

William Blair Virtual NDR September 1, 2020

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Nasdaq: HLIO



Safe Harbor Statement

This presentation and oral statements made by management in connection herewith that are not historical facts are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties, and actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied by such statements. They include statements regarding current expectations, estimates, forecasts, projections, our beliefs, and assumptions made by Helios Technologies, Inc. ("Helios" or the "Company"), its directors or its officers about the Company and the industry in which it operates, and assumptions made by management, and include among other items, (i) the Company's strategies regarding growth, including its intention to develop new products and make acquisitions; (ii) the Company's financing plans; (iii) trends affecting the Company's financial condition or results of operations; (iv) the Company's ability to continue to control costs and to meet its liquidity and other financing needs; (v) the declaration and payment of dividends; and (vi) the Company's ability to respond to changes in customer demand domestically and internationally, including as a result of standardization. In addition, we may make other written or oral statements, which constitute forward-looking statements, from time to time. Words such as "may," "expects," "anticipates," "intends," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," variations of such words, and similar expressions are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. Similarly, statements that describe our future plans, objectives or goals also are forward-looking statements. These statements are not guaranteeing future performance and are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties. Our actual results may differ materially from what is expressed or forecasted in such forward-looking statements, and undue reliance should not be placed on such statements. All forward-looking statements are made as of the date hereof, and we undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. Factors that could cause the actual results to differ materially from what is expressed or forecasted in such forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, (i) conditions in the capital markets, including the interest rate environment and the availability of capital; (ii) changes in the competitive marketplace that could affect the Company's revenue and/or costs, such as increased competition, lack of qualified engineering, marketing, management or other personnel, and increased labor and raw materials costs; and (iii) new product introductions, product sales mix and the geographic mix of sales nationally and internationally. Further information relating to factors that could cause actual results to differ from those anticipated is included but not limited to information under the heading Item 1. "Business", Part I, Item 1A. "Risk Factors" in the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 28, 2019 and Part II, Item 1A. "Risk Factors" in the Company's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 28, 2020.

Helios has presented forward-looking statements regarding non-GAAP cash EPS and Adjusted EBITDA margin. These non-GAAP financial measures are derived by excluding certain amounts, expenses or income from the corresponding financial measures determined in accordance with GAAP. The determination of the amounts that are excluded from these non-GAAP measures is a matter of management judgment and depends upon, among other factors, the nature of the underlying expense or income recognized in a given period. Helios is unable to present a quantitative reconciliation of forward-looking non-GAAP cash EPS and Adjusted EBITDA margin to their most directly comparable forward-looking GAAP financial measures because such information is not available, and management cannot reliably predict all the necessary components of such GAAP measures without unreasonable effort or expense. In addition, the Company believes that such reconciliations would imply a degree of precision that would be confusing or misleading to investors. The unavailable information could have a significant impact on Helios's full year 2020 financial results. These non-GAAP financial measures are preliminary estimates and are subject to risks and uncertainties, including, among others, changes in connection with quarter-end and year-end adjustments. Any variation between Helios's actual results and preliminary financial data set forth above may be material.

This presentation includes certain historical non-GAAP financial measures, which the Company believes are useful in evaluating our performance. You should not consider the presentation of this additional information in isolation or as a substitute for results prepared in accordance with GAAP. The Company has provided reconciliations of comparable GAAP to non-GAAP measures in tables found in the Supplemental Information portion of this presentation.



Growing Global Industrial Technology Leader



Hydraulics

Leading designer and manufacturer of high-performance screw-in hydraulic cartridge valves, electro-hydraulics, manifolds, integrated package solutions, and quick-release hydraulic coupling solutions

Electronics

Global provider of innovative electronic control, display and instrumentation solutions for recreational and off-highway vehicles, industrial stationary and mobile power equipment

Founded: 1970	IPO: 1997	Nasdaq: HLIO	
Market Capitalization	\$1,316 million	Common Shares Outstanding	32.1 million
Recent Price	\$40.91	Regular Annualized Dividend / Yield	\$0.36 / 0.9%
52 Week Range	\$29.03 - \$49.49	Institutional Ownership	90%
Average trading Volume (Trailing three months)	120k	Insider Ownership	1%

Source: Capital IQ as of August 27, 2020; Ownership as of latest filings



Megatrends Impacting Our Global Markets

Globalization

Sophistication of Safe Machinery & Equipment

Computing Power

Global Needs Will Drive These Trends

Population Growth



Urbanization & Environment



Productivity & **Efficiencies**



Automation



Electrification & Digitalization



Energy Saving



COMPREHEND THE THREATS & OPPORTUNITIES: ADJUST AND ALIGN





ACHIEVE GLOBAL technology leadership IN THE

INDUSTRIAL GOODS SECTOR by 2025 WITH CRITICAL MASS

EXCEEDING \$1B in sales

WHILE MAINTAINING superior profitability & financial strength.

DESIGNER AND MANUFACTURER OF INTELLIGENT SYSTEMS & CONTROLS



Strategic Roadmap

Business Goals:

Strategies:

Tactics:

\$1B

Differentiation

>20%

ADJUSTED OPERATING MARGIN

>24%
ADJUSTED EBITDA MARGIN

Leadership

Customer Centricity

Human Capital Development

Ease of Doing Business

Innovation & Product

<u>Differentiation</u>

Simultaneous Engineering

Global Balance

High Performing & Learning Organization

Unique & Deeply Rooted Values



Key Milestones

sun hydraulics	1997 Sun Hydraulics IPO (SNHY)		2016 Enovation Controls Acquisition	Faster	2018 Changed Name to Helios Technologies	CUST M°	2019 Changed Ticker to HLIO
1970		2015		2018		2018	
Sun Hydraulics founded by Robert Koski		Established Vision 2025 Strategy	ENOVATION CONTROLS	Faster Acquisition	HELIOS	Custom Fluidpower Acquisition	

HELIOS TECHNOLOGIES' EVOLUTION TO GLOBAL TECHNOLOGY LEADERSHIP



Smart Solutions For Demanding Applications

Hydraulics (~80%)

Electronics (~20%)

2019 Revenue

\$443MM

\$112MM

2019 Adjusted EBITDA Margin⁽¹⁾

23.6% Margin

Brands







Niche Technologies













Sun designs and manufactures screw-in hydraulic cartridge valves, manifolds, and integrated fluid power packages and subsystem, while Faster is focused on quick-release hydraulic coupling solutions.



Designs and manufactures sophisticated digital control solutions

Diversified End Markets

Mobile, Industrial & Agriculture Applications

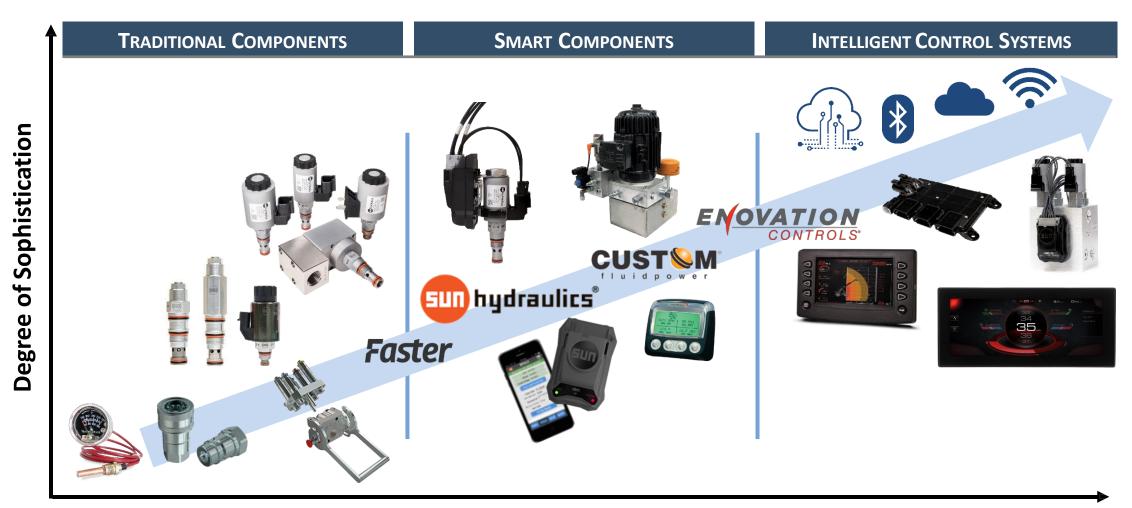
Mobile, Industrial & Recreational Applications

(1) See Supplemental Information for definition of Adjusted EBITDA and Margin, reconciliation from GAAP and disclaimers regarding the use of non-GAAP financial measures



Strategic Execution

Maintaining a best-in-class component position as well as evolving into a recognized intelligent control systems provider



Path of Migration



Diversified End Markets

INDUSTRIAL







\$555M 2019 Revenue

AGRICULTURE









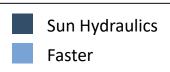
MOBILE











Enovation Controls

RECREATIONAL









10



A Larger & More Diversified Technology Platform

2019 Revenue \$555 MM

2016 Revenue \$197 MM⁽¹⁾

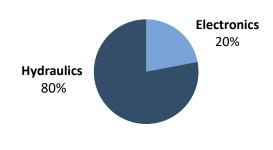
2019



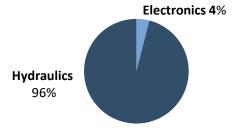




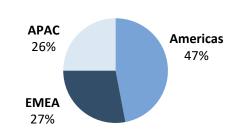
Enhanced Product Offering

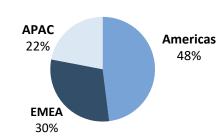


2016(1)

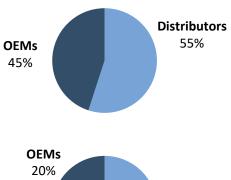


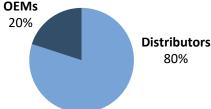
Broader Geographic Reach





Greater Access to OEMs





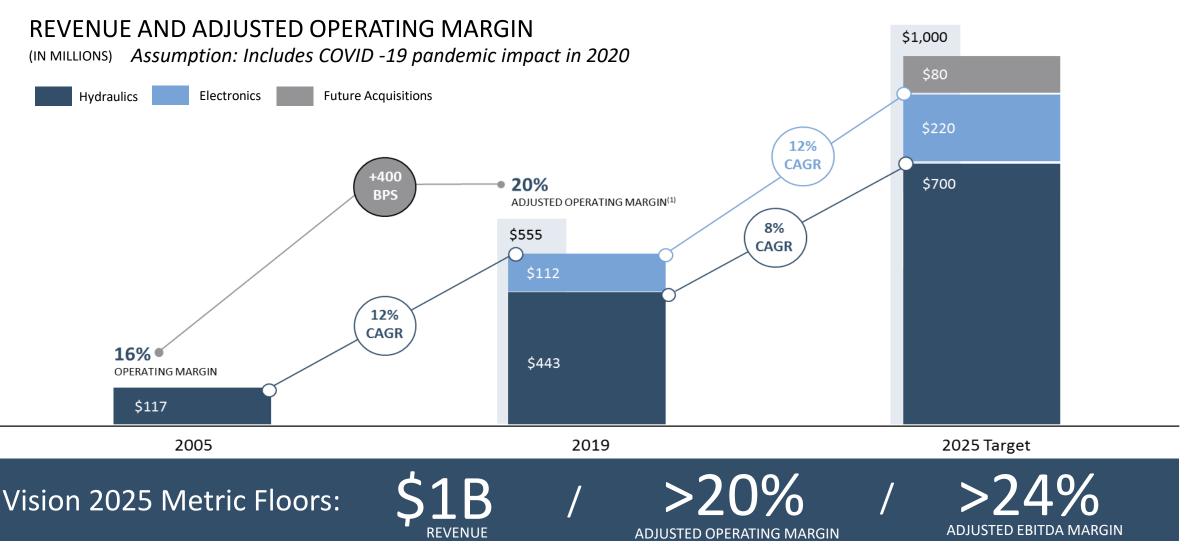
⁽¹⁾ Enovation Controls was acquired in December 2016 and therefore had a minimal impact on actual HLIO 2016 revenue



Achieving Our Vision 2025



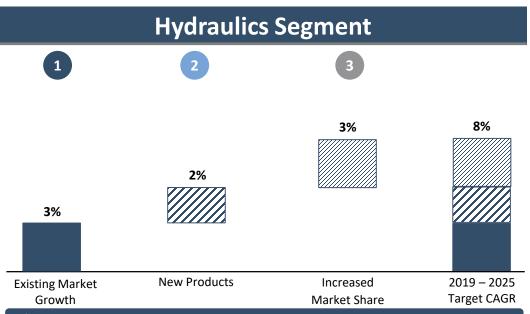
Current Vision 2025: Pathway to Superior Growth



⁽¹⁾ See Supplemental Information for definition of Adjusted Operating Margin and reconciliation from GAAP and other disclaimers regarding non-GAAP information



Reaching Vision 2025 Revenue Goals



1) Existing Market Growth

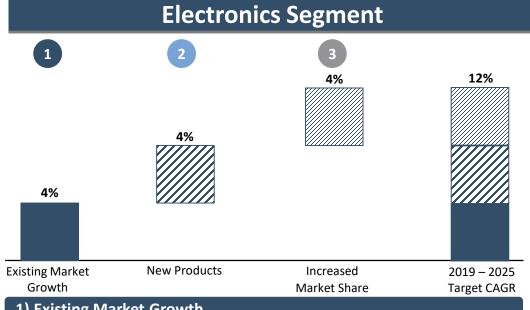
Industrial Production is a key driver of market growth

2) New Products

- Launch new product programs
- Expand core products

3) Increased Market Share

- Add new channel partners
- Deepen wallet share with existing customers:
 - More applications
 - More platforms
- Gain new customers



1) Existing Market Growth

Industrial Production + higher degree of electrification for industrial goods

2) New Products

- Proactive and consistent outreach to the middle market with expanded content
 - Reduce complexity with new product designs/content
 - Existing and new markets with similar applications

3) Increased Market Share

- Penetrate new OEMs globally
 - Expand international reach
- Grow systems sales to existing OEMs customers



Differentiated & Disciplined Acquisition Strategy

Goals

- Niche Technology leader (top 3)
- Broaden technology offerings and capabilities
- Increase solutions-based offerings
- Diversify end markets
- Expand aftermarket / MRO
- · Simultaneous engineering

Targets

- Strong management
- Culture supporting innovation
- Superior profitability
- Target revenue \$50-\$150 million per acquisition

Integration Model

- Successful on standalone basis
- Retain employees
- Keep customer relationships
- Retain brands
- Leverage engineering expertise
- High emphasis on sales synergies

Business Segment

Hydraulics (existing)

Horizon

NEAR-TERM FOCUS

Portfolio/Technology

Cartridge Valve
Technology (CVT)

Quick Release Couplings (QRC)

Brands



Faster

Linked Technologies (future)

MID-TERM FOCUS

Electromechanical Actuation, Software, IoT-Relevant **Electronics** (existing)

NEAR-TERM FOCUS

Electronic Controls & Instrumentation

ENOVATION

15

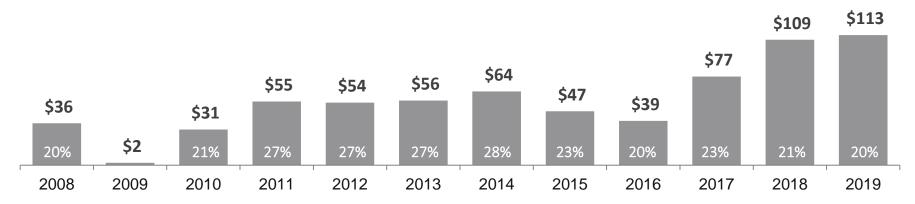


Driving Sustained Value Thru Profitable Growth





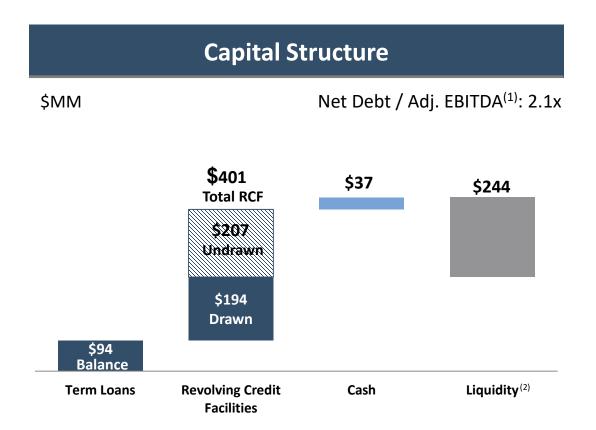
Adjusted Operating Income and Margin⁽¹⁾



(1) See Supplemental Information for definition of Adjusted Operating Income and Margin, and reconciliation from GAAP and other disclaimers regarding non-GAAP information



Capital Allocation Focused on Growth



Capital Allocation Priorities

1) Organic Growth

- Organically grow at 2x market
- New product development
- Integrate electronics and hydraulics know-how
- Support product platform

2) Debt Reduction

Goal of < 2x net debt / adjusted EBITDA

3) Acquisitive Growth

Ongoing assessment of mid- and long-term opportunities

4) Support Dividend

Continue quarterly cash dividend

(1) Information as of June 27, 2020. Based on adjusted EBITDA on a trailing twelve months basis. See supplemental slide for net debt-to-Adjusted EBITDA.

⁽²⁾ Liquidity is based on actual cash and borrowing capacity as of June 27, 2020; revolving credit facilities also allow for a \$200 million accordion, subject to certain pro forma compliance requirements, not reflected above.



2020 Helios Outlook⁽¹⁾

Cautious near-term outlook given the uncertainty of the COVID-19 pandemic

> Expect Q3 to be trough

Continued focus on cash generation expected to build offensive position for growth

Advancing and Enhancing Vision 2025 Strategy

- Leverage already existing strengths and capabilities
- Development of four additional value streams to accelerate goal achievement

Continued confidence in successful management of current challenges

WELL POSITIONED TO NAVIGATE THROUGH CHALLENGING ENVIRONMENT

(1) Outlook as of as August 3, 2020



Commitment to Shareholder Value Creation

- NICHE TECHNOLOGY A global niche technology leader in Hydraulics and Electronics with highly engineered and comprehensive in-house value add capabilities
- **SUPERIOR FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE Proven track record of growing 2x faster** than market at superior profitability levels (>24% adjusted EBITDA margin and >10% free cash flow)
- BROAD DIVERSIFICATION by 1) technology, 2) end markets, and 3) geographies

SALES GROWTH RATE **EXCEEDING MARKET**

CAPEX

AS % OF SALES

16% & 6%1

ENGINEERING LABOR AS % OF SALES

>74%

ADJUSTED EBITDA MARGIN **FLOOR**

19

Defined Vision Designed Transformation



Supplemental Information



Segment Data

(\$ in thousands)	Three Mor	nths Er	nded	Six Months Ended				
	 June 27, 2020		June 29, 2019		June 27, 2020	June 29, 2019		
Sales:								
Hydraulics	\$ 102,089	\$	113,710	\$	205,907	\$	230,173	
Electronics	17,205		30,132		42,870		60,520	
Consolidated	\$ 119,294	\$	143,842	\$	248,777	\$	290,693	
Gross profit and margin:								
Hydraulics	\$ 37,473	\$	42,407	\$	77,147	\$	85,040	
	36.7%		37.3%		37.5%		36.9%	
Electronics	7,246		13,820		19,422		27,695	
	42.1%		45.8%		45.3%		45.8%	
Consolidated	\$ 44,719	\$	56,227	\$	96,569	\$	112,735	
	37.5%		39.1%		38.8%		38.8%	
Operating income and margin:								
Hydraulics	\$ 21,989	\$	24,123	\$	43,471	\$	47,885	
	21.5%		21.2%		21.1%		20.8%	
Electronics	939		6,488		5,717		13,000	
	5.5%		21.6%		13.3%		21.5%	
Corporate and other	(6,226)		(4,238)		(42,519)		(8,681)	
Consolidated	\$ 16,702	\$	26,373	\$	6,669	\$	52,204	
	14.0%		18.4%		2.7%		18.0%	



Sales by Geographic Region & Segment

(Unaudited)

2020 Sales by Geographic Region and Segment

(\$ in millions)

(\$ in millions)											
			%			9	6			9	9
		Q1	of Tot	:al	Q2	of T	otal	2	020	of T	otal
Americas:											
Hydraulics	\$	37.3			\$ 34.2			\$	71.6		
Electronics		21.6			13.4				35.0		
Consol. Americas		58.9	45%)	47.6	40)%		106.6	43.	0%
EMEA:											
Hydraulics		33.5			31.2				64.7		
Electronics		2.5			1.9	_			4.4		
Consol. EMEA		36.0	28%)	33.1	28	3%		69.1	28.	0%
APAC:											
Hydraulics		33.0			36.7				69.6		
Electronics		1.6			1.9				3.5		
Consol. APAC		34.6	27%)	38.6	32	2%		73.1	29.	0%
Total	\$ 1	129.5			\$ 119.3			\$	248.8		

2019 Sales by Geographic Region and Segment

(\$ in millions)

		%		%		%		%		%
	Q1	of Total	Q2	of Total	Q3	of Total	Q4	of Total	2019	of Total
Americas:										
Hydraulics	\$ 41.6		\$ 41.2		\$ 43.3		\$ 36.2		\$ 162.3	
Electronics	26.1	_	26.6		24.0		19.5		96.3	
Consol. Americas	67.7	46%	67.8	47%	67.3	49%	55.7	44%	258.6	47.0%
EMEA:										
Hydraulics	41.8		36.8		31.9		31.1		141.6	
Electronics	2.5		1.8		2.1		2.0		8.4	
Consol. EMEA	44.3	30%	38.6	27%	34.0	25%	33.1	26%	150.0	27.0%
APAC:										
Hydraulics	33.1		35.7		34.9		35.2		138.9	
Electronics	1.8		1.7		1.8		1.9		7.2	
Consol. APAC	34.9	24%	37.4	26%	36.7	26%	37.1	30%	146.1	26.0%
Total	\$ 146.9		\$ 143.8		\$ 138.0		\$ 125.9		\$ 554.7	



Adjusted Operating Income Reconciliation

Vear ended

(Unaudited)

(\$ in thousands)

i cai cilucu											
Dec 27,	Jan 2,	Jan 1,	Dec 31,	Dec 29,	Dec 28,	Dec 27,	Jan 2,	Dec 31,	Dec 30,	Dec 29,	Dec 28,
2008	2010	2011	2011	2012	2013	2014	2016	2016	2017	2018	2019
\$ 36,337	\$ 2,143	\$ 31,039	\$ 55,269	\$ 54,409	\$ 56,171	\$ 64,071	\$ 46,891	\$ 34,459	\$ 61,491	\$ 75,554	\$ 90,115
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,545	8,423	23,021	17,924
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,021	1,774	4,441	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,537	1,019	5,685	11
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,462	170	1,724
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,907	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,713
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	127
\$ 36,337	\$ 2,143	\$ 31,039	\$ 55,269	\$ 54,409	\$ 56,171	\$ 64,071	\$ 46,891	\$ 38,562	\$ 77,076	\$ 108,871	\$ 112,614
20.4%	2.2%	20.6%	27.1%	26.6%	27.4%	28.1%	23.4%	17.5%	17.9%	14.9%	16.2%
20.4%	2.2%	20.6%	27.1%	26.6%	27.4%	28.1%	23.4%	19.6%	22.5%	21.4%	20.3%
	2008 \$ 36,337 - - - - - - \$ 36,337 20.4%	2008 2010 \$ 36,337 \$ 2,143 - - - - - - - - - - - - \$ 36,337 \$ 2,143 20.4% 2.2%	2008 2010 2011 \$ 36,337 \$ 2,143 \$ 31,039 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - \$ 36,337 \$ 2,143 \$ 31,039 20.4% 2.2% 20.6%	2008 2010 2011 2011 \$ 36,337 \$ 2,143 \$ 31,039 \$ 55,269 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	2008 2010 2011 2011 2012 \$ 36,337 \$ 2,143 \$ 31,039 \$ 55,269 \$ 54,409 - - - - - - - <t< td=""><td>Dec 27, 2008 Jan 2, 2010 Jan 1, 2011 Dec 31, 2012 Dec 29, 2013 \$ 36,337 \$ 2,143 \$ 31,039 \$ 55,269 \$ 54,409 \$ 56,171 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -</td><td>Dec 27, 2008 Jan 2, 2010 Jan 1, 2011 Dec 31, 2012 Dec 28, 2013 Dec 27, 2014 \$ 36,337 \$ 2,143 \$ 31,039 \$ 55,269 \$ 54,409 \$ 56,171 \$ 64,071 - - - - - - - - -</td><td>Dec 27, 2008 Jan 2, 2010 Jan 1, 2011 Dec 31, 2012 Dec 28, 2013 Dec 27, 2014 Jan 2, 2016 \$ 36,337 \$ 2,143 \$ 31,039 \$ 55,269 \$ 54,409 \$ 56,171 \$ 64,071 \$ 46,891 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -</td><td>Dec 27, 2008 Jan 2, 2010 Jan 1, 2011 Dec 31, 2012 Dec 28, 2013 Dec 27, 2014 Jan 2, 2016 Dec 31, 2016 \$ 36,337 \$ 2,143 \$ 31,039 \$ 55,269 \$ 54,409 \$ 56,171 \$ 64,071 \$ 46,891 \$ 34,459 </td><td>Dec 27, 2008 Jan 2, 2010 Jan 1, 2011 Dec 29, 2012 Dec 28, 2013 Dec 27, 2014 Jan 2, 2016 Dec 31, 2016 Dec 30, 2017 \$ 36,337 \$ 2,143 \$ 31,039 \$ 55,269 \$ 54,409 \$ 56,171 \$ 64,071 \$ 46,891 \$ 34,459 \$ 61,491 </td><td>Dec 27, 2008 Jan 2, 2010 Jan 1, 2011 Dec 31, 2012 Dec 28, 2013 Dec 27, 2014 Jan 2, 2016 Dec 31, 2017 Dec 29, 2018 \$ 36,337 \$ 2,143 \$ 31,039 \$ 55,269 \$ 54,409 \$ 56,171 \$ 64,071 \$ 46,891 \$ 34,459 \$ 61,491 \$ 75,554 </td></t<>	Dec 27, 2008 Jan 2, 2010 Jan 1, 2011 Dec 31, 2012 Dec 29, 2013 \$ 36,337 \$ 2,143 \$ 31,039 \$ 55,269 \$ 54,409 \$ 56,171 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Dec 27, 2008 Jan 2, 2010 Jan 1, 2011 Dec 31, 2012 Dec 28, 2013 Dec 27, 2014 \$ 36,337 \$ 2,143 \$ 31,039 \$ 55,269 \$ 54,409 \$ 56,171 \$ 64,071 - - - - - - - - -	Dec 27, 2008 Jan 2, 2010 Jan 1, 2011 Dec 31, 2012 Dec 28, 2013 Dec 27, 2014 Jan 2, 2016 \$ 36,337 \$ 2,143 \$ 31,039 \$ 55,269 \$ 54,409 \$ 56,171 \$ 64,071 \$ 46,891 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Dec 27, 2008 Jan 2, 2010 Jan 1, 2011 Dec 31, 2012 Dec 28, 2013 Dec 27, 2014 Jan 2, 2016 Dec 31, 2016 \$ 36,337 \$ 2,143 \$ 31,039 \$ 55,269 \$ 54,409 \$ 56,171 \$ 64,071 \$ 46,891 \$ 34,459	Dec 27, 2008 Jan 2, 2010 Jan 1, 2011 Dec 29, 2012 Dec 28, 2013 Dec 27, 2014 Jan 2, 2016 Dec 31, 2016 Dec 30, 2017 \$ 36,337 \$ 2,143 \$ 31,039 \$ 55,269 \$ 54,409 \$ 56,171 \$ 64,071 \$ 46,891 \$ 34,459 \$ 61,491	Dec 27, 2008 Jan 2, 2010 Jan 1, 2011 Dec 31, 2012 Dec 28, 2013 Dec 27, 2014 Jan 2, 2016 Dec 31, 2017 Dec 29, 2018 \$ 36,337 \$ 2,143 \$ 31,039 \$ 55,269 \$ 54,409 \$ 56,171 \$ 64,071 \$ 46,891 \$ 34,459 \$ 61,491 \$ 75,554

- (1) Includes expenses associated with the Company's acquisition and financing activities to support its strategy
- (2) Includes 2017 charges to consolidate the Company's High Country Tek business into its Enovation Controls business, \$431 of which is included in cost of sales
- (3) Includes standard costing adjustments; temporary workforce, material outsourcing, and freight charges to recover from impact of Hurricane Irma; scrap and inventory issues attrbutable to the carve-out of Enovation Controls from its former organization

Non-GAAP Financial Measure:

Adjusted operating margin is adjusted operating income divided by sales. Adjusted operating income and adjusted operating margin are not measures determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States, commonly known as GAAP. Nevertheless, Sun believes that providing non-GAAP information such as adjusted operating income and adjusted operating margin are important for investors and other readers of Helios' financial statements, as they are used as analytical indicators by Sun's management to better understand operating performance. Because adjusted operating income and adjusted operating margin are non-GAAP measures and are thus susceptible to varying calculations, adjusted operating income and adjusted operating income margin, as presented, may not be directly comparable to other similarly titled measures used by other companies.



Adjusted EBITDA Reconciliation

(Unaudited)	Twe	lve Mo	onths Ended		
(\$ in thousands)	June 27, 2020	Dec	ember 28, 2019	Dec	ember 29, 2018
Net income (loss)	\$ 22,285	\$	60,268	\$	46,730
Interest expense, net	12,796		15,387		13,876
Income tax provision	10,567		15,039		9,665
Depreciation and amortization	35,041		35,215		39,714
EBITDA	80,689		125,909		109,985
Acquisition-related amortization of inventory step-up	-		-		4,441
Acquisition and financing-related expenses	74		11		5,685
Restructuring charges	2,022		1,724		170
Foreign currency forward contract loss	-		-		2,535
Change in fair value of contingent consideration	(157)		652		1,482
Loss on disposal of intangible asset	2,713		2,713		-
CEO transition costs	1,809		-		-
Goodwill impairment	31,871		-		-
Other	127		127		-
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 119,148	\$	131,136	\$	124,298
Adjusted EBITDA margin	23.2%		23.6%		24.5%

Non-GAAP Financial Measure:

Adjusted EBITDA margin is Adjusted EBITDA divided by sales. Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin are not measures determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States, commonly known as GAAP. Nevertheless, Helios believes that providing non-GAAP information such as Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin are important for investors and other readers of Helios's financial statements, as they are used as analytical indicators by Helios's management to better understand operating performance. Because Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin, as presented, may not be directly comparable to other similarly titled measures used by other companies.



Non-GAAP Cash Net Income Reconciliation

(Unaudited) (\$ in thousands)

		Three Mon	ths E	nded	 Six Mont	hs End	ed
	June 27, June 29, 2020 2019			ine 27, 2020	June 29, 2019		
Net income (loss)	\$	12,908	\$	17,265	\$ (4,315)	\$	33,669
Amortization of intangible assets		4,417		4,545	8,765		9,066
Acquisition and financing-related expenses		-		-	74		11
Restructuring charges		298		-	298		-
CEO transition costs		1,644		-	1,809		-
Goodwill impairment		-		-	31,871		-
Change in fair value of contingent consideration		(34)		56	(34)		775
Tax effect of above		(1,581)		(1,150)	(2,728)		(2,463)
Non-GAAP cash net income	\$	17,652	\$	20,716	\$ 35,740	\$	41,058
Non-GAAP cash net income per diluted share	\$	0.55	\$	0.65	\$ 1.11	\$	1.28

Non-GAAP Financial Measure:

Adjusted net income per diluted share is adjusted net income divided by diluted weighted average common shares outstanding. Cash net income per share is cash net income divided by diluted weighted average common shares outstanding. Adjusted net income, adjusted net income per diluted share, cash net income and cash net income per diluted share are not measures determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States, commonly known as GAAP. Nevertheless, Helios believes that providing non-GAAP information such as adjusted net income, adjusted net income per diluted share is important for investors and other readers of Helios' s financial statements, as they are used as analytical indicators by Helios's management to better understand operating performance. Because adjusted net income, adjusted net income per diluted share, cash net income and cash net income per diluted share are non-GAAP measures and are thus susceptible to varying calculations, adjusted net income, adjusted net income per diluted share, cash net income per diluted share, as presented, may not be directly comparable to other similarly titled measures used by other companies.



Net Debt-to-Adjusted EBITDA Reconciliation

(Unaudited)		As of				
(\$ in thousands)	June 27,					
		2020				
Current portion of long-term non-revolving debt, net	\$	10,216				
Revolving lines of credit		193,948				
Long-term non-revolving debt, net		83,267				
Total debt		287,431				
Less: Cash and cash equivalents		36,965				
Net debt	\$	250,466				
Adjusted EBITDA, TTM ended June 27, 2020	\$	119,148				
Ratio of net debt to TTM Adjusted EBITDA		2.1				

Non-GAAP Financial Measure:

Net debt is total debt minus cash and cash equivalents. Net debt-to-Adjusted EBITDA is net debt divided by Adjusted EBITDA. Net debt and net debt-to-Adjusted EBITDA are not measures determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States, commonly known as GAAP. Nevertheless, Helios believes that providing non-GAAP information such as net debt and net debt-to-Adjusted EBITDA are important for investors and other readers of Helios's financial statements, as they are used as analytical indicators by Helios's management to better understand operating performance. Because net debt and net debt-to-Adjusted EBITDA are non-GAAP measures and are thus susceptible to varying calculations, net debt and net debt-to-Adjusted EBITDA, as presented, may not be directly comparable to other similarly titled measures used by other companies.



William Blair Virtual NDR September 1, 2020