Bank of America Review & Update

Second Quarter 2025



BAC Overview



Driving Responsible Growth

We live our values, deliver our purpose and drive responsible growth

Our values	Our purpose	Responsible growth
 Deliver together 	To help make financial lives better,	 We must grow and win in the market – no excuses
 Act responsibly 	through the power of every connection	 We must grow with our customer-focused strategy
 Realize the power of our people 		 We must grow within our risk framework
Trust the team		We must grow in a sustainable manner

By delivering capabilities through our **four business segments** and **eight lines of business**¹, we provide a unique advantage to each customer and client: the powerful expertise of one team, working together to deliver on our purpose to help make financial lives better through our focus on Responsible Growth

	CONSUMER BANKING		GLOBAL WEA INVESTMENT MANAGEMEN	-	GLOBAL BANKING			GLOBAL MARKETS
	RETAIL BANKING	PREFERRED BANKING	MERRILL	PRIVATE BANK	BUSINESS BANKING	GLOBAL COMMERCIAL BANKING	GLOBAL CORPORATE & INVESTMENT BANKING	GLOBAL MARKETS
Clients	Mass market U.S. consumers	U.S. consumers with up to \$250K in investable assets and small businesses with revenues of up to \$5MM	High net worth and ultra-high net worth clients	Ultra-high net worth clients with investable assets of more than \$3MM	U.S. companies with annual revenues of \$5MM to \$50MM	Middle market companies with revenues of \$50MM to \$2B across all major industries	Corporate clients with more than \$2B in revenues, Financial institutions and Government agencies	Hedge funds, asset managers, pensions and other financial institutions



Responsible Growth Leadership

Across our **four tenets of Responsible Growth**, the **integration of sustainability efforts** support our ability to **deliver for our clients**, **teammates**, **shareholders**, **and communities**.

Delivering Responsible Growth starts with our Board of Directors, who provides oversight of our drive to grow in a sustainable manner through comprehensive governance and oversight practices directly and through its committees.¹



Support Clients to Achieve their Sustainability Goals

Providing innovative **financial solutions tailored to meet our clients' needs** as they
take steps to transition to a more sustainable
future

Our **Global Research organization** provides insightful, objective, and in-depth research on key topics, including the **economy**, **sustainability**, and **transformation**, to clients across the eight LOBs

We continue to make progress on our 10-year, \$1.5 trillion Sustainable Finance goal by mobilizing and deploying ~\$741 billion since 2021²

We achieved carbon neutrality in our operations in 2019 and have set 2030 financed emissions targets across seven key carbon intensive sectors, aligned with our Net Zero before 2050 goal



Commitment to Supporting Economic Opportunities

We are supporting sustainable communities through our \$15 billion Community

Homeownership Commitment®2

We provide extensive personalized support to help all clients, including individuals from low- and moderate-income communities, through simple-to-use products and solutions

With our global reach and local impact, we help empower the next generation and nonprofit leaders through our training and support. Since 2004, our Neighborhood Builders® program has invested more than \$346 million in communities across the U.S. and trained more than 4,000 nonprofit leaders²

Through our Student Leaders® program, we have been supporting developing leaders and helping communities thrive for over 20 years, representing a more than \$46 million investment in preparing young students to be successful in the workplace²



Being a Great Place to Work

We continue to deliver on our **commitment to our teammates** through attracting, retaining,
and developing exceptional talent whose **broad range of perspective, experience, and skills**will help enable us to serve our clients at the
global, national, and local levels

Our teammates' **physical**, **emotional**, **and financial wellness and career development** are supported through numerous program offerings

In 2024, we **increased our minimum wage to \$24**, on our path to a \$25 minimum wage by 2025

21,000+ teammates celebrating 15 or more years of service have taken 4–6 weeks of paid time off as part of **our industry-leading**, **companywide sabbatical program** since it launched in 2023²



IV

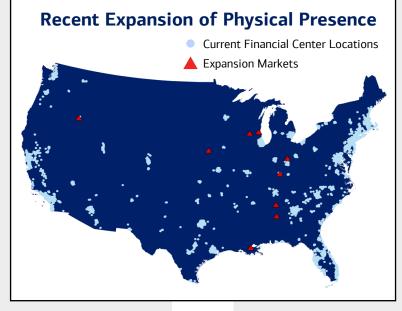
Coast to Coast Footprint Serving U.S. Consumers

U.S. Market Leader¹

- We continue to be No. 1 in U.S. Consumer Deposits^{2(A)}
- Certified by J.D. Power for Outstanding Client
 Satisfaction with Customer Financial Health Support
 - Banking & Payments^(E)
 - 49 million active digital banking users in 2Q25
 - 4.1 billion digital logins and 24.3 million active Zelle® users in 2Q25
 - Digital sales were 65% of Consumer Banking Sales
 - 86% of Merrill households actively using online or mobile platforms in 2Q25
- We continue to be No. 1 Small Business Lender^(B)
- Merrill Edge Self-Directed No. 1
 Overall Client Experience
 (7th consecutive year)^(F)

Responsible Growth Reinforces BAC Strengths

- We remain committed to our long-term expansion and renovation strategy, balanced with continued benefits of digital usage, to better serve our clients
 - We are adapting to changes in client behaviors throughout our ~3,700 financial centers and ~15,000 ATMs with 100% contactless-enabled
 - In 2Q25 we opened 10 new financial centers, completed 209 renovations (116 interior and 93 exterior), and installed 171 new ATMs
 - By the end of 2027, we are planning to open more than 200 new Financial Centers across more than 60 markets³
 - Client balances of \$4.4T in GWIM
 - Approximately 6,300 net new Merrill households and 846 net new relationships in Private Bank in 2025



Data is as of June 30, 2025, except as noted. See slide 31 for business leadership sources using letter referents.

² Per 4Q24 Per FFIEC Call Reports, includes ending deposits from "transaction account or non-transaction savings account deposit products intended primarily for individuals for personal, household, or family use" and time deposits less than \$100K.

³ Newest markets include: Birmingham, Boise, Dayton, Huntsville, Louisville, Madison, Milwaukee, New Orleans, Omaha.

Leading Capabilities in Global Banking and Global Markets

International Market Leader

- A leading provider of sales, trading, and research services to clients in all major markets
 - 650+ research analysts across Equity, Credit, Rates
 & FX, Commodities, Economics,
 Global Emerging Markets,
 Fixed Income, and Equity
 Strategy Research
 Global footprint ser
 market clie
 - In-depth analysis covering
 ~3,500 companies and 1,300+
 corporate bond issuers
 - Economic forecasts for 55+
 economies and 25 industries
- Outstanding commercial and investment banking capabilities
 - Raised \$463B in capital for clients globally in 1H25²
 - Relationships with 78% of the Global Fortune 500 (2024)
 - Relationships with 95% of the U.S. Fortune 1,000 (2024)
- Leading dealer in FX cash, derivatives, electronic trading and payment services in 140+ currencies

Notable Accolades¹

- North America's Most Innovative Bank 2025⁽¹⁾
- World's Best Bank for Trade Finance and FX payments⁽⁾
- International Coverage

 North America's Best Digital Bank and Best Bank for Sustainable

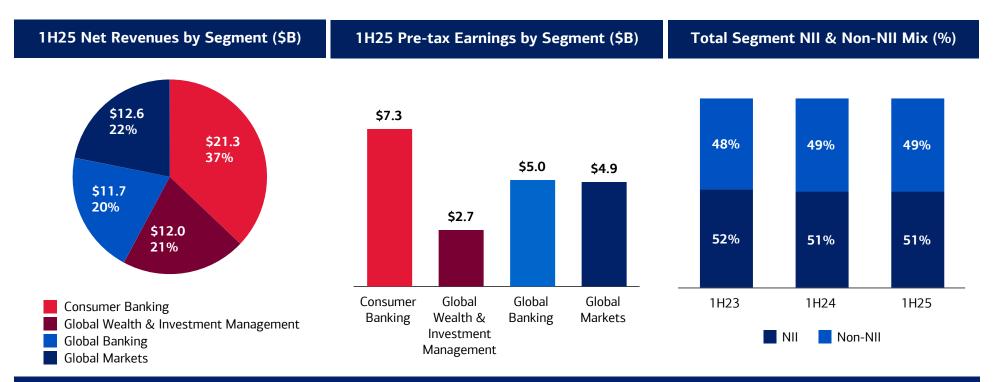
 Finance(!)
 - CLO Trading Desk of the Year and CMBS Bank of the Year^(O)
 - 2025 Share Leader and Best Bank Award for U.S. Corporate Banking & Cash Management^(L)
 - World's Best Bank for **Markets**, **Equity Derivatives House of the Year**^{(Q)(J)}
 - No. 1 Municipal Bonds Underwriter^(S)
 - No. 2 Top Global Research Firm^(R)
 - Best Global Bank for Cash Management, Bank of the
 Year for Customer Experience^{(L)(K)}
 - No. 1 All-America Trading^(R)





¹ See slide 31 for business leadership sources using letter referents.

Diverse Business Mix 1,2



Diversification across segments, customers, products, and geographies supports consistency of Revenue and Earnings

- Net revenues and pre-tax earnings for the four business segments totaled \$57.5B and \$19.9B, respectively, for 1H25
- 1H25 net revenues for the business segments increased by 5% compared to 1H24; individual segment changes were as follows: Consumer Banking (+5%), Global Wealth & Investment Management (+7%), Global Banking (-3%), Global Markets (+11%)
- 87% of the Corporation's FY 2024 net revenues were generated in the U.S.; 6% in Europe, the Middle East, and Africa; 5% in Asia; and 2% in Latin America and the Caribbean
- Stable distribution between NII and Non-NII revenues reflects well-balanced business mix and robust client franchises.

² Bank of America (the Corporation) reports the results of its operations through four segments with the remaining operations recorded in All Other. 1H25 net revenue (FTE basis) and pre-tax earnings (loss) for All Other were \$(3.4)B and \$(3.8)B, respectively. On a GAAP basis, the Corporation's 1H25 net revenues and pre-tax earnings inclusive of All Other were \$53.8B and \$15.8B. Compared to 1H24, net revenue increased by 5.1% and pre-tax earnings increased by 6.6% For 1H25, Total Corporation (inclusive of All Other) NII and Non-NII mix is \$29.1B, or 54.1%, and \$24.7B, or 45.9%, respectively, on a GAAP basis, while the NII and Non-NII mix on an FTE basis is \$29.4B, or 54.3%, and \$24.7B, or 45.7%, respectively. For 1H24, Total Corporation (inclusive of All Other) NII and Non-NII mix on an FTE basis is \$28.1B, or 54.5%, and \$23.5B, or 45.5%, respectively. For 1H23, Total Corporation (inclusive of All Other) NII and Non-NII mix is \$28.6B, or 55.6%, and \$22.8B, or 44.4%, respectively, on a GAAP basis, while the NII and Non-NII mix on an FTE basis is \$28.9B, or 55.8%, and \$22.8B, or 44.2%, respectively. NII includes FTE adjustments of \$290MM, \$318MM, and \$269MM for 1H25, 1H24, and 1H23, respectively.



Note: Amounts may not total due to rounding.

¹ Business segments are presented on a fully taxable-equivalent (FTE) basis, except for the corporation's FY 2024 geographic revenue breakout which is presented on a GAAP basis.

Bank of America 2Q25 Financial Results

July 16, 2025



2Q25 Highlights

Growth in earnings

Continued balance sheet strength

Healthy returns

Revenue \$26.5B¹ +4% YoY

Net income \$7.1B +3% YoY

EPS \$0.89² +7% YoY

Deposits \$2.0T³ +5% YoY

CET1 11.5% well above reg. min.⁴

Robust liquidity GLS \$938B⁵

ROE 10.0%

ROTCE 13.4%⁶

ROA 0.83%

Note: ROE stands for return on average common shareholders' equity. ROTCE stands for return on average tangible common shareholders' equity. ROA stands for return on average assets.

1 Revenue, net of interest expense.



End of period (EOP)

⁶ Represents a non-GAAP financial measure. For important presentation information, see slide 33.

⁴ CET1 stands for common equity tier 1 capital. CET1 ratio at June 30, 2025, is preliminary.

⁵GLS stands for average Global Liquidity Sources. See note A on slide 30 for definition of Global Liquidity Sources.

Continued Organic Growth in 2Q25

Consumer Banking

- Added ~175,000 net new checking accounts;26 consecutive quarters of net growth
- ▶ 3rd consecutive quarter of QoQ average deposit growth
- Consumer investment assets of ~\$540B,¹ up 13% YoY; over 4MM accounts with \$19B flows since 2Q24
- Grew Small Business loans 8% YoY

Global Wealth & Investment Management

- Added ~7,100 net new relationships across Merrill and Private Bank
- Opened ~28,000 new bank accounts; 63% of clients have banking relationship
- ▶ \$4.4T client balances,¹ up 10% YoY, with AUM balances of ~\$2.0T, up 13%



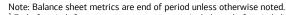
▶ \$83B total net wealth spectrum client flows since 2Q24³

Global Banking

- #3 investment banking fee ranking YTD⁴
- Grew average deposits 15% YoY to over \$600B
- Treasury service charges increased 15% YoY
- ▶ Grew Middle Market average loans 8% YoY⁵

Global Markets

- ▶ 13th consecutive quarter of YoY sales and trading revenue growth
- Record 2Q sales and trading revenue
- ▶ Record 2Q Equities sales and trading revenue
- ▶ 19th consecutive quarter of average loan growth



¹ End of period. Consumer investment assets include end of period client brokerage assets, deposit sweep balances, brokered certificates of deposit (CDs), and assets under management (AUM) in Consumer Banking. Global Wealth & Investment Management (GWIM) client balances include deposits, loans and leases, AUM, brokerage, and other assets.

Investment balances include AUM, brokerage, and other assets.

³ Includes net client flows across Merrill, Private Bank, and Consumer Investments.

⁴ Source: Dealogic as of June 30, 2025.

^{&#}x27; Source: Dealogic as of June 30, 2025. ⁵ Includes loans to Global Commercial Banking clients, excluding commercial real estate and specialized industries

Leveraging Artificial Intelligence

Al Agent

- Erica® helps drive efficiencies through selfservice across the firm
- 20MM active consumer Erica users with nearly 3B interactions since launch in 2018
- CashPro® Chat used by 65% of business, commercial, and corporate clients, with Erica handling >40% of interactions
- Erica for Employees used by >90% of teammates, helping to reduce calls to service desk by ~50%



Search & Summarization

- Generative-Al platform used by Global Markets and Global Corporate and Investment Banking to search, summarize, and synthesize internal research and market commentary
- ask MERRILL and ask PRIVATE BANK tools designed to efficiently find resources and curate information for advisors, with ~23MM interactions per year



Content Generation

- Al tools help to standardize and streamline banker preparation for client meetings
- Al tools provide guided assistance to customer service specialists



- Al-powered assistant available to ~17,000 software developers, helping to drive efficiency gains
- Al-powered chatbot used across Global Markets, Operations, and Technology to automate manual tasks
- >50 Al-enabled fraud detection models designed to help detect fraudulent activity more quickly, accurately, and at scale

Continuous Innovation

~7,800 total patents granted & pending

~1,400 AI & machine learning patents granted & pending | >250 AI & machine learning models



2Q25 Financial Results

Summary Income Statement (\$B, except per share data)	2Q25	1Q25	Inc / ((Dec)	2Q24	Inc / ((Dec)
Total revenue, net of interest expense	\$26.5	\$27.4	(\$0.9)	(3) %	\$25.4	\$1.1	4 %
Provision for credit losses	1.6	1.5	0.1	8	1.5	0.1	6
Net charge-offs	1.5	1.5	0.1	5	1.5	_	(1)
Reserve build (release) ¹	0.1	_	_	N/M	_	0.1	N/M
Noninterest expense	17.2	17.8	(0.6)	(3)	16.3	0.9	5
Pretax income	7.7	8.1	(0.4)	(5)	7.6	0.1	2
Pretax, pre-provision income ²	9.3	9.6	(0.3)	(3)	9.1	0.2	2
Income tax expense	0.6	0.7	(0.1)	(21)	0.7	(0.1)	(14)
Net income	\$7.1	\$7.4	(\$0.3)	(4)	\$6.9	\$0.2	3
Diluted earnings per share	\$0.89	\$0.90	(\$0.01)	(1)	\$0.83	\$0.06	7
Average diluted common shares (in millions)	7,652	7,771	(119)	(2)	7,961	(309)	(4)

Return Metrics and Efficiency Ratio			
Return on average assets	0.83 %	0.89 %	0.85 %
Return on average common shareholders' equity	10.0	10.4	10.0
Return on average tangible common shareholders' equity ²	13.4	13.9	13.6
Efficiency ratio	65	65	64



Note: Amounts may not total due to rounding.

¹ For more information on reserve build (release), see note B on slide 30.

² Represent non-GAAP financial measures. For more information on pretax, pre-provision income and a reconciliation to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure, see note C on slide 30. For important presentation information, see slide 33.

2Q25 Highlights

(Comparisons to 2Q24, unless otherwise noted)

- Net income of \$7.1B; EPS of \$0.89; ROE 10.0%, ROTCE¹ 13.4%
- Revenue, net of interest expense, of \$26.5B (\$26.6B FTE)¹ increased \$1.1B, or 4%, reflecting higher net interest income (NII), sales and trading revenue, and asset management fees, as well as lower investment banking fees
 - NII of \$14.7B (\$14.8B FTE)¹ increased \$1.0B, or 7%; up \$0.2B, or 2%, vs. 1Q25
 - Noninterest income of \$11.8B increased \$0.1B, or 1%
- Provision for credit losses of \$1.6B in 2Q25 vs. \$1.5B in both 1Q25 and 2Q24
 - Net charge-offs (NCOs)² of \$1.5B were flat to 1Q25 and 2Q24
- Noninterest expense of \$17.2B increased \$0.9B, or 5%; down \$0.6B, or 3%, vs. 1Q25
- · Balance sheet remained strong
 - Average deposits of \$1.97T increased \$64B, or 3%
 - Average loans and leases of \$1.13T increased \$77B, or 7%
 - Average Global Liquidity Sources³ of \$938B
 - CET1 capital of \$201B was flat to 1Q25
 - CET1 ratio of 11.5%⁴ vs. 11.8% in 1Q25; well above regulatory minimum
 - Paid \$2.0B in common dividends and announced plans to increase quarterly common dividend 8%⁵
 - Repurchased \$5.3B of common stock



Note: FTE stands for fully taxable-equivalent basis.

¹ Represent non-GAAP financial measures. For important presentation information, see slide 33.

² Excludes loans accounted for under the fair value option.

³ See note A on slide 30 for definition of Global Liquidity Sources.

⁴ CET1 ratio at June 30, 2025, is preliminary.

Beginning in 3Q25. Subject to approval by the Bank of America Corporation (Corporation) Board of Directors.

Balance Sheet, Liquidity, and Capital

(EOP basis unless noted)

Balance Sheet Metrics	2Q25		1Q25		2Q24	
Assets (\$B)						
Total assets	\$3,441		\$3,349		\$3,258	
Total loans and leases	1,147		1,111		1,057	
Cash and cash equivalents	266		274		321	
Total debt securities	930		939		878	
Carried at fair value	389		389		301	
Held-to-maturity, at cost	541		551		577	
Funding & Liquidity (\$B)						
Total deposits	\$2,012		\$1,990		\$1,910	
Long-term debt	313		304		290	
Global Liquidity Sources (average) ¹	938		942		909	
Equity (\$B)						
Common shareholders' equity	\$276		\$275		\$267	
Common equity ratio	8.0	%	8.2	%	8.2	%
Tangible common shareholders' equity ²	\$206		\$205		\$197	
Tangible common equity ratio ²	6.1	%	6.3	%	6.2	%
Per Share Data						
Book value per common share	\$37.13		\$36.39		\$34.39	
Tangible book value per common share ²	27.71		27.12		25.37	
Common shares outstanding (in billions)	7.44		7.56		7.77	

2Q25	1Q25	2Q24
\$201	\$201	\$198
\$1,750	\$1,711	\$1,661
11.5 %	11.8 %	11.9 %
\$1,548	\$1,514	\$1,469
13.0 %	13.3 %	13.5 %
5.7 %	5.7 %	6.0
	\$201 \$1,750 11.5 % \$1,548 13.0 %	\$201 \$201 \$1,750 \$1,711 11.5 % 11.8 %

- CET1 ratio of 11.5% decreased 26 bps vs. 1Q25³
 - CET1 capital of \$201B was flat to 1Q25
 - Standardized RWA of \$1.7T increased \$39B
- Book value per share of \$37.13 improved 8% from 2Q24; tangible book value per share of \$27.71 improved 9% from 2Q24²
- Average Global Liquidity Sources of \$938B decreased \$4B compared to 1Q25¹

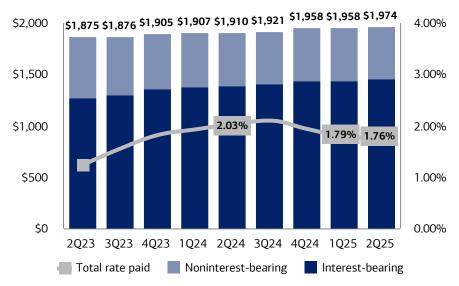
¹ See note A on slide 30 for definition of Global Liquidity Sources.

² Represent non-GAAP financial measures. For important presentation information, see slide 33.

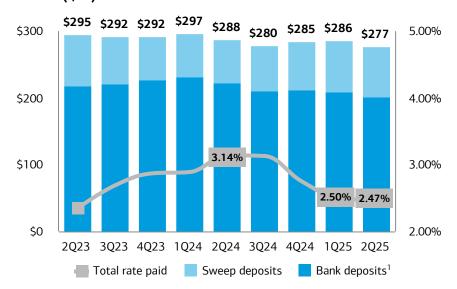
³ Regulatory capital ratios at June 30, 2025, are preliminary. The Corporation reports regulatory capital ratios under both the Standardized and Advanced approaches. Capital adequacy is evaluated against the lower of the Standardized or Advanced approaches compared to their respective regulatory capital ratio requirements. The Corporation's binding ratio was the Total capital ratio under the Standardized approach at June 30, 2025, and June 30, 2024, and the Tier 1 capital ratio under the Standardized approach at March 31, 2025.

Average Deposit and Rate Paid Trends

Total Corporation (\$B)



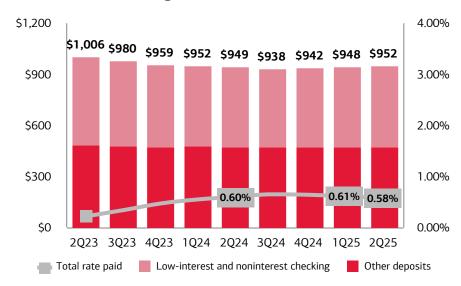
GWIM (\$B)



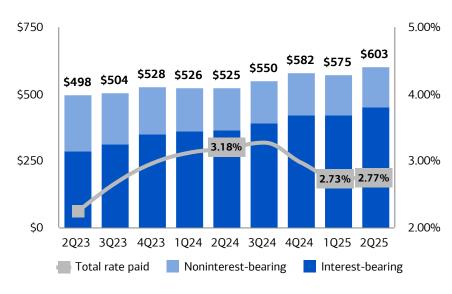
Note: Total Corporation also includes Global Markets and All Other.

¹ Includes Preferred deposits, other non-sweep Merrill bank deposits, and Private Bank deposits.

Consumer Banking (\$B)

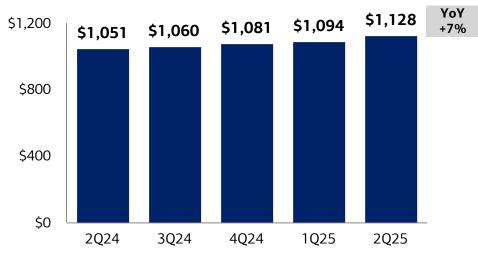


Global Banking (\$B)

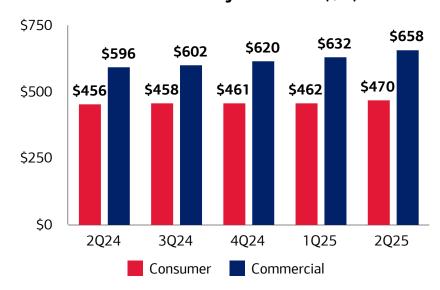


Average Loan and Lease Trends

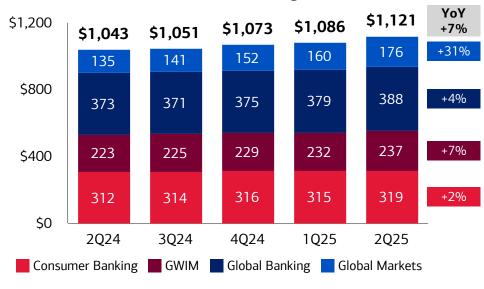
Total Loans and Leases (\$B)



Total Loans and Leases by Portfolio (\$B)

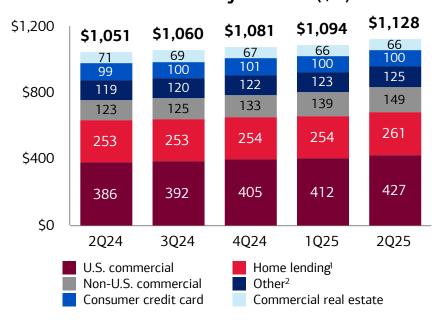


Loans and Leases in Business Segments (\$B)



Note: Amounts may not total due to rounding.

Total Loans and Leases by Product (\$B)

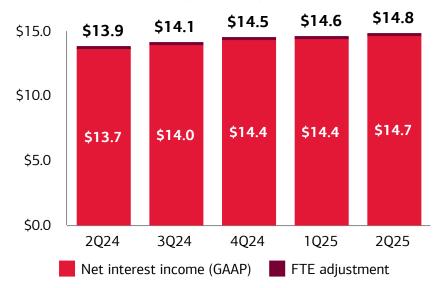


¹ Includes residential mortgage and home equity.

² Includes direct / indirect and other consumer and commercial lease financing.

Net Interest Income

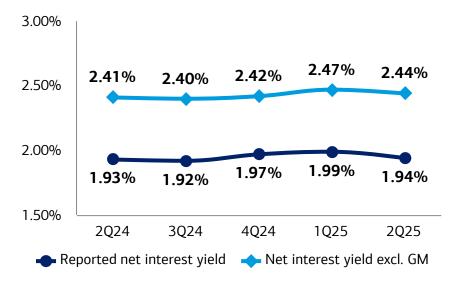
Net Interest Income (FTE, \$B)¹



Net interest income of \$14.7B (\$14.8B FTE)¹

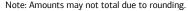
- Increased \$0.2B from 1Q25, driven by higher deposit and loan balances, one additional day of interest accrual, and fixed-rate asset repricing, partially offset by the impact of lower non-U.S. interest rates on loan yields
- Increased \$1.0B from 2Q24, driven by fixed-rate asset repricing, higher NII related to Global Markets (GM) activity, and higher deposit and loan balances, partially offset by the impact of lower interest rates
- Net interest yield of 1.94% decreased 5 bps from 1Q25 and increased 1 bp vs. 2Q24
 - Blended cash and securities yield of 3.23% vs. total deposit rate paid of 1.76%
 - Excluding GM, net interest yield of 2.44%¹
- 100 bps parallel shift below the June 30, 2025, forward interest rate yield curve is estimated to reduce net interest income by \$2.3B over the next 12 months²

Net Interest Yield (FTE)¹



Net Interest Income Mix (FTE, \$B)1

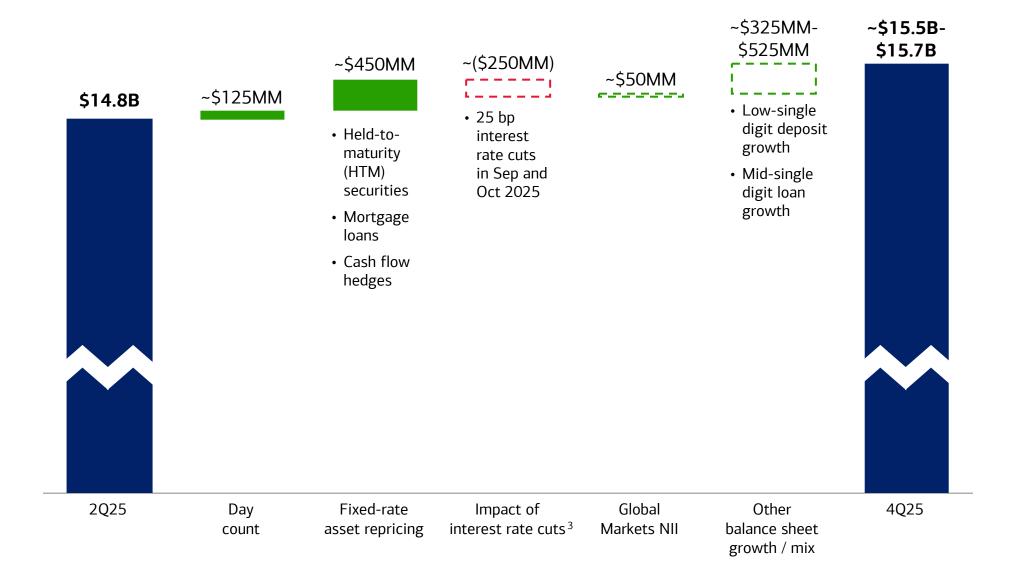




Represent non-GAAP financial measures. Net interest yield adjusted to exclude Global Markets NII of \$1.3B, \$1.2B, \$1.0B, \$0.9B, and \$0.8B and average earning assets of \$825.8B, \$767.6B, \$714.8B, \$728.2B, and \$706.4B for 2Q25, 1Q25, 4Q24, 3Q24, and 2Q24, respectively. The Corporation believes the presentation of NII and net interest yield excluding Global Markets provides investors with transparency of NII and net interest yield in core banking activities. For important presentation information, see slide 33.

² As of June 30, 2025. NII asset sensitivity represents banking book positions using behavioral deposit changes. See note D on slide 30 for information on asset sensitivity assumptions.

Net Interest Income Outlook^{1,2}



Note: Amounts may not total due to use of ranges for select drivers presented.

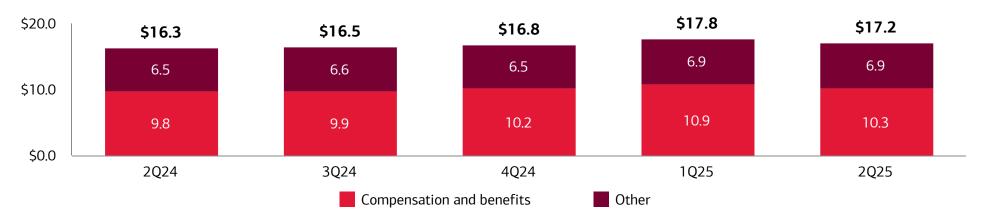
¹ FTE basis. Represents a non-GAAP financial measure. For important presentation information, see slide 33. A reconciliation to the most directly comparable GAAP measure for the 4Q25 period is not included as it cannot be prepared without unreasonable effort.

For cautionary information in connection with these forward-looking statements, see note E on slide 30 and slide 32.

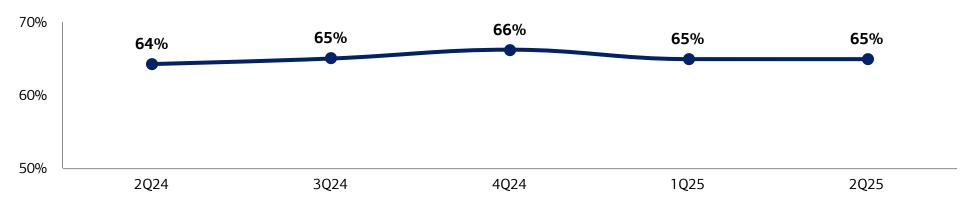
³ Impact of interest rate cuts represents asset sensitivity of banking book positions using behavioral deposit changes. See note D on slide 30 for information on asset sensitivity assumptions.

Expense and Efficiency

Total Noninterest Expense (\$B)



Efficiency Ratio



- 2Q25 noninterest expense of \$17.2B
 - Declined \$0.6B, or 3%, vs. 1Q25, driven by the absence of seasonally-elevated costs (primarily payroll taxes)
 - Increased \$0.9B, or 5%, vs. 2Q24, driven by higher revenue-related expenses and investments in people, brand, and technology
- Expect to deliver operating leverage in 2H25¹

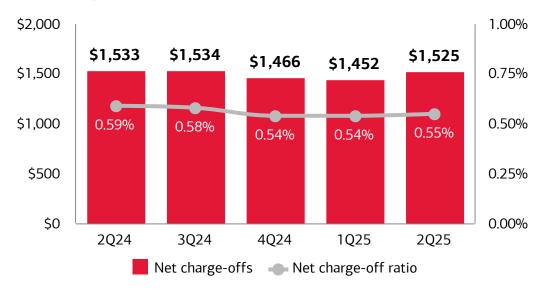


Note: Amounts may not total due to rounding.

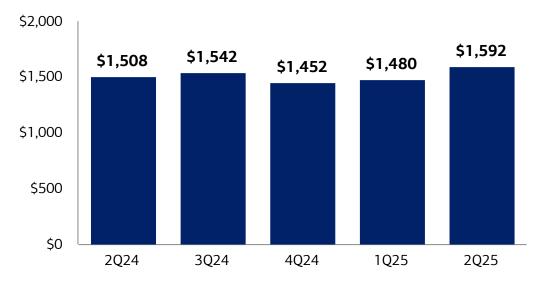
Operating leverage is calculated as the year-over-year percentage change in revenue, net of interest expense, less the percentage change in noninterest expense. Outlook on operating leverage is a forward-looking statement that is subject to uncertainty and is not a guarantee of future results or performance. For cautionary information in connection with forward-looking statements, see slide 32.

Asset Quality

Net Charge-offs (\$MM)¹



Provision for Credit Losses (\$MM)



- Total net charge-offs¹ of \$1.5B increased \$73MM from 1Q25
 - Consumer net charge-offs of \$1.1B decreased \$60MM, driven by lower credit card losses
 - Credit card loss rate of 3.82% in 2Q25 vs. 4.05% in 1Q25
 - Commercial net charge-offs of \$466MM increased \$133MM driven primarily by sales and resolutions of commercial real estate office properties
 - Net charge-off ratio of 0.55% vs. 0.54% in 1Q25
- Provision for credit losses of \$1.6B increased \$112MM from 1Q25
 - Net reserve build of \$67MM in 2Q25 vs.\$28MM in 1Q25
- Allowance for loan and lease losses of \$13.3B represented 1.17% of total loans and leases^{1,2}
 - Total allowance of \$14.4B included \$1.1B for unfunded commitments
- Nonperforming loans of \$6.0B decreased \$102MM from 1Q25
- Commercial reservable criticized utilized exposure of \$27.9B increased \$252MM from 1Q25

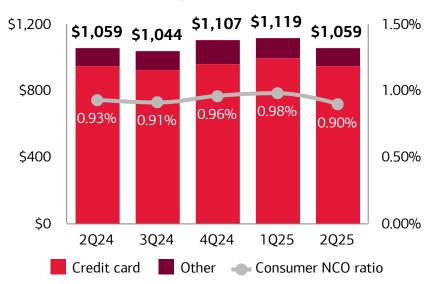
² Allowance for loan and lease losses ratio is calculated as allowance for loan and lease losses divided by loans and leases outstanding at the end of the period.



¹ Excludes loans measured at fair value.

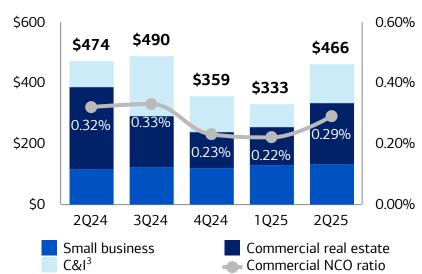
Asset Quality – Consumer and Commercial Portfolios

Consumer Net Charge-offs (\$MM)

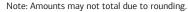


Consumer Metrics (\$MM)	2Q25	1Q25	2Q24
Provision	\$1,084	\$1,100	\$1,094
Nonperforming loans and leases	2,564	2,613	2,671
% of loans and leases ¹	0.54 %	0.56 %	0.58 %
Consumer 30+ days performing past due	\$4,385	\$4,441	\$4,346
Fully-insured ²	419	460	466
Non fully-insured	3,966	3,981	3,880
Consumer 90+ days performing past due	1,461	1,569	1,474
Allowance for loans and leases	8,578	8,552	8,514
% of loans and leases ¹	1.82 %	1.83 %	1.86 %
# times annualized NCOs	2.02 x	1.88 x	2.00 x

Commercial Net Charge-offs (\$MM)



Commercial Metrics (\$MM)	2Q25	1Q25	2Q24
Provision	\$508	\$380	\$414
Reservable criticized utilized exposure	27,904	27,652	24,761
Nonperforming loans and leases	3,417	3,470	2,802
% of loans and leases ¹	0.51 %	0.54 %	0.47 %
Allowance for loans and leases	\$4,713	\$4,704	\$4,724
% of loans and leases ¹	0.71 %	0.74 %	0.79 %
Commercial excl. small business NCOs	\$332	\$200	\$356
% of loans and leases ¹	0.21 %	0.13 %	0.25 %



¹ Excludes loans measured at fair value.

² Fully-insured loans are FHA-insured loans and other loans individually insured under long-term standby agreements.

³ C&I includes commercial and industrial and commercial lease financing.

Consumer Banking

		Inc / (Dec)		
Summary Income Statement (\$MM)	2Q25	1Q25	2Q24	
Total revenue, net of interest expense	\$10,813	\$320	\$607	
Provision for credit losses	1,282	(10)	1	
Noninterest expense	5,567	(259)	103	
Pretax income	3,964	589	503	
Pretax, pre-provision income ¹	5,246	579	504	
Income tax expense	991	147	125	
Net income	\$2,973	\$442	\$378	

Key Indicators (\$B)	2Q25		1Q25		2Q24	
Average deposits	\$952.0		\$947.6		\$949.2	
Rate paid on deposits	0.58	%	0.61	%	0.60	%
Cost of deposits ²	1.46		1.54		1.44	
Average loans and leases	\$319.1		\$315.0		\$312.3	
Net charge-off ratio	1.51	%	1.62	%	1.53	%
Net charge-offs (\$MM)	\$1,200		\$1,262		\$1,188	
Reserve build (\$MM)	82		30		93	
Consumer investment assets ³	539.7		497.7		476.1	
Active mobile banking users (MM)	40.8		40.5		39.0	
% Consumer sales through digital channels	65	%	65	%	53	%
Number of financial centers	3,664		3,681		3,786	
Combined credit / debit purchase volumes ⁴	\$244.1		\$228.4		\$233.6	
Total consumer credit card risk-adjusted margin ⁴	7.07	%	6.68	%	6.75	%
Return on average allocated capital	27		23		24	
Allocated capital	\$44.0		\$44.0		\$43.3	
Efficiency ratio	51	%	56	%	54	%

- Net income of \$3.0B
- Revenue of \$10.8B increased 6% from 2Q24, driven by higher net interest income
- Provision for credit losses of \$1.3B was flat to 2Q24
 - Net charge-offs of \$1.2B were flat to 2Q24
 - Net reserve build of \$82MM vs. \$93MM in 2Q24
- Noninterest expense of \$5.6B increased 2% from 2Q24, driven by investments in people and technology
 - Efficiency ratio of 51%
- Average deposits of \$952B increased \$3B from 2Q24
 - 58% of deposits in checking accounts;
 92% are primary accounts⁵
- Average loans and leases of \$319B increased \$7B, or 2%, from 2Q24
- Combined credit / debit card spend of \$244B increased 4% from 2024⁴
- Consumer investment assets of \$540B grew \$64B, or 13%, vs. 2Q24,³ driven by higher market valuations and \$19B of net client flows from new and existing clients
- 11.2MM clients enrolled in Preferred Rewards, up 1% from 2Q24⁶
- 79% of households digitally active, up from 77% in 2Q24⁷

¹ Represents a non-GAAP financial measure. For more information and a reconciliation to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure, see note C on slide 30. For important presentation information, see slide 33.

² Cost of deposits calculated as annualized noninterest expense as a percentage of total average deposits within the Deposits sub-segment.

³ End of period. Consumer investment assets include client brokerage assets, deposit sweep balances, brokered CDs, and AUM in Consumer Banking.

⁴ Includes consumer credit card portfolios in Consumer Banking and GWIM.

⁵ Represents the percentage of consumer checking accounts that are estimated to be the customer's primary account based on multiple relationship factors (e.g., linked to their direct deposit).

Gas of May 2025. Includes clients in Consumer, Small Business, and GWIM.

⁷ As of May 2025, includes elected in consumer, small business, and dwin.

Global Wealth & Investment Management

		Inc / (Dec)		
Summary Income Statement (\$MM)	2Q25	1Q25	2Q24	
Total revenue, net of interest expense	\$5,937	(\$79)	\$363	
Provision for credit losses	20	6	13	
Noninterest expense	4,593	(66)	394	
Pretax income	1,324	(19)	(44)	
Pretax, pre-provision income ¹	1,344	(13)	(31)	
Income tax expense	331	(5)	(11)	
Net income	\$993	(\$14)	(\$33)	

Key Indicators (\$B)	2Q25	1Q25	2Q24
Average deposits	\$276.8	\$286.4	\$287.7
Rate paid on deposits	2.47 %	2.50 %	3.14 %
Average loans and leases	\$237.4	\$232.3	\$222.8
Net charge-off ratio	0.02 %	0.02 %	0.02 %
Net charge-offs (\$MM)	\$10	\$9	\$11
Reserve build (release) (\$MM)	10	5	(4)
AUM flows	14.3	24.0	10.8
Pretax margin	22 %	22 %	25 %
Return on average allocated capital	20	21	22
Allocated capital	\$19.8	\$19.8	\$18.5

- Net income of \$1.0B
- Revenue of \$5.9B increased 7% from 2Q24, driven primarily by higher asset management fees from strong AUM flows and higher market levels
- Noninterest expense of \$4.6B increased 9% vs. 2Q24, driven by revenue-related incentives and investments in the business, including people and technology
- Client balances of \$4.4T increased 10% from 2Q24, driven by higher market valuations and positive net client flows
 - AUM flows of \$14B in 2025; \$82B since 2024
- 63% of clients have banking relationship
 - Average deposits of \$277B decreased \$11B, or 4%, from 2Q24
 - Average loans and leases of \$237B increased \$15B, or 7%, from 2Q24
- Added ~7,100 net new relationships across Merrill and Private Bank in 2Q25
- 86% of GWIM households / relationships digitally active across the enterprise²

¹ Represents a non-GAAP financial measure. For more information and a reconciliation to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure, see note C on slide 30. For important presentation information, see slide 33.

² Represents the percentage of digitally active Merrill primary households (\$250K+ in investable assets within the enterprise) and digitally active Private Bank core relationships (\$3MM+ in total balances). Merrill excludes Stock Plan and Banking-only households. Private Bank includes third-party activities and excludes Irrevocable Trust-only relationships, Institutional Philanthropic relationships, and exiting relationships. As of May 2025 for Private Bank and as of June 2025 for Merrill.

Global Banking

		Inc / (Dec)		
Summary Income Statement (\$MM)	2Q25	1Q25	2Q24	
Total revenue, net of interest expense ¹	\$5,690	(\$287)	(\$363)	
Provision for credit losses	277	123	42	
Noninterest expense	3,070	(114)	171	
Pretax income	2,343	(296)	(576)	
Pretax, pre-provision income ²	2,620	(173)	(534)	
Income tax expense	644	(82)	(159)	
Net income	\$1,699	(\$214)	(\$417)	

Selected Revenue Items (\$MM)	2Q25	1Q25	2Q24
Total Corporation IB fees (excl. self-led) ¹	\$1,428	\$1,523	\$1,561
Global Banking IB fees ¹	767	847	835
Business Lending revenue	2,203	2,097	2,565
Global Transaction Services revenue	2,649	2,680	2,561

Key Indicators (\$B)	2Q25	1Q25	2Q24
Average deposits	\$603.4	\$575.2	\$525.4
Average loans and leases	387.9	378.7	372.7
Net charge-off ratio	0.32 %	0.20 %	0.38 %
Net charge-offs (\$MM)	\$303	\$187	\$346
Reserve build (release) (\$MM)	(26)	(33)	(111)
Return on average allocated capital	13 %	15 %	17 %
Allocated capital	\$50.8	\$50.8	\$49.3
Efficiency ratio	54 %	53 %	48 %

- Net income of \$1.7B
- Revenue of \$5.7B decreased 6% from 2Q24, driven primarily by lower net interest income, leasing revenue, and investment banking fees, partially offset by higher treasury service charges
 - Total Corporation investment banking fees
 (ex. self-led) of \$1.4B decreased 9% vs. 2Q24
- Provision for credit losses of \$277MM vs. \$235MM in 2Q24
 - Net charge-offs of \$303MM decreased \$43MM from 2Q24
 - Net reserve release of \$26MM vs. \$111MM in 2Q24
- Noninterest expense of \$3.1B increased 6% vs. 2Q24, driven by investments in the business, including people and technology
- Average deposits of \$603B increased \$78B, or 15%, from 2Q24
- Average loans and leases of \$388B increased \$15B, or 4%, from 2Q24

² Represents a non-GAAP financial measure. For more information and a reconciliation to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure, see note C on slide 30. For important presentation information, see slide 33.



¹ Global Banking and Global Markets share in certain deal economics from investment banking (IB), loan origination activities, and sales and trading activities.

Global Markets¹

		lnc / (Dec)	
Summary Income Statement (\$MM)	2Q25	1Q25	2Q24
Total revenue, net of interest expense ²	\$5,980	(\$604)	\$521
Net DVA	(51)	(70)	(50)
Total revenue (excl. net DVA) ^{2,3}	6,031	(534)	571
Provision (benefit) for credit losses	22	(6)	35
Noninterest expense	3,806	(5)	320
Pretax income	2,152	(593)	166
Pretax, pre-provision income ⁴	2,174	(599)	201
Income tax expense	624	(172)	48
Net income	\$1,528	(\$421)	\$118
Net income (excl. net DVA) ³	\$1,567	(\$368)	\$156

Selected Revenue Items (\$MM) ²	2Q25	1Q25	2Q24
Sales and trading revenue	\$5,326	\$5,664	\$4,679
Sales and trading revenue (excl. net DVA) ³	5,377	5,645	4,680
FICC (excl. net DVA) ³	3,247	3,463	2,737
Equities (excl. net DVA) ³	2,130	2,182	1,943
Global Markets IB fees	666	681	719

Key Indicators (\$B)	2Q25	1Q25	2Q24
Average total assets	\$1,023.0	\$969.3	\$908.5
Average trading-related assets	700.4	668.2	639.8
Average 99% VaR (\$MM) ⁶	84	91	73
Average loans and leases	176.4	159.6	135.1
Net charge-offs (\$MM)	25	6	2
Reserve build (release) (\$MM)	(3)	22	(15)
Return on average allocated capital	13 %	16 %	13 %
Allocated capital	\$49.0	\$49.0	\$45.5
Efficiency ratio	64 %	58 %	64 %

- Net income of \$1.5B (\$1.6B excluding net DVA)³
- Revenue of \$6.0B increased 10% from 2024, driven primarily by higher sales and trading revenue
- Sales and trading revenue of \$5.3B increased 14% from 2Q24; excluding net DVA, up 15%³
 - FICC revenue increased 16% to \$3.2B (excl. DVA. up 19%),³ driven by strong performance in macro products⁵
 - Equities revenue increased 10% to \$2.1B (incl. and excl. DVA),³ driven by improved trading performance and increased client activity
- Noninterest expense of \$3.8B increased 9% vs. 2Q24, driven by higher revenue-related expenses and investments in the business, including people and technology
- Average VaR of \$84MM in 2Q25⁶

¹ The explanations for current period-over-period changes for Global Markets are the same for amounts including and excluding net DVA. ² Global Banking and Global Markets share in certain deal economics from investment banking, loan origination activities, and sales and trading activities.

³ Represent non-GAAP financial measures. Reported fixed income, currencies, and commodities (FICC) sales and trading revenue was \$3.2B, \$3.5B, and \$2.7B for 2Q25, 1Q25, and 2Q24, respectively. Reported Equities sales and trading revenue was \$2.1B, \$2.2B, and \$1.9B for 2Q25, 1Q25, and 2Q24, respectively. See note F on slide 30 and slide 33 for important presentation information.

⁴ Represents a non-GAAP financial measure. For more information and a reconciliation to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure, see note C on slide 30. For important presentation information, see slide 33. 18 ⁵ Macro includes currencies, interest rates, and commodities products.

⁶ See note G on slide 30 for the definition of VaR.

All Other¹

		lnc / (Dec)	
Summary Income Statement (\$MM)	2Q25	1Q25	2Q24
Total revenue, net of interest expense	(\$1,812)	(\$253)	(\$57)
Provision (benefit) for credit losses	(9)	(1)	(7)
Noninterest expense	147	(143)	(114)
Pretax income (loss)	(1,950)	(109)	64
Pretax, pre-provision income (loss) ²	(1,959)	(110)	57
Income tax expense (benefit)	(1,873)	(36)	(109)
Net income (loss)	(\$77)	(\$73)	\$173

- Net loss of \$77MM
- The Corporation's total effective tax rate (ETR) for the quarter was approximately 7%, which included discrete tax benefits of approximately \$180MM
 - The primary drivers reducing the ETR from the statutory rates were recurring tax credits primarily related to investments in renewable energy and affordable housing and discrete tax benefits.
 Excluding these items, the Corporation's adjusted ETR would have been approximately 24%²

² Represent a non-GAAP financial measures. For more information and a reconciliation to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures regarding pretax, pre-provision income (loss) and ETR, see note C and note H on slide 30. For important presentation information, see slide 33.



¹ All Other primarily consists of asset and liability management (ALM) activities, liquidating businesses, and certain expenses not otherwise allocated to a business segment. ALM activities encompass interest rate and foreign currency risk management activities for which substantially all of the results are allocated to our business segments.

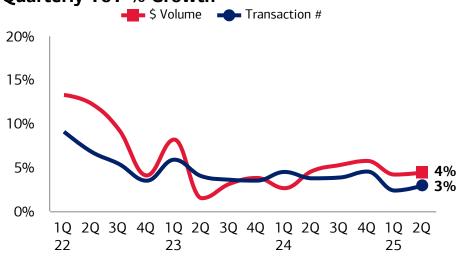
Additional Presentation Information

2025 YTD Consumer Payment Spend¹ of \$2.3T is up 4% YoY

Payment Spend (\$ Volume) and YoY % Growth

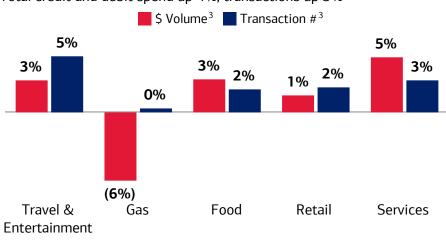


Payment Spend (\$ and Transaction Volume) Quarterly YoY % Growth

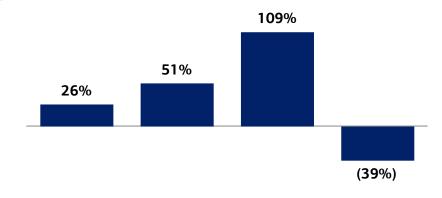


2025 YTD Credit and Debit² YoY % Growth

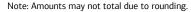
Total credit and debit spend up 4%; transactions up 3%



Payment Transaction Volume 2025 YTD vs. 2019 YTD



% of 2025 YTD:	Credit / Debit	ACH / Wire	P2P / P2B ⁴	Cash / Check
Transactions	77 %	11%	7 %	4%
\$ volume	21%	46%	16%	17 %



¹Total payments represent payments made from Bank of America accounts using credit card, debit card, ACH, wires, billpay, person-to-person, cash, and checks.

² Includes consumer and small business credit card portfolios in Consumer Banking and GWIM.

Excludes credit and debit money transfers, charitable donations, and miscellaneous categories with immaterial volume.

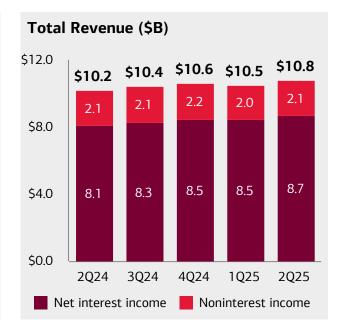
⁴P2P stands for person-to-person. P2B stands for person-to-business.

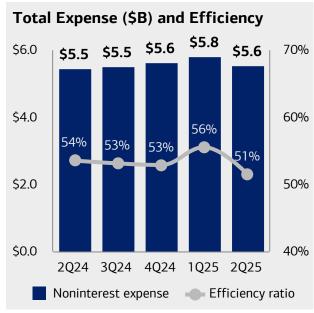
Supplemental Business Segment Trends

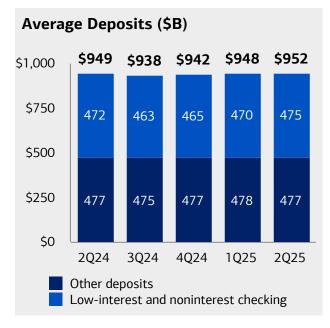
Consumer Banking Trends

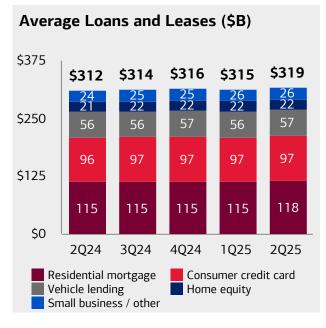
Business Leadership¹

- No. 1 in U.S. Consumer Deposits^(A)
- No. 1 Small Business Lender^(B)
- No. 1 in Retail Banking Advice Satisfaction^(C)
- No. 1 in Banking Mobile App Satisfaction^(D)
- Certified by J.D. Power for Outstanding Client Satisfaction with Customer Financial Health Support – Banking & Payments^(E)
- Merrill Edge Self-Directed Best in Class Award for Customer Service (4th consecutive year)^(F)











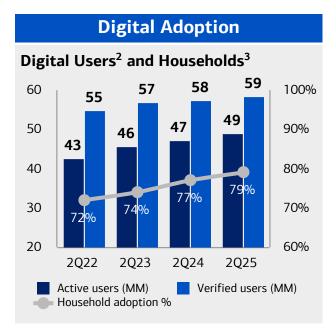


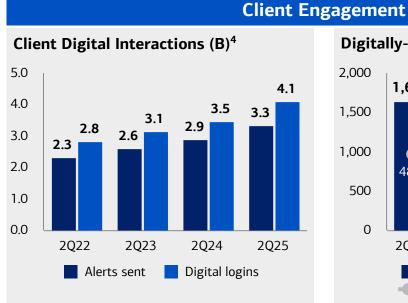
Note: Amounts may not total due to rounding.

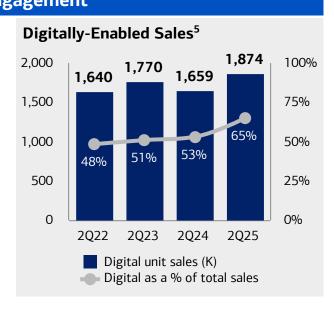
¹ See slide 31 for business leadership sources.

² End of period. Consumer investment assets include client brokerage assets, deposit sweep balances, brokered CDs, and AUM in Consumer Banking.

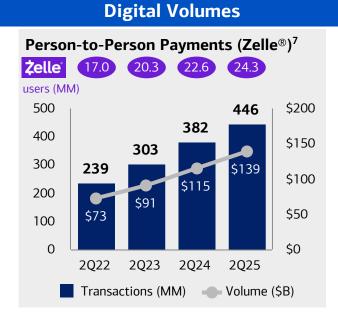
Consumer¹ Digital Update

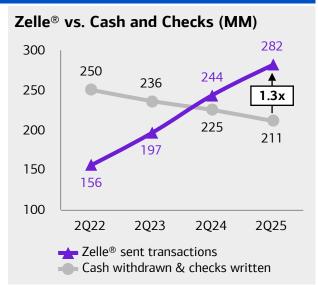






Erica® Active Users and Interactions⁶ 14.4 18.2 19.6 20.0 200 166 167 174 150 123 100 50 2022 2023 2024 2025





Note: Amounts may not total due to rounding.

Erica® interactions (MM)

¹ Includes all households / relationships with consumer platform activity, except where otherwise noted.

² Digital active users represents Consumer and Merrill mobile and / or online 90-day active users. Verified users represents Consumer and Merrill users with a digital identification and password.

Household adoption represents households with consumer bank login activities in a 90-day period, as of May for each quarter presented.

⁴ Digital logins represents the total number of desktop and mobile banking sessions on the consumer banking platform. Alerts are digital communications sent to clients via SMS, push, and email notifications.

Digitally-enabled sales represent sales initiated and / or booked via our digital platforms.

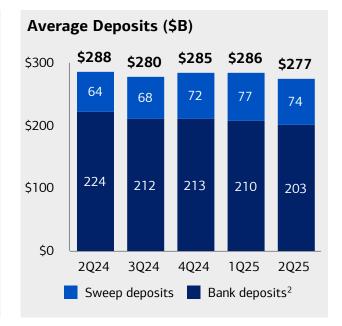
⁶ Erica engagement represents mobile and online activity across client facing platforms powered by Erica.

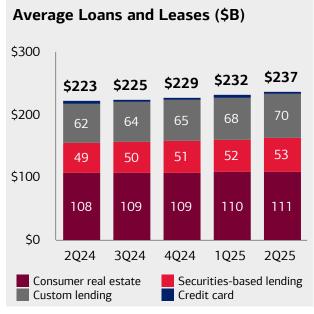
[°] Erica engagement represents mobile and online activity across client facing platforms powered by Erica. ⁷ Includes Bank of America person-to-person payments sent and received through e-mail or mobile identification. Zelle® users represent 90-day active users.

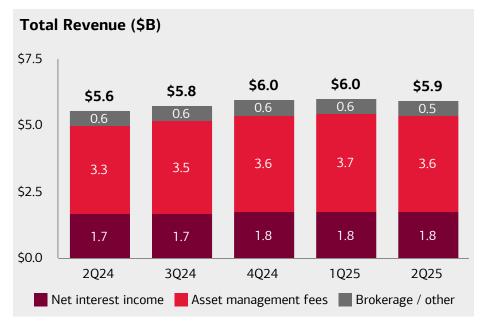
Global Wealth & Investment Management Trends

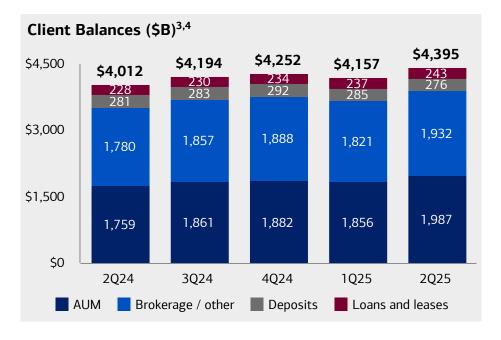
Business Leadership¹

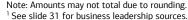
- No. 1 on Forbes' Top Women Wealth Advisors Best-in-State (2025), Best-in-State Wealth Management Teams (2025), and Top Next Generation Advisors (2024)
- No. 1 on Barron's Top 1200 Wealth Financial Advisors List (2025) and No. 1 on Barron's Top 100 Women Financial Advisors (2024)
- No. 1 on Financial Planning's Top 40 Advisors Under 40 List (2025)
- Model Wealth Manager Holistic Wealth Management and Financial Wellbeing^(G)
- No. 1 in Managed Personal Trust AUM^(B)
- Best Private Bank in North America and Excellence in Philanthropic Services^(H)









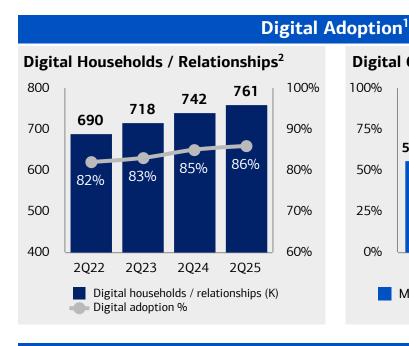


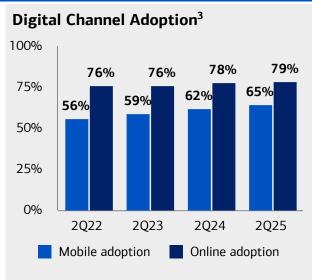
² Includes Preferred deposits, other non-sweep Merrill bank deposits, and Private Bank deposits.

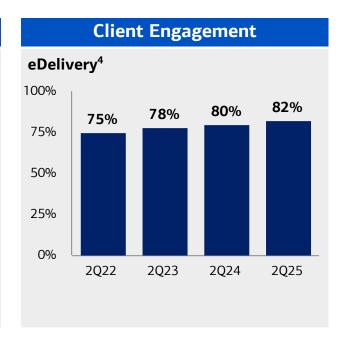
End of period. Loans and leases includes margin receivables which are classified in customer and other receivables on the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

Managed deposits in investment accounts of \$43B, \$41B, \$45B, \$37B, and \$36B for 2Q25, 1Q25, 4Q24, 3Q24, and 2Q24, respectively, are included in both AUM and Deposits. Total client balances only include these balances once.

Global Wealth & Investment Management Digital Update

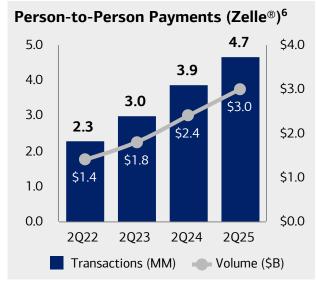


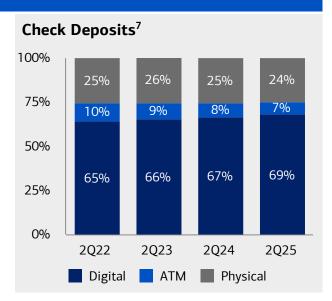




Digital Volumes







Note: Amounts may not total due to rounding.

Digital Adoption is the percentage of digitally active Merrill primary households (\$250K+ in investable assets within the enterprise) and digitally active Private Bank core relationships (\$3MM+ in total balances). Merrill excludes Stock Plan and Banking-only households. Private Bank includes third-party activities (effective 1Q23) and excludes Irrevocable Trust-only relationships, Institutional Philanthropic relationships, and exiting relationships.

² Data as of May for 2022, 2023, 2024, and 2025 as of May for Private Bank and as of June for Merrill.

Digital channel adoption represents the percentage of desktop and mobile banking engagement, as of May for 2Q22 and 2Q23, 2Q24 and 2Q25 as of May for Private Bank and as of June for Merrill.

GWIM eDelivery percentage includes Merrill Digital Households (excluding Stock Plan, Banking-only households, Retirement-only, and 529-only) and Private Bank relationships that receive statements digitally, as of May for 2022, 2023, and 2024. 2025 as of May for Private Bank and as of June for Merrill. Private Bank eDelivery percentage represents relationship enrollment related to Private Bank investment accounts only.

Erica interactions represent mobile and online activity across client-facing platforms powered by Erica.

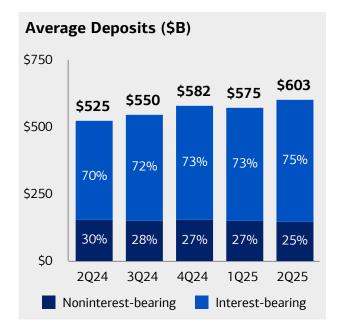
⁶ Includes Bank of America person-to-person payments sent and received through e-mail or mobile identification.

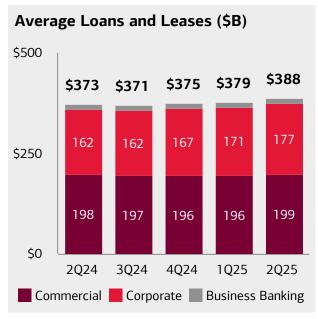
Digital check deposits include mobile check deposits and remote deposit operations. As of May for Private Bank and as of June for Merrill for each quarter presented.

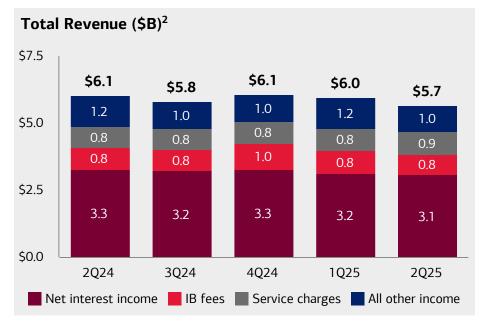
Global Banking Trends

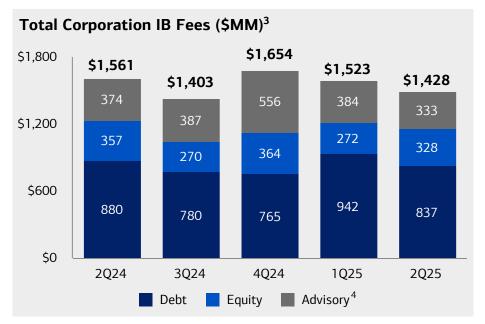
Business Leadership¹

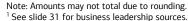
- North America's Most Innovative Bank 2025⁽¹⁾
- · World's Best Bank for Trade Finance and for FX Payments; North America's Best Digital Bank, Best Bank for Sustainable Finance, and Best Bank for Small to Medium-sized Enterprises())
- Bank of the Year for Customer Experience^(K)
- Best Global Bank for Cash Management⁽¹⁾
- 2025 Share Leader and Best Bank Award for U.S. Corporate Banking & Cash Management^(L)
- Model Bank: An Edge in Actionable Analytics(M)
- Best Global Supply Chain Finance Bank in Asia Pacific: Best API Initiative in Asia Pacific^(N)
- Relationships with 78% of the Global Fortune 500; 95% of the U.S. Fortune 1,000 (2024)







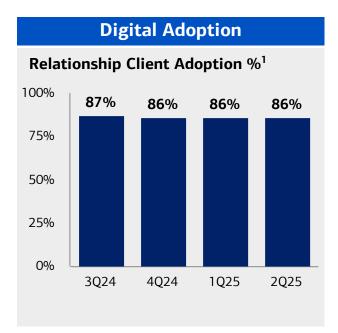




² Global Banking and Global Markets share in certain deal economics from investment banking, loan origination activities, and sales and trading activities.

³ Total Corporation IB fees excludes self-led deals. Self-led deals of \$70MM, \$75MM, \$31MM, \$34MM, and \$50MM for 2Q25, 1Q25, 4Q24, 3Q24, and 2Q24, respectively, are embedded within Debt, Equity, and Advisory.

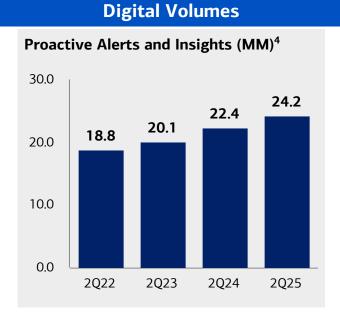
Global Banking Digital Update

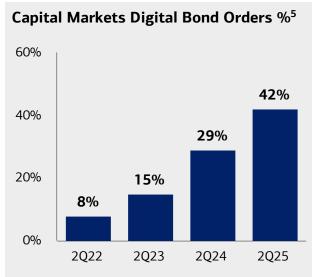






Erica® Interactions on CashPro® Chat (K)³ 40.0 32.5 32.5 33.5 10.0 10.0 3Q24 4Q24 1Q25 2Q25







¹ Relationship client adoption is the percentage of relationship clients digitally active. Digital active clients represents 90-day active clients across CashPro and BA360 platforms. Data as of one month prior to end of quarter. Relationship clients defined as clients meeting revenue threshold for Global Commercial Banking and Business Banking, and all clients in Global Corporate and Investment Banking.

² Includes CashPro, BA360, and Global Card Access. BA360 as of May for each quarter presented. ³ Erica technology integrated into CashPro Chat starting in August 2023.

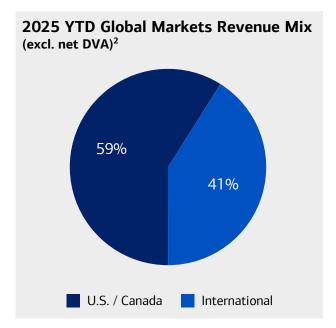
⁴ Includes CashPro alert volume and CashPro online reports and statements scheduled, BA360 90-day Erica insights and alerts, and Global Card Access alert volume for online and mobile. BA360 as of May for each quarter presented.

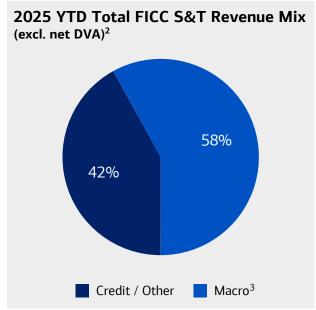
⁵ Percent of U.S. Dollar Investment Grade Debt investor bond orders received and fully processed digitally for Global Capital Markets primary issuances.

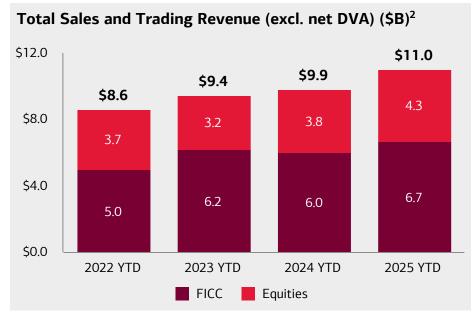
Global Markets Trends and Revenue Mix

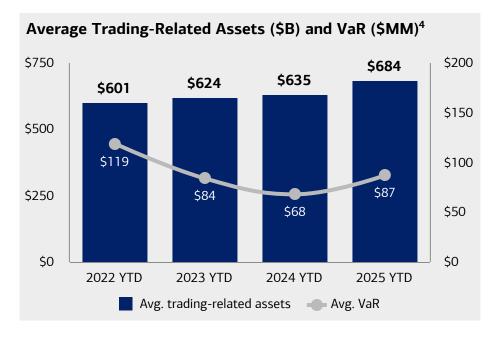
Business Leadership¹

- World's Best Bank for Markets⁽⁾
- CLO Trading Desk of the Year^(O)
- CMBS Bank of the Year⁽⁰⁾
- Best Sell-Side Trading Desk^(P)
- Equity Derivatives House of the Year^(Q)
- No. 1 All-America Trading^(R)
- No. 1 Municipal Bonds Underwriter^(S)
- No. 2 Top Global Research Firm^(R)









Note: Amounts may not total due to rounding. S&T stands for sales and trading.

See slide 31 for business leadership sources.

² Represents a non-GAAP financial measure. 2025 YTD Global Markets revenue was \$12.6B, both including and excluding net DVA. Reported Global Markets revenue mix percentages were the same including and excluding net DVA. Reported FICC S&T revenue mix was 41% credit / other and 59% macro. Reported S&T revenue was \$11.0B, \$9.8B, \$9.4B, and \$8.9B for 2025 YTD, 2024 YTD, 2023 YTD, and 2022 YTD, respectively. Reported FICC S&T revenue was \$6.7B, \$6.0B, \$6.1B, and \$5.2B for 2025 YTD, 2024 YTD, 2023 YTD, and 2022 YTD, respectively. See note F on slide 30 and slide 33 for important presentation information.

³ Macro includes currencies, interest rates, and commodities products.

⁴ See note G on slide 30 for definition of VaR.

Notes

- A Global Liquidity Sources (GLS) include cash and high-quality, liquid, unencumbered securities, inclusive of U.S. government securities, U.S. agency securities, U.S. agency MBS, and a select group of non-U.S. government and supranational securities, and other investment-grade securities, and are readily available to meet funding requirements as they arise. Transfers of liquidity among legal entities may be subject to certain regulatory and other restrictions.
- B Reserve build (or release) is calculated by subtracting net charge-offs for the period from the provision for credit losses recognized in that period. The period-end allowance, or reserve, for credit losses reflects the beginning of the period allowance adjusted for net charge-offs recorded in that period plus the provision for credit losses and other valuation accounts recognized in that period.
- C Pretax, pre-provision income (PTPI) at the consolidated level is a non-GAAP financial measure calculated by adjusting consolidated pretax income to add back provision for credit losses. Similarly, PTPI at the segment level is a non-GAAP financial measure calculated by adjusting the segments' pretax income to add back provision for credit losses. Management believes that PTPI (both at the consolidated and segment level) is a useful financial measure as it enables an assessment of the Corporation's ability to generate earnings to cover credit losses through a credit cycle as well as provides an additional basis for comparing the Corporation's results of operations between periods by isolating the impact of provision for credit losses, which can vary significantly between periods. See reconciliation below.

		2Q25			1Q25		2Q24		
\$ in millions	Pretax Income (GAAP)	Provision for Credit Losses (GAAP)	Pretax, Pre-provision Income	Pretax Income (GAAP)	Provision for Credit Losses (GAAP)	Pretax, Pre-provision Income	Pretax Income (GAAP)	Provision for Credit Losses (GAAP)	Pretax, Pre-provision Income
Consumer Banking	\$ 3,964	\$ 1,282	\$ 5,246	\$ 3,375	\$ 1,292	\$ 4,667	\$ 3,461	\$ 1,281	\$ 4,742
Global Wealth & Investment Management	1,324	20	1,344	1,343	14	1,357	1,368	7	1,375
Global Banking	2,343	277	2,620	2,639	154	2,793	2,919	235	3,154
Global Markets	2,152	22	2,174	2,745	28	2,773	1,986	(13)	1,973
All Other	(1,950)	(9)	(1,959)	(1,841)	(8)	(1,849)	(2,014)	(2)	(2,016)
Total Corporation	\$ 7,688	\$ 1,592	\$ 9,280	\$ 8,116	\$ 1,480	\$ 9,596	\$ 7,560	\$ 1,508	\$ 9,068

- D Interest rate sensitivity as of June 30, 2025, reflects the potential pretax impact to forecasted net interest income over the next 12 months from June 30, 2025, resulting from an instantaneous parallel shock to the market-based forward curve. As part of our asset and liability management activities, we use securities, certain residential mortgages, and interest rate and foreign exchange derivatives in managing interest rate sensitivity. The sensitivity analysis assumes that we take no action in response to this rate shock and does not assume any change in other macroeconomic variables normally correlated with changes in interest rates. The sensitivity analysis incorporates potential movements in customer behavior that could result in changes in both total customer deposit balances and balance mix in various interest rate scenarios. In lower rate scenarios, the analysis assumes that a portion of higher-yielding deposits or market-based funding are replaced with low-cost or noninterest-bearing deposits.
- Forward-looking statements related to the Corporation's NII outlook are based on the Corporation's baseline NII forecast that takes into account expected future business growth, ALM positioning, and the future direction of interest rate movements as implied by market-based curves, including, among others, the Corporation's current expectations regarding expected interest rate cuts, the expected impact of one additional day compared to 2Q, the expected benefit to NII from fixed-rate asset repricing, and a range of expected loan and deposit growth. These statements are not guarantees of future results or performance and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, and assumptions that are difficult to predict and are often beyond the Corporation's control. For more information, see Forward-Looking Statements on slide 32.
- F Revenue for all periods included net debit valuation adjustments (DVA) on derivatives, as well as amortization of own credit portion of purchase discount and realized DVA on structured liabilities. Net DVA gains (losses) were (\$51MM), \$19MM, and (\$1MM) for 2Q25, 1Q25, and 2Q24, respectively, and (\$32MM), (\$86MM), and \$227MM for 2025 YTD, 2024 YTD, 2023 YTD, and 2022 YTD, respectively. Net DVA gains (losses) included in FICC revenue were (\$54MM), \$15MM, and \$5MM for 2Q25, 1Q25, and 2Q24, respectively, and (\$39MM), (\$71MM), (\$86MM), and \$220MM for 2025 YTD, 2024 YTD, 2023 YTD, and 2022 YTD, respectively. Net DVA gains (losses) included in Equities revenue were \$3MM, \$4MM, and (\$6MM) for 2Q25, 1Q25, and 2Q24, respectively, and \$7MM, (\$15MM), (\$2MM), and \$7MM for 2025 YTD, 2024 YTD, 2023 YTD, and 2022 YTD, respectively.
- G VaR model uses a historical simulation approach based on three years of historical data and an expected shortfall methodology equivalent to a 99% confidence level. Using a 95% confidence level, average VaR was \$35MM, \$39MM, and \$36MM for 2Q25, 1Q25, and 2Q24 respectively, and \$37MM, \$34MM, \$31MM, and \$26MM for 2025 YTD, 2024 YTD, 2023 YTD, and 2022 YTD, respectively. Beginning in 1Q25, the VaR amounts for all periods presented are those used in the Corporation's risk management of its trading portfolios. Previously, the VaR amounts presented were those used for regulatory capital. The trading portfolio represents trading assets and liabilities, primarily consisting of regular underwriting or dealing in securities and derivative contracts, and acquiring positions as an accommodation to customers.
- H In 2Q25, adjusted ETR of 24% is calculated as ETR of 7% plus 17 percentage points for the tax rate effects of tax credits of \$1.1B and discrete tax benefits of approximately \$180MM. We believe the presentation of adjusted ETR is useful because it provides additional information to assess the Corporation's results of operations.



Business Leadership Sources

- (A) 1Q25 FFIEC Call Reports.
- (B) FDIC, 1Q25.
- (C) J.D. Power 2025 U.S. Retail Banking Advice Satisfaction Study measures customer satisfaction with retail bank advice / guidance in the past 12 months. For more information, visit jdpower.com/awards.*
- (D) J.D. Power 2025 U.S. Mobile App Satisfaction Study measures overall satisfaction with banking app channel in the first quarter of 2025. For more information, visit jdpower.com/awards.*
- (E) J.D. Power 2024 Financial Health Support CertificationSM is based on exceeding customer experience benchmarks using client surveys and a best practices verification. For more information, visit jdpower.com/awards.*
- (F) StockBrokers.com* 2025 Annual Broker Review.
- (G) Celent Model Wealth Manager, 2025.
- (H) Global Private Banker Innovation Awards, 2025.
- (I) Global Finance, 2025.
- (J) Euromoney, 2024.
- (K) Treasury Management International, 2025.
- (L) Coalition Greenwich, 2025.
- (M) Celent, 2025.
- (N) Asian Banker, 2025.
- (O) GlobalCapital, 2025.
- (P) Global Markets Choice Awards, 2025.
- (Q) Risk Awards, 2025.
- (R) Extel, 2024.
- (S) LSEG-Refinitiv, YTD 2025.

^{*} Website content is not incorporated by reference into this presentation.



Forward-Looking Statements

Bank of America Corporation (the Corporation) and its management may make certain statements that constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements can be identified by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historical or current facts. Forward-looking statements often use words such as "anticipates," "targets," "expects," "hopes," "estimates," "intends," "plans," "goals," "outlook," "believes," "continue" and other similar expressions or future or conditional verbs such as "will," "may," "might," "should," "would" and "could." Forward-looking statements represent the Corporation's current expectations, plans or forecasts of its future results, revenues, liquidity, net interest income, provision for credit losses, expenses, efficiency ratio, capital measures, strategy, deposits, assets, and future business and economic conditions more generally, and other future matters. These statements are not guarantees of future results or performance and involve certain known and unknown risks, uncertainties and assumptions that are difficult to predict and are often beyond the Corporation's control. Actual outcomes and results may differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, any of these forward-looking statements.

You should not place undue reliance on any forward-looking statement and should consider the following uncertainties and risks, as well as the risks and uncertainties more fully discussed under Item 1A. Risk Factors of the Corporation's 2024 Annual Report on Form 10-K and in any of the Corporation's subsequent U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission filings: the Corporation's potential judgments, orders, settlements, penalties, fines and reputational damage, which are inherently difficult to predict, resulting from pending, threatened or future litigation and regulatory investigations, proceedings and enforcement actions, which the Corporation is subject to in the ordinary course of business, including matters related to our processing of unemployment benefits for California and certain other states, the features of our automatic credit card payment service, the adequacy of the Corporation's antimoney laundering and economic sanctions programs and the processing of electronic payments, including through the Zelle network, and related fraud, which are in various stages; the possibility that the Corporation's future liabilities may be in excess of its recorded liability and estimated range of possible loss for litigation, and regulatory and government actions; the Corporation's ability to resolve representations and warranties repurchase and related claims; the impact of U.S. and global interest rates (including the potential for ongoing fluctuations in interest rates), inflation, currency exchange rates, economic conditions, trade policies and tensions, including changes in, or the imposition of, tariffs and / or trade barriers and the economic impacts, volatility and uncertainty resulting therefrom, which may have varying effects across industries and geographies and geopolitical instability; the risks related to the discontinuation of reference rates, including increased expenses and litigation and the effectiveness of hedging strategies; uncertainties about the financial stability and growth rates of non-U.S. jurisdictions, the risk that those jurisdictions may face difficulties servicing their sovereign debt, and related stresses on financial markets, currencies and trade, and the Corporation's exposures to such risks, including direct, indirect and operational; the impact of the interest rate, inflationary, macroeconomic, banking and regulatory environment on the Corporation's assets, business, financial condition and results of operations; the impact of adverse developments affecting the U.S. or global banking industry, including bank failures and liquidity concerns, resulting in worsening economic and market volatility, and regulatory responses thereto; the possibility that future credit losses may be higher than currently expected due to changes in economic assumptions, which may include unemployment rates, real estate prices, gross domestic product levels and corporate bond spreads, customer behavior, adverse developments with respect to U.S. or global economic conditions and other uncertainties, including the impact of trade policies, supply chain disruptions, inflationary pressures and labor shortages on economic conditions and our business; potential losses related to the Corporation's concentration of credit risk; the Corporation's ability to achieve its expense targets and expectations regarding revenue, net interest income, provision for credit losses, net charge-offs, effective tax rate, loan growth or other projections; variances to the underlying assumptions and judgments used in estimating banking book net interest income sensitivity; adverse changes to the Corporation's credit ratings from the major credit rating agencies; an inability to access capital markets or maintain deposits or borrowing costs; estimates of the fair value and other accounting values, subject to impairment assessments, of certain of the Corporation's assets and liabilities; the estimated or actual impact of changes in accounting standards or assumptions in applying those standards; uncertainty regarding the content, timing and impact of regulatory capital and liquidity requirements; the impact of adverse changes to total loss-absorbing capacity requirements, stress capital buffer requirements and / or global systemically important bank surcharges; the potential impact of actions of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System on the Corporation's capital plans; the effect of changes in or interpretations of income tax laws and regulations, including impacts from the 2025 budget reconciliation legislation; the impact of implementation and compliance with U.S. and international laws, regulations and regulatory interpretations, including recovery and resolution planning requirements, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation assessments, the Volcker Rule, fiduciary standards, derivatives regulations and potential changes to loss allocations between financial institutions and customers, including for losses incurred from the use of our products and services, including electronic payments and payment of checks, that were authorized by the customer but induced by fraud; the impact of failures or disruptions in or breaches of the Corporation's operations or information systems, or those of various third parties, including regulators and federal and state governments, such as from cybersecurity incidents; the risks related to the development, implementation, use and management of emerging technologies, including artificial intelligence and machine learning; the risks related to the transition and physical impacts of climate change; our ability to achieve environmental goals or the impact of any changes in the Corporation's sustainability or human capital management strategy or goals; the impact of uncertain or changing political conditions or any future federal government shutdown and uncertainty regarding the federal government's debt limit or changes in fiscal, monetary, trade or regulatory policy; the emergence of widespread health emergencies or pandemics; the impact of natural disasters, extreme weather events, military conflicts (including the Russia / Ukraine conflict, the conflicts in the Middle East, the possible expansion of such conflicts and potential geopolitical consequences), terrorism or other geopolitical events; and other matters.

Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made, and the Corporation undertakes no obligation to update any forward-looking statement to reflect the impact of circumstances or events that arise after the date the forward-looking statement was made.



Important Presentation Information

- The information contained herein is preliminary and based on Corporation data available at the time of the earnings presentation. It speaks only as of the particular date or dates included in the accompanying slides. Bank of America does not undertake an obligation to, and disclaims any duty to, update any of the information provided.
- The Corporation may present certain metrics and ratios, including year-over-year comparisons of revenue, noninterest expense, and pretax income, excluding certain items (e.g., DVA) that are non-GAAP financial measures. The Corporation believes the use of these non-GAAP financial measures provides additional clarity in understanding its results of operations and trends. For more information about the non-GAAP financial measures contained herein, please see the presentation of the most directly comparable financial measures calculated in accordance with GAAP and accompanying reconciliations in the earnings press release for the quarter ended June 30, 2025, and other earnings-related information available through the Bank of America Investor Relations website at: https://investor.bankofamerica.com/quarterly-earnings, the content of which is not incorporated by reference into this presentation.
- The Corporation presents certain key financial and nonfinancial performance indicators (KPIs) that management uses when assessing consolidated and / or segment results. The Corporation believes this information is useful because it provides management with information about underlying operational performance and trends. KPIs are presented herein, including in the 2Q25 Financial Results on slide 5 and the Summary Income Statement for each segment.
- The Corporation also views revenue, net interest income, and related ratios and analyses on a fully taxable-equivalent (FTE) basis, which when presented on a consolidated basis are non-GAAP financial measures. The Corporation believes managing the business with net interest income on an FTE basis provides investors with meaningful information on the interest margin for comparative purposes. The Corporation believes that the presentation allows for comparison of amounts from both taxable and tax-exempt sources and is consistent with industry practices. The FTE adjustment was \$145MM, \$145MM, \$147MM, and \$160MM for 2Q25, 1Q25, 4Q24, 3Q24, and 2Q24, respectively.
- The Corporation allocates capital to its business segments using a methodology that considers the effect of regulatory capital requirements in addition to internal risk-based capital models. Allocated capital is reviewed periodically and refinements are made based on multiple considerations that include, but are not limited to, risk-weighted assets measured under Basel 3 Standardized and Advanced approaches, business segment exposures and risk profile, and strategic plans. As a result of this process, in 1Q25, the Corporation adjusted the amount of capital being allocated to its business segments.



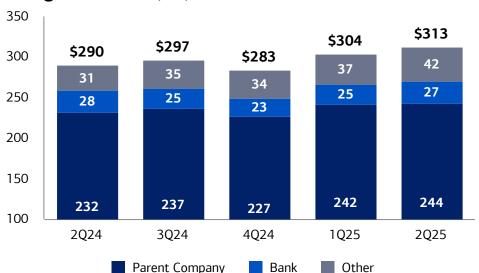
BANK OF AMERICA

BAC Fixed Income Issuance



Long-term Debt as of June 30, 2025

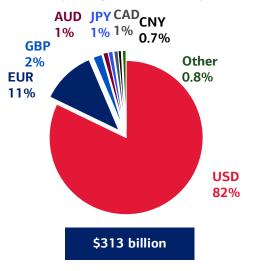
Long-term Debt (\$B)¹



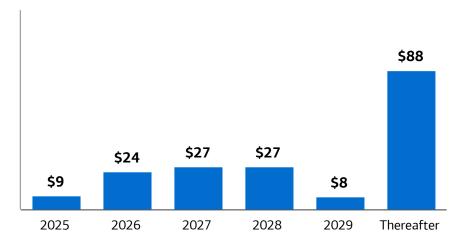
Annual Contractual Maturities of Parent Long-term Debt Obligations (\$B)¹



Long-term Debt by Major Currency (\$B)²



Annual Amount of Parent Long-term Debt that Becomes TLAC-Ineligible and Callable 1 Year Prior to Maturity (\$B)³



Note: Amounts may not total due to rounding.

Parent company long-term debt reflects the carrying value of annual contractual maturities of long-term debt obligations of Bank of America Corporation only. Substantially all of our senior and subordinated debt obligations contain no put or trigger provisions that could result in early redemption of debt, require additional collateral support, result in changes to terms or maturity date, or create additional financial obligations upon an adverse change in our credit ratings, financial ratios, earnings, cash flows, or stock price.

² Other includes individual currency denominations that are below \$1B as of June 30, 2025, the largest of which is CHF at \$893MM or 0.3%.

³ To the extent BAC opts to call TLAC-ineligible debt one year prior to maturity, maturities in the following year as displayed in the lower left hand chart would be reduced commensurately.

Recent Notable Debt and Preferred Stock Issuances as of July 21st, 2025

Recent Notable Debt Issuances^{1,2}

ISIN	Entity ³	Pricing Date	Ranking	Currency	Maturity ⁴	Rate Type	Coupon (bps) ⁵	Size (\$B)
US06051GMU03	BAC	5/6/2025	Senior	USD	4NC3	Floating	Compounded SOFR +111	0.8
US06051GMT30	BAC	5/6/2025	Senior	USD	4NC3	Fixed / Floating	4.623% / Compounded SOFR +111	2.3
US06051GMW68	BAC	5/6/2025	Senior	USD	11NC10	Fixed / Floating	5.464% / Compounded SOFR +164	2.0
XS3019213654	BAC	3/3/2025	Senior	EUR	2NC1	Floating	3m Euribor +48	1.9
XS3019219859	BAC	3/3/2025	Senior	EUR	9NC1	Fixed / Floating	3.485% / 3m Euribor +110	1.6
US06051GMQ90	BAC	2/6/2025	Subordinated	USD	11NC10	Fixed / Floating	5.744% / Compounded SOFR +170	2.5
XS2987787939	BAC	1/21/2025	Senior	EUR	3NC2	Floating	3m Euribor +53	1.4
XS2987772402	BAC	1/21/2025	Senior	EUR	6NC5	Fixed / Floating	3.261% / 3m Euribor +90	1.9
US06051GMP18	BAC	1/17/2025	Senior	USD	6NC5	Floating	Compounded SOFR +101	0.5
US06051GMN69	BAC	1/17/2025	Senior	USD	4NC3	Floating	Compounded SOFR +83	0.8
US06051GMK21	BAC	1/17/2025	Senior	USD	4NC3	Fixed / Floating	4.979% / Compounded SOFR +83	2.5
US06051GML04	BAC	1/17/2025	Senior	USD	6NC5	Fixed / Floating	5.162% / Compounded SOFR +100	2.8
US06051GMM86	BAC	1/17/2025	Senior	USD	11NC10	Fixed / Floating	5.511% / Compounded SOFR +131	3.5
US06051GMD87	BAC	10/22/2024	Subordinated	USD	11NC10	Fixed / Floating	5.518% / Compounded SOFR +173	3.5
US06051GMB22	BAC	8/12/2024	Subordinated	USD	11NC10	Fixed / Floating	5.425% / Compounded SOFR +191	2.5
US06051GMA49	BAC	1/18/2024	Senior	USD	11NC10	Fixed / Floating	5.468% / Compounded SOFR +165	5.0
AU3CB0303741	BANA	10/20/2023	Senior	AUD	3-year	Fixed	5.497%	0.2
AU3FN0082392	BANA	10/20/2023	Senior	AUD	3-year	Floating	Compounded SOFR+105	0.3
AU3CB0303758	BANA	10/20/2023	Senior	AUD	5-year	Fixed	5.815%	0.3
AU3FN0082400	BANA	10/20/2023	Senior	AUD	5-year	Floating	Compounded SOFR+125	0.3
US06051GLX50	BAC	9/12/2023	Senior	USD	4NC3	Floating	Compounded SOFR+135	0.5
US06051GLV94	BAC	9/12/2023	Senior	USD	4NC3	Fixed / Floating	5.933% / Compounded SOFR+134	1.5
US06051GLS65	BAC	9/12/2023	Senior	USD	6NC3	Fixed / Floating	5.819% / Compounded SOFR+157	2.8
US06051GLU12	BAC	9/12/2023	Senior	USD	11NC10	Fixed / Floating	5.872% / Compounded SOFR+184	3.8
US06428CAD65	BANA	8/14/2023	Senior	USD	2-year	Floating	Compounded SOFR +78	0.4
US06428CAB00	BANA	8/14/2023	Senior	USD	3-year	Floating	Compounded SOFR +102	0.6
US06428CAC82	BANA	8/14/2023	Senior	USD	2-year	Fixed	5.650%	2.0
US06428CAA27	BANA	8/14/2023	Senior	USD	3-year	Fixed	5.526%	2.0
XS2634687912	BAC	6/5/2023	Senior	EUR	5-year	Fixed	4.134%	1.1
					•			

Recent Preferred Stock Issuance¹

ISIN	Entity ³	Pricing Date	Name	Currency	Maturity	Rate Type	Coupon (bps)	Size (\$B)
US06055HAH66	5 BAC	4/24/2025	Series 00	USD	Perpetual, NC5	Fixed-Rate Reset	6.625% / 5Y UST +268.4	3.0
US06055HAK95	5 BAC	7/21/2025	Series UU	USD	Perpetual, NC5	Fixed-Rate Reset	6.250% / 5Y UST +235.1	2.5



¹ Includes unsecured long-term vanilla debt issues of benchmark size and preferred stock issuances since 5/31/2023. Green text denotes a green, social or sustainability bond issuance.

² Substantially all of our senior and subordinated debt obligations contain no provisions that could trigger a requirement for an early repayment, require additional collateral support, result in changes to terms, accelerate maturity, or create additional financial obligations upon an adverse change in our credit ratings, financial ratios, earnings, cash flows or stock price.

³ "BAC" refers to Bank of America Corporation.

⁴ If Fixed / Floating or Fixed / Fixed, also includes make-whole call option, unless noted otherwise.

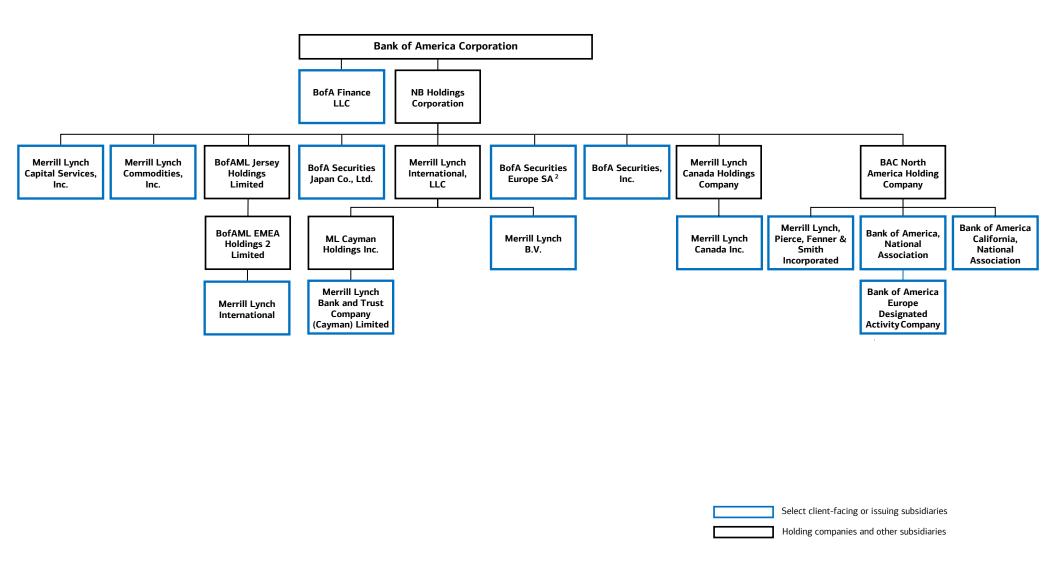
⁵ For notes with a reset reference rate, reset rate period begins on the issuer optional par call date.

Appendix



Bank of America Corporation: Select Subsidiaries¹

As of July 16th, 2025



^{11/1}

¹ This chart includes only select client-facing or issuing subsidiaries and associated significant holding companies of Bank of America Corporation. Not all subsidiaries of Bank of America are represented.

² Reflects a majority-owned subsidiary.

Segment Information

Consumer Banking

- Comprised of Deposits and Consumer Lending sub-segments
- · Offers a diversified range of credit, banking, and investment products and services to consumers and small businesses
- Customers and clients have access to retail banking footprint that covers all major markets in the U.S.
- The franchise network includes approximately 3,700 financial centers, 15,000 ATMs, and award-winning digital banking platforms
- Deposit products include traditional savings accounts, money market savings accounts, CDs and IRAs, noninterest- and interest-bearing checking accounts, as well as investment accounts and products
- Consumer Lending products include credit and debit cards, residential mortgages and home equity loans, and direct and indirect loans such as automotive, recreational vehicle and consumer personal loans

Global Wealth & Investment Management

- · Consists of Merrill Lynch Global Wealth Management (MLGWM) and Bank of America Private Bank businesses
- MLGWM's advisory business provides a high-touch client experience through a network of financial advisors focused on clients with over \$250,000 in total investable assets. It provides tailored solutions to meet clients' needs through a full set of investment management, brokerage, banking and retirement products
- Bank of America Private Bank, together with MLGWM's Private Wealth Management business, provides comprehensive wealth
 management solutions targeted to high net worth and ultra high net worth clients, as well as customized solutions to meet clients'
 wealth structuring, investment management, trust and banking needs, including specialty asset management services

Global Banking

- Includes Global Corporate Banking, Global Commercial Banking, Business Banking, and Global Investment Banking businesses
- Provides a wide range of lending-related products and services, integrated working capital management and treasury solutions to clients, and underwriting and advisory services through the Corporation's network of offices and client relationship teams
- Lending products and services include commercial loans, leases, commitment facilities, trade finance, real estate lending, and assetbased lending; treasury solutions offering includes treasury management, foreign exchange, and short-term investing options; and investment banking products include debt and equity underwriting and distribution as well as merger-related and other advisory services
- Clients include mid-sized U.S.-based businesses requiring customized and integrated financial advice and solutions, middle-market companies, commercial real estate firms, not-for-profit companies, large global corporations, financial institutions, and leasing clients

Global Markets

- Offers sales and trading services, including research, to institutional clients across fixed-income, credit, currency, commodity, and equity businesses
- Provides market-making, financing, securities clearing, settlement, and custody services globally to institutional investor clients in support of their investing and trading activities
- Product coverage includes securities and derivative products in both the primary and secondary markets, as well as risk management
 products using interest rate, equity, credit, currency, and commodity derivatives, foreign exchange, fixed-income, and mortgagerelated products

All Other¹

- All Other consists of asset and liability management (ALM) activities, equity investments, non-core mortgage loans and servicing
 activities, liquidating businesses and certain expenses not otherwise allocated to a business segment
- ALM activities encompass certain residential mortgages, debt securities and interest rate and foreign currency risk management activities. Substantially all of the results of ALM activities are allocated to our business segments
- Equity investments include our merchant services joint venture, as well as a portfolio of equity, real estate and other alternative investments



Credit Ratings

As of July 16th, 2025

Entity and Instrument	Moody's	Standard & Poor's	Fitch	
Bank of America Corporation				
Outlook	Stable	Stable	Stable	
Long-term senior	A1	Α-	AA-	
Short-term	P-1	A-2	F1+	
Subordinated	А3	BBB+	А	
Junior Subordinated/Trust preferred	Baa1	BBB-	BBB+	
Preferred stock	Baa2	BBB-	BBB+	
Bank of America, N.A.				
Outlook	Stable	Stable	Stable	
Deposits	Aa2	A+	AA+	
Long-term senior	Aa2	A+	AA	
Short-term	P-1	A-1	F1+	
BofA Securities, Inc Merrill Lynch, Pie	rce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated			
Outlook	n/a	Stable	Stable	
Long-term senior	n/a	A+	AA	
Short-term	n/a	A-1	F1+	
Merrill Lynch International BofA Secu	urities Europe SA			
Outlook	n/a	Stable	Stable	
Long-term senior	n/a	A+	AA	
Short-term	n/a	A-1	F1+	



Responsible Growth Reporting at Bank of America

Key Sources and Links



Sustainable Bond Issuance

BAC has issued **eleven ESG-themed corporate bonds** totaling \$14.93B since 2013. Our Sustainable Issuance Framework guides our future issuances of green, social, and sustainability bonds as part of our broader sustainability strategy

Sustainable Issuance Framework



Bond Report





Driving Responsible Growth

Our **Annual Report** to shareholders outlines key **initiatives and metrics**, which are integrated into our **overall Responsible Growth strategy**. Please refer to Delivering Growth highlights (pg. 33 - 37), Supporting Local Communities (pg. 38 - 41), Human Capital Management Update (pg. 42 - 52), and Stakeholder Capitalism Metrics (pg. 56 - 64)

2024 Annual Report





Sustainability at Bank of America

Our Responsible Growth approach is **integrated into our eight lines of business**, supporting how we pursue business opportunities and manage risk. Since 2019, we have maintained **carbon neutrality for our operations**, and have set a path to achieve net zero greenhouse gas emissions in our financing activities, operations and supply chain before 2050

Climate-related Financial Reporting





Sustainable Finance Targets

We have set a goal to mobilize and deploy \$1.5 trillion in sustainable finance by 2030;

\$1 trillion to accelerate the transition toward a low-carbon economy; and \$500 billion for inclusive social development

Sustainable Finance Targets





Environmental and Social Risk Management

Our **Environmental and Social Risk Policy (ESRP) Framework** provides clarity and transparency on our approach to environmental and social risks, including how we **identify, measure, monitor** and **control** these risks as part of our company's risk framework

ESRP Framework





BANK OF AMERICA