

NYSE: AUB

January 23, 2025



Forward Looking Statements

This presentation and statements by our management may constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements that include, without limitation, statements on the slides entitled "Q4 2024 and Full Year 2024 Highlights" and "2025 AUB Standalone Financial Outlook," statements regarding the pending merger with Sandy Spring Bancorp, Inc. ("Sandy Spring"), our business, financial and operating results, including our deposit base and funding, the impact of changes in economic conditions, management's belief regarding our liquidity, capital resources, asset quality, customer relationships, and statements that include other projections, predictions, expectations, or beliefs about future events or results or otherwise are not statements of historical fact. Such forward-looking statements are based on certain assumptions as of the time they are made, and are inherently subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties, and other factors, some of which cannot be predicted or quantified, that may cause actual results, performance, or achievements to be materially different from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are often characterized by the use of qualified words (and their derivatives) such as "expect," "believe," "estimate," "plan," "project," "anticipate," "intend," "will," "may," "view," "opportunity," "seek to," "potential," "confidence," or words of similar meaning or other statements concerning opinions or judgment of Atlantic Union Bankshares Corporation (the "Company") and our management about future events. Although we believe that our expectations with respect to forward-looking statements are based on reasonable assumptions within the bounds of our existing knowledge of our business and operations. there can be no assurance that actual future results, performance, or achievements of, or trends affecting, us will not differ materially from any projected future results, performance, achievements or trends expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Actual future results, performance, achievements or trends may differ materially from historical results or those anticipated depending on a variety of factors, including, but not limited to, the effects of or changes in:

- market interest rates and their related impacts on macroeconomic conditions, customer and client behavior, our funding costs and our loan and securities portfolios;
- inflation and its impacts on economic growth and customer and client behavior:
- adverse developments in the financial industry generally, such as bank failures, responsive measures to mitigate and manage such developments, related supervisory/regulatory actions and costs, and related impacts on customer behavior:
- the sufficiency of liquidity and changes in our capital position;
- general economic and financial market conditions in the United States generally and particularly in the markets in which we operate and which our loans are concentrated, including the effects of declines in real estate values, an increase in unemployment levels and slowdowns in economic growth:
- the failure to close our proposed merger with Sandy Spring when expected or at all because remaining required regulatory approvals, Company shareholder or Sandy Spring stockholder or other approvals or conditions to closing are not received or satisfied on a timely basis or at all, and the risk that any regulatory approvals may result in the imposition of conditions that could adversely affect the combined company or the expected benefits of the proposed merger:
- the occurrence of any event, change or other circumstances that could give rise to the right of the Company or Sandy Spring to terminate the merger agreement:
- risks related to Sandy Spring's business that we will be subject to after closing, including its commercial real estate portfolio;
- any change in the purchase accounting assumptions regarding the Sandy Spring assets to be acquired and liabilities to be assumed used to determine the fair value of credit marks:
- the proposed merger with Sandy Spring may be more expensive or take longer to complete than anticipated;
- the diversion of management's attention from ongoing business operations and opportunities due to the proposed merger with
- the dilutive effect of shares of our common stock to be issued in connection with the proposed merger with Sandy Spring or pursuant to the previously disclosed forward sale agreements with Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC;
- changes in the Company's or Sandy Spring's share price before closing;
- the impact of purchase accounting with respect to the American National acquisition, or change in the assumptions used regarding the assets acquired and liabilities assumed to determine the fair value and credit marks:
- the possibility that the anticipated benefits of the proposed merger with Sandy Spring or the American National acquisition, including anticipated cost savings and strategic gains, are not realized when expected or at all, including because of the impact of, or problems arising from, the integration of the companies or because of the strength of the economy, competitive factors in the areas where we do business, or other unexpected factors or events:
- potential adverse reactions or changes to business or employee relationships, including those resulting from the announcement or completion of the proposed merger with Sandy Spring or the American National acquisition:
- monetary and fiscal policies of the U.S. government, including the U.S. Department of the Treasury and the Federal Reserve;

- the quality or composition of our loan or investment portfolios and changes therein:
- demand for loan products and financial services in our market areas;
- our ability to manage our growth or implement our growth strategy:
- the effectiveness of expense reduction plans;
- the introduction of new lines of business or new products and services:
- our ability to identify, recruit and retain key employees;
- real estate values in our lending area:
- changes in accounting principles, standards, rules, and interpretations, and the related impact on our financial statements;
- an insufficient ACL or volatility in the ACL resulting from the CECL methodology, either alone or as that may be affected by changing economic conditions, credit concentrations, inflation, changing interest rates, or other factors;
- concentrations of loans secured by real estate, particularly commercial real estate;
- the effectiveness of our credit processes and management of our credit risk;
- our ability to compete in the market for financial services and increased competition from fintech companies;
- technological risks and developments, and cyber threats, attacks, or events;
- operational, technological, cultural, regulatory, legal, credit, and other risks associated with the exploration, consummation and integration of potential future acquisitions, whether involving stock or cash consideration;
- the potential adverse effects of unusual and infrequently occurring events, such as weather-related disasters, terrorist acts, geopolitical conflicts or public health events (such as pandemics), and of governmental and societal responses thereto; these potential adverse effects may include, without limitation, adverse effects on the ability of our borrowers to satisfy their obligations to us, on the value of collateral securing loans, on the demand for our loans or our other products and services, on supply chains and methods used to distribute products and services, on incidents of cyberattack and fraud, on our liquidity or capital positions, on risks posed by reliance on third-party service providers, on other aspects of our business operations and on financial markets and economic growth;
- performance by our counterparties or vendors;
- deposit flows;
- the availability of financing and the terms thereof:
- the level of prepayments on loans and mortgage-backed securities;
- the effects of legislative or regulatory changes and requirements, including changes in federal, state or local tax laws:
- actual or potential claims, damages, and fines related to litigation or government actions, which may result in, among other things, additional costs, fines, penalties, restrictions on our business activities, reputational harm, or other adverse consequences;
- any event or development that would cause us to conclude that there was an impairment of any asset, including intangible assets, such as goodwill; and
- other factors, many of which are beyond our control.

Please also refer to such other factors as discussed throughout Part I, Item 1A. "Risk Factors" and Part II, Item 7. "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023, and related disclosures in other filings, which have been filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and are available on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov. All risk factors and uncertainties described herein and therein should be considered in evaluating forward-looking statements, and all of the forward-looking statements are expressly qualified by the cautionary statements contained or referred to herein and therein. The actual results or developments anticipated may not be realized or, even if substantially realized, they may not have the expected consequences to or effects on the Company or our businesses or operations. Readers are cautioned not to rely too heavily on the forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made. We do not intend or assume any obligation to update, revise or clarify any forward-looking statements that may be made from time to time by or on behalf of the Company, whether because of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by Atlantic Union Bankshares

Additional Information

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

This presentation contains certain financial information determined by methods other than in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("GAAP"). These non-GAAP financial measures are a supplement to GAAP, which is used to prepare our financial statements, and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for comparable measures calculated in accordance with GAAP. In addition, our non-GAAP financial measures may not be comparable to non-GAAP financial measures of other companies. We use the non-GAAP financial measures discussed herein in our analysis of our performance. Our management believes that these non-GAAP financial measures provide additional understanding of ongoing operations, enhance comparability of results of operations with prior periods, show the effects of significant gains and charges in the periods presented without the impact of items or events that may obscure trends in our underlying performance, or show the potential effects of accumulated other comprehensive income (or AOCI) or unrealized losses on securities on our capital. This presentation also includes certain projections of non-GAAP financial measures. Due to the inherent variability and difficulty associated with making accurate forecasts and projections of information that is excluded from these projected non-GAAP measures, and the fact that some of the excluded information is not currently ascertainable or accessible, we are unable to quantify certain amounts that would be required to be included in the most directly comparable projected GAAP financial measures without unreasonable effort. Consequently, no disclosure of projected comparable GAAP measures is included, and no reconciliation of forwardlooking non-GAAP financial information is included.

Please see "Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Disclosures" at the end of this presentation for a reconciliation to the nearest GAAP financial measure.

No Offer or Solicitation

This presentation does not constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy any securities. No offer of securities shall be made except by means of a prospectus meeting the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and no offer to sell or solicitation of an offer to buy shall be made in any jurisdiction in which such offer, solicitation or sale would be unlawful.

About Atlantic Union Bankshares Corporation

Headquartered in Richmond, Virginia, Atlantic Union Bankshares Corporation (NYSE: AUB) is the holding company for Atlantic Union Bank. Atlantic Union Bank had 129 branches located throughout Virginia and in portions of Maryland and North Carolina as of December 31, 2024. Certain non-bank financial services affiliates of Atlantic Union Bank include: Atlantic Union Equipment Finance, Inc., which provides equipment financing; Atlantic Union Financial Consultants, LLC, which provides brokerage services; and Union Insurance Group, LLC, which offers various lines of insurance products.



Our Company

Soundness | Profitability | Growth

Highlights (\$bn)

\$24.6

Assets

\$18.5 Loans

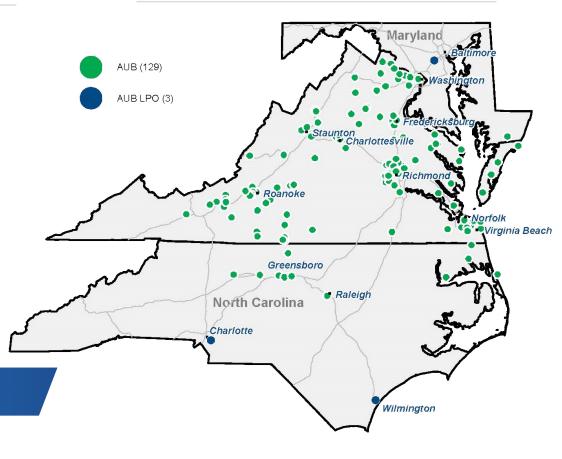
\$20.4Deposits

3.4Market Capitalization

 129 branches across Virginia, North Carolina and Maryland footprint

- #1 regional bank¹ deposit market share in Virginia
- Strong balance sheet and capital levels
- Committed to top-tier financial performance with a highly experienced management team able to execute change

Branch/Office Footprint





Largest Regional Banking Company Headquartered in Virginia



Our Shareholder Value Proposition

Leading Regional Presence

Dense, uniquely valuable presence across attractive markets

Attractive Financial Profile

Solid dividend yield & payout ratio with earnings upside

Atlantic Union Bankshares

Financial Strength

Solid balance sheet & capital levels

Peer-Leading Performance

Committed to top-tier financial performance

Strong Growth Potential

Organic & acquisition opportunities



Q4 2024 and Full Year 2024 Highlights

Loan and Deposit Growth

- Loans growth of approximately 3% annualized for the 4th quarter
- Deposit growth of approximately 2% annualized for the 4th quarter
- Loan/Deposit ratio of 90.6% at December 31, 2024

Differentiated Client Experience

Responsive, strong and capable alternative to large national banks, while competitive with and more capable than smaller banks

Financial Ratios

- Q4 2024 adjusted operating return on tangible common equity of 15.30%¹ and Full Year 2024 adjusted operating return on tangible common equity of 16.12%¹
- Q4 2024 adjusted operating return on assets of 1.03%¹ and Full Year 2024 adjusted operating return on assets of
- Q4 2024 adjusted operating efficiency ratio (FTE) of 52.67%¹ and Full Year 2024 adjusted operating efficiency ratio (FTE) of 53.31%¹

Positioning for Long Term



- Lending pipelines remain healthy
- Focus on performance of the core banking franchise and building out North Carolina teams
- Disciplined expense management

Asset Quality



Capitalize on **Strategic Opportunities**



- Q4 2024 net charge-offs at 3 bps annualized and full year net charge-offs at 5 bps
- Nonperforming assets increased in the fourth quarter as a \$27.7 million assetbased C&I loan was classified as a nonaccrual loan which resulted in a specific reserve of \$13.1 million
- · Closed and integrated the acquisition of American National Bank
- Announced the acquisition of Sandy Spring in October 2024 and received merger approvals for transaction from Federal Reserve on January 13, 2025
- Special Meeting of Shareholders to approve Sandy Spring merger scheduled for February 5, 2025





Q4 2024 Financial Performance At-a-Glance

Summarized Income Statement

	 4Q2024	 3Q2024
Net interest income	\$ 183,248	\$ 182,932
- Provision for credit losses	17,496	2,603
+ Noninterest income	35,227	34,286
- Noninterest expense	129,675	122,582
- Taxes	13,519	15,618
Net income (GAAP)	\$ 57,785	\$ 76,415
- Dividends on preferred stock	2,967	2,967
Net income available to common shareholders (GAAP)	\$ 54,818	\$ 73,448
+ Merger-related costs, net of tax	6,592	1,085
- Gain on sale of securities, net of tax	13	3
Adjusted operating earnings available to common shareholders (non-GAAP) ¹	\$ 61,397	\$ 74,530

Earnings Metrics

	4Q2024	3Q2024
Net Income available to common shareholders	\$ 54,818	\$ 73,448
Common EPS, diluted	\$ 0.60	\$ 0.82
ROE	7.23%	9.77%
ROTCE (non-GAAP) ¹	13.77%	18.89%
ROA	0.92%	1.24%
Efficiency ratio	59.35%	56.43%
Efficiency ratio (FTE) ¹	58.34%	55.44%
Net interest margin	3.26%	3.31%
Net interest margin (FTE) ¹	3.33%	3.38%

Adjusted Operating Earnings Metrics - non-GAAP1

	4Q2024	3Q2024
Adjusted operating earnings available to common shareholders	\$ 61,397	\$ 74,530
Adjusted operating common EPS, diluted	\$ 0.67	\$ 0.83
Adjusted operating ROA	1.03%	1.25%
Adjusted operating ROTCE	15.30%	19.15%
Adjusted operating efficiency ratio (FTE)	52.67%	52.20%
Adjusted operating earnings PTPP	\$ 95,796	\$ 95,985
PTPP = Pre-tax Pre-provision		

- Reported net income available to common shareholders for the fourth quarter of 2024 was \$54.8 million or \$0.60 per diluted share, down \$18.6 million or \$0.22 per diluted share compared to the prior quarter, primarily driven by the net impact of the following items:
 - An increase in the provision for credit losses, due primarily to a new \$13.1 million specific reserve on an impaired loan in the commercial and industrial portfolio, the impact of continued uncertainty in the economic outlook on certain portfolios, and organic loan growth;
 - An increase in noninterest expense, primarily driven by a \$5.6 million increase in pre-tax merger-related costs associated with the Sandy Spring acquisition;
 - An increase in noninterest income, primarily driven by a \$3.6 million increase in loan-related interest rate swap fees due to an increase in transaction volumes, partially offset by a \$1.5 million decrease in bank owned life insurance income primarily driven by death benefits received in the prior quarter, and a \$770,000 decrease in other operating income primarily due to a decrease in equity method investment income.
- Adjusted operating earnings available to common shareholders¹ decreased \$13.1 million to \$61.4 million at December 31, 2024 compared to the prior quarter, primarily driven by the net impact of the following items:
 - An increase in the provision for credit losses due to the specific reserve on a commercial and industrial loan as described above;
 - An increase in adjusted operating noninterest expense¹, primarily driven by a \$1.8 million increase in salaries and benefits expense primarily due to increases in variable incentive compensation expense and self-insured related group insurance costs, as well as a \$1.4 million increase in professional services related to projects that occurred during the fourth quarter. These increases were partially offset by a \$1.7 million decrease in franchise and other taxes.



Q4 2024 Allowance For Credit Losses (ACL) and Provision for Credit Losses

	Allowance for Loan & Lease Losses (ALLL)	Reserve for Unfunded Commitments (RUC)	Allowance for Credit Losses
06/30/2024	\$158.1MM	\$17.6MM	\$175.7MM
Ending Balance % of loans	(0.86%)	(0.10%)	(0.96%)
Q3 2024 Activity	+\$2.6MM Increase due to the impact of continued uncertainty in the economic outlook on certain portfolios.	-\$0.6MM Slight decrease from last quarter due to decrease in unfunded balances.	+\$2.0MM \$2.6 million Provision for Credit Losses and \$0.7 million net charge- offs
09/30/2024	\$160.7MM	\$16.9MM	\$177.6MM
Ending Balance % of loans	(0.88%)	(0.09%)	(0.97%)
Q4 2024 Activity	+\$17.9MM Increase due to a new specific reserve, the impact of continued uncertainty in the economic outlook on certain portfolios, and organic loan growth.	-\$1.9MM Decrease primarily due to lower unfunded balances.	+\$16.1MM \$17.5 million Provision for Credit Losses and \$1.4 million net charge-offs
12/31/2024	\$178.6MM	\$15.0MM	\$193.7MM
Ending Balance % of loans	(0.97%)	(0.09%)	(1.05%)

Q4 Macroeconomic Forecast

Moody's December 2024 Baseline Forecast:

- US GDP expected to average ~2.2% growth in 2025 and ~1.6% in 2026.
- The national unemployment rate expected to average ~4.1% in 2025 and 2026.

Q4 ACL Considerations

- Utilizes a weighted Moody's forecast economic scenarios approach in the quantitative model.
- Qualitative factors were added for certain portfolios as deemed appropriate.
- The reasonable and supportable forecast period is 2 years; followed by reversion to the historical loss average over 2 years.



Numbers may not foot due to rounding.

Q4 2024 Net Interest Margin

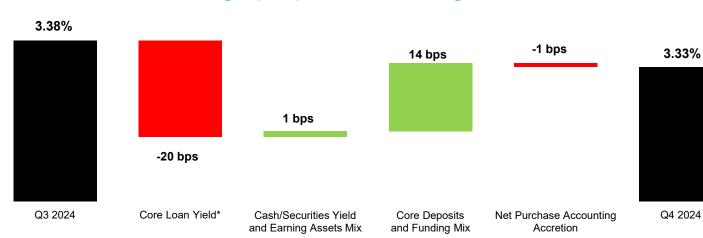
Margin Overview

	4Q2024	3Q2024
Net interest margin (FTE) ¹	3.33%	3.38%
Loan yield	6.14%	6.35%
Investment yield	3.87%	3.92%
Earning asset yield	5.74%	5.94%
Cost of deposits	2.48%	2.57%
Cost of interest-bearing deposits	3.15%	3.29%
Cost of interest-bearing liabilities	3.20%	3.40%
Cost of funds	2.41%	2.56%

Market Rates

	4Q2	024	3Q20	024
	EOP	Avg	EOP_	Avg
Fed funds	4.50%	4.82%	5.00%	5.43%
Prime	7.50%	7.83%	8.00%	8.44%
1-month SOFR	4.33%	4.60%	4.85%	5.22%
2-year Treasury	4.24%	4.15%	4.75%	4.84%
10- year Treasury	4.57%	4.27%	3.78%	3.95%

Net Interest Margin (FTE): Drivers of Change 3Q 2024 to 4Q 2024



Loan Portfolio Pricing Mix

	<u>4Q2024</u>
Fixed	49%
1-month SOFR	41%
Prime	7%
Other	3%
Total	100%

Approximately 16% of the loan portfolio at 12/31/2024 have floors and all are above floors



Presented on an FTE basis (non-GAAP)1

¹ For non-GAAP financial measures, see reconciliation to most directly comparable GAAP measures in "Appendix – Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Disclosures"

^{*} Core Loan Yield includes Loan Fees and Loan Swaps Numbers may not foot due to rounding

Q4 2024 Noninterest Income and Noninterest Expense

Noninterest Income

(\$ thousands)	4Q2024		 3Q2024
Service charges on deposit accounts	\$	9,832	\$ 9,792
Other service charges, commissions and fees		1,811	2,002
Interchange fees		3,342	3,371
Fiduciary and asset management fees		6,925	6,858
Mortgage banking income		928	1,214
Gain on sale of securities		17	4
Bank owned life insurance income		3,555	5,037
Loan-related interest rate swap fees		5,082	1,503
Other operating income		3,735	4,505
Total noninterest income	\$	35,227	\$ 34,286
Less: Gain on sale of securities		17	4
Total adjusted operating noninterest income (non-GAAP) ¹	\$	35,210	\$ 34,282

Adjusted operating noninterest income¹ increased \$900,000 to \$35.2 million for the quarter ended December 31, 2024 from \$34.3 million in the prior quarter primarily due to:

- A \$3.6 million increase in loan-related interest rate swap fees due to an increase in transaction volumes
- Partially offset by a \$1.5 million decrease in bank owned life insurance income primarily driven by death benefits received in the prior quarter
- Partially offset by a \$770,000 decrease in other operating income primarily due to a decrease in equity method investment income

Noninterest Expense

(\$ thousands)	4Q2024	 3Q2024
Salaries and benefits	\$ 71,297	\$ 69,454
Occupancy expenses	7,964	7,806
Furniture and equipment expenses	3,783	3,685
Technology and data processing	9,383	9,737
Professional services	5,353	3,994
Marketing and advertising expense	3,517	3,308
FDIC assessment premiums and other insurance	5,155	5,282
Franchise and other taxes	3,594	5,256
Loan-related expenses	1,470	1,445
Amortization of intangible assets	5,614	5,804
Merger-related costs	7,013	1,353
Other expenses	5,532	5,458
Total noninterest expenses	\$ 129,675	\$ 122,582
Less: Amortization of intangible assets	5,614	5,804
Less: Merger-related costs	7,013	1,353
Total adjusted operating noninterest expense (non-GAAP) ¹	\$ 117,048	\$ 115,425

Adjusted operating noninterest expense¹ increased \$1.6 million to \$117.0 million for the quarter ended December 31, 2024 from \$115.4 million in the prior quarter primarily due to:

- A \$1.8 million increase in salaries and benefits primarily due to an increase in variable incentive compensation expense and self-insured related group insurance costs
- A \$1.4 million increase in professional services related to strategic projects that occurred during the fourth quarter
- Partially offset by a \$1.7 million decrease in franchise and other taxes



Q4 2024 Loan and Deposit Growth

Loan Growth (\$ thousands)	4Q2024	3Q2024	QTD Annualized Growth
Commercial real estate - non-owner occupied	\$ 4,935,590	\$ 4,885,785	4.1%
Commercial real estate - owner occupied	2,370,119	2,401,807	(5.2%)
Construction and land development	1,731,108	1,588,531	35.7%
Multifamily real estate	1,240,209	1,357,730	(34.4%)
Residential 1-4 Family - Commercial	719,425	729,315	(5.4%)
Total Commercial Real Estate (CRE)	10,996,451	10,963,168	1.2%
Commercial & Industrial	3,864,695	3,799,872	6.8%
Other Commercial	1,137,464	1,089,588	17.5%
Total Commercial & Industrial	5,002,159	4,889,460	9.2%
Total Commercial Loans	15,998,610	15,852,628	3.7%
Residential 1-4 Family - Consumer	1,293,817	1,281,914	3.7%
Residential 1-4 Family - Revolving	756,944	738,665	9.8%
Auto	316,368	354,570	(42.9%)
Consumer	104,882	109,522	(16.9%)
Total Consumer Loans	2,472,011	2,484,671	(2.0%)
Total Loans Held for Investment (LHFI) (net of deferred fees and costs)	\$ 18,470,621	\$ 18,337,299	2.9%
Average Loan Yield	6.14%	6.35%	

Deposit Growth (\$ thousands)	 4Q2024	3Q2024	Growth
Interest checking accounts	\$ 5,494,550	\$ 5,208,794	21.8%
Money market accounts	4,291,097	4,250,763	3.8%
Savings accounts	1,025,896	1,037,229	(4.3%)
Customer time deposits of \$250,000 and over	1,202,657	1,160,262	14.5%
Other customer time deposits	 2,888,476	 2,807,077	11.5%
Time deposits	 4,091,133	3,967,339	12.4%
Total interest-bearing customer deposits	14,902,676	14,464,125	12.1%
Brokered deposits	 1,217,895	 1,418,253	(56.2%)
Total interest-bearing deposits	16,120,571	15,882,378	6.0%
Demand deposits	4,277,048	4,422,909	(13.1%)
Total Deposits	\$ 20,397,619	\$ 20,305,287	1.8%
Average Cost of Deposits	2.48%	2.57%	
Loan to Deposit Ratio	90.6%	90.3%	

- At December 31, 2024, LHFI totaled \$18.5 billion, an increase of \$133.3 million or 2.9% (annualized) from the prior quarter.
 - Construction and land development loans increased \$142.6 million.
 - Multifamily real estate loans decreased \$117.5 million.
 - Commercial & Industrial loans increased by \$64.8 million.
 - · Average loan yield decreased 21 basis points.

OTD Annualized

- At December 31, 2024, total deposits were \$20.4 billion, an increase of \$92.3 million or 1.8% annualized from the prior quarter, primarily due to increases in interest bearing customer deposits partially offset by decreases in demand deposits and brokered deposits. In addition:
 - Noninterest-bearing demand deposits accounted for 21% of total deposit balances at the end of the fourth quarter of 2024, down slightly from 22% in the prior quarter.
 - The cost of deposits decreased by 9 basis points compared to the prior quarter, primarily driven by the impact of the Federal Reserve rate cuts that began in September 2024 and continued in the fourth quarter.



Strong Capital Position at December 31, 2024

	Regulatory	Reported		Proforma inclu HTM unreal	ding AOCI and ized losses
Capital Ratio	Well Capitalized Minimums	Atlantic Union Bankshares	Atlantic Union Bank	Atlantic Union Bankshares	Atlantic Union Bank
Common Equity Tier 1 Ratio (CET1)	6.5%	10.0%	12.4%	8.0%	10.5%
Tier 1 Capital Ratio	8.0%	10.8%	12.4%	8.8%	10.5%
Total Risk Based Capital Ratio	10.0%	13.6%	13.3%	11.7%	11.3%
Leverage Ratio	5.0%	9.3%	10.7%	7.6%	9.0%
Tangible Equity to Tangible Assets (non-GAAP) ¹	-	7.9%	9.4%	7.7%	9.2%
Tangible Common Equity Ratio (non-GAAP) 1	-	7.2%	9.4%	7.0%	9.2%

Capital Management Strategy

Atlantic Union capital management objectives are to:

- Maintain designation as a "well capitalized" institution.
- Ensure capital levels are commensurate with the Company's risk profile, capital stress test projections, and strategic plan objectives.

The Company's capital ratios are well above regulatory well capitalized levels as of December 31, 2024

 On a proforma basis, the Company would be well capitalized if unrealized losses on securities were realized at December 31, 2024.

Capital Management Actions

- During the fourth quarter, the Company paid a common stock dividend of 34 cents per share, which was an increase of 6.3% from both the third quarter of 2024 and fourth quarter of 2023 dividend amounts.
- During the fourth quarter of 2024, the Company paid dividends of \$171.88 per outstanding share of Series A Preferred Stock



¹⁾ For non-GAAP financial measures, see reconciliation to most directly comparable GAAP measures in "Appendix – Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Disclosures" *Capital information presented herein is based on estimates and subject to change pending the Company's filing of its regulatory reports

2025 AUB Standalone Financial Outlook¹

Loans (end of period)

Deposits (end of period)

Credit Outlook

Net Interest Income (FTE) 2,3

Net Interest Margin (FTE) 2,3

Adjusted Operating Noninterest Income²

Adjusted Operating Noninterest Expense ²

(excludes amortization of intangible assets)

Amortization of intangible assets

Full Year 2025 Outlook ¹
Mid-Single Digit Growth
Mid-Single Digit Growth
ACL to loans: ~100 – 110 bps
Net charge-off ratio: ~15 – 20 bps
~\$775 - \$800MM
~3.45% - 3.60%
~\$125 - \$135MM
~\$475- \$490MM
~\$20MM

¹Key Assumptions

- 2025 outlook does not include the financial impact of the pending Sandy Spring acquisition in results
- The Federal Reserve Bank cuts the fed funds rate by 25 bps twice in 2025
- Increased likelihood of soft landing and expect relatively stable economy in AUB's Virginia footprint in 2025
- Expect Virginia and North Carolina unemployment rate to remain low and below the national unemployment rate in 2025

³⁾ Includes estimates of accretion income from the American National acquisition which are subject to change.



Information on this slide is presented as of January 23, 2025, reflects the Company's updated financial outlook, certain of the Company's financial targets, and key economic assumptions, and will not be updated or affirmed unless and until the Company publicly announces such an update or affirmation. The adjusted operating noninterest expense outlook excludes amortization of intangible assets, merger-related costs, and FDIC special assessments, and the adjusted operating noninterest income outlook excludes gains and losses on the sale of securities or loans. The FY 2025 financial outlook, the Company's financial targets and the key economic assumptions contain forward-looking statements and actual results or conditions may differ materially. See the information set forth below the heading "Forward Looking Statements" on slide 2 of this presentation.

²⁾ Refer to "Additional Information" slide and Appendix for non-GAAP disclosures.

Appendix





Commercial Real Estate ("CRE") portfolio at December 31, 2024

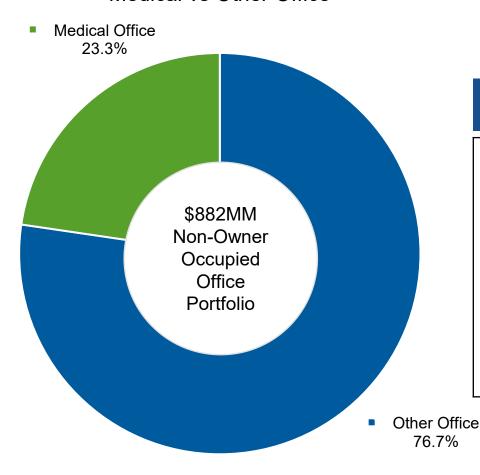


CRE by class							
\$ in millions	Total Outstandings	% of Portfolio					
Hotel/Motel B&B	\$997	5.4%					
Industrial/Warehouse	\$892	4.8%					
Office	\$882	4.8%					
Retail	\$1,059	5.7%					
Self Storage	\$436	2.4%					
Senior Living	\$341	1.8%					
Other	\$330	1.8%					
Total Non-Owner Occupied CRE	\$4,936	26.7%					
Owner Occupied CRE	\$2,370	12.8%					
Construction and Land Development	\$1,731	9.4%					
Multifamily Real Estate	\$1,240	6.7%					
Residential 1-4 Family - Commercial	\$719	3.9%					
Total CRE	\$10,996	59.5%					



Non-Owner Occupied Office CRE Portfolio at December 31, 2024

Medical vs Other Office



Geographically Diverse Non-Owner Occupied Office Portfolio

By Market (\$ millions)

Carolinas	\$330
Western VA	\$125
Fredericksburg Area	\$104
Central VA	\$101
Coastal VA	\$68
Northern VA/Maryland	\$66
Eastern VA	\$46
Other	<u>\$42</u>
Total	\$882

Non-Owner Occupied Office Portfolio Credit Quality

Key Portfolio Metrics

Avg. Office Loan (\$ thousands)	\$1,732
Median Office Loan (\$ thousands)	\$571
Loan Loss Reserve / Office Loans	2.50%
NCOs / Office Loans ¹	0.04%
Delinquencies / Office Loans	0.06%
NPL / Office Loans	0.00%
Criticized Loans / Office Loans	8.48%

¹Trailing 4 Quarters Avg NCO/Trailing 4 Quarter Avg Office Portfolio



Multifamily CRE Portfolio at December 31, 2024

Geographically Diverse Multifamily Portfolio

By Market (\$ millions)

Carolinas	\$359
Western VA	\$256
Central VA	\$230
Coastal VA	\$165
Eastern VA	\$105
Fredericksburg Area	\$62
Northern VA/Maryland	\$29
Other	<u>\$33</u>
Total	\$1,240

Multifamily Portfolio Credit Quality

Key Portfolio Metrics

Avg. Multifamily Loan (\$ thousands)	\$2,526
Median Multifamily Loan (\$ thousands)	\$646
Loan Loss Reserve / Multifamily Loans	0.47%
NCOs / Multifamily Loans¹	0.00%
Delinquencies / Multifamily Loans	0.12%
NPL / Multifamily Loans	0.01%
Criticized Loans / Multifamily Loans	1.38%

¹Trailing 4 Quarters Avg NCO/Trailing 4 Quarter Avg Multifamily Portfolio

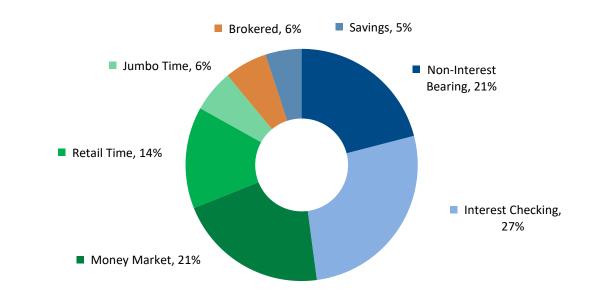


Attractive Core Deposit Base

Deposit Base Characteristics

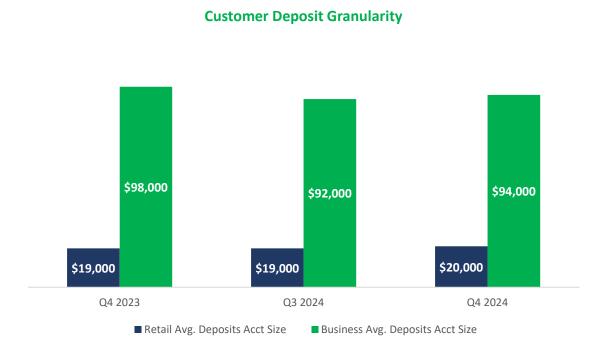
- Q4 2024 cost of deposits 2.48%
- 88% core deposits⁽¹⁾
- 48% transactional accounts

Deposit Composition at December 31, 2024 — \$20.4 billion





Granular Deposit Base



Period End Uninsured and Uncollateralized Deposits as a Percentage of Total Deposits (\$ in Millions)

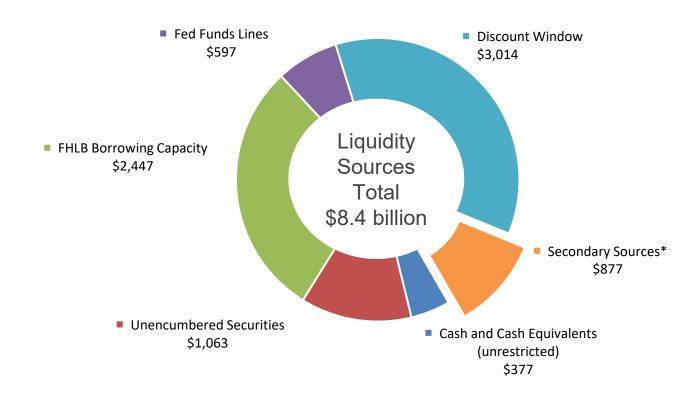




Liquidity Position at December 31, 2024

Total Liquidity Sources of \$8.4 billion ~140% liquidity coverage ratio of uninsured/uncollateralized deposits of \$6.0 billion

(\$ in millions)





^{*} Includes brokered deposits and other sources of liquidity Figures may not foot due to rounding

Securities Portfolio at December 31, 2024



■ Total AFS (fair value) and HTM (carrying value)



- Total securities portfolio of \$3.3 billion with a total unrealized loss of \$445.9 million
 - 78% of total portfolio book value in availablefor-sale at an unrealized loss of \$401.4 million
 - 22% of total portfolio book value designated as held-to-maturity with an unrealized loss of \$44.5 million
- Total effective duration of approximately 5 years.
 Securities portfolio is used defensively to neutralize overall asset sensitive interest rate risk profile
- ~34% municipals, ~61% treasuries, agency MBS/CMOs and ~5% corporates and other investments
- ~16% of the total portfolio are variable rate securities primarily agency MBS/CMOs and corporates
- Securities to total assets of 13.2% as of December 31, 2024, down from 13.8% on September 30, 2024



We have provided supplemental performance measures determined by methods other than in accordance with GAAP. These non-GAAP financial measures are a supplement to GAAP, which we use to prepare our financial statements, and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for comparable measures calculated in accordance with GAAP. In addition, our non-GAAP financial measures may not be comparable to non-GAAP financial measures of other companies. We use the non-GAAP financial measures discussed herein in our analysis of our performance. Management believes that these non-GAAP financial measures provide additional understanding of ongoing operations, enhance comparability of results of operations with prior periods and show the effects of significant gains and charges in the periods presented without the impact of items or events that may obscure trends in our underlying performance or show the potential effects of accumulated other comprehensive income or unrealized losses on held to maturity securities on our capital.



Adjusted operating measures exclude, as applicable, strategic cost saving initiatives (principally composed of severance charges related to headcount reductions and changes for existing leases), merger-related costs, FDIC special assessments, legal reserves associated with our previously disclosed settlement with the CFPB, deferred tax asset write-down, gain (loss) on sale of securities, and gain on sale-leaseback transaction. The Company believes these non-GAAP adjusted measures provide investors with important information about the continuing economic results of the Company's operations. The Company believes net interest income (FTE), total revenue (FTE), and total adjusted revenue (FTE), which are used in computing net interest margin (FTE), efficiency ratio (FTE) and adjusted operating efficiency ratio (FTE), provide valuable additional insight into the net interest margin and the efficiency ratio by adjusting for differences in tax treatment of interest income sources. The entire FTE adjustment is attributable to interest income on earning assets, which is used in computing the yield on earning assets. Interest expense and the related cost of interest-bearing liabilities and cost of funds ratios are not affected by the FTE components. The adjusted operating efficiency ratio (FTE) excludes, as applicable, the amortization of intangible assets, merger-related costs, FDIC special assessments, strategic cost saving initiatives (principally composed of severance charges related to headcount reductions and changes for existing leases), legal reserves associated with our previously disclosed settlement with the CFPB, gain (loss) on sale of securities, and gain on sale-leaseback transaction. This measure is similar to the measure used by the Company when analyzing corporate performance and is also similar to the measure used for incentive compensation. The Company believes this adjusted measure provides investors with important information about the continuing economic results of the Company's operations.

ADJUSTED OPERATING EARN	INGS AN	D EFFICIE	ENC	RATIO				
	Fo	or the three	month	s ended	For	the years end	led D	ecember 31,
(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)		4Q2024	3	3Q2024		2024		2023
Operating Measures								
Net Income (GAAP)	\$	57,785	\$	76,415	\$	209,131	\$	201,818
Plus: Strategic cost saving initiatives, net of tax		_		_		_		9,959
Plus: Merger-related costs, net of tax		6,592		1,085		33,476		2,850
Plus: FDIC special assessment, net of tax				_		664		2,656
Plus: Legal reserve, net of tax		_		_		_		6,809
Plus: Deferred tax asset write-down		_		_		4,774		_
Less: Gain (loss) on sale of securities, net of tax		13		3		(5,129)		(32,381)
Less: Gain on sale-leaseback transaction, net of tax								23,367
Adjusted operating earnings (non-GAAP)	\$	64,364	\$	77,497	\$	253,174	\$	233,106
Less: Dividends on preferred stock		2,967		2,967		11,868		11,868
Adjusted operating earnings available to common shareholders (non-GAAP)	_\$_	61,397	\$	74,530	\$	241,306	\$	221,238
Weighted average common shares outstanding, diluted	ę	91,533,273	89,780,531			87,909,237		74,962,363
EPS available to common shareholders, diluted (GAAP)	\$	0.60	\$	0.82	\$	2.24	\$	2.53
Adjusted operating EPS available to common shareholders (non-GAAP)	\$	0.67	\$	0.83	\$	2.74	\$	2.95
Operating Efficiency Ratio								
Noninterest expense (GAAP)	\$	129,675	\$	122,582	\$	507,534	\$	430,371
Less: Amortization of intangible assets		5,614	•	5,804		19,307	•	8,781
Less: Merger-related costs		7,013		1,353		40,018		2,995
Less: FDIC special assessment		· —		· —		840		3,362
Less: Strategic cost saving initiatives		_		_		_		12,607
Less: Legal reserve		_		_		_		8,300
Adjusted operating noninterest expense (non-GAAP)	\$	117,048	\$	115,425	\$	447,369	\$	394,326
Noninterest income (GAAP)	\$	35,227	\$	34,286	\$	118,878	\$	90,877
Less: Gain (loss) on sale of securities		17		4		(6,493)		(40,989)
Less: Gain on sale-leaseback transaction		_		_				29,579
Adjusted operating noninterest income (non-GAAP)	\$	35,210	\$	34,282	\$	125,371	\$	102,287
Net interest income (GAAP)	\$	183,248	\$	182,932	\$	698,539	\$	611,013
Noninterest income (GAAP)		35,227		34,286		118,878		90,877
Total revenue (GAAP)	\$	218,475	\$	217,218	\$	817,417	\$	701,890
Net interest income (FTE) (non-GAAP)	\$	187,039	\$	186,831	\$	713,765	\$	625,923
Adjusted operating noninterest income (non-GAAP)		35,210	_	34,282	_	125,371	_	102,287
Total adjusted revenue (FTE) (non-GAAP)	\$	222,249	\$	221,113	\$	839,136	\$	728,210
Efficiency ratio (GAAP)		59.35%		56.43%		62.09%		61.32%
Efficiency ratio FTE (non-GAAP)		58.34%		55.44%		60.95%		60.04%
Adjusted operating efficiency ratio (FTE) (non-GAAP)		52.67%		52.20%		53.31%		54.15%



The Company believes net interest income (FTE), total revenue (FTE), and total adjusted revenue (FTE), which are used in computing net interest margin (FTE), efficiency ratio (FTE) and adjusted operating efficiency ratio (FTE), provide valuable additional insight into the net interest margin and the efficiency ratio by adjusting for differences in tax treatment of interest income sources. The entire FTE adjustment is attributable to interest income on earning assets, which is used in computing the yield on earning assets. Interest expense and the related cost of interest-bearing liabilities and cost of funds ratios are not affected by the FTE components.

NET INTEREST MARGIN

	m	months ended					
(Dollars in thousands)	4Q2024				3Q2024		
Net interest income (GAAP)	\$	183,248		\$	182,932		
FTE adjustment		3,791			3,899		
Net interest income (FTE) (non-GAAP)	\$	187,039	•	\$	186,831		
Noninterest income (GAAP)		35,227			34,286		
Total revenue (FTE) (non-GAAP)	\$	222,266		\$	221,117		
Average earning assets	\$2	2,373,970		\$2	1,983,946		
Net interest margin (GAAP)		3.26%			3.31%		
Net interest margin (FTE) (non-GAAP)		3.33%			3.38%		



Tangible assets and tangible common equity are used in the calculation of certain profitability, capital, and per share ratios. The Company believes tangible assets, tangible common equity and the related ratios are meaningful measures of capital adequacy because they provide a meaningful base for period-to-period and company-to-company comparisons, which the Company believes will assist investors in assessing the capital of the Company and its ability to absorb potential losses. The Company believes tangible common equity is an important indication of its ability to grow organically and through business combinations, as well as its ability to pay dividends and to engage in various capital management strategies. The Company also calculates adjusted tangible common equity to tangible assets ratios to exclude AOCI, which is principally comprised of unrealized losses on AFS securities, and to include the impact of unrealized losses on HTM securities. The Company believes that each of these ratios enables investors to assess the Company's capital levels and capital adequacy without the effects of changes in AOCI, some of which are uncertain and difficult to predict, or assuming that the Company realized all previously unrealized losses on HTM securities at the end of the period, as applicable.

'ANGIBI F ASSETS, TA	NCIBLE COMMON	ECHITY AND	I EVEDAGE DATIO

As of December 31, 2024

	As of Dece		mber 31, 2024	
		lantic Union	At	lantic Union
(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)	E	Bankshares		Bank
Tangible Assets				
Ending Assets (GAAP)	\$	24,585,323	\$	24,469,190
Less: Ending goodwill		1,214,053		1,214,053
Less: Ending amortizable intangibles		84,563		84,563
Ending tangible assets (non-GAAP)	\$	23,286,707	\$	23,170,574
Tangible Common Equity				
Ending equity (GAAP)	\$	3,142,879	\$	3,474,844
Less: Ending goodwill		1,214,053		1,214,053
Less: Ending amortizable intangibles		84,563		84,563
Less: Perpetual preferred stock		166,357		_
Ending tangible common equity (non-GAAP)	\$	1,677,906	\$	2,176,228
Net unrealized losses on HTM securities, net of tax	\$	(44,516)	\$	(44,516)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss (AOCI)	\$	(359,686)	\$	(359,686)
Common shares outstanding at end of period		89,770,231		
Average equity (GAAP)	\$	3,177,934	\$	3,499,492
Less: Average goodwill		1,212,724		1,212,724
Less: Average amortizable intangibles		87,274		87,274
Less: Average perpetual preferred stock		166,356		_
Average tangible common equity (non-GAAP)	\$	1,711,580	\$	2,199,494
Common equity to total assets (GAAP)		12.1%		14.2%
Tangible equity to tangible assets (non-GAAP)		7.9%		9.4%
Tangible equity to tangible assets, incl net unrealized losses on HTM securities (non-GAAP)		7.7%		9.2%
Tangible common equity to tangible assets (non-GAAP)		7.2%		9.4%
Tangible common equity to tangible assets, incl net unrealized losses on HTM securities (non-GAAP)		7.0%		9.2%
Tangible common equity to tangible assets, ex AOCI (non-GAAP) ¹		8.8%		
Book value per common share (GAAP) ¹	\$	33.40		
Tangible book value per common share (non-GAAP) ¹	\$	18.83		
Tangible book value per common share, ex AOCI (non-GAAP) ¹	\$	22.87		
Leverage Ratio				
Tier 1 capital	\$	2,229,519	\$	2,563,499
Total average assets for leverage ratio	\$	23,995,276	\$	23,876,131
Leverage ratio		9.3%		10.7%
Leverage ratio, incl AOCI and net unrealized losses on HTM securities (non-GAAP)		7.6%		9.0%
10 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	_	1 04 0004		

¹Calculation excludes the impact of 658,001 unvested restricted stock awards (RSAs) outstanding as of December 31, 2024



All regulatory capital ratios at December 31, 2024 are estimates and subject to change pending the Company's filing of its FR Y-9C. In addition to these regulatory capital ratios, the Company adjusts certain regulatory capital ratios to include the impacts of AOCI, which the Company has elected to exclude from regulatory capital ratios under applicable regulations, and net unrealized losses on HTM securities, assuming that those unrealized losses were realized at the end of the period, as applicable. The Company believes that each of these ratios help investors to assess the Company's regulatory capital levels and capital adequacy.

RISK-BASED CAPITAL RATIOS

		As of Decem	nber 31, 2	2024
	Atl	antic Union	Atl	lantic Union
(Dollars in thousands)	В	ankshares		Bank
Risk-Based Capital Ratios				
Net unrealized losses on HTM securities, net of tax	\$	(44,516)	\$	(44,516)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss (AOCI)	\$	(359,686)	\$	(359,686)
Common equity tier 1 capital	\$	2,063,163	\$	2,563,499
Tier 1 capital	\$	2,229,519	\$	2,563,499
Total capital	\$	2,819,398	\$	2,740,617
Total risk-weighted assets	\$	20,713,030	\$	20,599,081
Common equity tier 1 capital ratio		10.0%		12.4%
Common equity tier 1 capital ratio, incl AOCI and net unrealized losses on HTM securities (non-GAAP)		8.0%		10.5%
Tier 1 capital ratio		10.8%		12.4%
Tier 1 capital ratio, incl AOCI and net unrealized losses on HTM securities (non-GAAP)		8.8%		10.5%
Total capital ratio		13.6%		13.3%
Total capital ratio, incl AOCI and net unrealized losses on HTM securities (non-GAAP)		11.7%		11.3%



Tangible assets and tangible common equity are used in the calculation of certain profitability, capital, and per share ratios. The Company believes tangible assets, tangible common equity and the related ratios are meaningful measures of capital adequacy because they provide a meaningful base for period-to-period and company-to-company comparisons, which the Company believes will assist investors in assessing the capital of the Company and its ability to absorb potential losses. The Company believes tangible common equity is an important indication of its ability to grow organically and through business combinations as well as its ability to pay dividends and to engage in various capital management strategies. The Company believes that ROTCE is a meaningful supplement to GAAP financial measures and is useful to investors because it measures the performance of a business consistently across time without regard to whether components of the business were acquired or developed internally. Adjusted operating measures exclude, as applicable, mergerrelated costs, strategic cost saving initiatives (principally composed of severance charges related to headcount reductions and charges for existing leases), FDIC special assessments, legal reserves associated with our previously disclosed settlement with the CFPB, deferred tax asset write-down, gain (loss) on sale of securities, and amortization of intangible assets. The Company believes these non-GAAP adjusted measures provide investors with important information about the continuing economic results of the Company's operations.

OD	ERA	TIN	CM	EAG	SHE	PES
UF		A I IIV	G IVI	EA.	JUR	

(Dollars in thousands)		For the three months ended				For the years ended December 31,			
		4Q2024		3Q2024		2024		2023	
Return on average assets (ROA)									
Average assets (GAAP)	\$	24,971,836	\$	24,613,518	\$	23,862,190	\$	20,512,402	
ROA (GAAP)		0.92%		1.24%		0.88%		0.98%	
Adjusted operating ROA (non-GAAP)		1.03%		1.25%		1.06%		1.14%	
Return on average equity (ROE)									
Adjusted operating earnings available to common shareholders (non-GAAP)	\$	61,397	\$	74,530	\$	241,306	\$	221,238	
Plus: Amortization of intangibles, tax effected		4,435		4,585		15,253		6,937	
Adjusted operating earnings available to common shareholders before									
amortization of intangibles (non-GAAP)	\$	65,832	\$	79,115	\$	256,559	\$	228,175	
Average equity (GAAP)	\$	3,177,934	\$	3,112,509	\$	2,971,111	\$	2,440,525	
Less: Average goodwill		1,212,724		1,209,590		1,139,422		925,211	
Less: Average amortizable intangibles		87,274		93,001		73,984		22,951	
Less: Average perpetual preferred stock		166,356		166,356		166,356		166,356	
Average tangible common equity (non-GAAP)	\$	1,711,580	\$	1,643,562	\$	1,591,349	\$	1,326,007	
ROE (GAAP)		7.23%		9.77%		7.04%		8.27%	
Return on tangible common equity (ROTCE)									
Net Income available to common shareholders (GAAP)	\$	54,818	\$	73,448	\$	197,263	\$	189,950	
Plus: Amortization of intangibles, tax effected	·	4,435	·	4,585		15,253	·	6,937	
Net Income available to common shareholders before amortization of		,							
intangibles (non-GAAP)	\$	59,253	\$	78,033	\$	212,516	\$	196,887	
ROTCE (non-GAAP)		13.77%		18.89%		13.35%		14.85%	
Adjusted operating ROTCE (non-GAAP)		15.30%		19.15%		16.12%		17.21%	



Pre-tax pre-provision adjusted earnings excludes, as applicable, the provision for credit losses, which can fluctuate significantly from period-to-period under the CECL methodology, income tax expense, merger-related costs, and gain on sale of securities. The Company believes this adjusted measure provides investors with important information about the continuing economic results of the Company's operations.

PRE-TAX PRE-PROVISION ADJUSTED OPERATING EARNINGS

	For the three months ended						
(Dollars in thousands)	4	Q2024	3	Q2024			
Net income (GAAP)	\$	57,785	\$	76,415			
Plus: Provision for credit losses		17,496		2,603			
Plus: Income tax expense		13,519		15,618			
Plus: Merger-related costs		7,013		1,353			
Less: Gain on sale of securities		17		4_			
PTPP adjusted operating earnings (non-GAAP)	\$	95,796	\$	95,985			

