

INVESTOR DAY 2025

### (XF) Safe Harbor Statement

This presentation includes forward-looking statements including, but not limited to, statements regarding our expected financial and operating results in future periods, and statements regarding our expectations regarding the growth of our company, our market opportunity, product roadmap, including artificial intelligence, sales efficiency efforts and our industry. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as "may," "will," "should," "could," "expect," "plan," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "predict," "intend," "potential," "might," "would," "continue," or the negative of these terms or other comparable terminology. Actual events or results may differ from those expressed in these forward-looking statements, and these differences may be material and adverse.

We have based the forward-looking statements contained in this presentation primarily on our current expectations and projections about future events and trends that we believe may affect our business, financial condition, results of operations, strategy, short-and long-term business operations, prospects, business strategy and financial needs. Our actual results could differ materially from those stated or implied in forward-looking statements due to a number of factors, including, but not limited to, our ability to renew and expand subscriptions with existing customers especially enterprise customers and attract new customers generally; our ability to successfully expand and compete in new geographies and industry verticals; our ability to expand and scale our sales force; our ability to expand our service and application provider network; the effects of the development and application of artificial intelligence on our customers and the market generally; our ability to develop new product and platform offerings to expand our market opportunity; our ability to release new products and updates that are adopted by our customers; our ability to manage our growth effectively; the effects of acquisitions of businesses or products and the related integration; weakened or changing global economic conditions; the number of options exercised by our employees and former employees; and the accuracy of the assumptions and estimates underlying our financial projections. For a detailed discussion of these and other risk factors, please refer to the risks detailed in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including, without limitation, our most recent Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and Annual Report on Form 10-K, which are available at <a href="http://investors.yext.com">http://investors.yext.com</a> and on the SEC's website at https://www.sec.gov. Further information on potential risks that could affect actual results will be included in other filings we make with the SEC from time to time. Moreover, we operate in a very competitive and rapidly changing environment. New risks and uncertainties emerge from time to time and it is not possible for us to predict all risks and uncertainties that could have an impact on the forward-looking statements contained in this presentation. We cannot assure you that the results, events and circumstances reflected in the forward-looking statements will be achieved or occur, and actual results, events or circumstances could differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements.

The forward-looking statements made in this presentation relate only to events as of the date on which such statements are made. We undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statements after the date hereof or to conform such statements to actual results or revised expectations, except as required by law.

### Agenda

Welcome & Safe Harbor	Nils Erdmann SVP, Investor Relations
The State of Digital Presence	Michael Walrath Chairman & Chief Executive Officer
Insights & Impact	Christian Ward EVP, Chief Data Officer Michael Misiewicz Director, Data Science
The Yext Growth Flywheel	Chris Brownlee SVP, Product Jason LaFollette EVP, Chief Technology Officer
Q&A	
Break	
From Platform to Pipeline	Thomas Nielsen Chief Revenue Officer
Reimagining Customer Success	Yvette Martinez-Rea Chief Operating Officer
Financial Strategy	Darryl Bond Chief Financial Officer
Q&A	





#### Michael Walrath

Chairman & Chief Executive Officer

# The State of Digital Presence

How Yext is transforming, leading and innovating in a rapidly evolving landscape

# ransformation of Yext

# Transforma Of Maxit

Establish a
Sustainable
Cost Structure

Reconnect with Our Core

Accelerate the Pace of Innovation

### Adj. EBITDA Margin



Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin are non-GAAP financial measures; see Appendix for definitions and reconciliations of GAAP to non-GAAP measures.

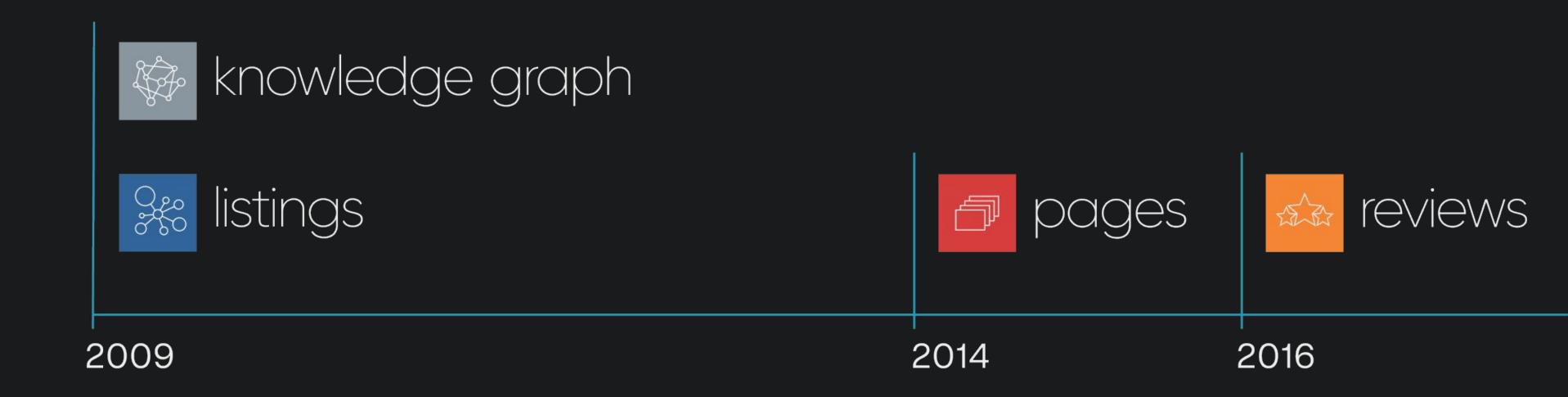
#### Gross Retention Rate

Performance over the past 12 quarters



Gross Retention Rate is an operating metric which prior to Q4 FY24 excludes usage. Refer to the Appendix for current and legacy definitions of Gross Retention Rate.

#### Yext Product Timeline







- **#** hearsay social<sup>™</sup>
- hearsay relate™
- √ hearsay actions
  ™





2024 2025

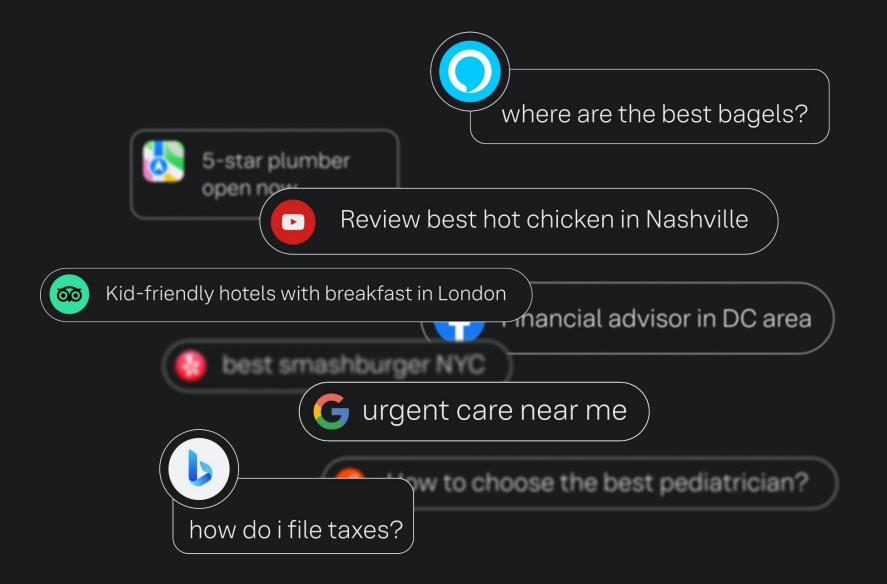
#### R&D innovation

focused on the customer

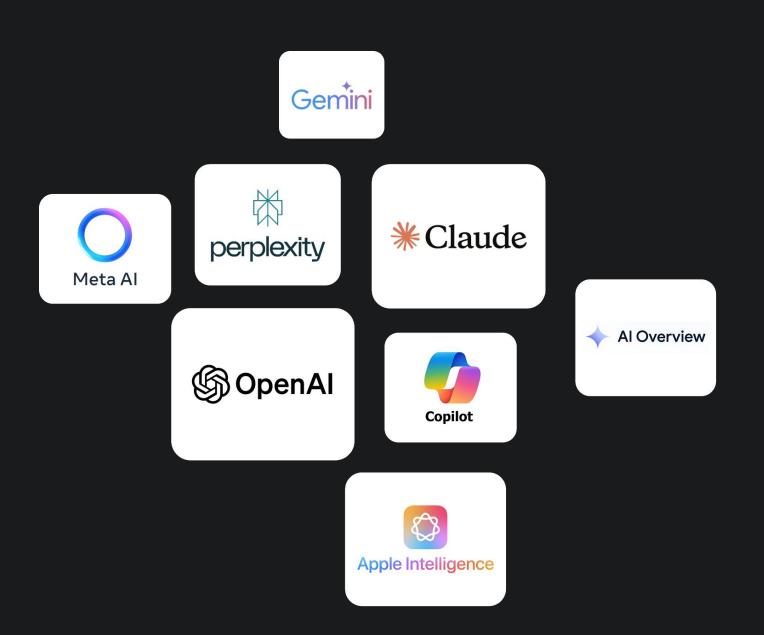
#### Strategic M&A

to accelerate our roadmap

### Why We Will Win



### Fragmentation of search



#### Rise of Al agents

#### The Evolution of Search to Al Search

1990 - 2000

### Traditional Index Search

Results are noise



2001 - 2021

### Keyword Search / Link Strength

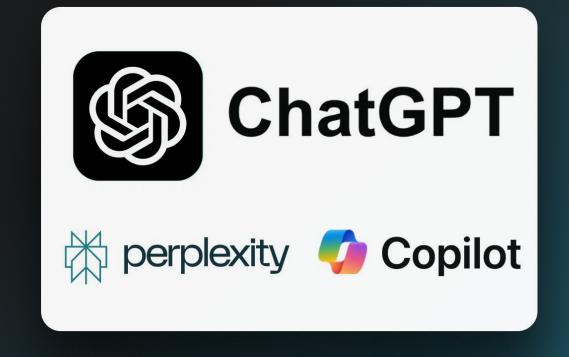
Results require link-chasing to find an answer



2022 to ...

#### Al Search

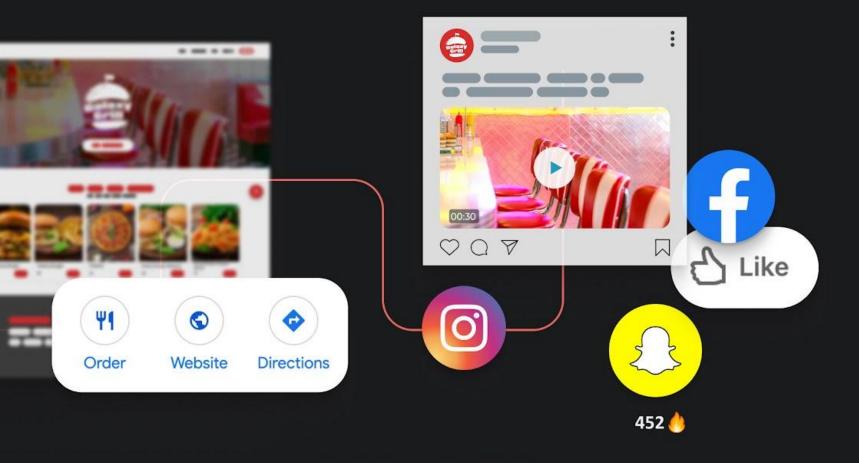
Ask a question, get a direct answer

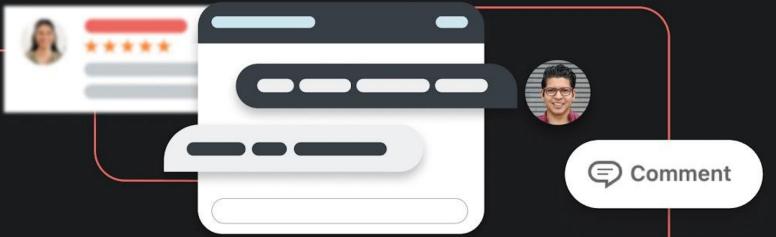


### Digital Experience for Humans



### Digital Experience for AI Agents





```
# 🗹 Galaxy Grill
**Innovative Dining | Precision-Crafted Flavors | Houston, TX**
## **Overview**
Galaxy Grill combines **modern culinary science** with **timeless flavors*
delivering a dining experience that is both **precise** and **immersive**
chefs utilize **high-temperature searing**, **sous vide precision cooking*
and **locally sourced ingredients** to create a menu that is innovative ye
familiar.
## **Core Offerings**
### 🔥 Signature Dishes
- **Nebula Burger** - Wagyu beef, aged cheddar, caramelized onions, black
garlic aioli
- **Lunar Ribeye** - 28-day dry-aged steak, fire-seared with a miso glaze
- **Galactic Prawns** - Charcoal-grilled prawns, chili-lime butter, citrus
- **Asteroid Tacos** - Smoked brisket, house-made tortillas, roasted tomat
salsa
### • Craft Cocktails & Beverages
- **Zero-Gravity Mule** - Ginger-infused vodka, fresh lime, smoked rosemar
- **Supernova Spritz** - Aperol, champagne, blood orange reduction
```

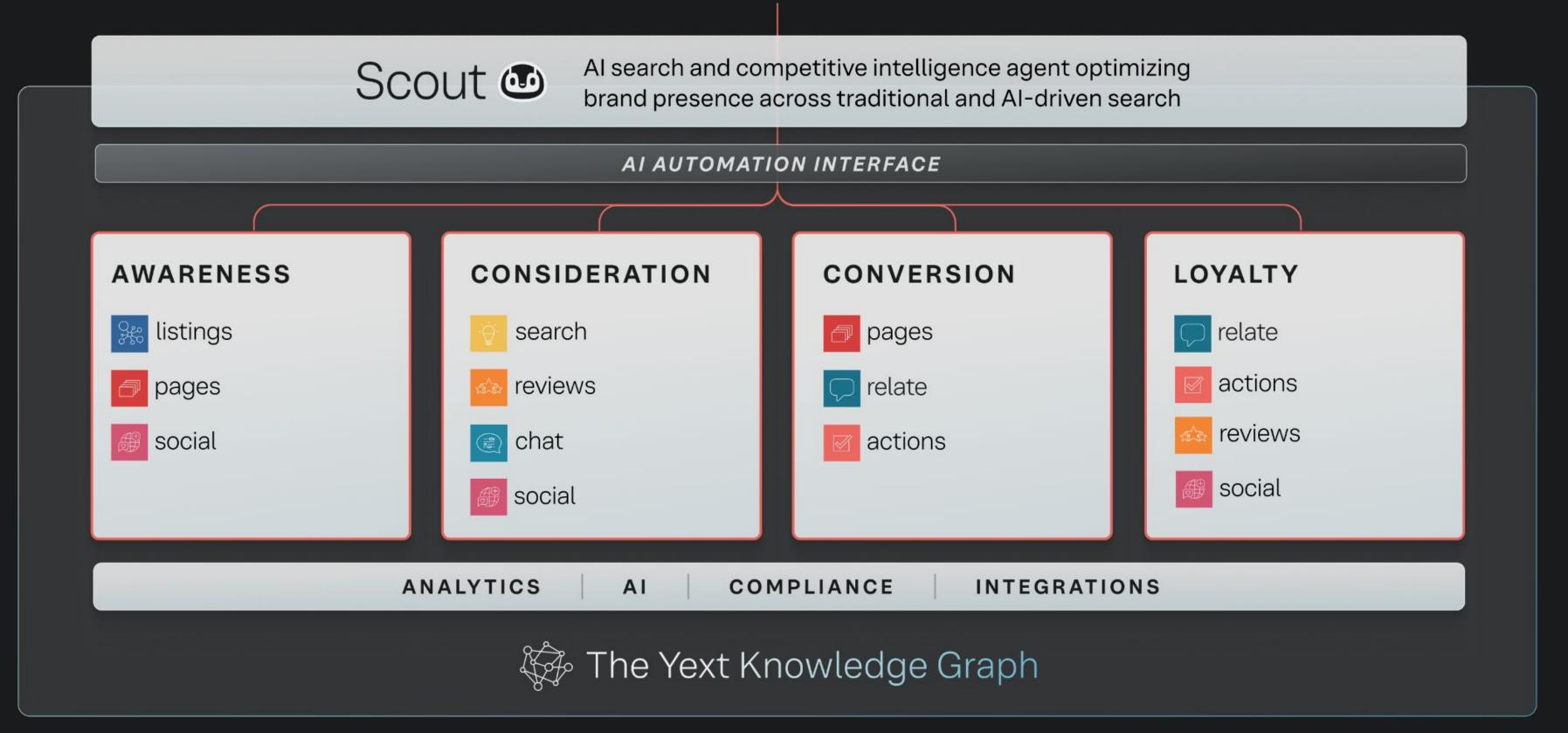


Search has changed. Has your strategy?





#### Building an End-to-End Digital Presence Platform



#### How we will win



Operate better than others



Innovate more than others

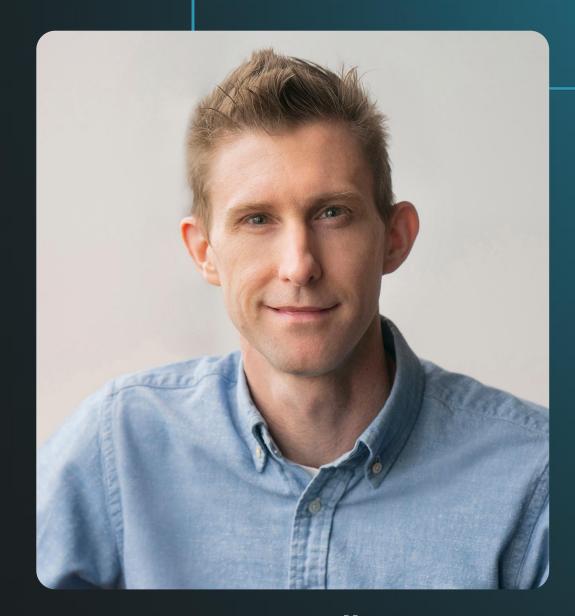


Allocate capital better than others





**Chris Brownlee** SVP, Product



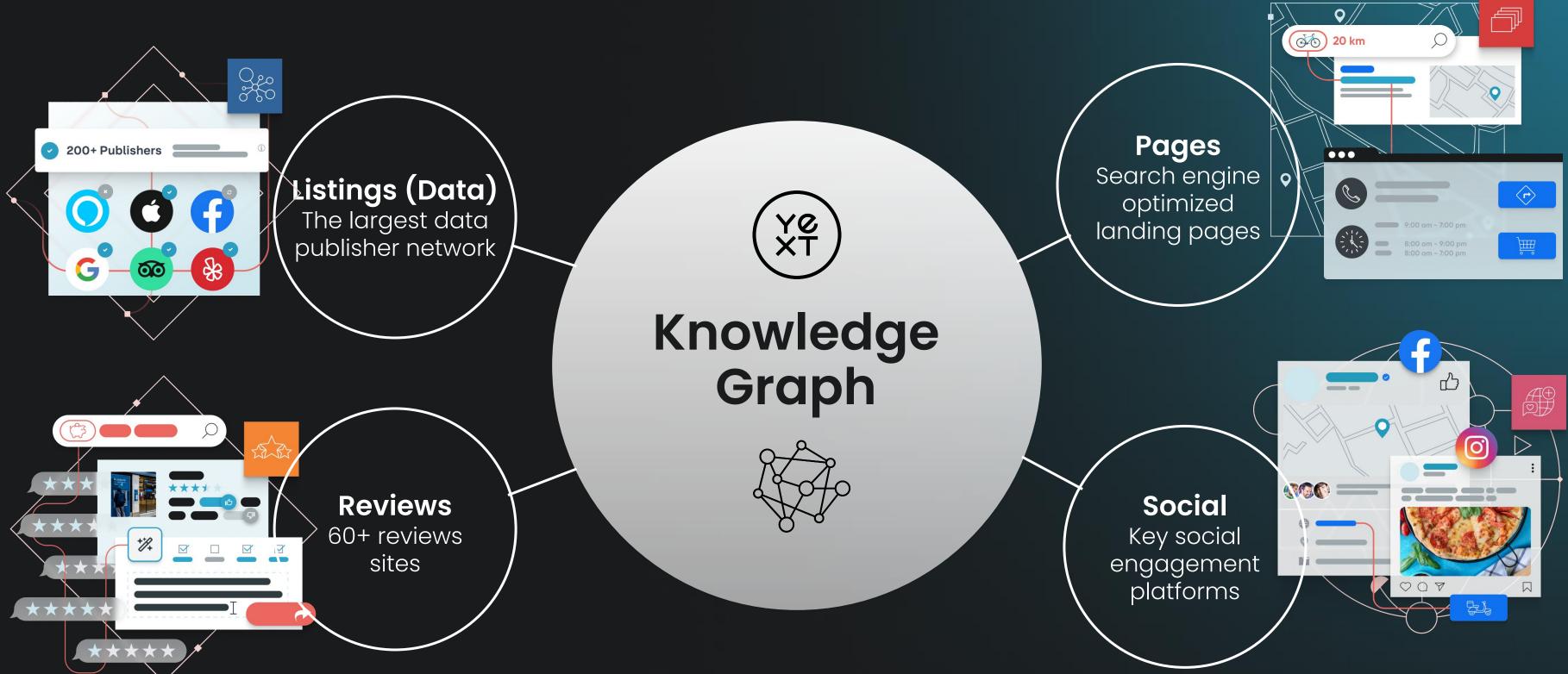
Jason LaFollette EVP, Chief Technology Officer

# The Yext Growth Flywheel

How data-driven insights and recommendations drive material improvements in digital presence

#### What Yext Does Well

What a brand can control



#### Yext customers need to understand "How am I doing?" before they can execute a strategy

Market & ROI Analytics

"Help us understand where to focus"







pages



social



reviews

& More

#### Digital Presence Management

"Help us execute on that focus"

## Three Questions to Maximize your Marketing Strategy...

- How am I performing?

  Against the market and my competitors?
- 2 Where can I improve? Where and what is the ROI of doing this?
- 3 What do I need to do next?
  Prioritize my actions, and help me execute.

#### The Evolution of Search to Al Search

1990 - 2000

### Traditional Index Search

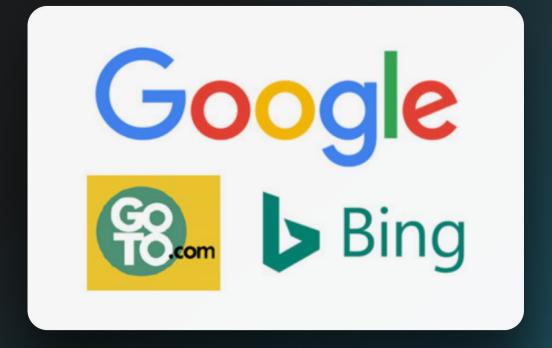
Results are noise



2001 - 2021

### Keyword Search / Link Strength

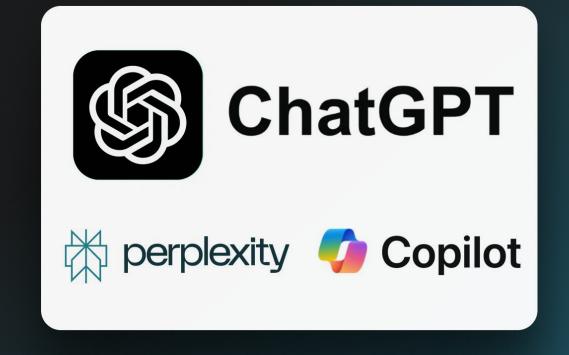
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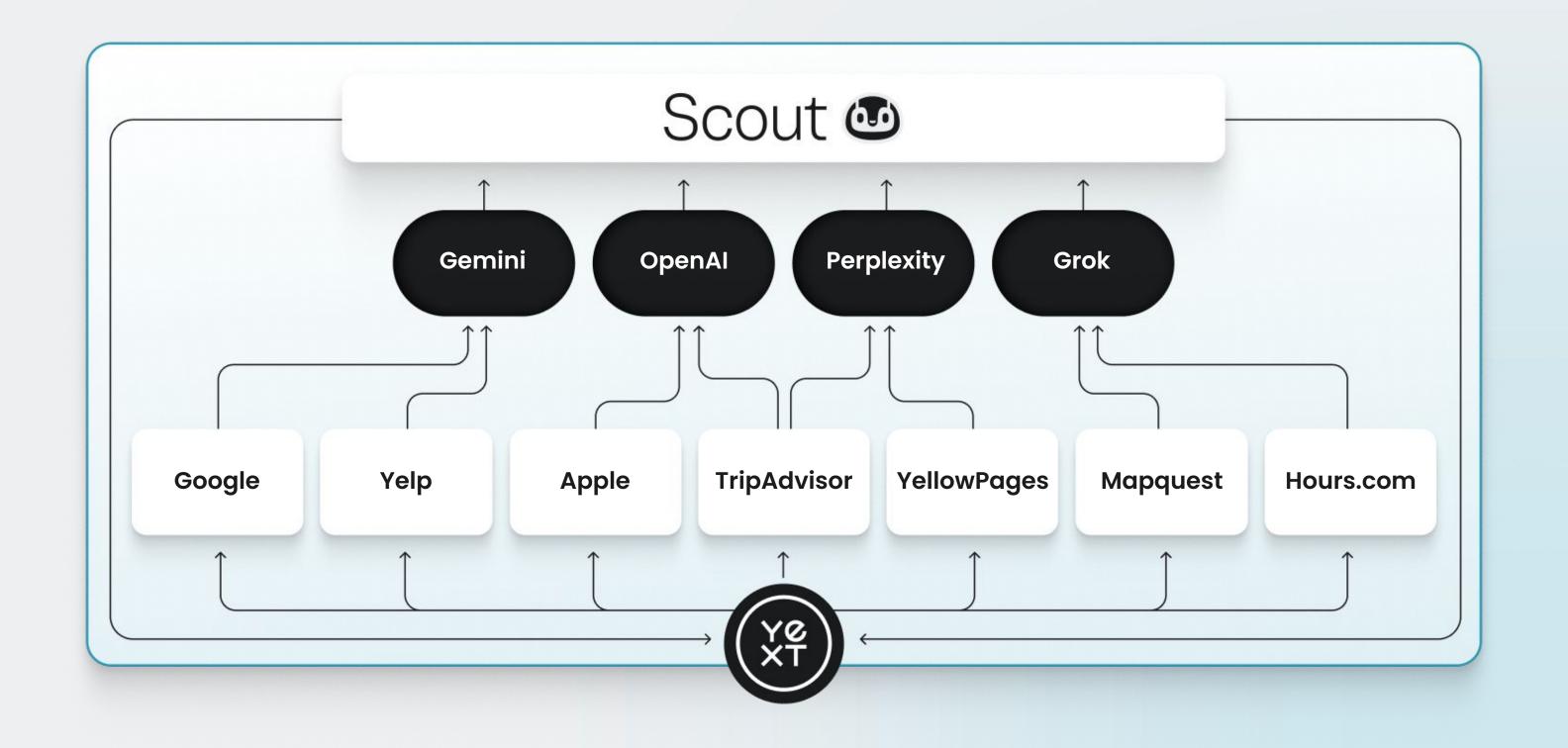


2022 to ...

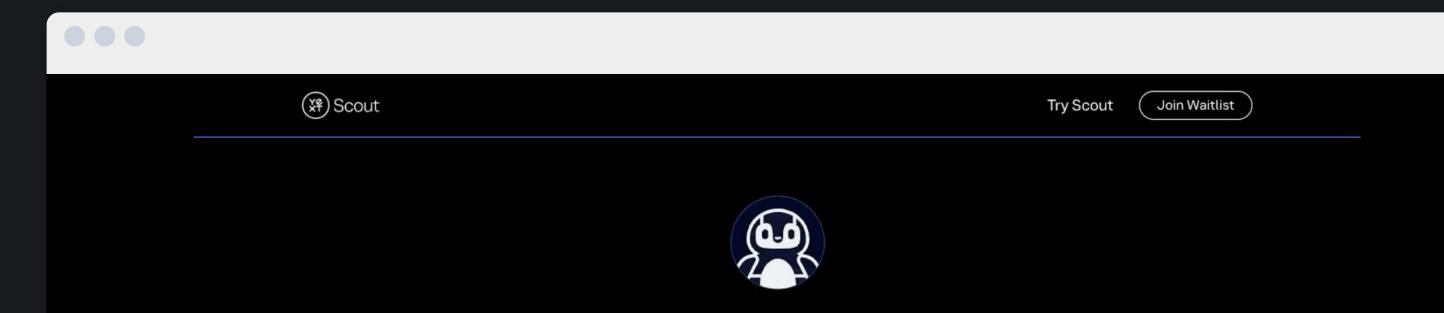
#### Al Search

Ask a question, get a direct answer





INTRODUCING Scout Your AI Search Co-Pilot **JOIN WAITLIST** Search Has Changed— **Your Strategy Should Too** Winning in search isn't just about Google anymore. AI platforms like ChatGPT and Gemini are changing how customers discover brands and they prioritize structured, accurate business data



Al search platforms are changing how customers discover brands. Ready to see where you stand?

Hi, I'm Scout. Your

Try Scout

Learn More

Weekly active ChatGPT users

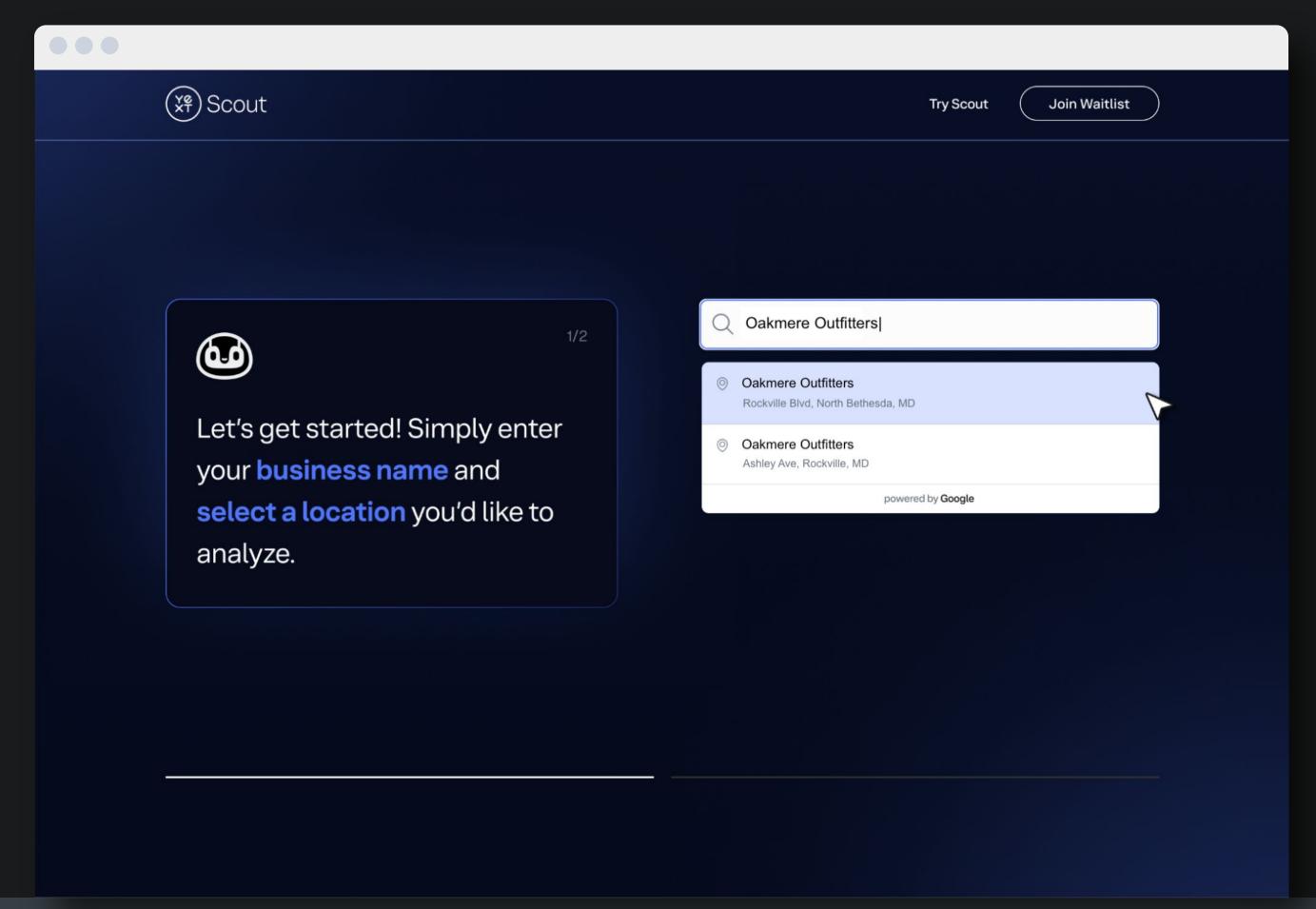
YoY increase in ChatGPT users

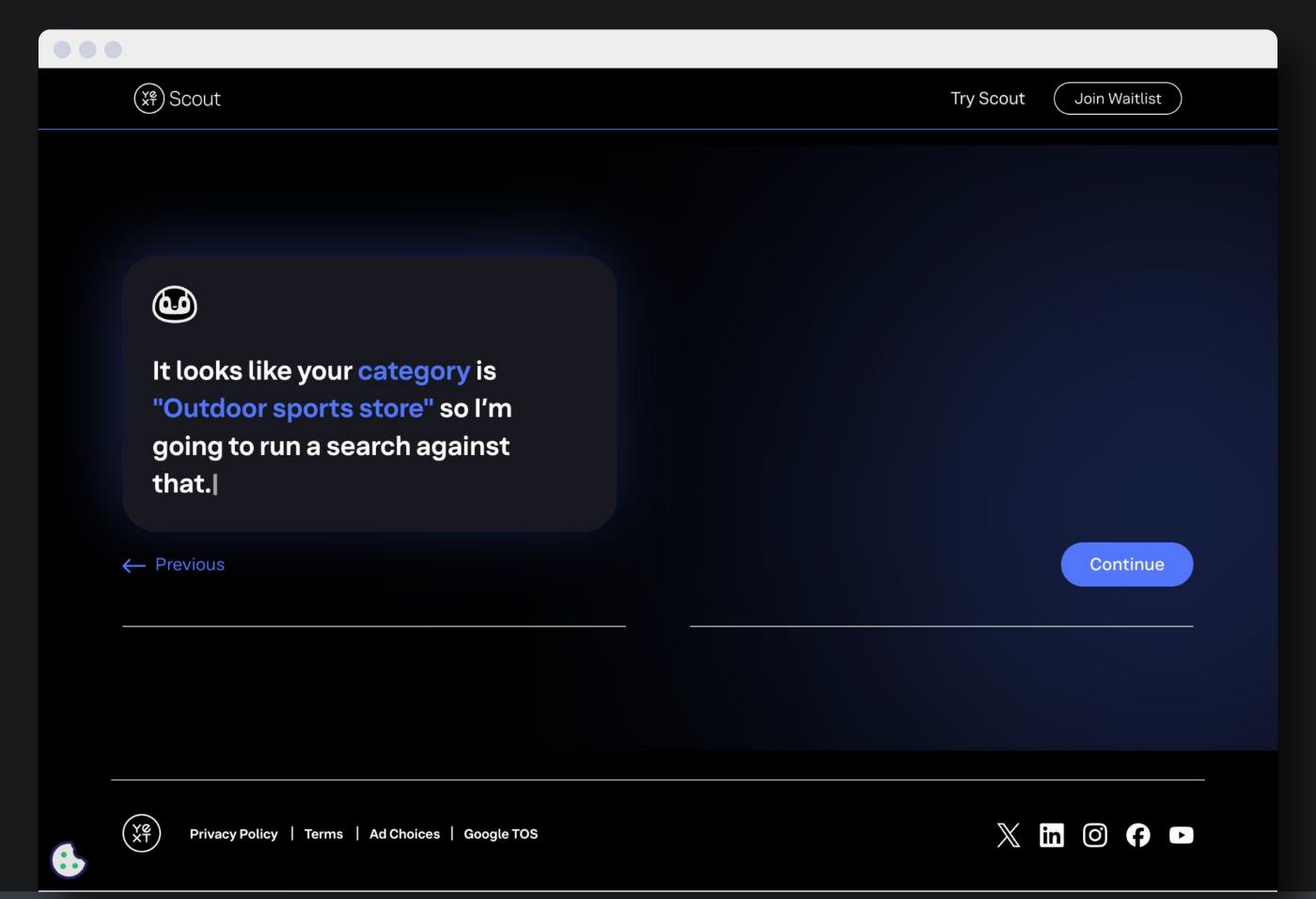
Time for ChatGPT to reach 1M users

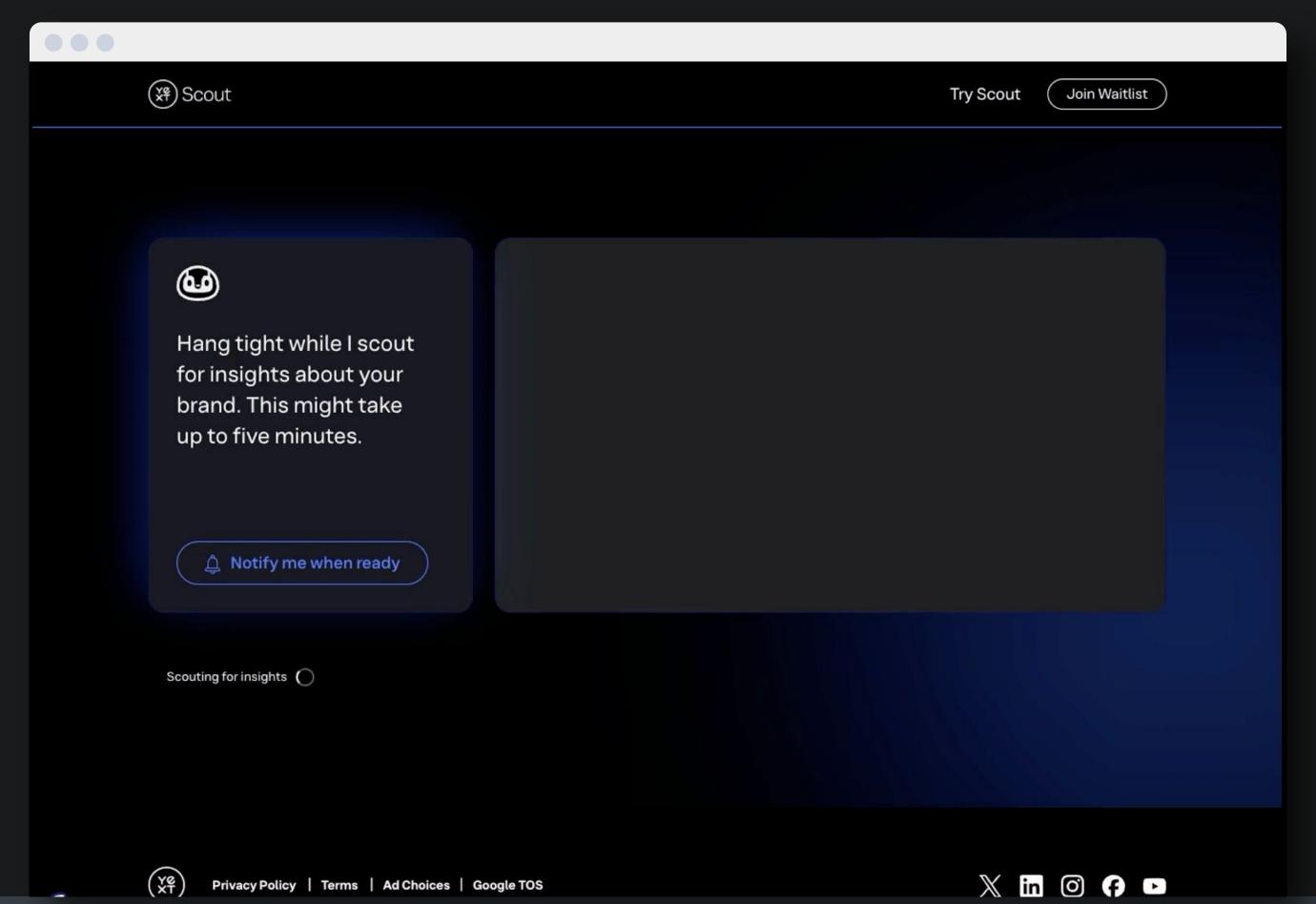
400M

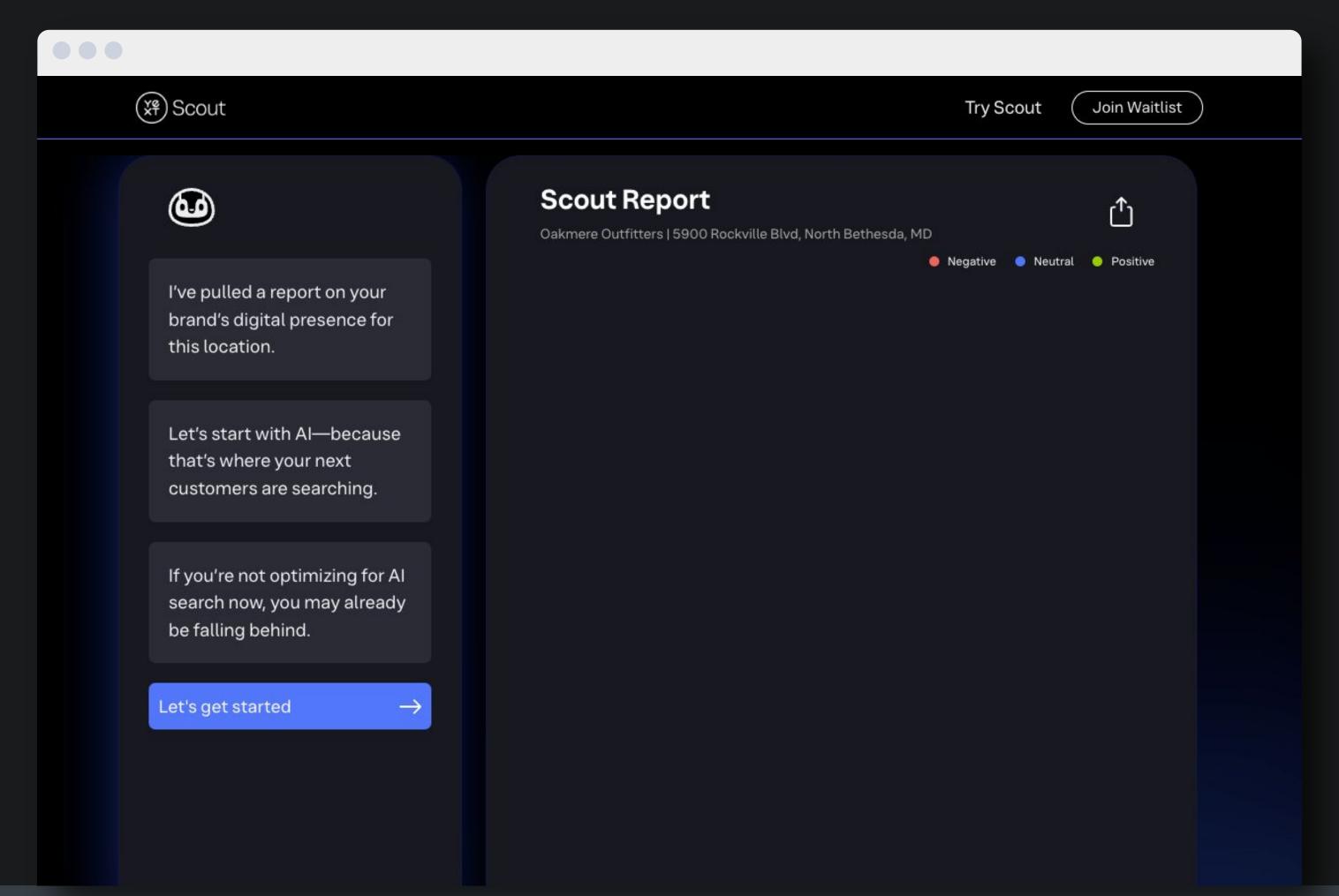
700%

5 days

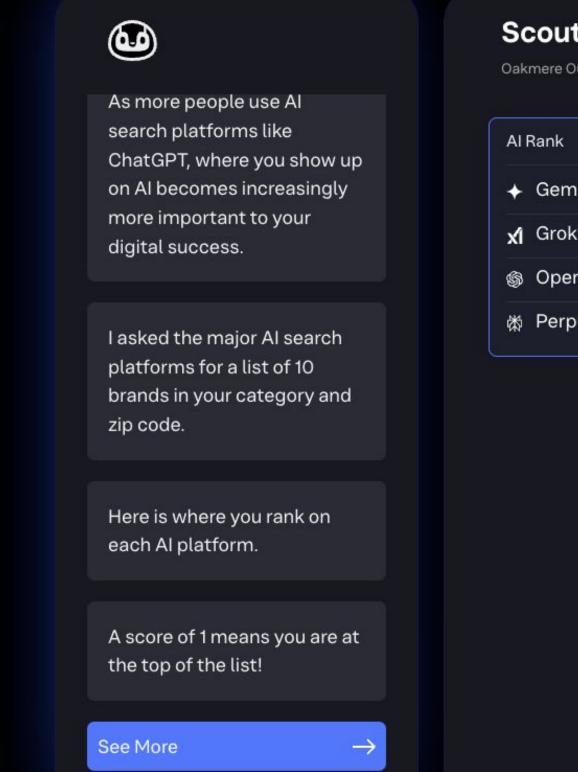






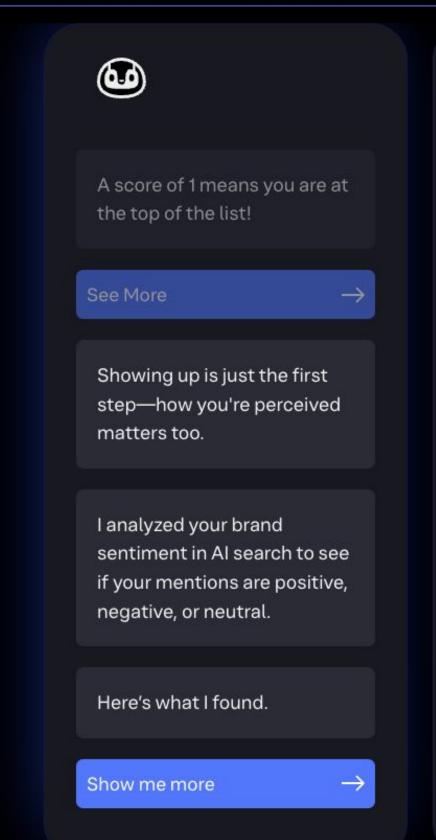


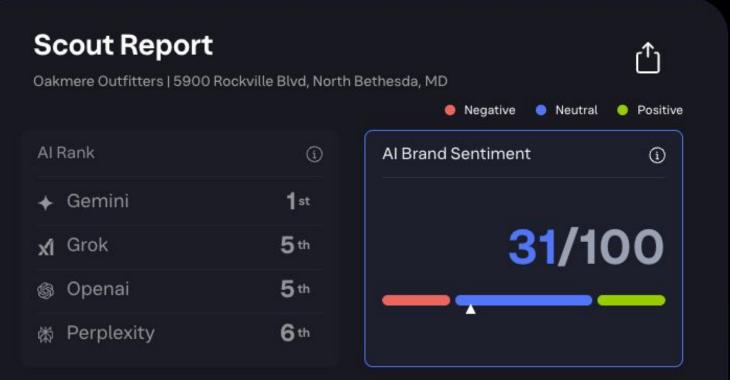










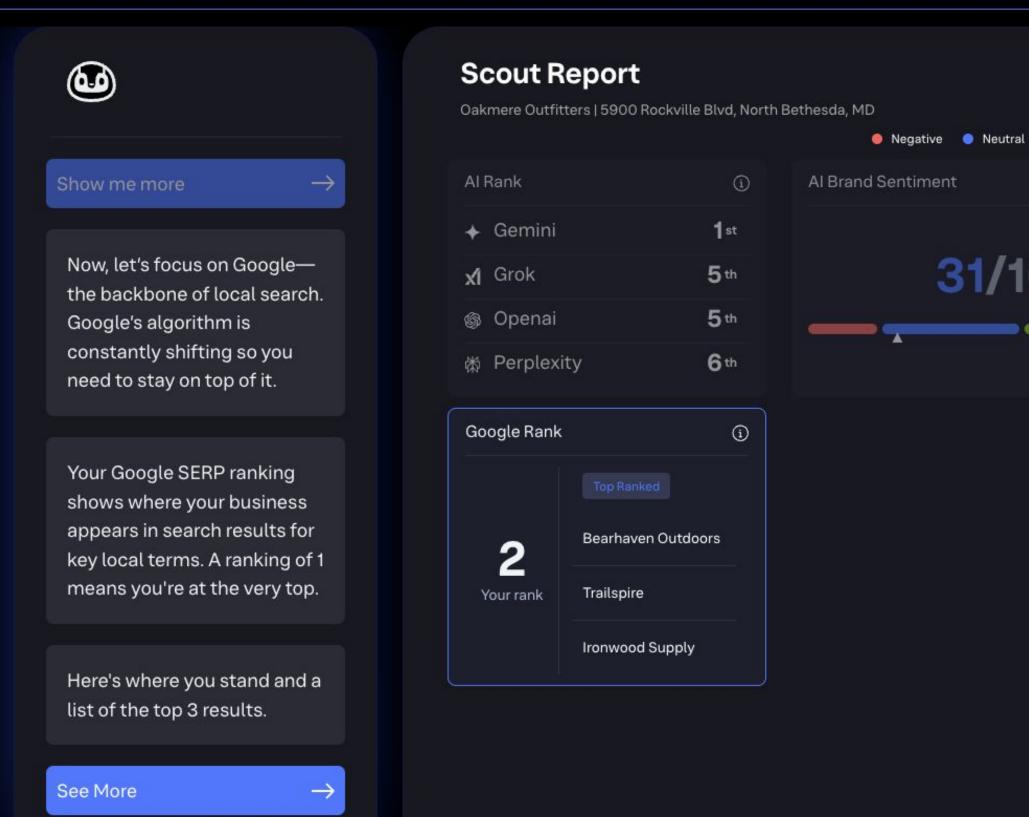




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Positive

1

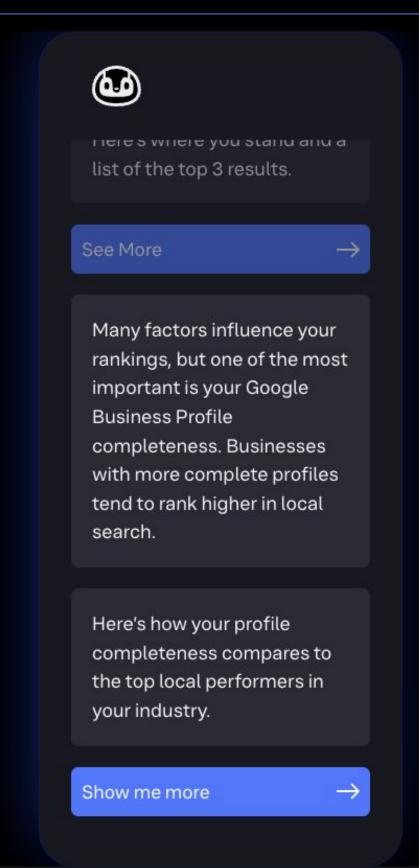


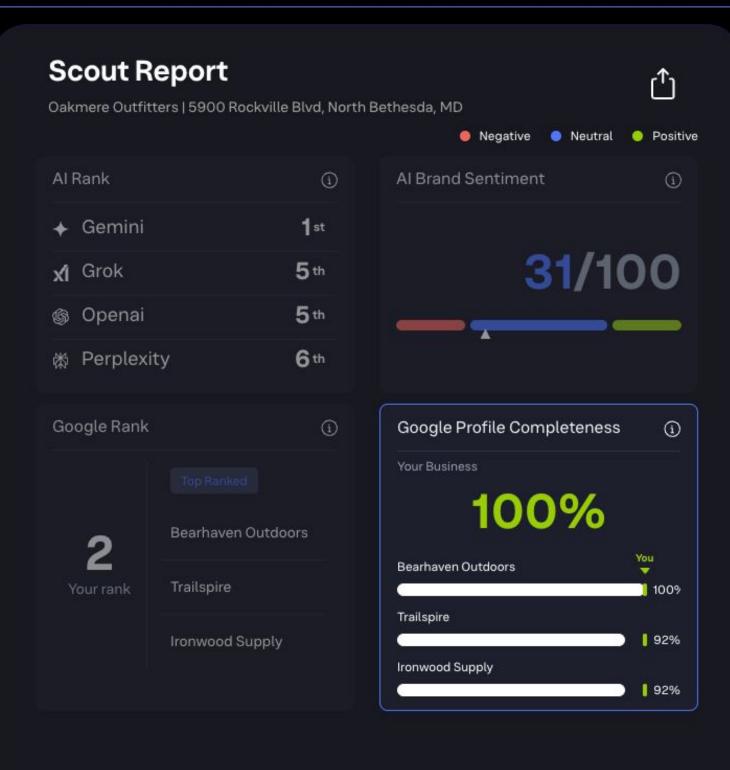
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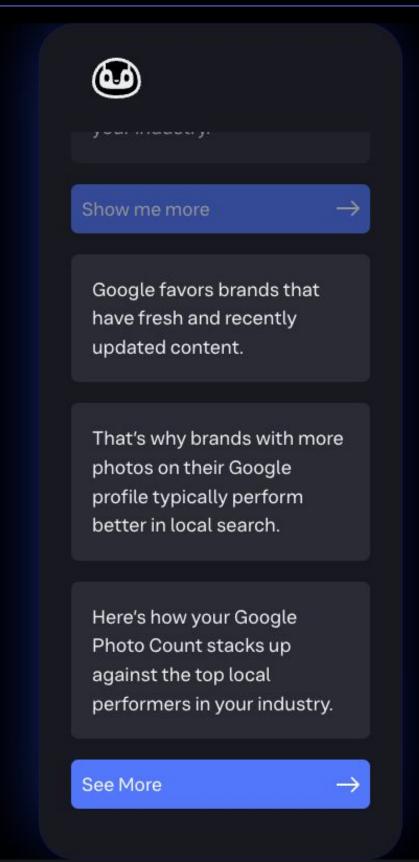
Try Scout

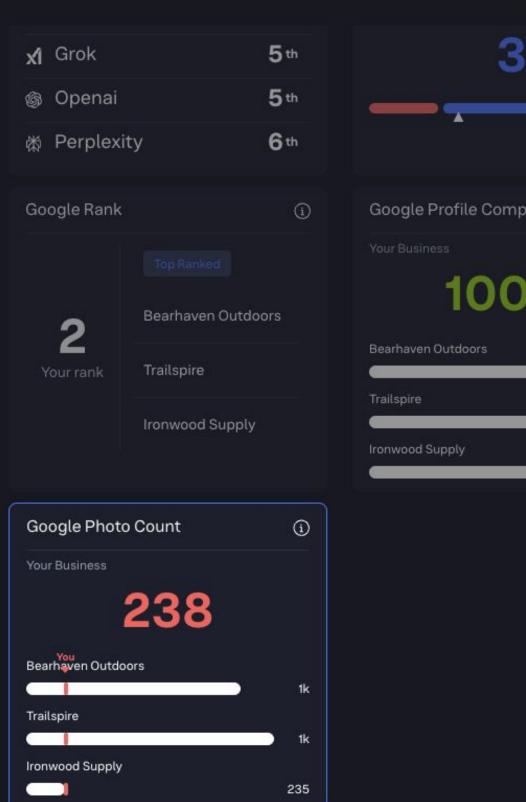
Join Waitlist

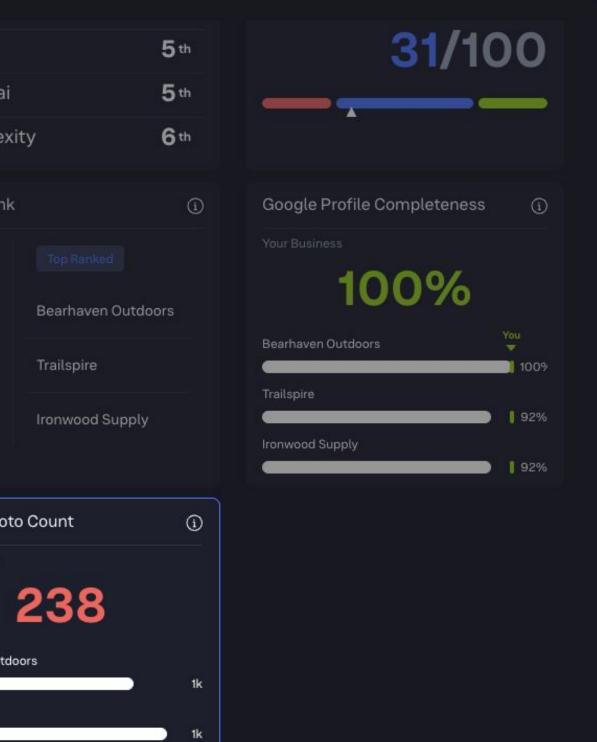










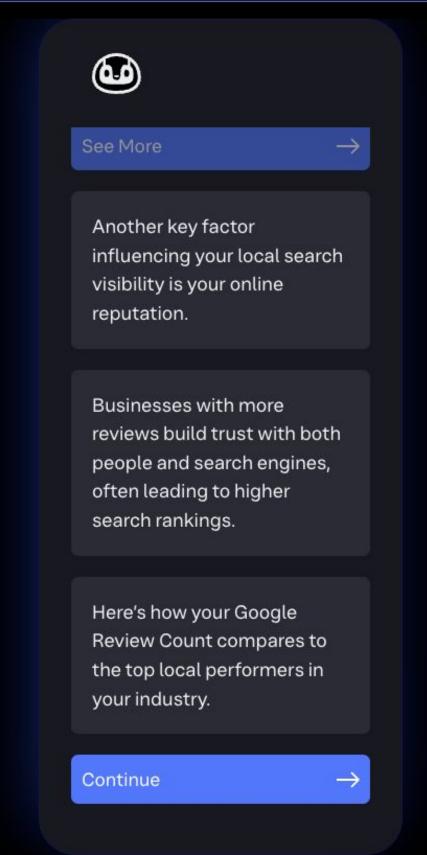


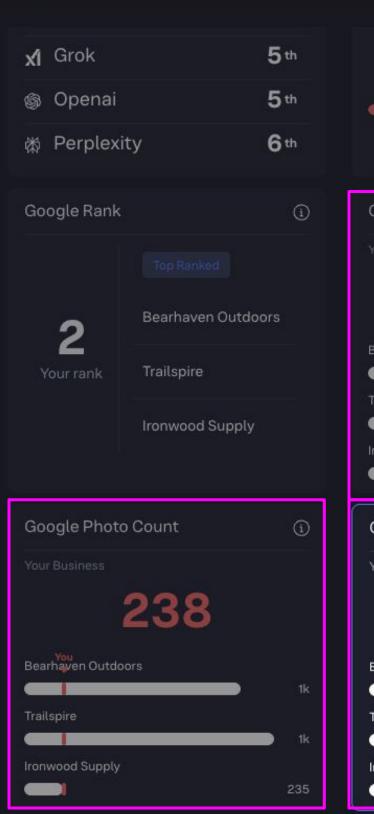
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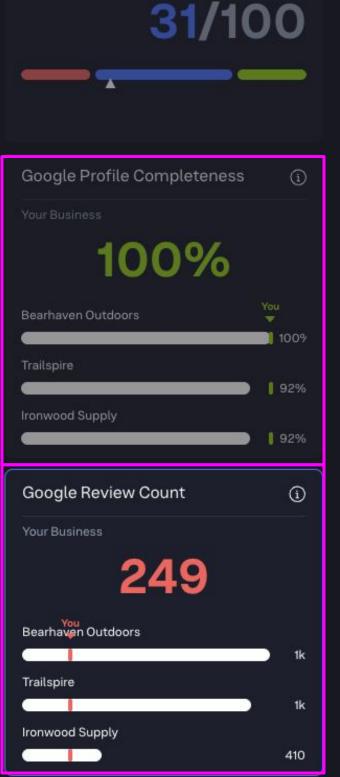


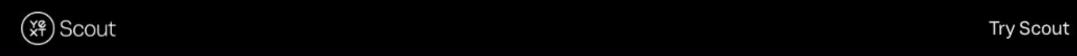
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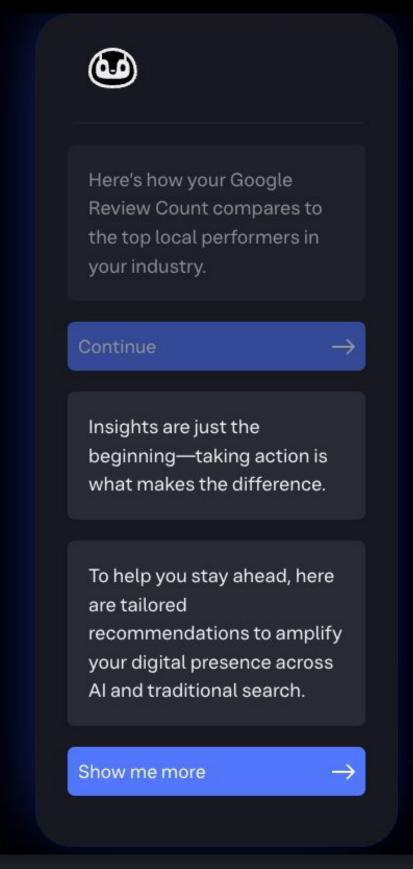
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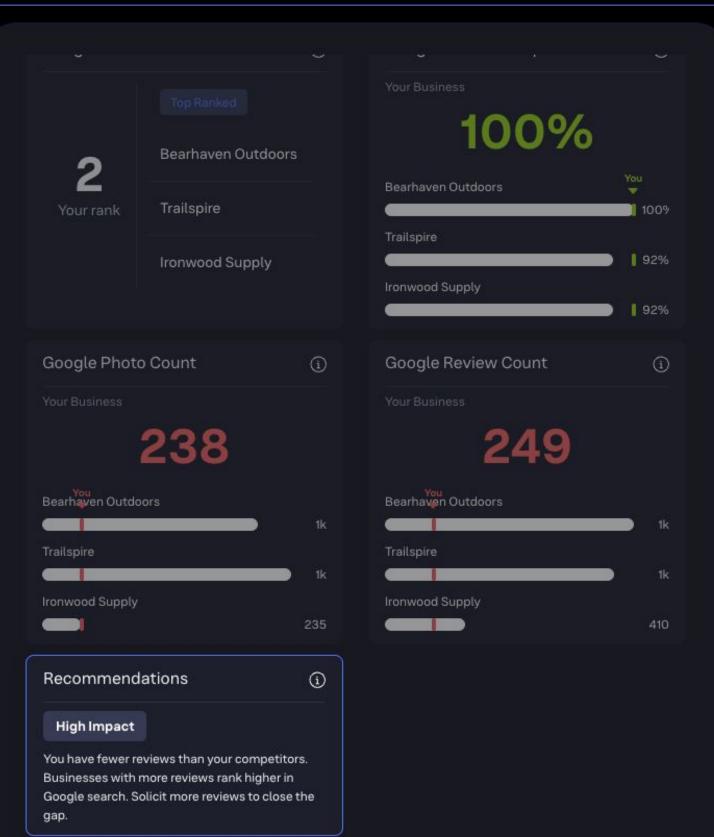




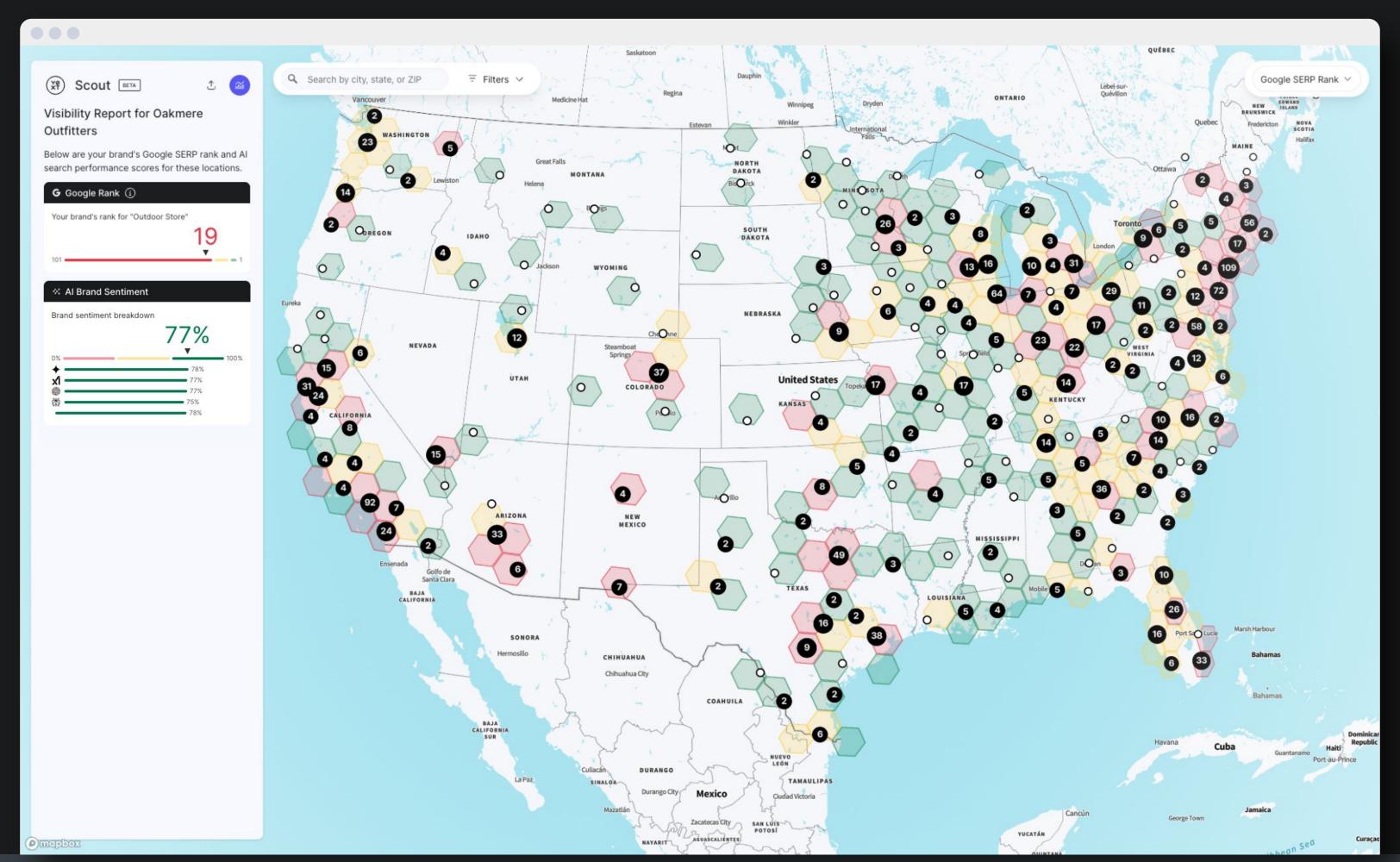


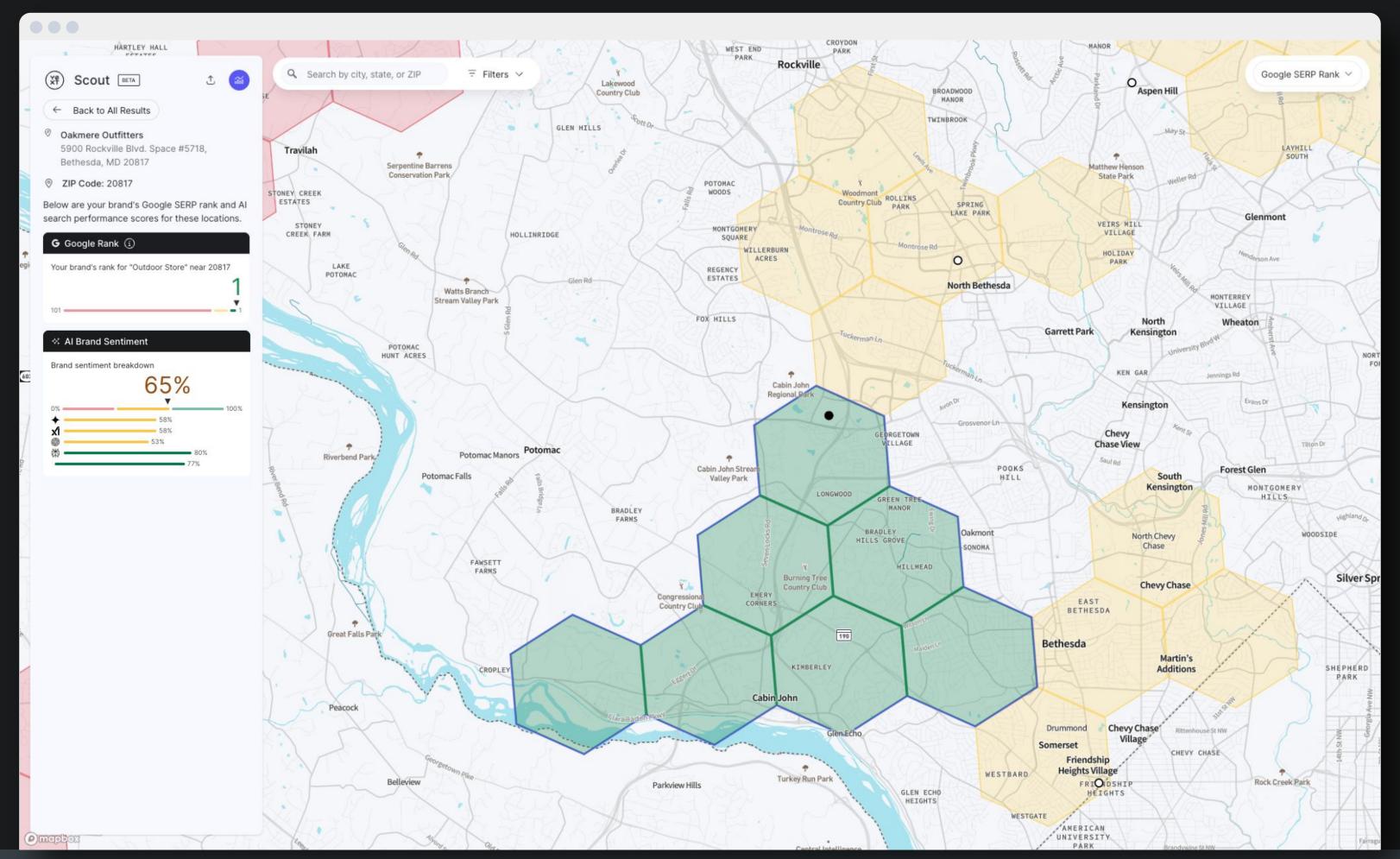


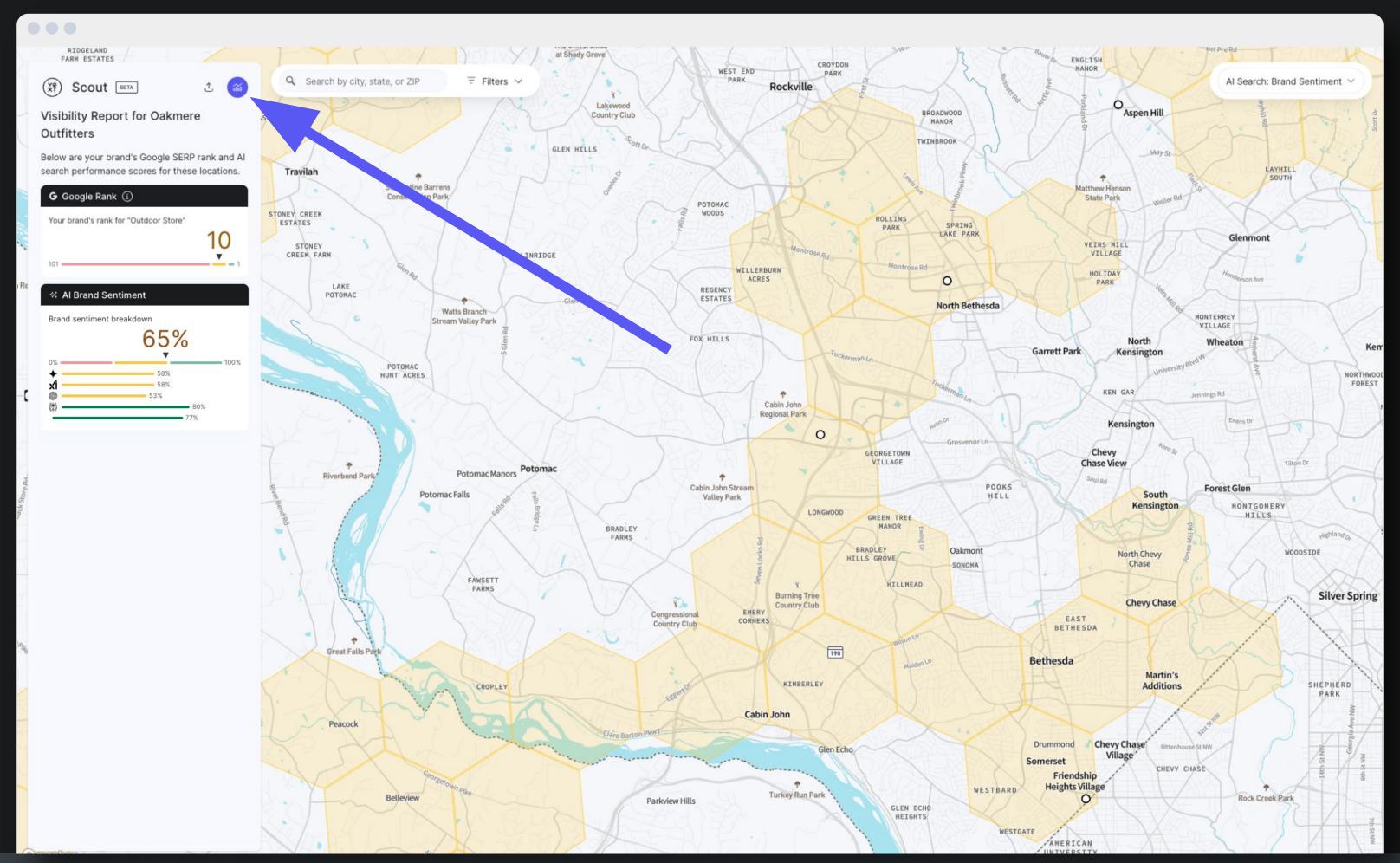




Join Waitlist





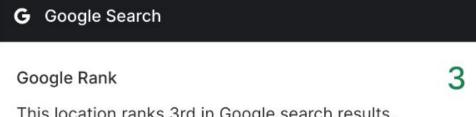




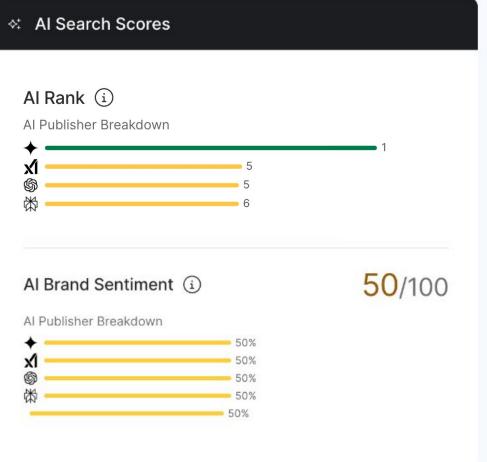
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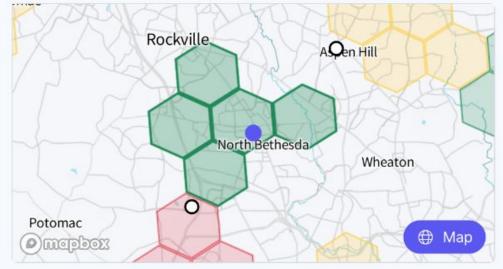
Oakmere Outfitters

5900 Rockville Blvd, North Bethesda, MD 20852



This location ranks 3rd in Google search results, compared with its local competitors. The lower the score, the higher the rank.





How did we get these scores?

These are some of the keywords and unbranded questions we're asking Google and Al.

- **G** "Outdoor Store" near [zip code]
- ♦<sup>+</sup> "What are the store hours for Oakmere Outfitters near me?"
  - "What are the best products to buy at Oakmere Outfitters?"
  - "Where can I find an outdoor store near me?"
  - "What are the best outdoor stores near me with high customer ratings?"

#### \$\mathcal{C}\$ How can you improve visibility?

Reputation High Impact

Encourage satisfied customers to leave reviews of your business.

Reviews are a key factor in local search rankings. Encourage satisfied customers to leave reviews of your business on Google, Yelp, and other review sites.

Web

Increase content depth for common questions.

Your highest-ranked pages contain an average of 2,000 words, while underperforming pages have less than 800. Expanding content can improve search

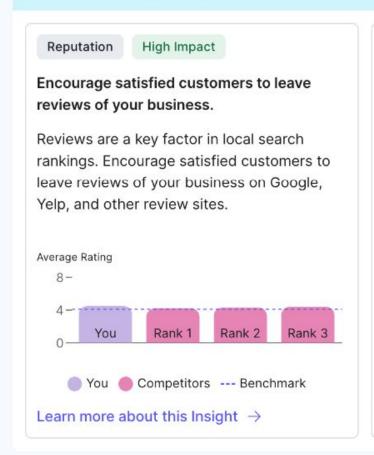
Data

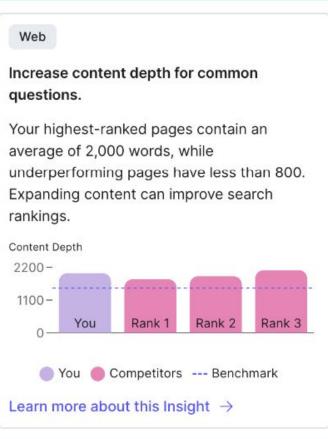
Claim your profile

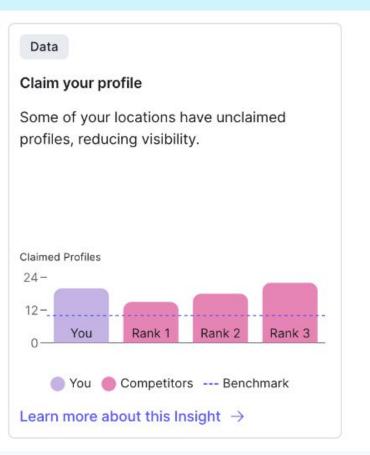
Some of your locations have unclaimed profiles, reducing visibility.

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#### \$\mathcal{C}\$ How can you improve visibility?







How do you compare?	Oakmere Outfitters 11878 Grand Park Ave	Local Competition (Google Results Avg)				حلے	
Attributes impacting visibility		North Bethesda, MD 20852	Rank 1 Bearhaven Outdoors	Rank 2 Trailspire	Rank 3 (You) Oakmere Outfitters	Rank 4-10 ◆	Rank 11-40 ◆
Google Review Count	06	154	520	45	154	90.7	139.5
Avg Google Rating		3.8	3.9	3.7	3.8	3.7	3.8
Google Review Number of Topics		10	10	4	10	4.6	4.6
Google Total Questions		0	8	0	0	0.6	2.3
New Reviews per Month	S	1.5	5	0.3	1.5		1.6
Google % Profile Complete	8	100	100	100	100	94	93.9
Google Photo Count	2	36	130	47	36	25	47



= 1 locations

 $\triangle$ 

← Back to Visibility Report

#### **♀** How can Oakmere Outfitters improve visibility?

Reputation

**High Impact** 

△ Insight

Oakmere Outfitters has 28% fewer reviews than competitors-closing this gap can boost local rankings, improve trust, and drive more visits.

- ∀our Reviews: 180 | Top 3 Competitors Avg: 250
- **G** Google confirms that businesses with more reviews get 42% more clicks and 35% more direction requests than those with fewer.

#### Recommended Actions

- Set a Weekly Goal: Aim for 5-10 new reviews per week to close the gap faster.
- Automate Review Requests: Use SMS/email reminders within 24 hours of a visit to increase responses by 3X.
- Leverage Your Team: Train staff to say: "If you had a great experience, we'd love to hear about it! Leaving a
  quick Google review helps others find us too."

#### Why This Matters

- ✓ Businesses with more frequent & high-quality reviews rank higher in Google search.
- ✓ Locations with 25%+ fewer reviews than top competitors see lower engagement & search rankings. Closing this gap can increase visibility.
- Consumers are 2x more likely to pick a business with more recent reviews over one with fewer but older reviews.
- ♦ Al Search Boost: Al-generated search results prioritize businesses with review sentiment diversity—



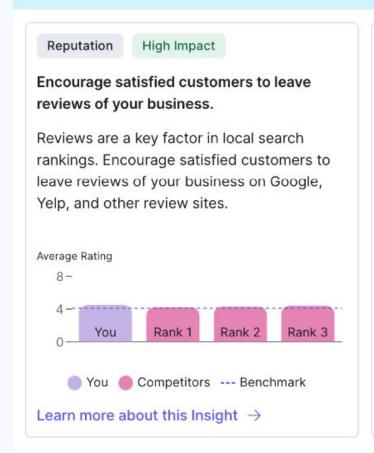
#### Oakmere Outfitters

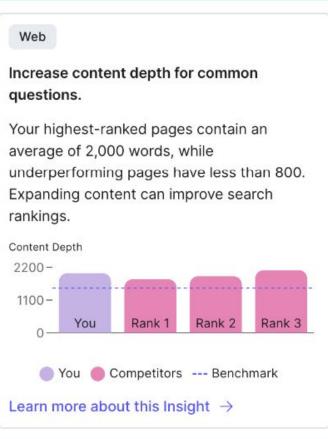
5900 Rockville Blvd, North Bethesda, MD 20852

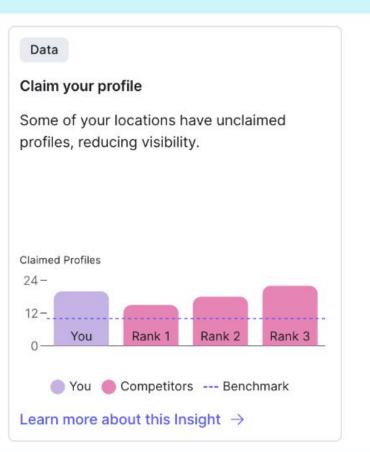
How helpful was this insight?

3 12

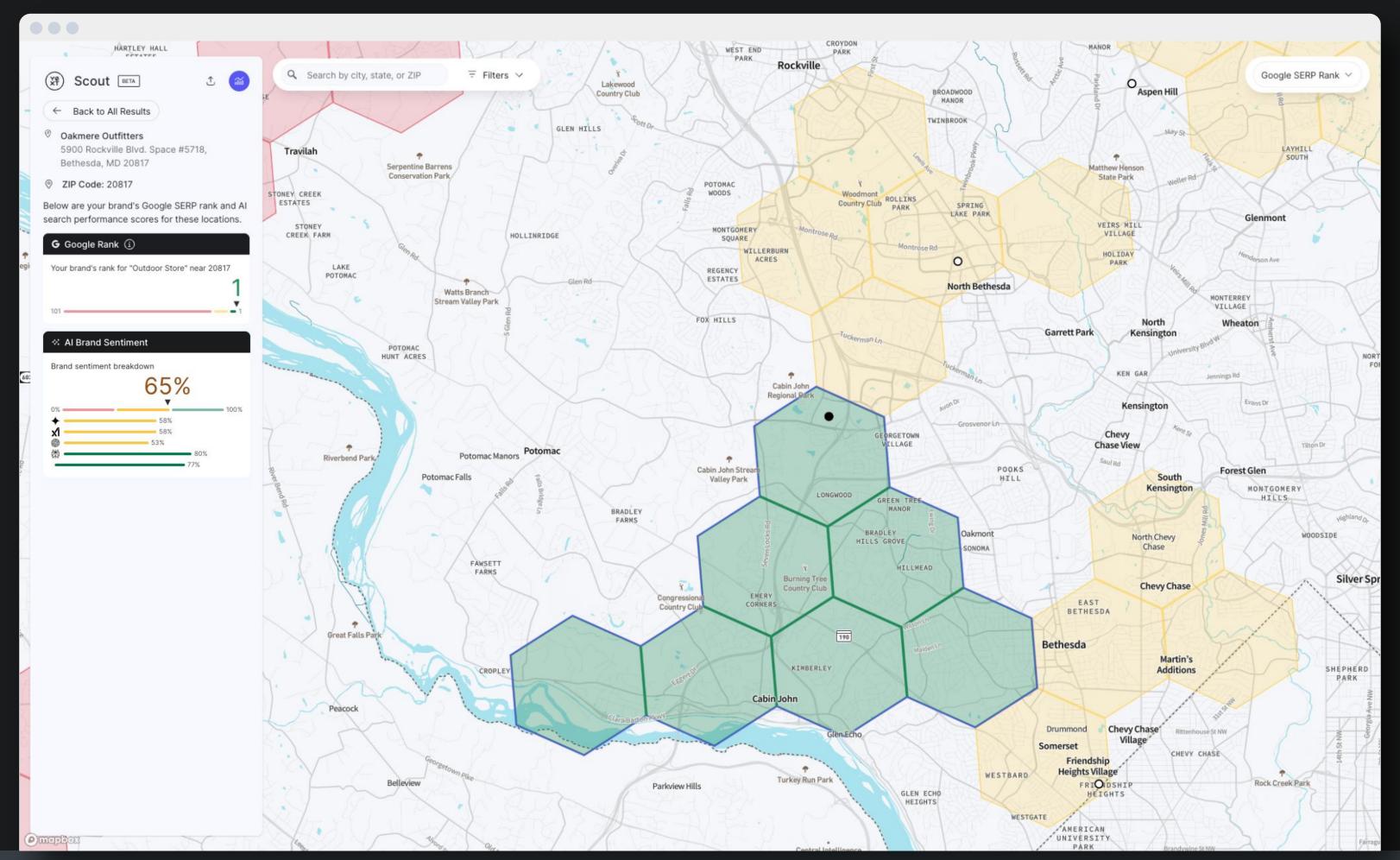
#### \$\mathcal{C}\$ How can you improve visibility?

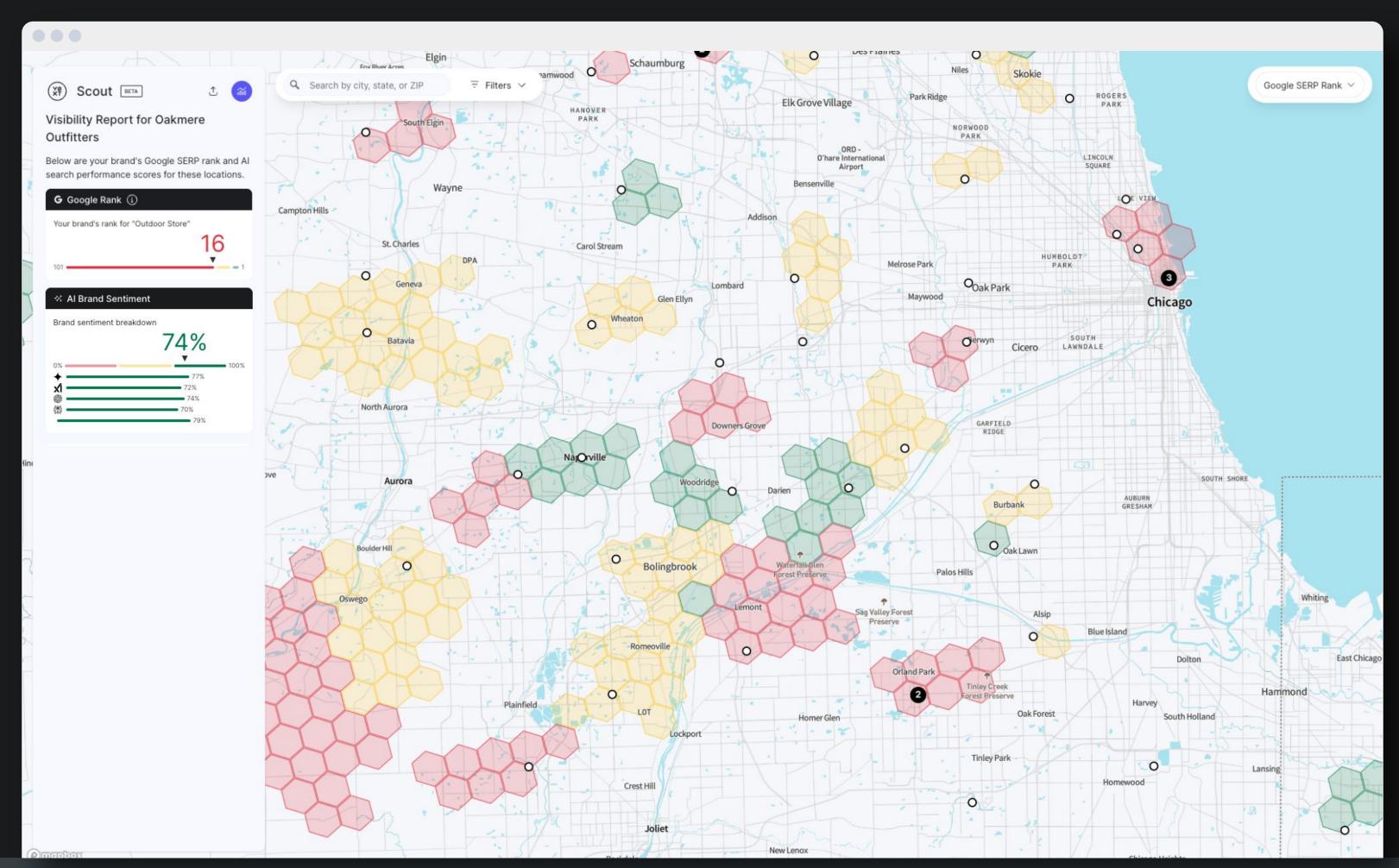


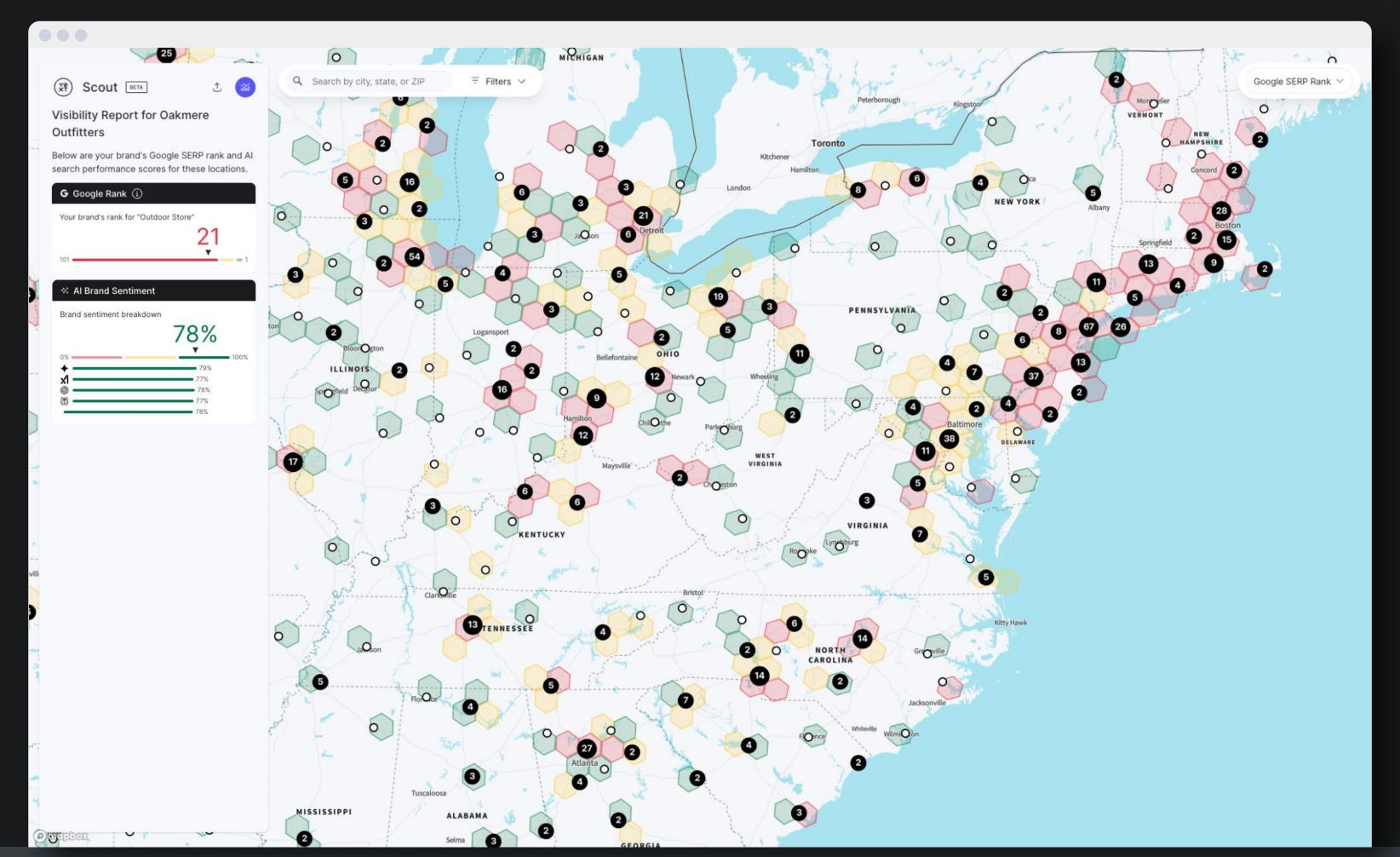


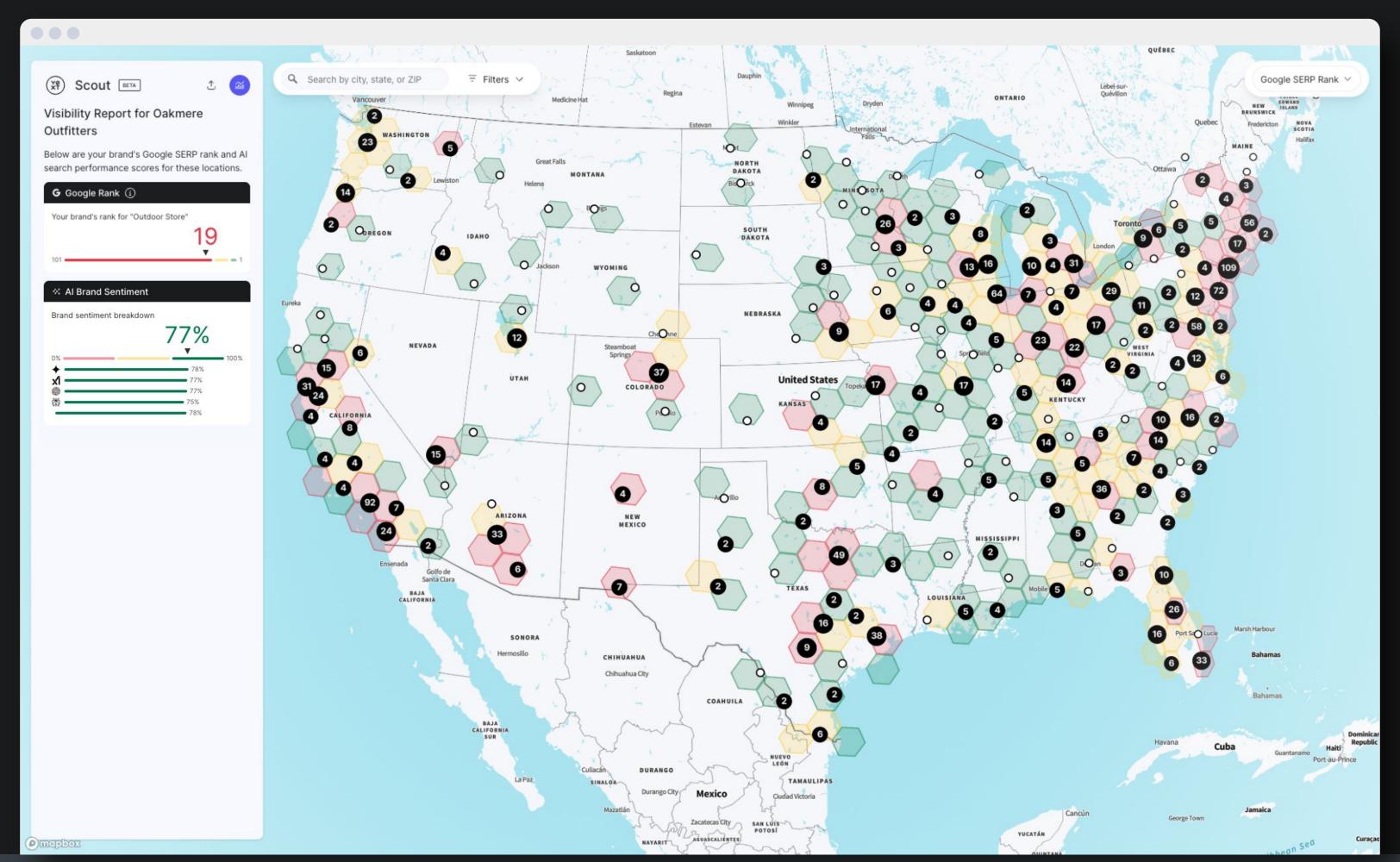


How do you compare?		Oakmere Outfitters 11878 Grand Park Ave	Local Competition (Google Results Avg)				حلا
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New Reviews per Month	<b>%</b>	1.5	5	0.3	1.5		1.6
Google % Profile Complete	8	100	100	100	100	94	93.9
Google Photo Count	c.	36	130	47	36	25	47

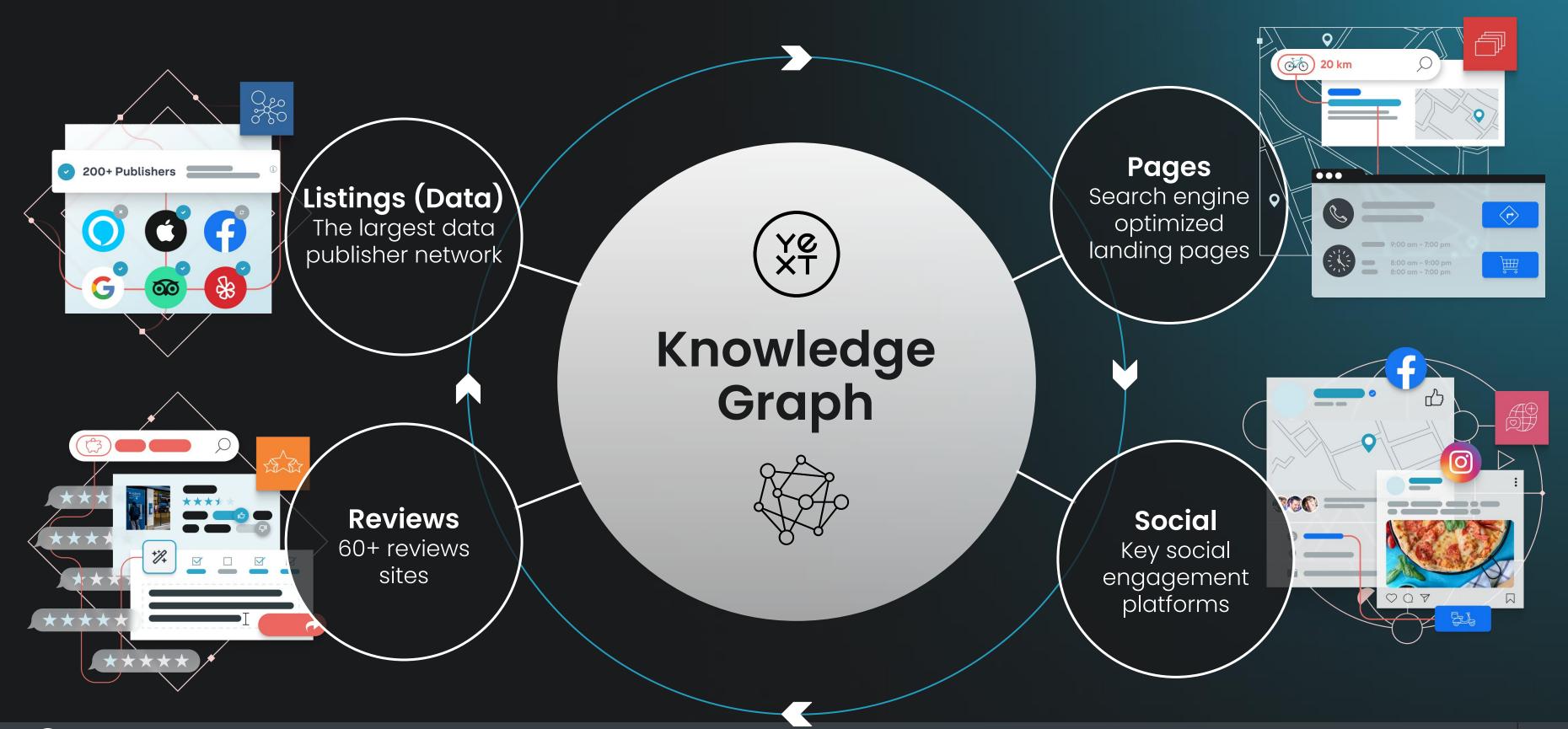








## Growth Flywheel



# SCOUTE





**Christian Ward** EVP, Chief Data Officer



Michael Miciewicz Director, Data Science

# Insights & Impact

The data driving the Yext advantage

# Fragmentation will Accelerate

#### From Agents to Agentic -

- Today, most AI search is still more intelligent than agentic (bottom right)
- High agency and intelligence means optimizing for agentic data use
- Yext optimizes this through the four primary data channels to Search & Al systems

#### Agency vs. Intelligence

Karpathy's thesis: Agency > Intelligence

High Agency Low Intelligence

"Darwin Award candidates"

High Agency High Intelligence

"Future Al agents" (highest impact)

Agency

Low Agency Low Intelligence

"Annoying chatbots"

Low Agency High Intelligence

"Current AI models" (knowledge without action)

Intelligence

### Al & Data Strategy



Search & AI will soon merge - requiring the best, most authoritative data



Graph

Key social engagement platforms

# Three Examples

Of market impact from data science insights (and Scout)



Scout metrics to correct for distance in search rankings

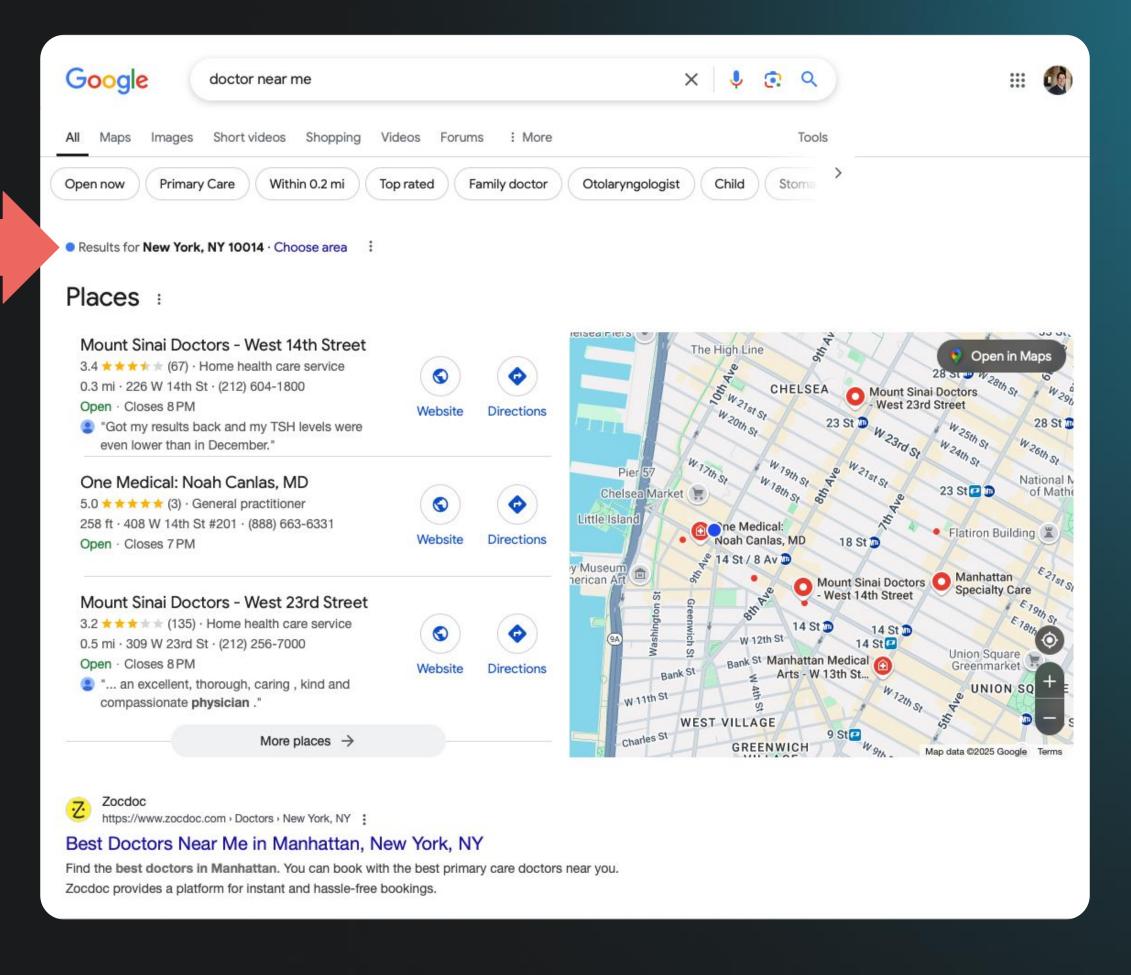


Scout's analysis of competitive digital presence platforms



Measuring brand presence in generative Al systems

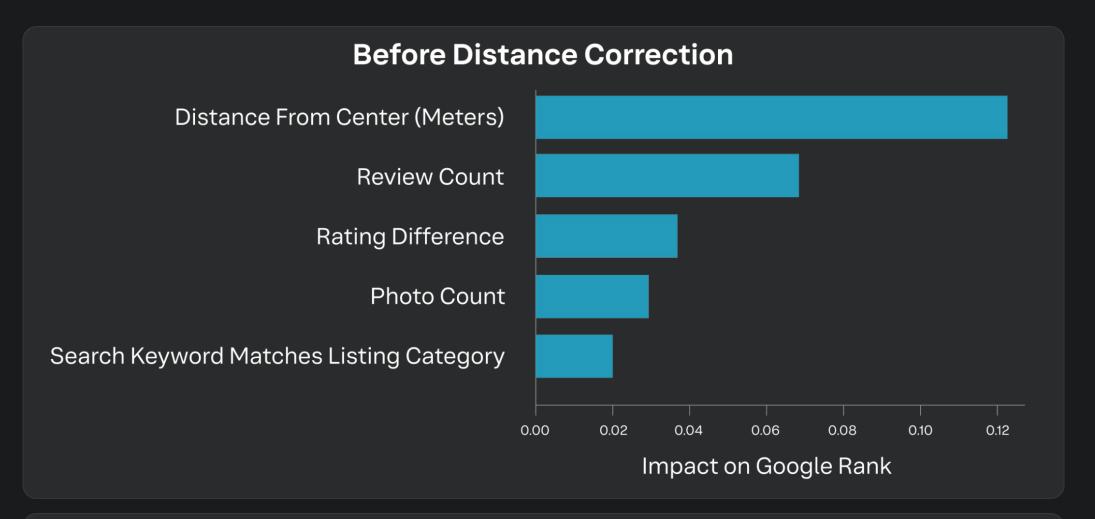
# 80% of the difference? This right here

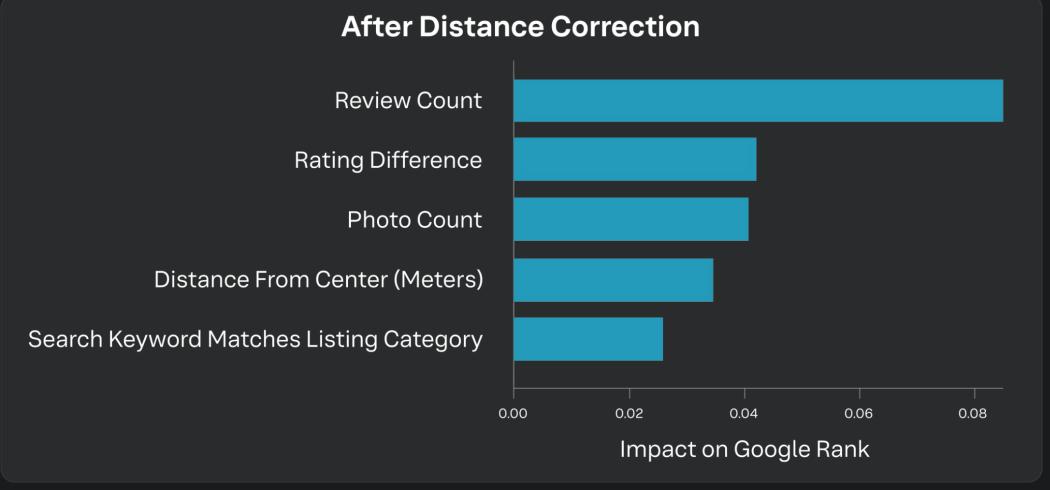


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# Correcting for distance matters!

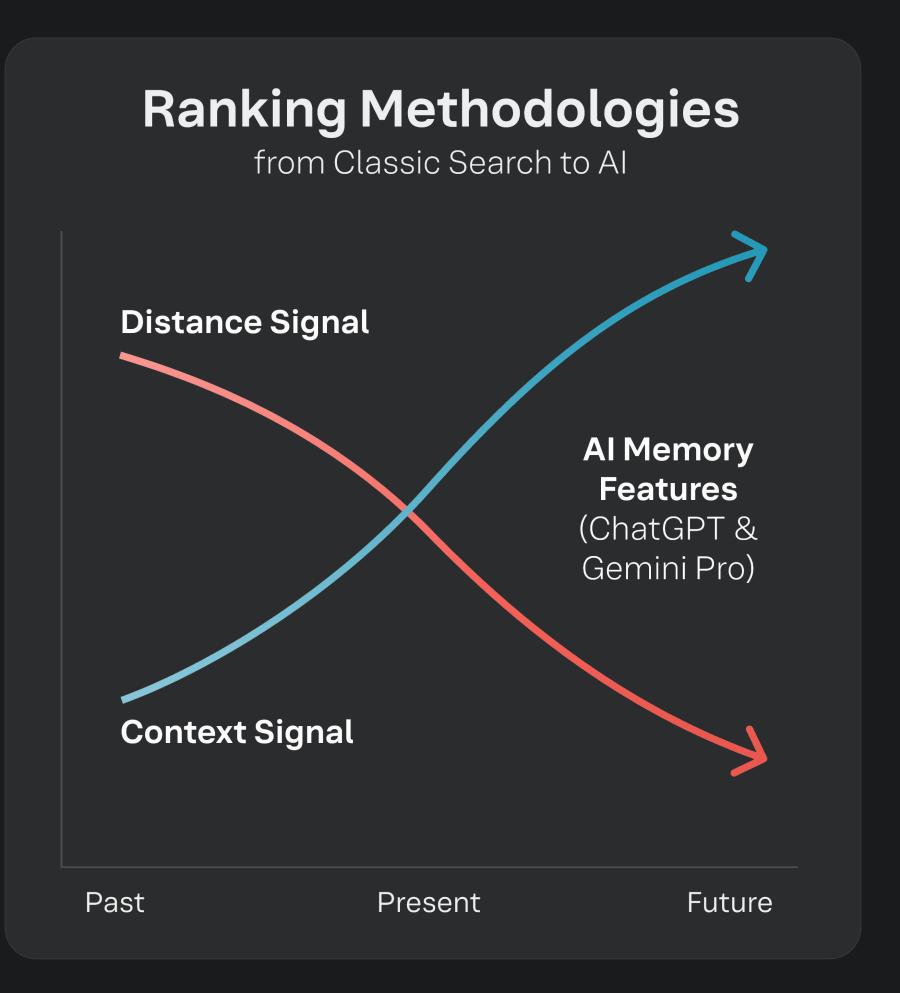
Correcting for distance allows us to provide more useful recommendations for each location scanned by Scout





# Ranking methodologies change regularly

While classic search used distance (regardless of category) - Al search will leverage memory and context more



## Three Examples

Of market impact from data science insights (and Scout)



Scout metrics to correct for distance in search rankings



Scout's analysis of competitive digital presence platforms



Measuring brand presence in generative Al systems

# Yext outperforms competitors

Results of Scout scanning



## Three Examples

Of market impact from data science insights (and Scout)



Scout metrics to correct for distance in search rankings



Scout's analysis of competitive digital presence platforms



Measuring brand presence in generative Al systems

### Citations in Search & Al

Each question type is tracked to measure brands and source data

#### Branded

Where is the closest Apple Store?

VS

#### Unbranded

Where is the closest computer Store?

#### Objective

What time does this restaurant open?

VS

#### Subjective

Is this a good restaurant to get brunch?

#### Simple

What is the address for this dentist?

VS

#### Complex

Why does my dentist use invisalign over SureSmile?

# Most Queries are Combinations of Types

Complex

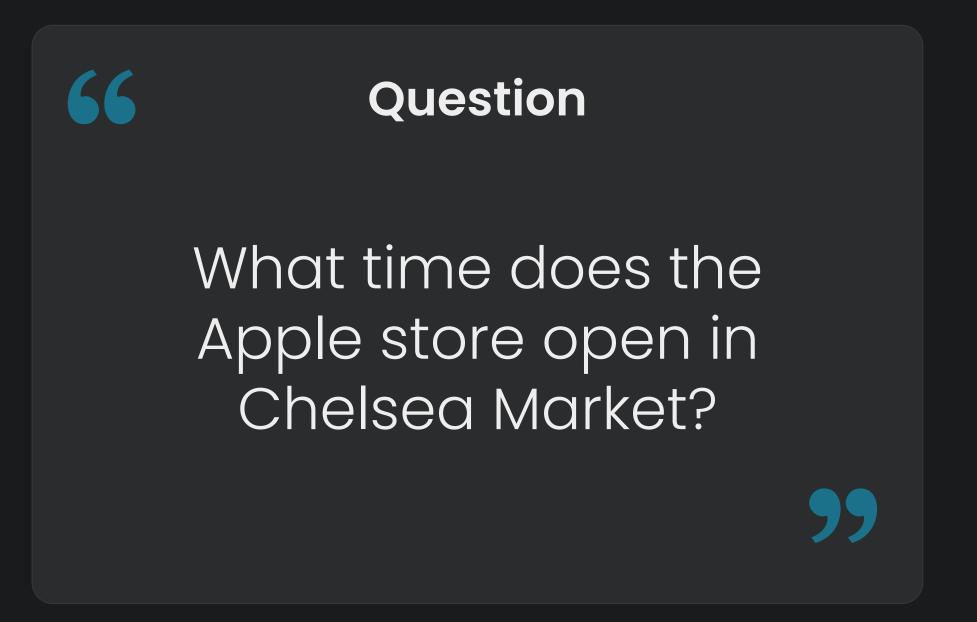
# Query TypesBrandedUnbrandedObjectiveSubjective

Question

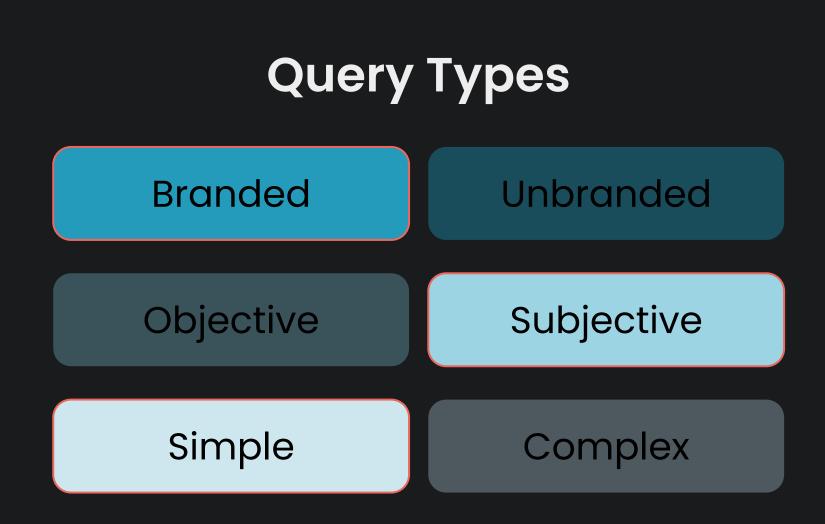
Simple

# Most Queries are Combinations of Types

# Query Types Branded Unbranded Objective Subjective Simple Complex



### Most Queries are Combinations of Types





### Most Queries are Combinations of Types

#### **Query Types**

Branded

Unbranded

Objective

Subjective

Simple

Complex



#### Question

What's a good restaurant for a business dinner near Chelsea Market?



# Trust is the Currency of AI, and Citations are Its Receipts

Al search requires authoritative, consistent, and up-to-date data through listings, websites, reviews, and social signals

#### **Al Question Types**

Unbranded Objective Complex Unbranded Subjective Simple Branded Objective Simple

Causes Inverse Prompts

**Review Sites** 

Official Website

Professional Associations

Local Blogs

Schema Markup

Educational Resources

Social Media Content Verified Directories

#### **Citation Quality Metrics**

Content Origin - Data Consistency Update Frequency - Information Depth

### Scout understands citations



Both classic search and Al search make use of citations



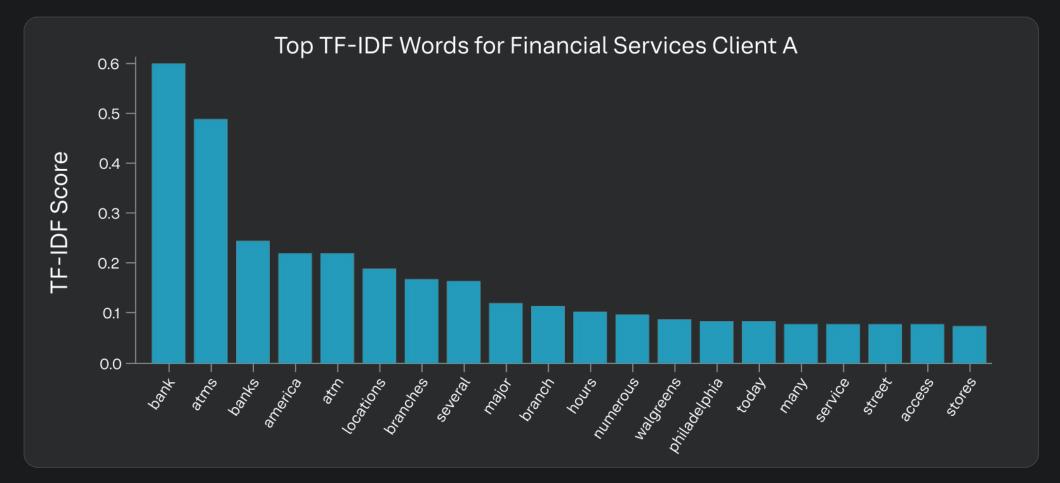
We ingest and analyze citation data at scale to understand how both SGE and classic search are affected by digital presence

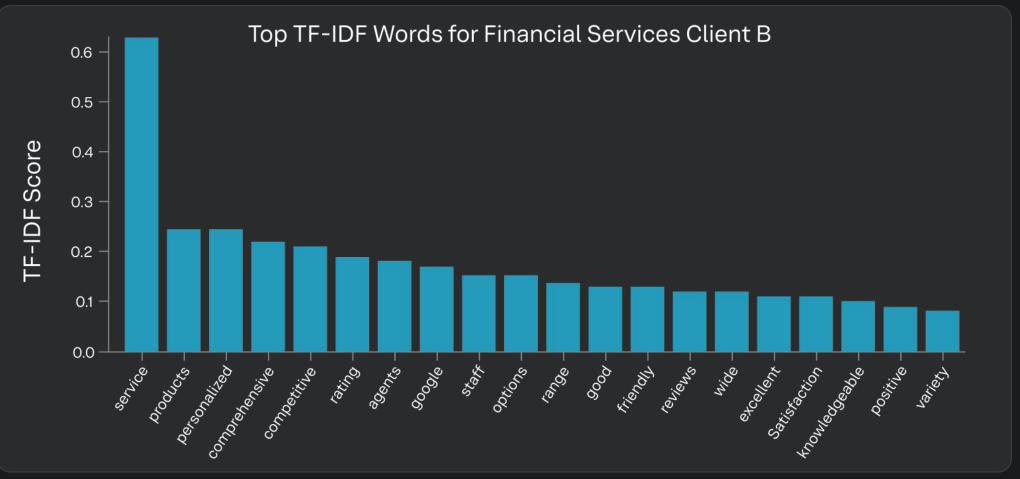


By collecting AI search data at scale, we can observe and analyze digital presence strategies employed by brands

### Brands Have Signatures in Al Search

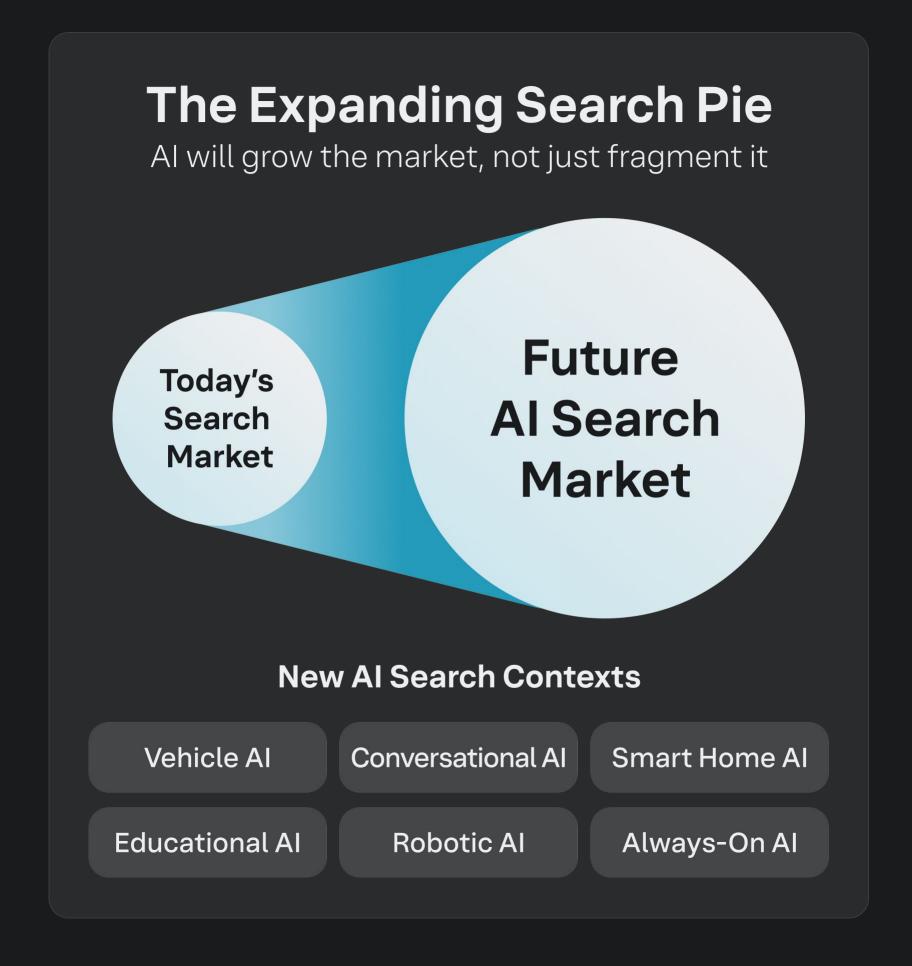
We can detect different marketing strategies and brand voices in AI Search as a result of the scanning technology we built for Scout.





### The Search Market will expand with Al

Al Search expands beyond the classic search context and will need more structured data from brands







#### Thomas Nielsen

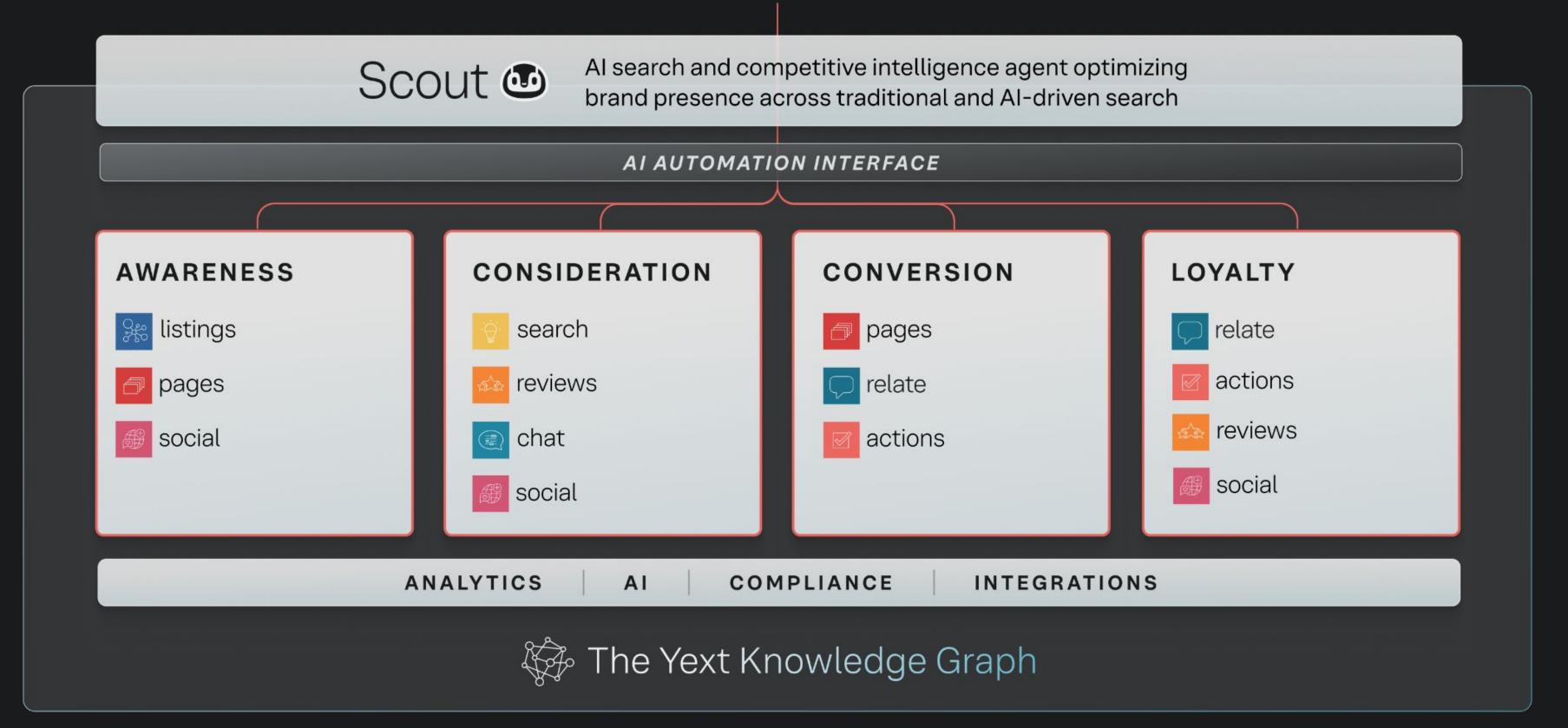
Chief Revenue Officer

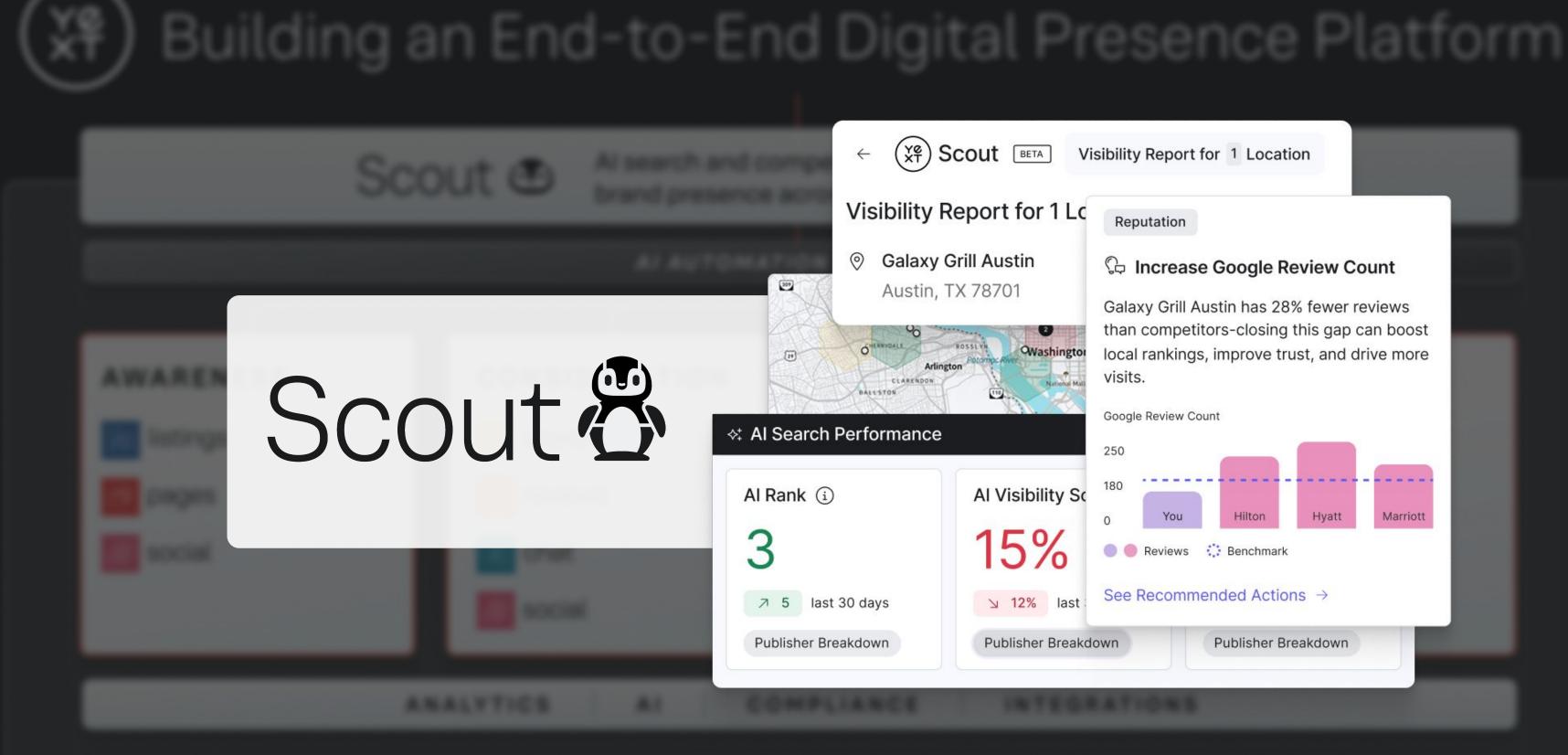
# From Platform to Pipeline

Turning product momentum into measurable growth



### Building an End-to-End Digital Presence Platform





646

sign ups on the waitlist (and climbing)

300+

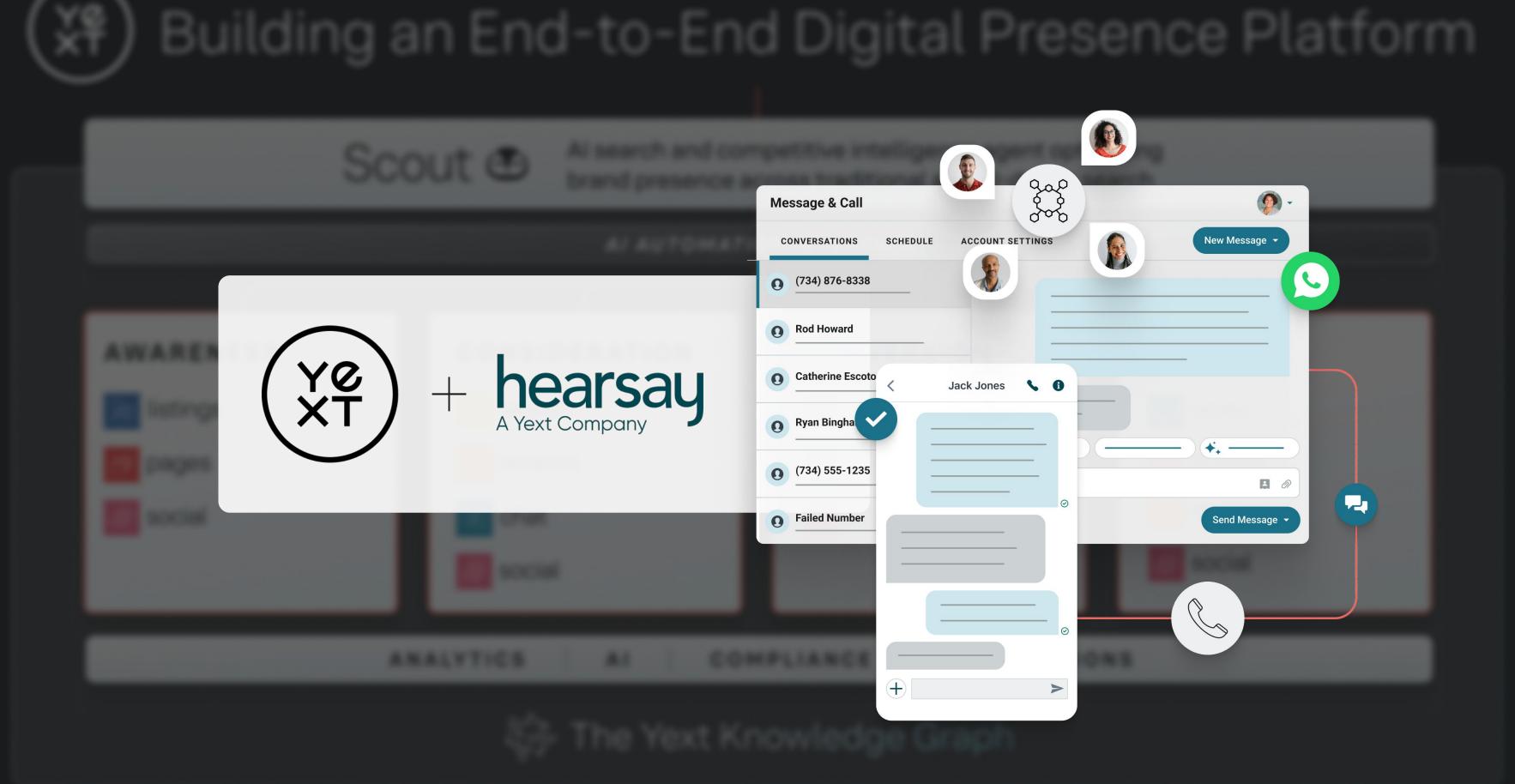
customer conversations "This allows us to tell a cleaner story both from a "what do we ask people to do" as well as "here's how things are measured with very specific actionable things we did and the result we got out of it." So it provides a granularity, for me ... It's exciting for us."

"I can definitely see where this approach will allow us to unlock more of those insights. I think the data you showed today just obviously reinforces that. So, I think in those areas alone, it will show us the value."

"Big news with Places Scout, that is awesome. I'm ecstatic, the local community, they're all buzzing about it... that's huge. I'm pretty excited that we can have a lot more granular view in how we're performing in the local space from just our standpoint, but then from a competitive standpoint as well... I can't wait to hear more."

"We NEED to be your first EMEA beta customer - immediately!"





## GTM Strategy: Reseller

Commitment to Reseller Channel

97%

Gross Retention Rate
Among top 10 resellers

As of 1/31/2025

175+

New Resellers Activated

From 2/1/24-1/31/25

70%+

of resellers sell more than one product

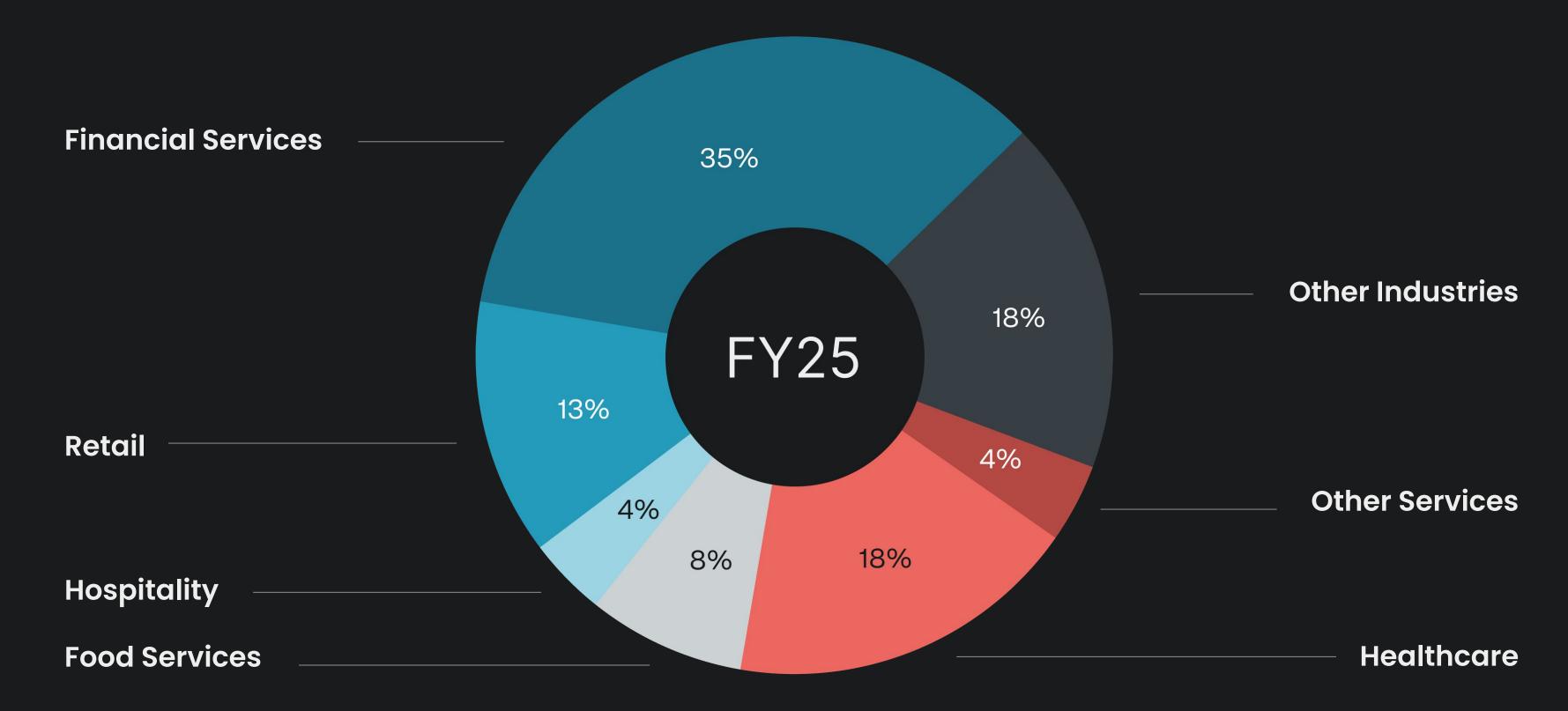
As of 1/31/2025





Gross Retention Rate is an operating metric. Refer to the Appendix for definition.

## Vertical Focus



ARR is an operating metric; refer to the Appendix for definition.

% of ARR by Vertical, Direct excl. SMB

## GTM Strategy



Focus on the right accounts



Full-funnel execution



Unify our field teams

## Productivity

Today our teams are smaller, there are better spans of control, and more opportunity per AE



Productivity is calculated monthly by dividing incremental bookings by quota-carrying headcount for the relevant period

**Growth & Productivity**  **Vertical Focus** & Depth

**Future** Proofing





### **Yvette Martinez-Rea**

Chief Operating Officer

## Reimagining Customer Success

Aligning structure, service, and strategy to deliver impact at scale

# Rethinking Customer Success

### THEN...

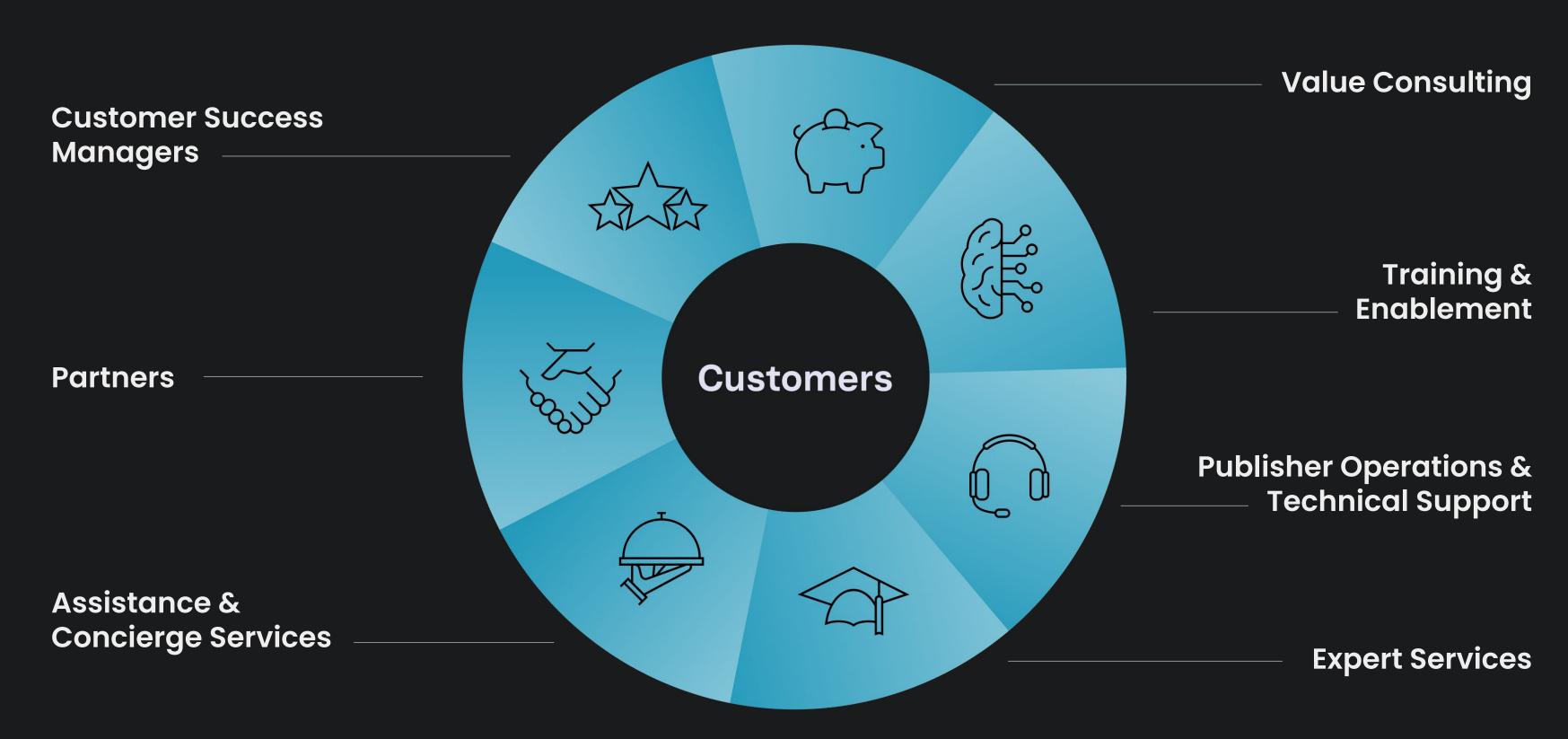
- Shrinking budgets led to contract downsizing
- Lack of essential features drove churn
- CS strategy was misaligned to customer needs
- Competition offered cheaper, bundled solutions

## Addressing Key Customer Themes

"Show me how I'm doing" "Tell me what to fix"

"Help me do more with less"

## Yext Customer Experience



## Investment in Customer Success

Improved Operational Efficiency Expanded
Our Product
Offerings

Launched New and Improved Success Packages Strengthened our Partner Ecosystem

## Right Team, Right Structure, Right Cost.

- Restructured our post-sales org under one team
- Reduced costs across the org
- Improved resolution times, decreasing by two business days
- Retained industry-leading satisfaction at 96%

## We Built What Customers Want

### "Show me how I'm doing."



"The local community, they're all buzzing about it... that's huge. Especially for our local SEO team. It's the first thing they've been excited about in a long time." –Head of Local SEO

"This will show us the value. It's something we've been trying to figure out for years — now we'll finally have the insights to back it up." -VP of Patient and Consumer Experience



Reviews Insights: Themes & Summaries

"I've really been **enjoying the Insights tool**...I really love how [the themes] are laid out."

-Digital Content Specialist

~1,000 businesses have accessed the feature since launch February

### "Tell me what to do."



Listings Recommendations

Customers leveraging Listings Recommendations measured +10.56% increase in impressions and +8.33% increase in engagements from Google.

"This is a great recommendation of what you need to clean up to **maximize your listings. It's very simple** editing them in bulk..."

-Senior Manager Global Retail Experience



### Social Optimal Post Times

Customers leveraging Optimal Post Times expect to see an average of 93% increase in impressions from using the feature

**80% of customers have adopted** using Recommended Post Times

### "Help me do more with less."



Social Platform

"Yext is saving us around 175 personnel hours a week spent on managing social media."

-Social Media Manager



Automatic Review Response

"Since we launched with the tool, we've seen our response rate grow by 50%... we're responding to reviews 80% faster than last year."

-VP, Marketing



Generative Review Response

"We've received over 70 reviews in the last three days—well above our usual volume. Thanks to Yext's generative AI response feature, I was able to address them within minutes, and I'm incredibly grateful for its efficiency."

-Customer Loyalty Supervisor

(XP) INVESTOR DAY 2025

## Success Tailored For Every Customer



Launched new and improved success packages



Tailored strategic customer success for largest customers



Scaled guided engagement models for mid-market and SMB



Continued emphasis on value consulting and training

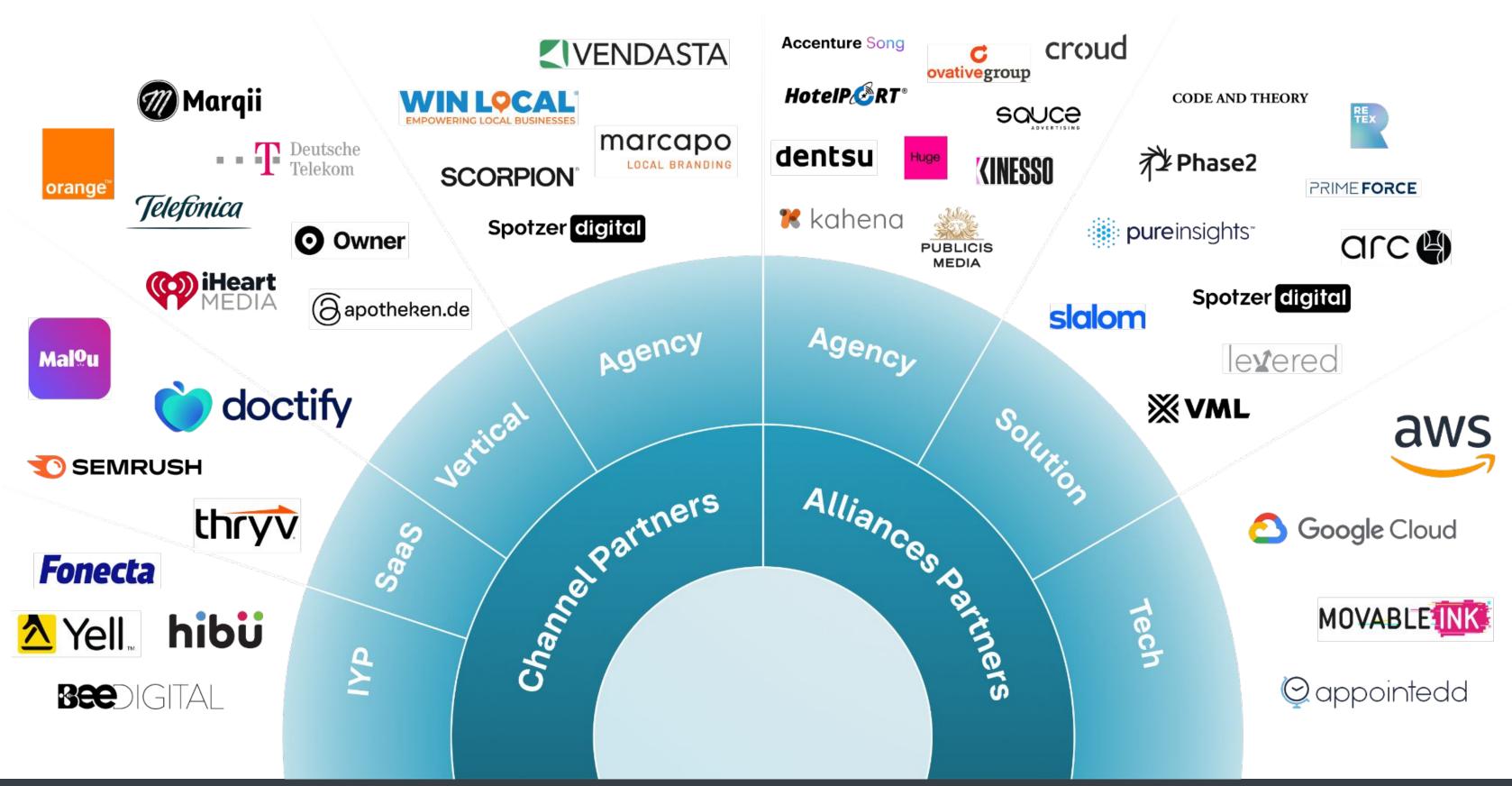
O CSAT across
CS Programs

OCSAT across
Services

99%

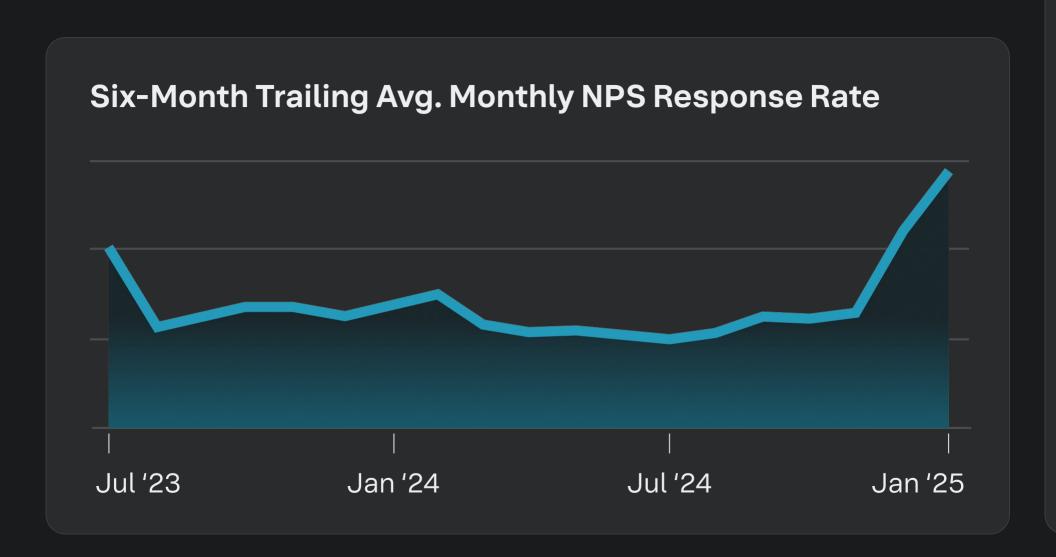
of top 200 customers have CS Packages

### Strengthened our Partner Ecosystem



## The Results:

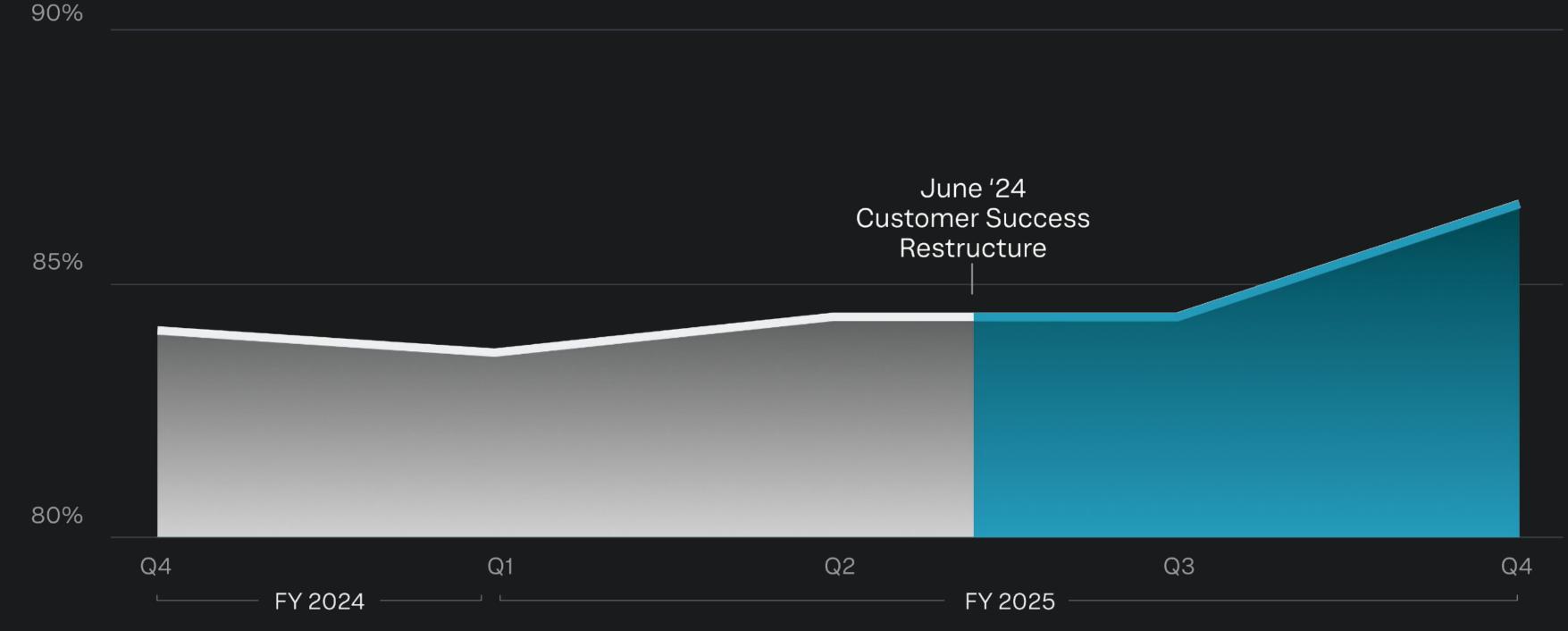
## Customer Satisfaction is High and Improving





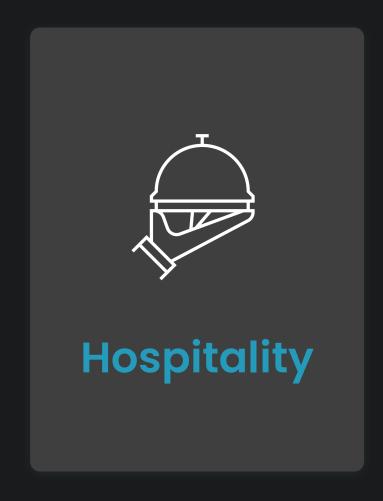


## Continued Focus on Gross Retention Rate Goal of 90%+



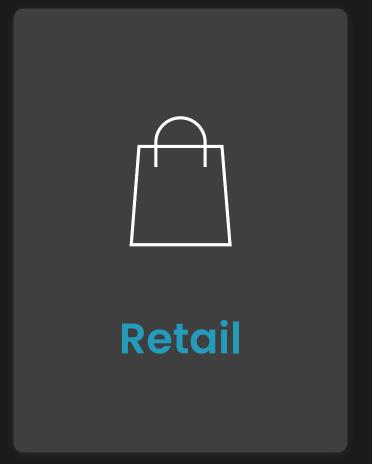
Gross Retention is an operating metric; refer to the Appendix for definition.

## A Broad and Diverse Global Customer Portfolio











# Strong Momentum with Opportunity Ahead

Continue to Push 100%+ NRR

Strengthen Mid-market Cross-sell and Upsell Opportunities

Optimize Customer Success System





## Darryl Bond Chief Financial Officer

## Financial Strategy

## Section Overview

- 1 FY25 Performance
- 2 Growth Opportunities
- 3 Long-term Objectives

## FY25 Performance

## Year-End Summary

### TOP LINE

ARR	<u>\$</u> 443M
ARR Growth	13%
Revenue	\$421M
Revenue Growth	4%

#### MARGINS

Non-GAAP Gross Margin	_ 79%
Non-GAAP Opex as a % of Revenue	66%
Adjusted EBITDA Margin	_ 16%
Non-GAAP Operating Margin	_ 13%

### **BOTTOM LINE**

GAAP Net Loss	\$(28)M
Adjusted EBITDA	<u>\$</u> 67M
Non-GAAP Net Income	\$45M
GAAP EPS*	\$(0.22)
Non-GAAP EPS*	\$0.35

### OTHER KPIS

Net Retention	93%
Cash	<u>\$</u> 123M
Cash Flow from Operations	\$50M
Free Cash Flow	<u>\$</u> 48M
Share Repurchases	\$18M

Basic and diluted

\$ in millions except per share data. Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA Margin, Non-GAAP Net Income, Non-GAAP EPS, Non-GAAP Gross Margin, Non-GAAP Opex as a % of Revenue, Non-GAAP Operating Margin and Free Cash Flow are non-GAAP measures; ARR and NRR are operating metrics; see Appendix for further information, including definitions and reconciliations of GAAP to non-GAAP measures.

## 2023 vs. 2025 Investor Day

2023 Investor Day As of FY23	
ARR*	\$407M
Revenue Growth	3%
Adjusted EBITDA Margin	4%
Rule of 40	7%
Last FQ Rule of 40	12%
TTM FCF	\$12M
New Product(s) (TTM)	Chat

Market Dynamics: Commoditization driven by static market and search monopoly

2025 Investor Day As of FY25	
ARR*	\$443M
Revenue Growth	4%
Adjusted EBITDA Margin	16%
Rule of 40	20%
Last FQ Rule of 40	34%
TTM FCF	\$48M
New Product(s) (TTM)	Social Relate Scout

Market Dynamics: Differentiation driven by Search fragmentation and Al platforms

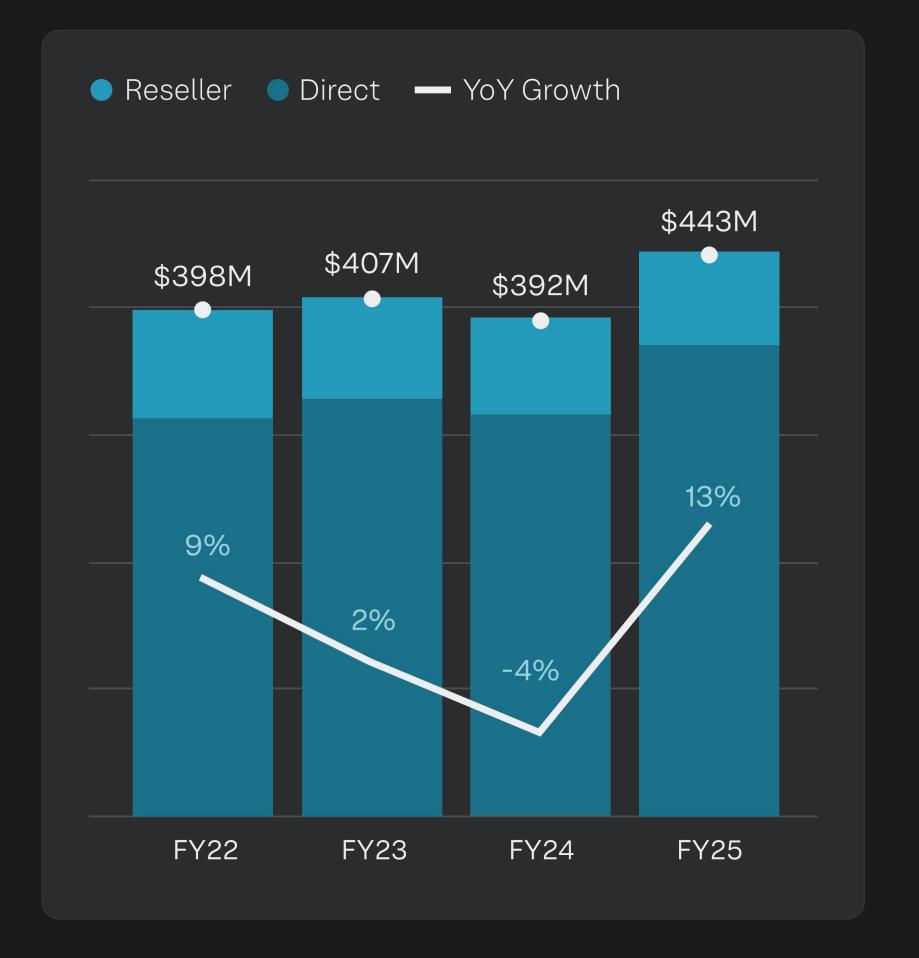
\*ARR as presented includes usage and is an operating metric. Prior to Q4 FY25 we defined ARR to exclude usage as disclosed in filings through Q3 FY25. Refer to the Appendix for current and legacy definitions of ARR.

Adjusted EBITDA Margin and Free Cash Flow are non-GAAP measures; see Appendix for definitions and reconciliations of GAAP to non-GAAP measures. Rule of 40 includes revenue growth % and Adjusted EBITDA Margin.

### ARR

## Direct ARR Stabilization & Inorganic Growth Contribution

Expect continued shift to usage-based ARR in Reseller channel

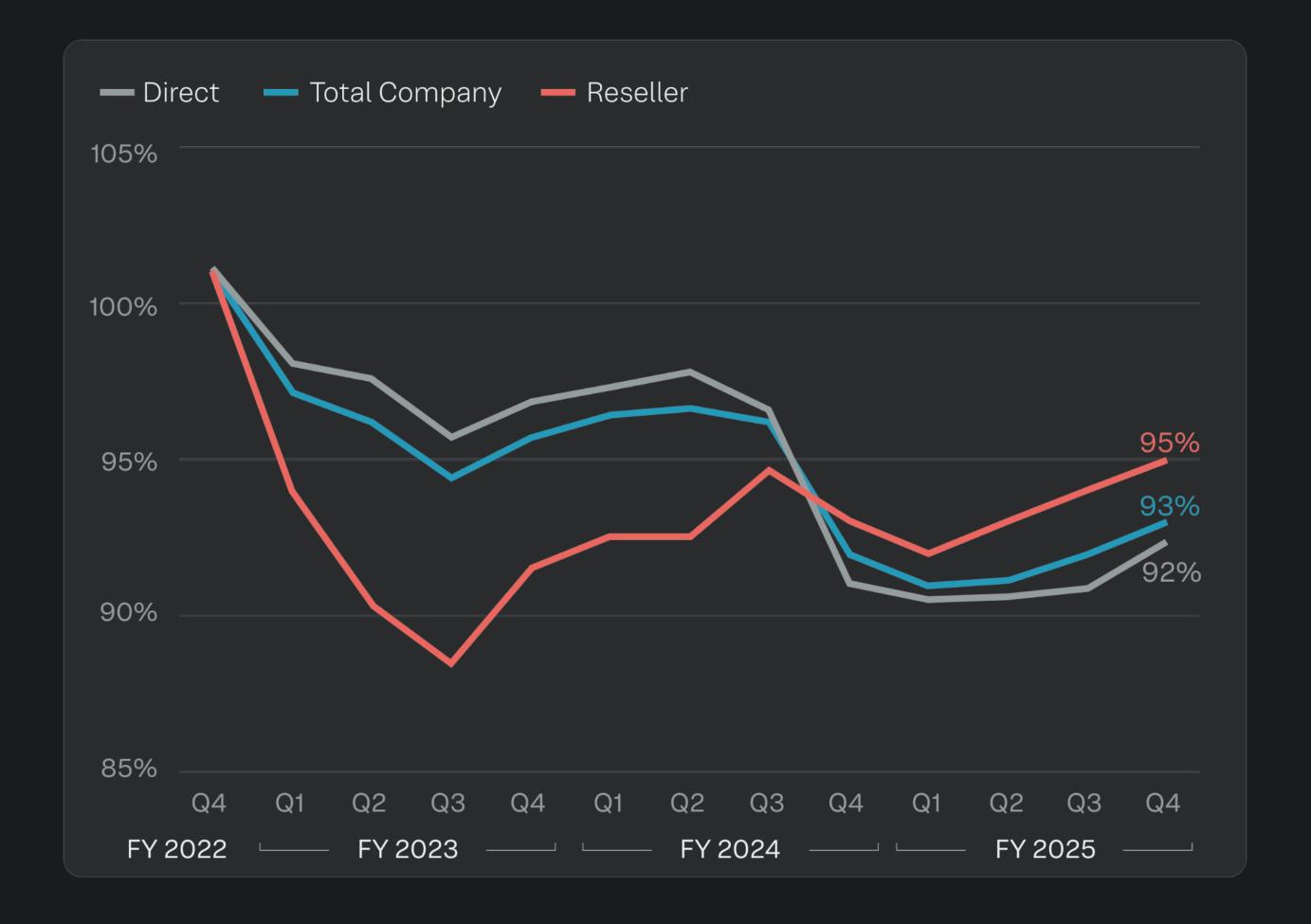


ARR as presented includes usage and is an operating metric. Prior to Q4 FY25 we defined ARR to exclude usage as disclosed in filings through Q3 FY25. Refer to the Appendix for current and legacy definitions of ARR.

## Net Retention Rate

Improving trends driven by increased gross retention

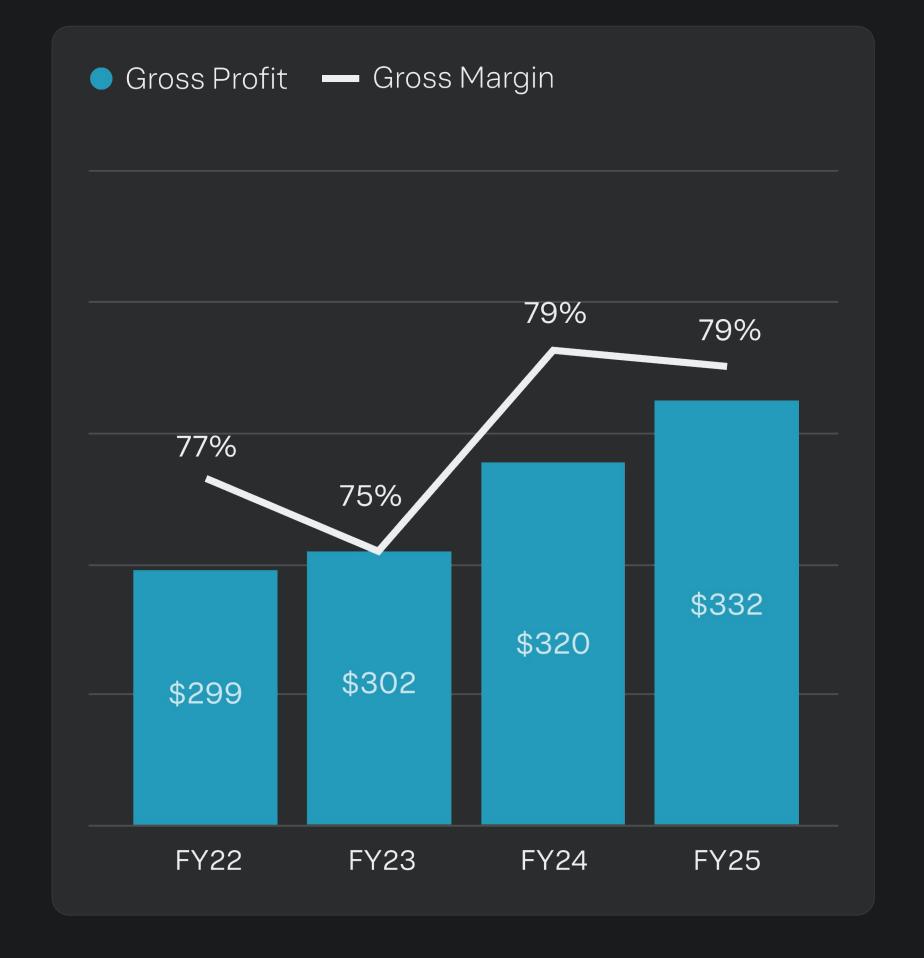
\*NRR prior to Q4 FY24 is based on our legacy methodology which excludes usage. Refer to the Appendix for current and legacy definitions of NRR.



## Gross Margin

Consistently strong gross margins in the 75-80% range

Supports ongoing R&D investment and attractive operating margins

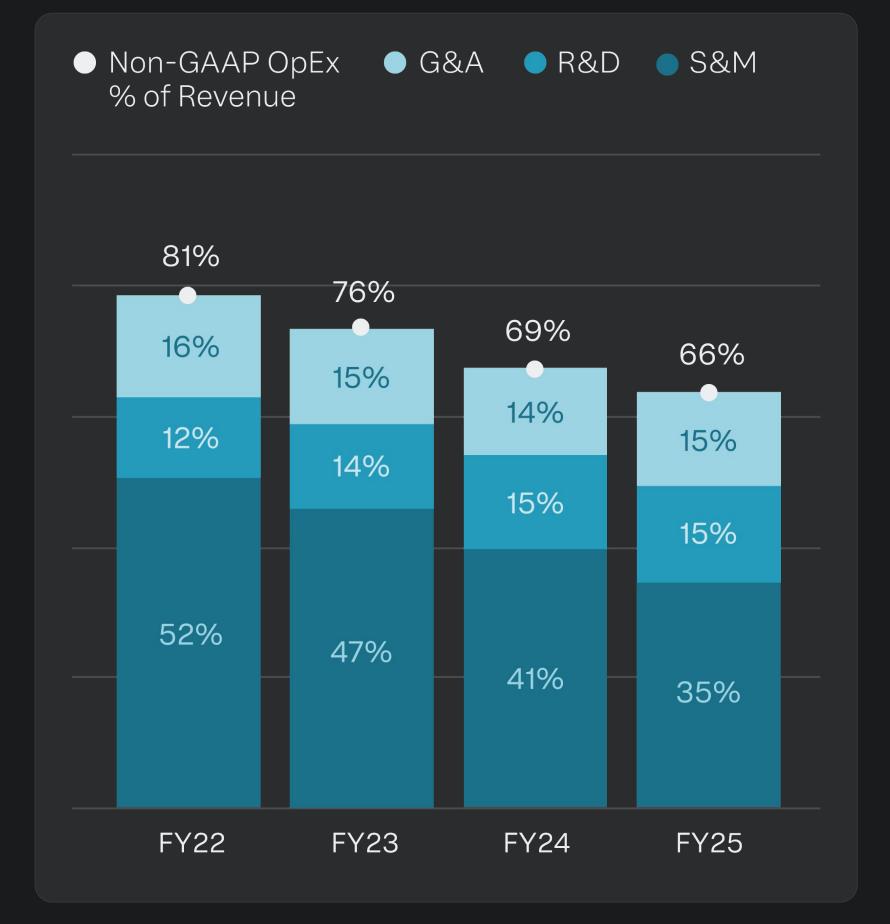


\$ in millions. Non-GAAP Gross Profit and Non-GAAP Gross Margin reflected above are non-GAAP measures; see Appendix for definitions and reconciliations of GAAP to non-GAAP measures.

# Operating Efficiency

Continued improvement from productivity initiatives to drive efficient growth

Will continue investment in R&D and expect to gain further efficiencies in S&M



Amounts rounded for presentation purposes and may not sum.

Non-GAAP OpEx, G&A, R&D and S&M as a % of revenue are Non-GAAP measures; see Appendix for definitions and reconciliations of GAAP to non-GAAP measures.

## Adj. EBITDA Performance

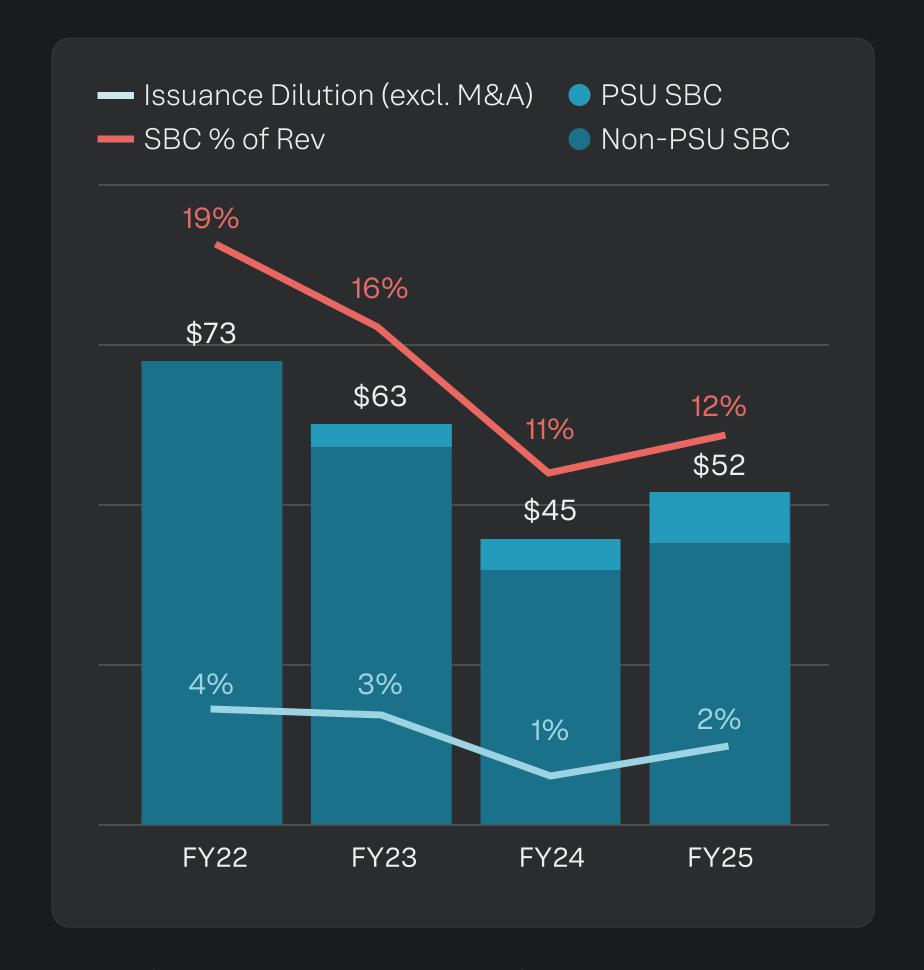


Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin are non-GAAP measures; see Appendix for definitions and reconciliations of GAAP to non-GAAP measures.

# Progress Reducing Dilution

Shift to PSUs better aligns compensation with performance

Continued focus on minimizing issuance dilution



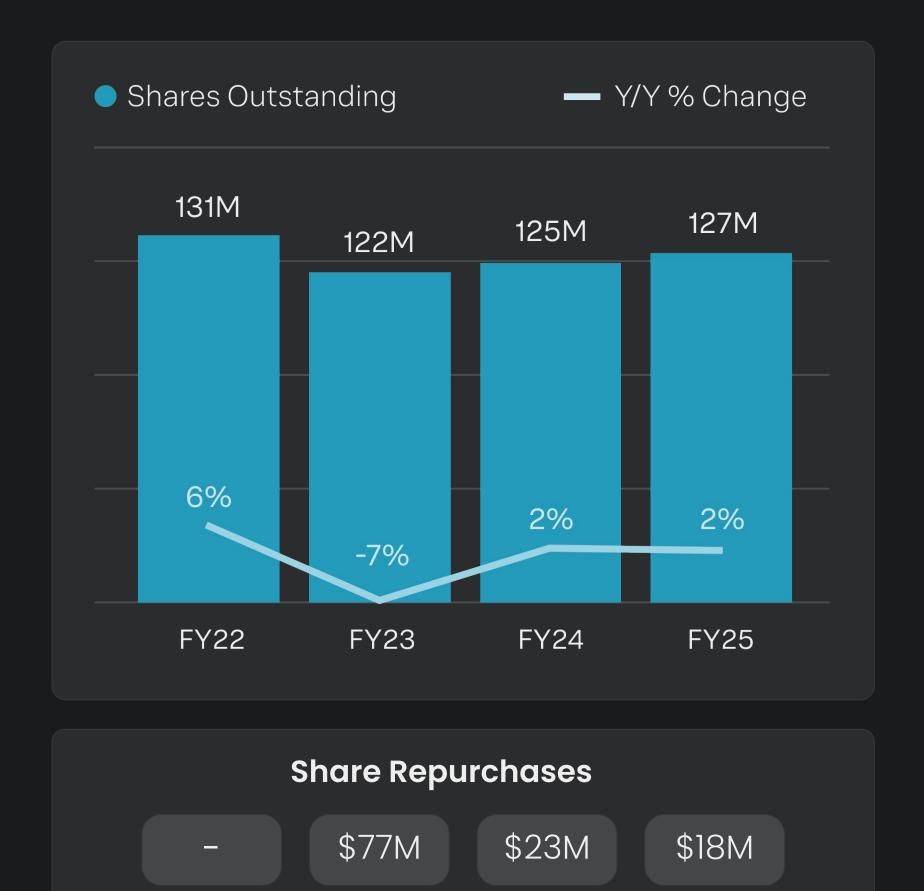
\$ in millions. Issuance Dilution = Equity grants (net of forfeitures) divided by ending diluted share count (ordinary shares plus outstanding equity awards). Equity grants exclude PSUs which are included if/when awards vest.

# Share Buybacks

# Continue to repurchase shares opportunistically

- \$31.9M remaining at 1/31/25
- \$50M additional in March 2025

-1.1% CAGR in shares outstanding since FY22



# Growth Opportunities



# Scout Opportunity



Data-driven insights show strength of Yext Platform relative to other solutions

Impact:
New Logo Wins



Competitive intelligence and benchmarking data enable informed recommendations

Impact:
Cross-sell to
Yext customers



Al-enabled actions can optimize a digital presence at scale

Impact:
Cross-sell of other
Yext products

# Scout Pricing and ARR Potential

- Available through both Direct and Reseller partner channels
- Licensing model based on locations, comparable to other Yext products
- Potential for usage-based and tiered pricing structures in the future



High-Potential Entry for New Logos

+

Broad Upsell Across Existing Base

> Cross-Sell Acceleration

Expanding ARR + Increased NRR



40%+
ARR from Listings

98% of Customers use Listings

Measurements as of January 31, 2025. ARR is an operating metric; see Appendix for definition and further information.

# Hearsay Opportunity



Cross-sell
Yext to
Hearsay-only
customers



Cross-sell
Hearsay to
Yext-only
customers



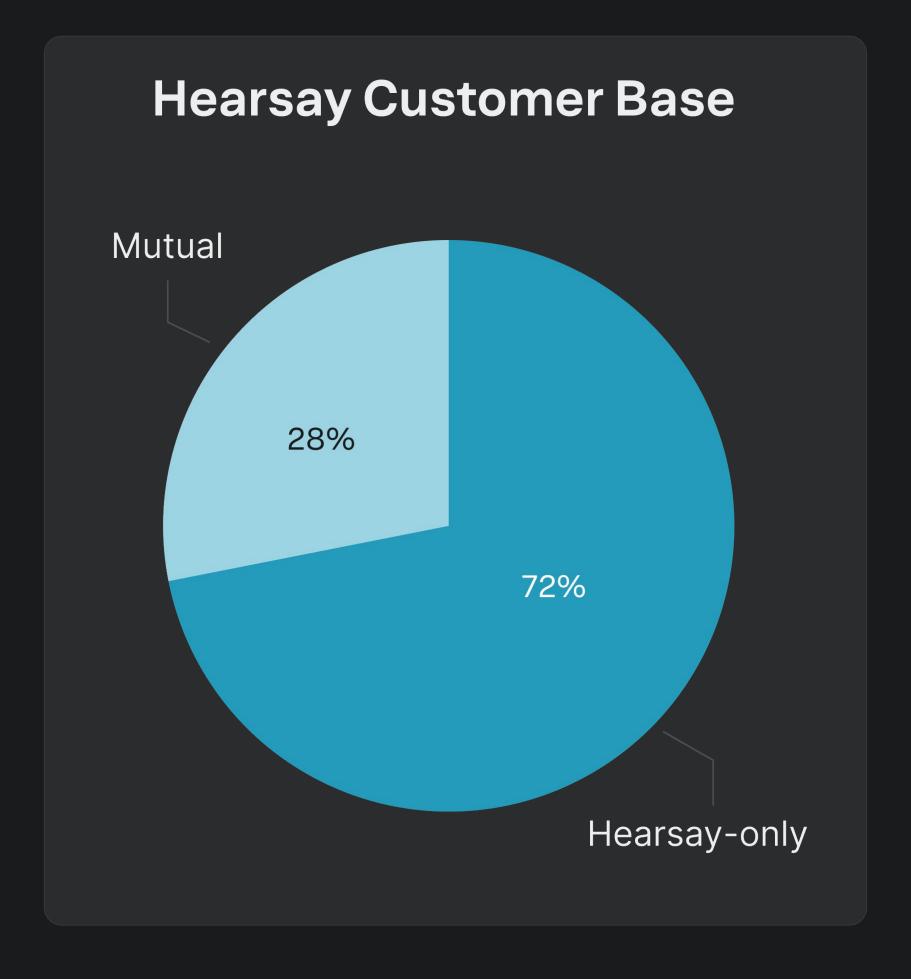
Cross-sell
Relate &
Actions to
Hearsay Social
customers



New Logo acquisition via full platform vs. point solutions in market

# Hearsay Cross-Sell Motion

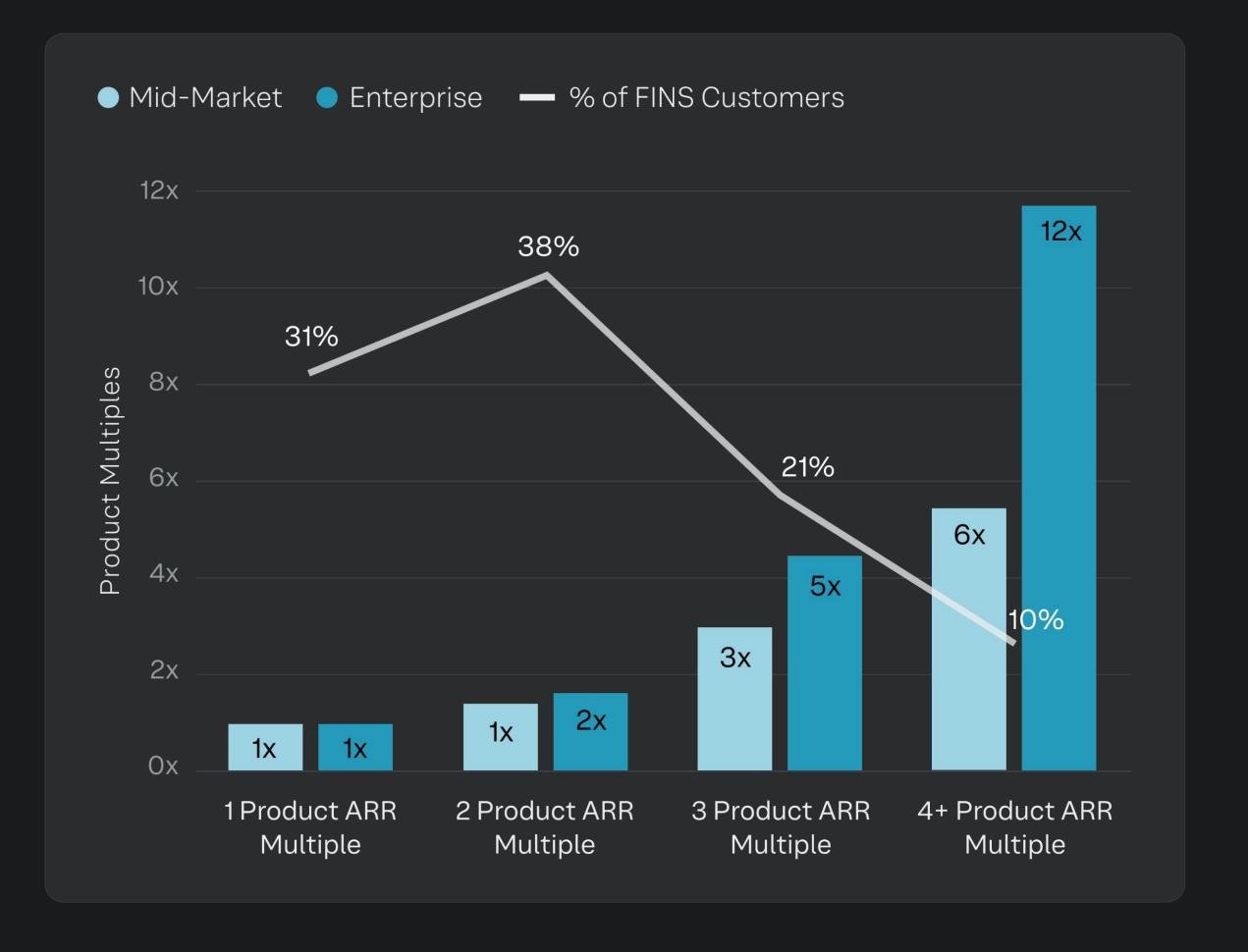
- Cross-sell Yext products to 100+
   Hearsay customers
- Cross-sell Hearsay products to 400+ Yext-only enterprise and mid-market FINS customers
- Less than 25% of Hearsay-only customers use Relate



# FINS Product Multiples

### Platform adoption drivers:

- Centralized data
- Vendor consolidation
- Compliance-ready
- Scalability



ARR is an operating metric; refer to the Appendix for definition.

# Platform Adoption Opportunity



The most complete end-to-end digital presence platform in market



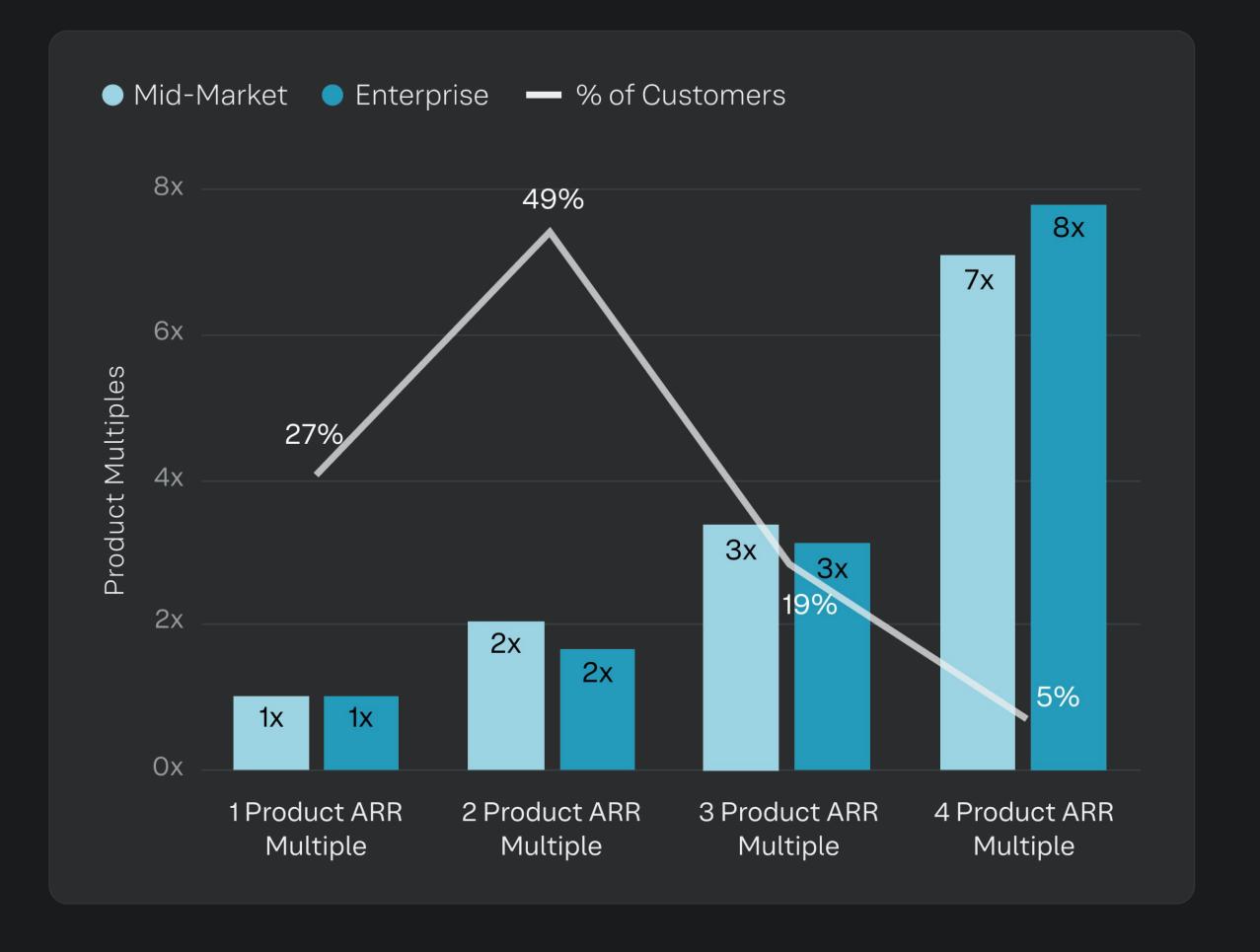
Publisher network that includes Al platforms



Comprehensive set of tools to manage, optimize and distribute data

# Core Product Adoption

76% of direct customers use 1-2 Products



ARR is an operating metric; refer to the Appendix for definition.

# Long-term Objectives



## **Growth Acceleration**



### **Platform**

New logo acquisition via broader product suite



### **Reseller Channel**

Accelerate growth with additional products



### **Product Roadmap**

Continue pace of product innovation & enhancements



### Scout

Leverage Scout to execute cross-sell motion



Multi-product adoption and cross-sell motion

# Methodical Capital Allocation



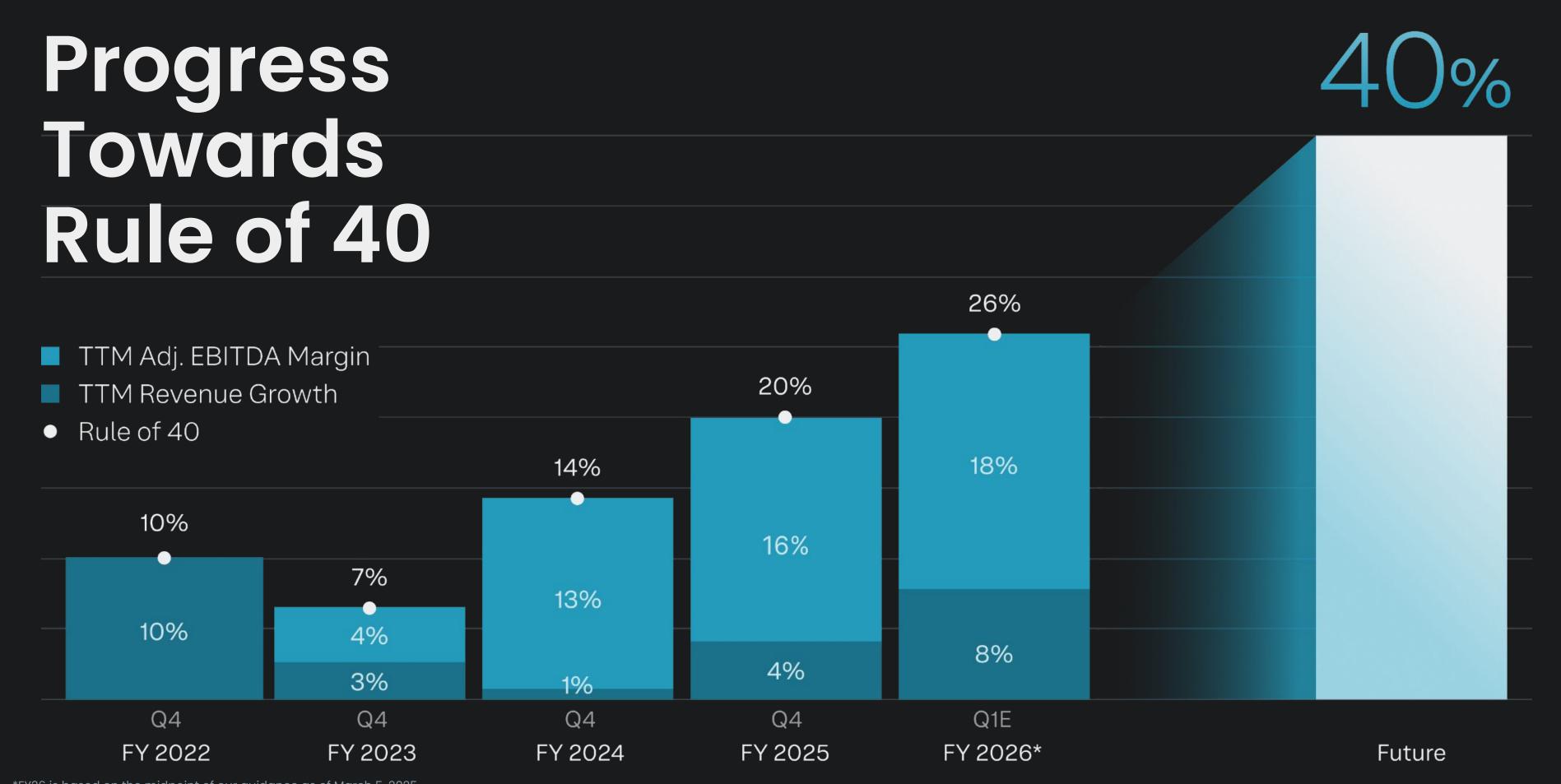
Re-invest efficiently to drive organic growth



Strategic acquisitions to drive inorganic growth



Opportunistic share repurchases



\*FY26 is based on the midpoint of our guidance as of March 5, 2025.
Adjusted EBITDA Margin is a non-GAAP measure; see Appendix for definition and reconciliation of GAAP to non-GAAP measure. Rule of 40 includes TTM revenue growth % and Adjusted EBITDA Margin.

# Key Takeaways

### Significant Upside From New Products and Relationships

- Scout presents multiple growth opportunities for upsell, cross-sell and new logos
- Hearsay products and talent create sizable cross-selling and up-selling opportunities in FINS, with Relate penetration at an early stage

### Increasingly Strategic Platform due to Search Fragmentation and Portfolio Expansion

- Search fragmentation underscores Yext Platform differentiation and strategic value
- Shifting market and enhanced product portfolio driving better product-market fit
- Opportunity to accelerate Yext platform adoption through Scout and integrations

### Strong Margins with Ongoing Commitment to Operational Excellence

• Efficient growth paradigm expected to drive continued strong profitability

### Meaningful Value Creation Opportunities through Disciplined Capital Allocation

- Continue to explore opportunities to accelerate value creation through M&A
- Share buyback program to offset dilution and enhance shareholder value

### Significant Progress with Continued Focus on Long-Term Financial Objectives

• Rule of 40 objective remains a key input into management decision making



INVESTOR DAY 2025

# Appendix

### **Non-GAAP Measurements**

In addition to disclosing financial measures prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"), this presentation and the accompanying tables include non-GAAP cost of revenue, non-GAAP gross profit, non-GAAP gross margin, non-GAAP operating expenses (sales and marketing, research and development, general and administrative), non-GAAP operating expenses (sales and marketing, research and development, general and administrative) as a percentage of revenue, non-GAAP income (loss) from operations, non-GAAP operating margin, non-GAAP net income (loss), non-GAAP net income (loss) per share, and non-GAAP net income (loss) as a percentage of revenue, which are referred to as non-GAAP financial measures.

These non-GAAP financial measures are not calculated in accordance with GAAP as they have been adjusted to exclude the effects of stock-based compensation expenses, acquisition-related costs, and amortization of acquired intangibles. Acquisition-related costs include transaction and related costs, subsequent fair value movements in contingent consideration, and compensation arrangements. Non-GAAP gross margin, non-GAAP operating expenses (sales and marketing, research and development, general and administrative) as a percentage of revenue, non-GAAP operating margin, and non-GAAP net income (loss) as a percentage of revenue are calculated by dividing the applicable non-GAAP financial measure by revenue. Non-GAAP net income (loss) per share is defined as non-GAAP net income (loss) on a per share basis. We define non-GAAP net income (loss) per share, basic, as non-GAAP net income (loss) divided by weighted average shares outstanding and non-GAAP net income (loss) per share, diluted, as non-GAAP net income (loss) divided by weighted average diluted shares outstanding, which includes the potentially dilutive effect of the company's employee equity incentive awards.

In addition, beginning in fiscal 2025, we are utilizing a projected tax rate of 25% in our computation of the non-GAAP income tax provision. Our estimated tax rate on non-GAAP income is determined annually and may be adjusted during the year to take into account events or trends that we believe materially impact the estimated annual rate including, but not limited to, significant changes resulting from tax legislation, material changes in the geographic mix of revenue and expenses and other significant events. Our estimated tax rate on non-GAAP income may differ from our GAAP tax rate and from our actual tax liabilities.

We believe these non-GAAP financial measures provide investors and other users of our financial information consistency and comparability with our past financial performance and facilitate period-to-period comparisons of our results of operations. With respect to non-GAAP gross margin, non-GAAP operating expenses (sales and marketing, research and development, general and administrative) as a percentage of revenue, non-GAAP operating margin and non-GAAP net income (loss) as a percentage of revenue, we believe these non-GAAP financial measures are useful in evaluating our profitability relative to the amount of revenue generated, excluding the impact of stock-based compensation expense, acquisition-related costs, and amortization of acquired intangibles. We also believe non-GAAP financial measures are useful in evaluating our operating performance compared to that of other companies in our industry, as these metrics eliminate the effects of stock-based compensation and certain acquisition-related costs, which may vary for reasons unrelated to overall operating performance.

We also discuss Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin, non-GAAP financial measures that we believe offer a useful view of overall operations used to assess the performance of core business operations and for planning purposes. We define Adjusted EBITDA as GAAP net income (loss) before (1) interest income (expense), net, (2) benefit from (provision for) income taxes, (3) depreciation and amortization, (4) other income (expense), net, (5) stock-based compensation expense, and (6) acquisition-related costs. The most directly comparable GAAP financial measure to Adjusted EBITDA is GAAP net income (loss). Users should consider the limitations of using Adjusted EBITDA, including the fact that this measure does not provide a complete measure of our operating performance. Adjusted EBITDA is not intended to purport to be an alternate to GAAP net income (loss) as a measure of operating performance. Adjusted EBITDA by revenue.

In addition, we present non-GAAP constant currency measures of revenue. Constant currency as it relates to revenue provides a framework for assessing Company performance which excludes the effect of foreign currency rate fluctuations. Current period results for entities reporting in currencies other than U.S. Dollars ("USD") are converted into USD at the average monthly exchange rates in effect during the current period.

We also present free cash flow, which is a non-GAAP measure defined as net cash provided by (used in) operating activities, less cash used for purchases of capital expenditures, inclusive of capitalized software development costs. Free cash flow margin is calculated as free cash flow divided by total revenue. We believe this is meaningful to investors because it is a measure of liquidity that provides useful information in understanding and evaluating the strength of our liquidity and future ability to generate cash that can be used for strategic opportunities or investing in our business. We also discuss future free cash flow conversion rates, which we calculate as free cash flow divided by Adjusted EBITDA.

We use these non-GAAP financial measures in conjunction with traditional GAAP measures as part of our overall assessment of our performance, including the preparation of our annual operating budget and quarterly forecasts, and to evaluate the effectiveness of our business strategies. Our definition may differ from the definitions used by other companies and therefore comparability may be limited. In addition, other companies may not publish these or similar metrics. Thus, our non-GAAP financial measures should be considered in addition to, not as a substitute for, nor superior to or in isolation from, measures prepared in accordance with GAAP.

These non-GAAP financial measures may be limited in their usefulness because they do not present the full economic effect of our use of stock-based compensation and certain acquisition-related costs. We compensate for these limitations by providing investors and other users of our financial information a reconciliation of the non-GAAP financial measure to the most closely related GAAP financial measures. However, we have not reconciled the non-GAAP guidance measures disclosed under "Financial Outlook" to their corresponding GAAP measures because certain reconciling items such as stock-based compensation, certain acquisition-related costs, and the corresponding provision for income taxes depend on factors such as the stock price at the time of award of future grants, and certain purchase accounting adjustments including subsequent measurements, among others, and thus cannot be reasonably predicted. Accordingly, reconciliations to the non-GAAP guidance measures is not available without unreasonable effort. We encourage investors and others to review our financial information in its entirety, not to rely on any single financial measure and to view non-GAAP net income (loss) and non-GAAP net income (loss) per share in conjunction with GAAP net income (loss) and net income (loss) per share.

We have not reconciled our forward-looking Adjusted EBITDA to its most directly comparable GAAP financial measure of net income (loss). Information on which this reconciliation would be based on is not available without unreasonable efforts due to the uncertainty and inherent difficulty of predicting within a reasonable range, the timing, occurrence and financial impact of when such items may be recognized. In particular, Adjusted EBITDA excludes certain items including interest income (expense), net, provision for income taxes, depreciation and amortization, other income (expense), net, stock-based compensation expense, and acquisition-related costs.

### **Operating Metrics**

This presentation also includes certain operating metrics that we believe are useful in providing additional information in assessing the overall performance of our business.

Annual recurring revenue, or ARR, for Direct customers is defined as the annualized recurring amount of all contracts in our enterprise, mid-size and small business customer base as of the last day of the reporting period. The recurring amount of a contract is determined based upon the terms of a contract and is calculated by dividing the amount of a contract by the term of the contract and then annualizing such amount. The calculation assumes no subsequent changes to the existing subscription. Contracts include portions of professional services contracts that are recurring in nature.

ARR for Third-party Reseller customers is defined as the annualized recurring amount of all contracts with Third-party Reseller customers as of the last day of the reporting period. The recurring amount of a contract is determined based upon the terms of a contract and is calculated by dividing the amount of a contract by the term of the contract and then annualizing such amount. The calculation assumes no subsequent changes to the existing subscription. The calculation includes the annualized contractual minimum commitment and amounts related to usage above the contractual minimum commitment. Contracts include portions of professional services contracts that are recurring in nature.

Total ARR is defined as the annualized recurring amount of all contracts executed as of the last day of the reporting period. The recurring amount of a contract is determined based upon the terms of a contract and is calculated by dividing the amount of a contract by the term of the contract and then annualizing such amount. The calculation assumes no subsequent changes to the existing subscription, and where relevant, includes the annualized contractual minimum commitment and amounts related to usage above the contractual minimum commitment. Contracts include portions of professional services contracts that are recurring in nature.

We calculate usage by annualizing monthly amounts in excess of contractual minimum commitments in the current month.

Beginning in the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2025, we refined our ARR methodology to include usage to align with management's internal assessment of customers. Prior to that quarter, we had excluded what we previously referred to as overage. While this change may introduce additional volatility, we believe it provides a more comprehensive view of ARR that better aligns with the way we evaluate and manage our business.

ARR is independent of historical revenue, unearned revenue, remaining performance obligations or any other GAAP financial measure over any period. It should be considered in addition to, not as a substitute for, nor superior to or in isolation from, these measures and other measures prepared in accordance with GAAP. We believe ARR-based metrics provides insight into the performance of our recurring revenue business model while mitigating fluctuations in billing and contract terms.

Dollar-based net retention rate, or NRR, is a metric we use to assess our ability to retain our customers and expand the ARR they generate for us. We calculate NRR by first determining the ARR generated 12 months prior to the end of the current period for a cohort of customers who had active contracts at that time. We then calculate ARR from the same cohort of customers at the end of the current period, which includes customer expansion, contraction and churn. The current period ARR is then divided by the prior period ARR to arrive at NRR. The cohorts of customers that we present NRR for include direct, third-party reseller, and total customers. Direct customers include enterprise, mid-size and small business customers.

We also reference dollar-based gross retention rate, or Gross Retention Rate, in this presentation which is a metric we use to assess our ability to retain our customers. We calculate Gross Retention Rate by first determining the ARR generated 12 months prior to the end of the current period for a cohort of customers who had active contracts at that time. We then calculate ARR from the same cohort of customers at the end of the current period, which includes customer contraction and churn. The current period ARR is then divided by the prior period ARR to arrive at our Gross Retention Rate.

Beginning in the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2025, we refined our ARR calculation methodology to include usage. This update resulted in a corresponding change in our NRR and Gross Retention Rate, which is based on ARR. While this change may introduce additional variability due to changes in customer usage, it provides a more comprehensive view of our NRR and Gross Retention Rate. Any ARR obtained through merger and acquisition transactions does not affect NRR or Gross Retention Rate until one year from the date on which the transaction closed.

### **Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets** (In thousands, except share and per share data) (Unaudited)

	Janua	ry 31, 2025	Janua	ry 31, 2024
Assets		-		
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	123,133	\$	210,184
Restricted cash, current		9,671		a a
Accounts receivable, net of allowances of \$2,014 and \$1,013, respectively		112,942		108,198
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		18,094		14,849
Costs to obtain revenue contracts, current		21,961		26,680
Total current assets		285,801		359,911
Property and equipment, net		39,689		48,542
Operating lease right-of-use assets		67,452		75,989
Restricted cash, non-current		5,850		<del></del>
Costs to obtain revenue contracts, non-current		11,145		16,710
Goodwill		96,782		4,478
Intangible assets, net		94,247		168
Other long term assets		9,112		3,012
Total assets	\$	610,078	\$	508,810
Liabilities and stockholders' equity				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other current liabilities	\$	70,022	\$	38,766
Unearned revenue, current		229,144		212,210
Operating lease liabilities, current		18,604		16,798
Contingent consideration, current		26,944		
Total current liabilities		344,714		267,774
Operating lease liabilities, non-current		76,809		89,562
Contingent consideration, non-current		18,056		
Other long term liabilities		17,306		4,300
Total liabilities		456,885	3.	361,636
Commitments and contingencies			1.0	
Stockholders' equity:				
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value per share; 50,000,000 shares authorized at January 31, 2025 and January 31, 2024; zero shares issued and outstanding at January 31, 2025 and January 31, 2024		_		_
Common stock, \$0.001 par value per share; 500,000,000 shares authorized at January 31, 2025 and January 31, 2024; 153,017,243 and 148,197,347 shares issued at January 31, 2025 and January 31, 2024, respectively; 126,999,461 and 124,867,093 shares outstanding at January 31, 2025 and January 31,				
2024, respectively		153		148
Additional paid-in capital		996,477		942,622
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(5,969)		(4,183)
Accumulated deficit		(707,120)		(679,172)
Treasury stock, at cost		(130,348)		(112,241)
Total stockholders' equity		153,193		147,174
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	610,078	\$	508,810

### **Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss** (In thousands, except share and per share data) (Unaudited)

	Tl	Three months ended January 31,				Fiscal year end	ed January 31,	
		2025	6	2024		2025		2024
Revenue	\$	113,091	\$	101,107	\$	420,957	\$	404,322
Cost of revenue		26,278		21,659		96,364		87,468
Gross profit		86,813		79,448		324,593		316,854
Operating expenses:		_		_				
Sales and marketing		45,901		41,888		174,779		178,830
Research and development		20,492		18,106		77,201		72,040
General and administrative		29,508		18,411		105,061		72,185
Total operating expenses		95,901		78,405		357,041	\$5 69	323,055
(Loss) income from operations		(9,088)		1,043		(32,448)		(6,201)
Interest income		524		1,798		6,102		7,094
Interest expense		(229)		(136)		(967)		(470)
Other expense, net		(348)		(74)		(745)		(761)
(Loss) income from operations before income taxes		(9,141)		2,631		(28,058)		(338)
Benefit from (provision for) income taxes		1,866		(944)		110		(2,292)
Net (loss) income	\$	(7,275)	\$	1,687	\$	(27,948)	\$	(2,630)
Net (loss) income per share attributable to common stockholders, basic	\$	(0.06)	\$	0.01	\$	(0.22)	\$	(0.02)
Net (loss) income per share attributable to common stockholders, diluted	\$	(0.06)	\$	0.01	\$	(0.22)	\$	(0.02)
Weighted-average number of shares used in computing net (loss) income per share attributable to common stockholders, basic		127,394,090		124,337,640		126,850,809	ilian	124,056,949
Weighted-average number of shares used in computing net (loss) income per share attributable to common stockholders, diluted		127,394,090	**	125,552,028	0.79	126,850,809		124,056,949
Other comprehensive (loss) income:	<b>A</b>	(1.150)	Φ.		œ.	/1 <b>7</b> 00	œ.	(5.50)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	\$	(1,468)	\$	154	\$	(1,792)	\$	(568)
Unrealized (loss) gain on marketable securities, net			_	(2)	_	6	_	2
Total comprehensive (loss) income	\$	(8,743)	\$	1,839	\$	(29,734)	\$	(3,196)

### **Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows** (In thousands) (Unaudited)

(Chaudited)	Fisc	al year ended J	anuary 31
		2025	2024
Operating activities:	ş.		
Net loss	\$	(27,948) \$	(2,630)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization expense		18,531	15,805
Bad debt expense		1,665	888
Stock-based compensation expense		51,780	44,961
Amortization of operating lease right-of-use assets		8,729	8,804
Adjustments to contingent consideration		5,500	g <del></del> 2
Other, net		(2,597)	540
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business acquisition:			
Accounts receivable		(1,122)	518
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		(397)	755
Costs to obtain revenue contracts		10,048	8,818
Other long term assets		351	896
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other current liabilities		17,037	(10,176)
Unearned revenue		(20,464)	(11,252)
Operating lease liabilities		(11,095)	(11,687)
Other long term liabilities		193	(83)
Net cash provided by operating activities		50,211	46,157
Investing activities:	**	**	
Capital expenditures		(2,085)	(2,728)
Cash paid in acquisition, net of cash acquired		(89,407)	9 <u></u>
Net cash used in investing activities		(91,492)	(2,728)
Financing activities:			
Proceeds from exercise of stock options		1,290	9,405
Repurchase of common stock		(17,907)	(23,086)
Payments for taxes related to net share settlement of stock-based compensation awards		(10,826)	(13,015)
Payments of deferred financing costs		(853)	(452)
Deferred acquisition payments		(3,542)	·
Proceeds, net from employee stock purchase plan withholdings	70	3,297	3,894
Net cash used in financing activities		(28,541)	(23,254)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	25	(1,708)	(205)
Net (decrease) increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	9%	(71,530)	19,970
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period		210,184	190,214
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period	\$	138,654 \$	210,184

Supplemental reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash reported within the condensed consolidated balance sheets:

	F	Fiscal year ended						
(in thousands)		2025		2024				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	123,133	\$	210,184				
Restricted cash, current and non-current		15,521		<del></del>				
Total cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$	138,654	\$	210,184				

YEXT, INC.

Reconciliation of GAAP to Non-GAAP Financial Measures
(In thousands)
(Unaudited)

	Th	ree months e	January 31,	F	ïscal year en	ded Ja	ded January 31,		
	13	2025	2024		2025			2024	
GAAP net (loss) income to Adjusted EBITD	A:				2		.RR		
GAAP net (loss) income	\$	(7,275)	\$	1,687	\$	(27,948)	\$	(2,630)	
Interest (income) expense, net		(295)		(1,662)		(5,135)		(6,624)	
(Benefit from) provision for income taxes		(1,866)		944		(110)		2,292	
Depreciation and amortization		6,431		3,180		18,531		15,805	
Other expense (income), net		348		74		745		761	
Stock-based compensation expense		14,689		10,626		51,780		44,961	
Acquisition-related costs		12,526		_		29,176			
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	24,558	\$	14,849	\$	67,039	\$	54,565	
CAAD (1) i									
GAAP net (loss) income as a percentage of revenue		(6.4)%	ı	1.7 %		(6.6)%	5	(0.7)%	
Adjusted EBITDA margin		21.7 %	i	14.7 %		15.9 %	)	13.5 %	

### Reconciliation of GAAP to Non-GAAP Financial Measures (In thousands) (Unaudited)

	Thi	ree months e	nded	January 31,	Fiscal year ended January 31,				
	W.	2025		2024		2025	\$100 <u>.</u>	2024	
Cost of revenue	Se <del>r</del>				888		Refer		
GAAP cost of revenue	\$	26,278	\$	21,659	\$	96,364	\$	87,468	
Less: Stock-based compensation expense		(666)		(749)		(2,753)		(2,900)	
Less: Acquisition-related costs		(114)		-		(214)			
Less: Amortization of acquired intangibles		(2,017)		-		(4,033)			
Non-GAAP cost of revenue	\$	23,481	\$	20,910	\$	89,364	\$	84,568	
GAAP cost of revenue as a % of revenue	1	23 %		21 %	6	23 %		22	
Non-GAAP cost of revenue as a % of revenue		21 %		21 %	Ó	21 %		21	
Sales and marketing									
GAAP sales and marketing	\$	45,901	\$	41,888	\$	174,779	\$	178,830	
Less: Stock-based compensation expense		(5,573)		(2,845)		(15,583)		(15,067)	
Less: Acquisition-related costs		(4,311)		<del>87 - 1</del> 8		(6,742)		_	
Less: Amortization of acquired intangibles		(1,616)		-		(3,064)		_	
Non-GAAP sales and marketing	\$	34,401	\$	39,043	\$	149,390	\$	163,763	
GAAP sales and marketing as a % of revenue	d.	41 %		41 %	0	42 %		44	
Non-GAAP sales and marketing as a % of revenue		30 %		39 %	Ó	35 %		41	
Research and development									
GAAP research and development	\$	20,492	\$	18,106	\$	77,201	\$	72,040	
Less: Stock-based compensation expense		(2,342)		(2,964)		(10,265)		(11,349)	
Less: Acquisition-related costs		(1,512)				(2,617)	2/2	_	
Non-GAAP research and development	\$	16,638	\$	15,142	\$	64,319	\$	60,691	
GAAP research and development as a % of revenue		18 %		18 %	0	18 %		18	
Non-GAAP research and development as a % of revenue		15 %		15 %	0	15 %		15	
General and administrative									
GAAP general and administrative	\$	29,508	\$	18,411	\$	105,061	\$	72,185	
Less: Stock-based compensation expense		(6,108)		(4,068)		(23,179)		(15,645)	
Less: Acquisition-related costs		(6,588)		-		(19,603)			
Non-GAAP general and administrative	\$	16,812	\$	14,343	\$	62,279	\$	56,540	
GAAP general and administrative as a % of revenue	Š.	26 %		18 %	, <u> </u>	25 %		18	
Non-GAAP general and administrative as a % of revenue		15 %		14 %	ó	15 %		14	

### Reconciliation of GAAP to Non-GAAP Financial Measures (In thousands) (Unaudited)

	Th	ree months	ended	F	Fiscal Year Ended January 31,				
		2025		2024		2025		2024	
Gross profit									
GAAP gross profit	\$	86,813	\$	79,448	\$	324,593	\$	316,854	
Plus: Stock-based compensation expense		666		749		2,753		2,900	
Plus: Acquisition-related costs		114		<u> </u>		214		7 <u></u> 1	
Plus: Amortization of acquired intangibles		2,017		-		4,033	2000	82 <u></u>	
Non-GAAP gross profit	\$	89,610	\$	80,197	\$	331,593	\$	319,754	
GAAP gross margin		76.8 %		78.6 %		77.1 %	6	78.4 9	
Non-GAAP gross margin		79.2 %		79.3 %		78.8 %	6	79.1 %	
Operating expenses									
GAAP operating expenses	\$	95,901	\$	78,405	\$	357,041	\$	323,055	
Less: Stock-based compensation expense	(14,023)			(9,877)		(49,027)		(42,061)	
Less: Acquisition-related costs		(12,411)	_			(28,962)		·—-3	
Less: Amortization of acquired intangibles		(1,616)		-		(3,064)		: <del></del>	
Non-GAAP operating expenses	\$	67,851	\$	68,528	\$	275,988	\$	280,994	
GAAP operating expenses as a percentage of revenue		85 %	6	78 %		85 %		80 9	
Non-GAAP operating expenses as a percentage of revenue		60 %	6	68 %		66 %	6	69 %	
Income/Loss from operations									
GAAP (loss) income from operations	\$	(9,088)	\$	1,043	\$	(32,448)	\$	(6,201)	
Plus: Stock-based compensation expense		14,689		10,626		51,780		44,961	
Plus: Acquisition-related costs		12,526		_		29,176		-	
Plus: Amortization of acquired intangibles	20.	3,633	,u <sub>j</sub>	2 <u>0 (</u> 8		7,097		%	
Non-GAAP income from operations	\$	21,760	\$	11,669	\$	55,605	\$	38,760	
GAAP operating margin		(8)%	6	1 %		(8)%		(2)	
Non-GAAP operating margin		19 %	6	12 %		13 %	6		

### Reconciliation of GAAP to Non-GAAP Financial Measures (In thousands, except share and per share data) (Unaudited)

	T	hree months e	ndec	d January 31,
		2025		2024
GAAP net (loss) income	\$	(7,275)	\$	1,687
Plus: Stock-based compensation expense		14,689		10,626
Plus: Acquisition-related costs		12,526		_
Plus: Amortization of acquired intangibles		3,633		9 <del></del>
Less: Tax adjustment <sup>(1)</sup>		(7,293)		<u></u>
Non-GAAP net income	\$	16,280	\$	12,313
GAAP net (loss) income as a percentage of revenue	-	(6.4)%	)	1.7 %
Non-GAAP net income as a percentage of revenue		14.4 %	)	12.2 %
GAAP net (loss) income per share attributable to common stockholders, basic	\$	(0.06)	\$	0.01
Non-GAAP net income per share attributable to common stockholders, basic	\$	0.13	\$	0.10
GAAP net (loss) income per share attributable to common stockholders, diluted	\$	(0.06)	\$	0.01
Non-GAAP net income per share attributable to common stockholders, diluted	\$	0.12	\$	0.10
Weighted-average number of shares used in computing GAAP net (loss) income per share attributable to common stockholders				
Basic		127,394,090		124,337,640
Diluted		127,394,090		125,552,028
Weighted-average number of shares used in computing non-GAAP net income per share attributable to common stockholders				
Basic		127,394,090		124,337,640
Diluted		131,545,724		125,552,028

<sup>(1)</sup> Beginning in fiscal 2025, we are utilizing a projected tax rate of 25% in our computation of the non-GAAP income tax provision. Our estimated tax rate on non-GAAP income is determined annually and may be adjusted during the year to take into account events or trends that we believe materially impact the estimated annual rate including, but not limited to, significant changes resulting from tax legislation, material changes in the geographic mix of revenue and expenses and other significant events. Our estimated tax rate on non-GAAP income may differ from our GAAP tax rate and from our actual tax liabilities.

### Reconciliation of GAAP to Non-GAAP Financial Measures (In thousands, except share and per share data) (Unaudited)

	Fiscal year ended January 31,				
	3	2025		2024	
GAAP net loss	\$	(27,948)	\$	(2,630)	
Plus: Stock-based compensation expense		51,780		44,961	
Plus: Acquisition-related costs		29,176		_	
Plus: Amortization of acquired intangibles		7,097		_	
Less: Tax adjustment <sup>(1)</sup>		(15,109)		_	
Non-GAAP net income	\$	44,996	\$	42,331	
GAAP net loss as a percentage of revenue	3	(6.6)%	5	(0.7)%	
Non-GAAP net income as a percentage of revenue		10.7 %	, )	10.5 %	
GAAP net loss per share attributable to common stockholders, basic	\$	(0.22)	\$	(0.02)	
Non-GAAP net income per share attributable to common stockholders, basic	\$	0.35	\$	0.34	
GAAP net loss per share attributable to common stockholders, diluted	\$	(0.22)	\$	(0.02)	
Non-GAAP net income per share attributable to common stockholders, diluted	\$	0.35	\$	0.33	
Weighted-average number of shares used in computing GAAP net loss per share attributable to common stockholders					
Basic		126,850,809		124,056,949	
Diluted		126,850,809	-	124,056,949	
Weighted-average number of shares used in computing non-GAAP net income per share attributable to common stockholders	3				
Basic		126,850,809		124,056,949	
Diluted		128,969,376	-	127,247,766	

<sup>(1)</sup> Beginning in fiscal 2025, we are utilizing a projected tax rate of 25% in our computation of the non-GAAP income tax provision. Our estimated tax rate on non-GAAP income is determined annually and may be adjusted during the year to take into account events or trends that we believe materially impact the estimated annual rate including, but not limited to, significant changes resulting from tax legislation, material changes in the geographic mix of revenue and expenses and other significant events. Our estimated tax rate on non-GAAP income may differ from our GAAP tax rate and from our actual tax liabilities.

YEXT, INC. Reconciliation of GAAP to Non-GAAP Financial Measures (In thousands) (Unaudited)

	Th			
Constant Currency Revenue		2025	2024	<b>Growth Rates</b>
Revenue (GAAP)	\$	113,091 \$	101,107	12 %
Effects of foreign currency rate fluctuations		192		
Revenue on a constant currency basis (Non-GAAP)	\$	113,283		12 %
	-			
	F	iscal year ended	January 31,	
	F)	iscal year ended 2025	January 31, 2024	Growth Rates
Revenue (GAAP)	\$		Property Company (Company Company Comp	
Revenue (GAAP)  Effects of foreign currency rate fluctuations	-	2025	2024	Growth Rates

	Th	ree months e	nded J	January 31,	Fiscal year ended January 31,					
Free Cash Flow	Cash Flow 2025		2024			2025	2024			
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	38,346	\$	28,020	\$	50,211	\$	46,157		
Less: Capital expenditures inclusive of capitalized software development costs		(316)		(408)		(2,085)		(2,728)		
Free cash flow	\$	38,030	\$	27,612	\$	48,126	\$	43,429		
Operating cash flow margin	9	34 %		28 %	ó	12 %		11 %		
Free cash flow margin		34 %		27 %	ó	11 %		11 %		

### **Supplemental Information** (In thousands) (Unaudited)

The following tables provides our ARR for the periods presented, including usage:

	January 31,					Variance		
		2025		2024	Dollars		Percent	
Annual Recurring Revenue								
Direct Customers	\$	368,201	\$	315,594	\$	52,607	17 %	
Third-Party Reseller Customers	27	74,461		76,588		(2,127)	(3)%	
Total Annual Recurring Revenue	\$	442,662	\$	392,182	\$	50,480	13 %	

	Jan.	31,2025	Oct	31, 2024	Ju	ıl. 31, 2024	A	or. 30, 2024	Jan	. 31, 2024
<b>Annual Recurring Revenue Trend</b>	£:									
Direct Customers	\$	368,201	\$	374,502	\$	313,392	\$	312,060	\$	315,594
Third-Party Reseller Customers		74,461		74,147		73,904		75,218		76,588
Total Annual Recurring Revenue	\$	442,662	\$	448,649	\$	387,296	\$	387,278	\$	392,182

The following tables provides our ARR for the periods presented based on our historical methodology, which excludes usage:

	·	January 31,				Variance		
	<u>.</u>	2025		2024	;;;	Dollars	Percent	
Annual Recurring Revenue					214		-	
Direct Customers	\$	368,201	\$	315,594	\$	52,607	17 %	
Third-Party Reseller Customers		67,459		71,784		(4,325)	(6)%	
Total Annual Recurring Revenue	\$	435,660	\$	387,378	\$	48,282	12 %	

	Jan	. 31, 2025	Oct	. 31, 2024	Ju	ıl. 31, 2024	Apr	30, 2024	Jan.	31, 2024
<b>Annual Recurring Revenue Trend</b>	42									
Direct Customers	\$	368,201	\$	374,502	\$	313,392	\$	312,060	\$	315,594
Third-Party Reseller Customers		67,459		67,293		68,361		70,528		71,784
Total Annual Recurring Revenue	\$	435,660	\$	441,795	\$	381,753	\$	382,588	\$	387,378

### **Supplemental Information** (Unaudited)

The following table provides our dollar-based net retention rate for the periods presented, including usage:

	Jan. 31, 2025	Oct. 31, 2024	Jul. 31, 2024	Apr. 30, 2024	Jan. 31, 2024
<b>Dollar-Based Net Retention Rate</b>	02 <b>-</b>				
Direct Customers	92%	91%	91%	91%	91%
Third-Party Reseller Customers	95%	94%	93%	92%	93%
Total Customers	93%	92%	91%	91%	92%

The following table provides our dollar-based net retention rate for the periods presented based on our historical methodology, which excludes usage:

	Jan. 31, 2025	Oct. 31, 2024	Jul. 31, 2024	Apr. 30, 2024	Jan. 31, 2024
<b>Dollar-Based Net Retention Rate</b>					
Direct Customers	92%	91%	91%	91%	91%
Third-Party Reseller Customers	92%	93%	94%	94%	95%
Total Customers	92%	91%	91%	91%	92%

