the operations of producers who are conducting operations in these areas. These estimates are by their nature more speculative than estimates of proved reserves and accordingly are subject to substantially greater risk of being actually realized by us. Factors affecting the ultimate recovery of reserves that may be recovered include the scope of our drilling programs, which will be directly affected by capital availability, drilling and production costs, commodity prices, availability of services and equipment, permit expirations, transportation constraints, regulatory approvals and other factors, and actual drilling results, including geological and mechanical factors affecting recovery rates. Accordingly, actual quantities that may be recovered from our interests will differ from our estimates and could be significantly less than our targeted recovery rate. In addition, our estimates may change significantly as we receive additional data.

Supplemental Non-GAAP Financial Measures

This Presentation includes financial measures that are not in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"), such as "Adjusted Net Income," "Adjusted EBITDA," "PV-10," "Free Cash Flow," or "FCF," and "Cash Flow from Operations." While management believes that such measures are useful for investors, they should not be used as a replacement for financial measures that are in accordance with GAAP. For definitions of such non-GAAP financial measures and their reconciliations to GAAP measures, please see the Appendix.



Ring Energy – Independent Oil & Gas Company

Currently Focused on Conventional Permian Assets in Texas & New Mexico

Deliver competitive and sustainable returns by developing, acquiring, exploring for, and commercializing oil and natural gas resources VITAL TO THE WORLD'S HEALTH AND WELFARE



Consistently Generating Positive Cash Flow for 11 Qtrs.



Market Cap
~\$285 million⁴



Q2 2022 Net Sales¹
9,341 Boe/d
86% oil



Enterprise Value
~\$555 million^{4,5}



2021 SEC Proved Reserves^{2,3}
77.8 MMBoe/PV10 \$1,332MM
85% Oil



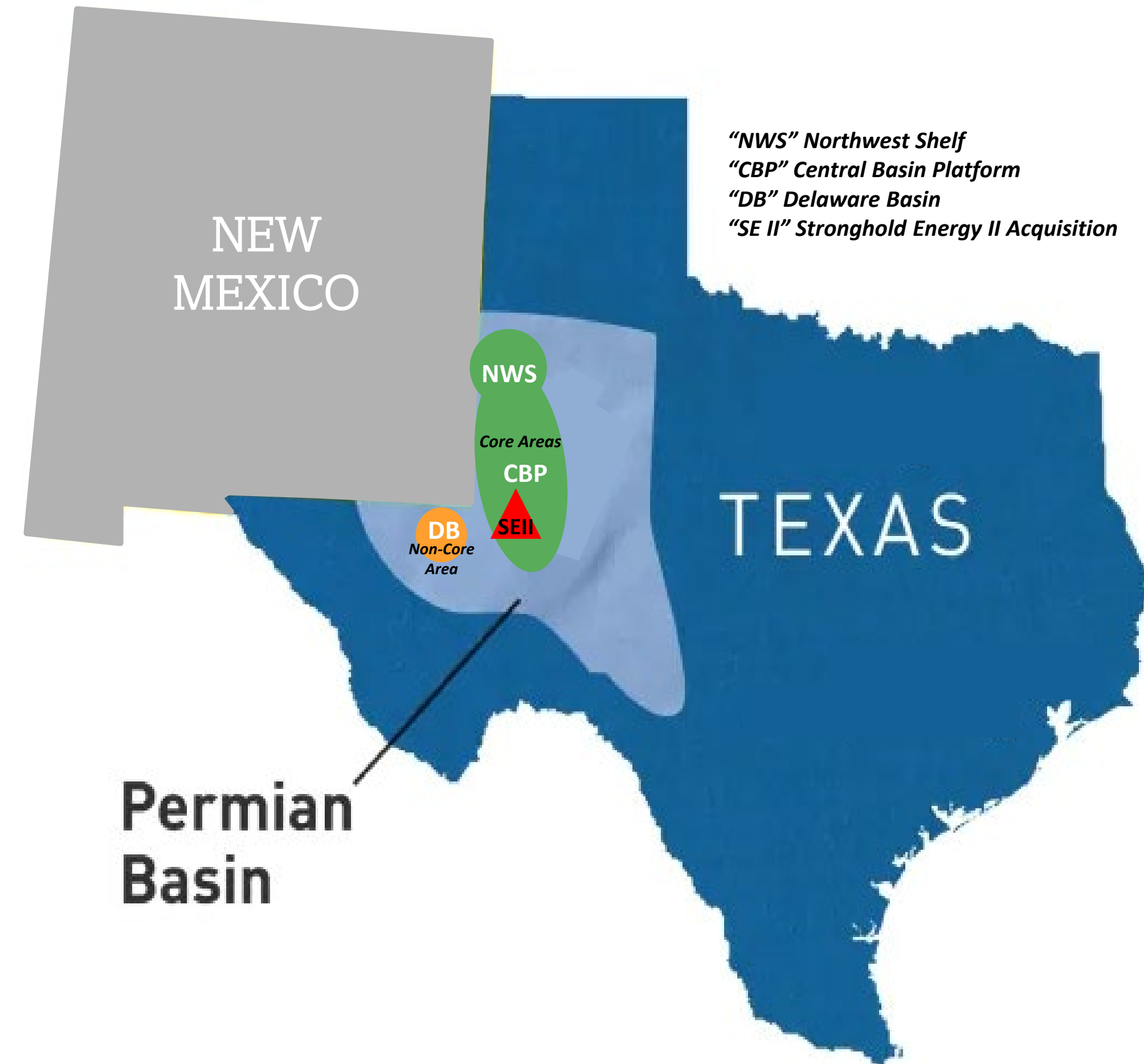
REI
Closing Price \$2.67⁴
52-week range \$1.81 - \$5.09



Gross / Net Acres²
83,604 / 64,380



REI
Avg. Daily Share Volume (90-Day) ~2.8 million⁴



1. Based on Q2'22 financials
2. As of December 31, 2021
3. PV-10 is a Non-GAAP financial measure. See appendix for reconciliation to GAAP measure
4. As of August 4, 2022
5. Enterprise Value (EV) is market cap plus outstanding debt based on number of shares outstanding at end of Q2 2022



Q2 2022 Highlights

Executing our Strategy

- Record quarterly sales revenue of \$85.0 MM – highest in Company history
- Sales volumes at the higher end of Ring’s guidance range of 9,000 to 9,400 Boe/d, increased full year production guidance
- Adjusted EBITDA grew 33% over Q1 2022 to \$47.4 MM – highest in Company history
- Paid down debt by \$10.0 million utilizing a portion of Free Cash Flow
- Reduced LTM debt ratio to 2.1x compared to ~ 3.5x at YE 2021
- Increased liquidity to \$81.5 million, a 32% increase from YE 2021
- Drilled 9 wells, completed 7 wells and began the completion process on 4 wells all in the NWS
- Grew Cash Flow from Operations¹ by 37% to \$44.3 million

Q2 2022 Highlights

\$41.9 MM
Net Income

\$2.5¹ MM
Free Cash Flow

\$47.4¹ MM
Adjusted EBITDA

\$10.0 MM
Debt Repayment

9,341 Boe/d
(86% oil)
Net Sales per day

\$9.77
LOE per Boe

¹. Adjusted EBITDA, Free Cash Flow and Cash Flow from Operations are Non-GAAP financial measures and reconciled in Ring’s earnings releases



Committed to ESG

Issued Inaugural ESG Report in Q4 2021

ENVIRONMENTAL



- Reducing our environmental impact, including GHG emissions, flaring and water management
- Sustainably extracting value by evaluating the economic and environmental aspects of each development opportunity

SOCIAL



- Providing a safe work environment and corporate culture that promotes the health and well-being of all employees
- Investing in our workforce, the communities in which we operate, and future generations through social responsibility

GOVERNANCE



- Committed to practicing sound corporate governance
- We recognize the importance of providing transparency of ESG-related matters
- Refreshed all charters, guidelines and bylaws in 2021

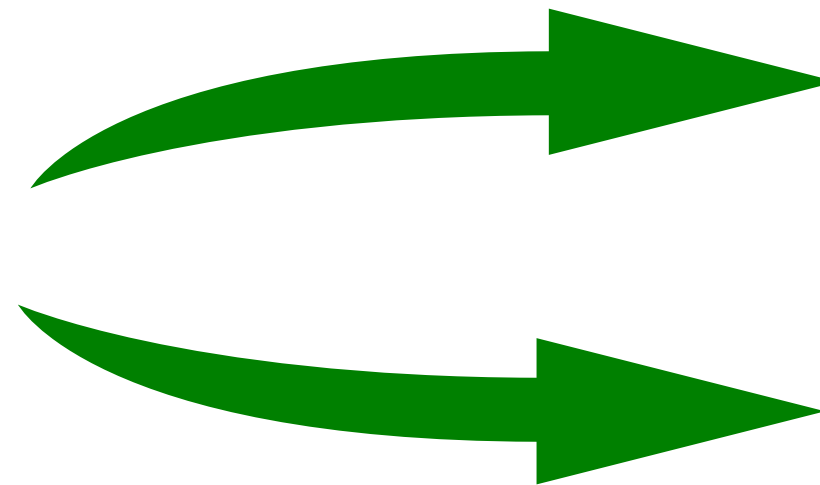
Focused on Driving the Long-Term Sustainability of the Business



2022 Value Focused Proposition

Proven Strategy Leads to Shareholder Value

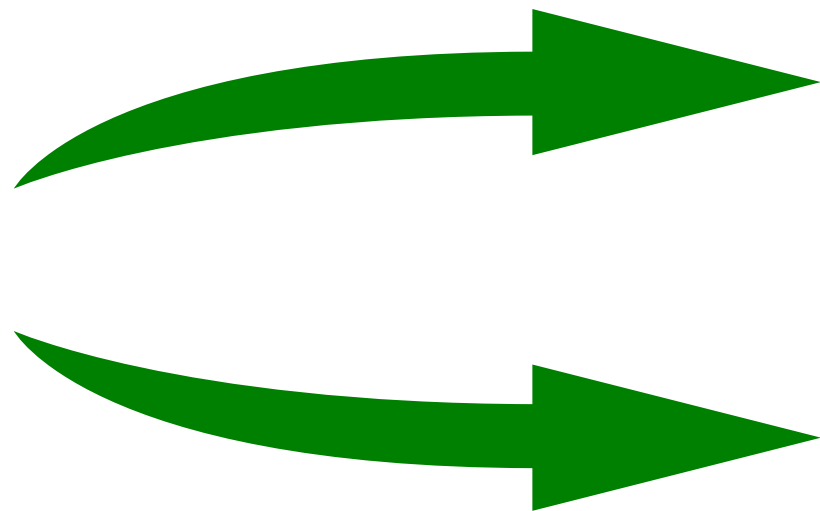
Pursue Operational Excellence



Target Growth 9,300- 9,700 Boepd (86% oil)
9-14% growth over FY21 increasing exposure to higher commodity prices

Significant Increase in Adjusted EBITDA
1H22 EBITDA ~ \$82.9 million nearly matches FY21¹

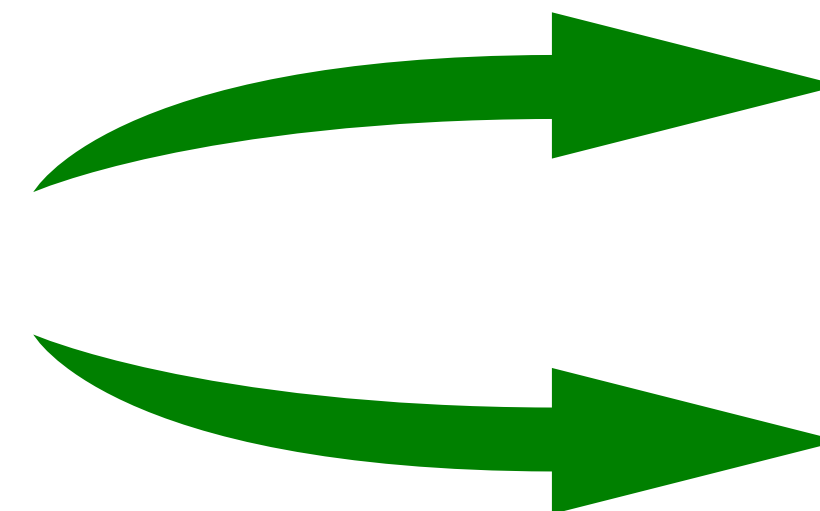
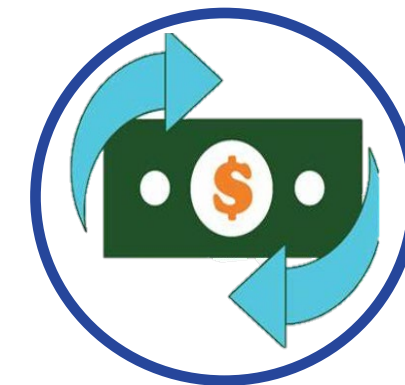
Invest in High ROR Projects



Enhance Scale & Improve Metrics
Increased capital budget by over 150%¹ vs. FY21

1 Rig Continuous to Drill 25-33 Wells
YTD Placed on production 16 Hz's wells³ compared to 13 in FY21

Focus on FCF and Strengthening the Balance Sheet



Reduce Leverage Ratio to less than 2.0x by YE21
LTM leverage ratio as Q2 2022 already at 2.1x

Focus on Maximizing Free Cash Flow
1H22 Generated over \$15 million FCF¹

Asset Areas



San Andres Reservoir

Proven, Conventional, Top Tier Returns

	San Andres Hz	Delaware Hz	Midland Hz
High ROR Oil Play	✓	✓	✓
Low D&C Costs	✓		
Lower 1 st Year Decline	✓		
Low Lease Acquisition Cost	✓		
Long life wells	✓		
Oil IPs >750 Bbl/d		✓	✓
Multiple Benches		✓	✓
> 85% Oil	✓		
\$25-30/Bbl D&C Break-even ²	✓		

- Permian Basin has produced >30 BBbl,
 - San Andres accounts for 40%
- Low D&C costs¹ \$2.8 - \$3.8 MM per well
- Vertical depth of ~5,000'
- Typical oil column of 200' - 300'
- Life >35+ years
- Initial peak oil rates of 300 - 700 Bbl/d
- Higher primary recovery than shales
- Potential for waterflood and CO₂



Northwest Shelf Asset Area

Providing Significant Organic Growth



2Q22 Avg Sales
5,955 Boe/d (81% Oil)



Gross / Net Acres¹
35,810 / 26,655

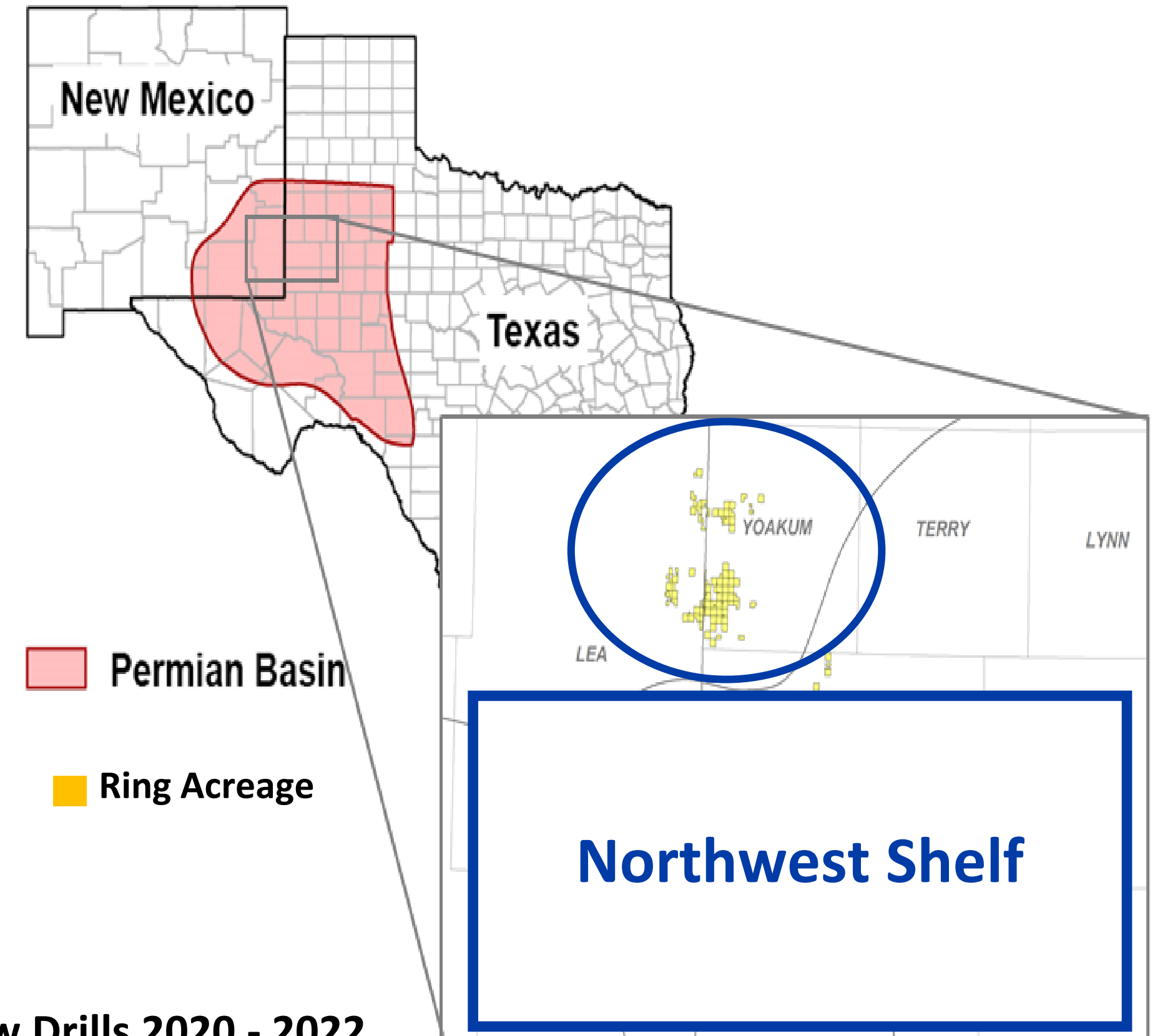


2Q22 D&C
Drilled 9 wells² (~97% WI)

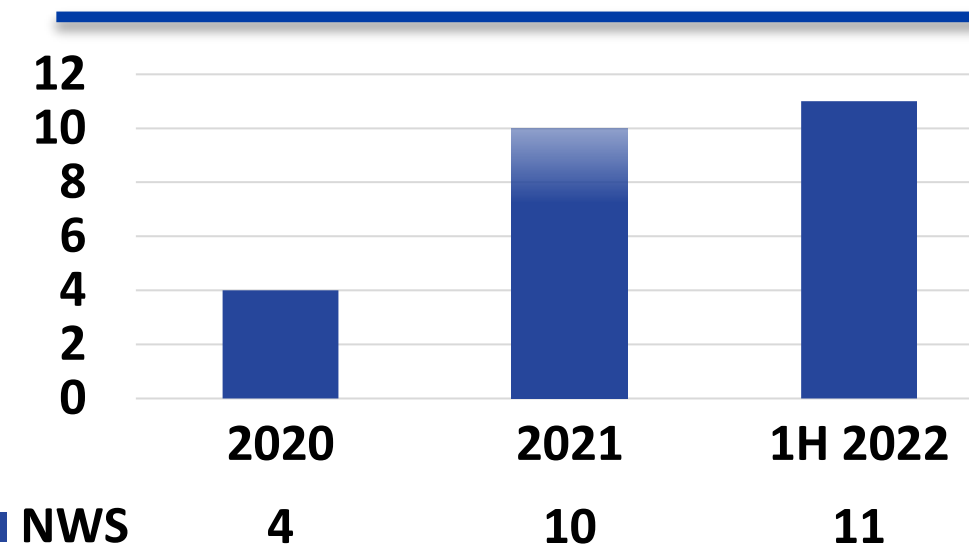


2Q22 CTR's
3 Conversions

- Meaningful inventory of horizontal drilling locations
- Actively developing asset
- Low D&C and LOE costs drive strong economics
- Improving drilling efficiencies:
 - 1 mile HZ well drill time spud to rig release and move to next location 7-9 days
 - 1.5 mile HZ well drill time spud to rig release and move to next location 10-12 days
 - Spud to Online in 40-55 days³



HZ New Drills 2020 - 2022

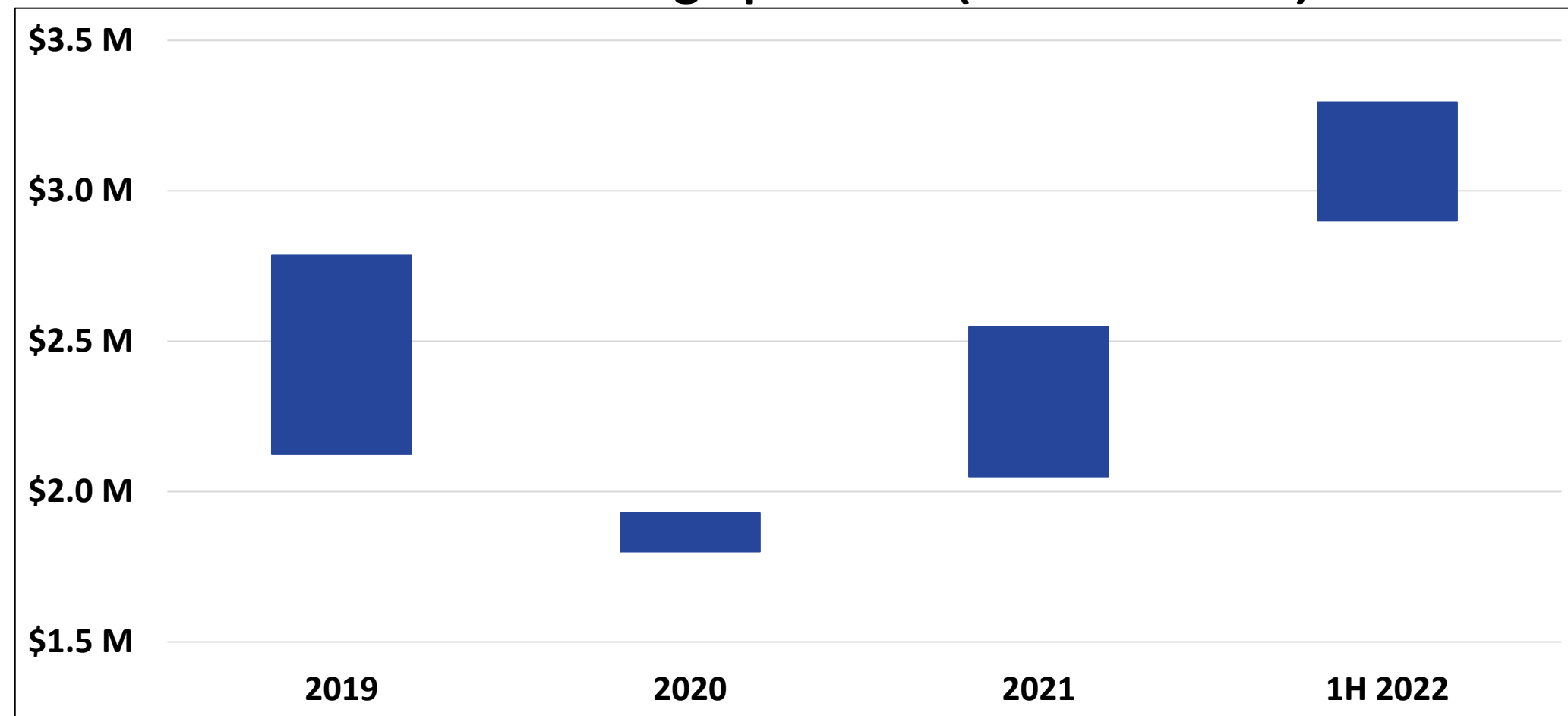




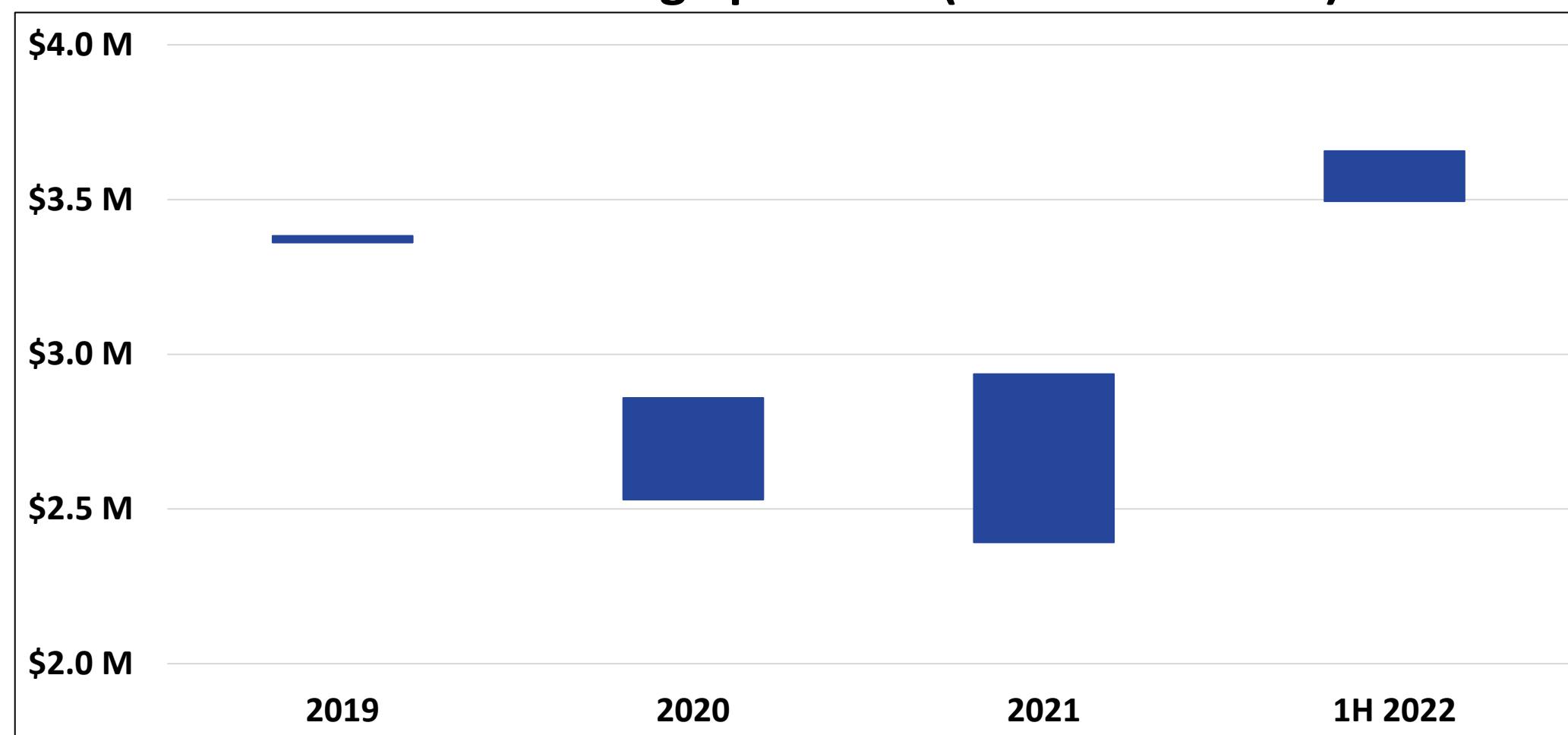
NWS HZ Well Performance & Costs

Significant Improvements Driving Top Tier Returns

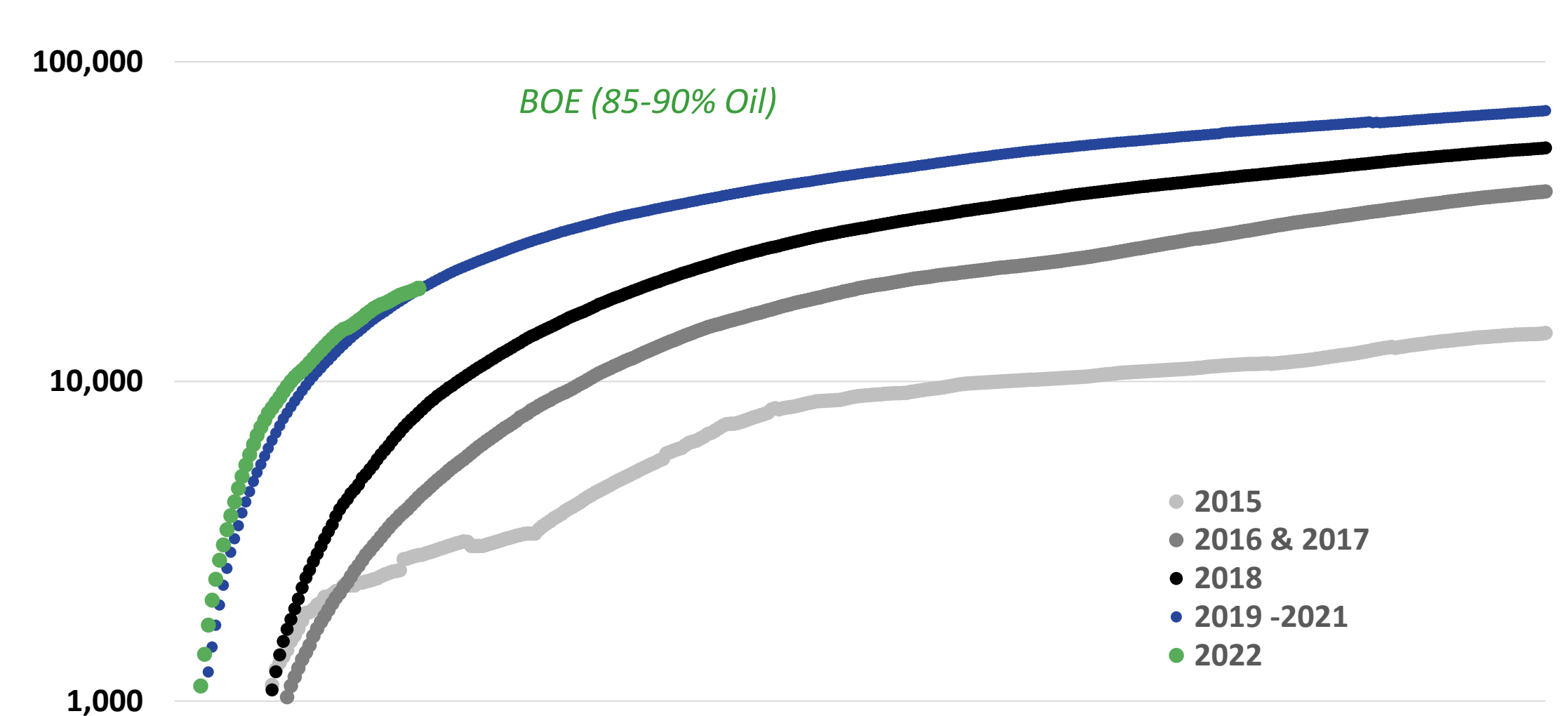
D&C Cost Range per Year (1 Mile Lateral)¹



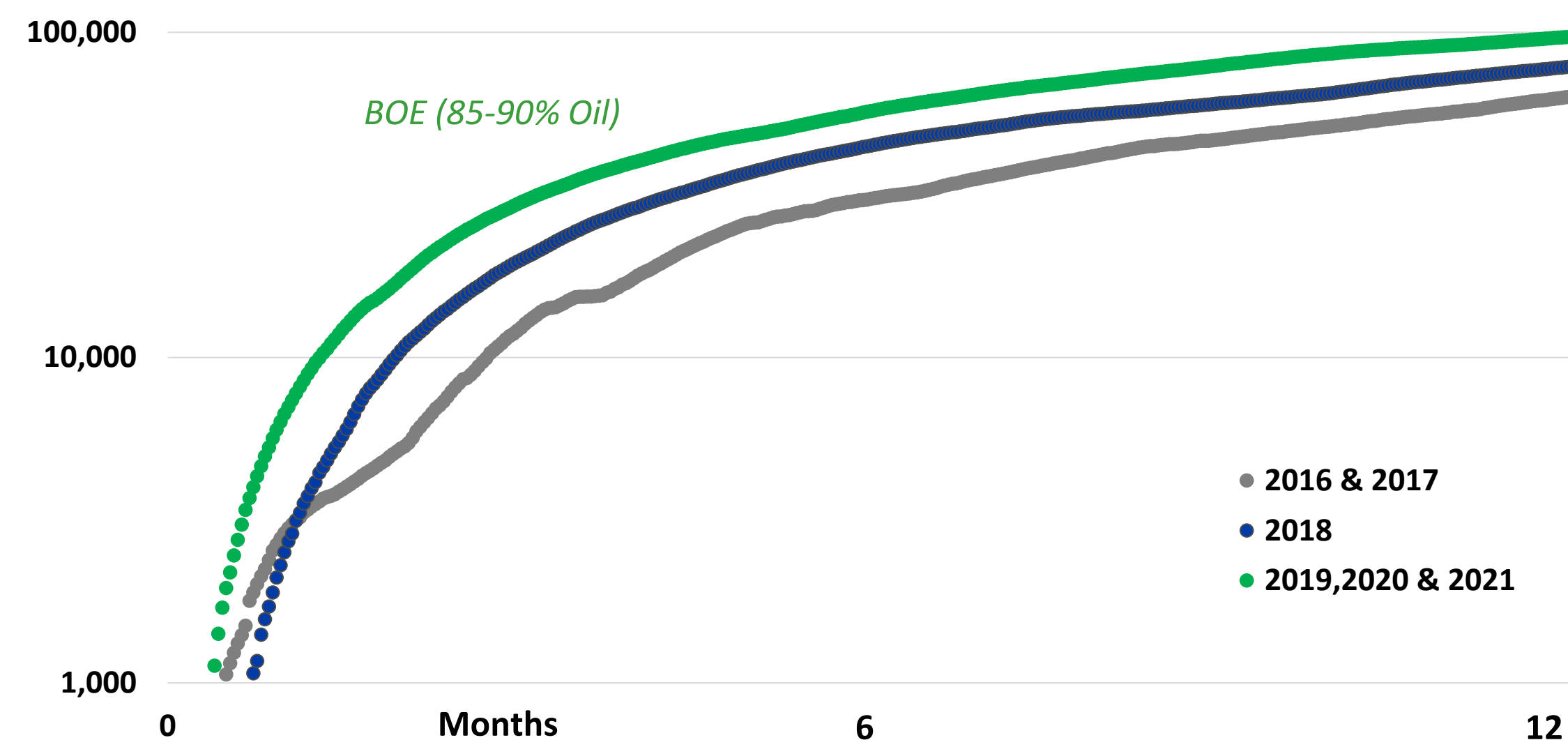
D&C Cost Range per Year (1.5 Mile Lateral)¹



NWS HZ Performance Average – Cum BOE vs Time (1 Mile Lateral)^{2,3}



NWS HZ Performance Average – Cum BOE vs Time (1.5 Mile Lateral)²





Central Basin Platform Asset Area

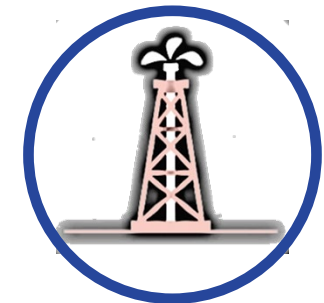
Technical Focus Reinvigorates Legacy Area



2Q22 Avg Sales
3,086 Boe/d (96% Oil)



Gross / Net Acres¹
29,065 / 20,288

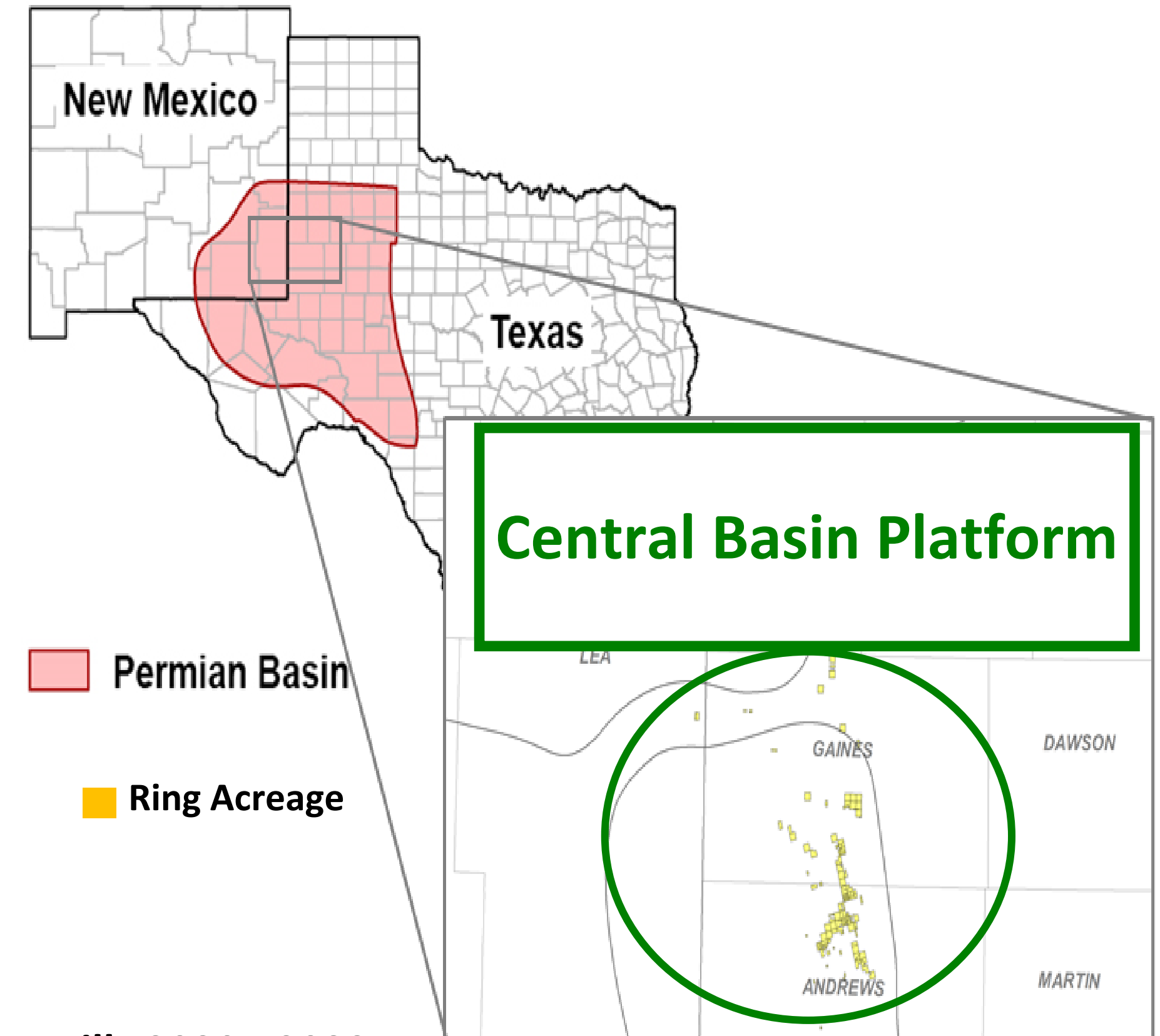


2Q22 D&C
Drilled 0 wells

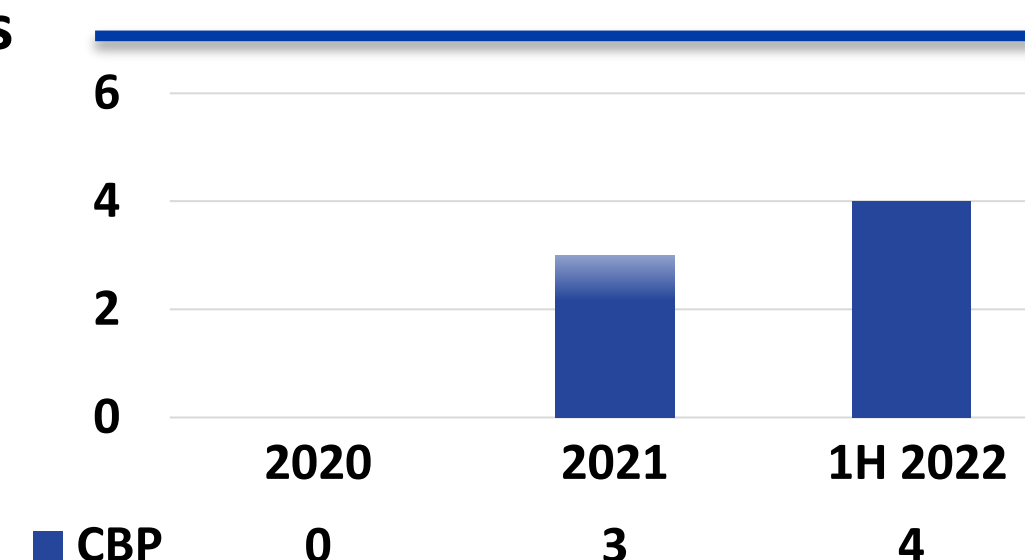


2Q22 CTR's
1 Conversion

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HZ New Drills 2020 - 2022



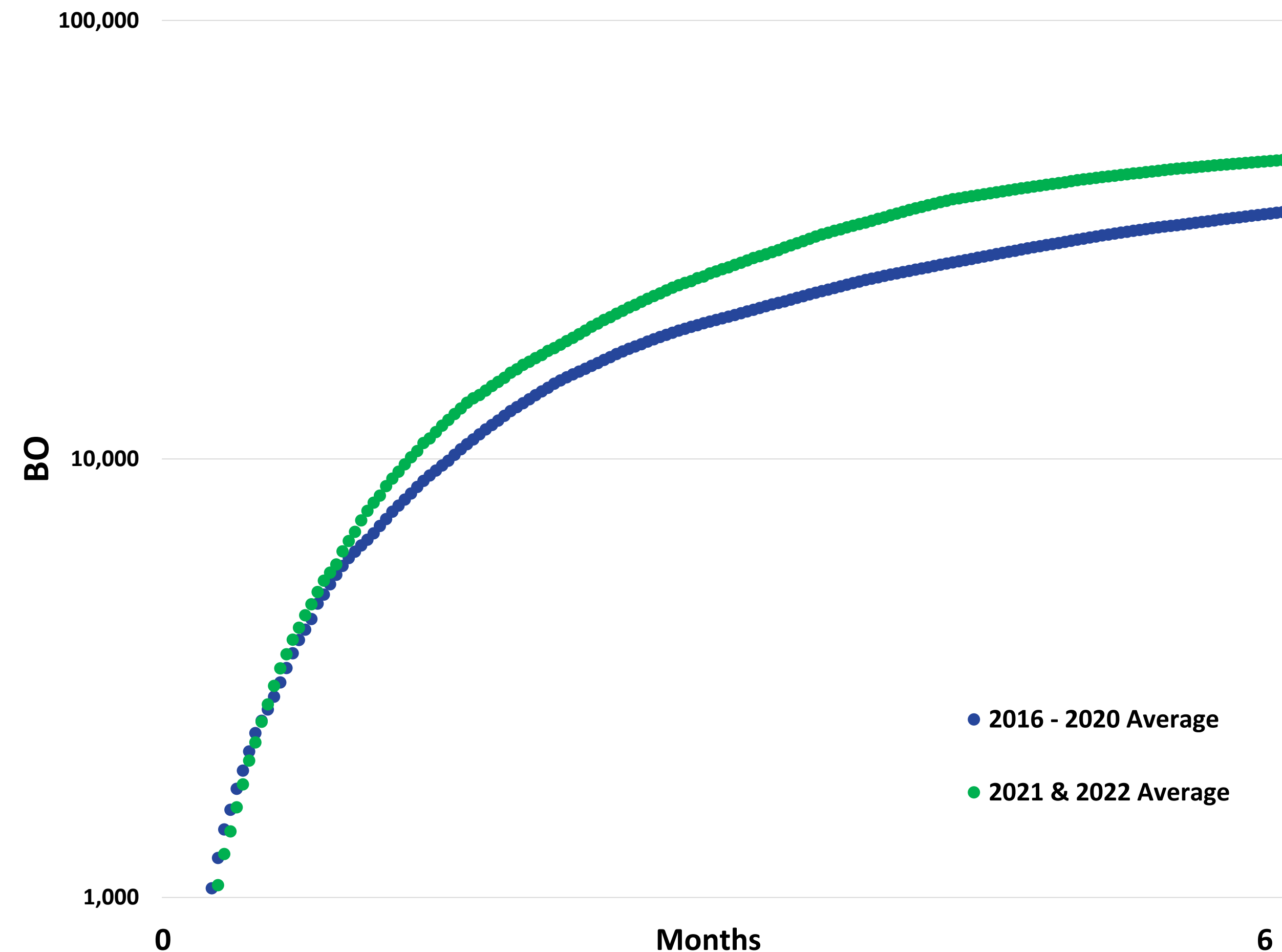
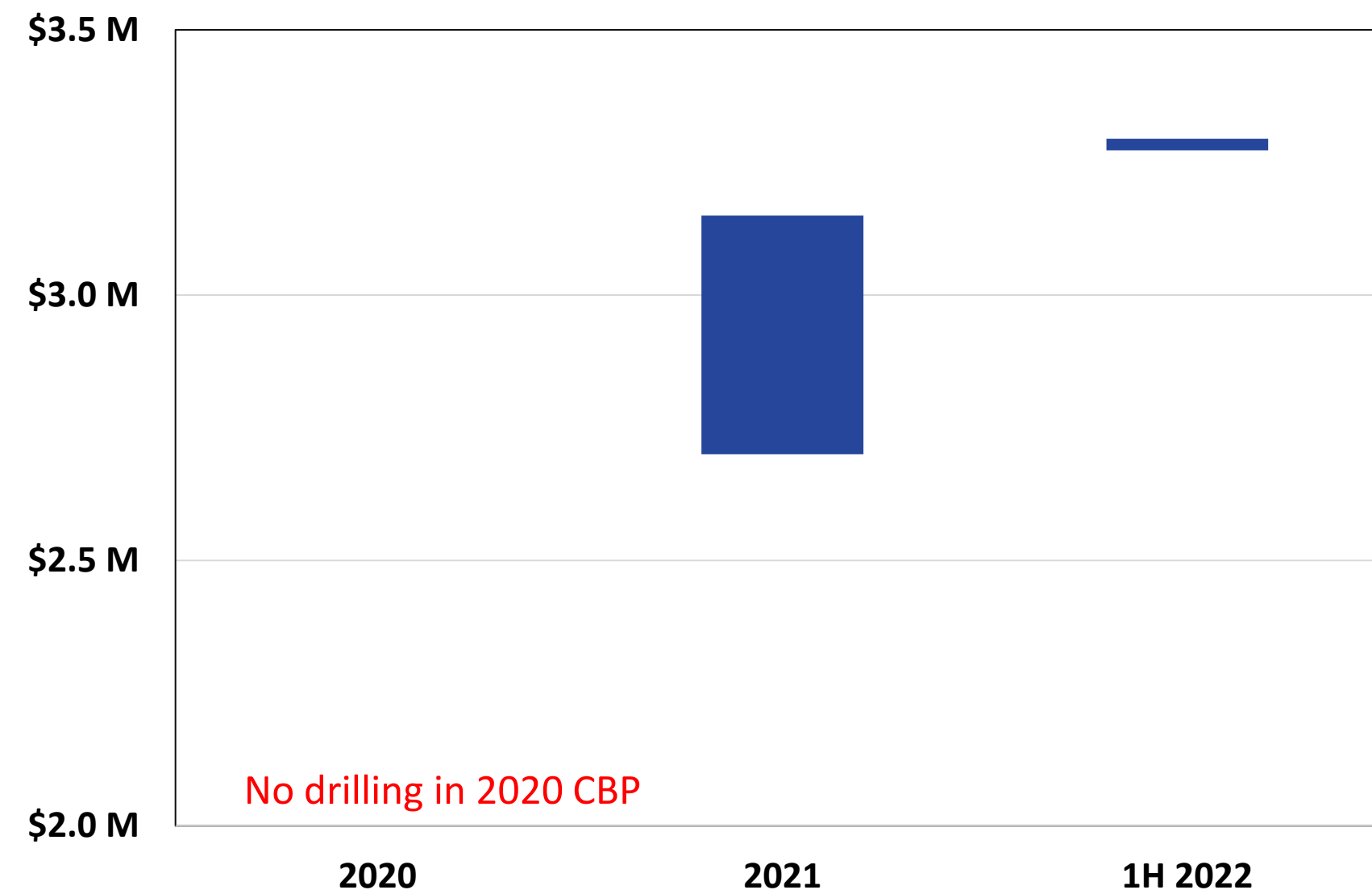


CBP HZ Well Performance & Costs

Technical Improvements to Completion and Landing Zone

CBP 1.5 Mile HZ Performance – Cum BO vs Time (2021 & 2022 vs Historic)^{2,3}

Annual D&C per HZ Cost Range (1.5 Mile)¹



1) Wells categorized by spud year; capex ties to financials
 2) Downtime associated with 2020 pandemic curtailment removed and contains only University Lands wells in the CBP (No normalization)
 3) Well set comprised only 1.5 mile laterals drilled in CBP



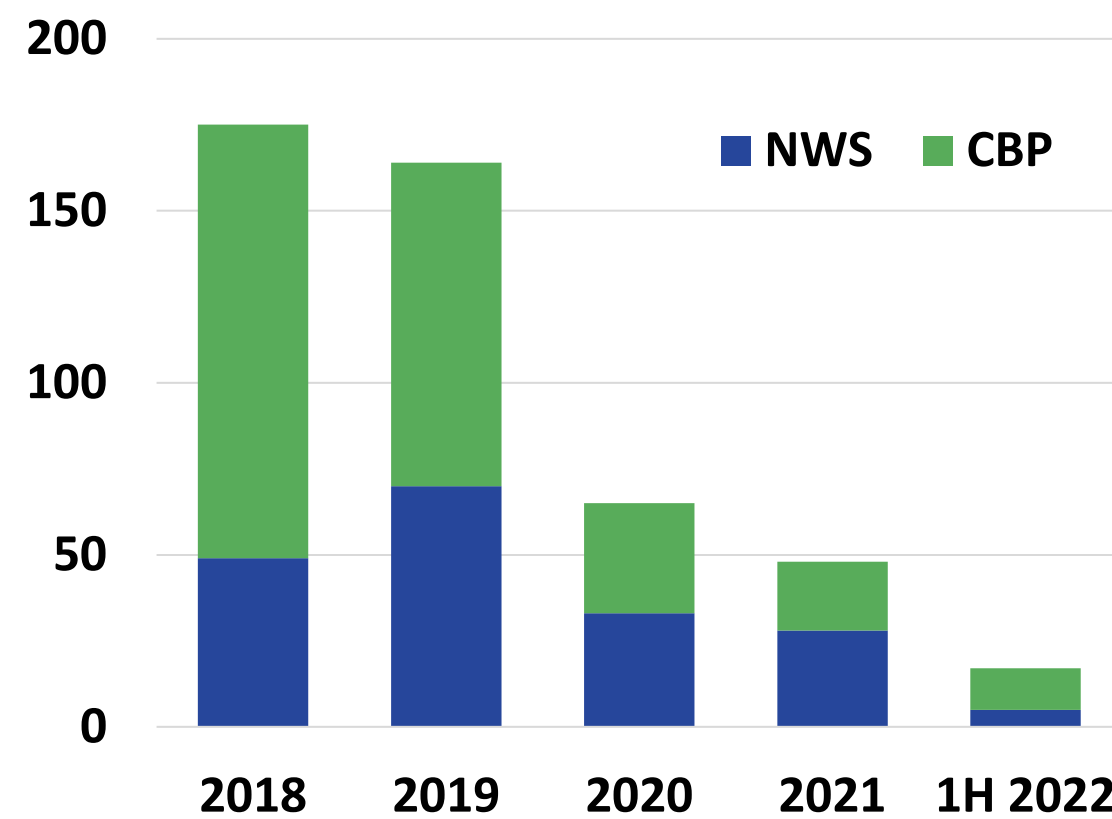
CTRs Significantly Reduce Operating Costs

Maintains Solid PDP Reserve Base that Generates Consistent FCF

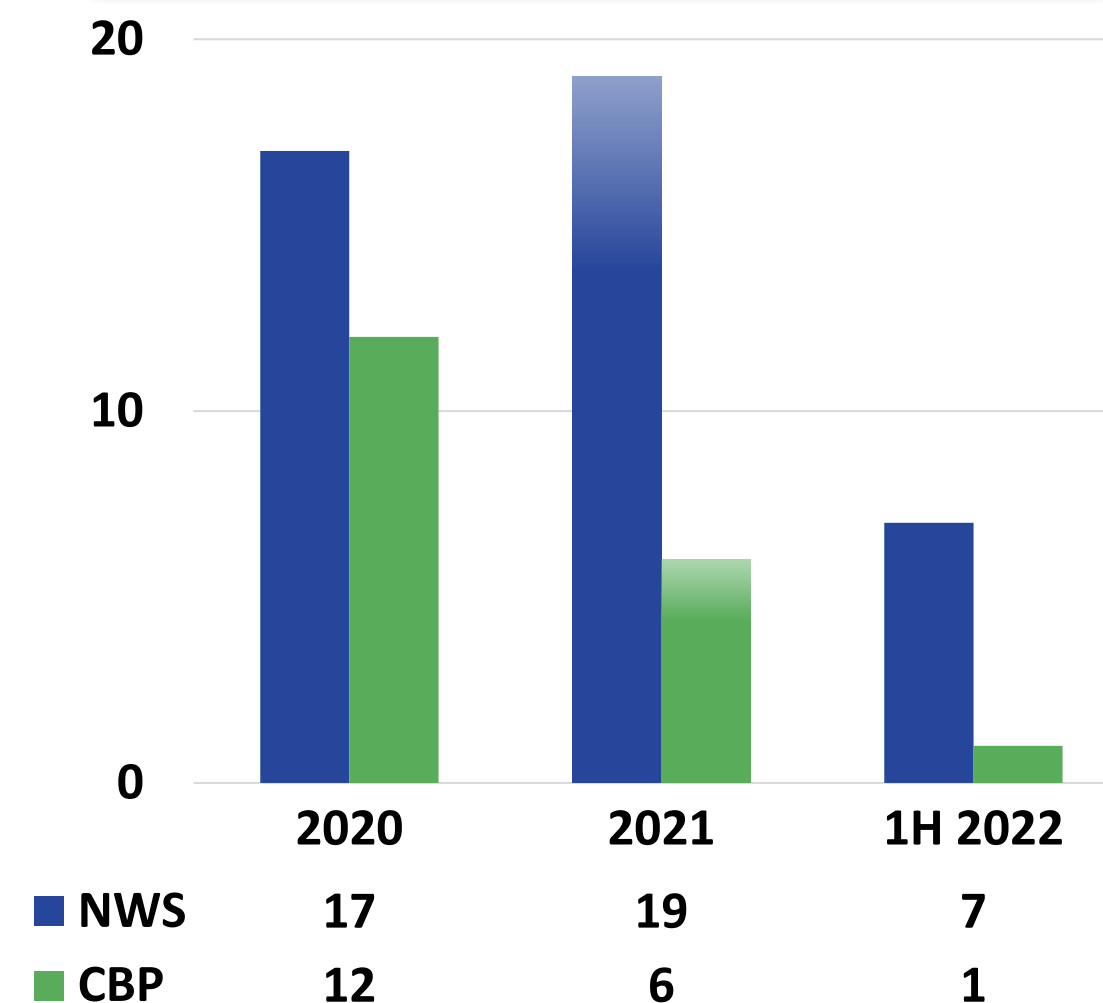
Increases reserves by reducing operating & well repair costs and extending well life

- ~50% long-term reduction in LOE
- Up to 75% reduction in future pulling costs
- Extends economic life & increases EUR

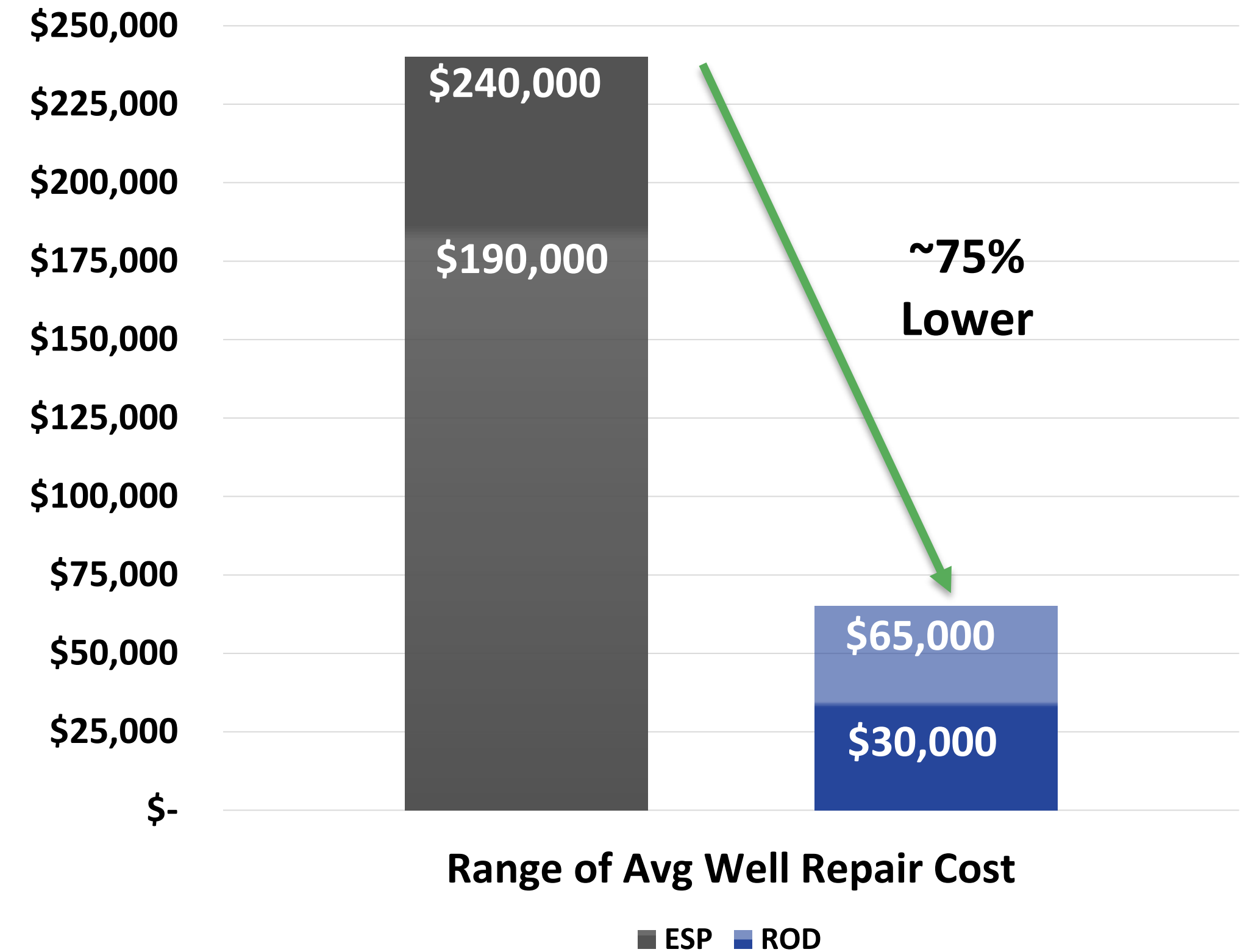
ESP Failures¹ 2018 – 2022



CTR Projects 2020 - 2022



Cost Savings ESP vs ROD



Maximizing Operational Margin is Predicated on Being a Leading LOW-COST OPERATOR

1. ESP failures are any time a service rig is necessary to repair ESP downhole equipment in order to bring a well back on production

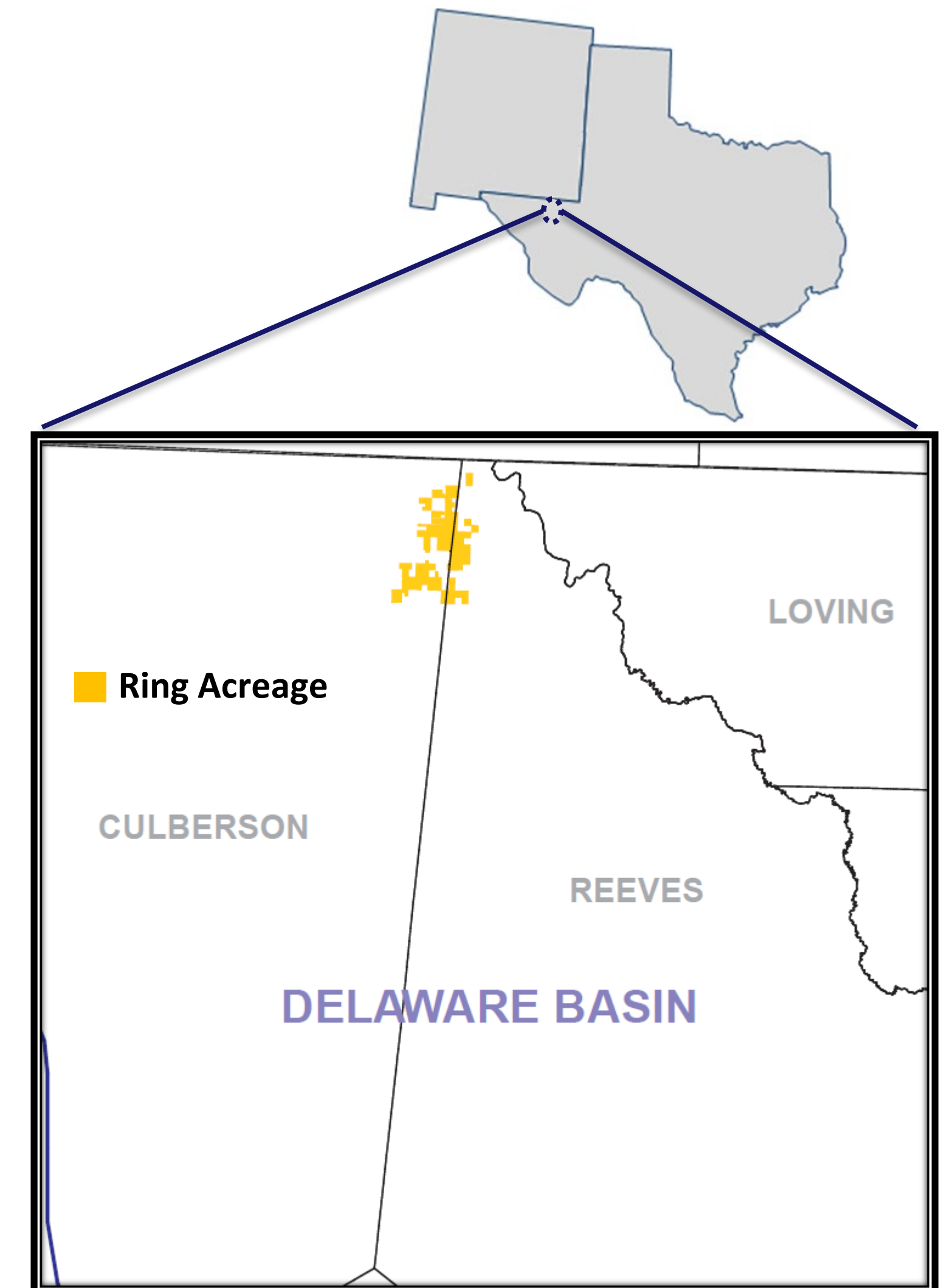


Delaware Basin Asset

Turnkey Asset with Predictable Cash Flow and Upside Potential

Non-Core asset that can be catalyst to pay down debt and/or provide funds for potential accretive acquisition

- Sales process for Delaware Assets underway
- Truist Securities running a marketed process
- Asset infrastructure in-place to enable efficient development
 - Produced water, gas gathering and pipeline
- Long life and shallow decline PDP base
- High ownership - working interest ~ 98% (75% NRI)
- Large inventory of re-activations, re-completions, and new drills



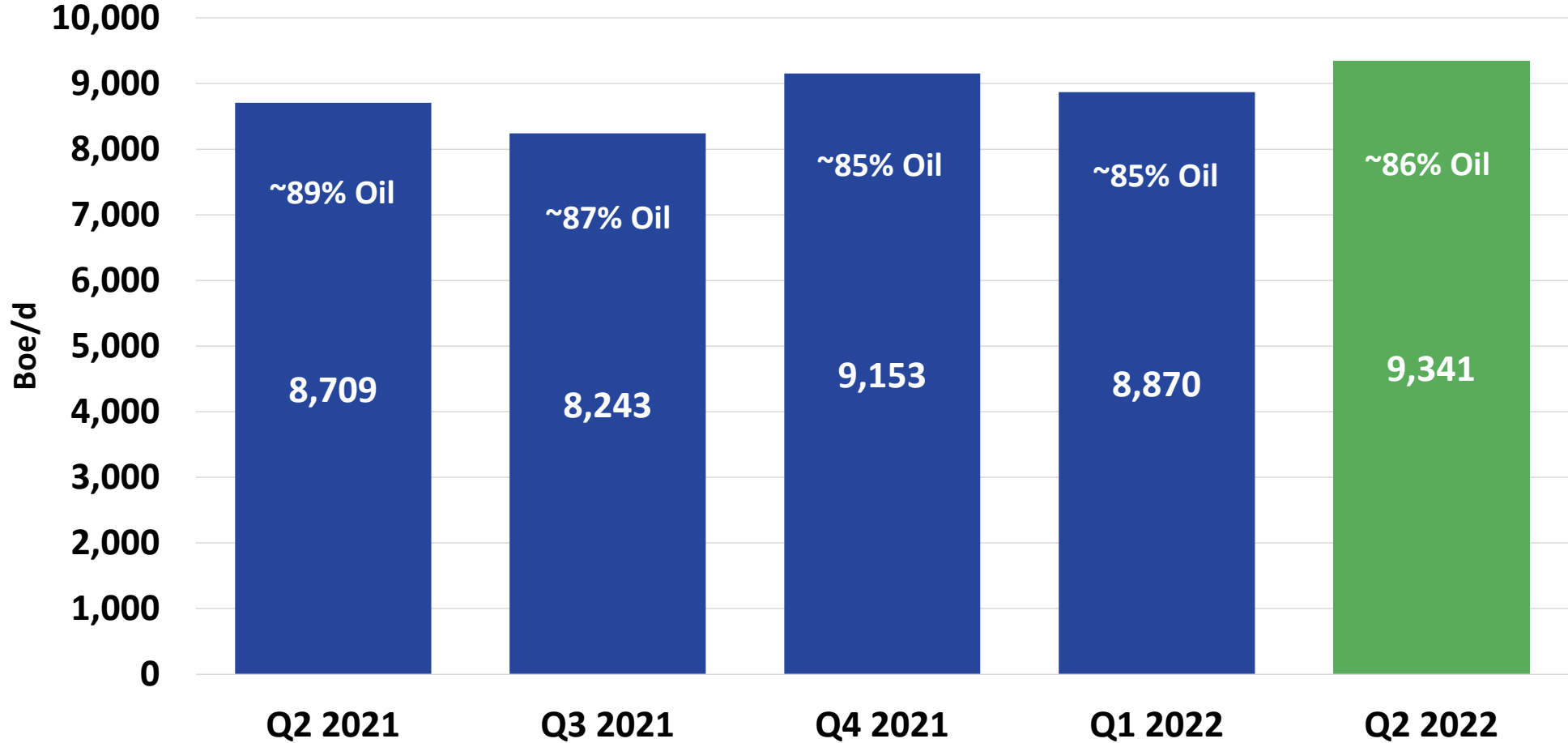
Financials



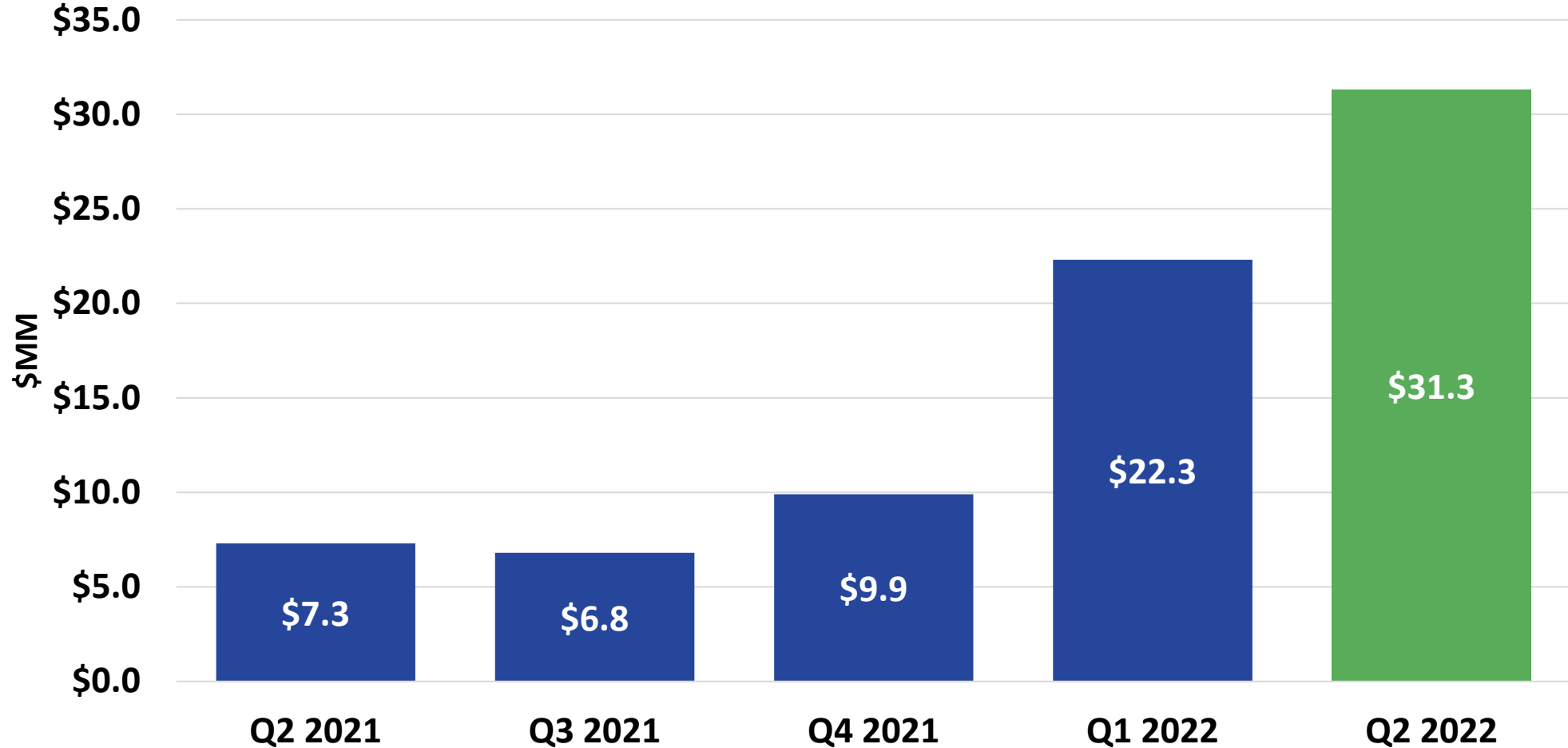
Sustainable Value Focused Results

Executing Disciplined Strategy

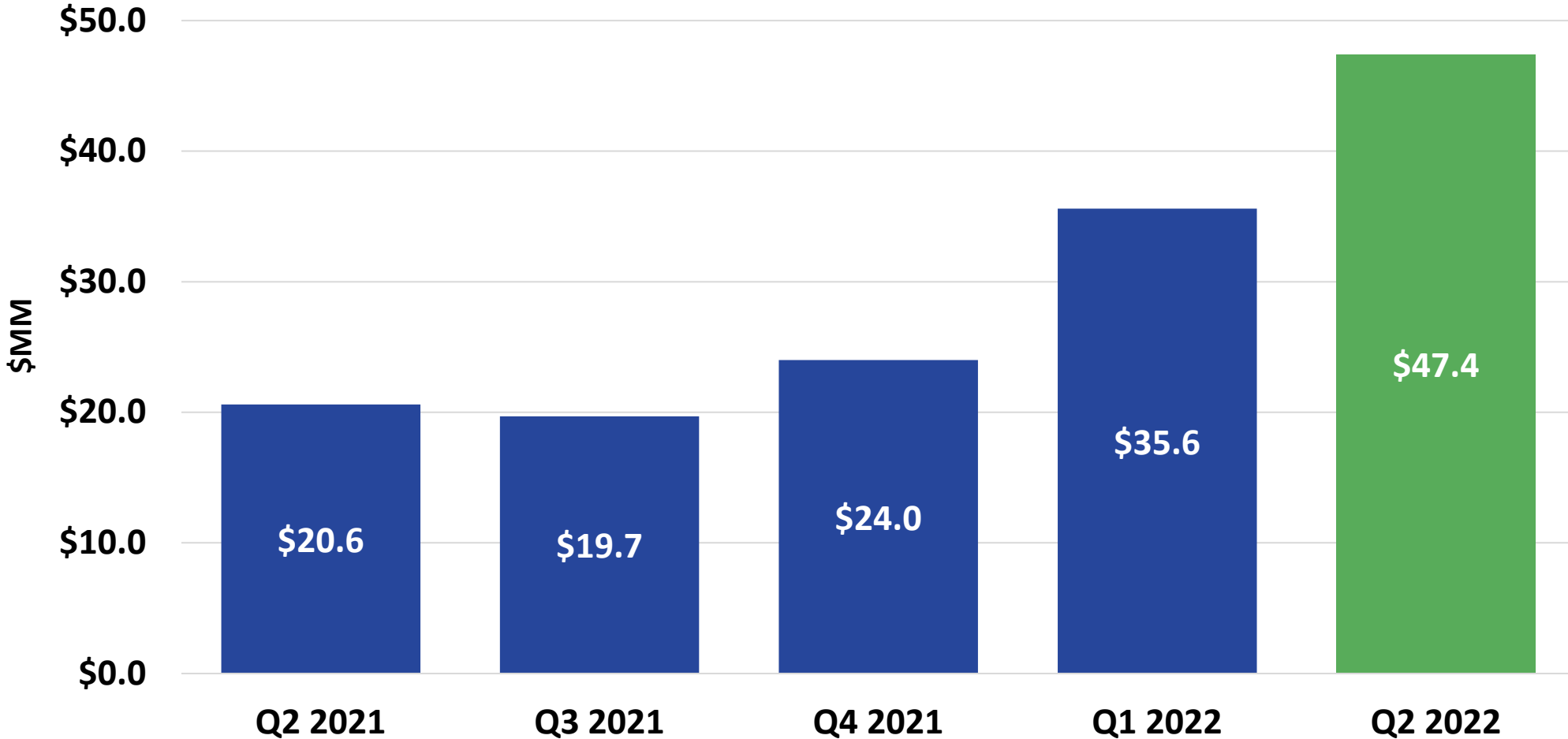
Net Sales



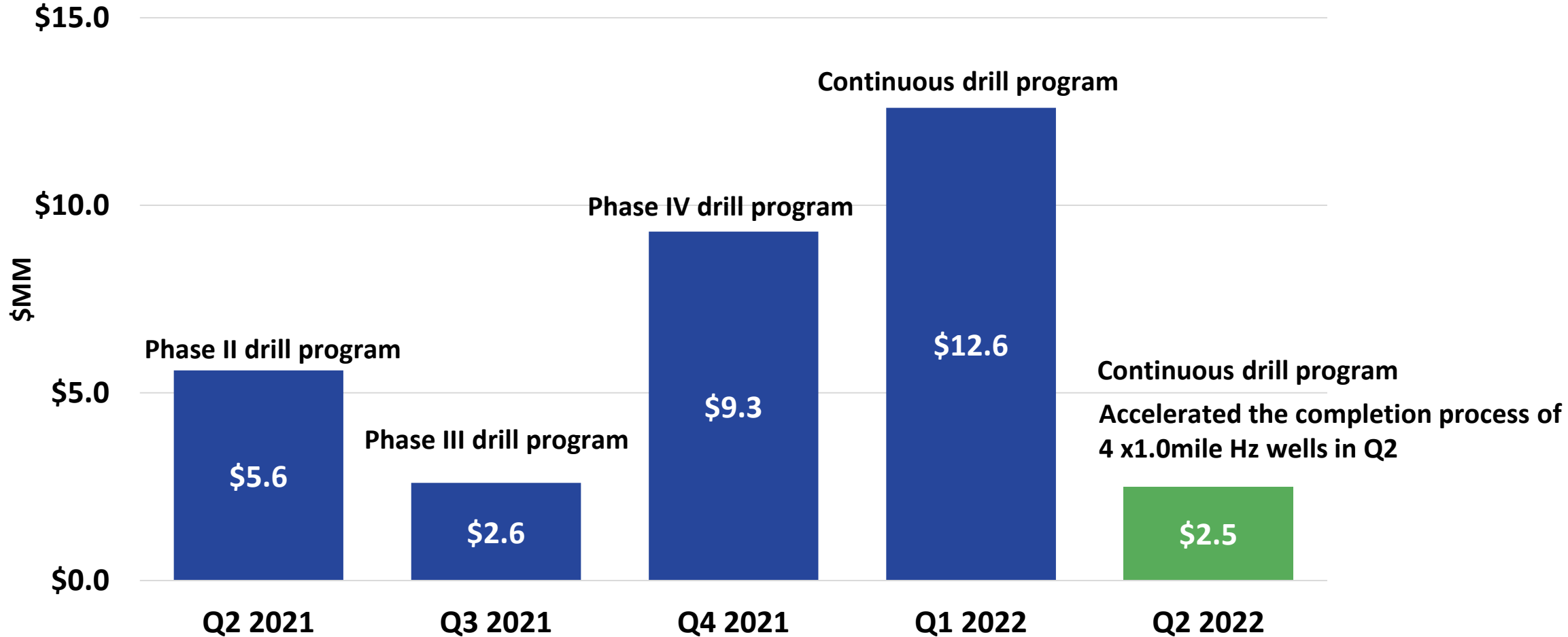
Adjusted Net Income¹



Adjusted EBITDA¹



Free Cash Flow¹



1. Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted Net Income and Free Cash Flow are Non-GAAP financial measures and reconciled in the appendix

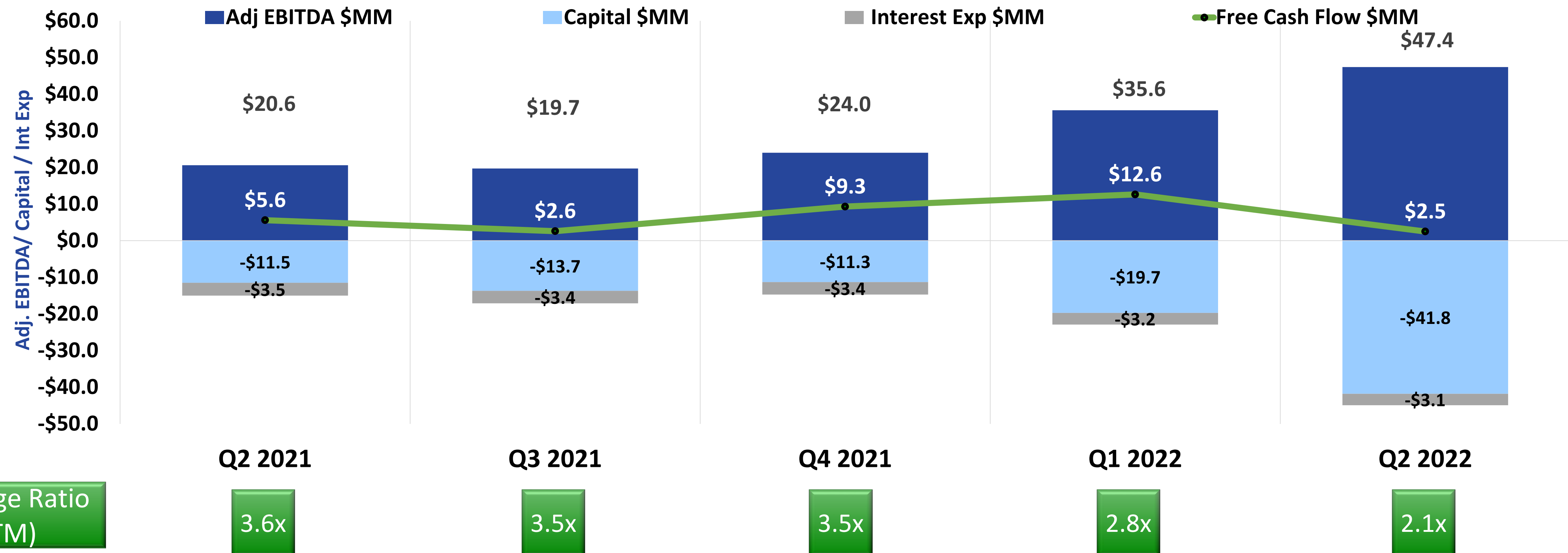


Historical Metrics

Quarterly Analysis of FCF¹

	\$MM Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Q1 2022	Q2 2022
Adj EBITDA ¹	\$20.6	\$19.7	\$24.0	\$35.6	\$47.4
Capital	-\$11.5	-\$13.7	-\$11.3	-\$19.7	-\$41.8
Interest Exp. ²	-\$3.5	-\$3.4	-\$3.4	-\$3.2	-\$3.1
Free Cash Flow¹	\$5.6	\$2.6	\$9.3	\$12.6	\$2.5

- Disciplined & efficient capital spending
- Focused on sustainably generating FCF
- Unrelenting goal to strengthen the balance sheet



Leverage Ratio (LTM)



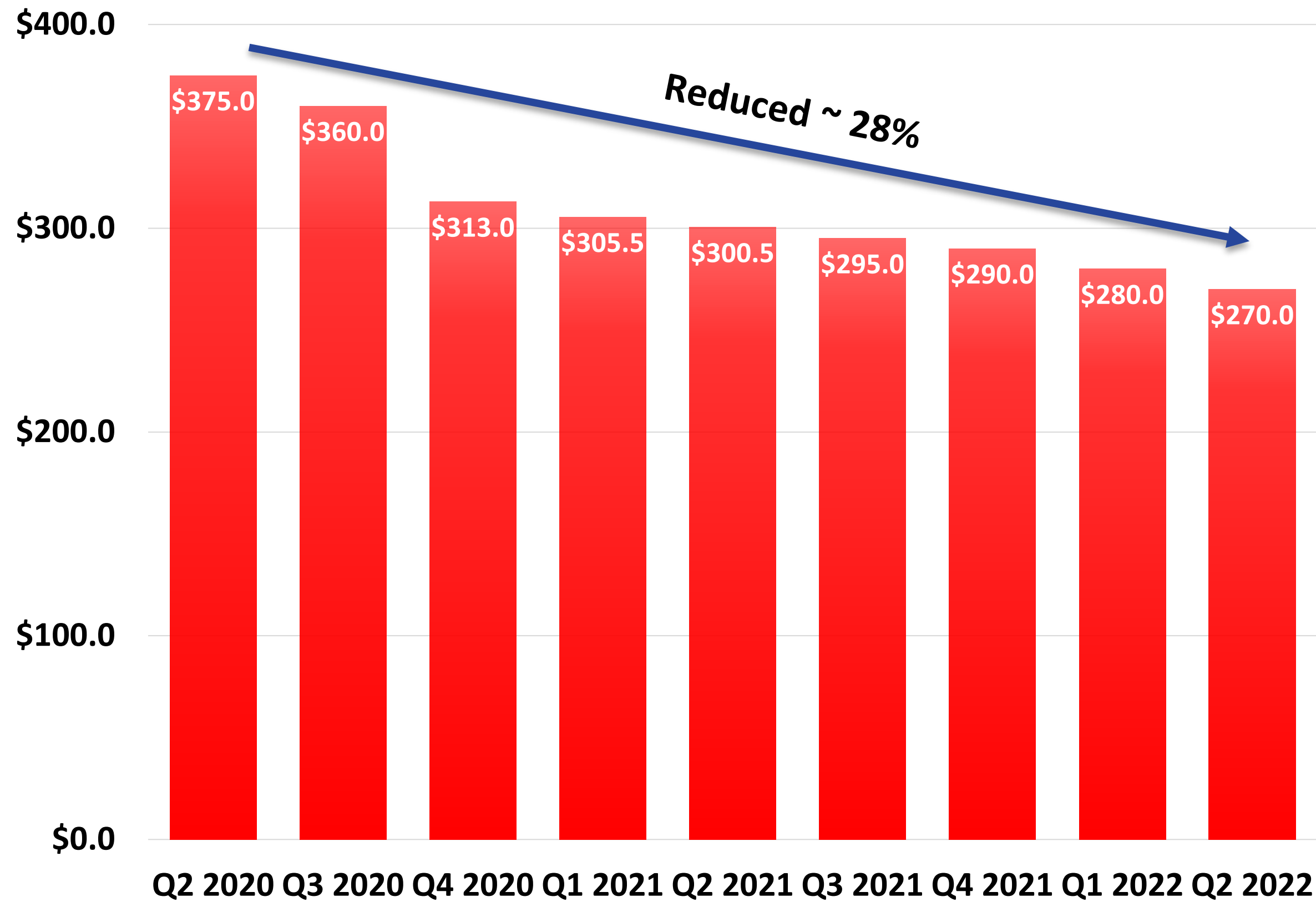
1) Adjusted EBITDA and Free Cash Flow are Non-GAAP financial measures and reconciled in the appendix
 2) Excludes amortization of deferred financing costs



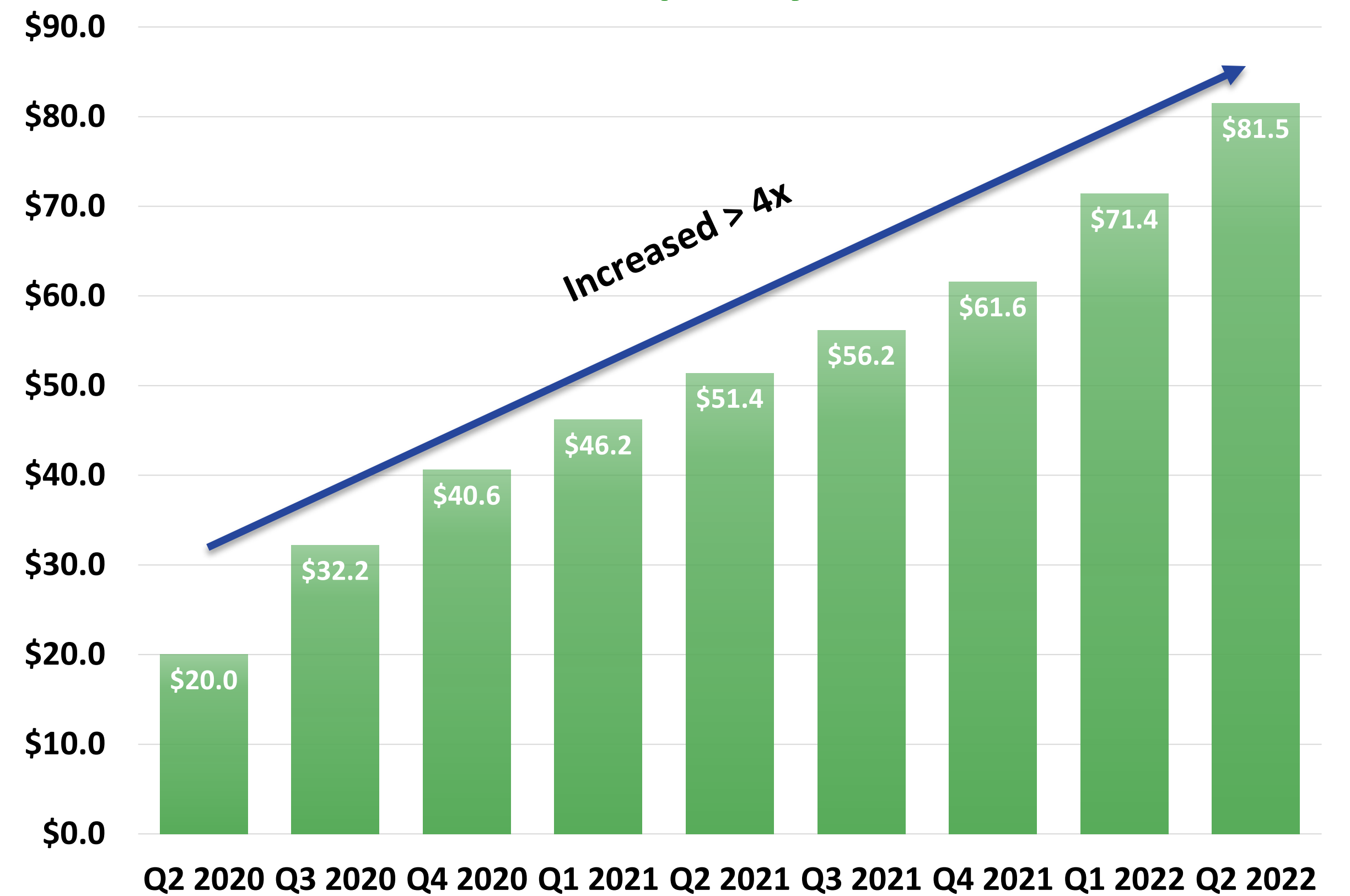
Reducing Debt & Increasing Liquidity

Disciplined Capital Spending & Sustainably Generating FCF is the Key

RBL Balance



Liquidity





Positioned for Substantial Increase in Revenue and FCF

Achieving High-Return Organic Growth

Pursuing Acquisition Opportunities to Further Increase Scale and Lower Break-Even Costs

Stronghold Energy II Acquisition Overview



Ring + Stronghold Overview

Key Transaction Structure & Terms

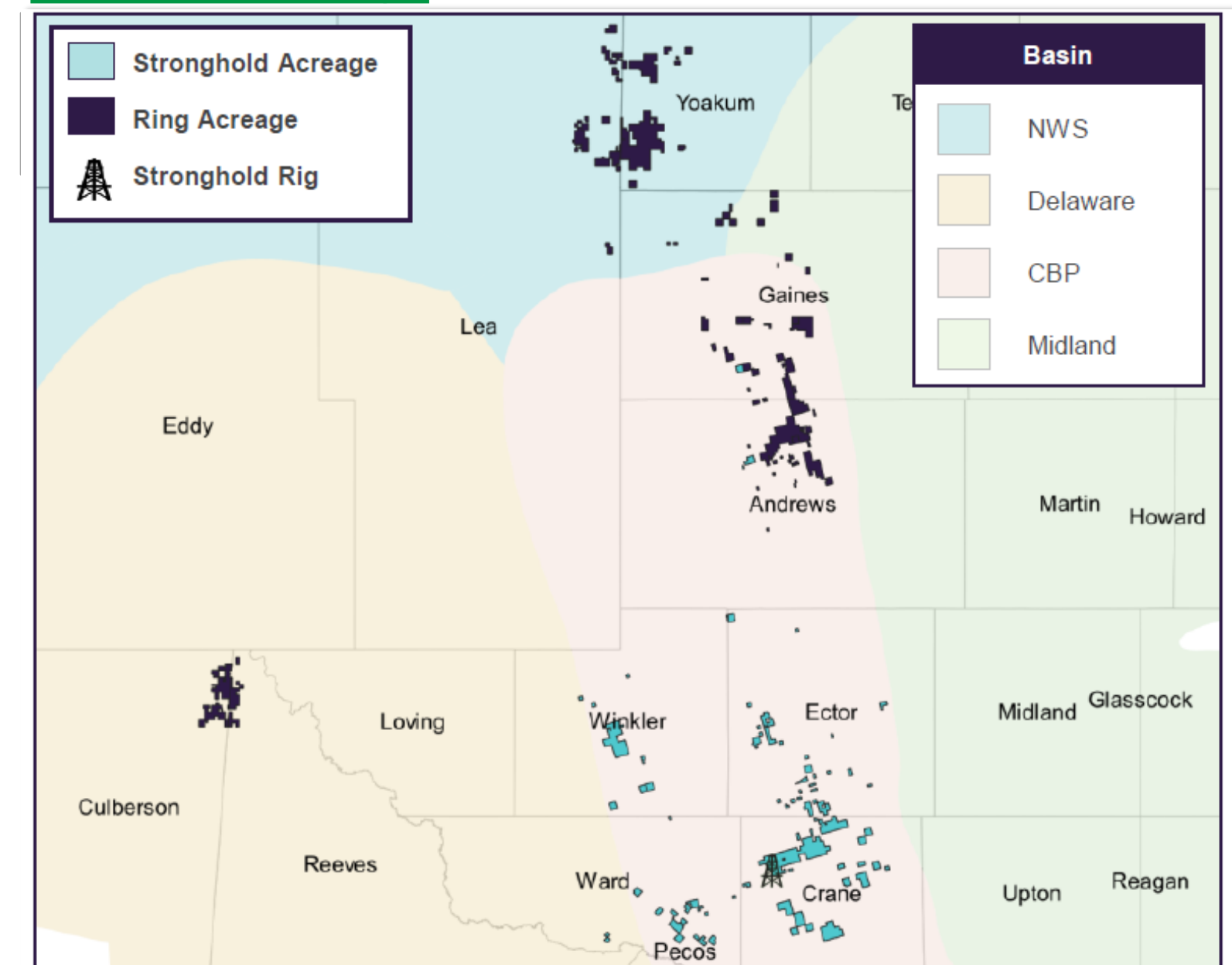
- Total purchase price of \$465MM in cash and stock
- \$200MM cash at close, funded from new credit facility borrowings, subject to certain purchase price adjustments including excess cash from operations, excess hedge liability over \$20MM, and anticipated transaction fees
- \$15MM deferred cash payment, 6 months after close
- \$230MM Ring common and preferred equity issued directly to the seller
- Stronghold receives ~63.8MM Ring shares and owns ~34% of the combined pro forma entity (based on a Ring's 20-Day VWAP of \$3.60 as of 6/30/2022)⁽¹⁾

Pro Forma Snapshot

Operating Statistics (as disclosed 7-5-22)

	REI Standalone ⁴ Q4 2022	REI Pro Forma Q4 2022	% Change
Net Production (MBoe/d)	9.0-9.6 (~87% Oil)	18-19 (~70% oil)	~100%
Adjusted EBITDA ² (\$MM)	\$43-48	\$82-86	>80%
Free Cash Flow ² (\$MM)	\$3-4	\$16-\$20	100%+
PD Reserves ³ PV10 (\$MM)	\$1,020	\$1,739	70%
PD Reserves ³ (MMBoe)	45.8	87.0	90%
Acreage	~64,000	~101,000	56%
Capex (\$MM)	\$35-39	\$50-54	41%
Fully Diluted Shares Outstanding ⁶ (MM)	126.6	190.5	50%

Asset Map



1. Assume preferred equity converts to common equity upon successful shareholder vote
 2. Represents a non-GAAP financial measure that should not be considered a substitute for any GAAP measure. See Non-GAAP Information
 3. Proved reserves for REI are management estimates as of June 1, 2022 and Stronghold management estimates as of June 1, 2022 were prepared by CGA, both used June 21, 2022 NYMEX Strip prices
 4. Source for REI standalone metrics for Q4 2022 is factset consensus +/-5% as of July 1, 2022



Transformational Transaction

Selected Stronghold Investment Highlights

- ✓ **High-quality, conventional, Proved Developed Producing asset base with high margins and low decline rates**
- ✓ **Premium de-risked inventory** in most active county in the CBP
- ✓ **Attractive cash flow profile with low breakeven drilling economics and low operating costs**
- ✓ **Significant asset development flexibility and upside potential**, including future development and operational improvements

Selected Transaction Benefits

- ✓ Should substantially enhance financial position by **increasing free cash flow generation and lowering operating costs**
- ✓ Expected to strengthen balance sheet by **immediately lower leverage ratio and accelerate ability to pay down debt**
- ✓ **Significantly increases size and scale**, almost doubling Ring's operational footprint
- ✓ **Materially grows inventory** of high rate-of-return projects, further enhancing the company's cash flow profile
- ✓ **Highly aligned management team** partnering with a **leading global private equity firm**



Transaction Logistics & Governance

Approvals and Timing

- Unanimously approved by Ring Board of Directors
- Subject to customary closing conditions, including regulatory approvals
- Transaction effective date is June 1, 2022
- Anticipated closing targeted for the third quarter of 2022
- Hold Special Stockholders Meeting to approve conversion of preferred stock to common stock

Leadership & Governance

- Ring to expand existing board of directors
- Two additional Warburg directors to be appointed to existing Ring Board at closing
- Paul McKinney to remain Chairman & CEO
- Ring Management to remain in existing executive roles
- Company headquarters remains in The Woodlands, TX with increased Midland, TX presence for foreseeable future

Appendix

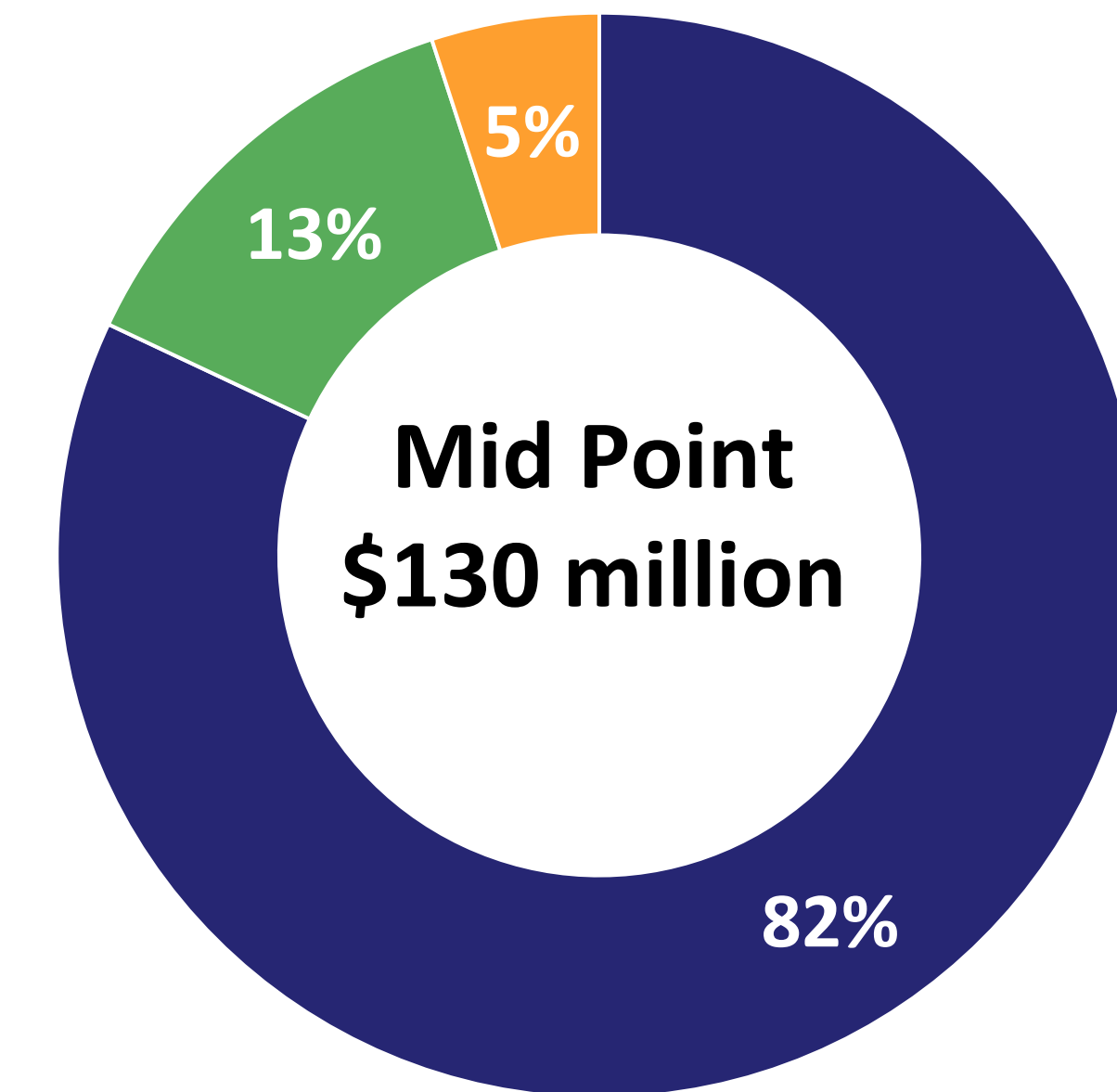


2022 Guidance

Grow Production, Generate FCF, Pay Down Debt

Sales Volumes	Q3 2022	FY 2022
Total (Boe/d)	9,500 – 9,900	9,300 – 9,700
Oil (Bo/d)	8,200 – 8,600	8,000 – 8,400
Capital Spending	Q3 2022	FY 2022
Capital spending ¹ (millions)	\$35.0 - \$39.0	\$120 - \$140
Number of new wells drilled	7 – 9	25 - 33
Number of new wells completed and online	8 – 10	25 - 30
Operating Expenses	Q3 2022	FY 2022
LOE (per Boe)	\$10.25 - \$11.50	\$10.25 - \$11.25

CAPEX Allocation



■ D,C&E ■ CTRs/Recomp/Cap Workovers ■ Land/Other

1. In addition to Company-directed drilling and completion activities, the capital spending outlook includes funds for targeted well reactivations, workovers, infrastructure upgrades, and continuing the Company's successful CTR program in its NWS and CBP areas. Also included is anticipated spending for lease costs, contractual drilling obligations and non-operated drilling, completion and capital workovers. Guidance does not include the Stronghold Assets.



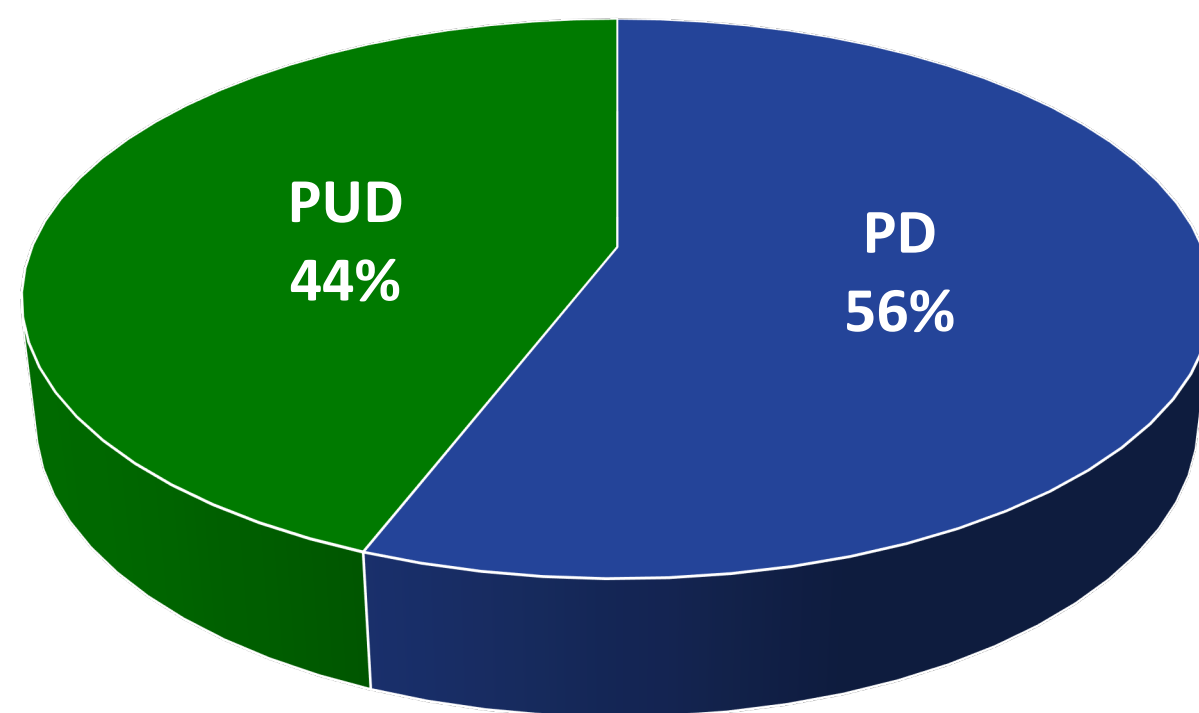
SEC Proved Reserves¹

Year-End 2021

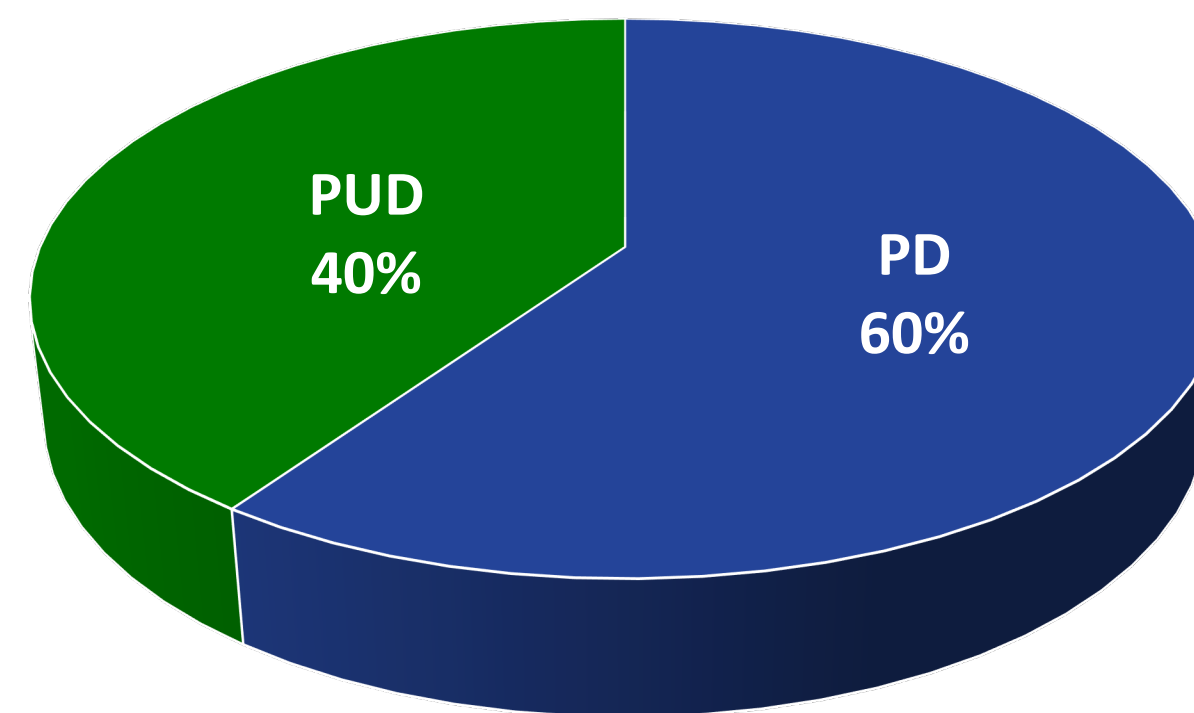
1P Summary	Reserve Category	Net Oil, MBbl	Net Gas, MMcf	Net MBOE	Net Capex ² , \$MM	PV-10 ³ , \$MM
	PD	36,821	39,749	43,446	\$55	\$794
	PUD	29,018	32,025	34,355	\$293	\$538
	TOTAL	65,839	71,774	77,801	\$348	\$1,332

2021 SEC Pricing	
Oil/\$Bbl	Gas \$/Mmbtu
\$63.04	\$3.598

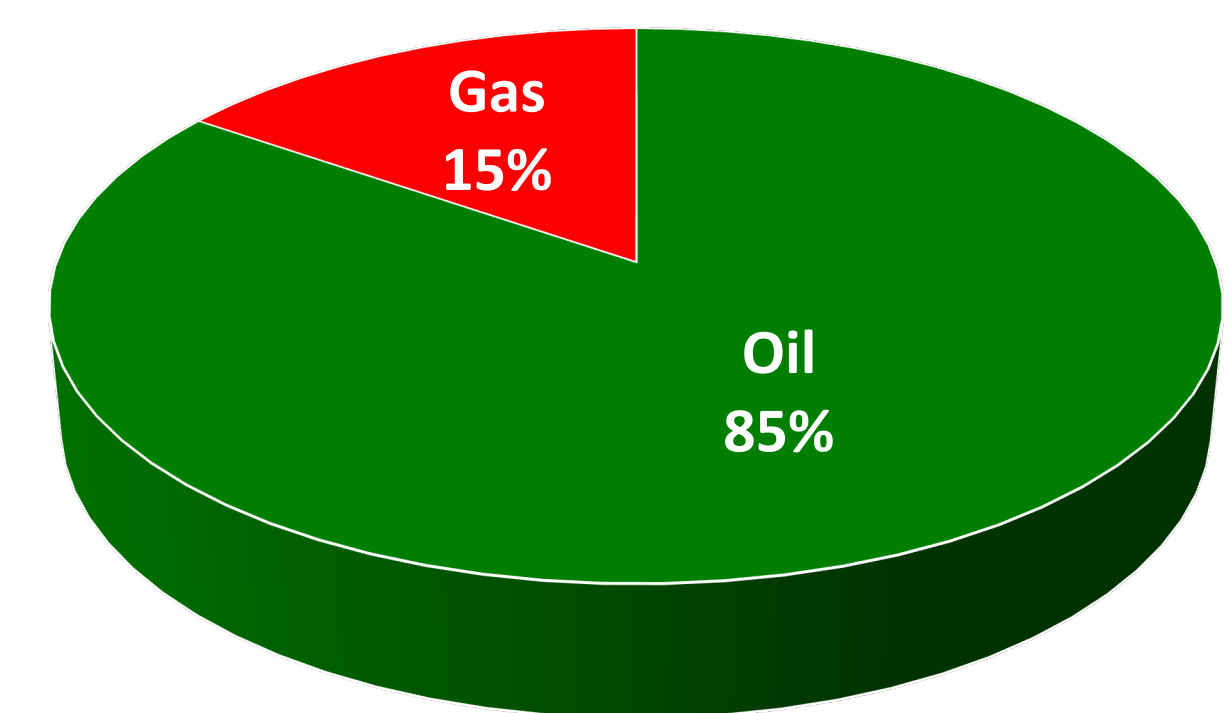
Reserves by Category (%)



Reserves by PV10 (\$MM)



Reserves by Product





Financial Overview

Oil Hedge Summary

Summary of Crude Oil Hedges

As of August 4, 2022

Date Entered Into	Production Period	Instrument	Average Daily Volumes (Bbls)	Weighted Avg. Swap Price (per Bbl)	Strike Price	Deferred Premium	Put Price	Call Price
<i>Crude Oil - WTI</i>								
12/04/2020	Calendar year 2022	Swaps	500	\$44.22				
12/07/2020	Calendar year 2022	Swaps	500	\$44.75				
12/10/2020	Calendar year 2022	Swaps	500	\$44.97				
12/17/2020	Calendar year 2022	Swaps	250	\$45.98				
01/04/2021	Calendar year 2022	Swaps	250	\$47.00				
02/04/2021	Calendar year 2022	Swaps	250	\$50.05				
05/11/2021	Calendar year 2022	Swaps	879 ⁽¹⁾	\$49.03				
02/01/2022	02/01/2022 - 12/31/2022	Swaps	1,000	\$81.53				
06/28/2022	07/01/2022 - 09/30/2022	Put Options	1,000		\$107.90	\$6.95		
06/28/2022	10/01/2022 - 12/31/2022	Put Options	1,000		\$100.60	\$11.71		
06/28/2022	01/01/2023 - 03/31/2023	Put Options	1,000		\$95.75	\$13.96		
06/28/2022	04/01/2023 - 06/30/2023	Put Options	1,000		\$92.70	\$15.20		
06/28/2022	07/01/2023 - 09/30/2023	Put Options	1,000		\$90.00	\$16.00		
06/28/2022	10/01/2023 - 12/31/2023	Put Options	1,000		\$87.70	\$16.53		
06/29/2022	01/01/2023 - 03/31/2023	Put Options	500		\$95.25	\$14.25		
06/29/2022	04/01/2023 - 06/30/2023	Put Options	500		\$91.85	\$15.58		
06/29/2022	07/01/2023 - 09/30/2023	Put Options	500		\$89.10	\$16.45		
06/29/2022	10/01/2023 - 12/31/2023	Put Options	500		\$86.90	\$16.93		
06/29/2022	01/01/2024 - 03/31/2024	Put Options	500		\$84.70	\$17.15		
06/29/2022	04/01/2024 - 06/30/2024	Put Options	500		\$82.80	\$17.49		
07/01/2022	01/01/2023 - 03/31/2023	Put Options	1,000		\$91.00	\$13.79		
07/01/2022	04/01/2023 - 06/30/2023	Put Options	1,000		\$88.00	\$15.32		
07/08/2022	07/01/2022 - 09/30/2022	Put Options	500		\$100.30	\$6.69		
07/08/2022	10/01/2022 - 12/31/2022	Put Options	500		\$92.60	\$12.02		
07/08/2022	01/01/2023 - 03/31/2023	Put Options	500		\$87.70	\$14.35		
07/25/2022	01/01/2024 - 03/31/2024	Collars	1,000				\$70.00	\$86.00
07/25/2022	04/01/2024 - 06/30/2024	Collars	1,000				\$70.00	\$83.40
07/25/2022	07/01/2024 - 09/30/2024	Collars	1,000				\$70.00	\$81.20

1) The notional quantity per the swap contract entered into May 11, 2021 is for 26,750 barrels of oil per month. The 879 represents the daily amount on an annual basis



Income Statement and Operational Stats

Income Statement

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended			Six Months Ended	
	June 30,	March 31,	June 30,	June 30,	
	2022	2022	2021	2022	2021
Oil and Natural Gas Revenues	\$ 84,961,875	\$ 68,181,032	\$ 47,760,102	\$ 153,142,907	\$ 87,262,634
Costs and Operating Expenses					
Lease operating expenses	8,301,443	8,953,165	7,424,488	17,254,608	15,651,063
Gathering, transportation and processing costs	549,389	1,296,858	897,166	1,846,247	1,832,185
Ad valorem taxes	949,239	951,954	703,775	1,901,193	1,441,026
Oil and natural gas production taxes	4,157,457	3,218,362	2,198,339	7,375,819	4,051,101
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	10,749,204	9,781,287	9,275,126	20,530,491	17,383,284
Asset retirement obligation accretion	186,303	188,242	184,013	374,545	377,757
Operating lease expense	83,590	83,590	84,790	167,180	356,307
General and administrative expense (including share-based compensation)	5,832,302	5,522,277	3,757,152	11,354,579	6,670,143
Total Costs and Operating Expenses	30,808,927	29,995,735	24,524,849	60,804,662	47,762,866
Income from Operations	54,152,948	38,185,297	23,235,253	92,338,245	39,499,768
Other Income (Expense)					
Interest income	-	-	1	-	1
Interest expense	(3,279,299)	(3,398,361)	(3,654,529)	(6,677,660)	(7,396,498)
Loss on derivative contracts	(7,457,018)	(27,596,141)	(35,277,240)	(35,053,159)	(66,865,879)
Net Other Expense	(10,736,317)	(30,994,502)	(38,931,768)	(41,730,819)	(74,262,376)
Income (Loss) Before Provision for Income Taxes	43,416,631	7,190,795	(15,696,515)	50,607,426	(34,762,608)
(Provision For) Benefit From Income Taxes	(1,472,209)	(78,752)	(190,644)	(1,550,961)	(190,644)
Net Income (Loss)	\$ 41,944,422	\$ 7,112,043	\$ (15,887,159)	\$ 49,056,465	\$ (34,953,252)
Basic Earnings (Loss) per Share	\$ 0.39	\$ 0.07	\$ (0.16)	\$ 0.47	\$ (0.35)
Diluted Earnings (Loss) per Share	\$ 0.32	\$ 0.06	\$ (0.16)	\$ 0.39	\$ (0.35)
Basic Weighted-Average Shares Outstanding	106,390,776	100,192,562	99,300,458	103,291,669	99,197,160
Diluted Weighted-Average Shares Outstanding	130,597,589	124,004,178	99,300,458	126,251,705	99,197,160

Operational Stats

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended			Six Months Ended	
	June 30,	March 31,	June 30,	June 30,	
	2022	2022	2021	2022	2021
Net sales volumes:					
Oil (Bbls)	729,484	676,215	702,408	1,405,699	1,312,529 ⁽²⁾
Natural gas (Mcf)	723,196	732,283	540,857	1,455,479	1,178,666
Total oil and natural gas (Boe) ⁽¹⁾	850,017	798,262	792,551	1,648,279	1,508,973
% Oil	86%	85%	89%	85%	87%
Average daily equivalent sales (Boe/d)	9,341	8,870	8,709	9,107	8,337
Average realized sales prices:					
Oil (\$/Bbl)	\$ 109.24	\$ 93.80	\$ 65.00	\$ 101.81	\$ 61.74
Natural gas (\$/Mcf)	7.29	6.49	3.90	6.89	5.28
Barrel of oil equivalent (\$/Boe)	\$ 99.95	\$ 85.41	\$ 60.26	\$ 92.91	\$ 57.83
Average costs and expenses per Boe (\$/Boe):					
Lease operating expenses	\$ 9.77	\$ 11.22	\$ 9.37	\$ 10.47	\$ 10.37
Gathering, transportation and processing costs	0.65	1.62	1.13	1.12	1.21
Ad valorem taxes	1.12	1.19	0.89	1.15	0.95
Oil and natural gas production taxes	4.89	4.03	2.77	4.47	2.68
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	12.65	12.25	11.70	12.46	11.52
Asset retirement obligation accretion	0.22	0.24	0.23	0.23	0.25
Operating lease expense	0.10	0.10	0.11	0.10	0.24
General and administrative expense (including share-based compensation)	6.86	6.92	4.74	6.89	4.42
General and administrative expense (excluding share-based compensation)	4.63	5.01	4.30	4.81	3.95

(1) Boe is determined using the ratio of six Mcf of natural gas to one Bbl of oil (totals may not compute due to rounding). The conversion ratio does not assume price equivalency and the price on an equivalent basis for oil and natural gas may differ significantly.

(2) Includes 379 barrels of skim oil.



Balance Sheet and Cash Flow Statement

Balance Sheet

	(Unaudited) June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,223,289	\$ 2,408,316
Accounts receivable	39,496,928	24,026,807
Joint interest billing receivable	1,350,134	2,433,811
Derivative assets	1,353,196	-
Prepaid expenses and other assets	3,205,746	938,029
Total Current Assets	47,629,293	29,806,963
Properties and Equipment		
Oil and natural gas properties subject to amortization	945,521,085	883,844,745
Financing lease asset subject to depreciation	2,067,375	1,422,487
Fixed assets subject to depreciation	2,044,709	2,089,722
Total Properties and Equipment	949,633,169	887,356,954
Accumulated depreciation, depletion and amortization	(255,274,309)	(235,997,307)
Net Properties and Equipment	694,358,860	651,359,647
Operating lease asset	1,140,886	1,277,253
Derivative assets	785,389	-
Deferred financing costs	1,324,918	1,713,466
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 745,239,346	\$ 684,157,329
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 64,262,609	\$ 46,233,452
Financing lease liability	407,031	316,514
Operating lease liability	301,339	290,766
Derivative liabilities	32,700,566	29,241,588
Notes payable	894,295	586,410
Total Current Liabilities	98,565,840	76,668,730
Non-Current Liabilities		
Deferred income taxes	1,641,253	90,292
Revolving line of credit	270,000,000	290,000,000
Financing lease liability, less current portion	667,456	343,727
Operating lease liability, less current portion	983,995	1,138,319
Asset retirement obligations	15,373,543	15,292,054
Total Non-Current Liabilities	288,666,247	306,864,392
Total Liabilities	387,232,087	383,533,122
Stockholders' Equity		
Preferred stock - \$0.001 par value; 50,000,000 shares authorized; no shares issued or outstanding	-	-
Common stock - \$0.001 par value; 225,000,000 shares authorized; 107,236,111 shares and 100,192,562 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	107,236	100,193
Additional paid-in capital	561,791,836	553,472,292
Accumulated deficit	(203,891,813)	(252,948,278)
Total Stockholders' Equity	358,007,259	300,624,207
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 745,239,346	\$ 684,157,329

Cash Flow Statement

	(Unaudited)				
	June 30, 2022	Three Months Ended March 31, 2022	June 30, 2021	Six Months Ended June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Cash Flows From Operating Activities					
Net income (loss)	\$ 41,944,422	\$ 7,112,043	\$ (15,887,159)	\$ 49,056,465	\$ (34,953,252)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	10,749,203	9,781,287	9,275,126	20,530,490	17,383,284
Asset retirement obligation accretion	186,303	188,242	184,013	374,545	377,757
Amortization of deferred financing costs	189,274	199,274	147,224	388,548	330,251
Share-based compensation	1,899,245	1,521,910	351,775	3,421,155	707,269
Deferred income tax (benefit) expense	1,485,022	65,939	47,967	1,550,961	(1,744,175)
Excess tax (benefit) expense related to share-based compensation	-	-	142,677	-	1,934,819
Loss on derivative contracts	7,457,018	27,596,141	35,277,240	35,053,159	66,865,879
Cash paid for derivative settlements, net	(19,617,265)	(14,115,501)	(12,436,333)	(33,732,766)	(18,357,124)
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
Accounts receivable	(4,315,730)	(10,078,098)	(704,568)	(14,393,828)	(6,673,307)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(2,470,602)	202,885	(1,346,762)	(2,267,717)	(1,181,562)
Accounts payable	4,328,968	2,519,011	2,365,612	6,847,979	8,659,118
Settlement of asset retirement obligation	(1,113,208)	(553,368)	(1,093,816)	(1,666,576)	(1,338,277)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	40,722,650	24,439,765	16,322,996	65,162,415	32,010,680
Cash Flows From Investing Activities					
Payments to purchase oil and natural gas properties	(383,003)	(360,848)	(178,718)	(743,851)	(437,688)
Payments to develop oil and natural gas properties	(35,793,923)	(13,860,249)	(10,824,079)	(49,654,172)	(22,723,018)
Purchase of fixed assets subject to depreciation	(81,646)	(10,114)	(41,442)	(91,760)	(60,903)
Sale of fixed assets subject to depreciation	126,100	8,500	-	134,600	-
Proceeds from divestiture of oil and natural gas properties	25,066	-	-	25,066	2,000,000
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	(36,107,406)	(14,222,711)	(11,044,239)	(50,330,117)	(21,221,609)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities					
Proceeds from revolving line of credit	40,500,000	10,000,000	6,900,000	50,500,000	19,900,000
Payments on revolving line of credit	(50,500,000)	(20,000,000)	(11,900,000)	(70,500,000)	(32,400,000)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock and warrants	5,163,126	-	80,000	5,163,126	241,269
Payments to cover tax withholdings	(257,694)	-	-	(257,694)	-
Proceeds from notes payable	928,626	-	909,467	928,626	909,467
Payments on notes payable	(253,360)	(367,381)	(151,317)	(620,741)	(151,317)
Payment of deferred financing costs	-	-	(76,887)	-	(76,887)
Reduction of financing lease liabilities	(111,864)	(118,778)	(70,288)	(230,642)	(119,995)
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	(4,531,166)	(10,486,159)	(4,309,025)	(15,017,325)	(11,697,463)
Net (Decrease) Increase in Cash	84,078	(269,105)	969,732	(185,027)	(908,392)
Cash at Beginning of Period	2,139,211	2,408,316	1,700,510	2,408,316	3,578,634
Cash at End of Period	\$ 2,223,289	\$ 2,139,211	\$ 2,670,242	\$ 2,223,289	\$ 2,670,242



Non-GAAP Disclosure

Certain financial information included in Ring’s financial results are not measures of financial performance recognized by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, or GAAP. These non-GAAP financial measures are “Adjusted Net Income”, “Adjusted EBITDA”, “Free Cash Flow” and “Cash Flow from Operations”. Management uses these non-GAAP financial measures in its analysis of performance. In addition, Adjusted EBITDA is a key metric used to determine the Company’s incentive compensation awards. These disclosures may not be viewed as a substitute for results determined in accordance with GAAP and are not necessarily comparable to non-GAAP performance measures which may be reported by other companies.

Adjusted Net Income does not include the estimated after-tax impact of share-based compensation, ceiling test impairment, and unrealized loss (gain) on change in fair value of derivatives, as well an add back of the full valuation against the Company’s deferred tax assets during the fourth quarter of 2020. Adjusted Net Income is presented because the timing and amount of these items cannot be reasonably estimated and affect the comparability of operating results from period to period, and current periods to prior periods.

The Company also presents the non-GAAP financial measures Adjusted EBITDA and Free Cash Flow. The Company defines Adjusted EBITDA as net (loss) income plus net interest expense, unrealized loss on change in fair value of derivatives, ceiling test impairment, income tax (benefit) expense, depreciation, depletion and amortization and accretion, asset retirement obligation accretion and share-based compensation. Company management believes this presentation is relevant and useful because it helps investors understand Ring’s operating performance and makes it easier to compare its results with those of other companies that have different financing, capital and tax structures. Adjusted EBITDA should not be considered in isolation from or as a substitute for net income, as an indication of operating performance or cash flows from operating activities or as a measure of liquidity. Adjusted EBITDA, as Ring calculates it, may not be comparable to Adjusted EBITDA measures reported by other companies. In addition, Adjusted EBITDA does not represent funds available for discretionary use.

The Company defines Free Cash Flow as Adjusted EBITDA (defined above) less net interest expense (excluding amortization of deferred financing cost) and capital expenditures. For this purpose, the Company’s definition of capital expenditures includes costs incurred related to oil and natural gas properties (such as drilling and infrastructure costs and the lease maintenance costs) and equipment, furniture and fixtures, but excludes acquisition costs of oil and gas properties from third parties that are not included in the Company’s capital expenditures guidance provided to investors. Company management believes that Free Cash Flow is an important financial performance measure for use in evaluating the performance and efficiency of its current operating activities after the impact of accrued capital expenditures and net interest expense and without being impacted by items such as changes associated with working capital, which can vary substantially from one period to another. There is no commonly accepted definition for Free Cash Flow within the industry. Accordingly, Free Cash Flow, as defined and calculated by the Company, may not be comparable to Free Cash Flow or other similarly named non-GAAP measures reported by other companies. While the Company includes net interest expense in the calculation of Free Cash Flow, other mandatory debt service requirements of future payments of principal at maturity (if such debt is not refinanced) are excluded from the calculation of Free Cash Flow. These and other non-discretionary expenditures that are not deducted from Free Cash Flow would reduce cash available for other uses.

PV-10 is a measure not prepared in accordance with GAAP that differs from a measure under GAAP known as “standardized measure of discounted future net cash flows” in that PV-10 is calculated without including future income taxes. Management believes that the presentation of the PV-10 value of our oil and natural gas properties is relevant and useful to investors because it presents the estimated discounted future net cash flows attributable to our estimated proved reserves independent of our income tax attributes, thereby isolating the intrinsic value of the estimated future cash flows attributable to our reserves. We believe the use of a pre-tax measure provides greater comparability of assets when evaluating companies because the timing and quantification of future income taxes is dependent on company-specific factors, many of which are difficult to determine. For these reasons, management uses and believes that the industry generally uses the PV-10 measure in evaluating and comparing acquisition candidates and assessing the potential rate of return on investments in oil and natural gas properties. PV-10 does not necessarily represent the fair market value of oil and natural gas properties. PV-10 is not a measure of financial or operational performance under GAAP, nor should it be considered in isolation or as a substitute for the standardized measure of discounted future net cash flows as defined under GAAP.

The Company also presents the non-GAAP financial measure Cash Flow from Operations. The Company defines Cash Flow from Operations as Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities plus Changes in operating assets and liabilities.

The table below provides a reconciliation of PV-10 to the standardized measure of discounted future net cash flows as of December 31, 2021.

Oil (Bbl)	Natural Gas (Mcf)	Total (Boe)	Pre-Tax PV-10 Value	Future Income Taxes, Discounted at 10%	Standardized Measure of Discounted Future Net Cash Flows
65,838,609	71,773,789	77,800,907	\$ 1,332,097,625	\$ (194,732,777)	\$ 1,137,364,848



Non-GAAP Reconciliations

Adjusted Net Income

	Three Months Ended			Six Months Ended	
	June 30, 2022	March 31, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
	(Unaudited for All Periods)				
Net Income (Loss)	\$ 41,944,422	\$ 7,112,043	\$ (15,887,159)	\$ 49,056,465	\$ (34,953,252)
Share-based compensation	1,899,245	1,521,910	351,775	3,421,155	707,269
Unrealized loss (gain) on change in fair value of derivatives	(12,160,246)	13,480,640	22,840,907	1,320,393	48,508,755
Tax impact of adjusted items	(347,939)	164,305	-	145,314	-
Adjusted Net Income	<u>\$ 31,335,482</u>	<u>\$ 22,278,898</u>	<u>\$ 7,305,523</u>	<u>\$ 53,943,327</u>	<u>\$ 14,262,772</u>
Basic Weighted-Average Shares Outstanding	106,390,776	100,192,562	99,300,458	103,291,669	99,197,160
Adjusted Net Income per Share	<u>\$ 0.29</u>	<u>\$ 0.22</u>	<u>\$ 0.07</u>	<u>\$ 0.52</u>	<u>\$ 0.14</u>

Adjusted EBITDA

	Three Months Ended			Six Months Ended	
	June 30, 2022	March 31, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
	(Unaudited for All Periods)				
Net Income (Loss)	\$ 41,944,422	\$ 7,112,043	\$ (15,887,159)	\$ 49,056,465	\$ (34,953,252)
Interest expense, net	3,279,299	3,398,361	3,654,528	6,677,660	7,396,497
Unrealized loss (gain) on change in fair value of derivatives	(12,160,246)	13,480,640	22,840,907	1,320,393	48,508,755
Income tax provision (benefit)	1,472,209	78,752	190,644	1,550,961	190,644
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	10,749,204	9,781,287	9,275,126	20,530,491	17,383,284
Asset retirement obligation accretion	186,303	188,242	184,013	374,545	377,757
Share-based compensation	1,899,245	1,521,910	351,775	3,421,155	707,269
Adjusted EBITDA	<u>\$ 47,370,436</u>	<u>\$ 35,561,235</u>	<u>\$ 20,609,834</u>	<u>\$ 82,931,670</u>	<u>\$ 39,610,954</u>
Adjusted EBITDA Margin	56%	52%	43%	54%	45%
Basic Weighted-Average Shares Outstanding	106,390,776	100,192,562	99,300,458	103,291,669	99,197,160
Adjusted EBITDA per Share	<u>\$ 0.45</u>	<u>\$ 0.35</u>	<u>\$ 0.21</u>	<u>\$ 0.80</u>	<u>\$ 0.40</u>

Free Cash Flow

	Three Months Ended			Six Months Ended	
	June 30, 2022	March 31, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
	(Unaudited for All Periods)				
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 47,370,436	\$ 35,561,235	\$ 20,609,834	\$ 82,931,670	\$ 39,610,954
Net interest expense (excluding amortization of deferred financing costs)	(3,090,025)	(3,199,087)	(3,507,304)	(6,289,112)	(7,066,246)
Capital expenditures	(41,810,442)	(19,743,693)	(11,456,062)	(61,554,135)	(25,981,498)
Proceeds from divestiture of oil and natural gas properties	25,066	-	-	25,066	2,000,000
Free Cash Flow	<u>\$ 2,495,035</u>	<u>\$ 12,618,455</u>	<u>\$ 5,646,468</u>	<u>\$ 15,113,489</u>	<u>\$ 8,563,210</u>

Cash Flow From Operations

	Three Months Ended			Six Months Ended	
	June 30, 2022	March 31, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
	(Unaudited for All Periods)				
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 40,722,650	\$ 24,439,765	\$ 16,322,996	\$ 65,162,415	\$ 32,010,680
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	3,570,572	7,909,570	779,534	11,480,142	534,028
Cash Flow from Operations	<u>\$ 44,293,222</u>	<u>\$ 32,349,335</u>	<u>\$ 17,102,530</u>	<u>\$ 76,642,557</u>	<u>\$ 32,544,708</u>



Corporate Strategy

Value Focused for Sustainable Success



Attract and Retain Highly Qualified People



Pursue Operational Excellence with a Sense of Urgency



Invest in High-Margin, High RoR Projects



Focus on FCF and Strengthen Balance Sheet



Pursue Strategic A&D to Lower Breakeven Costs



Experienced Management Team

Shared Vision with a Track Record of Success



Paul D. McKinney
Chairman & Chief Executive Officer

35+ years of domestic & international oil & gas industry experience

Executive & board roles include CEO, President, COO, Region VP and public & private board directorships



Alexander Dyes
EVP of Engineering & Corporate Strategy

15+ years of oil & gas industry experience

Multi-disciplined experience including VP A&D, VP Engineering, Director Strategy, multiple engineering & operational roles



Marinos Baghdati
EVP of Operations

19+ years of oil & gas industry experience

Operational experience in drilling, completions and production including VP Operations, Operations manager, multiple engineering roles



Stephen D. Brooks
EVP of Land, Legal, HR & Marketing

40+ years of oil & gas industry experience

Extensive career as landman including VP Land & Legal, VP HR VP Land and Land Manager



Travis Thomas
EVP & Chief Financial Officer

17+ years of oil & gas industry experience & accounting experience

High level financial experience including CAO, VP Finance, Controller, Treasurer



Hollie Lamb
VP of Compliance & GM of Midland Office

20+ years of oil & gas industry experience

Previously Partner of HeLMS Oil & Gas, VP Engineering, Reservoir & Geologic Engineer





Refreshed Board of Directors

Accomplished and Diversified Experience



Paul D. McKinney
Chairman & Chief Executive Officer

35+ years of domestic & international oil & gas industry experience

Executive & board roles include CEO, President, COO, Region VP and public & private board directorships



Anthony D. Petrelli
Lead Independent Director

43+ years of banking, capital markets, governance & financial experience

Executive and Board positions include CEO, President, multiple board chairs & directorships



John A. Crum
Independent Director

45+ years of domestic & international oil & gas industry experience

Extensive executive roles including CEO, President & COO, and multiple public & private board chairs & directorships



Richard E. Harris
Independent Director

40+ years of experience across multiple industries

Executive positions in oil & gas, industrial equipment, and technology including CIO, Treasurer, Finance and Business Development



Thomas L. Mitchell
Independent Director

35+ years of domestic & international oil & gas industry experience

Executive & board roles include CFO, VP Accounting, Controller and public & private board directorships



Regina Roesener
Independent Director

35+ years of banking, capital markets, governance & financial experience

Executive and Board positions including COO, director and Board Director positions



Clayton E. Woodrum
Independent Director

50+ years of accounting, tax & finance experience

Wide range of financial acumen including positions as CFO, Partner in Charge and Board Director positions



WOODRUM, TATE & ASSOCIATES, L.P.



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