

2Q'24 FINANCIAL RESULTS

Disclaimers

Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

The following slides are part of a presentation by Synchrony Financial in connection with reporting quarterly financial results. No representation is made that the information in these slides is complete. For additional information, see the earnings release and financial supplement included as exhibits to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed today and available on our website (www.synchronyfinancial.com) and the SEC's website (www.sec.gov). All references to net earnings and net income are intended to have the same meaning. All comparisons are for the second quarter of 2024 compared to the second quarter of 2023, unless otherwise noted.

This presentation contains certain forward-looking statements as defined in Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, which are subject to the "safe harbor" created by those sections. Forward-looking statements may be identified by words such as "expects," "intends," "anticipates," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "targets," "outlook," "estimates," "will," "should," "may," "aim" or words of similar meaning, but these words are not the exclusive means of identifying forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are based on management's current expectations and assumptions, and are subject to inherent uncertainties, risks and changes in circumstances that are difficult to predict. As a result, actual results could differ materially from those indicated in these forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially include global political, economic, business, competitive, market, regulatory and other factors and risks, such as: the impact of macroeconomic conditions and whether industry trends we have identified develop as anticipated; retaining existing partners and attracting new partners, concentration of our revenue in a small number of partners, and promotion and support of our products by our partners; cyber-attacks or other security incidents or breaches; disruptions in the operations of our and our outsourced partners' computer systems and data centers; the financial performance of our partners; the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau's (the "CFPB") final rule on credit card late fees, including the timing for resolution and outcome of the litigation challenging the final rule, as well as changes to consumer behaviors in response to the final rule, if implemented, and the product, policy and pricing changes that have been or will be implemented to mitigate the impacts of the final rule; the sufficiency of our allowance for credit losses and the accuracy of the assumptions or estimates used in preparing our financial statements, including those related to the CECL accounting guidance; higher borrowing costs and adverse financial market conditions impacting our funding and liquidity, and any reduction in our credit ratings; our ability to grow our deposits in the future; damage to our reputation; our ability to securitize our loan receivables, occurrence of an early amortization of our securitization facilities, loss of the right to service or subservice our securitized loan receivables, and lower payment rates on our securitized loan receivables; changes in market interest rates and the impact of any margin compression; effectiveness of our risk management processes and procedures, reliance on models which may be inaccurate or misinterpreted, and our ability to manage our credit risk; our ability to offset increases in our costs in retailer share arrangements; competition in the consumer finance industry; our concentration in the U.S. consumer credit market; our ability to successfully develop and commercialize new or enhanced products and services; our ability to realize the value of acquisitions, dispositions and strategic investments; reductions in interchange fees; fraudulent activity; failure of third-parties to provide various services that are important to our operations; international risks and compliance and regulatory risks and costs associated with international operations; alleged infringement of intellectual property rights of others and our ability to protect our intellectual property; litigation and regulatory actions; our ability to attract, retain and motivate key officers and employees; tax legislation initiatives or challenges to our tax positions and/or interpretations, and state sales tax rules and regulations; regulation, supervision, examination and enforcement of our business by governmental authorities, the impact of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (the "Dodd-Frank Act") and other legislative and regulatory developments and the impact of the CFPB's regulation of our business, including new requirements and constraints the Company and the Bank will become subject to as a result of having \$100 billion or more in total assets; impact of capital adequacy rules and liquidity requirements; restrictions that limit our ability to pay dividends and repurchase our common stock, and restrictions that limit the Bank's ability to pay dividends to us; regulations relating to privacy, information security and data protection; use of third-party vendors and ongoing third-party business relationships; and failure to comply with anti-money laundering and anti-terrorism financing laws.

For the reasons described above, we caution you against relying on any forward-looking statements, which should also be read in conjunction with the other cautionary statements that are included elsewhere in this presentation and in our public filings, including under the headings "Risk Factors Relating to Our Business" and "Risk Factors Relating to Regulation" in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, filed on February 8, 2024. You should not consider any list of such factors to be an exhaustive statement of all the risks, uncertainties, or potentially inaccurate assumptions that could cause our current expectations or beliefs to change. Further, any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date on which it is made, and we undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement, including the 2024 Business Trends on slide 12 of this presentation, to reflect events or circumstances after the date on which the statement is made or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events, except as otherwise may be required by law.

2Q'24 Financial Highlights

SUMMARY



\$1.55

DILUTED EPS

compared to \$1.32



\$102.3 billion

LOAN RECEIVABLES

compared to \$94.8 billion



71.0 million

AVERAGE ACTIVE ACCOUNTS

compared to 69.5 million

FINANCIAL METRICS



14.46%

NET INTEREST MARGIN

compared to 14.94%



6.42%

NET CHARGE-OFFS

compared to 4.75%



31.7%

EFFICIENCY RATIO

compared to 35.5%

CAPITAL



12.6%

CET1

*liquid assets of \$20.0 billion,
16.6% of total assets*



\$83.1 billion

DEPOSITS

84% of current funding



\$400 million

CAPITAL RETURNED

\$300 million share repurchases

2Q'24 Business Highlights

BUSINESS EXPANSION



verizon

Jerome's
Furniture

bel
FURNITURE

BOSLEY



innovative
PETCARE



Atlanticus

GROWTH METRICS

Purchase volume

\$ billions

\$47.3

\$46.8

(1)%

2Q'23

2Q'24

Dual Card /
Co-Brand^(a)

\$19.4

\$19.7

2%

Loan receivables

\$ billions

\$94.8

\$102.3

8%

2Q'23

2Q'24

Dual Card /
Co-Brand^(a)

\$23.7

\$26.7

12%

Average active accounts^(b)

in millions

69.5

71.0

2%

2Q'23

2Q'24

CONSUMER PERFORMANCE

New accounts^(c)

5.9

5.1

(14)%

2Q'23

2Q'24

Purchase volume per account^(d)

\$680

\$660

(3)%

2Q'23

2Q'24

Average balance per account^(e)

\$1,330

\$1,430

8%

2Q'23

2Q'24

Financial Results

Summary earnings statement

\$ in millions, except per share statistics	2Q'24	2Q'23	B/(W)	
			\$	%
Total interest income	\$5,582	\$5,021	\$561	11%
Total interest expense	1,177	901	(276)	(31)%
Net interest income (NII)	4,405	4,120	285	7%
Retailer share arrangements (RSA)	(810)	(887)	77	9%
Provision for credit losses	1,691	1,383	(308)	(22)%
Other income	117	61	56	92%
Other expense	1,177	1,169	(8)	(1)%
Pre-tax earnings	844	742	102	14%
Provision for income taxes	201	173	(28)	(16)%
Net earnings	643	569	74	13%
Preferred dividends	19	10	(9)	(47)%
Net earnings available to common stockholders	\$624	\$559	\$65	12%
Diluted earnings per share	\$1.55	\$1.32	\$0.23	17%

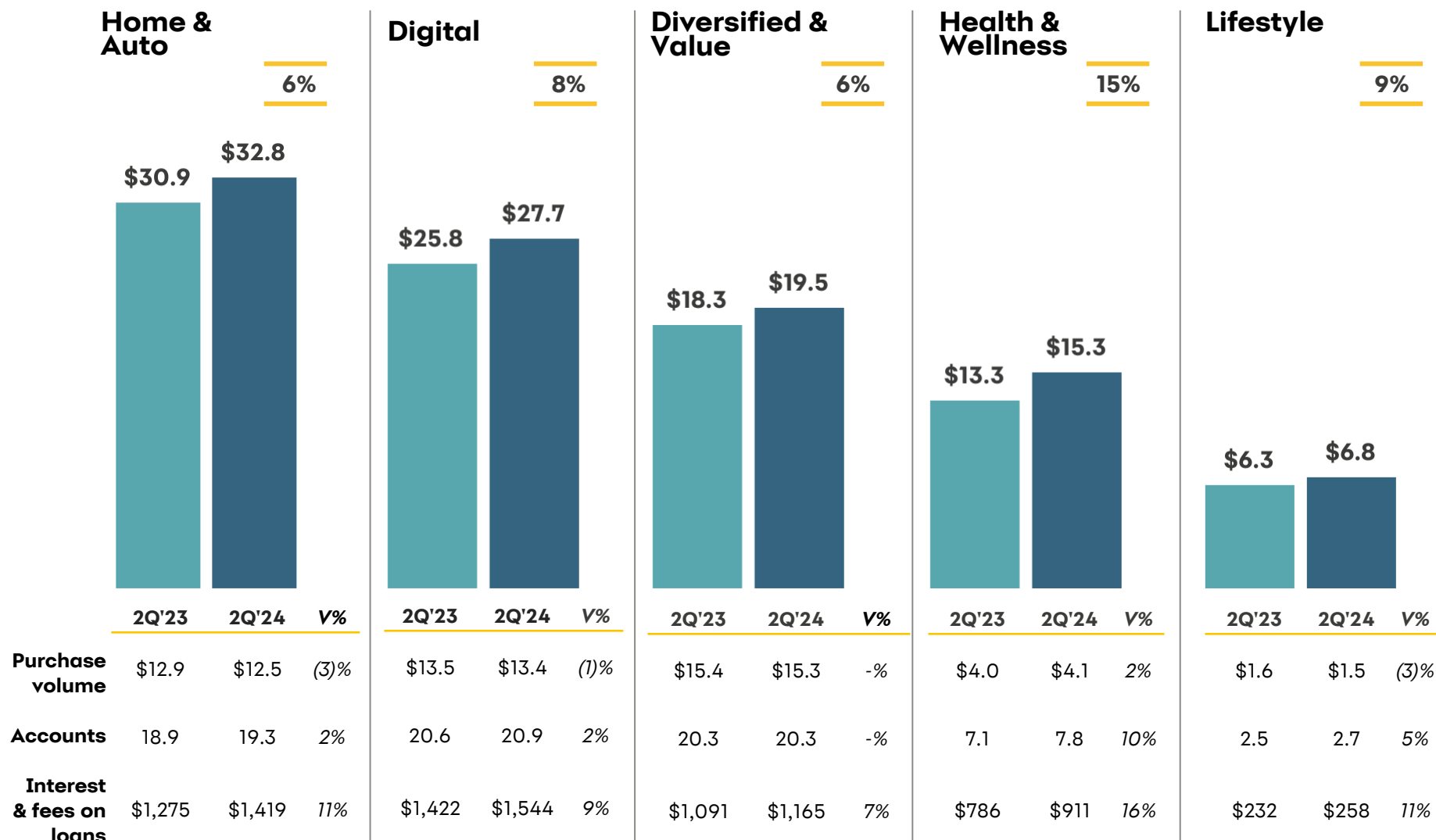
2Q'24 Highlights

\$643 million Net earnings, \$1.55 Diluted EPS

- **Net interest income up 7%**
 - Interest and fees on loans up 10% driven primarily by growth in average loan receivables
 - Interest expense increase attributed to higher benchmark rates and higher interest-bearing liabilities
- **Retailer share arrangements decreased (9)%**
 - Decrease driven by higher net charge-offs partially offset by higher net interest income
- **Provision for credit losses up 22%**
 - Higher provision driven by higher net charge-offs partially offset by a lower reserve build
- **Total Other income up 92%**
 - Increase primarily driven by Visa B-1 share exchange gain of \$51 million
 - Also driven by initial impact of PPPC* related fees, partially offset by Pets Best disposition
- **Total Other expense up 1%**
 - Increase primarily driven by technology investments, preparatory expenses related to Late Fee rule change, and servicing costs related to newly acquired business, partially offset by lower operational losses and cost discipline resulting in lower employee and marketing costs

2Q'24 Platform Results^(a)

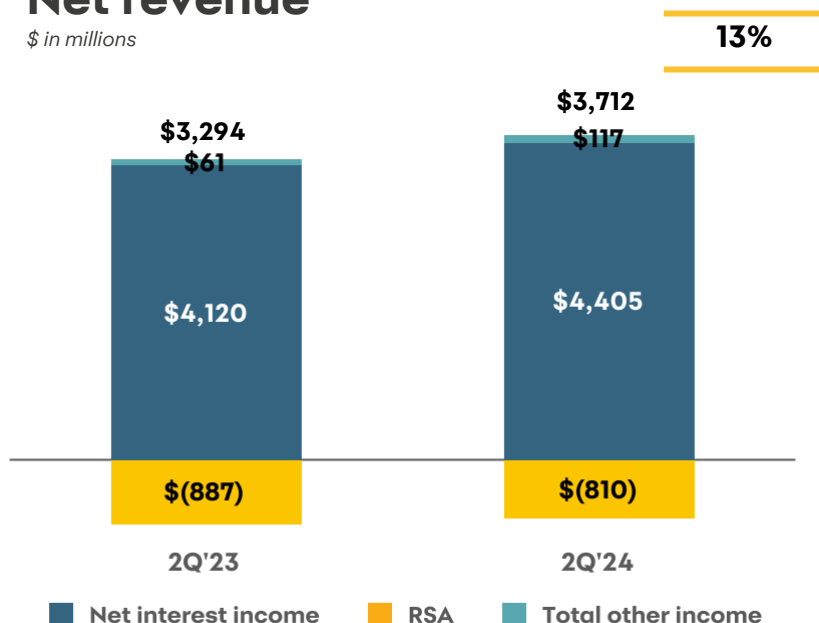
Loan receivables



Net Revenue

Net revenue

\$ in millions



Net revenue

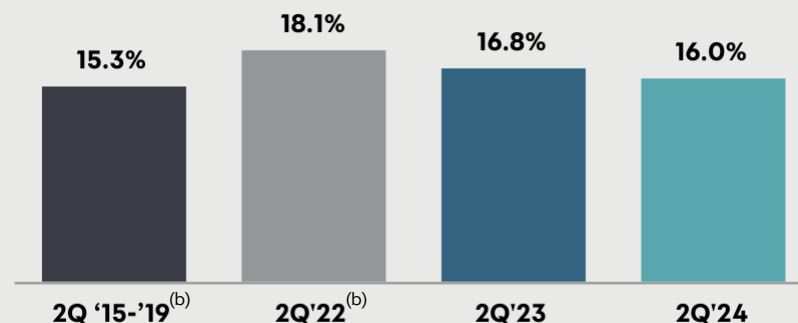
\$ in millions

2Q'23 Net revenue	\$3,294
Interest and fees on loans	489
Interest on cash and debt securities	72
Total interest expense	(276)
Net interest income change	\$285
Retailer share arrangements	77
Total other income	56
2Q'24 Net revenue	\$3,712

2Q'24 Highlights

- **Net revenue increased \$418 million, or 13%**
 - Net interest income increased \$285 million, or 7%, driven primarily by higher interest & fees on loans
 - Loan receivables yield of 21.01%, up 14 bps driven by repricing and lower payment rate, partially offset by higher reversals
 - Total interest-bearing liabilities cost of 4.80%, up 76 bps driven by higher benchmark rates
 - Retailer share arrangements decreased \$77 million driven by higher net charge-offs partially offset by higher net interest income
 - Total Other income increase primarily driven by Visa B-1 share exchange gain of \$51 million and initial impact of PPPC related fees, partially offset by impact of Pets Best disposition

Payment Rate Trends^(a)



Other Expense

Other Expense

\$ in millions

1%

\$1,169

\$1,177

2Q'23

2Q'24

			B/(W)	
	2Q'23	2Q'24	V\$	V%
Employee costs	\$451	\$434	\$17	4%
Professional fees	209	236	(27)	(13)%
Marketing/BD	133	129	4	3%
Information processing	179	207	(28)	(16)%
Other	197	171	26	13%
Other expense	\$1,169	\$1,177	\$(8)	(1)%
Efficiency^(a)	35.5%	31.7%		3.8 pts.

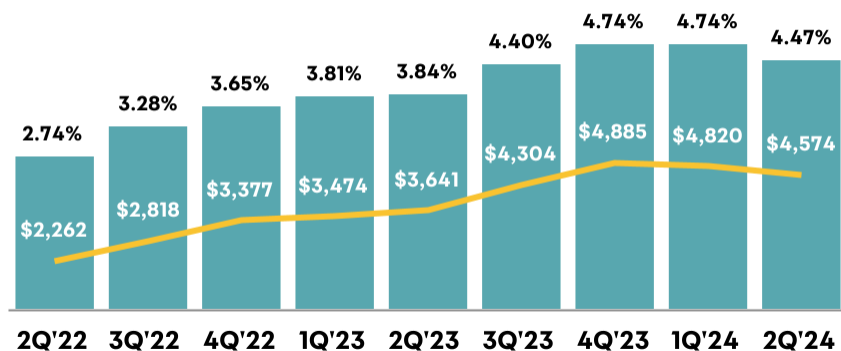
2Q'24 Highlights

- **Total Other expense up 1%**
 - Increase primarily driven by technology investments, preparatory expenses related to Late Fee rule change, and servicing costs related to newly acquired business, partially offset by lower operational losses and cost discipline resulting in lower employee and marketing costs
 - Information processing increase primarily driven by technology investments
 - Professional fees primarily driven by servicing costs related to newly acquired business
 - Other decrease driven primarily by lower operational losses
- **Efficiency ratio 31.7% vs. 35.5% prior year**
 - Decrease in ratio driven by higher revenue partially offset by higher expenses

Asset Quality Metrics

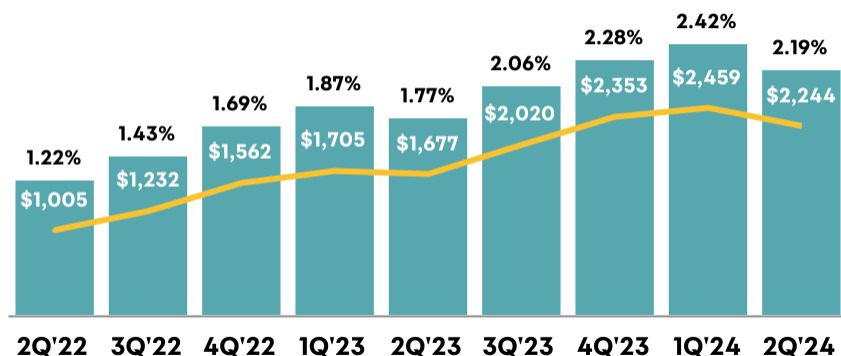
30+ days past due

\$ in millions, % of period-end loan receivables



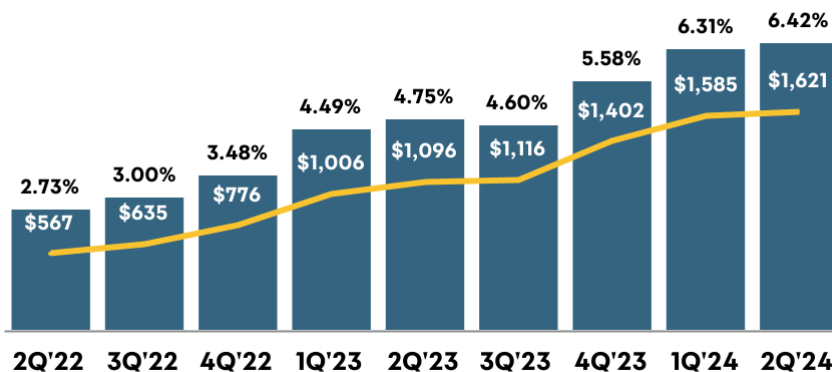
90+ days past due

\$ in millions, % of period-end loan receivables



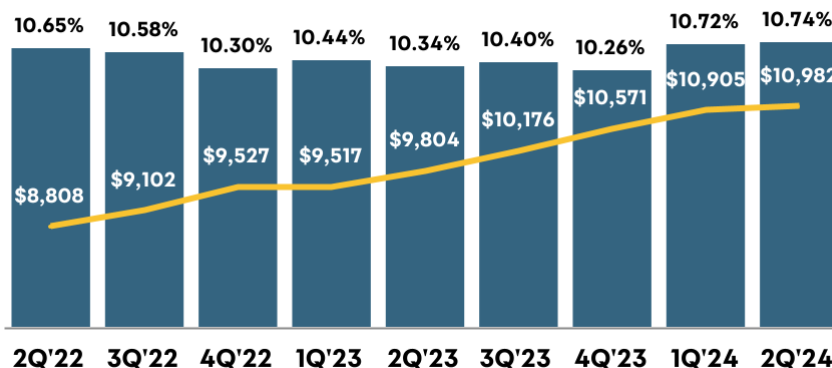
Net charge-offs

\$ in millions, % of average loan receivables including held for sale



Allowance for credit losses^{(a)(b)}

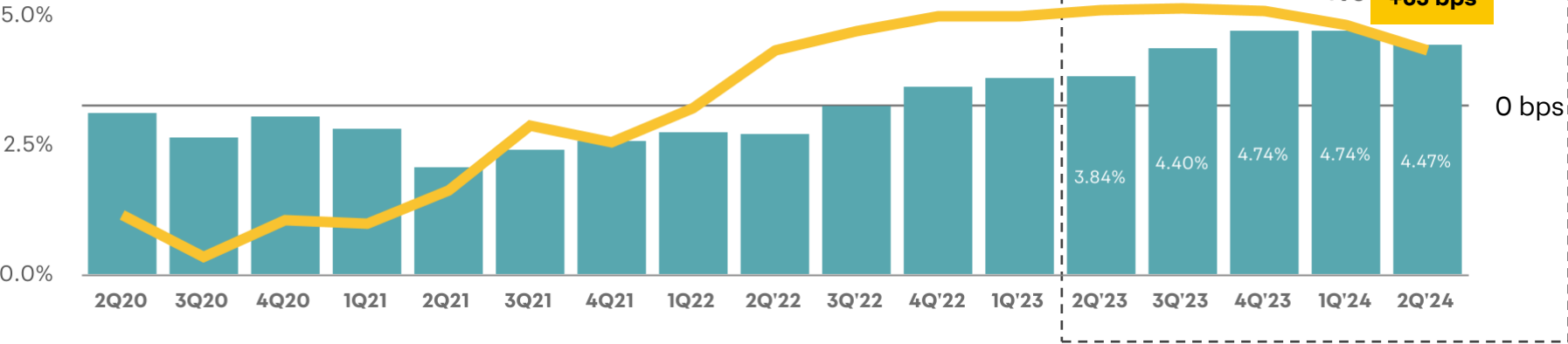
\$ in millions, % of period-end loan receivables



Delinquency Trends

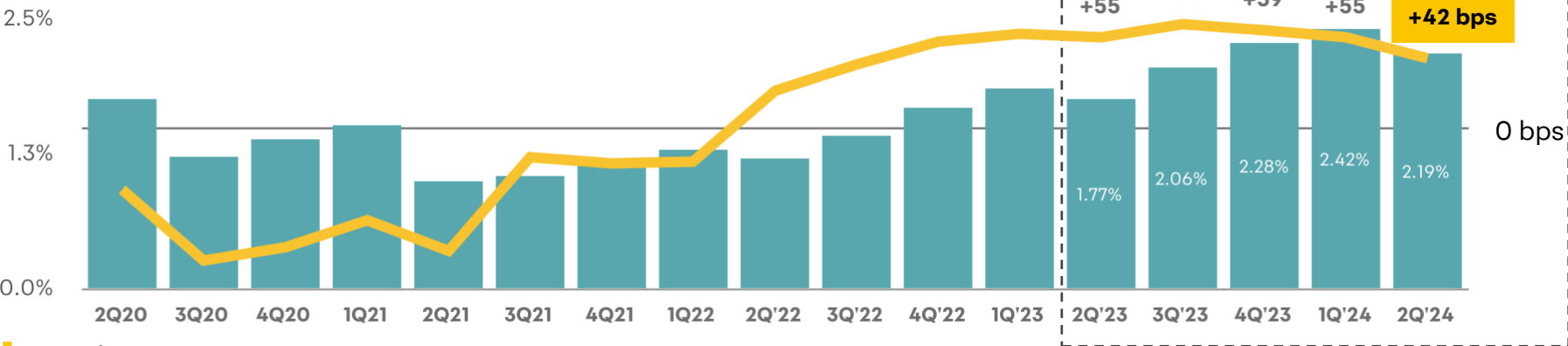
30+ days past due

% of period-end loan receivables (left axis); rate change versus prior year in basis points (right axis)



90+ days past due

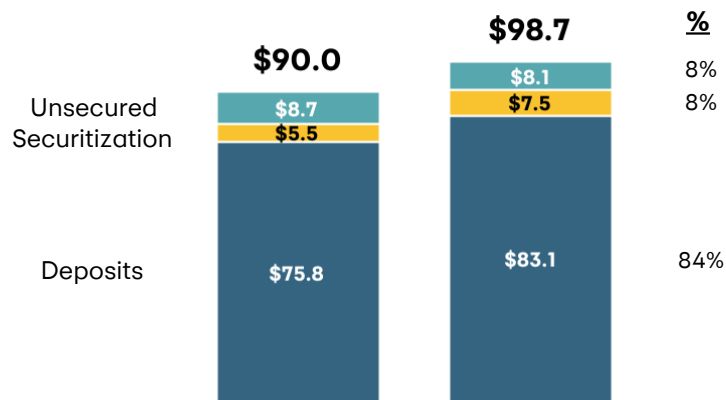
% of period-end loan receivables (left axis); rate change versus prior year in basis points (right axis)



Funding, Capital and Liquidity

Funding sources

\$ in billions



Liquid assets	\$16.4	\$20.0
Undrawn credit facilities	3.0	3.0
Total^(a)	\$19.4	\$23.0
% of Total assets	17.9%	19.1%

CET1% Walk

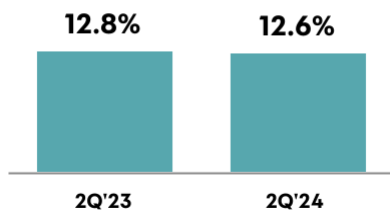
2Q'23 CET1% 12.8%

Net Earnings	2.4%
Risk Weighted Asset changes	(0.9)%
Common & Preferred dividends	(0.5)%
Share repurchases	(1.1)%
CECL transition provisions	(0.5)%
Other activity, net	0.1%
Pets Best disposition & Ally Lending acquisition	0.3%

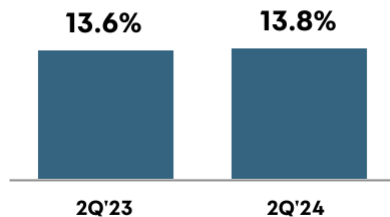
2Q'24 CET1% 12.6%

Capital ratios^(b)

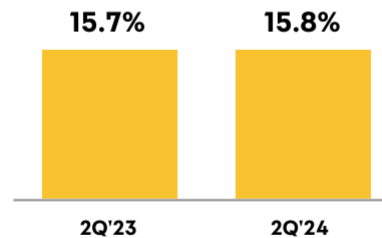
CET1 Capital Ratio



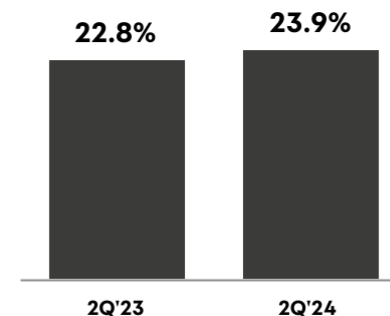
Tier 1 Capital Ratio



Total Capital Ratio



Tier 1 Capital + Credit Loss Reserve Ratio^{*}



^{*} The "Tier 1 Capital + Credit Loss Reserve Ratio" is the sum of our "Tier 1 Capital" and "Allowance for Credit Losses," divided by our "Total Risk-Weighted Assets". Tier 1 Capital and Risk-Weighted Assets are adjusted to reflect the fully phased-in impact of CECL. These adjusted metrics are non-GAAP measures, see non-GAAP reconciliation in appendix.

2024 Business Trends

2Q'24 Performance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Purchase volume lower than expectations, offset by lower payment rate • Net interest income growth in-line with expectations due to lower than expected payment rate and favorable deposit betas, partially offset by higher reversals • Delinquency trending in-line to slightly better than seasonality • RSA functioning as designed • Other expense reflects continued cost discipline
2H'24 Trends	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Flat to low single digit year-over-year declines in purchase volume, reflecting impact of credit actions and softening consumer demand • Year-over-year receivables growth to continue to moderate • Progressive growth in Net interest income (excluding impact of Late Fee Rule implementation) and Other income as PPPC go into effect • Delinquency trends in-line with or better than seasonality • NCO rate lower than 1H'24 • YE'24 Reserve rate in-line with YE'23 • RSA to continue to align program performance and function as designed • Other expense to continue trend consistently with 1H'24 average on a dollar basis
Late Fees	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • First phase of PPPC implementation complete; continue to expect ongoing waves of Changes in Terms notices (e.g. recently acquired accounts, inactive accounts, etc.) • Expect to evaluate impacts of PPPC as changes go into effect, likely 2H'24
FY24 EPS Outlook	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • \$7.60 – \$7.80 and includes impacts of: late fee rule implementation date of October 1, 2024; impact of PPPC primarily in 3Q'24 and 4Q'24; and \$1.96 Pets Best gain on sale in 1Q'24. • Continued uncertainty with regard to timing of final Late Fee Rule implementation; changes to assumptions regarding implementation timing and/or consumer behavior changes in response to PPPC, could impact EPS expectations

Footnotes

All amounts and metrics included in this presentation are as of, or for the three months ended, June 30, 2024, unless otherwise stated.

2Q'24 Business Highlights

- a. Dual Card / Co-Brand metrics are consumer only and include in-partner and out-of-partner activity.
- b. Average active accounts are credit card or installment loan accounts on which there has been a purchase, payment or outstanding balance in the current month.
- c. New accounts represent accounts that were approved in the respective period, in millions.
- d. Purchase volume per account is calculated as total Purchase volume divided by Average active accounts, in \$.
- e. Average balance per account is calculated as the Average loan receivables divided by Average active accounts, in \$.

Platform Results

- a. Accounts represent Average active accounts in millions. Loan receivables \$ in billions, Purchase volume \$ in billions and Interest and fees on loans \$ in millions.

Net Revenue

- a. Payment rate is calculated as customer payments divided by beginning of period loan receivables.
- b. Historical payment rate excludes portfolios sold in 2019 and 2022.

Other Expense

- a. Efficiency ratio is calculated as Total Other expense divided by sum of Net interest income plus Other income less Retailer share arrangements.

Asset Quality Metrics

- a. Allowance for credit losses reflects the adoption of ASU 2022-22, "Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326): Troubled Debt Restructurings and Vintage Disclosures" on January 1, 2023, which included a \$294 million reduction to the allowance for credit losses upon adoption.
- b. Allowance for credit losses includes impact of Ally Lending acquisition beginning in 1Q'24.

Funding, Capital and Liquidity

- a. Excludes available borrowing capacity related to unencumbered assets.
- b. Capital ratios reflect the phase-in of an estimate of CECL's effect on regulatory capital over a three-year transitional period beginning in the first quarter of 2022, with effects fully phased-in beginning in the first quarter of 2025. CET1, Tier 1, and Total Capital Ratio are presented on a Transition basis and capital ratios for 2024 and 2023 reflect 75% and 50%, respectively, of the phase-in of CECL effects.



CHANGING WHAT'S POSSIBLE



Notable Other Income and Other Expense Items

The following table sets forth notable items incurred during the quarter included in Total Other income and Total Other expense.
\$ in millions

	Quarter Ended June 30, 2024
<u>Notable Other income items</u>	
Total Other income:	
Gain related to Visa B-1 share exchange	\$51
Total	\$51
<u>Notable Other expense items</u>	
Total Other expenses:	
Preparatory expenses related to Late Fee rule change	\$23
Total	\$23

Non-GAAP Reconciliation*

The following table sets forth the components of our Tier 1 Capital + Reserves ratio for the periods indicated below.

\$ in millions

	At June 30	
	Total	
	2023	2024
Tier 1 Capital	\$ 12,959	\$ 14,290
Less: CECL transition adjustment	(1,146)	(573)
Tier 1 capital (CECL fully phased-in)	\$ 11,813	\$ 13,717
Add: Allowance for credit losses	9,804	10,982
Tier 1 capital (CECL fully phased-in) plus Reserves for credit losses	\$ 21,617	\$ 24,699
 Risk-weighted assets	 \$ 95,546	 \$103,718
Less: CECL transition adjustment	(580)	(290)
Risk-weighted assets (CECL fully phased-in)	\$ 94,966	\$103,428