

CORPORATE PRESENTATION

January 2024



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This presentation contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of section 27A of the US Securities Act of 1933 and section 21E of the US Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Benitec has tried to identify such forward-looking statements by use of such words as "expects," "intends," "hopes," "anticipates," "believes," "could," "may," "evidences" and "estimates," or the negative of these terms, and other similar expressions, but these words are not the exclusive means of identifying such statements. Such statements include, but are not limited to, any statements relating to Benitec's pipeline of ddRNAi-based therapeutics, including the initiation, progress and outcomes of clinical trials and any other statements that are not historical facts. Such forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to, risks and uncertainties relating to the difficulties or delays in our plans to develop and potentially commercialize our product candidates, the timing of the initiation and completion of preclinical and clinical trials, the timing of patient enrollment and dosing in clinical trials, the timing of expected regulatory filings, the clinical utility and potential attributes and benefits of ddRNAi and our product candidates, potential future out-licenses and collaborations, our intellectual property position and duration of our patent portfolio, the ability to procure additional sources of financing, unanticipated delays, further research and development and the results of clinical trials possibly being unsuccessful or insufficient to meet applicable regulatory standards or warrant continued development, the ability to enroll sufficient numbers of subjects in clinical trials, determinations made by the US Food and Drug Administration and other governmental authorities, Benitec's ability to protect and enforce its patents and other intellectual property rights, Benitec's dependence on its relationships with its collaboration partners and other third parties, the efficacy or safety of Benitec's products and the products of Benitec's collaboration partners, the acceptance of Benitec's products and the products of Benitec's collaboration partners in the marketplace, market competition, sales, marketing, manufacturing and distribution requirements, greater than expected expenses, expenses relating to litigation or strategic activities, Benitec's ability to satisfy its capital needs through increasing its revenue and obtaining additional financing, the impact of the current COVID-19 pandemic, the disease caused by the SARS-CoV-2 virus, which may adversely impact Benitec's business and pre-clinical and future clinical trials, the impact of local, regional, and national and international economic conditions and events, and other risks detailed from time to time in filings that Benitec makes with the US Securities and Exchange Commission, including our most recent annual report on Form 10-K and our reports on Form 8-K. Such statements are based on management's current expectations, but actual results may differ materially due to various factors, including those risks and uncertainties mentioned or referred to in this presentation. Accordingly, you should not rely on those forwardlooking statements as a prediction of actual future results. Benitec disclaims any intent or obligation to update these forward-looking statements, except as required by law.



Investment Highlights



Novel Technology Platform

- Benitec's DNA-directed RNA interference (ddRNAi) platform combines gene therapy with RNA interference (RNAi) to simultaneously silence & replace disease-causing genes permanently, following a single administration
- Platform has application in diseases that cannot be treated with gene silencing or gene therapy alone



Lead Asset Entered Clinical Evaluation in Orphan Disease in November 2023

- BB-301 is being developed to treat dysphagia (inability to swallow) in subjects with Oculopharyngeal Muscular Dystrophy (OPMD). There are no therapies approved for the treatment of OPMD. The estimated prevalence in the US, Europe, Canada & Israel is 15k subjects.
- Compelling preclinical data demonstrated complete restoration of muscle function in vivo via a murine disease model
- The Investigational New Drug (IND) application for BB-301 was approved to proceed by the FDA in June 2023, and the first study subject was safely dosed in the BB-301 Phase 1b/2a clinical trial (NCT06185673) in November 2023



Significant Near-Term Milestones

Preliminary clinical safety data and clinical efficacy data for the BB-301 Phase 1b/2a clinical trial are expected in mid-2024



Seasoned Management Team

Benitec's management team has broad expertise in gene therapy development, biological manufacturing and capital allocation

Experienced and Efficient Management



Jerel A. Banks, MD, PhD CEO & Executive Chairman

- Healthcare investment professional with over 15 years of experience
- Former Vice president & co-portfolio manager at Franklin Templeton Investments
- M.D., Ph.D. Brown University; A.B. Princeton University



Megan Boston **Executive Director**

- CEO & managing director of multiple ASXlisted entities
- Chartered Accountant with over 20 years of experience
- Held senior executive roles at various banking institutions in risk and compliance as well as PricewaterhouseCoopers



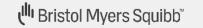
Claudia Kloth, PhD SVP of Manufacturing

- Over 20 years of cGMP manufacturing & process development experience in therapeutics
- Led process development group at Lonza Viral Therapeutics
- Developed, optimized, and transferred robust viral-based products (Ad5, AAV, lentivirus) to cGMP manufacturing
- Guided process transfer & validation activities of Yervoy (BMY)







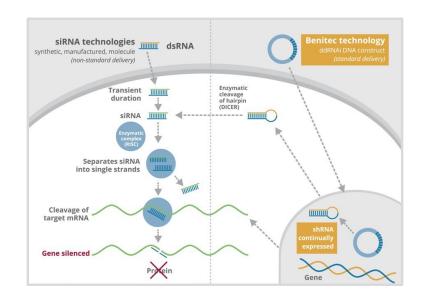






ddRNAi Platform Enables Both Permanent Silencing AND Replacement of Mutated Genes in the Target Tissue







- Requires repeated administration
- Enables only transient silencing of mutated gene
- Silencing capacity restricted to a single gene

- Long-term therapeutic potential from a single administration
- Constant, steady-state levels of shRNA expression enables permanent silencing of mutated gene
- Provides permanent expression of wildtype gene where activity is necessary for function or viability
- Silence a single gene or multiple genes simultaneously

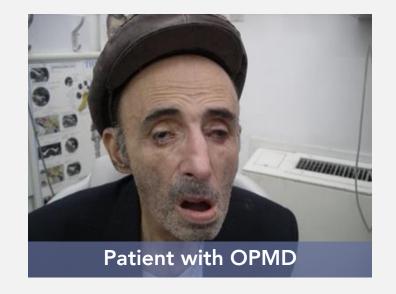


OPMD: A Progressive, Chronic Disease With No Approved Therapeutics

- Oculopharyngeal muscular dystrophy (OPMD) is an autosomal dominant, chronic, myopathic disorder characterized by ptosis (drooping of the upper eyelid) and progressive dysphagia (loss of the ability to swallow) due to impairment of the muscles of the eyelids and throat.
- Typical age of onset in the 40s-50s, and affects approximately 15k adults in the US, Canada, Europe and Israel.
- Progressive dysphagia increases the risks of severe malnutrition and potentially life-threatening aspiration pneumonia.
- In OPMD, a genetic mutation results in trinucleotide repeat expansion within exon 1 of PABPN1 producing an expanded poly-alanine tract at the N-terminal end of the PABPN1 protein:

Wildtype: ATG (GCG)₆ ----- (GCA)₃ GCG GGG GCT GCG...

OPMD Mutant: ATG (GCG)₆ (GCG)₁₋₇ (GCA)₃ GCG GGG GCT GCG...

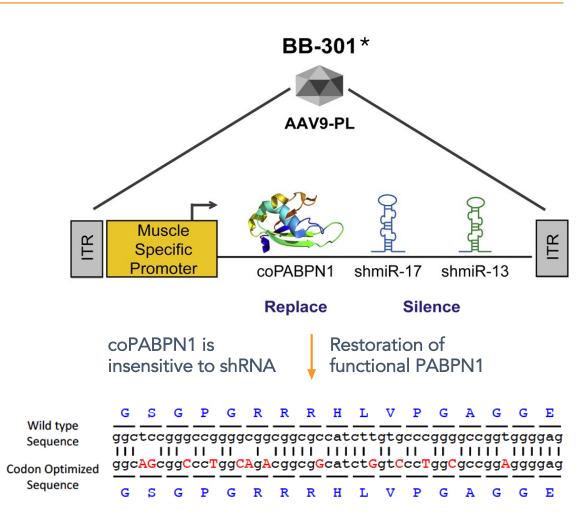




BB-301 Simultaneously Silences Mutant PABPN1 & Delivers Wildtype PABPN1 To Restore Normal Myocyte Function

PABPN1 in OPMD

- PABPN1 is a ubiquitous protein that controls the length of mRNA poly(A) tails, mRNA export from the nucleus & alternative poly(A) site usage.
- The PABPN1 mutant protein underlying OPMD is aggregation prone due to an N-terminal expanded poly-alanine tract of up to 18 contiguous alanine residues, and drives the formation of intranuclear inclusions (INIs) in the myocytes.
- INIs also sequester wildtype PABPN1 and may contribute to the "loss of function" phenotype associated with OPMD.



^{*} Strings-Ufombah, et al., Molecular Therapy: Nucleic Acids, Vol. 24, 67-78, June 2021



BB-301: Overview of Gene Therapy for OPMD

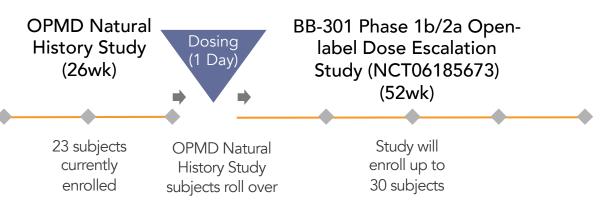
- BB-301 targets the genetic cause of the disease by both silencing the mutant PABPN1 gene and delivering a wildtype PABPN1 gene to restore production of functional protein with a single intramuscular administration.
- Orphan drug designation has been granted for BB-301 in both the US and EU.
- The IND application for BB-301 was approved to proceed by the FDA in June 2023, and the first study subject was safely dosed in the BB-301 Phase 1b/2a clinical trial (NCT06185673) in November 2023.
- The BB-301 Phase 1b/2a clinical trial is designed to enroll up to 30 subjects.
- Benitec retains global rights to BB-301, with prevalence estimates and established global reimbursement paradigms for orphan and gene therapies supporting a multi-billion dollar commercial opportunity over the life of the product.
- Benitec's Intellectual Property portfolio includes both indication-specific and technology-focused patents.



BB-301 Clinical Development Program in OPMD

Characterization of OPMD subject disposition at baseline assessing:

- Rates of progression of dysphagia via quantitative radiographic measures of global swallowing function and target pharyngeal constrictor muscle function (including Videofluoroscopic Swallowing Studies (VFSS))
- 23 subjects enrolled as of January 2024



- follow-up visits
 - Every 90 days, subjects are assessed for key safety and efficacy endpoints
 - First subject entered the Phase 1b/2a Clinical Trial (NCT06185673) in 4Q23

Endpoints

- Primary: Safety and tolerability
- Secondary: Radiographic measures of global swallowing function and pharyngeal constrictor muscle function compared to analogous assessments conducted in the OPMD Natural History Study



Outcome Measures for the OPMD Natural History Study and the BB-301 Phase 1b/2a Clinical Study (NCT06185673)

Videofluoroscopic Swallowing Study Assessments

Global Swallowing **Function**

Dynamic Imaging Grade of Swallowing Toxicity Scale

Pharyngeal Constrictor Muscle Function

- Pharyngeal Area at Maximum Constriction
- Pharyngeal Constriction Ratio

Swallowing Efficiency

- Total Pharyngeal Residue
- Vallecular Residue
- Pyriform Sinus Residue
- Other Pharyngeal Residue
- Normalized Residue Ratio Scale

Clinical Assessments

Other Assessments

- Clinical measures of swallowing capacity & dysphagia (including timed-based and volumebased drinking tests)
- Patient-reported measures of dysphagia



Key Preclinical & IND-Enabling Studies



BB-301 Silenced and Replaced PABPN1 Over a Broad Range of Doses in the A17 Mouse Model of OPMD

Varying levels of inhibition of PABPN1 expression, when coupled with partial replacement of wildtype PABPN1, significantly:

- Reduced INIs
- Increased muscle force generation
- Corrected disease phenotype

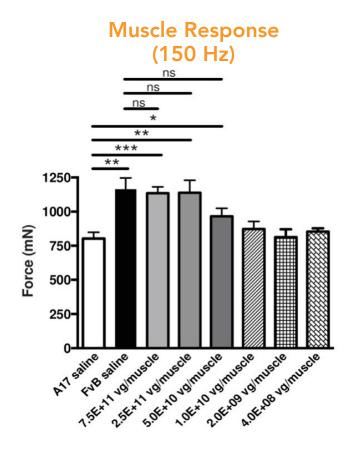
	"Silence"	"Replace"
BB-301 Dose (vg)	Inhibition of PABPN1	coPABPN1 Expression
7.50×10^{11}	86%	63%
2.50×10^{11}	75%	26%
5.00×10^{10}	31%	2%
1.00 x 10 ¹⁰	32%	1%
2.00 x 10 ⁹	14%	0%
4.00 x 10 ⁸	0%	0%

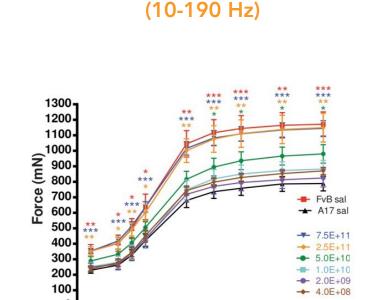
PABPN1 inhibition levels of ≥31% led to complete resolution of OPMD disease symptoms and correction of histological hallmarks



BB-301 Restored Muscle Strength to Wildtype Levels in A17 Model

At 14-weeks post intramuscular administration of BB-301, statistically significant improvements in muscle strength and complete phenotypic correction were achieved at doses $\geq 5.00 \times 10^{10} \text{ vg}$





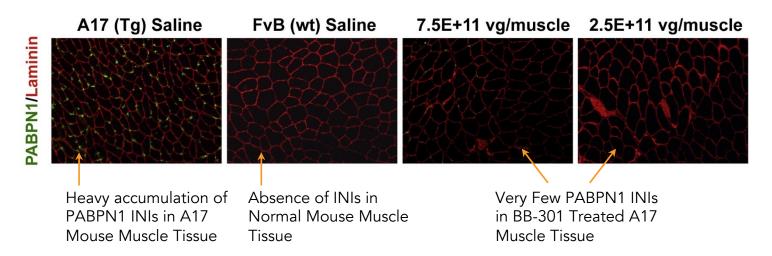
Frequency (Hz)

Muscle Response



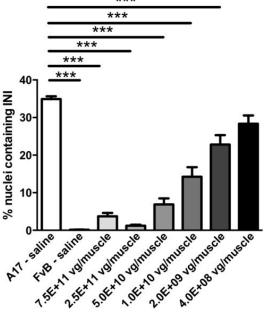
Dose-Dependent Resolution of INIs in Injected Muscles of A17 Mouse Model of OPMD

Immunofluorescence Staining of INIs in Mouse Muscle Tissue



At higher doses, BB-301 eliminated nearly all PABPN1 INIs in A17 Mouse Muscle Tissue 14 weeks after intramuscular administration

Quantitative Analysis of INIs in Mouse **Muscle Tissue**





IND-Enabling Studies for BB-301

Pilot Dosing Study in Beagle Dogs

- 8-week study to confirm the transduction efficiency of BB-301 following direct intramuscular injection into the pharyngeal muscles via the use of an open surgical approach.
- The pharyngeal muscles injected with BB-301 in Beagle dogs (Hypopharyngeal muscles and Thyropharyngeal muscles) correspond to the dosing targets for human OPMD subjects (Middle Pharyngeal Constrictor muscles and Inferior Pharyngeal Constrictor muscles)

Toxicology Study in Beagle Dogs

12-week GLP Toxicology and Biodistribution study in Beagle dogs



Dose-Dependent BB-301 Tissue Transduction Observed 8 Weeks Following Direct Intramuscular Injection in Beagle Dogs

	Copies of BB-301 (average copies per cell)		
BB-301 Dose (vg/mL)	Hypopharyngeal Muscle	Thyropharyngeal Muscle	
3.00 x 10 ¹³ vg/ml High Volume	5.12	5.66	
3.00 x 10 ¹³ vg/ml Low Volume	3.15	2.70	
1.00 x 10 ¹³ vg/ml	1.52	2.06	

Biologically significant, dose-dependent delivery of the multi-functional genetic construct was achieved in the target pharyngeal muscles of Beagle dogs



Dose-Dependent Expression of coPABPN1 Observed 8 Weeks Following Direct Intramuscular Injection of BB-301 in Beagle Dogs

	Copies of coPABPN1 (average copies per cell)		
BB-301 Dose (vg/mL)	Hypopharyngeal Muscle	Thyropharyngeal Muscle	
3.00 x 10 ¹³ vg/ml High Volume	61.69	77.26	
3.00 x 10 ¹³ vg/ml Low Volume	27.43	62.89	
1.00 x 10 ¹³ vg/ml	17.54	30.84	

Dose-dependent expression of the replacement wildtype PABPN1 genetic construct was achieved in the target pharyngeal muscle cells of Beagle dogs



Dose-Dependent Expression of siRNA13, siRNA17 Observed 8 Weeks Following Direct Intramuscular Injection of BB-301 in Beagle Dogs

	siRNA13		siRNA17	
	Hypopharyngeal Muscle	Thyropharyngeal Muscle	Hypopharyngeal Muscle	Thyropharyngeal Muscle
BB-301 Dose (vg/mL)	average copies per cell	average copies per cell	average copies per cell	average copies per cell
3.00 x 10 ¹³ vg/ml High Volume	340,613	518,329	64,393	112,783
3.00 x 10 ¹³ vg/ml Low Volume	221,663	303,516	41,787	59,723
1.00 x 10 ¹³ vg/ml	83,168	136,812	17,321	30,253

Dose-dependent expression of the silencing moieties of the multi-functional genetic construct was achieved in the target pharyngeal muscle cells of Beagle dogs



Dose-Dependent Inhibition of PABPN1 Observed 8 Weeks Following Direct Intramuscular Injection of BB-301 in Beagle Dogs

	Average Reported % Inhibition of wtPABPN1		
BB-301 Dose (vg/mL)	Hypopharyngeal Muscle	Thyropharyngeal Muscle	
3.00 x 10 ¹³ vg/ml High Volume	83%	82%	
3.00 x 10 ¹³ vg/ml Low Volume	74%	64%	
1.00 x 10 ¹³ vg/ml	60%	69%	

8 weeks following administration of BB-301, an average wtPABPN1 inhibition level of 72% was achieved in the target pharyngeal muscle cells of Beagle dogs



Broad Intellectual Property Portfolio

OPMD-Related Intellectual Property

- OPMD Family 1 anticipated expiry of April 2037
- OPMD Family 2 anticipated expiry of December 2037
- OPMD Family 3 anticipated expiry of October 2039
- OPMD Family 4 anticipated expiry of February 2040

AAV-Related Intellectual Property

AAV Family 1 anticipated expiry of August 2038



Financial Summary

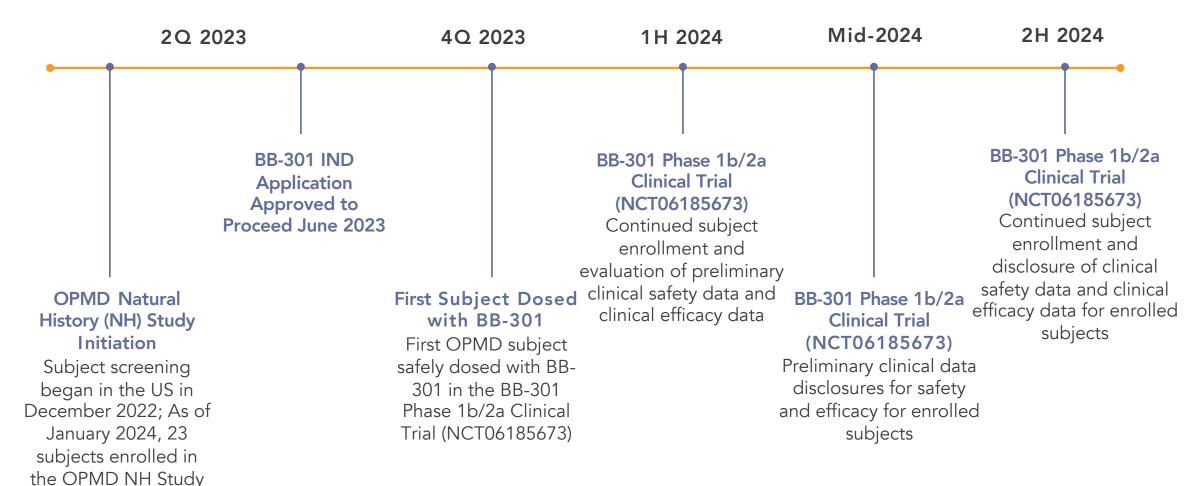
NasdaqCM Listed: BNTC Exclusively Nasdaq listed; re-domiciled in April 2020

Shares Outstanding 2,592,434 as of January 3, 2024

Cash & Equivalents \$25.9 million as of September 30, 2023



Clinical and Regulatory Milestones







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