Second Quarter 2023

FIBRA Prologis
Financial
Information





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Interim Condensed Financial Statements

Supplemental Financial Information





Fideicomiso Irrevocable 1721 Banco Actinver, S. A., Institución de Banca Múltiple, Grupo Financiero Actinver, División Fiduciaria

Interim Condensed Financial Statements as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, and for the three and six month periods then ended

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Second Quarter 2023 Earnings Report

The statements in this release that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are based on current expectations, estimates and projections about the industry and markets in which FIBRA Prologis operates, management's beliefs and assumptions made by management. Such statements involve uncertainties that could significantly impact FIBRA Prologis financial results. Words such as "expects," "anticipates," "intends," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," variations of such words and similar expressions are intended to identify such forwardlooking statements, which generally are not historical in nature. All statements that address operating performance, events or developments that we expect or anticipate will occur in the future — including statements relating to rent and occupancy growth, acquisition activity, development activity, disposition activity, general conditions in the geographic areas where we operate, our debt and financial position, are forward-looking statements. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions that are difficult to predict. Although we believe the expectations reflected in any forward-looking statements are based on reasonable assumptions, we can give no assurance that our expectations will be attained and therefore, actual outcomes and results may differ materially from what is expressed or forecasted in such forward-looking statements. Some of the factors that may affect outcomes and results include, but are not limited to: (i) national, international, regional and local economic climates, (ii) changes in financial markets, interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates, (iii) increased or unanticipated competition for our properties, (iv) risks associated with acquisitions, dispositions and development of properties, (v) maintenance of real estate investment trust ("FIBRA") status and tax structuring, (vi) availability of financing and capital, the levels of debt that we maintain and our credit ratings, (vii) risks related to our investments (viii) environmental uncertainties, including risks of natural disasters, and (ix) those additional factors discussed in reports filed with the "Comisión Nacional Bancaria y de Valores" and the Mexican Stock Exchange by FIBRA Prologis under the heading "Risk Factors." FIBRA Prologis undertakes no duty to update any forwardlooking statements appearing in this release.

Non-Solicitation - Any securities discussed herein or in the accompanying presentations, if any, have not been registered under the Securities Act of 1933 or the securities laws of any state and may not be offered or sold in the United States absent registration or an applicable exemption from the registration requirements under the Securities Act and any applicable state securities laws. Any such announcement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy the securities discussed herein or in the presentations, if and as applicable.

Second Quarter 2023 Management Overview

Letter from Luis Gutiérrez, President, Latin America, Prologis

Second quarter results were strong, reflecting current favorable market conditions which we expect to continue this year.

Leasing volume was 1.4 million square feet, with an average term of 50 months and renewals comprising 92 percent of second quarter activity. Occupancy reached 98 percent. Net effective rents on rollover were 30.9 percent for the quarter. Same store cash NOI was a positive 9.4 percent due to rent change and annual rent increases.

Our markets saw stable vacancy at 1.2 percent, close to record lows. Net absorption for the first half was 17.5 million square feet, a 2 percent annual increase; this level of demand is consistent with our forecast of balanced supply-demand for the full year.

Due to strong leasing activity and the unprecedented tightness of the market, we increased our forecast for full-year market rent growth to mid-teens. We are confident in this forecast, as we believe current rent levels are insufficient in providing adequate risk-adjusted returns for developers, in light of rapidly rising land prices.

Moving to our balance sheet, ours is one of the strongest in the sector, which is a competitive advantage. During the quarter we recast our sustainable line of credit of US\$400 million plus US\$100 million of accordion. We were able to lower the pricing by 50 basis points and reduce the unused fee.

FIBRA Prologis successfully completed a follow-on offering of our CBFIs, raising Ps. 6.9 billion, or around \$380 million. I am very thankful for the support provided by our certificate holders. The proceeds will be used to fund acquisitions from Prologis and third parties.

Additionally, S&P Global Ratings assigned FIBRA Prologis a long-term credit rating of BBB+ with a stable outlook. This compares with Prologis, which has an A rating and Mexico, which has a sovereign rating of BBB. This rating is a recognition of the strength of our balance sheet and risk management.

During the quarter, we acquired three buildings from our sponsor located in Ciudad Juarez, Monterrey, and Tijuana for an aggregate purchase price of US\$75.1 million, including closing costs. The buildings, which comprise 651,258 square feet of industrial space, are fully leased in US dollars. We financed this transaction with a portion of the follow-on proceeds that we raised.

Moving to another topic, one year ago we announced the ambitious net zero goal set by Prologis, to achieve net zero emissions from our operations by 2030 and net zero emissions by 2040 across our value chain. This makes us a better partner to our customers, who are also working to reduce their carbon footprints. We recently published our ESG report, which shows our progress against these targets and our commitment to environmental stewardship, social responsibility, and governance. We made progress in our objective of green certifications; this quarter completing 4.5 million square feet with BOMA Best certification, which accounts certifications for 65% of the portfolio. We continue to hold ourselves to the highest standards in our daily work and our long-term vision.

In summary, we remain optimistic for this year's outlook. Demand continues to surpass supply allowing us to continue delivering strong rental growth. Market trends are as strong as ever, led by nearshoring and logistic operations. We will be disciplined with our capital. With our current firepower, we can be more opportunistic than ever. We are committed to create value for our stakeholders.

Thank you for your continued support.

Sincerely,

Luis Gutiérrez

Chief Executive Officer

FIBRA Prologis is a leading owner and operator of Class-A industrial real estate in Mexico and is prohibited from investing in real estate outside of Mexico. The below statement is valid for 92 days from the posting date. FIBRA Prologis intends to publish a new qualified notice at least once every 92 days going forward as required under the U.S. Treasury Regulation §§ 1.1446-4(b)(4) and 1.1446(f)-4(b)(3).

STATEMENT

FIBRA Prologis Fideicomiso Irrevocable 1721 Banco Actinver, S. A., Institución de Banca Múltiple, Grupo Financiero Actinver, División Fiduciaria

90-1019970

In accordance with U.S. Treasury Regulation §§ 1.1446-4(b)(4) and 1.1446(f)-4(b)(3). FIBRA Prologis Fideicomiso Irrevocable 1721 Banco Actinver, S. A., Institución de Banca Múltiple, Grupo Financiero Actinver, División Fiduciaria ("FIBRA Prologis") was not engaged in a trade or business within the United States at any time during the 2023 taxable year of the partnership through July 19, 2023.

The interim condensed financial statements included in this report were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

Please read this in conjunction with the interim condensed financial statements.

Management Overview

FIBRA Prologis (BMV: FIBRAPL 14) is a leading owner and operator of Class-A industrial real estate in Mexico. As of June 30, 2023, FIBRA Prologis owned 228 logistics and manufacturing facilities in six strategic markets in Mexico totaling 44.2 million square feet (4.1 million square meters) of gross leasable area (GLA). These properties were leased to 243 customers, including third-party logistics providers, transportation companies, retailers and manufacturers.

Approximately 67.2 percent of our net effective rents are in global logistics markets (Global Markets) and the remaining 32.8 percent are in regional manufacturing markets (Regional Markets). Global Markets include Mexico City, Guadalajara and Monterrey. These markets are highly industrialized and consumption driven. They benefit from proximity to principal highways, airports and rail hubs, and their presence in highly populated areas offers tangible benefits from the sustained growth of the middle class. Regional Markets include Ciudad Juarez, Tijuana and Reynosa—industrial centers for the automotive, electronics, medical and aerospace industries, among others. These markets benefit from a ready and qualified workforce and proximity to the U.S. border.

The operating results that follow are consistent with how management evaluates the performance of the portfolio.

Our second quarter financial information includes results from April 1, 2023, through June 30, 2023. During the quarter ended June 30, 2023, the following activity supported our business priorities and strategy:

Operating results:

Operating Portfolio	2Q 2023	2Q 2022	Notes
Period End Occupancy	98.0%	97.8%	Five of our markets are above 97.5%.
Leases Commenced	1.4 MSF	2.1 MSF	Activity primarily concentrated in Guadalajara, Tijuana and Reynosa.
Customer Retention	78.8%	88.8%	
Net Effective Rent Change	30.9%	19.6%	Led by Tijuana, Juarez, Guadalajara, and Reynosa.
Same Store Cash NOI	9.4%	5.1%	Led by annual rent increases and rent change.
Turnover Cost on Leases Commenced (per square feet)	US\$1.59	US\$1.96	

We use a same-store analysis to evaluate the performance of our owned operating properties. The population of the properties in this analysis is consistent from period to period, which eliminates the effects of changes in portfolio composition on performance metrics. In our view, the factors that affect rental revenues, rental expenses and NOI in the same store portfolio are generally the same as they are across the total portfolio. Our same store is measured in U.S. dollars and includes the effect of year-over-year movements in the Mexican peso.

Capital deployment activities:

US\$ in millions	2Q 2023	2Q 2022	Notes
Acquisitions			
Acquisition Price	US\$75.1	US\$6.4	Three properties from
Building GLA (thousand sf)	652	130	Prologis located in
Weighted avg. stabilized cap rate	5.9%	7.3%	Monterrey, Tijuana and Ciudad Juarez.
Dispositions			
Sale Price	US\$27.9		Sale of assets in non-
Building GLA (thousand sf)	714		core markets
Weighted avg. stabilized cap rate	10.2%		

Operational Outlook

Net absorption of modern product in our submarkets year-to-date stands at 17.5 million square feet, a 2 percent increase against last year.

Market vacancy for modern space was stable at 1.2 precent, as completions remained in-line with demand. We continue to expect a balanced supply-demand outcome for the full-year, keeping vacancy close to current levels and thus driving continued rent growth.

We continue to see elevated customer interest from both the manufacturing and consumption sectors. We closed significant leases with world-class tenants across our markets, providing us with enhanced confidence about the outlook for nearshoring and e-commerce in the country.

By market, we highlight the continued decline in vacancy for Mexico City from 1.7 percent to 1.2 percent, where land scarcity and slow entitlement processes have led to a supply crunch. All of our border markets and Guadalajara show sub-1 percent vacancies. In addition, more than 50 percent of space under construction in our markets is pre-leased, limiting the risk of oversupply.

We acknowledge that demand in developed markets is somewhat softer than in past years. Still, we see Mexico as a different story, with nearshoring as a structural change driving demand for our product in the medium-term. As such, we are optimistic that demand will remain solid.

Acquisitions

Our exclusivity agreement with our sponsor, Prologis, gives us access to an important proprietary acquisition pipeline. As of the end of the quarter, Prologis and FIBRA Prologis had 4.6 million square feet under development or pre-stabilization, of which 72.2 percent was leased or pre-leased. Our exclusive access to the Prologis pipeline is a competitive advantage for FIBRA Prologis as it gives us the option to acquire high-quality buildings in our existing markets.

While third-party acquisitions are also possible for FIBRA Prologis, they depend on the availability of product that meets our criteria for quality and location. All potential acquisitions, regardless of source, are evaluated by management and factor in real estate and capital market conditions. They are subject to approval by FIBRA Prologis' Technical Committee according to its bylaws.

Currency Exposure

At quarter end, our U.S.-dollar-denominated revenues represented 65.1 percent of annualized net effective rents, resulting in peso exposure of approximately 34.9 percent. In the near term, we expect peso-denominated revenues to be in the range of 35 percent of annualized net effective rents.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Overview

We believe our ability to generate cash from operating activities and available financing sources (including our line of credit), as well as our disciplined balance sheet management, will allow us to meet anticipated acquisition, operating, debt service and distribution requirements.

Near-Term Principal Cash Sources and Uses

As a FIBRA, we are required to distribute at least 95 percent of our taxable income. In addition to distributions to CBFI holders, we expect our primary cash uses will include:

- asset management fee payment.
- capital expenditures and leasing costs on properties in our operating portfolio.
- acquisitions.

We expect to fund our cash needs principally from the following sources, all of which are subject to market conditions:

- available unrestricted cash balances of Ps. 7.8 billion (US\$455 million) as of June 30, 2023, the result of cash flow from operating properties.
- borrowing capacity of Ps. 8.6 billion (US\$500 million) under our unsecured credit facility.

Debt

As of June 30, 2023, we had approximately Ps. 15.7 billion (US\$919 million) of debt at par value with a weighted average effective interest rate of 4.0 percent (a weighted average coupon rate of 4.0 percent) and a weighted average maturity of 7.0 years.

According to the CNBV regulation for the calculation of debt ratios, our loan-to-value and debt service coverage ratios as of June 30, 2023, were 20.1 percent and 19.8 times, respectively.





Independent Auditors' Report on Review of Condensed Interim Financial Statements

To the Technical Committee and Trustors Fideicomiso Irrevocable 1721 Banco Actinver, S. A., Institución de Banca Múltiple, Grupo Financiero Actinver, División Fiduciaria

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed statement of financial position of Fideicomiso Irrevocable 1721 Banco Actinver, S. A., Institución de Banca Múltiple, Grupo Financiero Actinver, División Fiduciaria as at June 30, 2023, the condensed statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the six month period then ended, and notes to the interim financial statements ("the condensed interim financial statement"). Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this condensed interim financial statements in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34, 'Interim Financial Reporting'. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these condensed interim financial statements based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with the International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

(Continued)



Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying condensed interim financial statements as at June 30, 2023 are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34, 'Interim Financial Reporting'.

KPMG CARDENAS DOSAL, S. C.

C. P. C. Alejandro Ruiz Luna

Mexico City, July 14, 2023

Interim condensed statements of financial position

in thousands Mexican pesos	Note	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash		\$ 7,781,591	\$ 2,704,577
Trade receivables, net		104,619	71,361
Other receivables and value added tax		348,164	336,428
Prepaid expenses	5	100,146	3,748
Current exchange rate options	13	2,343	14,113
Assets held for sale	6	-	539,218
		8,336,863	3,669,445
Non-current assets:			
Investment properties	7	71,037,244	74,733,756
Other investment properties		53,037	55,994
Non-current exchange rate options	13	20,509	36,840
Other assets		14,685	26,165
		71,125,475	74,852,755
Total assets		\$ 79,462,338	\$ 78,522,200
Liabilities and equity			
Current liabilities:			
Trade payables		\$ 90,730	\$ 89,250
Prepaid rent		30,543	74,568
Due to affiliates	12	12,809	61,023
Current portion of long term debt	8	63,168	115,685
		197,250	340,526
Non-current liabilities:			
Long term debt	8	15,711,478	17,785,094
Security deposits		364,917	404,234
		16,076,395	18,189,328
Total liabilities		16,273,645	18,529,854
Equity:			
CBFI holders' capital	9	38,885,136	31,149,718
Other equity accounts and retained earnings		24,303,557	28,842,628
Total equity		63,188,693	59,992,346
Total liabilities and equity		\$ 79,462,338	\$ 78,522,200

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim condensed financial statements.

Interim condensed statements of comprehensive income

		For the thr	ee	months ended	For the	six m	onths ended
				June 30,			June 30,
in thousands Mexican pesos, except per CBFI amounts	lote	2023		2022	2023		2022
Revenues:							
Lease rental income		\$ 1,217,790	ç	1,218,959	\$ 2,473,290	\$	2,442,328
Rental recoveries		114,469		129,456	260,630		277,700
Other property income		23,313		1,913	42,749		16,520
		1,355,572		1,350,328	2,776,669		2,736,548
Operating expenses and other income and expenses:							
Operating and maintenance		(95,892)		(87,359)	(189,313)		(173,066)
Utilities		(10,906)		(10,849)	(20,716)		(18,868)
Property management fees	12	(36,351)		(38,900)	(75,427)		(75,525)
Real estate taxes		(29,869)		(25,262)	(59,878)		(50,994)
Non-recoverable operating expenses		(16,843)		(14,074)	(25,715)		(24,765)
Gain on valuation of investment properties	7	3,530,974		1,810,636	3,653,021		5,305,716
Asset management fees	12	(130,225)		(138,253)	(262,894)		(272,881)
Incentive fee		(1,028,451)		(655,488)	(1,028,451)		(655,488)
Professional fees		(23,680)		(24,705)	(42,419)		(45,589)
Finance cost		(172,139)		(221,986)	(350,050)		(443,965)
Net loss on early extinguishment of debt		(19,067)		-	(19,067)		-
Unused credit facility fee		(6,253)		(4,359)	(15,379)		(9,080)
Net loss on exchange rate hedge instruments		(23,433)		(1,042)	(58,315)		(17,272)
Net exchange gain (loss)		35,203		(22,826)	82,377		3,640
Other general and administrative income		57,438		7,988	88,880		6,548
		2,030,506		573,521	1,676,654		3,528,411
Net income		3,386,078		1,923,849	4,453,323		6,264,959
Other comprehensive (loss) gain:							
Items that are not reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:							
Translation (loss) gain from functional currency to reporting currency		(3,633,010)		675,017	(7,552,041)		(1,129,373)
Items that are or may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:		(-,,,		,-	()		(, -,,
Unrealized gain on interest rate hedge instruments		208		244	427		485
-		(3,632,802)		675,261	(7,551,614)		(1,128,888)
Total comprehensive (loss) income		\$ (246,724)	Ş	2,599,110	\$ (3,098,291)	\$	5,136,071
Earnings per CBFI	10	\$ 3.09	\$	2.25	\$ 4.21	\$	7.32

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim condensed financial statements.

Interim condensed statements of changes in equity

For the six month periods ended June 30, 2023, and 2022

in thousands Mexican pesos	CBFI holders' capital	Other equity accounts	Repurchase of CBFIs	Retained earnings	Total
Balance as of January 1, 2022	\$ 22,688,711			\$ 18,378,755	\$ 49,748,811
Dividends	-	-	-	(980,770)	(980,770)
CBFIs to be issued	655,488	-	-	-	655,488
Comprehensive income:					
Translation loss from functional currency to reporting currency	-	(1,129,373)	-	-	(1,129,373)
Unrealized gain on interest rate hedge instruments	-	485	-	-	485
Net income	-	-	-	6,264,959	6,264,959
Total comprehensive (loss) income	-	(1,128,888)	-	6,264,959	5,136,071
Balance as of June 30, 2022	\$ 23,344,199	\$ 7,557,457	\$ (5,000)	\$ 23,662,944	\$ 54,559,600
Balance as of January 1, 2023	\$ 31,149,718	\$ 5,034,978	\$ (5,000)	\$ 23,812,650	\$ 59,992,346
Dividends	-	-	-	(1,440,780)	(1,440,780)
CBFIs issued	6,903,952	-	-	-	6,903,952
CBFIs to be issued	1,028,451	-	-	-	1,028,451
Rights offering issuance costs	(196,985)	-	-	-	(196,985)
Comprehensive income:					
Translation loss from functional currency to reporting	_	(7,552,041)	_	_	(7,552,041)
currency		, ,			(7,552,642)
Unrealized gain on interest rate hedge instruments	-	427	-	-	427
Net income	-	-	-	4,453,323	4,453,323
Total comprehensive (loss) income	-	(7,551,614)	-	4,453,323	(3,098,291)
Balance as of June 30, 2023	\$ 38,885,136	\$ (2,516,636)	\$ (5,000)	\$ 26,825,193	\$ 63,188,693

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim condensed financial statements.

Interim condensed statements of cash flows

		For	the six mo	onths ended June 30,
in thousands Mexican pesos		2023		2022
Operating activities:				
Net income	\$	4,453,323	\$	6,264,959
Adjustments for:				
Gain on valuation of investment properties		(3,653,021)		(5,305,716)
Incentive fee		1,028,451		655,488
Allowance for uncollectible trade receivables		5,107		5,385
Finance cost		350,050		443,965
Net loss on early extinguishment of debt		19,067		-
Realized loss on exchange rate hedge instruments		12,142		13,846
Unrealized loss on exchange rate hedge instruments		46,173		3,426
Net unrealized exchange gain		(89,308)		(3,451)
Straight-line of lease rental revenue		(21,606)		(58,769)
Change in working capital:				
Trade receivables		(37,274)		(9,171)
Other receivables		(50,706)		48,427
Prepaid expenses		(96,823)		(45,506)
Other assets		8,440		5,097
Trade payables		(2,457)		(112,348)
Due to affiliates		(41,136)		1,410
Security deposits		7,515		37,529
Prepaid rent		(35,384)		(52,496)
Net cash flow provided by operating activities		1,902,553		1,892,075
Investing activities:				
Acquisition of investment properties		(1,245,822)		(1,462,139)
Disposition of investment properties		478,856		-
Cost related with acquisition of investment properties		(39,930)		(83,819)
Capital expenditures on investment properties		(272,050)		(292,000)
Net cash flow used in investing activities		(1,078,946)		(1,837,958)
Financing activities:				
Acquisition of exchange rate options		(37,246)		-
Dividends paid		(1,440,780)		(980,770)
Long term debt borrowings		-		2,556,408
Long term debt payments		(31,038)		(614,586)
Interest paid		(337,529)		(412,521)
CBFIs issued, related to the rights offering		6,877,831		-
Rights offering issuance costs		(196,985)		-
Net cash flow provided by financing activities		4,834,253		548,531
Net increase in cash		5,657,860		602,648
Effect of foreign currency exchange rate changes on cash		(580,846)		(237,935)
Cash at beginning of the period		2,704,577		342,501
Cash at the end of the period	\$	7,781,591	\$	707,214
Non-cash transactions:		, , , , , , ,	•	
CBFIs to be issued, related to the incentive fee		1,028,451		655,488
Dispositions cost to be paid		14,303		-
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Total non-cash transactions	\$	1,042,754	Þ	655,488

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim condensed financial statements.

Notes to interim condensed financial statements

As of June 30, 2023, and 2022, and for the three and six month periods then ended and December 31, 2022 In thousands of Mexican pesos, except per CBFI (Acronym for trust certificates in Spanish)

1. Main activity and structure

Main activity – Fideicomiso Irrevocable 1721 Banco Actinver, S.A. Institucion de Banca Multiple, Grupo Financiero Actinver, Division Fiduciario or FIBRA Prologis ("FIBRAPL" or the "Trust") is a trust formed according to the Irrevocable Trust Agreement 1721 dated August 13, 2013 ("Date of Inception").

FIBRAPL is a Mexican real estate investment trust authorized by Mexican law (Fideicomiso de Inversión en Bienes Raices, or FIBRA, as per its name in Spanish) with its address on Paseo de los Tamarindos No. 90, Torre 2, Piso 22, Bosques de las Lomas, Cuajimalpa de Morelos, C. P. 05120. The primary purpose of FIBRAPL is the acquisition or development of logistics real estate assets in Mexico, generally with the purpose of leasing such real estate to third parties under long-term operating leases.

The term of FIBRAPL is indefinite in accordance with the Trust Agreement. FIBRAPL does not have employees; accordingly, it does not have labor obligations. All administrative services are provided by Prologis Property México S. A. de C. V. ("Manager"), a wholly owned subsidiary of Prologis, Inc. ("Prologis").

Structure – FIBRAPL's parties are:

Trustor:	Prologis Property México, S. A. de C. V.
First beneficiaries:	CBFI holders
Trustee:	Banco Actinver, S.A., Institución de Banca Múltiple, Grupo Financiero Actinver, División Fiduciaria
Common representative:	Monex Casa de Bolsa, S. A. de C. V., Monex Grupo Financiero
Manager:	Prologis Property México, S. A. de C. V.

2. Basis of presentation

Interim financial reporting - The accompanying interim condensed financial statements as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, and for the three and six month periods then ended and December 31, 2022, have been prepared in accordance with the International Accounting Standard No. 34 ("IAS no.34"), interim financial reporting. Therefore, these financial statements do not include all the information required in a complete annual report prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). The interim condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements as of December 31, 2022, and for the year then ended, prepared in accordance with IFRS.

FIBRAPL management believes that all adjustments and reclassifications that are required for a proper presentation of the financial information are included in these interim condensed financial statements.

3. Summary of significant accounting policies

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of the interim condensed financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of, and disclosed in, FIBRAPL's audited financial statements as of December 31, 2022.

The new accounting standards applicable as of January 1st, 2023, did not have a significant impact on the condensed interim financial statements as of June 30, 2023, of FIBRAPL.

4. Segment reporting

Operating segment information is presented based on how management analyzes the business, which includes information aggregated by market. The assets and liabilities, and results for these operating segments are presented as of June 30, 2023, and December 31, 2022, and for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2023, and 2022, respectively. FIBRAPL operates in six geographic markets that represent its reportable operating segments under IFRS 8 as follows: Mexico City, Guadalajara, Monterrey, Tijuana, Reynosa and Juarez.

							For the thre	ee m	onths ende	d Ju	ne 30, 2023			
in thousands Mexican pesos	N	Mexico City		Mexico City		Mexico City Guadalajara		Monterrey	Tijuana	Reynosa		Juarez		Total
Revenues:														
Lease rental income	\$	533,243	\$	152,681	\$ 156,559	\$ 176,577	\$ 115,364	\$	83,366	\$	1,217,790			
Rental recoveries		41,007		9,808	19,184	19,062	12,172		13,236		114,469			
Other property income		4,423		2,665	5,792	3,513	6,635		285		23,313			
		578,673		165,154	181,535	199,152	134,171		96,887		1,355,572			
Expenses:														
Operating and maintenance		(36,428)		(12,396)	(11,127)	(13,281)	(10,893)		(11,767)		(95,892)			
Utilities		(5,123)		(1,387)	(1,809)	(1,711)	(264)		(612)		(10,906)			
Property management fees		(15,729)		(3,162)	(5,226)	(4,914)	(4,454)		(2,866)		(36,351)			
Real estate taxes		(14,363)		(2,871)	(1,324)	(3,993)	(3,847)		(3,471)		(29,869)			
Non-recoverable operating expenses		(6,121)		(3,826)	(1,262)	(1,626)	(1,318)		(2,690)		(16,843)			
	\$	500,909	\$	141,512	\$ 160,787	\$ 173,627	\$ 113,395	\$	75,481	\$	1,165,711			

							For the thr	ee months end	ed .	June 30, 2022
in thousands Mexican pesos	N	Nexico City	Guadala	ijara	Monterrey	Tijuana	Reynosa	Juare	z	Total
Revenues:										
Lease rental income	\$	502,361	\$ 159	,401	\$ 148,022	\$ 172,649	\$ 136,881	\$ 99,64	5 \$	\$ 1,218,959
Rental recoveries		51,478	11	,556	19,746	16,436	15,043	15,19	7	129,456
Other property income		455		437	462	385	110	6	4	1,913
		554,294	171	,394	168,230	189,470	152,034	114,90	6	1,350,328
Expenses:										
Operating and maintenance		(38,042)	(10)	790)	(10,170)	(9,807)	(9,075)	(9,475)	(87,359)
Utilities		(5,479)	(1,	321)	(2,532)	(766)	(249)	(502)	(10,849)
Property management fees		(16,695)	(3)	731)	(5,176)	(4,751)	(4,951)	(3,596)	(38,900)
Real estate taxes		(15,182)	(1,	674)	(1,304)	(2,631)	(1,568)	(2,903)	(25,262)
Non-recoverable operating expenses		(4,943)	(553)	(686)	(6,173)	(569)	(1,150)	(14,074)
	\$	473,953	\$ 153	,325	\$ 148,362	\$ 165,342	\$ 135,622	\$ 97,28) !	\$ 1,173,884

							For the	six m	onths ende	d Jui	ne 30, 2023
in thousands Mexican pesos	ı	Mexico City	G	auadalajara	Monterrey	Tijuana	Reynosa		Juarez		Total
Revenues:											
Lease rental income	\$	1,065,267	\$	308,557	\$ 317,598	\$ 358,321	\$ 246,780	\$	176,767	\$	2,473,290
Rental recoveries		110,140		24,981	40,691	29,855	26,053		28,910		260,630
Other property income		8,721		4,395	9,816	6,241	12,473		1,103		42,749
		1,184,128		337,933	368,105	394,417	285,306		206,780		2,776,669
Expenses:											
Operating and maintenance		(76,452)		(24,307)	(22,040)	(24,251)	(21,748)		(20,515)		(189,313)
Utilities		(10,131)		(2,213)	(3,437)	(2,884)	(776)		(1,275)		(20,716)
Property management fees		(30,258)		(8,371)	(10,401)	(10,130)	(9,110)		(7,157)		(75,427)
Real estate taxes		(28,726)		(5,788)	(2,648)	(7,985)	(7,788)		(6,943)		(59,878)
Non-recoverable operating expenses		(10,589)		(4,633)	(1,964)	(1,855)	(2,959)		(3,715)		(25,715)
	\$	1,027,972	\$	292,621	\$ 327,615	\$ 347,312	\$ 242,925	\$	167,175	\$	2,405,620

			308,850 \$ 299,169 \$ 347,117 \$ 275,001 \$ 199,357 \$ 29,292 38,459 35,235 32,075 30,128 1,311 1,232 1,622 483 6,028 339,453 338,860 383,974 307,559 235,513 (21,636) (19,798) (19,915) (18,336) (18,774) (2,025) (4,074) (1,868) (460) (679) (7,266) (10,107) (9,181) (9,624) (6,962) (3,337) (2,608) (6,065) (3,137) (5,805)		d June 30, 2022		
in thousands Mexican pesos	Mexico City	Guadalajara	Monterrey	Tijuana	Reynosa	Juarez	Total
Revenues:							
Lease rental income	\$ 1,012,834	\$ 308,850	\$ 299,169	\$ 347,117	\$ 275,001	\$ 199,357	\$ 2,442,328
Rental recoveries	112,511	29,292	38,459	35,235	32,075	30,128	277,700
Other property income	5,844	1,311	1,232	1,622	483	6,028	16,520
	1,131,189	339,453	338,860	383,974	307,559	235,513	2,736,548
Expenses:							
Operating and maintenance	(74,607)	(21,636)	(19,798)	(19,915)	(18,336)	(18,774)	(173,066)
Utilities	(9,762)	(2,025)	(4,074)	(1,868)	(460)	(679)	(18,868)
Property management fees	(32,385)	(7,266)	(10,107)	(9,181)	(9,624)	(6,962)	(75,525)
Real estate taxes	(30,042)	(3,337)	(2,608)	(6,065)	(3,137)	(5,805)	(50,994)
Non-recoverable operating expenses	(10,454)	(866)	(869)	(6,334)	(3,539)	(2,703)	(24,765)
	\$ 973,939	\$ 304,323	\$ 301,404	\$ 340,611	\$ 272,463	\$ 200,590	\$ 2,393,330

									As	of Ju	ine 30, 2023
									Unsecured		
in thousands Mexican pesos	Mexic	o City	G	Guadalajara	Monterrey	Tijuana	Reynosa	Juarez	debt		Total
Investment properties:											
Land	\$ 6,05	4,151	\$	1,508,272	\$ 1,840,671	\$ 2,405,576	\$ 1,126,494	\$ 1,115,217	\$ -	\$	14,050,381
Buildings	24,21	6,602		6,033,086	7,362,682	9,622,303	4,505,978	4,460,869	-		56,201,520
	30,27	0,753		7,541,358	9,203,353	12,027,879	5,632,472	5,576,086			70,251,901
Straight-line of lease rental revenue	29	3,861		150,844	93,813	138,210	73,191	35,424	-		785,343
Investment properties	\$ 30,56	4,614	\$	7,692,202	\$ 9,297,166	\$ 12,166,089	\$ 5,705,663	\$ 5,611,510	\$ -	\$	71,037,244
Other investment properties	\$ 5	3,037	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	53,037
Long term debt	\$ 41	1,173	\$	993,194	\$ 1,036,210	\$ 543,045	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,791,024	\$	15,774,646

								A:	s of Dec	emb	per 31, 2022
								Uns	ecured		
in thousands Mexican pesos	Mexico City	Gua	adalajara	Monterrey	Tijuana	Reynosa	Juarez		debt		Total
Investment properties:											
Land	\$ 6,043,036	\$ 1	1,747,574	\$ 2,080,616	\$ 2,430,880	\$ 1,283,633	\$ 1,194,135	\$	-	\$	14,779,874
Buildings	24,172,147	' 6	6,990,294	8,322,464	9,723,519	5,134,537	4,776,536		-		59,119,497
	30,215,183		8,737,868	10,403,080	12,154,399	6,418,170	5,970,671		-		73,899,371
Straight-line of lease rental revenue	302,567	,	147,028	103,438	152,983	88,262	40,107		-		834,385
Investment properties	\$ 30,517,750	\$ 8	8,884,896	\$ 10,506,518	\$ 12,307,382	\$ 6,506,432	\$ 6,010,778	\$	-	\$	74,733,756
Assets held for sale	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 421,113	\$ 118,105	\$	-	\$	539,218
Other investment properties	\$ 55,994	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	55,994
Long term debt	\$ 464,926	\$ 1	1,029,370	\$ 1,171,673	\$ 724,939	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,5	09,871	\$	17,900,779

5. Prepaid expenses

As of June 30, 2023, and December 31, 2022, current prepaid expenses of FIBRAPL were as follows:

in thousands Mexican pesos	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Real estate tax	\$ 60,639 \$	-
Other prepaid expenses	39,507	2,960
Insurance	-	788
Current prepaid expenses	\$ 100,146 \$	3,748

6. Assets held for sale

As of December 31, 2022, five properties located in Hermosillo, Sonora, and Matamoros, Tamaulipas, with a leasable area of 0.7 million square feet and a fair value of \$27.9 million U.S. dollars (\$539.2 million Mexican Pesos), were classified as held for sale. The properties were sold in the second quarter of 2023. See note 7.

7. Investment properties

FIBRAPL obtained valuations from independent appraisers in order to determine the fair value of its investment properties.

The reconciliation of investment and held for sale properties for the six month periods ended June 30, 2023, and 2022, are as follows:

	For the six m	onths ended June 30
thousands Mexican pesos	2023	2022
Beginning balance	\$ 74,733,756 \$	71,267,372
Translation effect from functional currency (*)	(8,477,521)	(1,371,445)
Acquisition of investment properties	1,245,822	1,446,239
Acquisition costs	39,930	83,819
Disposition of held for sale properties	(478,856)	
Capital expenditures, leasing commissions and tenant improvements	272,050	292,000
Straight-line of lease rental revenue	49,042	42,128
Gain on valuation of investment properties	3,653,021	5,305,716
vestment and held for sale properties	\$ 71,037,244 \$	77,065,829

^{*} The fair value of investment properties is translated from U.S. dollars to Mexican pesos. The U.S. dollar to Mexican peso exchange rate as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, is of 17.1187 and 20.1443, respectively.

i) Valuation technique

The valuation model considers the present value of net cash flows to be generated by the property, taking into account the expected rental growth rate, vacancy periods, occupancy rate, lease incentive costs such as rent-free periods and other costs not paid by tenants. The expected net cash flows are discounted using risk adjusted discount rates. Among other factors, the discount rate estimation considers the quality of a building and its location, tenant credit quality and lease terms.

ii) Significant unobservable inputs

		June 30,
	2023	2022
Risk adjusted discount rates	From 8.25% to 11.25% Weighted Avg. 9.36%	From 7.25% to 11.75% Weight Avg. 8.21%
Risk adjusted capitalization rates	From 6.75% to 9.75% Weighted Avg. 7.73%	From 6.00% to 10.25% Weight Avg. 6.86%

iii) Interrelationship between key unobservable inputs and fair value measurement

The estimated fair value would increase (decrease) if:

- a. Expected market rental income per market were higher (lower);
- b. Vacancy periods were shorter (longer);
- c. The occupancy rate were higher (lower);
- d. Rent-free periods were shorter (longer); or
- **e.** The risk adjusted discount rate were lower (higher)

The main transactions carried out by FIBRAPL in its investment properties during the first six months of 2023 are as follows:

			Lease area		cquisition value ing closing costs
in millions, except lease area	Da	te Market	square feet	Mexican pesos	U. S. dollars
Acquisitions:					
El Florido Building #2	16-June-23	Tijuana	304,503	\$ 680.0	\$ 39.7
Apodaca Building #8	16-June-23	Monterrey	104,634	193.8	11.3
Juarez Building #5	16-June-23	Juarez	242,121	412.0	24.1
Total acquisitions			651,258	\$ 1,285.8	\$ 75.1

				Lease area	А	ssets sale price
in millions, except lease area		Date	Market	square feet	Mexican pesos	U. S. dollars
Dispositions:						
Laredo Industrial Center #1	28-Jun-23		Reynosa	84,987	\$ 81.4	\$ 4.8
Matamoros Ind. Ctr. #1	22-Jun-23		Reynosa	298,840	292.6	17.0
Dynatech Ind. Ctr. #3	22-Jun-23		Juarez	106,915	39.6	2.3
Dynatech Ind. Ctr. #2	22-Jun-23		Juarez	175,019	47.1	2.7
Dynatech Ind. Ctr. #1	22-Jun-23		Juarez	48,078	18.2	1.1
Total dispositions				713,839	\$ 478.9	\$ 27.9

8. Long term debt

As of June 30, 2023, and December 31, 2022, FIBRAPL had long term debt comprised of loans from financial institutions, publicly issued bonds and private placement in U.S. dollars, as follows:

					June 30, 2023	De	ecember 31, 2022
in thousands	Denomination	Maturity date ^(*)	Rate	U. S. dollars	Mexican pesos	U. S. dollars	Mexican pesos
Prudential Insurance Company and Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. (The Pru-Met Loan) 1st. Section (Secured)	USD	1-Feb-26	4.67%	\$ 53,120	\$ 909,345	\$ 53,500	\$ 1,035,840
Prudential Insurance Company and Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. (The Pru-Met Loan) 2nd. Section (Secured)	USD	1-Feb-26	4.67%	53,120	909,345	53,500	1,035,840
Metropolitan Life Insurance Company (Secured)	USD	7-Dec-26	5.18%(***)	67,679	1,158,576	68,622	1,328,625
Green bond (Unsecured)	USD	22-Apr-31	3.73%	70,000	1,198,309	70,000	1,355,305
Green bond (Unsecured)	USD	28-Nov-32	4.12%	375,000	6,419,513	375,000	7,260,563
Private Placement (Unsecured)	USD	1-Jul-39	3.48%(**)	300,000	5,135,610	300,000	5,808,450
			Total	918,919	15,730,698	920,622	17,824,623
Long term debt interest accrued				6,514	111,511	6,564	127,089
Debt premium, net				3,109	53,222	3,552	68,772
Deferred financing cost				(7,057)	(120,785)	(6,183)	(119,705)
			Total debt	921,485	15,774,646	924,555	17,900,779
Less: Current portion of long term debt				3,690	63,168	5,975	115,685
Total long term debt				\$ 917,795	\$ 15,711,478	\$ 918,580	\$ 17,785,094

^{*} The Maturity date of Green Bond #1 and Private Placement is considering the last due date of the Notes and USPP notes, respectively.

^{**} Weighted average interest rate considering all Private Placement series

 $^{{\}it **** Weighted average interest rate considering all contracts under MetLife loan}$

The main transactions carried out by FIBRAPL in its debt during the first six months of 2023 are as follows:

in millions	Date	Currency	Interest rate	Mexican pesos	U. S. dollars
Payments:	Dute	currency	c.csr rate	mexican pesso	0.0.00.00.00
Prudential Insurance Company and Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. (Secured)	1-Jun-23	U. S. dollars	4.67%	\$ 3.4	\$ 0.2
Metropolitan Life Insurance Company (Secured)	1-Jun-23	U. S. dollars	5.18% weighted average(*)	2.8	0.2
Prudential Insurance Company and Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. (Secured)	2-May-23	U. S. dollars	4.67%	3.4	0.2
Metropolitan Life Insurance Company (Secured)	2-May-23	U. S. dollars	5.18% weighted average(*)	2.9	0.2
Prudential Insurance Company and Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. (Secured)	3-Apr-23	U. S. dollars	4.67%	3.4	0.2
Metropolitan Life Insurance Company (Secured)	3-Apr-23	U. S. dollars	5.18% weighted average(*)	2.8	0.2
Prudential Insurance Company and Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. (Secured)	1-Mar-23	U. S. dollars	4.67%	3.4	0.2
Metropolitan Life Insurance Company (Secured)	1-Mar-23	U. S. dollars	5.18% weighted average(*)	3.0	0.2
Metropolitan Life Insurance Company (Secured)	1-Feb-23	U. S. dollars	5.18% weighted average(*)	2.9	0.2
Metropolitan Life Insurance Company (Secured)	3-Jan-23	U. S. dollars	5.18% weighted average(*)	3.0	0.2
Total payments				\$ 31.0	\$ 2.0

^{*} Weighted average interest rate considering all contracts under Metlife loan

On April 27, 2023, FIBRAPL amended and restated its \$400 million unsecured, sustainability-linked revolving line of credit with a syndicate of nine banks (Banco Nacional de México, S.A., Grupo Financiero Banamex, División Fiduciaria). Additionally, an accordion feature provides FIBRAPL with the option to increase the credit facility up to US\$500 million subject to lender approval. The new credit facility has an initial maturity of April 27, 2026, with two one-year extensions at borrower's option, subject to the payment of an extension fee. As of June 30, 2023, and December 31, 2022, FIBRAPL has no outstanding balance. The Banco Nacional de Mexico Credit Facility is subject to a sustainability KPI (Key Performance Indicator) based on portfolio area with LED lighting. The Credit Facility can be used by FIBRAPL for acquisitions, working capital needs and general corporate purposes. The Credit Facility bears interest on borrowings outstanding at LIBOR plus 133 basis points denominated in U.S. dollars.

During the six month periods ended June 30, 2023, and 2022, FIBRAPL paid interest on long term debt of \$18.2 million U.S. dollars (\$337.5 million Mexican pesos) and \$20.8 million U.S. dollars (\$412.5 million Mexican pesos) respectively, and principal of \$2.0 million U.S. dollars (\$31.0 million Mexican pesos) and \$30.7 million U.S. dollars (\$614.6 million Mexican pesos), respectively.

As of June 30, 2023, FIBRAPL was in compliance with all its covenants.

9. Equity

On June 5, 2023, FIBRAPL recorded 16,404,726 CBFIs to be issued based on the annual incentive fee of \$1,028.5 million Mexican pesos, approved in the ordinary holders meeting on July 3, 2023.

On May 4, 2023, FIBRAPL issued an additional 105,000,000 CBFIs at \$59.00 Mexican pesos per certificate through an offering price. The offering consists of (a) a public offering in Mexico of CBFIs (the "Mexican Offering") and (b) a concurrent international offering of CBFIs to qualified institutional buyers as defined under Rule 144A under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), in transactions exempt from registration thereunder (the "International Offering" and, together with the Mexican Offering, the "Global Offering").

In connection with this offering price, on May 11, 2023, the representatives of the underwriters and initial purchasers exercised the over-allotment option to purchase an additional 12,049,735 CBFIs at same price of offering per CBFI.

Proceeds from the subscription offering were \$6,904 million Mexican pesos less issuance cost.

As of June 30, 2023, total CBFIs outstanding were 1,138,919,227.

FIBRAPL distributed dividends as follows:

in millions, except per CBFI	Date	Mexican pesos	U. S. dollars	Mexican pesos per CBFI	
Distributions:					
Dividends	24-Feb-23	\$ 868.6	\$ 47.2	\$ 0.8500	\$ 0.0462
Dividends	18-Jan-23	572.2	30.5	0.5600	0.0299
Total distributions		\$ 1,440.8	\$ 77.7		

10. Earnings per CBFI

The calculated basic and diluted earnings per CBFI are the same, presented as follows:

	For the three	e mo	onths ended June 30,	For the si	x mo	nths ended June 30,
in thousands Mexican Pesos, except per CBFI	2023		2022	2023		2022
Basic and diluted earnings per CBFI (pesos)	\$ 3.09	\$	2.25	\$ 4.21	\$	7.32
Net income	3,386,078		1,923,849	4,453,323		6,264,959
Weighted average number of CBFIs ('000)	1,094,091		856,419	1,058,331		856,419

11. Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities

Some of the accounting policies and disclosures of FIBRAPL require measuring the fair value of assets and financial liabilities.

FIBRAPL has established a control framework in relation to the measurement of fair value. This includes supervision from an internal specialist of all significant fair value measurements, including the fair value of Level 3 inputs (disclosed below).

FIBRAPL management regularly reviews the significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments. If third party information is used, such as broker quotes or pricing services to measure fair values, management evaluates the evidence from third parties to support the conclusion that these valuations satisfy the requirements of IFRS, including the level within the fair value hierarchy (discussed below) within which those valuations should be classified.

When the fair value of an asset or liability is measured, FIBRAPL uses observable market data whenever possible. The fair values are classified into different levels within a fair value hierarchy based on the variables used in the valuation techniques as follows:

- Level 1: (Unadjusted) quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Different data quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. prices.) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: Data for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

If the variables used to measure the fair value of an asset or liability can be classified into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety on the same level of the fair value hierarchy as lowest level that is meaningful to the overall measurement.

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value:

										As	of Ju	ine 30, 2023
						Carr	ying amount					Fair value
	D	esignated at	Cash and	Ot	her financial							
in thousands Mexican Pesos		fair value	receivables		liabilities		Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		Total
Financial assets measured at fair value												
Investment properties	\$	71,037,244	\$ -	\$	-	\$	71,037,244	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 71,037,244	\$	71,037,244
Other real investment properties		53,037	-		-		53,037		-	53,037		53,037
Exchange rate options		22,852	-		-		22,852	-	22,852	-		22,852
	\$	71,113,133	\$ -	\$	-	\$	71,113,133	\$ -	\$ 22,852	\$ 71,090,281	\$	71,113,133
Financial assets not measured at fair value												
Cash	\$	-	\$ 7,781,591	\$	-	\$	7,781,591	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Trade receivables		-	104,619		-		104,619	-	-	-		-
Other receivables		-	8,368		-		8,368	-	-	-		-
	\$	-	\$ 7,894,578	\$	-	\$	7,894,578	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value												
Trade payables	\$	-	\$ -	\$	105,033	\$	105,033	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Due to affiliates			-		12,809		12,809	-	-	-		-
Long term debt		-	-		15,774,646		15,774,646	-	13,367,244	-		13,367,244
	\$	-	\$ -	\$	15,892,488	\$	15,892,488	\$ -	\$ 13,367,244	\$ -	\$	13,367,244

										As of De	cem	ber 31, 2022
						Carr	ying amount					Fair value
	D	esignated at	Cash and	Ot	her financial							
in thousands Mexican Pesos		fair value	receivables		liabilities		Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		Total
Financial assets measured at fair value												
Investment properties	\$	74,733,756	\$ -	\$	-	\$	74,733,756	\$	\$ -	\$ 74,733,756	\$	74,733,756
Other real investment properties		55,994	-		-		55,994	-	-	55,994		55,994
Assets held for sale		539,218	-		-		539,218	-	539,218	-		539,218
Exchange rate options		50,953	-		-		50,953	-	50,953	-		50,953
	\$	75,379,921	\$ -	\$	-	\$	75,379,921	\$ -	\$ 590,171	\$ 74,789,750	\$	75,379,921
Financial assets not measured at fair value												
Cash	\$	-	\$ 2,704,577	\$	-	\$	2,704,577	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	
Trade receivables		-	71,361		-		71,361	-	-	-		
Other receivables		-	7,440		-		7,440	-	-	-		-
	\$	-	\$ 2,783,378	\$	-	\$	2,783,378	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value												
Trade payables	\$	-	\$ -	\$	89,250	\$	89,250	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	
Due to affiliates		-	-		61,023		61,023		-	-		-
Long term debt		-	-		17,900,779		17,900,779	-	15,175,292	-		15,175,292
	\$	-	\$ -	\$	18,051,052	\$	18,051,052	\$ -	\$ 15,175,292	\$ -	\$	15,175,292

FIBRAPL recognizes transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change occurred. There have been no transfers between fair value levels during the period.

12. Affiliates information

The detail of transactions of FIBRAPL with its related parties is as follows:

a. Due to affiliates

As of June 30, 2023, and December 31, 2022, the outstanding balances due to related parties were as follows:

in thousands Mexican pesos	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Asset management fee	\$ 409 \$	48,059
Property management fee	12,400	12,964
Total due to affiliates	\$ 12,809 \$	61,023

b. Transactions with affiliates

FIBRAPL is obligated to pay an incentive fee equal to 10.0% of cumulative total CBFI holder returns in excess of an annual compounded expected return of 9.0%, which is measured annually. As part of the Ordinary Holders Meeting on July 3, 2023, the Manager was approved to receive the Incentive Fee through issuance of 16,404,726 CBFIs. The CBFIs issued to the Manager are subject to a six-month lock-up period as established under the Management Agreement. The return measurement related to the incentive fee is based on a cumulative period. As of June 30, 2023, FIBRAPL recorded an incentive fee expense in the amount of \$1,028.5 million Mexican pesos (\$58.7 million U.S. dollars) for the period of June 6, 2022, to June 5, 2023.

Transactions with affiliated companies for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2023, and 2022, were as follows:

	For the thr	months ended June 30,	For the six months ended June 30,				
in thousands Mexican pesos	2023		2022		2023		2022
Asset management fee	\$ (130,225)	\$	(138,253)	\$	(262,894)	\$	(272,881)
Property management fee	\$ (36,351)	\$	(38,900)	\$	(75,427)	\$	(75,525)
Leasing commissions	\$ (7,106)	\$	(9,047)	\$	(23,154)	\$	(15,588)
Development fee	\$ (4,218)	\$	(2,690)	\$	(13,238)	\$	(6,267)
Maintenance costs	\$ (2,059)	\$	(1,396)	\$	(4,050)	\$	(7,148)
Incentive Fee	\$ (1,028,451)	\$	(655,488)	\$	(1,028,451)	\$	(655,488)

13. Hedging activities

Exchange rate options

					Mexican		Mexican	U.S.		
in thousands					pesos		pesos	dollars		
		Settlement			Notional	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,	December 31,	
Start date	End date	date	Forward rate	Fair value	amount	2023	2022	2023	2022	
27-May-22	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-23	20.0000 USD-MXN	Level 2	100,000	\$ -	\$ 590	\$ -	\$ 30	
27-May-22	30-Jun-23	30-Jun-23	20.0000 USD-MXN	Level 2	100,000	-	2,446	-	126	
9-Aug-22	30-Sep-23	30-Sep-23	20.0000 USD-MXN	Level 2	100,000	-	4,050	-	209	
9-Aug-22	31-Dec-23	31-Dec-23	20.0000 USD-MXN	Level 2	100,000	197	5,457	12	282	
25-Aug-22	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-23	20.0000 USD-MXN	Level 2	12,500	-	74	-	4	
25-Aug-22	30-Jun-23	30-Jun-23	20.0000 USD-MXN	Level 2	12,500	-	306	-	16	
25-Aug-22	30-Sep-23	30-Sep-23	20.0000 USD-MXN	Level 2	12,500	-	507	-	26	
25-Aug-22	31-Dec-23	31-Dec-23	20.0000 USD-MXN	Level 2	12,500	25	683	1	35	
10-Nov-22	28-Mar-24	31-Mar-24	20.0000 USD-MXN	Level 2	112,500	737	7,523	43	389	
10-Nov-22	28-Jun-24	30-Jun-24	20.0000 USD-MXN	Level 2	112,500	1,384	8,691	81	449	
10-Nov-22	30-Sep-24	30-Sep-24	20.0000 USD-MXN	Level 2	112,500	2,084	9,791	122	506	
10-Nov-22	31-Dec-24	31-Dec-24	20.0000 USD-MXN	Level 2	112,500	2,766	10,835	162	560	
1-Feb-23	31-Mar-25	2-Apr-25	20.0000 USD-MXN	Level 2	100,000	3,039	-	178	-	
1-Feb-23	30-Jun-25	2-Jul-25	20.0000 USD-MXN	Level 2	100,000	3,601	-	210	-	
1-Feb-23	30-Sep-25	2-Oct-25	20.0000 USD-MXN	Level 2	100,000	4,216	-	246	-	
1-Feb-23	31-Dec-25	2-Jan-26	20.0000 USD-MXN	Level 2	100,000	4,803	-	280	-	
Total exchange rate options						\$ 22,852	\$ 50,953	\$ 1,335	\$ 2,632	

FIBRAPL's exchange rate options do not qualify for hedge accounting. Therefore, the change in fair value related to the active contracts is recognized in the results of operations for the year within unrealized (loss) gain on exchange rate hedge instruments.

As of June 30, 2023, and December 31, 2022, the fair value of the currency rate options were \$22.9 and \$51.0 million Mexican pesos.

14. Commitments and contingencies

FIBRAPL had no significant commitments or contingencies other than those described in these notes as of June 30, 2023.

15. Subsequent events

On July 14, 2023, FIBRAPL paid \$5.2 million U.S. dollars (\$87.8 million Mexican Pesos) of interest on the Private Placement.

16. Financial statements approval

On July 14, 2023, the issuance of these interim condensed financial statements was authorized by Jorge Roberto Girault Facha, Finance SVP.

* * * * * * * * * *



SECOND QUARTER 2023

FIBRA Prologis Supplemental Financial Information

Unaudited



U.S. Dollar Presentation

FIBRA Prologis' functional currency is the U.S. Dollar; therefore, FIBRA Prologis' management has elected to present actual comparative U.S. Dollars that represent the actual amounts included in our U.S. Dollar financial statements within this supplemental package, based on the following policies:

- A. Transactions in currencies other than U.S. Dollars (Mexican Pesos) are recognized at the rates of exchange prevailing at the date of the transaction.
- B. Equity items are valued at historical exchange rates.
- C. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in Mexican Pesos are retranslated into U.S. Dollars at the rates prevailing at that date.
- D. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in Mexican Pesos are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined.
- E. Exchange differences on monetary items are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they occur.





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Notes and Definitions

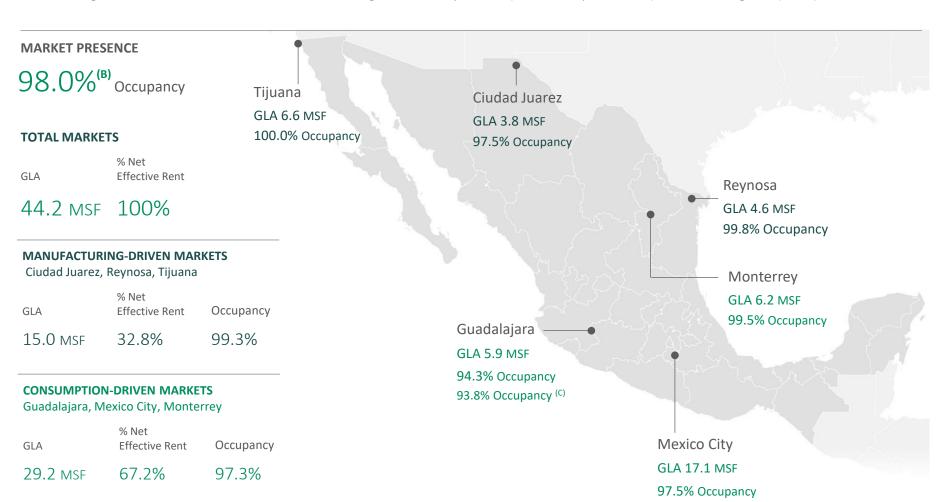
22 Notes and Definitions (A)





2Q 2023 Supplemental

FIBRA Prologis is a leading owner and operator of Class-A industrial real estate in Mexico. As of June 30, 2023, FIBRA Prologis was comprised of 228^(A) logistics and manufacturing facilities in six industrial markets in Mexico totaling 44.2 million square feet (4.1 million square meters) of Gross Leasing Area ("GLA").



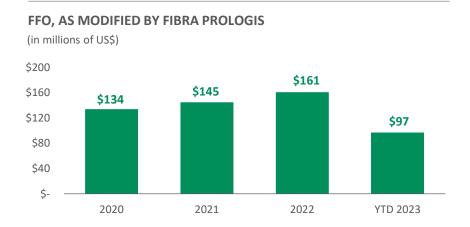


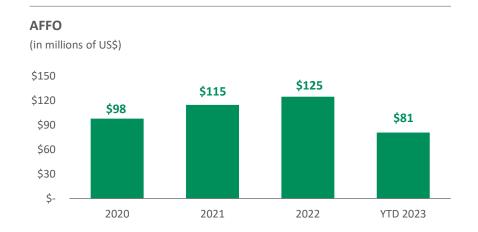
A. Includes one VAA property.

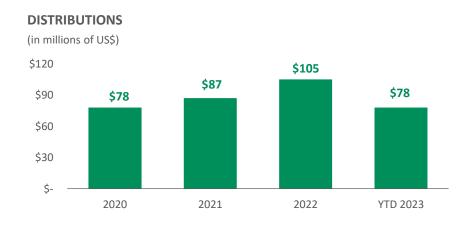
B. Operating portfolio only.

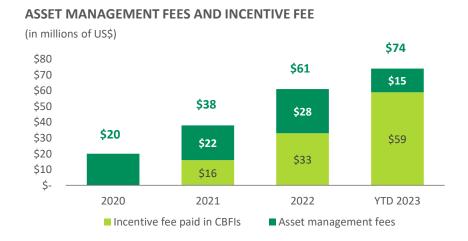
C. Excluding Non-core Markets. Please See Non-core Markets in Notes and Definitions.

Company Profile











Company Performance

in thousands, except per CBFI amounts

									For the three months ended	
	June 30, 2023		March 31, 2023		December 31, 2022		September 30, 2022		June 30, 2022	
	Ps.	US\$ (A)	Ps.	US\$ (A)	Ps.	US\$ (A)	Ps.	US\$ (A)	Ps.	US\$ (A)
Revenues	1,355,572	75,256	1,421,097	75,246	1,409,563	71,271	1,396,908	69,157	1,350,328	67,255
Gross Profit	1,165,711	64,632	1,239,909	65,520	1,209,516	61,113	1,220,586	60,452	1,173,884	58,471
Net Income	3,386,078	184,582	1,067,245	56,047	812,486	40,886	470,286	23,360	1,923,849	95,069
AMEFIBRA FFO ^(B)	883,206	48,799	927,490	48,623	827,374	41,666	824,804	40,875	790,816	39,303
FFO, as modified by FIBRA Prologis ^(B)	880,517	48,648	924,168	48,444	823,843	41,486	819,404	40,609	787,708	39,148
AFFO (B)	754,481	41,505	762,559	39,812	642,774	32,283	625,953	31,063	591,219	29,341
Adjusted EBITDA	1,072,683	59,408	1,111,205	58,530	1,021,793	51,551	1,061,702	52,568	1,014,053	50,442
Net earnings per CBFI	3.0949	0.1687	1.0444	0.0548	0.8163	0.0411	0.5491	0.0273	2.2464	0.1110
AMEFIBRA FFO ^(B) per CBFI	0.8073	0.0446	0.9076	0.0476	0.8312	0.0419	0.9631	0.0477	0.9234	0.0459
FFO, as modified by FIBRA Prologis ^(B) per CBFI	0.8048	0.0445	0.9044	0.0474	0.8277	0.0417	0.9568	0.0474	0.9198	0.0457



A. Amounts presented in U.S. Dollars, which is FIBRA Prologis' functional currency, represent the actual amounts from our U.S. Dollar financial statements.

Highlights

Company Fees

in thousands

	For the three months end											
		June 30, 2023		March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022		September 30, 2022		June 30, 2022			
	Ps.	US\$ (A)	Ps.	US\$ ^(A)	Ps.	US\$ (A)	Ps.	US\$ (A)	Ps.	US\$ (A)		
Asset management fee	(130,225)	(7,329)	(132,669)	(7,195)	(142,705)	(7,267)	(145,988)	(7,242)	(138,253)	(6,966)		
Property management fee	(36,351)	(2,097)	(39,076)	(2,137)	(38,856)	(1,992)	(40,503)	(2,008)	(38,900)	(1,945)		
Leasing commissions	(7,106)	(398)	(16,048)	(863)	(10,049)	(515)	(6,141)	(302)	(9,047)	(451)		
Development fee	(4,218)	(237)	(9,020)	(497)	(2,250)	(115)	(2,386)	(119)	(2,690)	(134)		
Incentive Fee	(1,028,451)	(58,747)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(655,488)	(33,487)		

FEE SUMMARY

	Fee Type		Calculation	on Payment Frequency
	Property Management	red revenues	Monthly	
Operating Fees	Leasing Commission Only when no broker is involved	2.5% x lease val 1.25% x lease v	ase value for <6 yrs; ue for 6 - 10 yrs; alue for > 10 yrs ew lease schedule ^(B)	1/2 at closing 1/2 at occupancy
	Construction Fee Development Fee	4% x property and tenant impro	ovements and construction cost	Project completion
	Asset Management	0.75% annual x ap	Quarterly	
Administration Fees		Hurdle rate High watermark	9% Yes	Appually
	Incentive	Fee	10%	Annually at IPO ^(D) anniversary
		Currency	100% in CBFI's ^(C)	at IPO anniversary
		Lock up	6 months	



A. Amounts presented in U.S. Dollars which is FIBRA Prologis' functional currency, represent the actual amounts from our U.S. Dollar financial statements.

B. 50% of the applicable fee rate of new lease schedule.

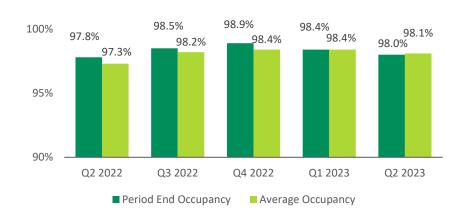
C. Approved by holders.

D. Initial Public Offering.

2Q 2023 Supplemental

Operating Performance

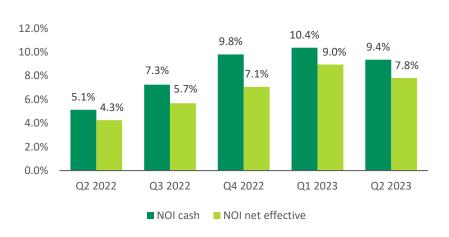
OCCUPANCY – OPERATING PORTFOLIO



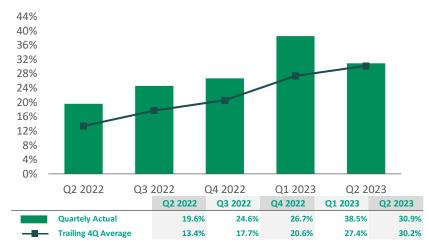
CUSTOMER RETENTION



SAME STORE NOI CHANGE OVER PRIOR YEAR (A)



NET EFFECTIVE RENT CHANGE





Highlights 2023 Guidance

US Dollars in thousands except per CBFI amounts

FX = Ps\$19.5 per US\$1.00

Financial Peformance	Low	High	
Full year FFO, as modified by FIBRA Prologis, per CBFI (excludes incentive fees) (A)	\$ 0.1800	\$	0.1900
Operations			
Year-end occupancy	97.0%		98.0%
Same store cash NOI change	8.2%		11.2%
Annual capex as a percentage of NOI	13.0%		14.0%
Capital Deployment			
Building Acquisitions	\$ 250,000	\$	450,000
Building Dispositions	\$ -	\$	50,000
Other Assumptions			
G&A (Asset management and professional fees) (B)	\$ 31,000	\$	34,000
Full year 2023 distribution per CBFI (US Dollars)	\$ 0.1300	\$	0.1300



A. FFO (as modified by FIBRA Prologis) guidance excludes the impact of Mexican Peso movements as U.S. Dollar is the functional currency of FIBRA Prologis.

B. G&A excludes any potential incentive fee.

Financial Information Interim Condensed Statements of Financial Position

in thousands		December 31, 2022		
Assets:	Ps.	US\$	Ps.	US\$
Current assets:				
Cash	7,781,591	454,568	2,704,577	139,689
Trade receivables, net ^(A)	104,619	6,111	71,361	3,687
Other receivables and value added tax	348,164	20,338	336,428	17,376
Prepaid expenses	100,146	5,849	3,748	193
Current exchange rate options	2,343	137	14,113	728
Assets held for sale	-	-	539,218	27,850
	8,336,863	487,003	3,669,445	189,523
Non-current assets:				
Investment properties	71,037,244	4,149,686	74,733,756	3,859,915
Other investment properties	53,037	3,098	55,994	2,892
Non-current exchange rate options	20,509	1,198	36,840	1,904
Other assets	14,685	858	26,165	1,351
	71,125,475	4,154,840	74,852,755	3,866,062
Total assets	79,462,338	4,641,843	78,522,200	4,055,585
Liabilities and Equity:				
Current liabilities:				
Trade payables	90,730		89,250	4,609
Prepaid rent	30,543		74,568	3,851
Due to affiliates	12,809	748	61,023	3,151
Current portion of long term debt	63,168		115,685	5,975
	197,250	11,523	340,526	17,586
Non-current liabilities:				
Long term debt	15,711,478	917,795	17,785,094	918,580
Security deposits	364,917	21,317	404,234	20,878
	16,076,395	939,112	18,189,328	939,458
Total liabilities	16,273,645	950,635	18,529,854	957,044
Equity:				
CBFI holders capital	38,885,136	2,272,028	31,149,718	1,839,264
Other equity accounts and retained earnings	24,303,557	1,419,180	28,842,628	1,259,277
Total equity	63,188,693		59,992,346	3,098,541
Total liabilities and equity	79,462,338		78,522,200	4,055,585
Total labilities and equity	79,402,338	4,041,843	76,522,200	4,055,585
in thousands of US\$		June 30, 2023		December 31, 2022
	IFRS		IFRS	Gross Book Value
Investment properties	4,152,784	3,017,757	3,890,657	2,938,909



Financial Information

Interim Condensed Statements of Comprehensive Income

			For the three m	onths ended June 30,			For the six	months ended June 30,
in thousands, except per CBFI amounts		2023		2022		2023		2022
	Ps.	US\$	Ps.	US\$	Ps.	US\$	Ps.	US\$
Revenues:								
Lease rental income	1,217,790	67,696	1,218,959	60,746	2,473,290	134,198	2,442,328	120,099
Rental recoveries	114,469	6,379	129,456	6,450	260,630	14,145	277,700	13,647
Other property income	23,313	1,181	1,913	59	42,749	2,159	16,520	800
	1,355,572	75,256	1,350,328	67,255	2,776,669	150,502	2,736,548	134,546
Operating expenses:								
Operating and maintenance	(95,892)	(5,379)	(87,359)	(4,363)	(189,313)	(10,374)	(173,066)	(8,537)
Utilities	(10,906)	(613)	(10,849)	(542)	(20,716)	(1,136)	(18,868)	(932)
Property management fees	(36,351)	(2,097)	(38,900)	(1,945)	(75,427)	(4,234)	(75,525)	(3,740)
Real estate taxes	(29,869)	(1,581)	(25,262)	(1,237)	(59,878)	(3,169)	(50,994)	(2,497)
Non-recoverable operating expenses	(16,843)	(954)	(14,074)	(697)	(25,715)	(1,437)	(24,765)	(1,221)
	(189,861)	(10,624)	(176,444)	(8,784)	(371,049)	(20,350)	(343,218)	(16,927)
Gross profit	1,165,711	64,632	1,173,884	58,471	2,405,620	130,152	2,393,330	117,619
Other income (expenses):								
Gains on valuation of investment properties	3,530,974	194,371	1,810,636	90,327	3,653,021	200,901	5,305,716	260,678
Asset management fees	(130,225)	(7,329)	(138,253)	(6,966)	(262,894)	(14,524)	(272,881)	(13,487)
Incentive fee	(1,028,451)	(58,747)	(655,488)	(33,487)	(1,028,451)	(58,747)	(655,488)	(33,487)
Professional fees	(23,680)	(1,319)	(24,705)	(1,234)	(42,419)	(2,363)	(45,589)	(2,262)
Interest expense	(169,450)	(9,555)	(218,878)	(10,921)	(344,039)	(18,962)	(437,984)	(21,600)
Amortization of debt premium	3,929	222	4,430	222	8,045	444	9,761	481
Amortization of deferred financing cost	(6,618)	(373)	(7,538)	(377)	(14,056)	(774)	(15,742)	(780)
Losses on early extinguishment of debt, net	(19,067)	(1,055)	-	` -	(19,067)	(1,055)	-	` -
Unused credit facility fee	(6,253)	(363)	(4,359)	(218)	(15,379)	(863)	(9,080)	(454)
Unrealized (loss) gain on exchange rate hedge instruments	(16,465)	(962)	2,746	137	(46,173)	(2,604)	(3,426)	(174)
Realized losses on exchange rate hedge instruments	(6,968)	(407)	(3,788)	(188)	(12,142)	(693)	(13,846)	(676)
Unrealized exchange gain (loss), net	38,570	2,327	(21,753)	(1,056)	89,308	5,042	3,451	172
Realized exchange (loss) gain, net	(3,367)	(200)	(1,073)	(52)	(6,931)	(391)	189	9
Other general and administrative expenses	57.438	3,340	7,988	411	88.880	5,066	6.548	340
	2,220,367	119,950	749,965	36,598	2,047,703	110,477	3,871,629	188,760
Net income	3,386,078	184,582	1,923,849	95,069	4,453,323	240,629	6,264,959	306,379
Other comprehensive income:								
Items that are not reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:								
Translation (loss) gain from functional currency to reporting currency	(3,633,010)	4,658	675,017	2,960	(7,552,041)	3,053	(1,129,373)	7,590
Items that are or may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:	(3,033,010)	4,030	075,017	2,300	(7,332,041)	3,033	(1,123,373)	7,550
Unrealized gain on interest rate of hedge instruments	208	12	244	12	427	24	485	24
omediazed gain on interest rate of neuge instruments	(3,632,802)	4,670	675,261	2,972	(7,551,614)	3,077	(1,128,888)	7,614
Total comprehensive (loss) income for the period	(246,724)	189,252	2,599,110	98,041	(3,098,291)	243,706	5,136,071	313,993
						•		
Earnings per CBFI (A)	3.0949	0.1687	2.2464	0.1110	4.2079	0.2274	7.3153	0.3577



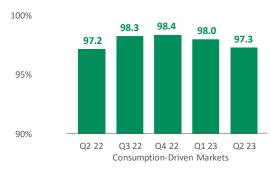
Reconciliations of Net Income to AMEFIBRA FFO, FFO, as modified by FIBRA Prologis, AFFO and EBITDA (A)

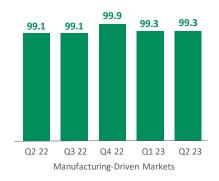
			For the three mont						
in thousands		2023		2022		2023		202	
Reconciliation of Net Income to FFO	Ps.	US\$	Ps.	US\$	Ps.	US\$	Ps.	US	
Reconciliation of Net Income to FFO									
Revenues	1,355,572	75,256	1,350,328	67,255	2,776,669	150,502	2,736,548	134,546	
Operating expenses	(189,861)	(10,624)	(176,444)	(8,784)	(371,049)	(20,350)	(343,218)	(16,927)	
Gross profit	1,165,711	64,632	1,173,884	58,471	2,405,620	130,152	2,393,330	117,619	
Other income, net	2,220,367	119,950	749,965	36,598	2,047,703	110,477	3,871,629	188,760	
Net Income	3,386,078	184,582	1,923,849	95,069	4,453,323	240,629	6,264,959	306,379	
Gains on valuation of investment properties	(2.520.074)	(104.371)	(1.010.636)	(90,327)	(2.652.024)	(200,004)	(F 20F 74C)	(200 070)	
Unrealized loss (gain) on exchange rate hedge instruments	(3,530,974) 16,465	(194,371) 962	(1,810,636) (2,746)	(90,327)	(3,653,021) 46,173	(200,901) 2.604	(5,305,716) 3,426	(260,678) 174	
Unrealized exchange (gain) loss, net	(38,570)	(2,327)	21,753	1,056	(89,308)	(5,042)	(3,451)	(172)	
		,	21,/53	1,056			(3,451)	(1/2)	
Losses on early extinguishment of debt, net	19,067	1,055	7.520	-	19,067	1,055	45.740	-	
Amortization of deferred financing costs	6,618	373	7,538	377	14,056	774	15,742	780	
Amortization of debt premium	(3,929)	(222)	(4,430)	(222)	(8,045)	(444)	(9,761)	(481)	
Incentive fee paid in CBFIs	1,028,451	58,747	655,488	33,487	1,028,451	58,747	655,488	33,487	
AMEFIBRA FFO	883,206	48,799	790,816	39,303	1,810,696	97,422	1,620,687	79,489	
Amortization of deferred financing costs	(6,618)	(373)	(7,538)	(377)	(14,056)	(774)	(15,742)	(780)	
Amortization of debt premium	3,929	222	4,430	222	8,045	444	9,761	481	
FFO , as modified by FIBRA Prologis	880,517	48.648	787,708	39.148	1,804,685	97,092	1,614,706	79,190	
	300,317	40,040	707,700	33,140	1,004,003	31,032	1,014,700	73,130	
Adjustments to arrive at Adjusted FFO ("AFFO")									
Straight-lined rents	(5,805)	(362)	(25,405)	(1,279)	(21,606)	(1,221)	(58,769)	(2,909)	
Property improvements	(75,417)	(4,271)	(76,062)	(3,783)	(165,264)	(9,071)	(122,113)	(6,053)	
Tenant improvements	(21,011)	(1,186)	(62,667)	(3,137)	(46,830)	(2,563)	(95,456)	(4,735)	
Leasing commissions	(26,492)	(1,475)	(35,463)	(1,763)	(59,956)	(3,250)	(74,431)	(3,668)	
Amortization of debt premium	(3,929)	(222)	(4,430)	(222)	(8,045)	(444)	(9,761)	(481)	
Amortization of deferred financing costs	6,618	373	7,538	377	14,056	774	15,742	780	
AFFO	754,481	41,505	591,219	29,341	1,517,040	81,317	1,269,918	62,124	
	•	•				•			
			For the three mont	ths ended June 30.	30. For the six months ended Jur				
in thousands		2023		2022		2023		2022	
	Ps.	US\$	Ps.	US\$	Ps.	US\$	Ps.	US\$	
Reconciliation of Net Income to Adjusted EBITDA									
Net income	3,386,078	184,582	1,923,849	95,069	4,453,323	240,629	6,264,959	306,379	
Gains on valuation of investment properties	(3,530,974)	(194,371)	(1,810,636)	(90,327)	(3,653,021)	(200,901)	(5,305,716)	(260,678)	
Interest expense	169,450	9,555	218,878	10,921	344,039	18,962	437,984	21,600	
Amortization of deferred financing costs	6,618	373	7,538	377	14,056	774	15,742	780	
Amortization of debt premium	(3,929)	(222)	(4,430)	(222)	(8,045)	(444)	(9,761)	(481)	
Losses on early extinguishment of debt, net	19,067	1,055	-	-	19,067	1,055	-	-	
Unused credit facility fee	6,253	363	4,359	218	15,379	863	9,080	454	
Unrealized loss (gain) on exchange rate hedge instruments	16,465	962	(2,746)	(137)	46,173	2,604	3,426	174	
Unrealized exchange (gain) loss, net	(38,570)	(2,327)	21,753	1,056	(89,308)	(5,042)	(3,451)	(172)	
Pro forma adjustments for acquisitions and dispositions	13,774	691	-	-	13,774	691	(1,123)	(54)	
Incentive fee paid in CBFIs	1,028,451	58,747	655,488	33,487	1,028,451	58,747	655,488	33,487	



Operating Metrics

PERIOD ENDING OCCUPANCY - OPERATING PORTFOLIO







LEASING ACTIVITY

square feet in thousands	Q2 2022	Q3 2022	Q4 2022	Q1 2023	Q2 2023
Square feet of leases commenced:	4.454	4.040	4.677	4.445	4.254
Renewals	1,454	1,040	1,677	1,116	1,254
New leases	606	439	339	236	112
Total square feet of leases commenced	2,060	1,479	2,016	1,352	1,366
Average term of leases commenced (months)	61	67	49	68	50
Operating Portfolio:					
Trailing four quarters - leases commenced	6,455	6,623	7,242	6,907	6,213
Trailing four quarters - % of average portfolio	20.3%	18.7%	20.0%	19.9%	14.3%
Rent change - cash	3.9%	12.1%	4.4%	14.2%	15.7%
Rent change - net effective	19.6%	24.6%	26.7%	38.5%	30.9%

FIBRA - Quarterly rent change detail by Market	# of Transactions	Leasing Activity SF (000's)	Market NRA SF (000´s)	Leasing Volume as % of Market NRA	Rent change - net effective
Guadalajara	8	518	5,903	8.8%	25.7%
Juarez	1	26	3,791	0.7%	36.6%
Mexico City	1	93	16,976	0.5%	24.7%
Monterrey	1	34	6,217	0.5%	16.0%
Reynosa	3	302	4,588	6.6%	25.3%
Tijuana	4	392	6,590	5.9%	46.2%
Total	18	1,365	44,066	3.1%	30.9%



Operating Metrics

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES INCURRED (A) IN THOUSANDS

		Q2 2022	Q3 2022		Q4 2022		Q1 2023			Q2 2023
	Ps.	US\$	Ps.	US\$	Ps.	US\$	Ps.	US\$	Ps.	US\$
Property improvements	76,062	3,783	67,644	3,350	111,747	5,680	89,847	4,800	75,417	4,271
Tenant improvements	62,667	3,137	75,266	3,727	55,886	2,809	25,819	1,377	21,011	1,186
Leasing commissions	35,463	1,763	36,183	1,781	15,186	787	33,464	1,775	26,492	1,475
Total turnover costs	98,130	4,900	111,449	5,508	71,072	3,596	59,283	3,152	47,503	2,661
Total capital expenditures	174,192	8,683	179,093	8,858	182,819	9,276	149,130	7,952	122,920	6,932
Trailing four quarters - % of gross NOI		12.6%		13.3%		13.6%		14.2%		13.1%

SAME STORE INFORMATION

	Q2 2022	Q3 2022	Q4 2022	Q1 2023	Q2 2023
Square feet of population	38,817	38,817	38,103	40,431	41,282
Average occupancy	97.8%	98.5%	98.9%	98.4%	98.0%
Percentage change:					
NOI - Cash	5.1%	7.3%	9.8%	10.4%	9.4%
NOI - net effective	4.3%	5.7%	7.1%	9.0%	7.8%
Average occupancy	1.4%	1.5%	1.0%	0.8%	0.2%

PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS PER SQUARE FOOT (USD)



ESTIMATED TURNOVER COSTS ON LEASES COMMENCED (A)





Operations Overview

Investment Properties

			Square Feet					Net Effective Re			ffective Rent	Rent Investment Properties Value			
square feet and	# of	Total	% of	Occupied	Leased	Second	Quarter NOI		Annualized	% of		Per Sq Ft		Total	% of
currency in thousands	Buildings	Total	Total	%	%		•			Total		<u> </u>			Total
						Ps.	US\$	Ps.	US\$		Ps.	US\$	Ps.	US\$	
Consumption-Driven Markets															
Mexico City	68	17,070	38.5	97.5	97.5	494,759	27,431	1,854,742	108,346	41.2	111	6.51	30,113,540	1,759,101	42.4
Guadalajara	26	5,906	13.4	94.3	94.3	141,512	7,846	563,685	32,928	12.6	101	5.91	7,692,202	449,345	10.8
Monterrey	27	6,217	14.1	99.5	99.5	160,787	8,915	601,928	35,162	13.4	97	5.68	9,297,166	543,100	13.1
Total Consumption-Driven Markets	121	29,193	66.0	97.3	97.3	797,058	44,192	3,020,355	176,436	67.2	106	6.21	47,102,908	2,751,546	66.3
Manufacturing-Driven Markets															
Reynosa	29	4,588	10.4	99.8	99.8	113,395	6,287	418,997	24,476	9.3	98	5.70	5,705,663	333,300	8.0
Tijuana	48	6,590	14.9	100.0	100.0	173,627	9,627	703,322	41,085	15.7	109	6.37	12,166,089	710,690	17.1
Ciudad Juarez	29	3,791	8.6	97.5	97.5	75,481	4,185	348,554	20,361	7.8	96	5.59	5,611,510	327,800	7.9
Total Manufacturing-Driven Markets	106	14,969	33.9	99.3	99.3	362,503	20,099	1,470,873	85,922	32.8	102	5.97	23,483,262	1,371,790	33.0
Total operating portfolio	227	44,162	99.9	98.0	98.0	1,159,561	64,291	4,491,228	262,358	100	105	6.13	70,586,170	4,123,336	99.3
VAA Mexico City	1	42	0.1	0.0	0.0								38,517	2,250	0.1
Total operating properties	228	44,204	100.0	97.9	97.9	1,159,561	64,291	4,491,228	262,358	100	105	6.13	70,624,687	4,125,586	99.4
Intermodal facility (A)						6,150	341						313,272	18,300	0.4
Other investment properties (B)													53,034	3,098	0.1
Covered land play (C)													99,288	5,800	0.1
Total investment properties (D)		44,204	100.0			1,165,711	64,632						71,090,281	4,152,784	100.0

Third Party Valuation Metrics:

FIBRA Prologis Statistics	For the three months ended June 30, 2023						
	Range	Weighted Avg.					
Capitalization Rates (%)	6.25% - 9.25%	7.23%					
Discount Rates (%)	8.25% - 11.25%	9.36%					
Term Cap Rates (%)	6.75% - 9.75%	7.73%					
Market Rents (US \$/ Sq ft/ Yr)	\$5.00 - \$12.00	\$7.17					

For additional detail, please refer to the Valuation Methodology in the Notes and Definitions section.



A. 100% occupied as of June 30, 2023.

B. Office property located in Mexico City market with an area of 23,023 square feet.

C. 100% vacant as of June 30, 2023.

D. FIBRA Prologis has 18.4 acres of land in Tijuana and Guadalajara markets with an estimated build out of 400,616 square feet as of June 30, 2023.

Operations Overview

Customer Information

square feet in thousands

Top 10 Customers as a % of Net Effective Rent

	% of Net	Total Square
	Effective Rent	Feet
1 Amazon	3.7%	1,558
2 MELI PARTICIPACIONES SL	3.0%	1,075
3 AGENCE DES PARTICIPATIONS DE L'ETAT	2.7%	1,064
4 Dicka Logistics, S.A.P.I. de C.V.	2.6%	937
5 El Puerto de Liverpool, S.A.B. de C.V.	2.4%	894
6 International Business Machines Corporation	2.3%	1,222
7 Deutsche Post AG	2.1%	827
8 Uline, Inc.	2.0%	803
9 X Border, LLC	1.7%	664
10 Kühne Holding AG	1.5%	653
Top 10 Customers	24.0%	9,697

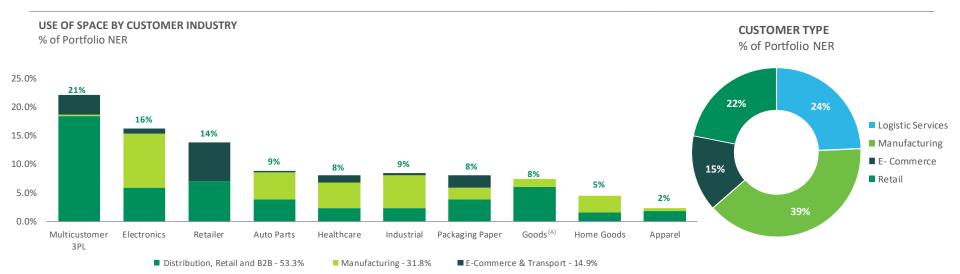
square feet and currency in thousands

Lease Expirations - Operating Portfolio

	Occupied						Net Ef	fective Rent
Year	Sq Ft		Total	% of Total		Per Sq Ft		% Currency
		Ps.	US\$		Ps.	US\$	% Ps.	% US\$
2023	2,844	282,887	16,525	6%	99.46	5.81	31%	69%
2024	3,792	364,337	21,283	8%	96.09	5.61	35%	65%
2025	10,142	1,026,540	59,966	23%	101.22	5.91	42%	58%
2026	6,181	632,895	36,971	14%	102.39	5.98	33%	67%
2027	3,001	323,030	18,870	7%	107.64	6.29	17%	83%
Thereafter	16,821	1,861,539	108,743	42%	110.66	6.46	35%	65%
	42,781	4,491,228	262,358	100%	105.0	6.13	35%	65%

Leasing Statistics - Operating Portfolio

	Annualized Net Effective Rent USD	% of Total	Occupied Sq Ft	% of Total
Leases denominated in Ps.	91,576	34.9	14,536	34.0
Leases denominated in US\$	170,782	65.1	28,245	66.0
Total	262,358	100	42,781	100





Capital Deployment Acquisitions

Square feet and currency in thousands			Q2 2023	FY 2023			
	Sq Ft		Acquisition Price (A)	Sq Ft		Acquisition Price (A)	
		Ps.			Ps.	US\$	
BUILDING ACQUISITIONS							
Consumption Driven Markets							
Consumption-Driven Markets							
Mexico City	-	-	-				
Guadalajara	-	-	-	-	_	-	
Monterrey	105	193,762	11,314	105	193,762	11,314	
Total Consumption-Driven Markets	105	193,762	11,314	105	193,762	11,314	
Manufacturing-Driven Markets							
Reynosa	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Tijuana	305	679,950	39,708	305	679,950	39,708	
Ciudad Juarez	242	412,039	24,059	242	412,039	24,059	
Total Manufacturing-Driven Markets	547	1,091,989	63,767	547	1,091,989	63,767	
Total Building Acquisitions	652	1,285,751	75,081	652	1,285,751	75,081	
Weighted average stabilized cap rate (B)		5.9%			5.9%		



A. The U.S. Dollar amount has been translated at the date of the transaction based on the exchange rate in the sales agreement.

B. The stabilized cap rate comprises the first twelve months of stabilized base rental revenue on the property including recoveries, operating expenses, vacancy factor of 5% and any free rent adjustment. The total investment basis for the stabilized cap rate is inclusive of purchase price, closing costs, immediate capital, any fee related to the acquisition, equity carry and mark to market (if applicable).

Capital Deployment Dispositions

square feet and currency in thousands			Q2 2023		FY 2023			
	Sq Ft Sales Price (A)			Sq Ft		Sales Price ^(A)		
		Ps.	US\$		Ps.	US\$		
BUILDING DISPOSITIONS								
Consumption-Driven Markets								
Mexico City	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Guadalajara	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Monterrey		-	-		-			
Total Consumption-Driven Markets	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Manufacturing-Driven Markets								
Reynosa	384	373,909	21,750	384	373,909	21,750		
Tijuana	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Ciudad Juarez	330	104,946	6,100	330	104,946	6,100		
Total Manufacturing-Driven Markets	714	478,855	27,850	714	478,855	27,850		
Total Building Dispositions	714	478,855	27,850	714	478,855	27,850		
Weighted average stabilized cap rate (B)		10.2%			10.2%			



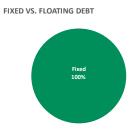
A. The U.S. Dollar amount has been translated at the date of the transaction based on the exchange rate in the sales agreement.

B. The stabilized cap rate comprises the first 12 months of rental revenue on the property including recoveries, operating expenses, vacancy factor of 5% and any free rent adjustment. The total investment basis for the stabilized cap rate is based on price, plus buyer's acquisition costs, estimated immediate capital for the next two years.

Capitalization

Debt Summary and Metrics

currency in millions						Unsecured		Secured			Wtd Avg.Cash	Wtd Avg. Effective	
Maturity		Credit Facility		Senior		Term loan	Mort	gage Debt		Total	Interest Rate (A)	Interest Rate (B)	
	Ps.	US\$	Ps.	US\$	Ps.	US\$	Ps.	US\$	Ps.	US\$			
2023	-	-	-	-	-	-	44	2	44	2	4.9%	4.4%	
2024	-	-	-	-	-	-	76	4	76	4	4.9%	4.4%	
2025	-	-	-	-	-	-	79	5	79	5	4.9%	4.4%	
2026	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,779	163	2,779	163	4.9%	4.5%	
2027	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0%	0.0%	
Thereafter	-	-	12,753	745	-	-	-	-	12,753	745	3.8%	3.8%	
Subtotal- debt par value	-	-	12,753	745	-	-	2,978	174	15,731	919			
Premium	-	-	53	3	-	-	-	-	53	3			
Interest payable and deferred financing cost	-	-	(9)	(1)	-	-	-	-	(9)	(1)			
Total debt	-	-	12,797	747	-		2,978	174	15,775	921	4.0%	4.0%	

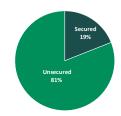


Weighted average cash interest rate (A)	0.0%	3.8%	0.0%	4.9%	4.0%
Weighted average effective interest rate (B)	0.0%	3.9%	0.0%	4.5%	4.0%
Weighted average remaining maturity in years	2.8	8.0	-	2.9	7.0

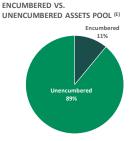
SECURED VS. UNSECURED DEBT

currency in millions		
Liquidity	Ps.	US\$
Aggregate lender commitments ^(C)	8,559	500
Less:		
Borrowings outstanding	-	-
Current availability	8,559	500
Unrestricted cash	7,782	455
Total liquidity	16,341	955

		Bond Metrics
Bond Debt Covenants (F)	2Q23	(1 & 11)
Leverage ratio	22.1%	<60%
Secured debt leverage ratio	4.2%	<40%
Fixed charge coverage ratio	6.2x	>1.5x
Leverage ratio according CNBV	19.8%	<50%



		2023
	Second	First
Debt Metrics (D)	Quarter	Quarter
Debt, less cash and VAT, as % of investment properties based on fair market value	10.7%	20.7%
Debt, less cash and VAT, as % of investment properties based on historical cost	14.7%	27.5%
Fixed charge coverage ratio	6.2x	6.2x
Debt to Adjusted EBITDA ratio	1.9x	3.5x
Net debt to Adjusted EBITDA ratio	2x	3.5x

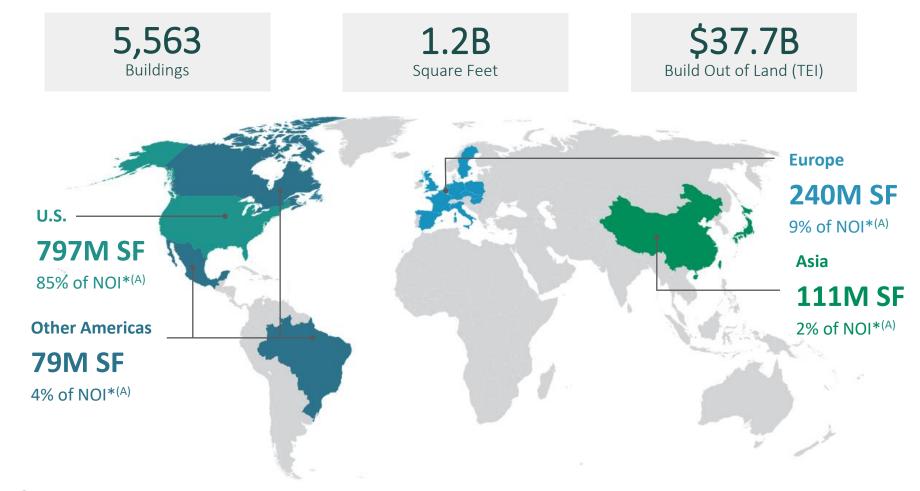


- A. Interest rates are based on the cash rates associated with the respective weighted average debt amounts outstanding.
- B. Interest rate is based on the effective rate, which includes the amortization of related premiums (discounts) and finance costs. The net premiums (discounts) and finance costs associated with the respective debt were included in the maturities by year.
- C. Includes accordion feature for additional \$100.0 million.
- D. These calculations are based on actual U.S. Dollars as described in the Notes and Definitions section and are not calculated in accordance with the applicable regulatory rules.
- E. Based on fair market value as of June 30, 2023.
- F. These calculations are based on actual U.S. Dollars as described in the Notes and Definitions section, please refer to page 23.

Sponsor 2Q 2023 Supplemental

Prologis Unmatched Global Platform

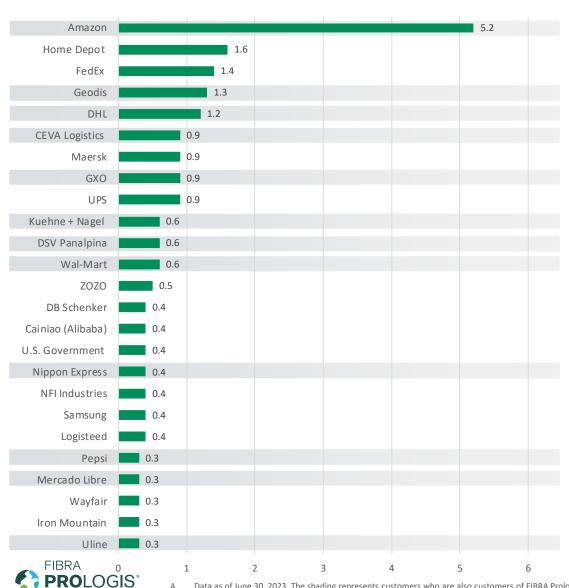
Prologis, Inc., is the global leader in logistics real estate with a focus on high-barrier, high-growth markets. As of June 30, 2023, the company owned or had investments in, on a wholly-owned basis or through co-investment ventures, properties and development projects expected to total approximately 1.2 billion square feet (114 million square meters) in 19 countries. Prologis leases modern logistics facilities to a diverse base of approximately 6,700 customers principally across two major categories: business-to-business and retail/online fulfillment.





2Q 2023 Supplemental

(% Net Effective Rent)

















































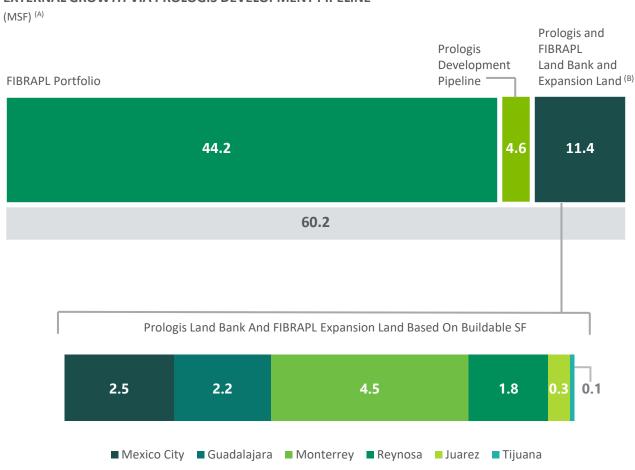






Identified External Growth Pipeline

EXTERNAL GROWTH VIA PROLOGIS DEVELOPMENT PIPELINE



- 36% growth potential in the next 3 to 4 years, subject to market conditions and availability of financing
- Proprietary access to Prologis development pipeline at market values
- Exclusive right to third-party acquisitions sourced by Prologis

Prologis and FIBRAPL Development Pipeline

Total	4.6	72.2%
Reynosa	1.1	75.5%
Tijuana	0.4	100.0%
Ciudad Juarez	1.2	100.0%
Monterrey	0.7	100.0%
Mexico City	1.2	14.4%
	GLA (MSF)	% Leased



A. Million square feet as of June 30, 2023.

B. Based on buildable square feet.



Notes and Definitions



Please refer to our financial statements as prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and filed with the Mexican National Banking and Securities Commission (Comision Nacional Bancaria y de Valores ("CNBV")) and other public reports for further information about us and our business.

Acquisition price, as presented for building acquisitions, represents economic cost. This amount includes the building purchase price plus 1) transaction closing costs, 2) due diligence costs, 3) immediate capital expenditures (including two years of property improvements and all leasing commissions and tenant improvements required to stabilize the property), 4) the effects of marking assumed debt to market and 5) the net present value of free and discounted rent, if applicable.

Adjusted EBITDA. We use Adjusted EBITDA, a non-IFRS financial measure, as a measure of our operating performance. The most directly comparable IFRS measure to Adjusted EBITDA is net income (loss).

We calculate Adjusted EBITDA beginning with net income (loss) and removing the effect of financing cost, income taxes and similar adjustments we make to our FFO measures (see definition below). We also include a pro forma adjustment to reflect a full period of NOI on the operating properties we acquire during the quarter and to remove NOI on properties we dispose of during the quarter, assuming all transactions occurred at the beginning of the quarter.

We believe Adjusted EBITDA provides investors relevant and useful information because it permits investors to view our operating performance, analyze our ability to meet interest payment obligations and make CBFI distributions on an unleveraged basis before the effects of income tax, non-cash amortization expense, gains and losses on the disposition of investments in real estate unrealized gains or losses from mark-to-market adjustments to investment properties and revaluation from Pesos into our functional currency to the U.S. dollar, and other items (outlined above), that affect comparability. While all items are not infrequent or unusual in nature, these items may result from market fluctuations that can have inconsistent effects on our results of operations. The economics underlying these items reflect market and financing conditions in the short-term but can obscure our performance and the value of our long-term investment decisions and strategies.

While we believe Adjusted EBITDA is an important measure, it should not be used alone because it excludes significant components of our net income (loss), such as our historical cash expenditures or future cash requirements for working capital, capital expenditures, distribution requirements, contractual commitments or interest and principal payments on our outstanding debt and is therefore limited as an analytical tool.

Our computation of Adjusted EBITDA may not be comparable to EBITDA reported by other companies in both the real estate industry and other industries. We compensate for the limitations of Adjusted EBITDA by providing investors with financial statements prepared according to IFRS, along with this detailed discussion of Adjusted EBITDA and a reconciliation to Adjusted EBITDA from net-income (loss).

Calculation Per CBFI Amounts is as follows:

	For the three months ended				For the six months end			
in thousands, except per share amounts	Ju	ne 30, 2023	June 30, 2022		June 30, 2023		June 30, 2022	
	Ps.	US\$	Ps.	US\$	Ps.	US\$	Ps.	US\$
Earnings								
Net income	3,386,078	184,582	1,923,849	95,069	4,453,323	240,629	6,264,959	306,379
Weighted average CBFIs outstanding - Basic and Diluted	1,094,091	1,094,091	856,419	856,419	1,058,331	1,058,331	856,419	856,419
Earnings per CBFI- Basic and Diluted	3.0949	0.1687	2.2464	0.1110	4.2079	0.2274	7.3153	0.3577
FFO								
ANAFEIDDA FFO	002.200	40.700	700.016	20.202	1.010.000	07.422	1 620 607	70.400
AMEFIBRA FFO	883,206	48,799	790,816	39,303	1,810,696	97,422	1,620,687	79,489
Weighted average CBFIs outstanding - Basic and Diluted	1,094,091	1,094,091	856,419	856,419	1,058,331	1,058,331	856,419	856,419
AMEFIBRA FFO per CBFI – Basic and Diluted	0.8073	0.0446	0.9234	0.0459	1.7109	0.0921	1.8924	0.0928
FFO, as modified by FIBRA Prologis	880,517	48,648	787,708	39,148	1,804,685	97,092	1,614,706	79,190
Weighted average CBFIs outstanding - Basic and Diluted	1,094,091	1,094,091	856,419	856,419	1,058,331	1,058,331	856,419	856,419
FFO, as modified by FIBRA Prologis per CBFI	0.8048	0.0445	0.9198	0.0457	1.7052	0.0917	1.8854	0.0925

Covered Land Plays are income generating assets acquired with the intention to redevelop for higher and better use as industrial properties. These assets may be included in our Operating Portfolio, Value-Added Properties or Other Real Estate Investments.

Debt Covenants are calculated in accordance with the respective debt agreements and may be different than other covenants or metrics presented. They are not calculated in accordance with the applicable regulatory rules with the exception of Leverage ratio according to CNBV. Please refer to the respective agreements for full financial covenant descriptions. Debt covenants as of the period end were as follows:

in thousands	June 30, 2023			
	US\$	Limit		
Leverage ratio				
Total Debt - at par	918,919			
Total investment properties plus other investment	4,152,785			
Leverage ratio	22.1%	<60%		
Secured debt leverage ratio				
Secured Debt	173,919			
Total investment properties plus other investment	4,152,785			
Secured debt leverage ratio	4.2%	<40%		
Fixed charge coverage ratio				
Adjusted EBITDA annualized	237,632			
Interest Expense annualized	38,220			
Fixed charge coverage ratio	6.2x	>1.5x		
Leverage ratio according CNBV				
Total Debt - at par	918,919			
Total Asset ⁽¹⁾	4,639,813			
Leverage ratio according CNBV	19.8%	<50%		
(1)Total Assets				
Cash	452,538			
Other assets	34,490			
Real estate value	4,152,785			
Total Assets	4,639,813			



Debt Metrics. We evaluate the following debt metrics to monitor the strength and flexibility of our capital structure and evaluate the performance of our management. Investors can utilize these metrics to make a determination about our ability to service or refinance our debt. See below for the detailed calculations for the respective period:

	For the three months ended				
in thousands		June 30, 2023	March 31, 2023		
	Ps.	US\$	Ps.	US\$	
Debt, less cash and VAT, as a % of investment properties					
Total debt - at par	15,730,698	918,919	16,645,092	919,964	
Less: cash	(7,781,591)	(454,568)	(1,766,810)	(97,652)	
Less: VAT receivable	(339,796)	(19,849)	(210,940)	(11,659)	
Total debt, net of adjustments	7,609,311	444,502	14,667,342	810,653	
Investment properties plus other investment properties plus Assets held for sale	71,090,281	4,152,784	70,688,052	3,906,885	
Debt, less cash and VAT, as a % of investment properties based on fair market value	10.7%	10.7%	20.7%	20.7%	
Total debt, net of adjustments	7,609,311	444,502	14,667,342	810,653	
Investment properties based on historical cost	45,835,818	3,017,757	45,849,762	2,943,291	
Debt, less cash and VAT, as a % of investment properties based on historical cost	16.6%	14.7%	32.0%	27.5%	
Fixed Charge Coverage ratio					
Adjusted EBITDA	1,072,683	59,408	1,111,205	58,530	
Interest expense	169,450	9,555	174,589	9,407	
Fixed charge coverage ratio	6.3x	6.2x	6.4x	6.2)	
Debt to Adjusted EBITDA					
Total debt, net of adjustments	7,609,311	444,502	14,667,342	810,653	
Adjusted EBITDA annualized	4,290,732	237,632	4,444,820	234,120	
Debt to Adjusted EBITDA ratio	1.8x	1.9x	3.3x	3.5>	
Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA					
Total debt - at par	15,730,698	918,919	16,645,092	919,964	
less: cash	(7,781,591)	(454,568)	(1,766,810)	(97,652)	
Adjusted EBITDA annualized	4,290,732	237,632	4,444,820	234,120	
Net debt to Adjusted EBITDA ratio	1.9x	2x	3.3x	3.5x	

AMEFIBRA FFO; FFO, as modified by FIBRA Prologis; AFFO (collectively referred to as "FFO"). FFO is a non-IFRS financial measure that is commonly used in the real estate industry. The most directly comparable IFRS measure to FFO is net income.

AMEFIBRA (Asociación Mexicana de FIBRAs Inmobiliarias) FFO is conceptualized as a supplementary financial metric, in addition to those the accounting itself provides. It is in the use of the overall set of metrics, and not in substitution of one over the other, that AMEFIBRA considers greater clarity and understanding is achieved in assessing the organic performance of real estate entities managing investment property activities. For the same reason, attempting to compare the operational performance of different real estate entities through any one single metric would be insufficient.

AMEFIBRA considers that achieving such purpose is of merited interest to facilitate and improve the comprehension of results reported in the financial reports of its members within the overall public investing community, and also to facilitate comparing the organic performance of the different entities (see below).

Our FFO Measures

The specific purpose of this metric, as in other markets where the "FFO" designator is used is with respect to the profitability derived from management of investment properties in a broad organic frame of performance. The term "investment properties" is used in the sense International Financial Reporting Standards, "IFRS" uses it, that is, real estate that is developed and operated with the intention of earning a return on

the investment either through rental income activities, the future resale of the property, or both. This term is used herein to distinguish it from real estate entities that develop, acquire and sell properties mainly to generate transactional profit in the activity of development/purchase and sale. The AMEFIBRA FFO metric is not intended to address the organic performance of these type of entities.

The AMEFIBRA FFO metric is supplementary to other measures that the accounting provides as it focuses on the performance of the lease activities within the broad frame of the entity that manages it, that is, also takes into account among others the costs of its management structure (whether internal or external), its sources of funding (including funding costs) and if applicable fiscal costs. This better illustrates the term "organic performance" referred to herein. AMEFIBRA FFO parts from the comprehensive income of the IFRS normativity segregating the different valuation and other effects hereinafter described, and that are not part of the organic performance of the lease activity referred to in this document.

AMEFIBRA FFO

To arrive at AMEFIBRA FFO, we begin with net income and adjust to exclude:

- i. Mark-to-market adjustments for the valuation of investment properties;
- Foreign currency exchange gains and losses from the remeasurement (based on current foreign currency exchange rates) of assets and liabilities denominated in Pesos;
- iii. Gains or losses from the early extinguishment of debt;
- iv. Unrealized loss on exchange rate forwards;
- Income tax expense related to the sale of real estate;
- vi. Tax on profits or losses on disposals of properties;
- vii. Unrealized changes gains or losses in the fair value of financial instruments (amortization of deferred financing and debt premium); and
- viii. Incentive fees paid in CBFI's.

FFO, as modified by FIBRA Prologis

To arrive at FFO, as modified by FIBRA Prologis we begin with AMEFIBRAFFO and adjust to include:

i. Amortization of deferred financing costs and debt premium.

We use AMEFIBRA FFO and FFO, as modified by FIBRA Prologis to: (i) assess our operating performance as compared to similar real estate companies and the industry in general, (ii) evaluate our performance and the performance of our properties in comparison with expected results and results of previous periods, relative to resource allocation decisions; (iii) evaluate the performance of our management; (iv) budget and forecast future results to assist in the allocation of resources; (v) provide guidance to the financial markets to understand our expected operating performance; and (v) evaluate how a specific potential investment will impact our future results.

AFFO

To arrive at AFFO, we adjust FFO, as modified by FIBRA Prologis to further exclude (i) straight-line rents; (ii) recurring capital expenditures and discounts and financing cost, net of amounts capitalized; and (iii) incentive fees paid in CBFIs.

We use AFFO to (i) assess our operating performance as compared to similar real estate companies and the industry in general, (ii) evaluate our performance and the performance of our properties in comparison with expected results and results of previous periods, relative to resource allocation decisions, (iii) evaluate the performance of our management, (iv) budget and forecast future results to assist in the allocation of resources, and (v) evaluate how a specific potential investment will impact our future results.



We analyze our operating performance primarily by the rental revenue of our real estate, net of operating, administrative and financing expenses. This income stream is not directly impacted by fluctuations in the market value of our investments in real estate or debt securities. Although these items discussed above have had a material impact on our operations and are reflected in our financial statements, the removal of the effects of these items allows us to better understand the core operating performance of our properties over the long term.

We use AMEFIBRA FFO; FFO, as modified by FIBRA Prologis; and AFFO to: (i) evaluate our performance and the performance of our properties in comparison to expected results and results of previous periods, relative to resource allocation decisions; (ii) evaluate the performance of our management; (iii) budget and forecast future results to assist in the allocation of resources; (iv) provide guidance to the financial markets to understand our expected operating performance; (v) assess our operating performance as compared to similar real estate companies and the industry in general; and (vi) evaluate how a specific potential investment will impact our future results. Because we make decisions with regard to our performance with a long-term outlook, we believe it is appropriate to remove the effects of items that we do not expect to affect the underlying long-term performance of the properties we own. As noted above, we believe the long-term performance of our properties is principally driven by rental revenue. We believe investors are best served if the information that is made available to them allows them to align their analysis and evaluation of our operating results along the same lines that our management uses in planning and executing our business strategy.

Limitations on the use of our FFO measures

While we believe our FFO measures are important supplemental measures, neither AMEFIBRA's nor our measures of FFO should be used alone because they exclude significant economic components of net earnings computed under IFRS and are, therefore, limited as an analytical tool. Accordingly, these are only a few of the many measures we use when analyzing our business. Some of these limitations are:

- Mark-to-market adjustments to the valuation of investment properties and gains or losses from property
 acquisitions and dispositions represent changes in value of the properties. By excluding these gains and
 losses, FFO does not capture realized changes in the value of acquired or disposed properties arising from
 changes in market conditions.
- The foreign currency exchange gains and losses that are excluded from our modified FFO measures are
 generally recognized based on movements in foreign currency exchange rates through a specific point in
 time. The ultimate settlement of our foreign currency-denominated net assets is indefinite as to timing and
 amount. Our FFO measures are limited in that they do not reflect the current period changes in these net
 assets that result from periodic foreign currency exchange rate movements.
- The gains and losses on extinguishment of debt that we exclude from our defined FFO measures may
 provide a benefit or cost to us as we may be settling our debt at less or more than our future obligation.
- Refers to non-realized profits or losses in the reasonable value of financial instruments (includes debt and equity related instruments)
- The current income tax expenses that are excluded from our modified FFO measures represent the taxes that are payable.
- Refers to amortization of any financial costs associated with debt obtention and to the non-realized accounting gains or losses resulting from changes in the determination of the reasonable value of debt.
- Refers to the impact of compensation that is payable in CBFIs and consequently to its dilutive implications.

We compensate for these limitations by using our FFO measures only in conjunction with net income computed under IFRS when making our decisions. This information should be read with our complete

consolidated financial statements prepared under IFRS. To assist investors in compensating for these limitations, we reconcile our FFO measures to our net income computed under IFRS.

Fixed Charge Coverage is a non-IFRS financial measure we define as Adjusted EBITDA divided by total fixed charges. Fixed charges consist of net interest expense adjusted for amortization of finance costs and debt discount (premium) and capitalized interest. We use fixed charge coverage to measure our liquidity. We believe that fixed charge coverage is relevant and useful to investors because it allows fixed income investors to measure our ability to make interest payments on outstanding debt and make dividends to holders of our CBFIs. Our computation of fixed charge coverage may not be comparable to fixed charge coverage reported by other companies and is not calculated in accordance with applicable regulatory rules.

Incentive Fee an annual fee payable under the management agreement to Manager when cumulative total CBFI holder returns exceed an agreed upon annual expected return, payable in CBFIs.

Market Classification

- Consumption-Driven Markets include the logistics markets of Mexico City, Guadalajara and Monterrey. These markets feature large population centers with high per-capita consumption and are located near major seaports, airports, and ground transportation systems.
- Manufacturing-Driven Markets include the manufacturing markets of Tijuana, Reynosa and Ciudad Juarez. These markets benefit from large population centers but typically are not as tied to the global supply chain, but rather serve local consumption and are often less supply constrained.

Net Effective Rent ("NER") is calculated at the beginning of the lease using estimated total cash (including base rent and expense reimbursements) to be received over the term and annualized. The per square foot number is calculated by dividing the annualized net effective rent by the occupied square feet of the lease.

Net Operating Income ("NOI") is a non-IFRS financial measure used to evaluate our operating performance and represents rental income less rental expenses.

Non-core Markets: Hermosillo, Guanajuato, Laredo, Matamoros, Queretaro and Silao.

Operating Portfolio includes stabilized industrial properties. Assets held for sale are excluded from the portfolio.

Property Improvements are the addition of permanent structural improvements or the restoration of a building's or property's components that will either enhance the property's overall value or increase its useful life. Property improvements are generally independent of any particular lease as part of general upkeep over time (but may be incurred concurrent with a lease commitment).

Rent Change- Cash represents the percentage change in starting rental rates per the lease agreement, on new and renewed leases, commenced during the periods compared with the previous ending rental rates in that same space. This measure excludes any short-term leases of less than one-year, holdover payments, free rent periods and introductory (teaser rates) defined as 50% or less of the stabilized rate.

Rent Change - Net Effective represents the percentage change in net effective rental rates (average rate over the lease term), on new and renewed leases, commenced during the period compared with the previous net effective rental rates in that same space. This measure excludes any short-term leases of less than one year and holdover payments.



Retention is the square footage of all leases commenced during the period that are rented by existing tenants divided by the square footage of all expiring and in-place leases during the reporting period. The square footage of tenants that default or buy-out prior to expiration of their lease and short-term leases of less than one year are not included in the calculation.

Same Store. Our same store metrics are non-IFRS financial measures, which are commonly used in the real estate industry and expected from the financial community, on both a net-effective and cash basis. We evaluate the performance of the operating properties we own and manage using a "same store" analysis because the population of properties in this analysis is consistent from period to period, which allows us to analyze our ongoing business operations.

We have defined the same store portfolio, for the three months ended June 30, 2023, as those properties that were owned by FIBRA Prologis as of January 1, 2022 and have been in operations throughout the same three-month periods in both 2022 and 2023. The same store population excludes properties acquired or disposed of to third parties during the period. We believe the factors that affect lease rental income, rental recoveries and property operating expenses and NOI in the same store portfolio are generally the same as for our total operating portfolio.

As our same store measures are non-IFRS financial measures, they have certain limitations as analytical tools and may vary among real estate companies. As a result, we provide a reconciliation of lease rental income, rental recoveries and property operating expenses from our financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS to same store property NOI with explanations of how these metrics are calculated. In addition, we further remove certain non-cash items, such as straight-line rent adjustments, included in the financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS to reflect a cash same store number. To clearly label these metrics, they are categorized as Same Store NOI – Net Effective and Same Store NOI – Cash.

The following is a reconciliation of our rental revenue and property operating expenses, as included in the Statements of Comprehensive Income, to the respective amounts in our same store portfolio analysis:

in thousands of U.S. Dollars	2023	2022	Change (%)
Rental income			
Per the statements of comprehensive income	75,256	67,255	
Properties not included in same store and other adjustments (a)	(5,845)	(360)	
Straight-lined rent from properties included in same store	(373)	(1,095)	
Same Store - Rental income - cash	69,038	65,800	
Rental expense			
Per the statements of comprehensive income	(10,624)	(8,784)	
Properties not included in same store and other adjustments	1,674	(2,099)	
Same Store - Rental expense - cash	(8,950)	(10,883)	
NOI			
Per the statements of comprehensive income	64,632	58,471	
Properties not included in same store	(4,171)	(2,459)	
Straight-lined rent from properties included in same store	(373)	(1,095)	
Same Store - NOI - cash	60,088	54,918	9.4%
Straight-lined rent from properties included in same store	373	1,095	
Same Store NOI - Net Effective	60,461	56,012	7.8%

a) To calculate Same Store, we exclude the net termination and renegotiation fees to allow us to evaluate the growth or decline in each properties acquired or disposed of to third parties during the period along with rental income without regard to one-time items that are not indicative of the property's recurring operating performance.

Same Store Average Occupancy represents the average occupied percentage of the Same Store portfolio for the period.

Tenant Improvements are the costs to prepare a property for lease to a new tenant or release to an existing tenant. Tenant improvements are reasonably expected to provide benefit beyond the lease term of the pending lease for future tenants, and are generally deemed to be consistent with comparable buildings in the market place.

Total Expected Investment ("TEI") represents total estimated cost of development or expansion, including land, development and leasing costs. TEI is based on current projections and is subject to change.

Trade Receivables represents total trade receivables less allowance for uncollectible trade receivables:

	June 30, 2023 December 31, 2022		Increase (decrease)				
in thousands	Ps.	US\$	Ps.	US\$	Ps.	US\$	%
Trade receivables Allowance for uncollectible trade receivables	109,698 (5,079)	6,408 (297)	72,043 (682)	3,722 (35)	37,655 (4,397)	2,686 (262)	34% 87%
Total	104,619	6,111	71,361	3,687	33,258	2,424	32%
% of allowance	5%	5%	1%	1%			

Turnover Costs represent the obligations incurred in connection with the signing of a lease, including leasing commissions and tenant improvements and are presented for leases that commenced during the period. Tenant improvements include costs to prepare a space for a new tenant and for a lease renewal with the current tenant. It excludes costs to prepare a space that is being leased for the first time (i.e. in a new development property and short – term leases of less than one year).

Value-Added Acquisitions ("VAA") are properties we acquire for which we believe the discount in pricing attributed to the operating challenges could provide greater returns post-stabilization than the returns of stabilized properties that are not Value-Added Acquisitions. Value Added Acquisitions must have one or more of the following characteristics: (i) existing vacancy in excess of 20%; (ii) short term lease roll-over, typically during the first two years of ownership; (iii) significant capital improvement requirements in excess of 10% of the purchase price and must be invested within the first two years of ownership. These properties are not included in the operating portfolio.

Valuation Methodology the methodologies applied for the valuation of the assets and the factors which are part of the approaches, at the end we will present the ranges of the rates such as the market rents used for the entire portfolio. There are three basic approaches to value:

- The Income Approach
- The Direct Comparison Approach
- The Cost Approach



In practice, an approach to value is included or omitted based on its applicability to the property type being valued and the quality and quantity of information available.

Income Approach

The Income Approach reflects the subject's income-producing capabilities. This approach assumes that value is created by expected income. Since the investment is expected to be acquired by an investor who would be willing to pay to receive an income stream plus reversion value from a property over a period, the Income Approach is used as the primary approach to value. The two common valuation techniques are the Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) Method and the Direct Capitalization Method.

Discounted Cash Flow Method

Using this valuation method, future cash flows forecasted over an investment horizon, together with the proceeds of a deemed disposition at the end of the holding period. This method allows for modeling any uneven revenues or costs associated with lease up, rental growth, vacancies, leasing commissions, tenant inducements and vacant space costs. These future financial benefits are discounted to a present value at an appropriate discount rate based on market transactions.

- A discount rate applicable to future cash flows and determined primarily by the risk associated with income, and
- A capitalization rate used to obtain the future value of the property based on estimated future market conditions.

These rates are determined based on:

- The constant interviews we have with the developers, brokers, clients and active players in the
 market to know their expectation of IRR (before debt or without leverage).
- Mainly the real transactions in the market are analyzed. Since we are a leading company in the real
 estate sector we have extensive experience in most purchase transactions and we have the details of
 these before and during the purchase, which allows us to have a solid base when selecting our rates.

Direct Capitalization Method

This method involves capitalizing a fully leased net operating income estimate by an appropriate yield. This approach is best utilized with stabilized assets, where there is little volatility in the net income and the growth prospects are also stable. It is most commonly used with single tenant investments or stabilized investments.

Direct Comparison Approach

The Direct Comparison Approach utilizes sales of comparable properties, adjusting for differences to estimate a value for the subject property. This approach is developed in a simplified method to establish a range of unit prices for market comparable sales. This method is typically developed to support the Income Approach rather than to conclude on a value.

Cost Approach

The Cost Approach is based upon the proposition the informed purchaser would pay no more for the subject than the cost to produce a substitute property with equivalent utility. This approach is particularly applicable when the property being appraised involves relatively new improvements, which represent the Highest and Best Use of the

land, or when relatively unique or specialized improvements are located on the site and for which there exist few sales or leases of comparable properties. This approach is not considered reliable because investors do not use this methodology to identify securities for purchase purposes; for this reason, this approach is not used for the valuation of the assets which comprise FIBRA Prologis.

Methodology Selection

The target market for any real estate, is composed of those entities capable of benefiting from the Highest and Best Use of a property, of goodwill and paying a fair price. In the case of the properties under study which are part of FIBRA Prologis, the type of buyer will typically be a developer / investor, therefore, our studies replicate the analysis that both the developer and investor make to take their decisions.

