Second Quarter Fiscal 2018 Earnings Teleconference April 27, 2018

Matthews

Joseph C. Bartolacci President and Chief Executive Officer

Steven F. Nicola Chief Financial Officer

Disclaimer

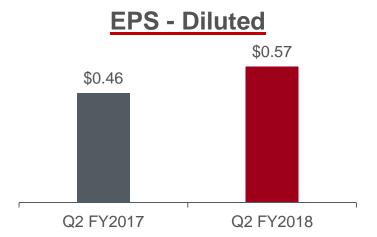


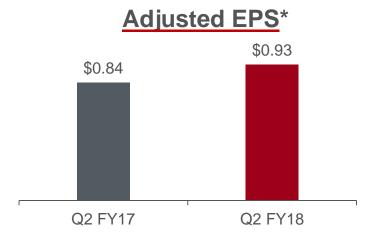
- Any forward-looking statements with respect to Matthews International Corporation (the "Company") in connection with this presentation are being made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties that may cause the Company's actual results in future periods to be materially different from management's expectations. Although the Company believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, no assurance can be given that such expectations will prove correct. Factors that could cause the Company's results to differ from those presented herein are set forth in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K and other periodic fillings with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC").
- The Company periodically provides information derived from financial data which is not presented in the consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). Certain of this information are considered "non-GAAP financial measures" under the SEC rules. The Company believes that this information provides management and investors with a useful measure of the Company's financial performance on a comparable basis. These non-GAAP financial measures are supplemental to the Company's GAAP disclosures and should not be considered an alternative to the GAAP financial information.
- The Company uses non-GAAP financial measures to assist in comparing its performance on a consistent basis for purposes of business decision making by removing the impact of certain items that management believes do not directly reflect the Company's core operations including acquisition-related items, system-integration costs, adjustments related to intangible assets, litigation items, and strategic initiative and other charges, which includes non-recurring charges related to operational initiatives and exit activities. Management believes that presenting non-GAAP financial measures is useful to investors because it (i) provides investors with meaningful supplemental information regarding financial performance by excluding certain items, (ii) permits investors to view performance using the same tools that management uses to budget, forecast, make operating and strategic decisions, and evaluate historical performance, and (iii) otherwise provides supplemental information that may be useful to investors in evaluating the Company's results. The Company believes that the presentation of these non-GAAP financial measures, when considered together with the corresponding GAAP financial measures and the reconciliations to those measures, provided herein, provides investors with an additional understanding of the factors and trends affecting the Company's business that could not be obtained absent these disclosures.
- The Company has presented free cash flow and free cash flow yield as supplemental measures of cash flow that are not required by, or presented in accordance with, GAAP. Management believes that these measures provide relevant and useful information, which is widely used by analysts and investors as well as by our management. These measures provide management with insight on the cash generated by operations, excluding certain expenses, above and beyond the annual capital expenditures. These measures allows management, as well as analysts and investors, to assess the Company's ability to pursue growth and investment opportunities designed to increase Shareholder value.
- The Company also has presented adjusted operating profit and believes that it provides relevant and useful information, which is widely used by analysts and investors, as well as by the Company's management in assessing both consolidated and segment performance. Adjusted operating profit provides the Company with an understanding of the results from the primary operations of its business by excluding the effects of certain acquisition and system-integration costs, and items that do not reflect the ordinary earnings of the Company's operations. This measure may be useful to an investor in evaluating the underlying primary operating performance of the Company's segments and business overall on a consistent basis.
- Similarly, the Company believes that EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA provide relevant and useful information, which is widely used by analysts and investors, as well as by the Company's management in assessing the performance of its business. Adjusted EBITDA provides the Company with an understanding of earnings before the impact of investing and financing charges and income taxes, and the effects of certain acquisition and system-integration costs, and items that do not reflect the ordinary earnings of the Company's operations. This measure may be useful to an investor in evaluating operating performance. It is also useful as a financial measure for lenders and is used by the Company's management to measure performance as well as strategic planning and forecasting.
- The Company has also presented adjusted earnings per share and believes it provides relevant and useful information, which is widely used by analysts and investors, as well as by the Company's management in assessing the performance of its business. Adjusted earnings per share provides the Company with an understanding of the results from the primary operations of our business by excluding the per share effects of certain acquisition and system-integration costs, and items that do not reflect the ordinary earnings of our operations. This measure provides management with insight into the earning value for shareholders excluding certain costs, not related to the Company's primary operations. Likewise, this measure may be useful to an investor in evaluating the underlying operating performance of the Company's business overall, as well as performance trends, on a consistent basis.
- Lastly, the Company has presented adjusted net income and believes it provides relevant and useful information, which is widely used by analysts and investors, as well as by the Company's management in assessing financial performance. Adjusted net income provides the Company with an understanding of the results from the primary operations of its business by excluding the effects of certain acquisition and system-integration costs, and items that do not reflect the ordinary earnings of the Company's operations. This measure may be useful to an investor in evaluating the underlying performance of the business.



Q2 FY2018 Highlights







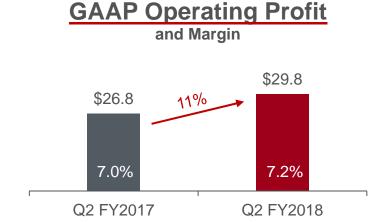
- > Drivers of Q2 EPS growth
 - Higher sales all segments
 - Acquisitions and acquisition synergies
 - Lower acquisition integration costs
 - Lower US tax rates
 - Favorable foreign currency

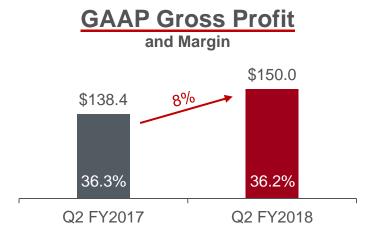
^{*} See supplemental slide for Adjusted EPS reconciliation and other important disclaimers regarding Matthews' use of Non-GAAP measures

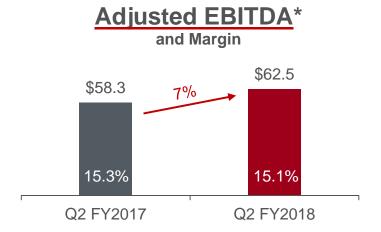
Q2 FY2018 Consolidated Results









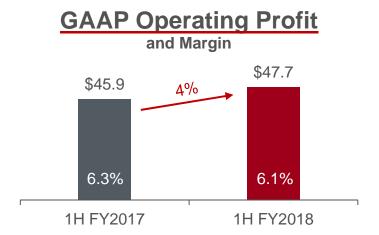


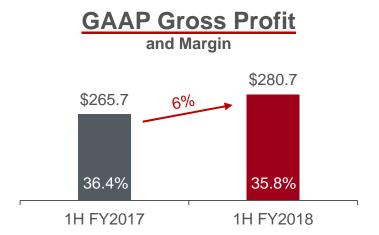
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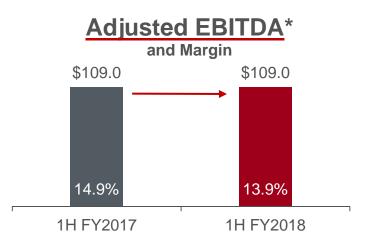
1H FY2018 Consolidated Results





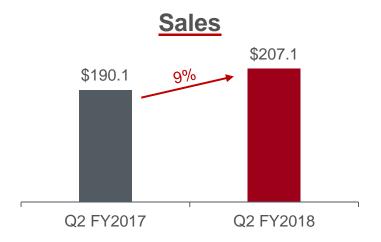


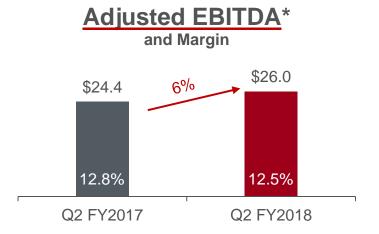


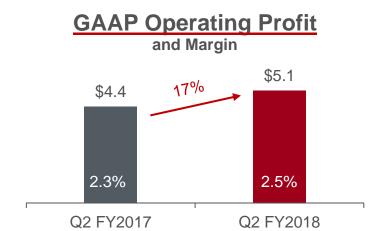


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Q2 FY2018 SGK Brand Solutions Results Matthews





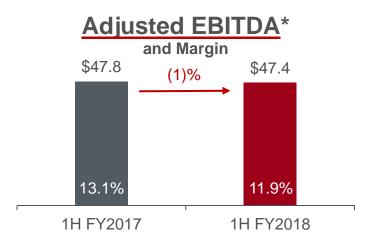


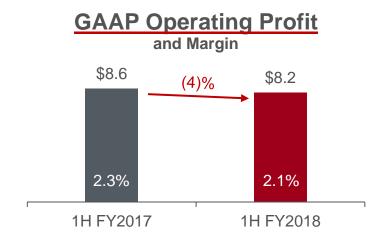
- Sales growth driven by EMEA, acquisitions, favorable currency
- Operating profit includes \$4.3 million and \$5.3 million of amortization expense in Q2 FY2017 and Q2 FY2018
- Adjusted EBITDA benefited from sales growth, acquisitions and currency

^{*} See supplemental slides for Adjusted EBITDA reconciliation and other important disclosures regarding Matthews' use of Non-GAAP measures

1H FY2018 SGK Brand Solutions Results Matthews





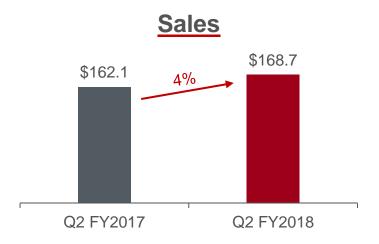


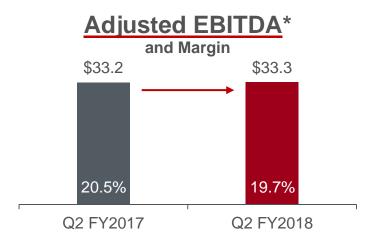
- Sales growth driven by acquisitions, EMEA, APAC, favorable currency; partially offset by Americas
- ➤ Operating profit includes \$7.8 million and \$10.1 million of amortization expense in 1H FY2017 and 1H FY2018
- Adjusted EBITDA benefited from sales growth, acquisitions and currency; offset by mix

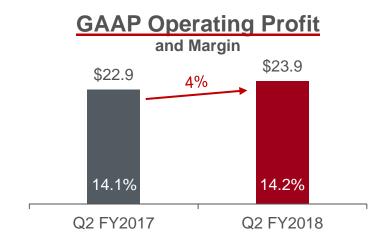
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Q2 FY2018 Memorialization Results









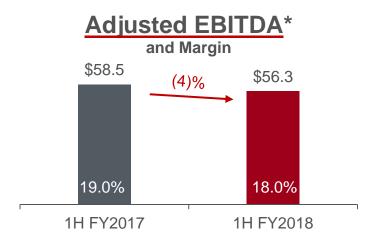
- Sales benefited from Star Granite & Bronze acquisition, favorable currency; partially offset by lower memorial sales
- ➤ Operating profit includes \$1.2 million and \$2.0 million of amortization expense in Q2 FY2017 and Q2 FY2018
- Adjusted EBITDA benefited from acquisitions, synergies; offset by higher material costs

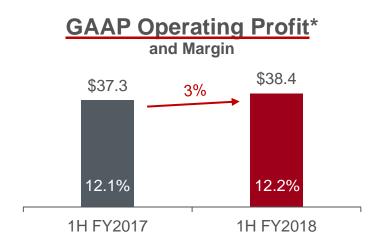
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1H FY2018 Memorialization Results









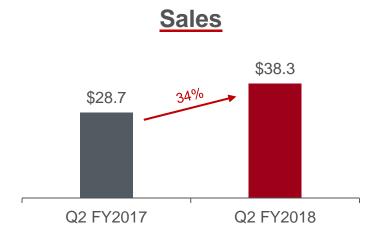
- ➤ Sales benefited from cremation equipment, Star Granite & Bronze acquisition, favorable currency; partially offset by lower memorial & casket sales
- ➤ Operating profit includes \$2.3 million and \$3.2 million of amortization expense in 1H FY2017 and 1H FY2018
- Adjusted EBITDA impacted by lower memorial and casket sales and higher material costs

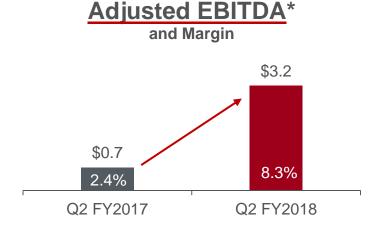
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Q2 FY2018 Industrial Technologies Results



(\$ in millions)





GAAP Operating Profit and Margin



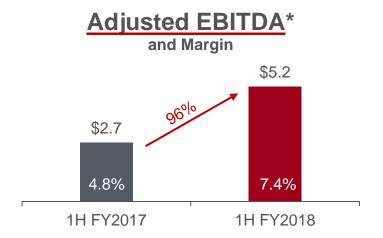
- ➤ Sales benefited from higher organic revenue, acquisitions, favorable currency
- ➤ Operating profit includes \$0.21 million and \$0.21 million of amortization expense in Q2 FY2017 and Q2 FY2018
- ➤ Adjusted EBITDA benefited from higher sales; partially offset by higher new product development project costs (\$1.6 million in Q2 FY2017 vs. \$2.1 million in Q2 FY2018)

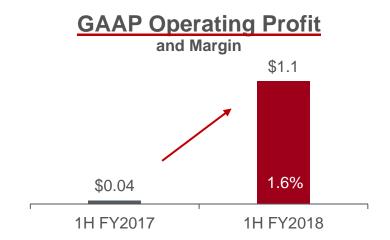
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1H FY2018 Industrial Technologies Results







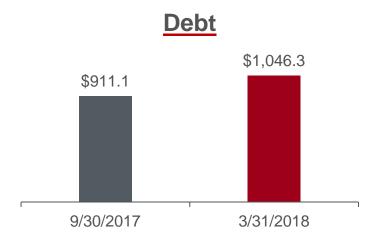


- > Sales benefited from higher organic revenue, acquisitions, favorable currency
- ➤ Operating profit includes \$0.42 million and \$1.6 million of amortization expense in 1H FY2017 and 1H FY2018
- Adjusted EBITDA benefited from higher sales; partially offset by higher new product development project costs (\$3.2 million in 1H FY2017 vs. \$3.9 million in 1H FY2018)

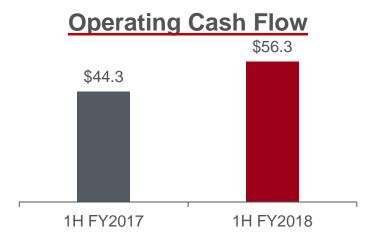
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Capitalization and Cash Flows









- ➤ Q2 FY2018 debt increased \$20.1 million from Q1 FY2018; financed Star Granite & Bronze acquisition
- Strong operating cash flow driven by profitability
- ➤ Q2 FY2018 purchased 261k shares for \$13.9 million; 1H FY2018 purchased 336k shares for \$18.3 million
- Quarterly dividend \$0.19/share payable 5/14/18



Business Highlights & Market Climate



SGK Brand Solutions

- Robust pipeline driven by solid sales discipline EMEA tobacco orders, Equator, APAC and Americas new wins ramping up, Ungricht and VCG progressing well
- Minor UK divestiture

Memorialization

- Gaining market share environmental solutions, pet cremation,
 Star Granite & Bronze, Aurora showing strength
- Commodity cost pressures

Industrial Technologies

- Very strong organic growth driving backlog, Compass showing strength
- > Expecting new product beta testing in Q3 FY2018, new product launch by January 2019

Acquisitions Integration









SGK Brand Solutions

- > Equator (March 2017)
- ➤ Ungricht (January 2017)
- > VCG (January 2017)

Memorialization

- ➤ Star Granite & Bronze (February 2018)
- ➤ Aurora (August 2015)





Industrial Technologies

- Compass Engineering (November 2017)
- ➤ RAF Technology (February 2017)





Outlook for Fiscal 2018*



- ➤ Growth in non-GAAP EPS by at least 10% over FY 2017
- ➤ Operating cash flow currently expected to exceed FY2017 record level

^{*} As of April 26, 2018



Reconciliations of Non-GAAP Financial Measures



The Company uses non-GAAP financial measures to assist in comparing its performance on a consistent basis for purposes of business decision making by removing the impact of certain items that management believes do not directly reflect the Company's core operations including acquisition-related items, adjustments related to intangible assets, litigation items, and strategic initiative and other charges, which includes non-recurring charges related to operational initiatives and exit activities. Management believes that presenting non-GAAP financial measures (such as EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA margin, Adjusted net income and Adjusted EPS) is useful to investors because it (i) provides investors with meaningful supplemental information regarding financial performance by excluding certain items, (ii) permits investors to view performance using the same tools that management uses to budget, forecast, make operating and strategic decisions, and evaluate historical performance, and (iii) otherwise provides supplemental information that may be useful to investors in evaluating the Company's results. The Company believes that the presentation of these non-GAAP financial measures, when considered together with the corresponding GAAP financial measures and the reconciliations to those measures, provided herein, provides investors with an additional understanding of the factors and trends affecting the Company's business that could not be obtained absent these disclosures. These non-GAAP financial measures are supplemental to the Company's GAAP disclosures and should not be considered an alternative to the GAAP financial information

Adjusted Earnings Per Share

Non-GAAP Reconciliation



	Three Months Ended March 31,				Six Months Ended March 31,			
	2018		2017		2018		2017 ⁽¹⁾	
Net income attributable to Matthews	\$	18,182	\$	14,920	\$	53,362	\$	25,242
Acquisition-related items		5,476		6,738		8,455		12,845
Pension and postretirement expense (2)		1,055		1,536		2,109		3,049
Intangible amortization expense		6,104		3,940		11,048		7,350
Strategic cost initiatives		1,160		-		1,640		-
Tax-related (3)		(2,382)		135		(26,738)		135
Adjusted net income	\$	29,595	\$	27,269	\$	49,876	\$	48,621
Adjusted EPS	\$	0.93	\$	0.84	\$	1.57	\$	1.48

Note: Adjustments to net income for non-GAAP reconciling items were calculated using an income tax rate of 26.0% and 28.4%, for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively, and 26.0% and 30.5% for the six months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

⁽¹⁾ Information for the six months ended March 31, 2017 has been adjusted to reflect the adoption of ASU No. 2016-09. The Company early adopted this ASU in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2017, which resulted in a reduction to income tax expense of \$1,234, and a corresponding favorable impact on diluted earnings per share, both of which have been retroactively included in the first quarter results for fiscal 2017. There was no impact for the three month period ended March 31, 2017.

⁽²⁾ The non-GAAP adjustment to pension and postretirement expense represents the add-back of the non-service related components of these costs. Non-service related components include interest cost, expected return on plan assets and amortization of actuarial gains and losses. The service cost and prior service cost components of pension and postretirement expense are considered to be a better reflection of the ongoing service-related costs of providing these benefits. The other components of GAAP pension and postretirement expense are primarily influenced by general market conditions impacting investment returns and interest (discount) rates. Please note that GAAP pension and postretirement expense or the adjustment above are not necessarily indicative of the current or future cash flow requirements related to these employee benefit plans.

⁽³⁾ The tax-related adjustments in fiscal 2018 consisted of income tax regulation changes which included an estimated favorable tax benefit of approximately \$37,800 for the reduction in the Company's net deferred tax liability principally reflecting the lower U.S. Federal tax rate, offset partially by an estimated repatriation transition tax charge and other charges of approximately \$11,100, for the six month period ended March 31, 2018. Tax-related adjustments for the three months ended March 31, 2018 consisted of estimated repatriation transition tax adjustments and other charges of approximately \$2,400.

EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA

Matthews International*

Non-GAAP Reconciliation

	Three Months Ended March 31,				Six Months Ended March 31,				
	2018		2017			2018	2017 ⁽¹⁾		
Net income attributable to Matthews	\$	18,182	\$	14,920	\$	53,362	\$	25,242	
Interest expense		9,262		6,614		17,063		12,762	
Income taxes (2)		2,212		5,973		(23,015)		8,462	
Depreciation and amortization		19,748		17,135		36,986		32,294	
EBITDA		49,404		44,642		84,396		78,760	
Acquisition-related items		7,400		8,574		11,358		16,800	
Strategic initiatives and other charges		1,568		-		2,215		-	
Stock-based compensation		2,658		2,920		8,132		9,017	
Pension and postretirement expense (3)		1,425		2,194		2,850		4,388	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	62,455	\$	58,330	\$	108,951	\$	108,965	
Adjusted EBITDA margin		15.1%		15.3%		13.9%		14.9%	

⁽¹⁾ Information for the six months ended March 31, 2017 has been adjusted to reflect the adoption of ASU No. 2016-09. The Company early adopted this ASU in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2017, which resulted in a reduction to income tax expense of \$1,234, and a corresponding favorable impact on diluted earnings per share, both of which have been retroactively included in the first quarter results for fiscal 2017. There was no impact for the three month period ended March 31, 2017.

⁽²⁾ The income tax regulation changes identified in the adjusted net income/earnings per share reconciliation are included in this line and therefore not separately identified in the calculation of adjusted EBITDA.

⁽³⁾ The non-GAAP adjustment to pension and postretirement expense represents the add-back of the non-service related components of these costs. Non-service related components include interest cost, expected return on plan assets and amortization of actuarial gains and losses. The service cost and prior service cost components of pension and postretirement expense are considered to be a better reflection of the ongoing service-related costs of providing these benefits. The other components of GAAP pension and postretirement expense are primarily influenced by general market conditions impacting investment returns and interest (discount) rates. Please note that GAAP pension and postretirement expense or the adjustment above are not necessarily indicative of the current or future cash flow requirements related to these employee benefit plans.

Adjusted EBITDA by Segment

Non-GAAP Reconciliation

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		March 31.			March 31,				
		2018	2017			2018		2017 ⁽¹⁾	
SGK Brand Solutions	-				-				
Operating profit	\$	5,090	\$	4,361	\$	8,242	\$	8,551	
Depreciation and amortization (2)		12,565		10,926		24,018		19,898	
Other (3)		(63)		316		(142)		267	
EBITDA		17,592		15,602		32,118		28,717	
Acquisition-related items (2)		6,139		6,475		9,646		12,877	
Strategic initiatives and other charges (4)		429		-		698		-	
Stock-based compensation		1,159		1,331		3,576		4,149	
Pension and postretirement expense (5)		663		1,020		1,325		2,040	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	25,982	\$	24,429	\$	47,363	\$	47,783	
Memorialization									
Operating profit	\$	23,910	\$	22,938	\$	38,364	\$	37,305	
Depreciation and amortization (2)		5,647		5,574		10,248		11,103	
Other (3)		(64)		323		(145)		273	
EBITDA		29,493		28,834		48,467		48,681	
Acquisition-related items (2)		1,180		1,956		1,631		3,479	
Strategic initiatives and other charges (4)		642		-		930		-	
Stock-based compensation		1,290		1,371		3,961		4,259	
Pension and postretirement expense (5)		677		1,042		1,354		2,084	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	33,282	\$	33,203	\$	56,343	\$	58,503	
Industrial Technologies									
Operating profit	\$	791	\$	(471)	\$	1,109	\$	35	
Depreciation and amortization (2)		1,536		636		2,720		1,293	
Other (3)		(8)		41		(18)		35	
EBITDA		2,319		205		3,811		1,362	
Acquisition-related items (2)		81		143		81		444	
Strategic initiatives and other charges (4)		497		-		587		-	
Stock-based compensation		209		218		595		610	
Pension and postretirement expense (5)		86		132		171		263	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	3,191	\$	698	\$	5,244	\$	2,679	
Consolidated									
Operating profit	\$	29,791	\$	26,828	\$	47,715	\$	45,891	
Depreciation and amortization (2)		19,748		17,135		36,986		32,294	
Other (3)		(135)		679		(305)		575	
EBITDA		49,404		44,642	·	84,396		78,760	
Acquisition-related items (2)		7,400		8,574		11,358		16,800	
Strategic initiatives and other charges (4)		1,568		-		2,215		-	
Stock-based compensation		2,658		2,920		8,132		9,017	
Pension and postretirement expense (5)	_	1,425		2,194		2,850		4,388	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	62,455	\$	58,330	\$	108,951	\$	108,965	

Note: See Disclaimer (Page 2) for Management's assessment of supplemental information related to EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA.

- (1) Information for the first six months ended March 31, 2017 has been adjusted to reflect the adoption of ASU No. 2016-09. The Company early adopted this ASU in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2017, which resulted in a reduction to income tax expense of \$1,234, and a corresponding favorable impact on diluted earnings per share, both of which have been retroactively included in the first quarter results for fiscal 2017. There was no impact for the three month period ended March 31, 2017.
- (2) One-time depreciation and amortization charges related to recent acquisitions are included in the Depreciation and amortization.
- (3) Other represents Investment (loss) income, Other income (deductions), net, and Net loss (income) attributable to noncontrolling interests
- (4) One-time non-operating related charges are included in the calculation of Adjusted EBITDA.
- (5) The non-GAAP adjustment to pension and postretirement expense represents the add-back of the non-service related components of these costs. Non-service related components include interest cost, expected return on plan assets and amortization of actuarial gains and losses. The service cost and prior service cost components of pension and post retirement expense are considered to be a better reflection of the ongoing service-related costs of providing these benefits. The other components of GAAP pension and postretirement expense are primarily influenced by general market conditions impacting investment returns and interest (discount) rates. Please note that GAAP pension and postretirement expense or the adjustment above are not necessarily indicative of the current or future cash flow requirements related to these employee benefit plans.

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