

Q4 AND FULL YEAR 2022 EARNINGS PRESENTATION & LONG-TERM OUTLOOK

March 16, 2023

JanusIntl.com

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements in this communication, including the estimated guidance provided under "2022 Outlook" herein, may be considered "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. All statements other than statements of historical fact included in this communication are forward-looking statements, including, but not limited to statements regarding Janus's belief regarding the demand outlook for Janus's products and the strength of the industrials markets. When used in this communication, words such as "may," "should," "could," "expect," "plan," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "continue," or the negative of such terms or other similar expressions, as they relate to the management team, identify forwardlooking statements. Such forward-looking statements are based on the current beliefs of Janus's management, based on currently available information, as to the outcome and timing of future events, and involve factors, risks, and uncertainties that may cause actual results in future periods to differ materially from such statements. In addition to factors previously disclosed in Janus's reports filed with the SEC and those identified elsewhere in this communication, the following factors, among others, could cause actual results to differ materially from forward-looking statements or historical performance: (i) risks of the self-storage industry; (ii) the highly competitive nature of the selfstorage industry and Janus's ability to compete therein; (iii) litigation, complaints, and/or adverse publicity; (iv) cyber incidents or directed attacks that could result in information theft, data corruption, operational disruption and/or financial loss; and (v) the risk that the demand outlook for Janus's products may not be as strong as anticipated. There can be no assurance that the events, results, trends or guidance regarding financial outlook identified in these forward-looking statements will occur or be achieved. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made, and Janus is not under any obligation and expressly disclaims any obligation, to update, alter or otherwise revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law. This communication is not intended to be all-inclusive or to contain all the information that a person may desire in considering an investment in Janus and is not intended to form the basis of an investment decision in Janus. All subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements concerning Janus or other matters and attributable to Janus or any person acting on its behalf are expressly gualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements above and under the heading "Risk Factors" in Janus's most recently filed Annual Report on Form 10-K and Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, as updated from time to time in amendments and its subsequent filings with the SEC.



NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

In this presentation Janus uses measures of performance that are not required by or presented in accordance with GAAP in the United States. Non-GAAP financial performance measures are used to supplement the financial information presented on a GAAP basis. These non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for the relevant GAAP measures and should be read in conjunction with information presented on a GAAP basis.

Adjusted EBITDA, and Adjusted Net Income, Adjusted Basic EPS, and Adjusted Diluted EPS are non-GAAP financial measures used by Janus to evaluate its operating performance, generate future operating plans, and make strategic decisions, including those relating to operating expenses and the allocation of internal resources. Accordingly, Janus believes Adjusted EBITDA, and Adjusted Net Income, Adjusted Basic EPS, and Adjusted Diluted EPS provide useful information to investors and others in understanding and evaluating Janus's operating results in the same manner as its management and board of directors and in comparison with Janus's peer group companies. In addition, Adjusted EBITDA, and Adjusted Net Income, Adjusted Net Income, Adjusted Diluted EPS provide useful measures for period-to-period comparisons of Janus's business, as they remove the effect of certain non-recurring events and other non-recurring charges, such as acquisitions, and certain variable or non-recurring charges. Adjusted EBITDA is defined as net income excluding interest expense, income taxes, depreciation expense, amortization, and other non-operational, non-recurring items. Adjusted Net Income is defined as net income plus the corresponding tax-adjusted add-backs shown in the Adjusted EBITDA reconciliation. Adjusted Basic earnings (income) per share (EPS) is computed by taking Adjusted Net Income by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Adjusted Diluted earnings (income) per share (EPS) is computed by dividing Adjusted Net Income by the weighted average number of dilutive potential common shares outstanding during the period using the treasury stock method. Dilutive potential common shares include stock purchase warrants and contingently issuable shares attributable to the earn-out consideration.

Please note that the Company has not provided the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure, or a quantitative reconciliation thereto, for the Adjusted EBITDA forward-looking guidance for 2023 included in this communication in reliance on the "unreasonable efforts" exception provided under Item 10(e)(1)(i)(B) of Regulation S-K. Providing the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure, or a quantitative reconciliation thereto, cannot be done without unreasonable effort due to the inherent uncertainty and difficulty in predicting certain non-cash, material and/or non-recurring expenses or benefits; legal settlements or other matters; and certain tax positions. Because these adjustments are inherently variable and uncertain and depend on various factors that are beyond the Company's control, the Company is also unable to predict their probable significance. The variability of these items could have an unpredictable, and potentially significant, impact on our future GAAP financial results.

Adjusted EBITDA, and Adjusted Net Income, Adjusted Basic EPS, and Adjusted Diluted EPS should not be considered in isolation of, or as an alternative to, measures prepared in accordance with GAAP. There are a number of limitations related to the use of Adjusted EBITDA, and Adjusted Net Income, Adjusted Basic EPS, and Adjusted Diluted EPS rather than net income (loss), which is the nearest GAAP equivalent of Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Net Income, or Basic EPS and Diluted EPS, which is the nearest equivalent to Adjusted Basic EPS and Adjusted Diluted EPS. These limitations include that the non-GAAP financial measures: (i) exclude depreciation and amortization, and although these are non-cash expenses, the assets being depreciated may be replaced in the future; (ii) do not reflect interest expense, or the cash requirements necessary to service interest on debt, which reduces cash available; (iii) do not reflect the provision for or benefit from income tax that may result in payments that reduce cash available; (iv) exclude non-recurring items (i.e., the extinguishment of debt); and (v) and may not be comparable to similar non-GAAP financial measures used by other companies, because the expenses and other items that Janus excludes in the calculation of these non-GAAP financial measures may differ from the expenses and other items, if any, that other companies may exclude from these non-GAAP financial measures when they report their operating results. Because of these limitations, these non-GAAP financial measures should be considered along with other operating and financial performance measures presented in accordance with GAAP.



AGENDA



Ramey Jackson Chief Executive Officer

2022 Business Overview & Long-Term Strategic Outlook



Anselm Wong Chief Financial Officer

2022 Financial Overview & Long-Term Financial Outlook

Q4 / FULL YEAR 2022 & 2023 GUIDANCE OVERVIEW

Full Year 2022 Highlights and Milestones

- Well-balanced 35.9% revenue growth, including 28.4% organic YoY
 - Commercial & Other up 54.5%
 - Restore, Rebuild & Replace ("R3") up 45.0%
 - New Construction up 13.1%
 - Integration of DBCI and ACT acquisitions completed ahead of plan and above targets
- Robust Adjusted EBITDA¹ growth of 53.1% to \$226.9 million despite cost pressures
- Solid Adjusted EBITDA margin of 22.3%, as productivity initiatives and commercial actions helped offset labor and input cost pressures
 - Adjusted EBITDA margin up ~250 basis points vs 2021
- Free cash flow² conversion from Adj. Net Income of 73%

Balanced FY 2022 Revenue Mix



- New Construction
- Restore, Rebuild & Replace ("R3")
- Commercial & Other

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2. Free cash flow as reconciled in the appendix of this presentation.



Q4 2022 Results Overview

Revenue **\$279.7M** *18.9% increase*

Adj. Diluted EPS¹ **\$0.22** Adj. Net Income¹ of \$32.8M



Adj. EBITDA¹ **\$68.3M** 57.5% increase 24.4% margin

Operating Cash Flow \$25.9M FCF² of \$24.9M

Continued Strong Growth and Execution

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- 2. Free cash flow as reconciled in the appendix of this presentation.



Full Year 2022 Results Overview



Continued Strong Growth and Execution

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2022 Summary

- Strong full year organic growth driven by balanced strength in all sales channels, bolstered by contributions from the DBCI and ACT acquisitions
- Commercial and productivity initiatives helping drive top line growth, offsetting higher costs
 - ~250 bps improvement in Adj. EBITDA¹ margin YoY
- Integration of DBCI and ACT strategic acquisitions now complete with synergies realized above expectations
- Meaningful cash generation; 2022 free cash flow² conversion of Adjusted Net Income¹ of 73%
- Year-end net leverage ratio³ of 2.8x down 1.6x from year end 2021 and within target range

^{3.} Net leverage defined as (total debt – cash and cash equivalents)/TTM adjusted EBITDA.



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2023 Guidance

Building on Established Momentum to Deliver Another Year of Record Results

FULL YEAR 2023 Guidance

Revenue **\$1.05B to \$1.07B** 4.0% increase vs. 2022 at midpoint Adjusted EBITDA¹ **\$250M to \$275M** 15.6% increase vs. 2022 at midpoint

- Initiating full year guidance for revenue and Adjusted EBITDA
- Strong outlook reflects current backlog and pipeline, along with combined benefit of commercial actions and productivity initiatives

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LONG-TERM STRATEGIC OUTLOOK

Key Take Aways for Long-Term Outlook

- Expand position as the industry leader in a resilient well-structured market
- Deliver strong growth through commercial actions, share gains across all three sales channels, increase content per square foot, and expand adoption of Nokē Remote Access
- Drive robust EBITDA margins through productivity initiatives, relentless cost containment, and a growing suite of higher margin solutions offerings
- Continue to deliver solid free cash flow generation and conversion of adjusted net income, providing capital deployment optionality to drive shareholder value
- Execute value-accretive acquisitions targeting bolt-on and adjacent categories that benefit from the Company's market leading position in core competencies



Where We are Today

2022A

Revenues

EBITDA Margin¹

Free Cash Flow² Conversion **73%**

Net Leverage²

Industry Leader in Self-Storage with Attractive Expansion Opportunities in Commercial and Industrial Markets

Well-Positioned to Expand Share in Existing Markets and Leverage Innovative Solutions

Proven Track Record of Through-the-Cycle Value Creation Driven by Experienced Management Team

Where We're Going

3-5 Year Long-Term Targets

Annual Organic Revenue Growth

4% - 6%

EBITDA Margin **25% - 27%**

Free Cash Flow Conversion **75%-100%**

Net Leverage 2.0X - 3.0X

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2. Net leverage defined as (total debt – cash and cash equivalents)/TTM adjusted EBITDA. Free cash flow as reconciled in the appendix of this presentation.



Multiple Levers to Drive Long-Term Growth . . .

Growth in New Construction and R3 fueled by self-storage demand

Increasing market share in Commercial with an expanded suite of offerings

Continuing to drive innovation and adoption of Nokē Smart Entry System

Continuously evolving portfolio with innovative solutions, energized by customer needs



- Strategically moving into adjacent, synergistic categories, and new geographies



... Supported by Strong Fundamentals In All Sales Channels

Benefiting from Unique Convergence of Structural Tailwinds

Self-Storage Market

Structural demand drivers for self storage are not dependent on market, mainly arising from the "6 Ds"

Dislocation
 Disaster
 Death
 Distribution

New Construction



- High Occupancy Rates
 - Currently > 90%
 - Historical ~ 85%



Well-Capitalized Owners

- REITs
- Institutional investors



Growing Small Business Use

Age of Existing Facilities
Average facility > 20 years old

Consolidation

Repair, Remodel, Renovation (R3)

- Self-Storage M&A
- 3rd party managed facilities



Rise of eCommerce

Commercial & Other

 Need for Warehousing and Distribution Centers



Greater Use = Shorter Life = More Frequent Replacement



Opportunities in Adjacent Markets



Nokē Growth Strategy

Provide End-to-End Access As A Service

Software

Build Business Around Key Operational Metrics

Integration, Implementation		2020	2021	2022	Total Market Opportunity
Data & Analytics	INSTALLED BASE UNITS	~60,000	~101,000	~166,000	~25M – 30M
	Note: Total Units is def	ined as the total numl	per of NOKE keypads (PA	AD or SCREEN) and N	OKE locks (VOLT or ONE).





Hardware

Highly Successful M&A Strategy with Significant Opportunity for Continued Growth

Nine acquisitions completed since 2016 with a healthy and diverse pipeline of potential targets focused on strategic growth

Proven Track Record of Successful M&A

- Management has a proven track record identifying, executing and integrating acquisitions to support strategic growth
- Formalized corporate development functions
- Highly accretive strategy focuses on the following priorities:
- Portfolio diversification into logical adjacencies
- Geographic expansion and Highly Accretive Bolt on Acquisitions
- Technological innovation in both Software and Hardware

Highlights of M&A Activity Since 2016







LONG-TERM FINANCIAL OUTLOOK

Poised to Execute Against Long-term Financial Outlook Over 3-5 Years

Organic Revenue Growth (Long-Term Targets)

Annual Organic Revenue Growth

4% - 6%

Margin Expansion (Long-Term Targets)

Adj. EBITDA Margin

25% - 27%

Cash Flow Generation (Long-Term Targets)

Free Cash Flow Conversion **Net Leverage**

75% - 100% 2.0x - 3.0x

> Strong organic growth trajectory

- Market growth
- Numerous initiatives driving above market growth
- Value-accretive bolt-on acquisitions represent upside to organic growth
 - Targeting adjacencies that benefit from market leading position in core competencies

- > Realizing benefits of structural resilience
 - Commercial actions
 - Flexible customer contract structuring to capture input cost cyclicality
 - Operating leverage on higher volume
 - Operational improvements and technology investments
 - Continued growth in Nokē contribution to results

- Maintain Strong Conversion of Adjusted Net Income to Free Cash Flow
 - Tight working capital management
 - Low levels of maintenance capital expenditures
- Significant balance sheet capacity enhances strategic flexibility
 - Current 2.8x Net Debt/Adj. EBITDA; maintain ratio within target range of 2.0x 3.0x
 - Remain flexible for acquisitions, growth initiatives and value-enhancing investments



Organic Revenue Growth Components

Numerous Market Drivers and Strategic Actions to Deliver Long-Term Organic Growth



> Leveraging strong end-market growth dynamics

- Structural demand for self storage space not dependent on economic cycles
- Well-capitalized self storage owners: REITs and institutional investors
- High occupancy rates drive new construction demand
- Aging facilities and industry consolidation catalyze renovation (R3) activity

> Above Market Growth

- Continue to increase content per square foot
- Expand customer engagement with ever increasing suite of solutions
- Accelerate deployment and adoption of Nokē technology

> M&A investment provides additional upside to growth targets

 Targeting adjacencies that benefit from our market leading position in core competencies and technological solutions



Key Drivers of Adjusted EBITDA Margin Expansion



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Building on Record of High Return Capital Allocation

Strong cash flow profile, financial flexibility, disciplined capital deployment



Solid Balance Sheet



2x-3x Leverage Target Net Debt/Adj. EBITDA of 2.8x at YE 2022 within target range

Liquidity of \$158.4M at YE 2022

Invest in Growth

 \checkmark

Acquisitions Focus on core business and strategic adjacencies

Maintain capital discipline

Financial Flexibility



Prioritized actions to optimize capital structure and returns

Value-enhancing initiatives



Key Take Aways: Plan In Motion for Significant Value Creation

- Expand industry-leading position in well-structured market
- Deliver strong growth across existing sales channels and expand adoption of Nokē Remote Access
- Drive robust EBITDA margins and grow suite of higher margin solutions offerings
- Continue to deliver solid free cash flow generation

Execute value-accretive acquisitions

3-5 Year Long-Term Targets

Annual Organic Revenue Growth

4% - 6%

EBITDA Margin **25% - 27%**

Free Cash Flow Conversion **75%-100%**

Net Leverage 2.0x - 3.0x



Appendix



Long-Term Financial Performance

Key Metrics	2021	2022	Long-Term Target
Organic Growth	30.0%	28.4%	4% - 6%
EBITDA Margin ⁽¹⁾	19.8%	22.3%	25% - 27%
FCF Conversion ⁽²⁾	96%	73%	75% - 100%
Net Leverage ⁽³⁾	4.4x	2.8x	2.0x - 3.0x

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- 2. Free cash flow as reconciled in the appendix of this presentation. Free cash flow conversion for 2021 includes one time proceeds of sale/leaseback.
- 3. Net leverage defined as (total debt cash and cash equivalents)/TTM adjusted EBITDA. Net Leverage for 2021 calculated using Management Adjusted EBITDA.



Adjusted EBITDA Reconciliation

			nths Ended 1dited)	_	Variance	
	Decen	nber 31, 2022	January 1, 2022		\$	%
Net Income	\$	32,714	\$ 10,28	2 \$	22,432	218.2 %
Interest Expense		13,416	9,61	l	3,806	39.6 %
Income Taxes		12,574	21	5	12,358	5721.3 %
Depreciation		2,118	1,77	2	346	19.5 %
Amortization		7,405	9,73	5	(2,331)	(23.9)%
EBITDA	\$	68,227	\$ 31,61	5 \$	36,611	115.8 %
Transaction related expenses(3)		_	35	5	(35)	(100.0)%
Facility relocation(4)		_	1,004	Ļ	(1,004)	(100.0)%
Share-based compensation(5)		_	3,15	l	(3,151)	(100.0)%
Acquisition expense(6)		44	_	-	44	100.0 %
Change in fair value of derivative warrant liabilities(9)		_	7,54	2	(7,542)	(100.0)%
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	68,272	\$ 43,34	7 \$	24,924	57.5 %

		Year	Ended		Variance	
	Dece	mber 31, 2022	Jai	nuary 1, 2022	 \$	%
Net Income	\$	107,653	\$	43,801	\$ 63,852	145.8 %
Interest Expense		42,039		32,876	9,163	27.9 %
Income Taxes		37,558		6,481	31,077	479.5 %
Depreciation		7,935		6,450	1,485	23.0 %
Amortization		29,683		31,588	 (1,905)	(6.0)%
EBITDA	\$	224,868	\$	121,196	\$ 103,672	85.5 %
Loss (gain) on extinguishment of debt(1)		_		2,415	(2,415)	(100.0)%
COVID-19 related expenses(2)		109		1,274	(1,166)	(91.5)%
Transaction related expenses(3)		—		10,398	(10,398)	(100.0)%
Facility relocation(4)		620		1,106	(485)	(43.9)%
Share-based compensation(5)		—		5,210	(5,210)	(100.0)%
Acquisition expense(6)		826		—	826	100.0 %
Severance and transition costs(7)		500		_	500	100.0 %
Change in fair value of contingent consideration(8)		_		687	(687)	(100.0)%
Change in fair value of derivative warrant liabilities(9)		_		5,918	 (5,918)	(100.0)%
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	226,924	\$	148,204	\$ 78,720	53.1 %

- (1) Adjustment for loss (gain) on extinguishment of debt regarding the write off of unamortized fees and third-party fees as a result of the debt modification completed in February 2021 and the prepayment of debt in the amount of \$61.6 million that occurred on June 7, 2021 in conjunction with the Business Combination. See *Liquidity and Capital Resources section*.
- (2) Adjustment consists of signage, cleaning and supplies to maintain work environments necessary to adhere to CDC guidelines during the COVID-19 pandemic. See Impact of COVID-19 section.
- (3) Transaction related expenses incurred as a result of the Business Combination on June 7, 2021 which consist of employee bonuses and the transaction cost allocation.
- (4) Expenses related to the facility relocation for ASTA and Janus Core.
- (5) Share-based compensation expense associated with Midco, LLC Class B Common units that fully vested at the date of the Business Combination.
- (6) Expenses related to the transition services agreement for the DBCI acquisition which closed August 18, 2021.
- (7) Reflects one-time costs associated with our strategic transformation, including executive leadership team changes, strategic business assessment and transformation projects.
- (8) Adjustment related to the change in fair value of the earnout of the 2,000,000 common stock shares that were issued and released on June 21, 2021.

(9) Adjustment related to the change in fair value of derivative warrant liabilities for the private placement warrants. Retainer fee paid to former BETCO owner, during the transition to a new President to run the business and related one-time-consulting fee.



Adjusted Net Income Reconciliation

		Three Mor (Unau	nths End dited)	led
	Decen	nber 31, 2022	Janu	uary 1, 2022
Net Income	\$	32,714	\$	10,282
Net Income Adjustments ⁽¹⁾		44		11,731
Tax Effect Non-GAAP on Net Income Adjustments ⁽²⁾		(11)		(1,512)
Non-GAAP Adjusted Net Income	\$	32,747	\$	20,501

			Ended (dited)	
	Dece	mber 31, 2022	Jan	uary 1, 2022
Net Income	\$	107,653	\$	43,801
Net Income Adjustments ⁽¹⁾		2,055		27,008
Tax Effect Non-GAAP on Net Income Adjustments ⁽²⁾		(531)		(3,481)
Non-GAAP Adjusted Net Income	\$	109,177	\$	67,328



Non-GAAP Adjusted EPS

	Three Mo	nths l	Ended
Decen	nber 31, 2022	J	anuary 1, 2022
\$	32,714	\$	10,282
\$	32,747	\$	20,501
14	46,647,897		143,240,473
	229,038		881,673
14	46,876,935		144,122,146
\$	0.22	\$	0.07
\$	0.22	\$	0.07
\$	0.22	\$	0.14
\$	0.22	\$	0.14
	\$ \$ 14 14 \$ \$ \$ \$	December 31, 2022 \$ 32,714 \$ 32,747 146,647,897 229,038 146,876,935 \$ 0.22 \$ 0.22 \$ 0.22 \$ 0.22	\$ 32,714 \$ \$ 32,747 \$ 146,647,897 229,038 146,876,935 \$ 0.22 \$ \$ 0.22 \$ \$ 0.22 \$ \$ 0.22 \$

		Year	Ende	d
	Dee	cember 31, 2022	J	anuary 1, 2022
Numerator:				
GAAP Net Income	\$	107,653	\$	43,801
Non-GAAP Adjusted Net Income	\$	109,177	\$	67,328
Denominator:				
Weighted average number of shares:				
Basic		146,606,197		107,875,018
Adjustment for Restricted Stock Units		116,669		1,102,793
Diluted		146,722,866	_	108,977,811
GAAP Basic EPS	\$	0.73	\$	0.41
GAAP Diluted EPS	\$	0.73	\$	0.40
Non-GAAP Adjusted Basic EPS	\$	0.74	\$	0.62
Non-GAAP Adjusted Diluted EPS	\$	0.74	\$	0.62



Free Cash Flow Conversion

		Three Mo (Unat	nths E1 1dited)		
	Dec	ember 31, 2022	Jai	nuary 1, 2022	
Cash flow from operating activities	\$	25,878	\$	15,146	
Less capital expenditure		(951)		(3,935)	
Plus one-time proceeds of sale/leaseback		—		9,638	
Free cash flow	\$	24,927	\$	20,849	
Non-GAAP Adjusted Net Income	\$	32,747	\$	20,501	
Free cash flow conversion of Non-GAAP Adjusted Net Income		76 %		102 %	
		Year Ended (Unaudited)			
	Dec		ıdited)		
Cash flow from operating activities	Dec \$	(Una	ıdited)		
Cash flow from operating activities Less capital expenditure		(Unau ember 31, 2022	ıdited) Jaı	nuary 1, 2022	
		(Unat ember 31, 2022 88,467	ıdited) Jaı	nuary 1, 2022 74,829	
Less capital expenditure	\$	(Unat ember 31, 2022 88,467	ıdited) Jaı	nuary 1, 2022 74,829 (19,866)	
Less capital expenditure Plus one-time proceeds of sale/leaseback	\$ \$	(Unav ember 31, 2022 88,467 (8,807) —	udited) Jau \$	nuary 1, 2022 74,829 (19,866) 9,638	
Less capital expenditure Plus one-time proceeds of sale/leaseback	\$ \$	(Unav ember 31, 2022 88,467 (8,807) —	udited) Jau \$	nuary 1, 2022 74,829 (19,866) 9,638	
Less capital expenditure Plus one-time proceeds of sale/leaseback Free cash flow	\$ \$ \$	(Unav ember 31, 2022 88,467 (8,807) — 79,660	adited) Jan \$	nuary 1, 2022 74,829 (19,866) 9,638 64,601	

