





Forward-Looking Statements and Regarding Hydrocarbon Disclosures

Cautionary Note Regarding Hydrocarbon Disclosures

Forward –Looking Statements

This Presentation includes "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. All statements, other than statements of strictly historical facts included in this Presentation constitute forward-looking statements and may often, but not always, be identified by the use of such words as "may," "will," "should," "could," "intends," "expects," "anticipates," "plans," "project," "guidance," "target," "potential," "possible," "probably," and "believes" or the negative variations thereof or comparable terminology. These forward-looking statements include statements regarding the Company's financial position, future revenues, net income, potential evaluations, business strategy and plans and objectives for future operations. The forward-looking statements include statements about the expected benefits to the Company and to its stockholders from the acquisition of certain assets (the "Stronghold Assets") from Stronghold Energy II Operating, LLC ("Stronghold OpCo," and Stronghold Energy II Royalties, LP ("Stronghold RoyaltyCo", together with Stronghold OpCo, collectively, "Stronghold"); Forward-looking statements are subject to numerous assumptions, risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to be materially different than any future results expressed or implied in those statements. However, whether actual results and developments will conform to expectations is subject to a number of material risks and uncertainties, including but not limited to: the Company's ability to integrate the Stronghold Assets and activities the anticipated benefits therefrom; risks relating to any unforeseen liability of the Company or the Stronghold Assets; declines in oil, natural gas liquids or natural gas prices; the level of success in exploration, development and production history; impacts to financial statements as a result of impairment write-downs;

The Company undertakes no obligation to publicly revise these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances that arise after the date hereof, except as required by applicable law. The financial and operating estimates contained in this presentation represent our reasonable estimates as of the date of this Presentation. Neither our independent auditors nor any other third party has examined, reviewed or compiled the projections and, accordingly, none of the foregoing expresses an opinion or other form of assurance with respect thereto. The assumptions upon which the projections are based are described in more detail herein. Some of these assumptions inevitably will not materialize, and unanticipated events may occur that could affect our results. Therefore, our actual results achieved during the periods covered by the estimates will vary from the projected results. Prospective investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on the estimates included herein.

Cautionary Note regarding Hydrocarbon Disclosures

The SEC has generally permitted oil and natural gas companies, in their filings with the SEC, to disclose proved reserves, which are reserve estimates that geological and engineering data demonstrate with reasonable certainty to be recoverable in future years from known reservoirs under existing economic and operating conditions, and certain probable and possible reserves that meet the SEC's definitions for such terms. We use the terms "estimated ultimate recovery," or "EURs," "probable," "possible," and "non-proven" reserves, reserve "potential" or "upside" or other descriptions of volumes of reserves potentially recoverable through additional drilling or recovery techniques that the SEC's guidelines prohibit us from including in filings with the SEC. Reference to EURs of natural gas and oil includes amounts that are not yet classified as proved reserves under SEC definitions, but that we believe should ultimately be produced and are based on previous operating experience in a given area and publicly available information relating to the operations of producers who are conducting operations in these areas. These estimates are by their nature more speculative than estimates of proved reserves and accordingly are subject to substantially greater risk of being actually realized by us. Factors affecting the ultimate recovery of reserves that may be recovered include the scope of our drilling programs, which will be directly affected by capital availability, drilling and production costs, commodity prices, availability of services and equipment, permit expirations, transportation constraints, regulatory approvals and other factors, and actual drilling results, including geological and mechanical factors affecting recovery rates. Accordingly, actual quantities that may be recovered from our interests will differ from our estimates and could be significantly less than our targeted recovery rate. In addition, our estimates may change significantly as we receive additional data.

Supplemental Non-GAAP Financial Measures

This Presentation includes financial measures that are not in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"), such as "Adjusted Net Income," "Adjusted EBITDA," "PV-10," "Free Cash Flow," or "FCF," and "Cash Flow from Operations." While management believes that such measures are useful for investors, they should not be used as a replacement for financial measures that are in accordance with GAAP. For definitions of such non-GAAP financial measures and their reconciliations to GAAP measures, please see the Appendix.







Ring Energy – Independent Oil & Gas Company

Focused on Conventional Permian Assets in Texas & New Mexico

Deliver competitive and sustainable returns by developing, acquiring, exploring for, and commercializing oil and natural gas resources VITAL TO THE WORLD'S HEALTH AND WELFARE



Consistently Generated
Positive Cash Flow
for 12 Qtrs



Market Cap ~\$412 million⁴



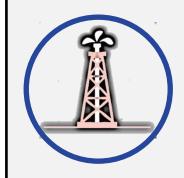
Q3 2022 Net Sales¹
13,278 Boe/d
76% oil 13% gas 11% NGL



Enterprise Value ~\$847 million^{4,5}



2021 SEC Proved Reserves^{2,3}77.8 MMBoe/PV10 \$1,332MM
85% Oil



REIClosing Price \$2.36⁴
52-week range \$2.02 - \$5.09

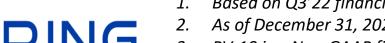


*Gross / Net Acres*² 83,604 / 64,380

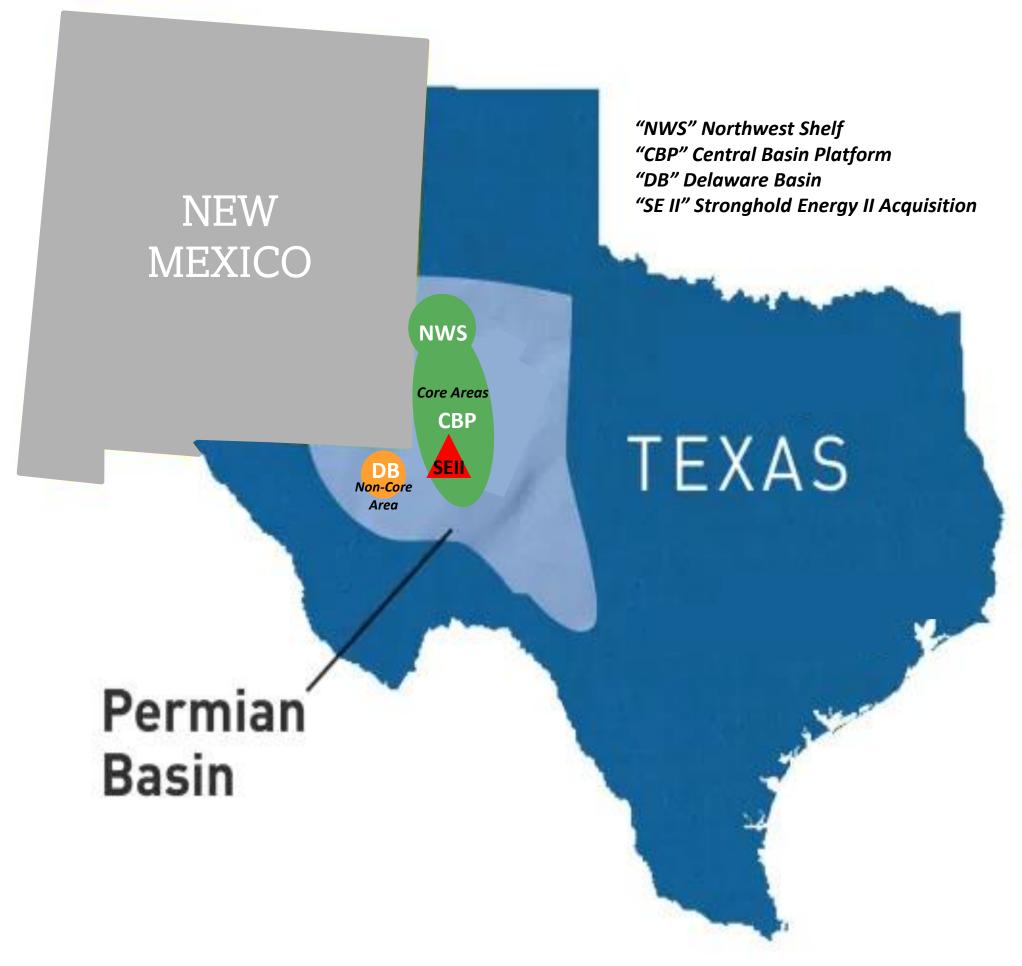


Avg. Daily Share Volume (90-Day) ~2.18 million⁴

REI



- 1. Based on Q3'22 financials
- 2. As of December 31, 2021 (2-stream) Ring Legacy Only SEC Proved Reserves
- 3. PV-10 is a Non-GAAP financial measure. See appendix for reconciliation to GAAP measure
- 4. As of December 13, 2022
- 5. Enterprise Value (EV) is market cap plus outstanding debt based on number of shares outstanding at end of Q3 2022







Experienced Management Team

Shared Vision with a Track Record of Success





39+ years of domestic & international oil & gas industry experience

Executive & board roles include CEO, President, COO, Region VP and public & private board directorships









Alexander Dyes
EVP of Engineering &
Corporate Strategy

15+ years of oil & gas industry experience

Multi-disciplined
experience including
VP A&D, VP
Engineering, Director
Strategy, multiple
engineering &
operational roles



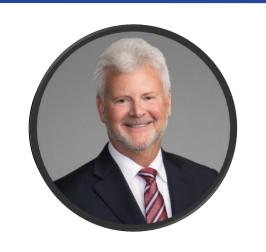


Marinos Baghdati
EVP of Operations

19+ years of oil & gas industry experience

Operational experience in drilling, completions and production including VP Operations, Operations manager, multiple engineering roles





Stephen D. Brooks
EVP of Land, Legal, HR &
Marketing

45+ years of oil & gas industry experience

Extensive career as landman including VP Land & Legal, VP HR VP Land and Land Manager



Travis Thomas
EVP & Chief
Financial Officer

17+ years of oil & gas industry experience & accounting experience

High level financial experience including CAO, VP Finance, Controller, Treasurer



Hollie Lamb

VP of Compliance & GM

of Midland Office

20+ years of oil & gas industry experience
Previously Partner of HeLMS Oil & Gas, VP Engineering, Reservoir & Geologic Engineer

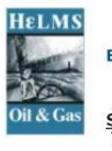




















Committed to ESG

Critical to Sustainable Success

ENVIRONMENTAL



- Reducing our environmental impact, including GHG emissions, flaring and water management
- Sustainably extracting value by evaluating the economic and environmental aspects of each development opportunity

SOCIAL



- Providing a safe work environment and corporate culture that promotes the health and well-being of all employees
- Investing in our workforce, the communities in which we operate, and future generations through social responsibility

GOVERNANCE



- Committed to practicing sound corporate governance
- We recognize the importance of providing transparency of ESGrelated matters

Focused on Driving the Long-Term Sustainability of the Business





Corporate Strategy

Value Focused for Sustainable Success



Attract and Retain Highly Qualified People



Pursue Operational Excellence with a Sense of Urgency



Invest in High-Margin, High RoR Projects



Focus on FCF and Strengthen Balance Sheet



Pursue Strategic A&D to Lower Breakeven Costs





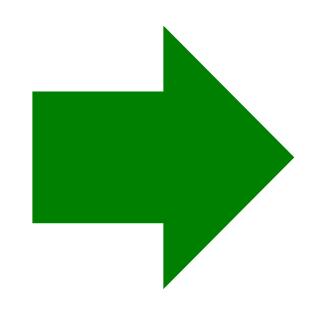


2022 Value Focused Proposition

Proven Strategy Leads to Shareholder Value

Pursue Operational Excellence with a Sense of Urgency



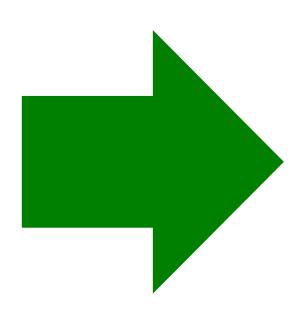


YTD Average 10,512 Boepd (81% Oil) (27% Increase over 2021 for same time period)

YTD Lifting Cost³ at \$10.55/Boe (Safe, efficient operations & continued CTR program)

Invest in High-Margin, High ROR Projects



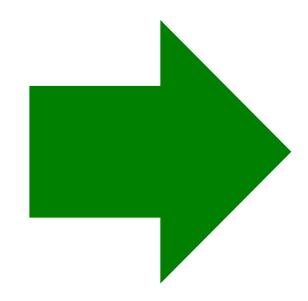


YTD Drill 23 & Complete 20 Successful Hz Wells²
(FY 2021 13 Hz wells)

Successfully Closed Accretive Acquisition (Enhances metrics and lowers break-even costs)

Focus on FCF and
Strengthening
Balance Sheet





YTD ~\$139 MM Adj. EBITDA¹

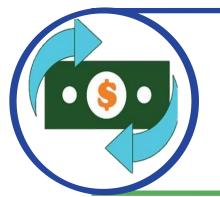
(134% Increase over 2021 for same time period)

Reduced Lev. Ratio⁴ to ~1.4x (LQA 1.4x)

(Forecasted to operate within CF, further reduce leverage over time)

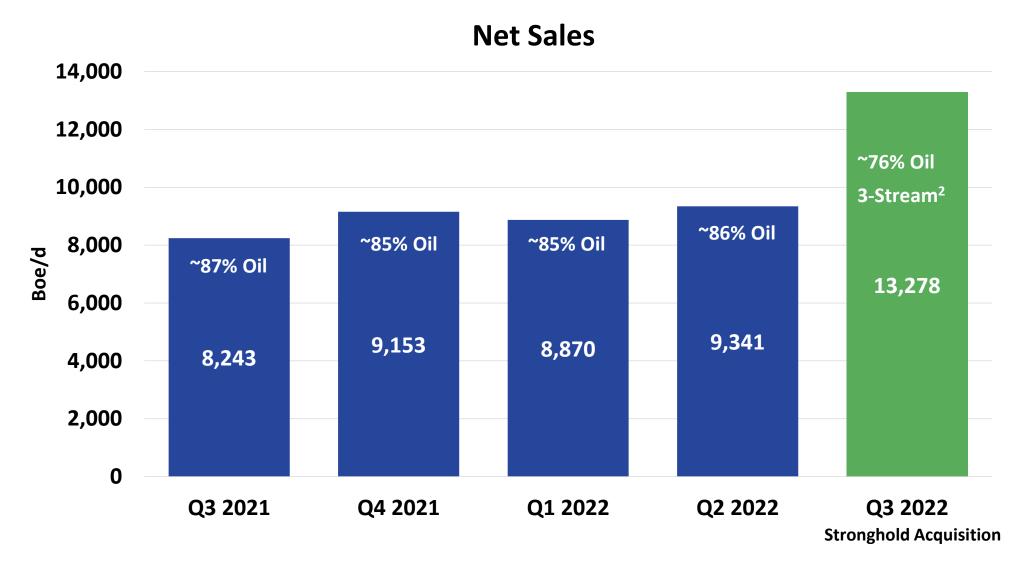


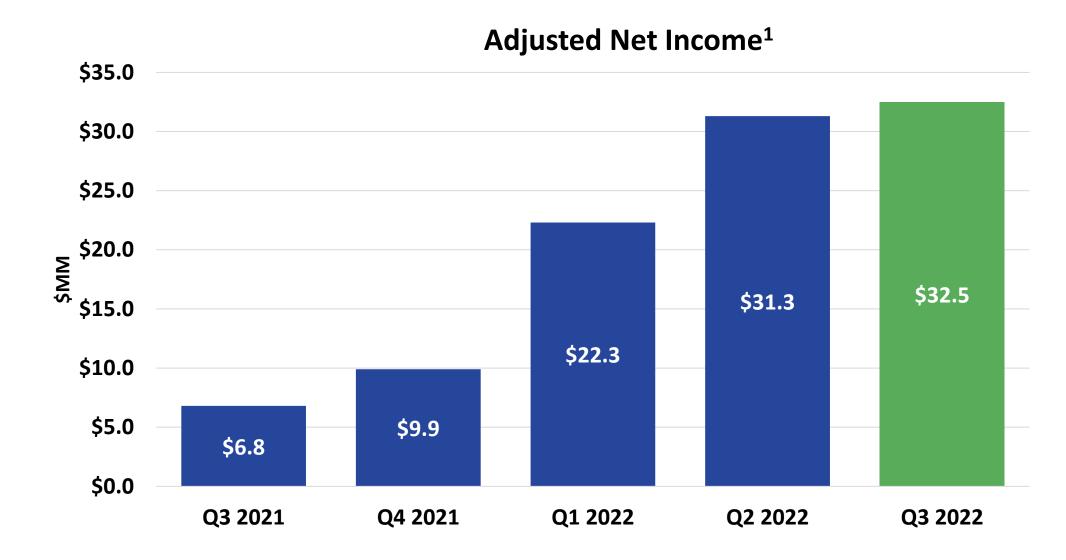


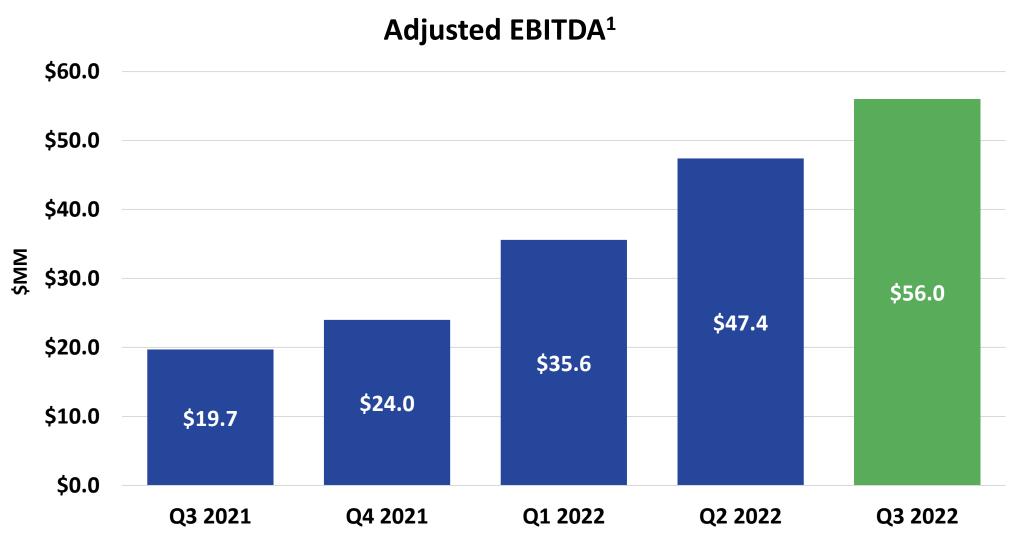


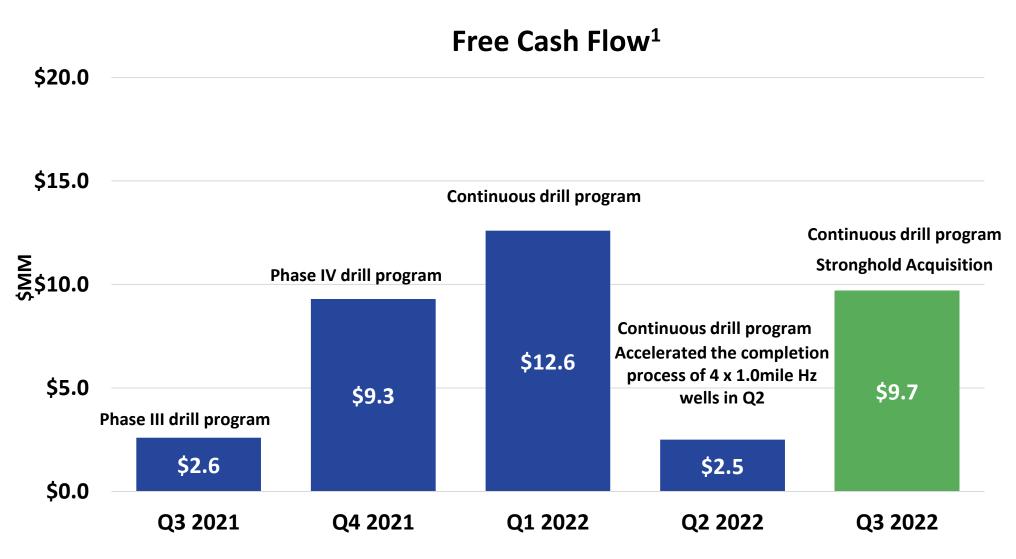
Sustainable Value Focused Results

Executing Disciplined Strategy











^{1.} Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted Net Income and Free Cash Flow are Non-GAAP financial measures and reconciled in the appendix

2. Ring pro-forma in Q3 2022 switched from 2-stream to 3-stream volume reporting



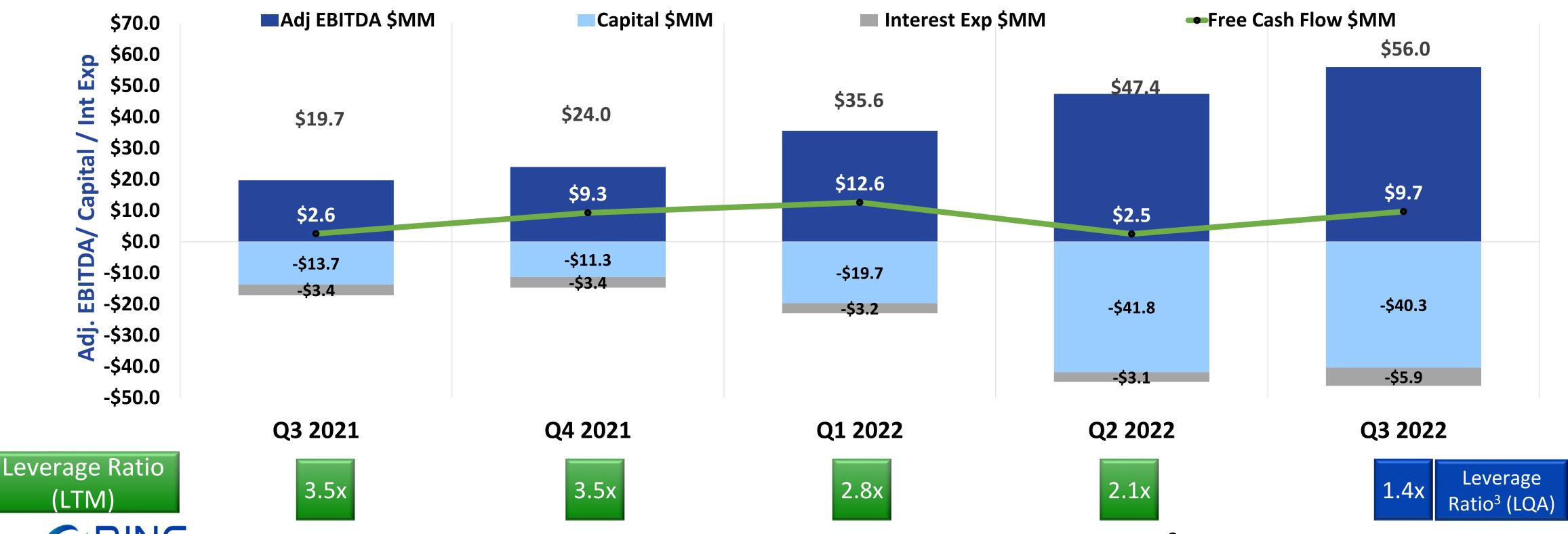


Historical Metrics

Quarterly Analysis of FCF¹

\$MM Adj EBITDA ¹	•	Q4 2021 \$24.0	Q1 2022 \$35.6	Q2 2022 \$47.4	Q3 2022 \$56.0
Capital	-\$13.7	-\$11.3	-\$19.7	-\$41.8	-\$40.3
Interest Exp. ²	-\$3.4	-\$3.4	-\$3.2	-\$3.1	-\$5.9
Free Cash Flow ¹	\$2.6	\$9.3	\$12.6	\$2.5	\$9.7

- Disciplined & efficient capital spending
- Focused on sustainably generating FCF
- Unrelenting goal to strengthen the balance sheet







Excludes amortization of deferred financing costs

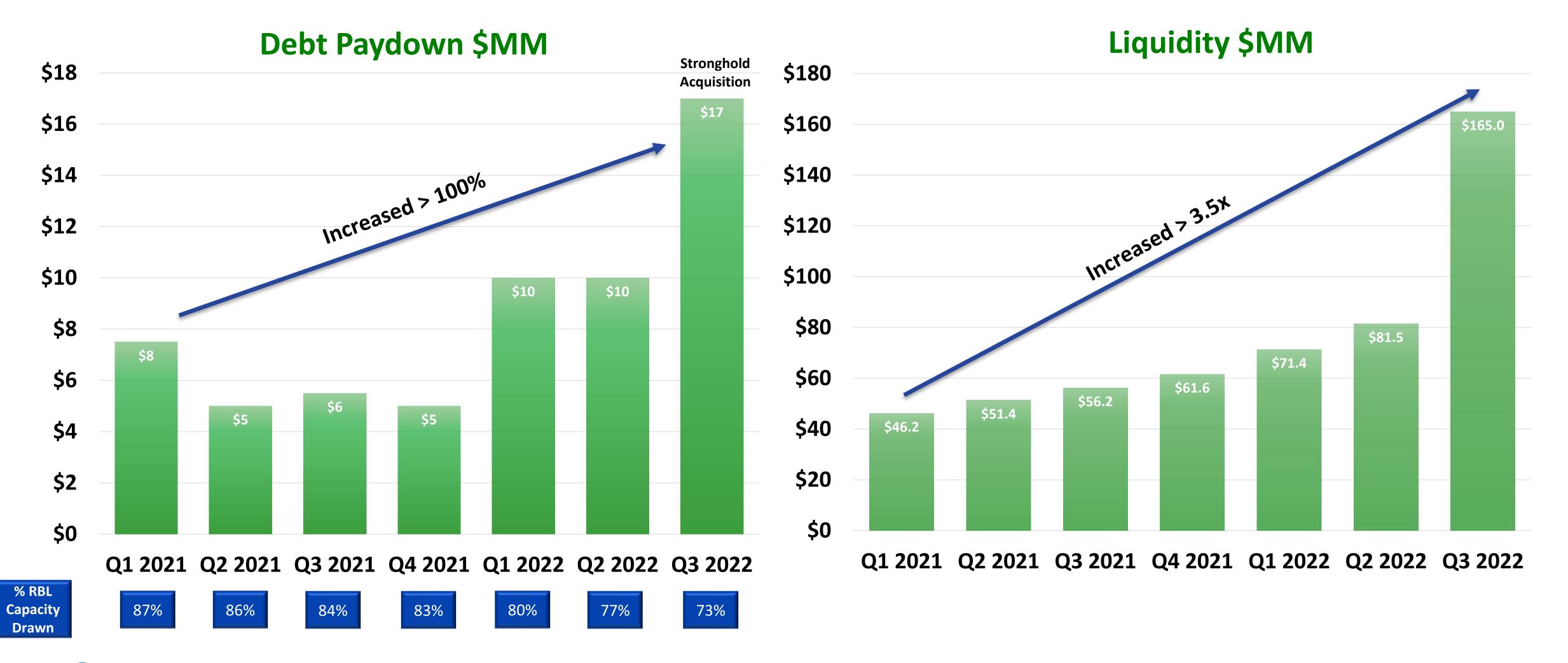
Leverage ratio based on annualized third quarter EBITDA adjusted for the pro-forma effects of the Transaction from the beginning of the quarters as per credit agreement.





Reducing Debt & Increasing Liquidity

Disciplined Capital Spending & Sustainably Generating FCF is the Key









Ring + Stronghold Pro-Forma Overview

Key Transaction Structure & Terms

- Successfully closed the acquisition on August 31, 2022
- \$172.4MM cash at close after certain purchase price adjustments and funded from new credit facility borrowings
- \$15MM deferred cash payment due 6 months after close
- Stock consideration of ~63.8 million shares of Ring common stock (consisted 21.3 million shares of Ring common stock issued at closing and 153.1K Ring preferred stock that converted to ~42.5 million shares of Ring common stock after the successful shareholder vote Oct. 27, 2022)

Pro Forma Snapshot

Operating Statistics

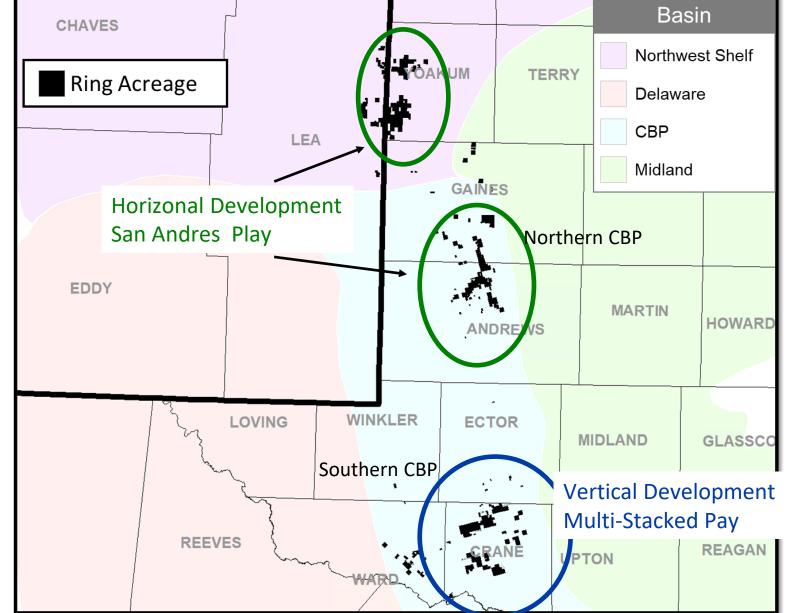
	Pro Forma Q4 2022
Net Production (MBoe/d)	18,000-19,000
Oil (Bo/d) ~ 70% Gas (Mcf/d) ~ 17% NGLs (Bbls/d) ~ 13%	12,600-13,300 18,400-19,400 2,300-2,500
LOE (per Boe)	\$10.25-\$11.40
PD Reserves ¹ PV10 (\$MM)	\$1,739
PD Reserves¹ (MMBoe)	87.0
PD Reserves¹ (MMBoe) Acreage	87.0 ~101,000

1. Proved reserves for REI are management estimates as of June 1, 2022 and Stronghold management estimates as of June 1, 2022 were prepared by CGA, both used June 21, 2022 NYMEX Strip prices

June 21, 2022 NYMEX Strip Pricing for WTI /HH: 2022:\$107.12 / \$7.10; 2023: \$92.89 / \$5.35; 2024: \$83.09 / \$4.76; 2025: \$76.31 / \$4.63; 2026+: \$71.68 / \$4.62 11

As of November 9, 2022 3. Transaction fair value calculation of stock consideration and other details refer to Q3'22 10Q page 19 & 20

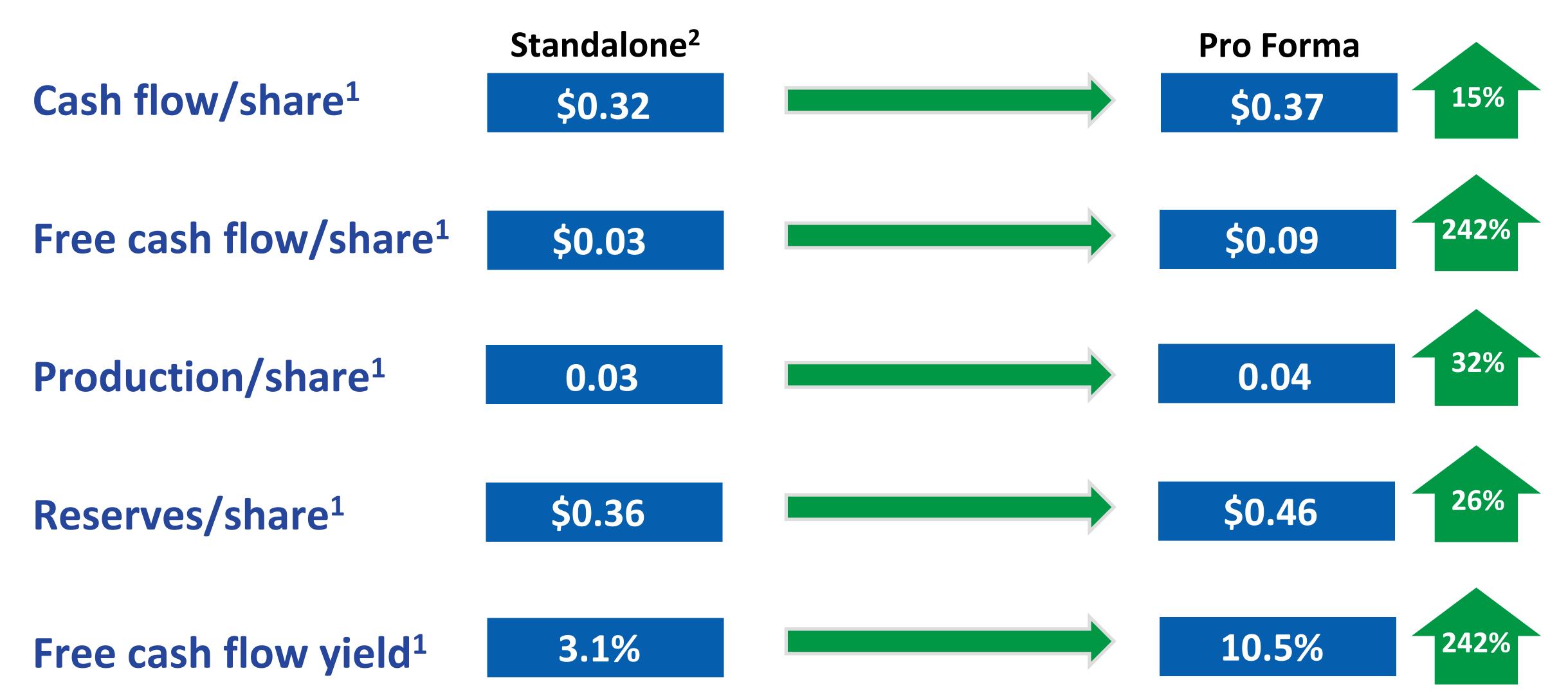
Asset Map







Ring + Stronghold Pro-Forma Overview Significantly Accretive on ALL KEY Share Metrics





^{1.} PV-10 is a Non-GAAP financial measure. See appendix for reconciliation to GAAP measure

^{2.} Source for REI standalone metrics for Q4 2022 is factset consensus +/- 5%





Northwest Shelf Asset Area

Providing Significant Organic Growth



3Q22 Avg Sales 7,669 Boe/d (77% Oil)



Gross / Net Acres¹ 35,810 / 26,655

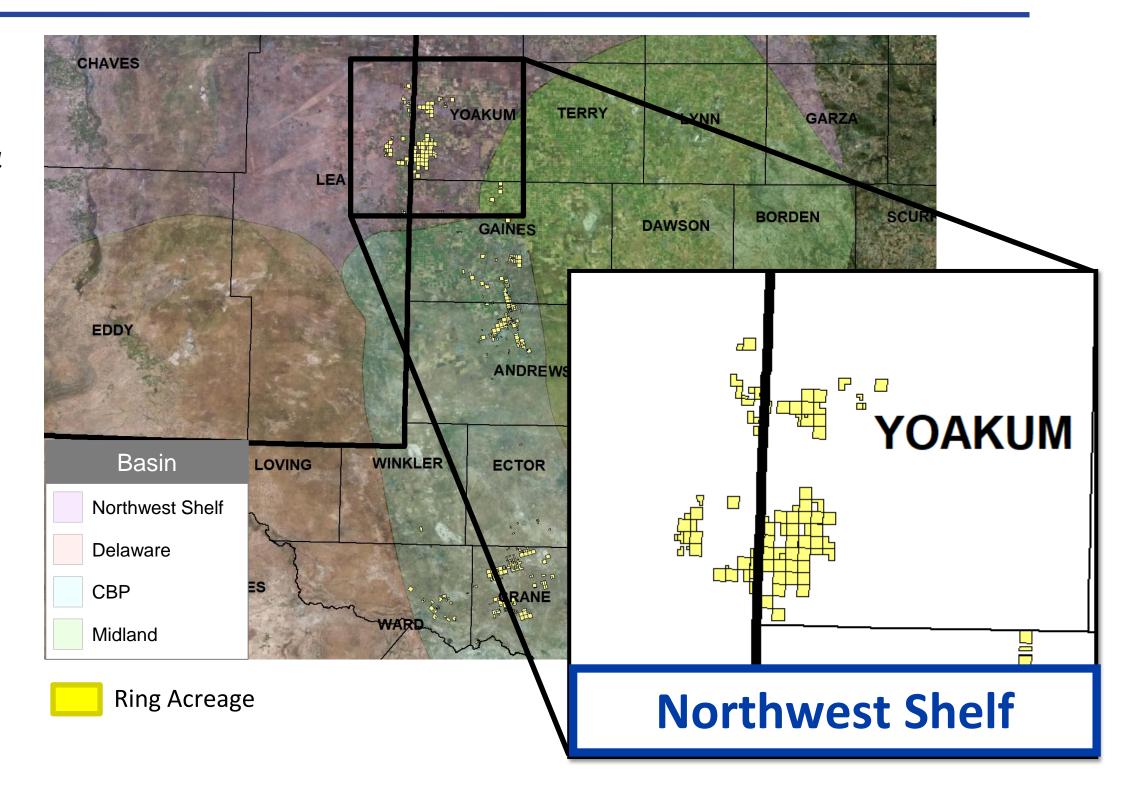


3Q22 D&C Completed 6 Hz wells² (~93.75% WI)

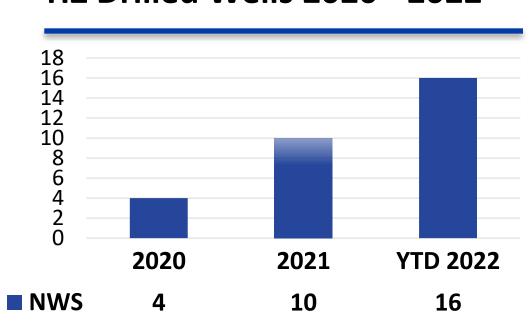


3Q22 CTR's 5 Conversions

- Meaningful inventory of horizontal drilling locations
- Actively developing asset
- Low D&C and LOE costs drive strong economics
- Improving drilling efficiencies:
 - 1 mile HZ well drill time spud to rig release and move to next location 7-9 days
 - 1.5 mile HZ well drill time spud to rig release and move to next location 10-12 days
 - Spud to Online in 40-55 days³



HZ Drilled Wells 2020 - 2022





As of December 31, 2021
 4 NWS HZ new wells drilled in Q2 but not completed until Q3 2022
 Depending on lateral length and frac crew availability





San Andres Reservoir

Proven, Conventional, Top Tier Returns

San Andres Hz	Delaware Hz	Midland Hz
		√
	√	√
	√	√

- Permian Basin has produced >30 BBbl,
 - San Andres accounts for 40%
- Low D&C costs¹ \$2.8 \$3.8 MM per well
- Vertical depth of ~5,000'
- Typical oil column of 200' 300'
- Life >35+ years
- Initial peak oil rates of 300 700 Bbl/d
- Higher primary recovery than shales
- Potential for waterflood and CO₂



^{1.} D&C capex range is for both 1.0 & 1.5 mile laterals and includes inflation adjustments

^{2.} Break-even costs range depends on lateral length, asset area and inflation adjustments

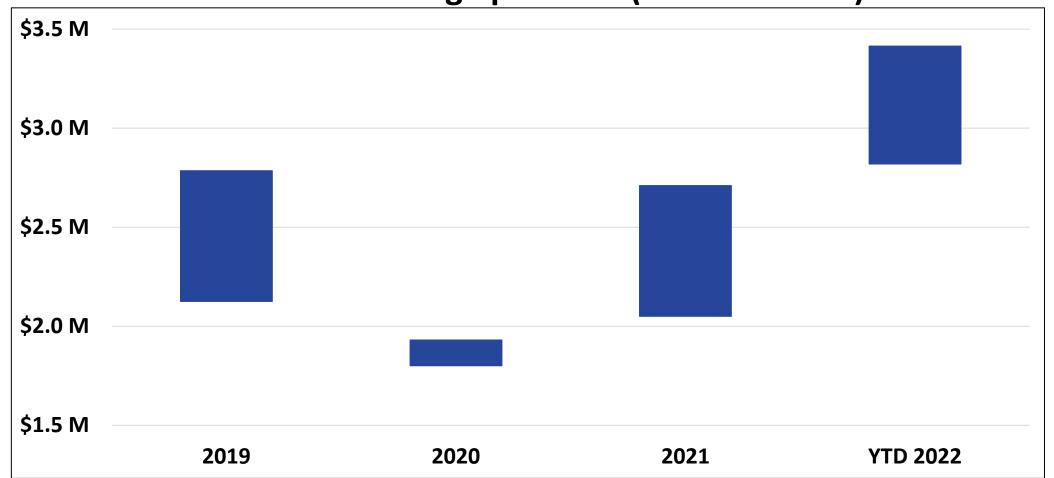




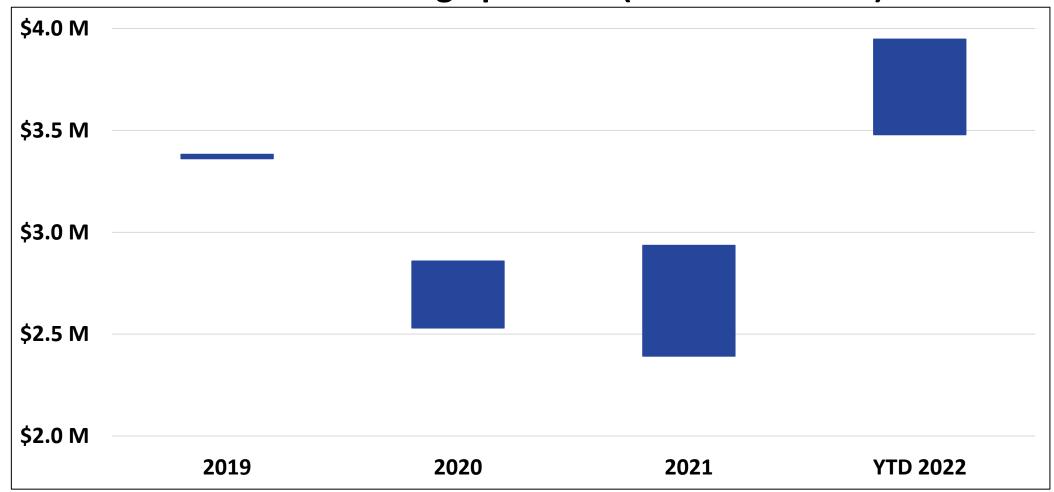
NWS HZ Well Performance & Costs

Significant Improvements Driving Top Tier Returns

D&C Cost Range per Year (1 Mile Lateral)¹



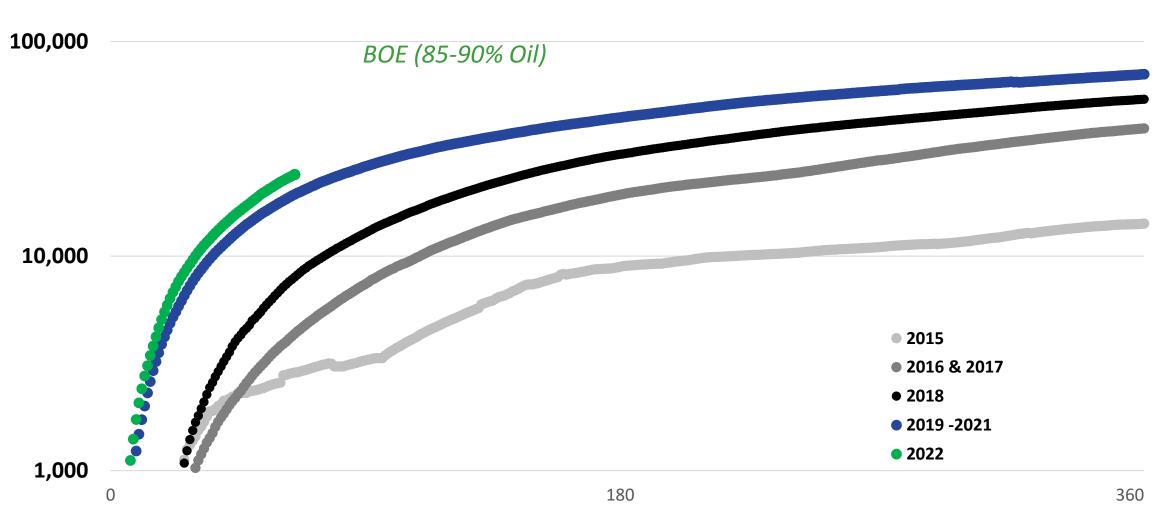
D&C Cost Range per Year (1.5 Mile Lateral)¹



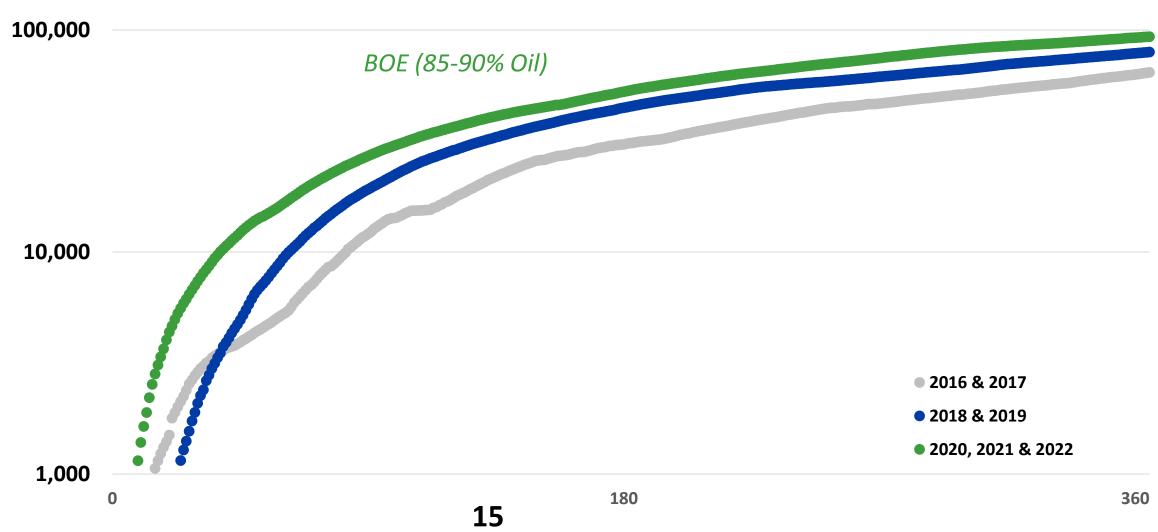


- Wells categorized by spud year; capex ties to financials
- . Downtime associated with 2020 pandemic curtailment removed
- . Well set comprised of single mile wells normalized to 5,080' lateral length (does not include 1.5 Mile wells)

NWS HZ Performance Average – Cum BOE vs Time Days (1 Mile Lateral)^{2,3}



NWS HZ Performance Average – Cum BOE vs Time Days (1.5 Mile Lateral)²







Central Basin Platform Asset Areas

Technical Focus Reinvigorates Legacy Area



3Q22 Avg Sales¹ 5,376 Boe/d (76% Oil)



*Gross / Net Acres*² 29,065 / 20,288



3Q22 D&C
Completed 3 Hz wells (100% WI)

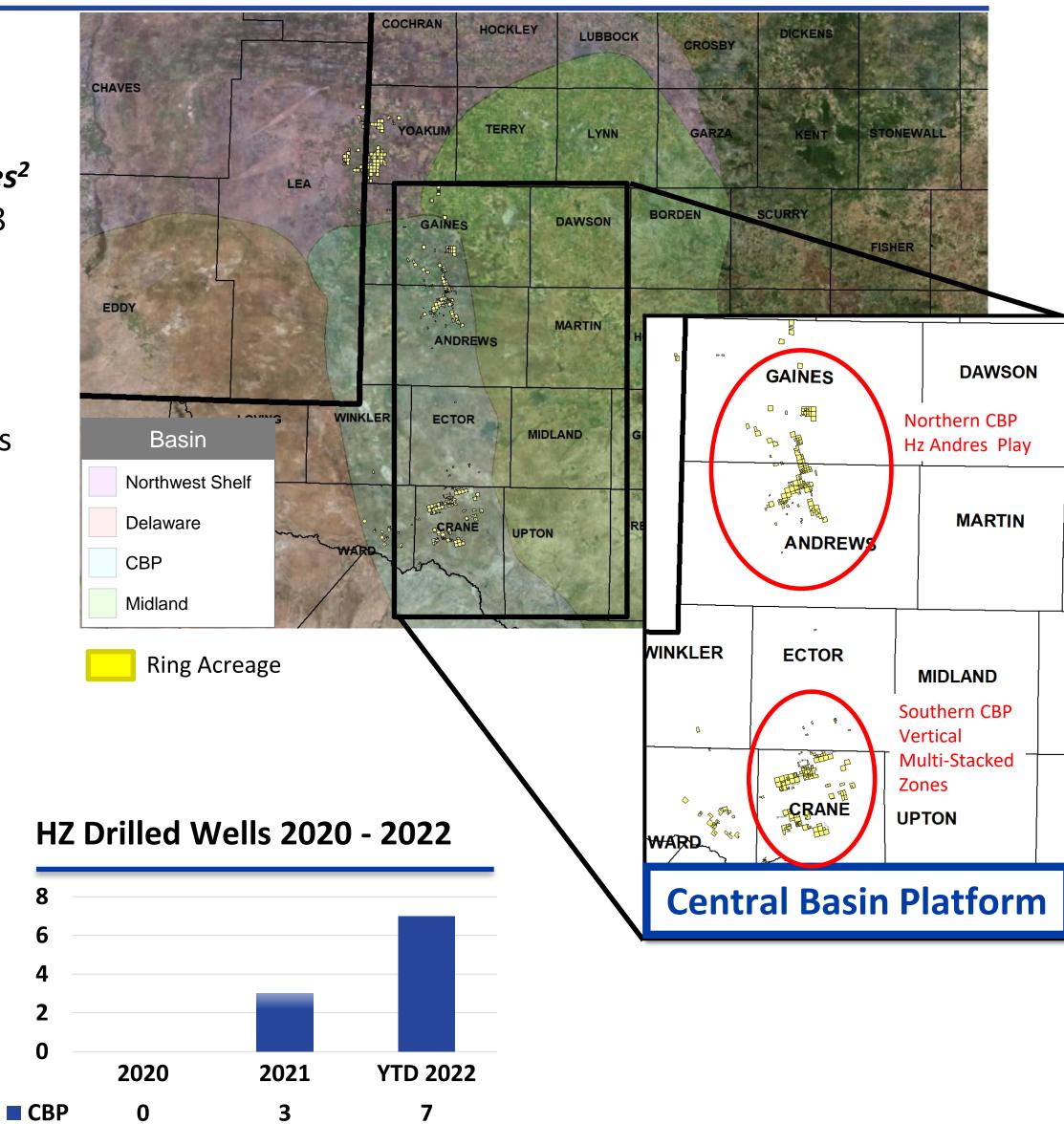


3Q22 CTR's
1 Conversion
3 Recompletions

- Meaningful inventory of vertical & horizontal drilling locations
- Meaningful inventory of recompletion opportunities
- Actively developing asset areas
- Low D&C and LOE costs drive strong economics
- Improving Hz drilling efficiencies:
- 1 mile HZ well drill time spud to rig release and move to next location 7-9 days
- 1.5 mile HZ well drill time spud to rig release and move to next location 10-12 days
- Spud to Online in 40-55 days³



- 1. Includes Stronghold acquisition volumes for month of Sept. 2022
- 2. As of December 31, 202
- . Depending on lateral length and frac crew availability





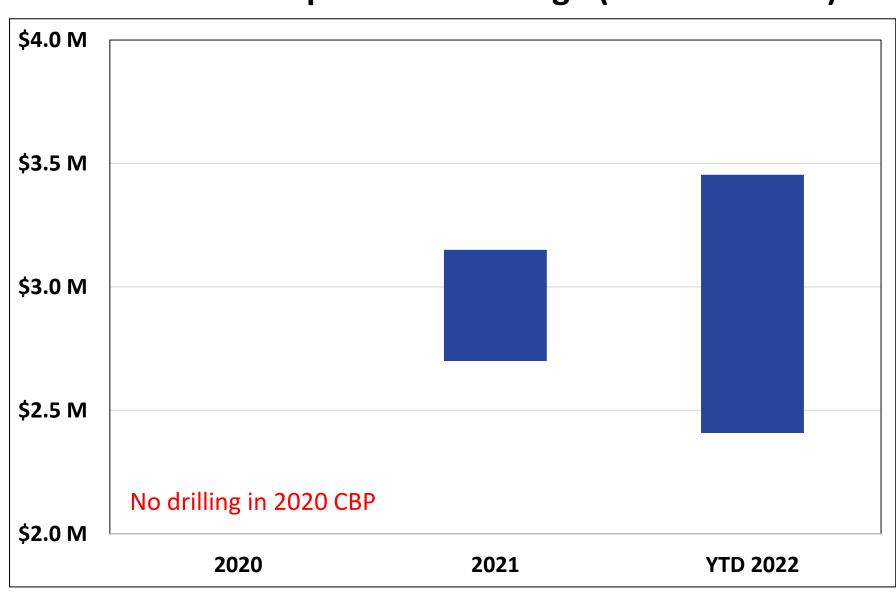


Northern Central Basin Platform

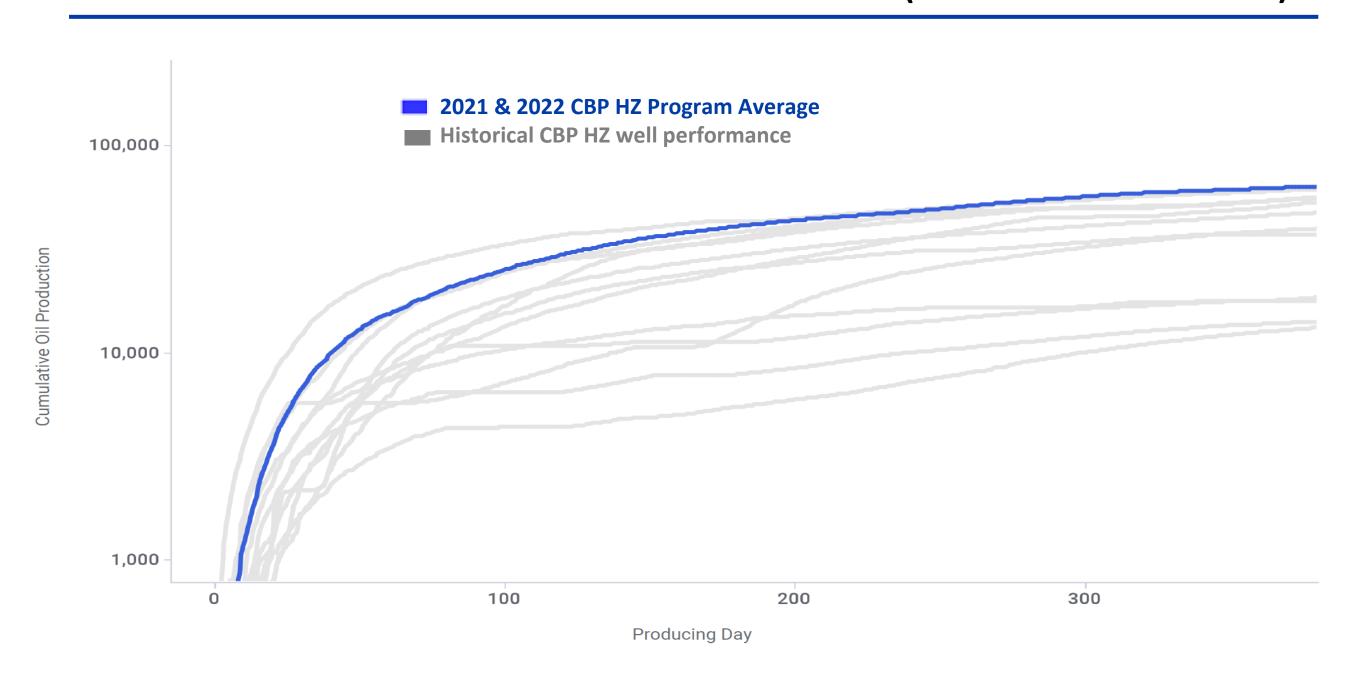
HZ Well Performance & Costs

Technical Improvements to Completion and Landing Zone

Annual D&C per HZ Cost Range (1.0 & 1.5 Mile)¹



CBP 1.0 & 1.5 Mile HZ Performance – Cum BO vs Time (2021 & 2022 vs Historic)^{2,3}



^{3) 2021 &}amp; '22 Well set comprised of 1.0 and 1.5 mile laterals drilled in CBP UL area (9 wells included)



¹⁾ Wells categorized by spud year; capex ties to financials

²⁾ Downtime associated with 2020 pandemic curtailment removed and contains only University Lands "UL" wells in the CBP (No normalization)



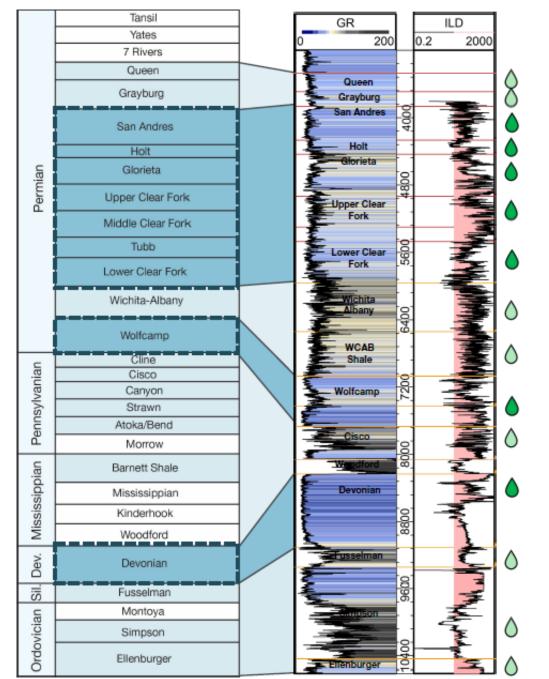


Southern Central Basin Platform

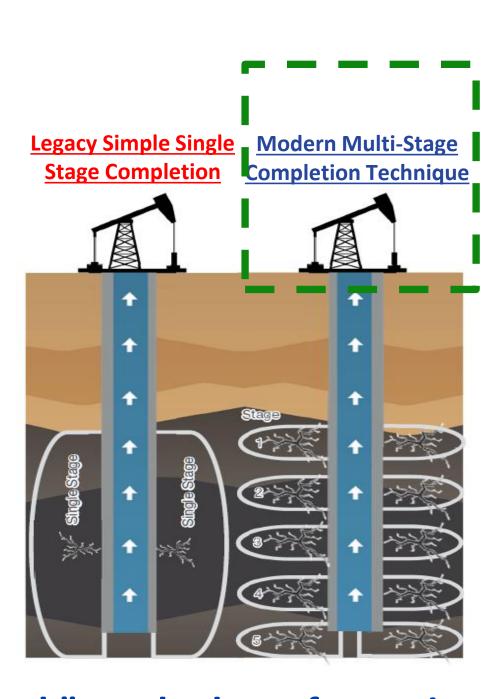
Vertical Well Performance & Costs

Stacked Pay Zones

CBP South Type Log

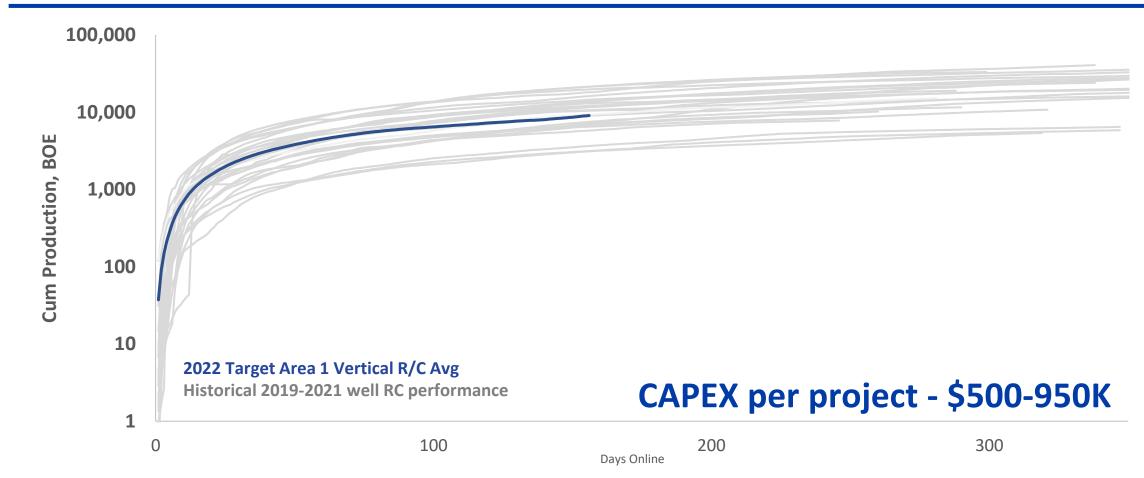


Modern Completion Methods

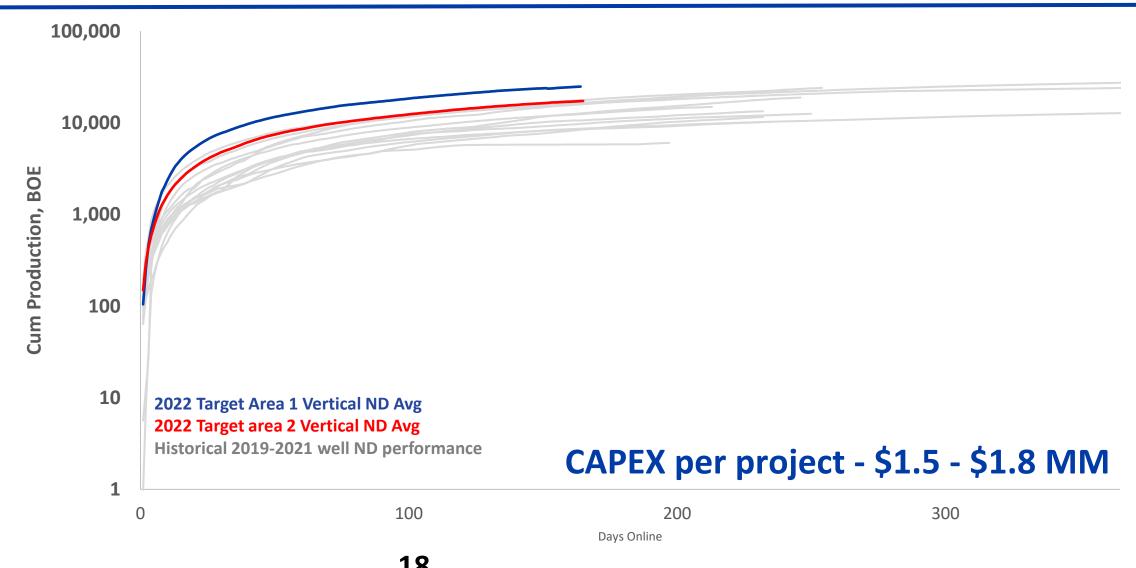


- Conventional "high quality rock" stacked pay formations targeted with today's modern multi-stage completion methods
- Significant remaining upside with high RORs high return/lowcost opportunities

Crane Co. – Vertical Recompletion "RC" – Cum BOE vs Time (Days)



Crane Co. – Vertical New Drills "ND" – Cum BOE vs Time (Days)









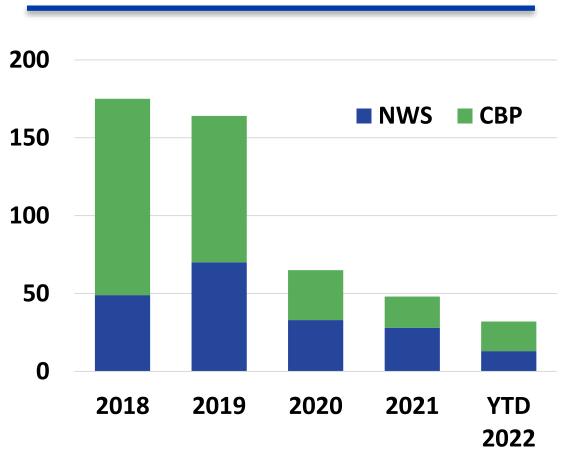
CTRs Significantly Reduce Operating Costs

Maintains Solid PDP Reserve Base that Generates Consistent FCF

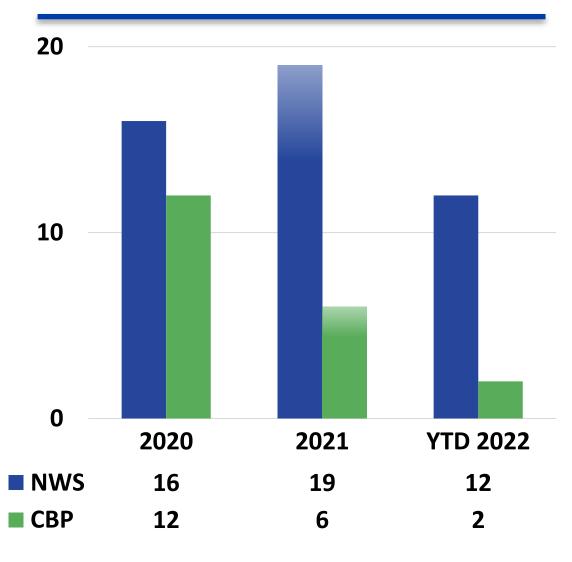
Increases reserves by reducing operating & well repair costs and extending well life

- ~50% long-term reduction in LOE
- Up to 75% reduction in future pulling costs
- Extends economic life & increases EUR

ESP Failures¹ 2018 – 2022







Cost Savings ESP vs ROD



Range of Avg Well Repair Cost

■ ESP ■ ROD

Maximizing Operational Margin is Predicated on Being a Leading LOW-COST OPERATOR





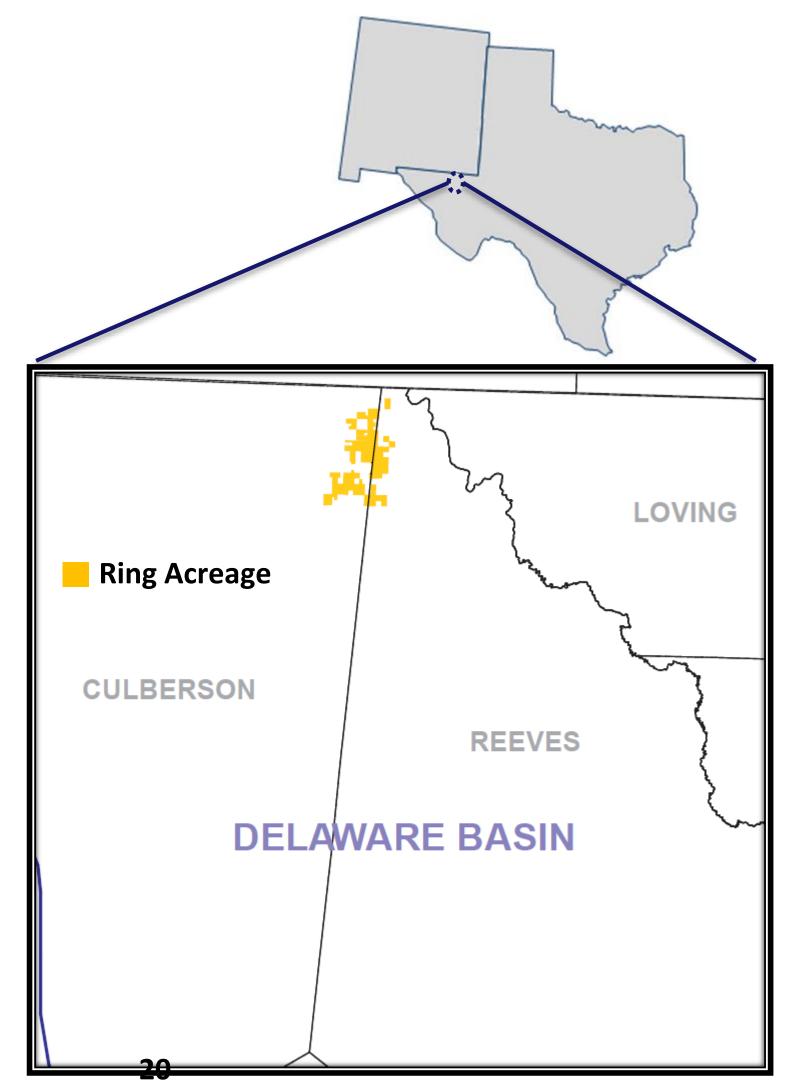


Delaware Basin Asset

Turnkey Asset with Predictable Cash Flow and Upside Potential

Non-Core asset that can be catalyst to pay down debt and/or provide funds for potential accretive acquisition

- Sales process for Delaware Assets underway
- Truist Securities running a marketed process
- Asset infrastructure in-place to enable efficient development
 - Produced water, gas gathering and pipeline
- Long life and shallow decline PDP base
- High ownership working interest ~ 98% (75% NRI)
- Large inventory of re-activations, re-completions, and new drills





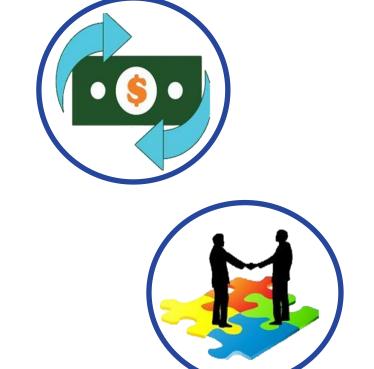


Value Proposition 2022 and Beyond





Achieving High-Return Organic Growth



Pursuing Acquisition Opportunities to Further Increase Scale and Lower Break-Even Costs



Appendix







Q3 2022 Highlights

Executing our Strategy

- Successfully closed accretive transaction
- Record quarterly sales revenue of \$94.4 MM highest in Company history
- Increased sales volumes² 42% to 13,278 Boe/d (76% oil, 13% natural gas, 11% NGLs)
- Grew net income 79% over Q2 2022 to \$75.1 million
- Grew Adj. EBITDA¹ 18% over Q2 2022 to \$56.0 MM highest in Company history
- Paid down debt³ by \$17.0 million since closing Stronghold acquisition
- Reduced leverage ratio⁴ to 1.4x compared to ~ 3.5x at YE 2021
- Increased liquidity to ~\$165 million, more than \$100 million higher than YE 2021
- Drilled 8 wells, completed 9 wells and performed 3 recompletions
- Grew Cash Flow from Operations¹ by 10% to \$48.9 million

Q3 2022 Highlights

\$75.1 MM

Net Income

\$9.7¹ MM

Free Cash Flow

\$56.0¹ MM

Adjusted EBITDA

\$17.0³ MM

Debt Repayment

13,278 Boe/d
(76% oil)
Net Sales per day

\$10.67 LOE per Boe



^{1.} Adjusted EBITDA, Free Cash Flow and Cash Flow from Operations are Non-GAAP financial measures and reconciled in Ring's earnings releases

^{2.} Includes 1 month of Stronghold acquisition closed on August 31, 2022 as well as conversion from 2-stream to 3-stream

^{3.} Debt repayment Ring as of Aug. 31, 2022, pro-forma debt balance at closing ~ \$452 million

^{4.} Leverage ratio based on annualized third quarter EBITDA adjusted for the pro-forma effects of the Transaction from the beginning of the quarters as per credit agreement.





Q4 2022 Guidance

Grow Production, Generate FCF, Pay Down Debt

Sal	es	Vo	lumes

	18,000 – 19,000
Oil (Bo/d) ~70%	12,600 - 13,300
Gas (Mcf/d) ~17%	18,400 - 19,400
NGLs (Bbls/d) ~ 13%	2,300 - 2,500

		•
Capital	Spei	nding
		6

Capital spending ¹ (millions)	\$42 – \$46
--	-------------

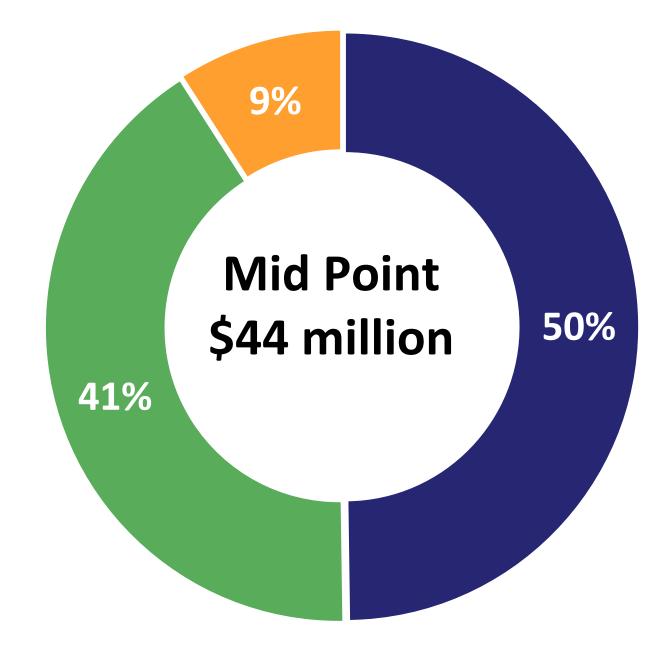
New Horizontal (Hz) wells drilled

New Vertical wells drilled 4 – 5

New Hz wells completed and online 7

New Vertical wells completed and online 2-3

CAPEX Allocation



Operating Expenses

LOE (per Boe) \$10.25 - \$11.40

■ D,C&E ■ Recomp/CTRs/Cap Workovers ■ Land/Non-op

1.In addition to Company-directed drilling and completion activities, the capital spending outlook includes funds for targeted well reactivations, recompletions, workovers, infrastructure upgrades, and continuing the Company's successful CTR program in its NWS and CBP areas. Also included is anticipated spending for lease costs, contractual drilling obligations and non-operated drilling, completion and capital workovers.







Financial Overview

Derivative Summary

Summary of Hedges

	Oil Hedges (WTI) 2022 2023 2024		Gas H 2022	edges (Henry Hub) 2023 2024
Swaps: Hedged volume (BBL) Weighted average swap price	379,250 389,250 526,000 \$ 54.89 \$ 77.55 \$ 65.90	NYMEX Swaps: Hedged volume (MMBtu) Weighted average swap price	46,313 \$ 2.51 \$	175,421 - 2.40 \$ -
Deferred premium puts: Hedged volume (BBL) Weighted average strike price Weighted average deferred premium price	138,000 773,500 91,000 \$ 97.93 \$ 90.64 \$ 83.75 \$ 11.81 \$ 15.25 \$ 17.32	Two-way collars: (1) Hedged volume (MMBtu) Weighted average put price Call hedged volume (MMBtu) Weighted average call price	\$ 3.76 \$	2,486,514 1,712,250 3.18 \$ 4.00 2,306,514 1,712,250 5.03 \$ 6.29
Two-way collars: Hedged volume (BBL) Weighted average put price Weighted average call price Three-way collars:	97,201 487,622 475,350 \$ 53.93 \$ 52.16 \$ 67.88 \$ 67.68 \$ 62.94 \$ 83.32	Three-way collar: Hedged volume (MMBtu) Weighted average first put price Weighted average second put price Weighted average call price Weighted average deferred premium price	304,250 \$ 2.20 \$ \$ 2.50 \$ \$ 3.25 \$ \$ 0.19 \$	- \$ - - \$ - - \$ - - \$ - - \$ -
Hedged volume (BBL) Weighted average first put price Weighted average second put price Weighted average call price	89,985 66,061 - \$ 40.00 \$ 45.00 \$ - \$ 50.00 \$ 55.00 \$ - \$ 62.03 \$ 80.05 \$ -	Waha basis swaps: Hedged volume (MMBtu) Weighted average swap price	Gas Hed 2022 505,024 (2)	1,339,685 - (3) \$ -

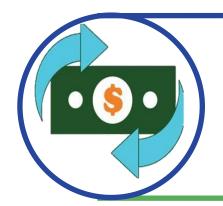
⁽¹⁾ The two-way collars for the fourth quarter of 2022 and first quarter of 2023 include 2x1 collars where the put volumes of 561,200 and 360,000 are two times the call volumes of 280,600 and 180,000, respectively.

⁽³⁾ The WAHA basis swaps in place for the calendar year of 2023 consist of two derivative contracts, each with a fixed price of the Henry Hub natural gas price less a fixed amount (weighted average of \$0.55 per MMBtu)



⁽²⁾ The WAHA basis swaps in place for the remainder of 2022 consist of five derivative contracts, each with a fixed price of the Henry Hub natural gas price less a fixed amount (weighted average of \$0.57 per MMBtu).





Income Statement and Operational Stats

Income Statement

		(Unaudited	d)			
		Three	Months Ended		Nine Months I	Ended
	5	September 30,	June 30,	September 30,	September	30,
		2022	2022	2021	2022	2021
Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Revenues	\$	94,408,948 \$	84,961,875 \$	49,376,176	\$ 247,551,855 \$	136,638,810
Costs and Operating Expenses						
Lease operating expenses		13,029,098	8,301,443	6,983,196	30,283,706	22,634,259
Gathering, transportation and processing costs		-	549,389	1,051,163	1,846,247	2,883,348
Ad valorem taxes		1,199,385	949,239	703,774	3,100,578	2,144,800
Oil and natural gas production taxes		4,563,519	4,157,457	2,240,759	11,939,338	6,291,860
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		14,324,502	10,749,204	9,310,524	34,854,993	26,693,808
Asset retirement obligation accretion		243,140	186,303	182,905	617,685	560,662
Operating lease expense		83,590	83,590	83,589	250,770	439,896
General and administrative expense (including share-based compensation)		7,393,848	5,832,302	4,433,251	18,748,427	11,103,394
Total Costs and Operating Expenses		40,837,082	30,808,927	24,989,161	101,641,744	72,752,027
		· · ·	· · ·	<u> </u>	 · · ·	
Income from Operations		53,571,866	54,152,948	24,387,015	145,910,111	63,886,783
Other Income (Expense)						
Interest income		4	-	-	4	1
Interest expense		(7,021,385)	(3,279,299)	(3,551,462)	(13,699,045)	(10,947,960)
Loss on derivative contracts		32,851,189	(7,457,018)	(6,720,320)	 (2,201,970)	(73,586,199)
Net Other Expense		25,829,808	(10,736,317)	(10,271,782)	(15,901,011)	(84,534,158)
Income (Loss) Before Provision for Income Taxes		79,401,674	43,416,631	14,115,233	 130,009,100	(20,647,375)
(Provision For) Benefit From Income Taxes		(4,315,783)	(1,472,209)	48,701	 (5,866,744)	(141,943)
Net Income (Loss)	\$	75,085,891 \$	41,944,422 \$	14,163,934	\$ 124,142,356 \$	(20,789,318)
		-,,	,- , +	,,	 , ,+	(2, 22, 2)
Basic Earnings (Loss) per Share	\$	0.65 \$	0.39 \$	0.14	\$ 1.16 \$	(0.21)
Diluted Earnings (Loss) per Share	\$	0.49 \$	0.32 \$	0.12	\$ 0.92 \$	(0.21)
Basic Weighted-Average Shares Outstanding		115,376,280	106,390,776	99,358,504	107,349,184	99,251,532
		151 751 000	100 507 500	404 000 740	404.000.070	00.054.500

134,826,276

121,220,748

99,251,532

Operational Stats

		(Una	udit	ed)					
	Three Months Ended						Nine Mon	ths E	inded
		September 30,		June 30,	S	eptember 30,	September 30,		
	_	2022		2022		2021	2022		2021
Net sales volumes:									
Oil (Bbls)		932,770		729,484		659,247	2,338,469		1,971,776
Natural gas (Mcf)		952,762		723,196		594,841	2,408,241		1,773,506
Natural gas liquids (Bbls) (1)		130,052		-		, -	130,052		, , -
Total oil, natural gas and natural gas liquids (Boe)	(1)(2)	1,221,616		850,017		758,387	2,869,895		2,267,360
, 3 , , ,	% Oil	76%		86%		87%	81%		87%
Average daily equivalent sales (Boe/d)		13,278		9,341		8,243	10,512		8,305
Average realized sales prices:									
Oil (\$/Bbl)	\$	92.64	\$	109.24	\$	69.61	\$ 98.16	\$	64.37
Natural gas (\$/Mcf)		4.89		7.29		5.86	6.10		5.48
Natural gas liquids (\$/Bbls)		25.68		-		-	25.68		-
Barrel of oil equivalent (\$/Boe)	Ş	77.28	\$	99.95	\$	65.11	\$ 86.26	\$	60.26
Average costs and expenses per Boe (\$/Boe):									
Lease operating expenses	\$	10.67	\$	9.77	\$	9.21	\$ 10.55	\$	9.98
Gathering, transportation and processing costs		-		0.65		1.39	0.64		1.27
Ad valorem taxes		0.98		1.12		0.93	1.08		0.95
Oil and natural gas production taxes		3.74		4.89		2.95	4.16		2.77
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		11.73		12.65		12.28	12.15		11.77
Asset retirement obligation accretion		0.20		0.22		0.24	0.22		0.25
Operating lease expense		0.07		0.10		0.11	0.09		0.19
General and administrative expense (including shabased compensation)	are-	6.05		6.86		5.85	6.53		4.90
General and administrative expense (excluding shased compensation)	are-	4.79		4.63		4.82	4.80		4.24

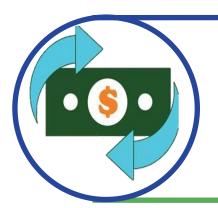
⁽¹⁾ Beginning July 1, 2022, revenues were reported on a three-stream basis, separately reporting crude oil, natural gas, and natural gas liquids volumes and sales. For periods prior to July 1, 2022, volumes and sales for natural gas liquids were presented with natural gas.



Diluted Weighted-Average Shares Outstanding

⁽²⁾ Boe is determined using the ratio of six Mcf of natural gas to one Bbl of oil (totals may not compute due to rounding). The conversion ratio does not assume price equivalency and the price on an equivalent basis for oil, natural gas, and natural gas liquids may differ significantly.





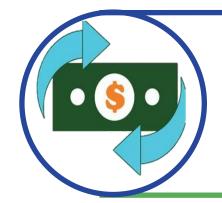
Balance Sheet and Cash Flow Statement

27

Balance Sheet		(Unaudited) September 30, 2022		December 31, 2021	
ASSETS					
Current Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	890,567	\$	2,408,316	
Accounts receivable		45,864,400		24,026,807	
Joint interest billing receivable		1,897,125		2,433,811	
Derivative assets		13,322,013		-	
Prepaid expenses and other assets		3,246,569		938,029	
Total Current Assets		65,220,674		29,806,963	
Properties and Equipment					
Oil and natural gas properties subject to amortization		1,418,931,111		883,844,745	
Financing lease asset subject to depreciation		2,067,375		1,422,487	
Fixed assets subject to depreciation		2,985,778		2,089,722	
Total Properties and Equipment		1,423,984,264		887,356,954	
Accumulated depreciation, depletion and amortization		(269,541,416)		(235,997,307)	
Net Properties and Equipment		1,154,442,848		651,359,647	
Operating lease asset		1,071,482		1,277,253	
Derivative assets		11,545,982		-	
Deferred financing costs		19,029,907		1,713,466	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,251,310,893	\$	684,157,329	
LIABILITIES, MEZZANINE EQUITY AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$	86,822,997	\$	46,233,452	
Income tax liability	Ψ	36,736	Ψ	10,200, 102	
Financing lease liability		406,890		316,514	
Operating lease liability		306,715		290,766	
Derivative liabilities		23,767,689		29,241,588	
Notes payable		877,631		586,410	
Deferred cash payment		14,511,687		300,410	
Total Current Liabilities		126,730,345	_	76,668,730	
Non-Current Liabilities					
Deferred income taxes		5,920,300		90,292	
Revolving line of credit		435,000,000		290,000,000	
Financing lease liability, less current portion		564,205		343,727	
Operating lease liability, less current portion		905,524		1,138,319	
Derivative liabilities		8,734,388		-	
Asset retirement obligations		29,426,737		15,292,054	
Total Non-Current Liabilities		480,551,154		306,864,392	
Total Liabilities		607,281,499		383,533,122	
		, ,		, ,	
Mezzanine Equity		407.050.440			
Convertible preferred stock - \$0.001 par value; 153,176 shares outstanding Stockholders' Equity		137,858,446		-	
Preferred stock - \$0.001 par value; 50,000,000 shares authorized; 153,176 shares issued or outstanding		-		-	
Common stock - \$0.001 par value; 225,000,000 shares authorized; 131,586,927 shares and 100,192,562 shares issued and outstanding, respectively		131,587		100,193	
Additional paid-in capital		634,845,283		553,472,292	
Additional paid-in capital Accumulated deficit		(128,805,922)		(252,948,278)	
Total Stockholders' Equity		506,170,948		300,624,207	
	•		Ф		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, MEZZANINE EQUITY AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	<u>\$</u>	1,251,310,893	<u>\$</u>	684,157,329	

Cash Flow	(Unau	dited) Three Months Ende	d	Nine Mo	nths Ended
Casiiiiow	September 30,	June 30,	September 30,	Septe	mber 30,
	2022	2022	2021	2022	2021
Cash Flows From Operating Activities					
Net income (loss)	\$ 75,085,891	\$ 41,944,422	\$ 14,163,934	\$ 124,142,356	\$ (20,789,318
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation, depletion and amortization Asset retirement obligation accretion	14,324,503 243,140		9,310,524 182,905	34,854,993 617,685	26,693,80 560,66
Amortization of deferred financing costs	1,095,073	,	166,282	1,483,621	496,53
Share-based compensation	1,543,033		777,461	4,964,188	1,484,73
Deferred income tax (benefit) expense	4,279,047	1,485,022	1,886,118	5,830,008	141,94
Excess tax (benefit) expense related to share-based compensation	-	-	(1,934,819)	-	
(Gain) Loss on derivative contracts	(32,851,189)	7,457,018	6,720,320	2,201,970	73,586,19
Cash (paid) for derivative settlements, net	(14,861,116)	(19,617,265)	(14,921,008)	(48,593,882)	(33,278,132
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
Accounts receivable	(6,907,079)	(4,315,730)	1,656,229	(21,300,907)	(5,017,078
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(40,823)	(2,470,602)	278,870	(2,308,540)	(902,692
Accounts payable	27,144,096	4,328,968	(329,555)	33,992,075	8,329,56
Settlement of asset retirement obligation	(881,768)	(1,113,208)	(444,502)	(2,548,344)	(1,782,779
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	68,172,808	40,722,650	17,512,759	133,335,223	49,523,43
Cash Flows From Investing Activities					
Payments for the Stronghold Acquisition	(183,359,626)	-	-	(183,359,626)	
Payments to purchase oil and natural gas properties	(467,840)		(141,468)	(1,211,691)	(579,156
Payments to develop oil and natural gas properties	(34,121,878)		(11,957,917)	(83,776,050)	(34,680,935
Purchase of fixed assets subject to depreciation	(66,838)	<u> </u>	(548,730)	(158,598)	(609,633
Sale of fixed assets subject to depreciation	-	126,100	-	134,600	(000,000
Proceeds from divestiture of oil and natural gas properties		25,066	<u> </u>	25,066	2,000,00
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	(218,016,182)	(36,107,406)	(12,648,115)	(268,346,299)	(33,869,724
Cash Flows From Financing Activities					
Proceeds from revolving line of credit	541,500,000		14,500,000	592,000,000	34,400,00
Payments on revolving line of credit	(376,500,000)	(50,500,000)	(20,000,000)	(447,000,000)	(52,400,000
Proceeds from issuance of common stock and warrants	2,400,000	5,163,126	-	7,563,126	241,26
Payments to cover tax withholdings	(6,790)	(257,694)	-	(264,484)	
Proceeds from notes payable	316,677	928,626	323,671	1,245,303	1,233,13
Payments on notes payable	(333,341)	(253,360)	(224,670)	(954,082)	(375,987
Payment of deferred financing costs	(18,762,502)	-	-	(18,762,502)	(76,887
Reduction of financing lease liabilities	(103,392)	(111,864)	(86,941)	(334,034)	(206,936
Net Cash Used in Financing Activities	148,510,652	(4,531,166)	(5,487,940)	133,493,327	(17,185,403)
Net (Decrease) Increase in Cash	(1,332,722)	84,078	(623,296)	(1,517,749)	(1,531,688)
Cash at Beginning of Period	2,223,289	2,139,211	2,670,242	2,408,316	3,578,63
Cash at End of Period	\$ 890,567	\$ 2,223,289	\$ 2,046,946	\$ 890,567	\$ 2,046,94





Non-GAAP Disclosure

Certain financial information included in Ring's financial results are not measures of financial performance recognized by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, or GAAP. These non-GAAP financial measures are "Adjusted Net Income", "Adjusted EBITDA", "Free Cash Flow" and "Cash Flow from Operations". Management uses these non-GAAP financial measures in its analysis of performance. In addition, Adjusted EBITDA is a key metric used to determine the Company's incentive compensation awards. These disclosures may not be viewed as a substitute for results determined in accordance with GAAP and are not necessarily comparable to non-GAAP performance measures which may be reported by other companies.

Adjusted Net Income does not include the estimated after-tax impact of share-based compensation, ceiling test impairment, and unrealized loss (gain) on change in fair value of derivatives, as well an add back of the full valuation against the Company's deferred tax assets during the fourth quarter of 2020. Adjusted Net Income is presented because the timing and amount of these items cannot be reasonably estimated and affect the comparability of operating results from period to period, and current periods to prior periods.

The Company also presents the non-GAAP financial measures Adjusted EBITDA and Free Cash Flow. The Company defines Adjusted EBITDA as net (loss) income plus net interest expense, unrealized loss on change in fair value of derivatives, ceiling test impairment, income tax (benefit) expense, depreciation, depletion and amortization and accretion, asset retirement obligation accretion and share-based compensation. Company management believes this presentation is relevant and useful because it helps investors understand Ring's operating performance and makes it easier to compare its results with those of other companies that have different financing, capital and tax structures. Adjusted EBITDA should not be considered in isolation from or as a substitute for net income, as an indication of operating performance or cash flows from operating activities or as a measure of liquidity. Adjusted EBITDA, as Ring calculates it, may not be comparable to Adjusted EBITDA measures reported by other companies. In addition, Adjusted EBITDA does not represent funds available for discretionary use.

The Company defines Free Cash Flow as Adjusted EBITDA (defined above) less net interest expense (excluding amortization of deferred financing cost) and capital expenditures. For this purpose, the Company's definition of capital expenditures includes costs incurred related to oil and natural gas properties (such as drilling and infrastructure costs and the lease maintenance costs) and equipment, furniture and fixtures, but excludes acquisition costs of oil and gas properties from third parties that are not included in the Company's capital expenditures guidance provided to investors. Company management believes that Free Cash Flow is an important financial performance measure for use in evaluating the performance and efficiency of its current operating activities after the impact of accrued capital expenditures and net interest expense and without being impacted by items such as changes associated with working capital, which can vary substantially from one period to another. There is no commonly accepted definition for Free Cash Flow within the industry. Accordingly, Free Cash Flow, as defined and calculated by the Company, may not be comparable to Free Cash Flow or other similarly named non-GAAP measures reported by other companies. While the Company includes net interest expense in the calculation of Free Cash Flow, other mandatory debt service requirements of future payments of principal at maturity (if such debt is not refinanced) are excluded from the calculation of Free Cash Flow. These and other non-discretionary expenditures that are not deducted from Free Cash Flow would reduce cash available for other uses.

PV-10 is a measure not prepared in accordance with GAAP that differs from a measure under GAAP known as "standardized measure of discounted future net cash flows" in that PV-10 is calculated without including future income taxes. Management believes that the presentation of the PV-10 value of our oil and natural gas properties is relevant and useful to investors because it presents the estimated discounted future net cash flows attributable to our estimated proved reserves independent of our income tax attributes, thereby isolating the intrinsic value of the estimated future cash flows attributable to our reserves. We believe the use of a pre-tax measure provides greater comparability of assets when evaluating companies because the timing and quantification of future income taxes is dependent on company-specific factors, many of which are difficult to determine. For these reasons, management uses and believes that the industry generally uses the PV-10 measure in evaluating and comparing acquisition candidates and assessing the potential rate of return on investments in oil and natural gas properties. PV-10 does not necessarily represent the fair market value of oil and natural gas properties. PV-10 is not a measure of financial or operational performance under GAAP, nor should it be considered in isolation or as a substitute for the standardized measure of discounted future net cash flows as defined under GAAP.

The Company also presents the non-GAAP financial measure Cash Flow from Operations. The Company defines Cash Flow from Operations as Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities plus Changes in operating assets and liabilities.

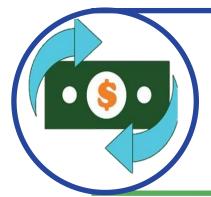
The table below provides a reconciliation of PV-10 to the standardized measure of discounted future net cash flows as of December 31, 2021.

F	2		V	(
Ε	Ν	Ε	R	G	Υ

	Natural			Future Income	Measure of
Oil	Gas	Total	Pre-Tax PV-10	Taxes,	Discounted Future
(Bbl)	(Mcf)	(Boe)	Value	Discounted at 10%	Net Cash Flows
65,838,609	71,773,789	77,800,907	\$1,332,097,625	\$ (194,732,777)	\$ 1,137,364,848

Standardized





Non-GAAP Reconciliations

Adjusted Net Income

	Se	eptember 30,	Three	e Months Ended June 30,	Se	ptember 30,		Nine Mor Septer		
		2022		2022		2021		2022		2021
				(Una	audited	d for All Periods)			
Net Income (Loss)	\$	75,085,891	\$	41,944,422	\$	14,163,934	\$	124,142,356	\$	(20,789,318)
Share-based compensation		1,543,033		1,899,245		777,461		4,964,188		1,484,730
Unrealized loss (gain) on change in fair value of derivatives		(47,712,305)		(12,160,247)		(8,200,688)		(46,391,912)		40,308,067
Transaction costs - Stronghold Acquisition		1,142,963		-		-		1,142,963		-
Tax impact of adjusted items		2,447,351		(347,939)		-		1,817,876		-
Adjusted Net Income	\$	32,506,933	\$	31,335,481	\$	6,740,707	\$	85,675,471	<u>\$</u>	21,003,479
Basic Weighted-Average Shares Outstanding		115,376,280		106,390,776		99,358,504		107,349,184		99,251,532
Adjusted Net Income per Share	\$	0.28	\$	0.29	\$	0.07	\$	0.80	\$	0.21

Free Cash	Flow
-----------	------

	September 30,	Three Months Ended	l September 30,		ths Ended nber 30,
_	2022	2022	2021	2022	2021
_		(Una	audited for All Period	ls)	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 55,964,388	\$ 47,370,435	\$ 19,736,897	\$ 138,896,058	\$ 59,347,851
Net interest expense (excluding amortization of deferred financing costs)	(5,926,308)	(3,090,025)	(3,385,180)	(12,215,420)	(10,451,426)
Capital expenditures (1)	(40,295,388)	(41,810,442)	(13,720,336)	(110,245,399)	(39,701,834)
Proceeds from divestiture of oil and natural gasproperties		25,066		25,066	2,000,000
9 Free Cash Flow	\$ 9,742,692	\$ 2,495,034	<u>\$ 2,631,381</u>	<u>\$ 16,460,305</u>	<u>\$ 11,194,591</u>

(1) The three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 excludes the Stronghold acquisition.

Cash Flow From Operations

Ad	justed	EBIT	DA

	S	eptember 30,	Three	e Months Ended June 30,	Se	ptember 30,		Nine Mor Septer		
		2022		2022		2021		2022		2021
				(l	Unaudi	ted for All Perio	ds)			
Net Income (Loss)	\$	75,085,891	\$	41,944,422	\$	14,163,934	\$	124,142,356	\$	(20,789,318)
Interest expense, net		7,021,381		3,279,299		3,551,462		13,699,041		10,947,959
Unrealized loss (gain) on change in fair value of derivatives		(47,712,305)		(12,160,247)		(8,200,688)		(46,391,912)		40,308,067
Income tax provision (benefit)		4,315,783		1,472,209		(48,701)		5,866,744		141,943
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		14,324,502		10,749,204		9,310,524		34,854,993		26,693,808
Asset retirement obligation accretion		243,140		186,303		182,905		617,685		560,662
Transaction costs - Stronghold Acquisition		1,142,963		, -		, -		1,142,963		, -
Share-based compensation		1,543,033		1,899,245		777,461		4,964,188		1,484,730
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	55,964,388	<u>\$</u>	47,370,435	<u>\$</u>	19,736,897	<u>\$</u>	138,896,058	<u>\$</u>	59,347,851
Adjusted EBITDA Margin		59%		56%		40%		56%		43%
Basic Weighted-Average Shares Outstanding		115,376,280		106,390,776		99,358,504		107,349,184		99,251,532
Adjusted EBITDA per Share	\$	0.49	\$	0.45	\$	0.20	\$	1.29	\$	0.60

		Nine Mor	Nine Months Ended					
	September 30, June 30, September 30,			Septer	September 30,			
	2022	2022	2021	2022	2021			
		(Unaudited for All Periods)						
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 68,172,808	\$ 40,722,650	\$ 17,512,759	\$ 133,335,223	\$ 49,523,439			
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	(19,314,426)	3,570,572	(1,161,042)	(7,834,284)	(627,014)			
Cash Flow from Operations	<u>\$ 48,858,382</u>	\$ 44,293,222	<u>\$ 16,351,717</u>	<u>\$ 125,500,939</u>	<u>\$ 48,896,425</u>			







Refreshed Board of Directors

Accomplished and Diversified Experience



Paul D. McKinney Chairman & Chief **Executive Officer**

35+ years of domestic & international oil & gas industry experience

Executive & board roles include CEO, President, COO, Region VP and public & private board directorships









Anthony D. Petrelli Lead Independent Director

43+ years of banking, capital markets, governance & financial experience

Executive and Board positions include CEO, President, multiple board chairs & directorships









Roy I. Ben-Dor Director

WARBURG PINCUS

& Company

McKinsey



John A. Crum **Independent Director**



David S. Habachy Independent Director



Richard E. Harris Independent Director

40+ years of

experience across



Thomas L. Mitchell **Independent Director**



Regina Roesener Independent Director



Clayton E. Woodrum Independent Director

14+ years of finance & capital markets experience

and capital markets acumen and experience including **Managing Director** and numerous Board Director positions

45+ years of domestic Extensive financial

> multiple public & directorships

& international oil & gas industry experience

Extensive executive roles including CEO, President & COO, and private board chairs &







24+ years of oil & gas industry, finance & capital markets experience

Wide range of operations, engineering, financial and capital markets roles and experience including Managing Director and numerous Board Director positions

WARBURG PINCUS

Kayne Anderson

Capital Advisors, L.P.

multiple industries Executive positions in

oil & gas, industrial equipment, and technology including CIO, Treasurer, Finance and Business Development

35+ years of domestic & international oil & gas industry experience

Executive & board roles include CFO, VP Accounting, Controller and public & private board directorships



Executive and Board positions including COO, director and **Board Director** positions

50+ years of accounting, tax & finance experience

Wide range of financial acumen including positions as CFO, Partner in Charge and Board Director positions

















































SEC Proved Reserves¹

Year-End 2021

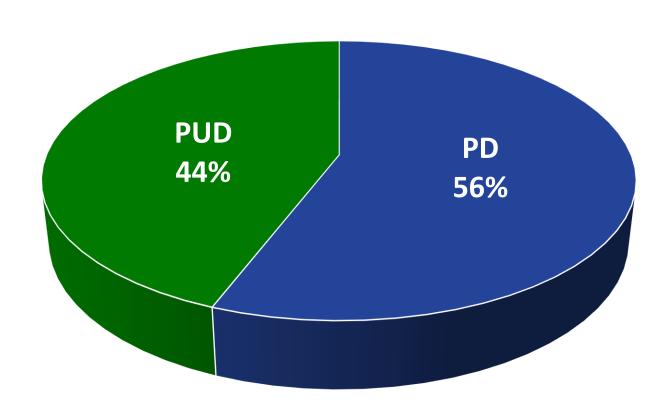
mary	Reserve Category	Net Oil, MBbl	Net Gas, MMcf	Net MBOE	Net Capex ² , \$MM	PV-10 ³ , \$MM
l E	PD	36,821	39,749	43,446	\$55	\$794
1P S	PUD	29,018	32,025	34,355	\$293	\$538
	TOTAL	65,839	71,774	77,801	\$348	\$1,332

2021 SEC Pricing

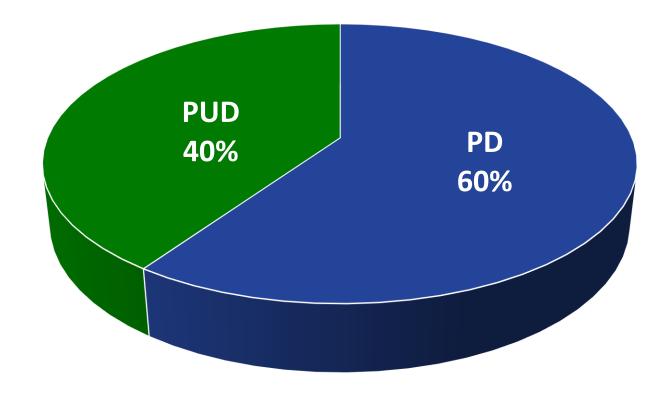
Oil/\$Bbl \$63.04

Gas \$/Mmbtu \$3.598

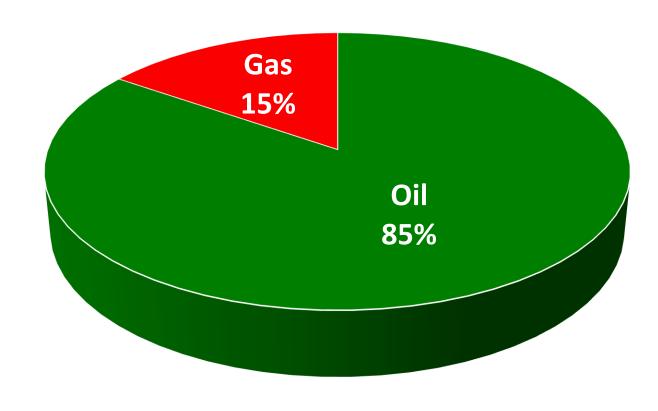
Reserves by Category (%)



Reserves by PV10 (\$MM)



Reserves by Product





Based on Cawley, Gillespie & Associates YE 2021 SEC Proved Reserve report
 Net capex includes P&A
 PV10 is reconciled in Non-GAAP disclosure

COMPANY CONTACT

Al Petrie (281) 975-2146

apetrie@ringenergy.com

Chris Delange (281) 975-2146

cdelange@ringenergy.com

ANALYST COVERAGE

Alliance Global Partners (A.G.P.)

Jeff Campbell (203) 577-5427

jcampbell@allianceg.com

Tuohy Brothers Investment Noel Parks (215) 913-7320

nparks@tuohybrothers.com

ROTH Capital Partners

John M. White (949) 720-7115

jwhite@roth.com

Truist Financial Neal Dingmann (713) 247-9000

neal.dingmann@truist.com

