



Q1 FY17 MANAGEMENT PRESENTATION

12 August 2016

CAUTIONARY NOTE ON FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Management Presentation contains forward-looking statements. James Hardie Industries plc (the “company”) may from time to time make forward-looking statements in its periodic reports filed with or furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission, on Forms 20-F and 6-K, in its annual reports to shareholders, in offering circulars, invitation memoranda and prospectuses, in media releases and other written materials and in oral statements made by the company’s officers, directors or employees to analysts, institutional investors, existing and potential lenders, representatives of the media and others. Statements that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements and such forward-looking statements are statements made pursuant to the Safe Harbor Provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

Examples of forward-looking statements include:

- statements about the company’s future performance;
- projections of the company’s results of operations or financial condition;
- statements regarding the company’s plans, objectives or goals, including those relating to strategies, initiatives, competition, acquisitions, dispositions and/or its products;
- expectations concerning the costs associated with the suspension or closure of operations at any of the company’s plants and future plans with respect to any such plants;
- expectations concerning the costs associated with the significant capital expenditure projects at any of the company’s plants and future plans with respect to any such projects;
- expectations regarding the extension or renewal of the company’s credit facilities including changes to terms, covenants or ratios;
- expectations concerning dividend payments and share buy-backs;
- statements concerning the company’s corporate and tax domiciles and structures and potential changes to them, including potential tax charges;
- statements regarding tax liabilities and related audits, reviews and proceedings;
- expectations about the timing and amount of contributions to Asbestos Injuries Compensation Fund (AICF), a special purpose fund for the compensation of proven Australian asbestos-related personal injury and death claims;
- expectations concerning the adequacy of the company’s warranty provisions and estimates for future warranty-related costs;
- statements regarding the company’s ability to manage legal and regulatory matters (including but not limited to product liability, environmental, intellectual property and competition law matters) and to resolve any such pending legal and regulatory matters within current estimates and in anticipation of certain third-party recoveries; and
- statements about economic conditions, such as changes in the US economic or housing recovery or changes in the market conditions in the Asia Pacific region, the levels of new home construction and home renovations, unemployment levels, changes in consumer income, changes or stability in housing values, the availability of mortgages and other financing, mortgage and other interest rates, housing affordability and supply, the levels of foreclosures and home resales, currency exchange rates, and builder and consumer confidence.

CAUTIONARY NOTE ON FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

(continued)

Words such as “believe,” “anticipate,” “plan,” “expect,” “intend,” “target,” “estimate,” “project,” “predict,” “forecast,” “guideline,” “aim,” “will,” “should,” “likely,” “continue,” “may,” “objective,” “outlook” and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements but are not the exclusive means of identifying such statements. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements and all such forward-looking statements are qualified in their entirety by reference to the following cautionary statements.

Forward-looking statements are based on the company’s current expectations, estimates and assumptions and because forward-looking statements address future results, events and conditions, they, by their very nature, involve inherent risks and uncertainties, many of which are unforeseeable and beyond the company’s control. Such known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors may cause actual results, performance or other achievements to differ materially from the anticipated results, performance or achievements expressed, projected or implied by these forward-looking statements. These factors, some of which are discussed under “Risk Factors” in Section 3 of the Form 20-F filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on 19 May 2016, include, but are not limited to: all matters relating to or arising out of the prior manufacture of products that contained asbestos by current and former company subsidiaries; required contributions to AICF, any shortfall in AICF and the effect of currency exchange rate movements on the amount recorded in the company’s financial statements as an asbestos liability; governmental loan facility to AICF; compliance with and changes in tax laws and treatments; competition and product pricing in the markets in which the company operates; the consequences of product failures or defects; exposure to environmental, asbestos, putative consumer class action or other legal proceedings; general economic and market conditions; the supply and cost of raw materials; possible increases in competition and the potential that competitors could copy the company’s products; reliance on a small number of customers; a customer’s inability to pay; compliance with and changes in environmental and health and safety laws; risks of conducting business internationally; compliance with and changes in laws and regulations; currency exchange risks; dependence on customer preference and the concentration of the company’s customer base on large format retail customers, distributors and dealers; dependence on residential and commercial construction markets; the effect of adverse changes in climate or weather patterns; possible inability to renew credit facilities on terms favorable to the company, or at all; acquisition or sale of businesses and business segments; changes in the company’s key management personnel; inherent limitations on internal controls; use of accounting estimates; and all other risks identified in the company’s reports filed with Australian, Irish and US securities regulatory agencies and exchanges (as appropriate). The company cautions you that the foregoing list of factors is not exhaustive and that other risks and uncertainties may cause actual results to differ materially from those referenced in the company’s forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made and are statements of the company’s current expectations concerning future results, events and conditions. The company assumes no obligation to update any forward-looking statements or information except as required by law.

NOTE TO THE READER

As of 30 June 2016, the Company changed its reportable operating segments. Previously, the Company reported on three operating segments: (i) North America and Europe Fiber Cement, (ii) Asia Pacific Fiber Cement, and (iii) Research and Development. As of 30 June 2016, the Company will report on four operating segments: (i) North America Fiber Cement, (ii) International Fiber Cement, (iii) Other Businesses, and (iv) Research and Development. The significant changes to how certain businesses are reported in the new segment structure are as follows: (i) our European business is now reported in the International Fiber Cement segment, along with the other businesses that were historically reported in the Asia Pacific Fiber Cement segment, and (ii) business development, including some non-fiber cement operations, such as our Windows business in North America, are now reported in the Other Businesses segment as opposed to previously being reported in the old North America and Europe Fiber Cement segment. The Company has provided its historical segment information at 31 March 2016 and for the three months ended 30 June 2015 to be consistent with the new reportable segment structure. The change in reportable segments had no effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows for the periods presented. Readers are referred to Note 14 of our condensed consolidated financial statements for further information on our segments.

USE OF NON-GAAP FINANCIAL INFORMATION; AUSTRALIAN EQUIVALENT TERMINOLOGY

This Management Presentation includes financial measures that are not considered a measure of financial performance under generally accepted accounting principles in the United States (US GAAP). These financial measures are designed to provide investors with an alternative method for assessing our performance from on-going operations, capital efficiency and profit generation. Management uses these financial measure for the same purposes. These financial measures include:

- Adjusted EBIT;
- Adjusted EBIT margin;
- Adjusted net operating profit;
- Adjusted diluted earnings per share;
- Adjusted operating profit before income taxes
- Adjusted income tax expense;
- Adjusted effective tax rate
- Adjusted EBITDA; and
- Adjusted selling, general and administrative expenses (“Adjusted SG&A”)

These financial measures are or may be non-US GAAP financial measures as defined in the rules of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission and may exclude or include amounts that are included or excluded, as applicable, in the calculation of the most directly comparable financial measures calculated in accordance with US GAAP. These non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered to be more meaningful than the equivalent US GAAP measure. Management has included such measures to provide investors with an alternative method for assessing its operating results in a manner that is focused on the performance of its ongoing operations and excludes the impact of certain legacy items, such as asbestos adjustments. Additionally, management uses such non-GAAP financial measures for the same purposes. However, these non-GAAP financial measures are not prepared in accordance with US GAAP, may not be reported by all of the Company’s competitors and may not be directly comparable to similarly titled measures of the Company’s competitors due to potential differences in the exact method of calculation. For additional information regarding the non-GAAP financial measures presented in this Management Presentation , including a reconciliation of each non-GAAP financial measure to the equivalent US GAAP measure, see the slide titled “Non-US GAAP Financial Measures” included in the Appendix to this Management Presentation.

In addition, this Management Presentation includes financial measures and descriptions that are considered to not be in accordance with US GAAP, but which are consistent with financial measures reported by Australian companies, such as operating profit, EBIT and EBIT margin. Since the Company prepares its Consolidated Financial Statements in accordance with US GAAP, the Company provides investors with a table and definitions presenting cross-references between each US GAAP financial measure used in the Company’s Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements to the equivalent non-US GAAP financial measure used in this Management Presentation. See the section titled “Non-US GAAP Financial Measures” included in the Appendix to this Management Presentation.

AGENDA

- Overview and Operating Review – Louis Gries, CEO
- Financial Review – Matt Marsh, CFO and Executive VP - Corporate
- Questions and Answers





OVERVIEW AND OPERATING REVIEW

Louis Gries, CEO

GROUP OVERVIEW

Adjusted Net Operating Profit¹

1st Qtr

US\$66.7M  5%

Adjusted Diluted EPS¹

1st Qtr

US15 cents  7%

Adjusted EBIT²

1st Qtr

US\$97.6M  9%


Net Operating Cash Flow

1st Qtr

US\$115.1M  109%

Adjusted EBIT Margin %²

1st Qtr

20.4%  0.5 pts

- Higher volumes and strong net sales growth in all operating segments³
- Q1 FY17 North America Fiber Cement EBIT margin of 25.5%
- Q1 FY17 International Fiber Cement EBIT margin of 23.2%
- Commissioned Plant City sheet machine during Q1 FY17
- Net operating cash flow increased US\$60 million compared to pcp

¹ Excludes Asbestos related expenses and adjustments and tax adjustments

² Excludes Asbestos related expenses and adjustments

³ Excludes Australian Pipes business which was sold in Q1 FY16

NORTH AMERICA FIBER CEMENT SUMMARY

	Q1'17
Net Sales	US\$370.3M ↑ 15%
Sales Volume	548.4 mmsf ↑ 16%
Average Price	US\$665 per msf ↓ 1%
EBIT	US\$94.6M ↑ 4%

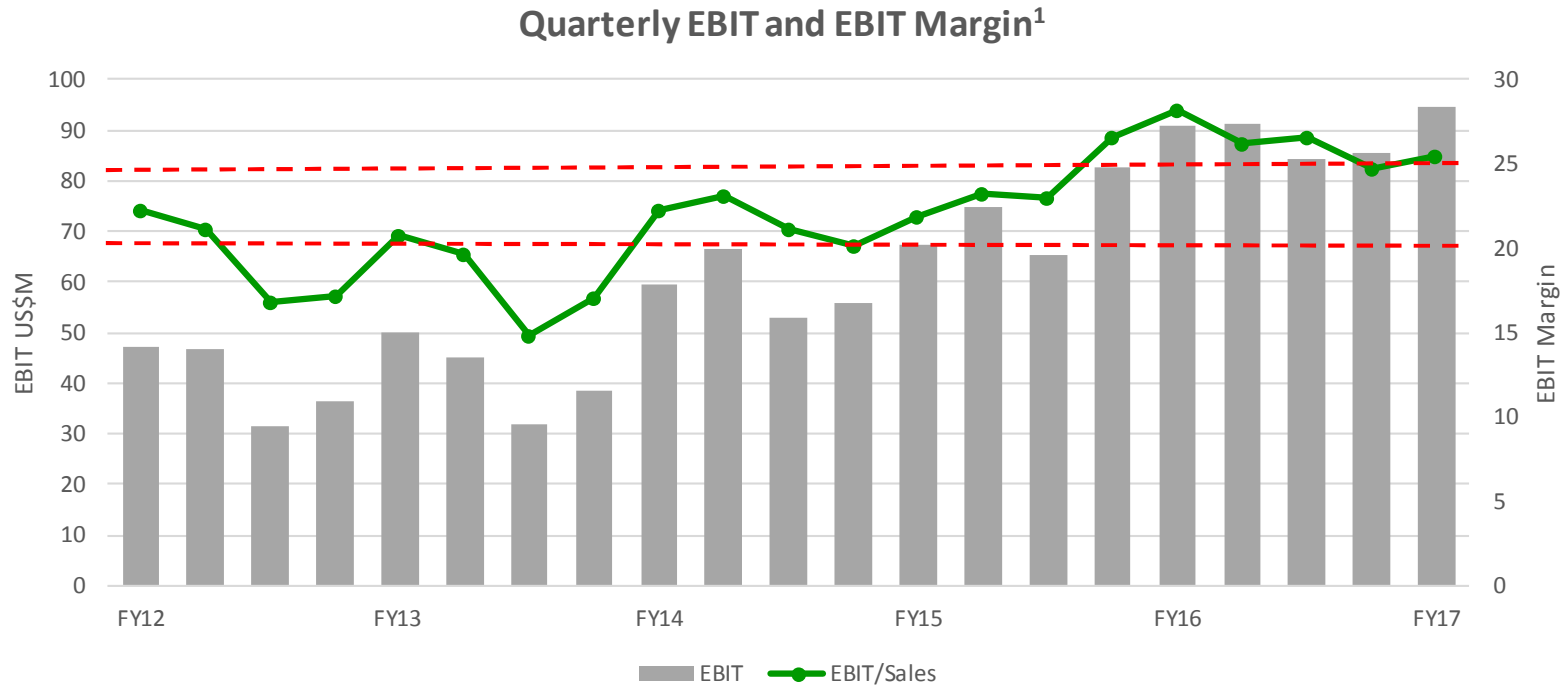
Volume

- Steady growth in R&R and new construction markets
- Market penetration momentum continues to improve
- Q1 FY16 included adverse impact from price increase on 1 March 2015
- Overall, satisfied with tactical pricing and price positioning

EBIT

- EBIT growth lagging net sales growth driven by:
 - Significant investment compared to pcp in sales and marketing to drive PDG
 - Higher production costs - startup costs and slightly unfavorable plant performance
- Partially offset by:
 - Higher volume compared to pcp
 - Lower input costs

NORTH AMERICA FIBER CEMENT

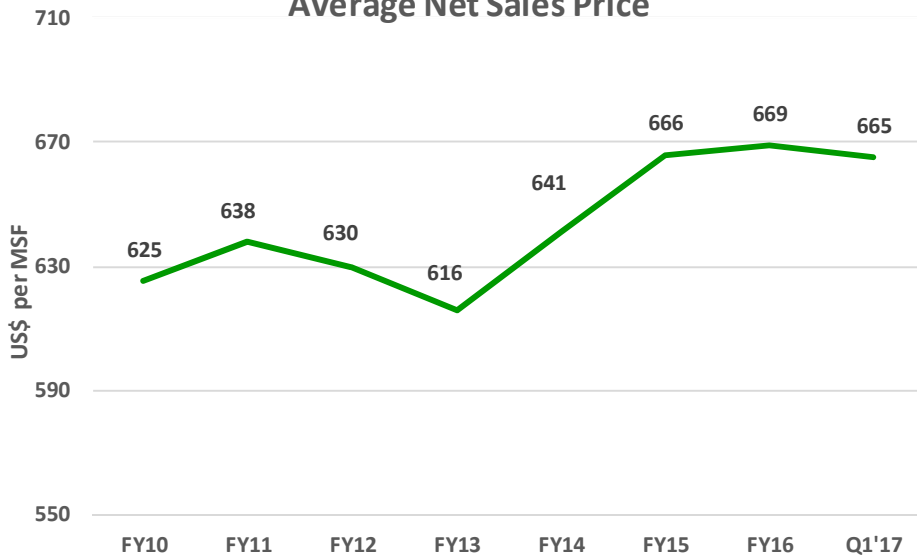


Q1 FY17 EBIT Margin down 270 bps to 25.5% compared to pcp but remains above target range

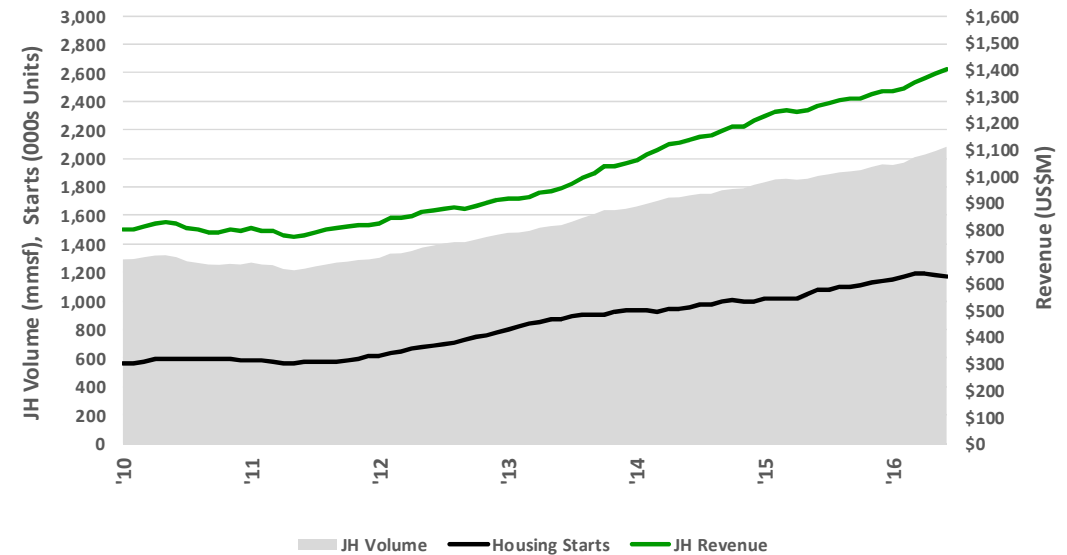
¹ Excludes asset impairment charges of US\$14.3 million in Q4 FY12, US\$5.8 million in Q3 FY13 and US\$11.1 million in Q4 FY13

NORTH AMERICA FIBER CEMENT

Average Net Sales Price



Top Line Growth¹



- Price decrease due to maintaining current strategic pricing levels and the ongoing execution of tactical pricing strategies
- Overall, satisfied with tactical pricing and price positioning

- Revenue up 15% in Q1 FY17 on 16% volume growth
- Q1 FY16 revenue and volume adversely impacted by 1 March 2015 price increase
- Continuing to outpace U.S. housing starts growth

¹ Rolling 12 month average of seasonally adjusted estimate of housing starts by US Census Bureau

INTERNATIONAL FIBER CEMENT SUMMARY

	Q1'17
Net Sales	US\$102.9M ↑ 2%
Sales Volume	124.5 mmsf ↓ 2%
Sales Volume Excluding ¹	124.5 mmsf ↑ 6%
Average Price	US\$754 per msf ↑ 1%
EBIT	US\$23.9M ↑ 20%

¹ Excludes Australian Pipes business which was sold in Q1 FY16

Volume

- Volume increased 6%, excluding the Australian Pipes business
- Strong volume growth in the Australian and New Zealand businesses

Price

- Favorably impacted by Australia's annual price increase and product mix
- Adversely impact by changes in foreign exchange rates compared to pcp

EBIT

- Higher gross profit compared to pcp primarily due to start-up costs in Carole Park during Q1 FY16
- Partially offset by higher SG&A expenses relative to pcp

INTERNATIONAL FIBER CEMENT (USD) – 1st QUARTER FY17



Australia ¹		
Volume	Net Sales	EBIT
↑ 9%	↑ 11%	↑ 32%



New Zealand		
Volume	Net Sales	EBIT
↑ 14%	↑ 8%	↓ 12%



Philippines		
Volume	Net Sales	EBIT
↓ 5%	↓ 10%	↑ 6%



Europe		
Volume	Net Sales	EBIT
↑ 5%	↑ 11%	↑ 60%

Australia

- Strong market and PDG performance
- EBIT favorably impacted by price/mix and non-recurring startup costs at Carole Park in Q1 FY16

New Zealand

- Volume grew across most regions
- Net sales and EBIT unfavorably impacted by lower average sales price and product mix

Philippines

- Volume and net sales lower due to strong competitive dynamic
- EBIT up slightly due to higher gross profit

Europe

- Solid volume, sales and EBIT growth

¹ Excludes Australian Pipes business which was sold in Q1 FY16



FINANCIAL REVIEW

Matt Marsh, CFO and Executive VP – Corporate

RESULTS – 1st QUARTER FY17

Three Months Ended 30 June

US\$ Millions	Q1'17	Q1'16	% Change
Net sales	477.7	428.3	12
Gross profit	176.8	157.6	12
SG&A expenses	(72.0)	(61.5)	(17)
EBIT	117.8	84.5	39
Net operating profit	87.1	60.0	45
Adjusted EBIT ¹	97.6	89.5	9
Adjusted net operating profit ²	66.7	63.3	5

¹ Excludes Asbestos related expenses and adjustments

² Excludes Asbestos related expenses and adjustments and tax adjustments

³ Excludes Australian Pipes business which was sold in Q1 FY16

Net sales increased 12%

- Higher volume in all operating segments³
- Higher average net sales price in International Fiber Cement segment
- Adversely impacted by stronger USD

Gross profit increased 12%; gross margin increased 20 bps

- Top line growth slightly out paced increase in COGS

SG&A expenses increased 17%

- Driven by continued higher investment in sales and marketing related to PDG initiatives

Adjusted net operating profit increased 5%

- Adjusted EBIT increased 9% compared to pcp
- Increase in other expense of US\$3.4 million
- Increase in Adjusted income tax of US\$1.9 million

CHANGES IN AUD vs. USD

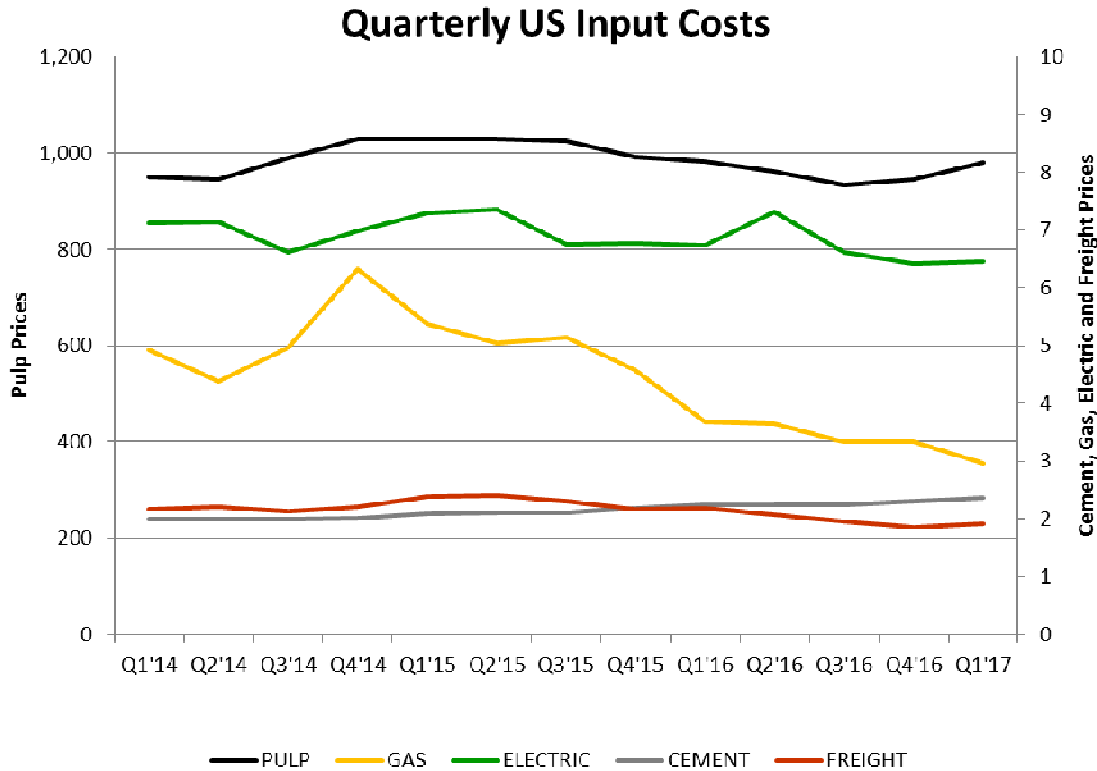


US\$ Millions	As Reported			Excluding Translation Impact ¹		Translation Impact ²	
	3 Months FY17	3 Months FY16	% Change	3 Months FY17	% Change	\$ (Unfav)/Fav	%
Net sales	\$ 477.7	\$ 428.3	▲ 12%	\$ 481.7	▲ 13%	(4.0)	▼ 1%
Gross profit	176.8	157.6	▲ 12%	178.2	▲ 13%	(1.4)	▼ 1%
Adjusted EBIT	97.6	89.5	▲ 9%	98.6	▲ 10%	(1.0)	▼ 1%
Adjusted net operating profit	\$ 66.7	\$ 63.3	▲ 5%	\$ 67.3	▲ 6%	(0.6)	▼ 1%

¹ As Reported 3 Months FY17 figures converted using 3 Months FY16 weighted average exchange rates

² Reflects the difference between FY17 As Reported and FY17 using 12 Months FY16 weighted average exchange rates

NORTH AMERICA INPUT COSTS



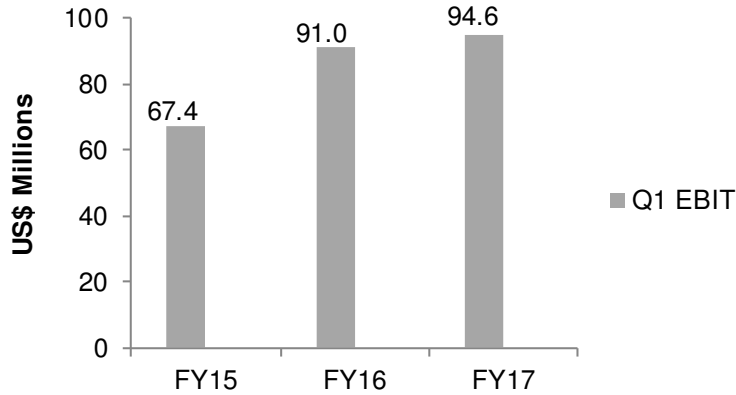
- The price of NBSK pulp remained relatively flat compared to pcp
- Cement prices continue to rise, up 5% compared to pcp
- Gas prices are down 20% compared to pcp
- Freight prices are down 12% compared to pcp
- Electricity prices are down 4% compared to pcp

The information underlying the table above is sourced as follows:

- Pulp – Cost per ton – from RISI
- Gas – Cost per thousand cubic feet for industrial users – from US Energy Information Administration
- Electric – Cost per thousand kilowatt hour for industrial users – from US Energy Information Administration
- Cement – Relative index from the Bureau of Labor Statistics
- Freight – Cost per mile – from Dial-a-Truck Solutions

SEGMENT EBIT – 1st QUARTER FY17

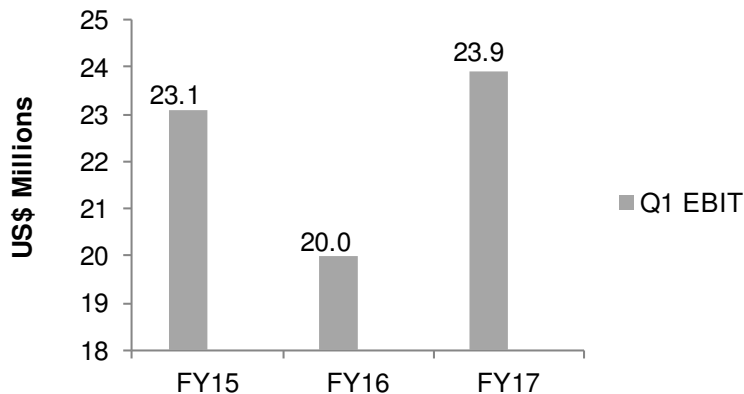
North America Fiber Cement



North America Fiber Cement EBIT summary

- EBIT increased by 4% when compared to pcp
- Driven by favorable volume, partially offset by slightly lower average net sales price, higher SG&A expense and higher production costs

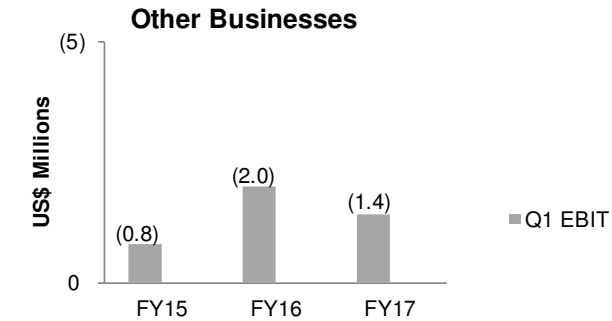
International Fiber Cement



International Fiber Cement EBIT summary

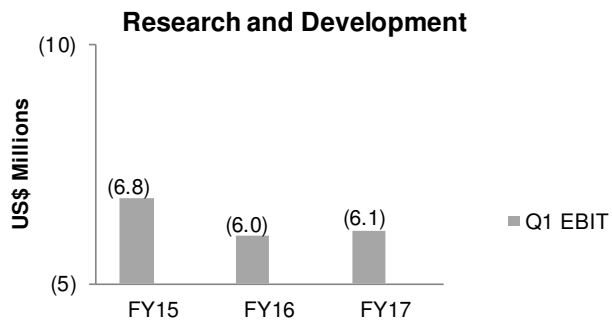
- EBIT increased by 20% when compared to pcp
- Increase reflects higher volume in key businesses, slightly higher average sales price, lower production costs, partially offset by higher SG&A expense

SEGMENT EBIT – 1st QUARTER FY17



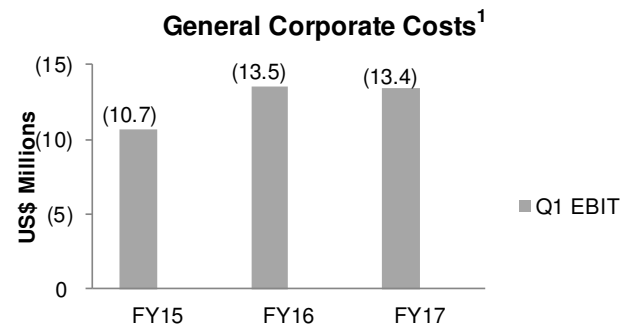
Other Businesses summary

- EBIT loss improved by 30% when compared to pcp
- Driven by higher gross profit in Windows business



R&D summary

- On strategy to invest 2-3% of net sales
- Fluctuations reflect normal variation and timing in the number of R&D projects in process in any given period



General Corporate Costs summary

- Quarter remained in-line with pcp

¹ Excludes Asbestos related expenses and adjustments

INCOME TAX

Three Months Ended 30 June

US\$ Millions	Q1'17	Q1'16
Operating profit before taxes	111.0	81.3
Asbestos adjustments ¹	(19.5)	4.9
Adjusted operating profit before income taxes	91.5	86.2
Adjusted income tax expense ²	(24.8)	(22.9)
Adjusted effective tax rate	27.1%	26.6%
Income tax expense	(23.9)	(21.3)
Income taxes paid	6.0	4.3
Income taxes payable	14.4	15.1

27.1% estimated adjusted effective tax rate (ETR) for the year

- Adjusted income tax expense and adjusted ETR for the quarter increased due to changes in geographical mix of earnings
- Income taxes are paid and payable in Ireland, the US, Canada, New Zealand and the Philippines
- Income taxes are not currently paid or payable in Europe (excluding Ireland) or Australia due to tax losses. Australian tax losses primarily result from deductions relating to contributions to AICF

¹ Includes Asbestos adjustments, AICF SG&A expenses and net AICF interest expense (income)

² Excludes tax effects of Asbestos and other tax adjustments

CASHFLOW

US\$ Millions	Q1'17	Q1'16 ¹	Change (%)
Net Income	87.1	60.0	45
Adjustment for non-cash items	7.5	23.8	(68)
Operating working capital ²	29.0	(20.0)	
Other net operating activities	(8.5)	(8.7)	2
Cash Flow from Operations	115.1	55.1	
Purchases of property, plant and equipment ³	(18.4)	(20.1)	8
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	-	3.7	
Acquisition of assets	-	(0.5)	
Free Cash Flow	96.7	38.2	
Net payment of long-term debt	(110.0)	(15.0)	
Share related activities	0.1	1.2	(92)
Free Cash Flow after Financing Activities	(13.2)	24.4	

¹ Certain prior year balances have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation

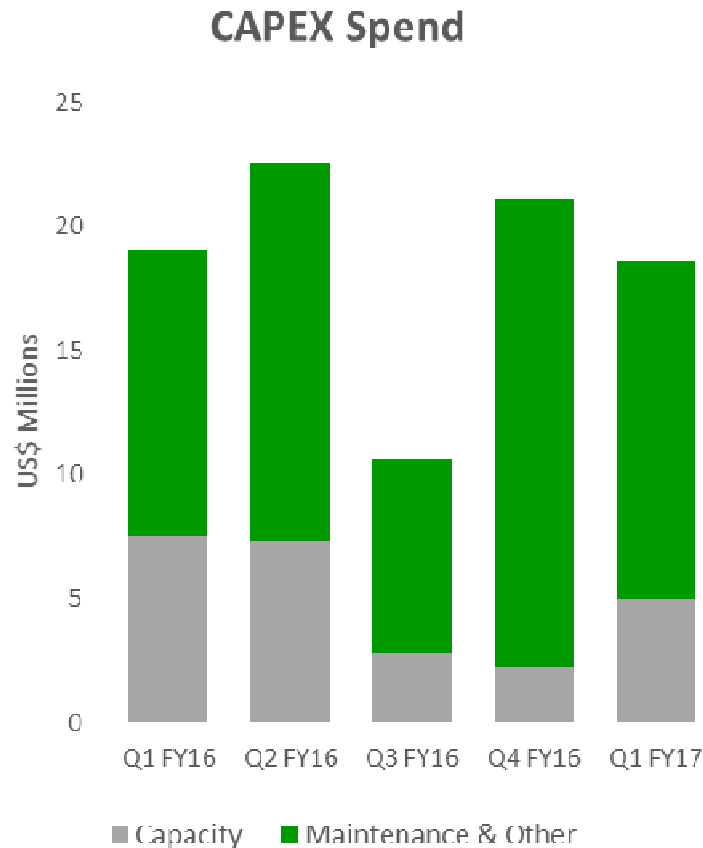
² Excludes AP related to capital expenditures

³ Includes capitalized interest

⁴ Accounts receivable ("AR") and Accounts payable ("AP")

- Increase in net operating cash flow:
 - Favorable change in working capital due to increased sales and normal variation related to timing in AR⁴ and AP⁴
 - Increase in net income adjusted for non-cash items
- Capital expenditures down slightly compared to pcp
- Higher financing activities due to increase in net repayments of borrowings

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE



- Q1 FY17 CAPEX spend of US\$17.8 million down slightly compared to pcp
- North America capacity projects:
 - Commissioned new sheet machine at Plant City facility during the quarter
 - Nearing completion of the sheet machine at Cleburne facility
- Began construction on new line at Philippines facility. Projected total spend: PHP 550 million (equivalent to US\$11.7 million utilizing the exchange rate on 30 June 2016)

FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT SUPPORTING GROWTH

Strong Financial Management

- Strong margins and operating cash flows
- Strong governance and transparency
- Investment-grade financial management

Moody's

S&P

Fitch

Ba1

(upgraded Jun'16)

BB

(upgraded Feb'16)

BBB-

(affirmed Jan'16)

Disciplined Capital Allocation

- Invest in R&D and capacity expansion to support organic growth
- Maintain ordinary dividends within the defined payout ratio
- Flexibility for:
 - Accretive and strategic inorganic opportunities
 - Cyclical market volatility
 - Further shareholder returns when appropriate

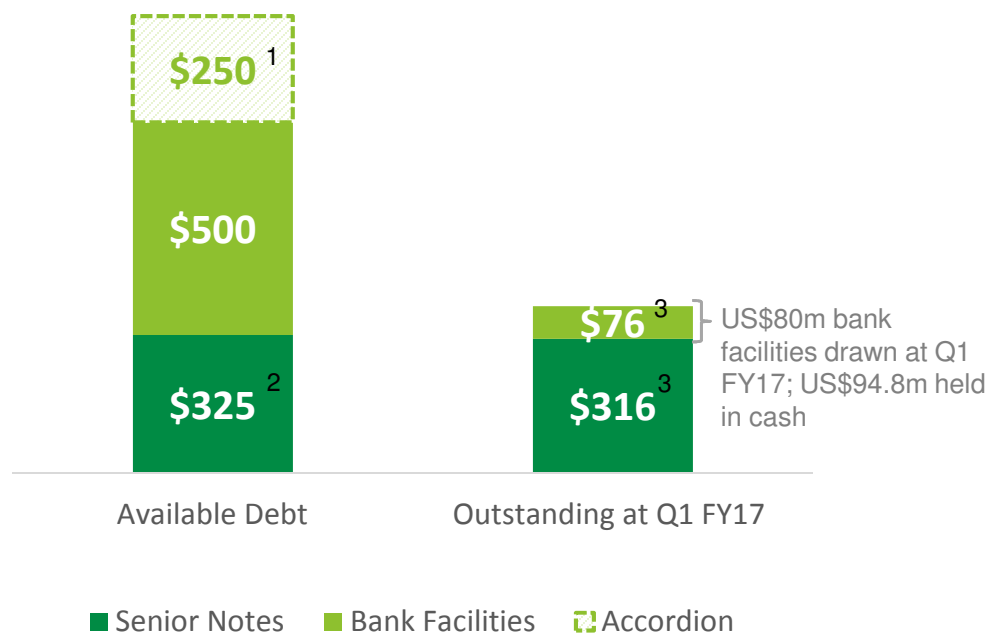
Liquidity and Funding

- Conservative leveraging of balance sheet within 1-2 times adjusted EBITDA target
 - US\$500 million of revolving bank facilities; US\$325 million senior unsecured notes at Q1 FY17; US\$75 million re-offering of notes on 22 July 2016
 - Weighted average maturity of 4.4 years on bank facilities; 5.3 years on total debt at Q1 FY17
 - 84% liquidity on bank debt at Q1 FY17

Financial management consistent with investment grade credit
Ability to withstand market cycles and other unanticipated events

LIQUIDITY PROFILE

Debt Profile US\$ Millions



¹ Incremental liquidity of up to US\$250 million may be accessed via an accordion feature, which is provided for under the terms of the syndicated revolving credit facility agreement, but not credit approved

² Callable from 15 February 2018; callable at par from 15 February 2021

³ Net of original issue discount and expenses

⁴ Excludes Short-term debt - Asbestos

Corporate debt structure

- US\$500 million revolving credit facility, with a December 2020 maturity
- US\$325 million 8 year senior unsecured notes²
- US\$75 million re-offering of the 2023 senior unsecured notes issued at 103% of par value (5.327% yield to maturity) on 22 July 2016

Strong balance sheet

- US\$94.8 million cash
- US\$297.6 million net debt^{3,4} at Q1 FY17
- 84% liquidity on bank debt at Q1 FY17

- Floating rate bank debt drawn through the quarter was, on average, 79% hedged with interest rate swaps that carry a weighted average fixed rate of 2.04%

- 0.6x net debt to EBITDA excluding asbestos at 30 June 2016, which increased to 0.8x on 1 July 2016 to facilitate the AICF payment

FY2017 GUIDANCE

- Management notes the range of analysts' forecasts for net operating profit excluding asbestos for the year ending 31 March 2017 is between US\$264 million and US\$302 million
- Management expects full year Adjusted net operating profit to be between US\$260 million and US\$290 million assuming, among other things, housing conditions in the United States continue to improve in line with our assumed forecast of new construction starts between approximately 1.2 and 1.3 million, and input prices and an average USD/AUD exchange rate that is at or near current levels for the remainder of the year
- Management cautions that although US housing activity has been improving, market conditions remain somewhat uncertain and some input costs remain volatile. Management is unable to forecast the comparable US GAAP financial measure due to uncertainty regarding the impact of actuarial estimates on asbestos-related assets and liabilities in future periods



QUESTIONS



APPENDIX

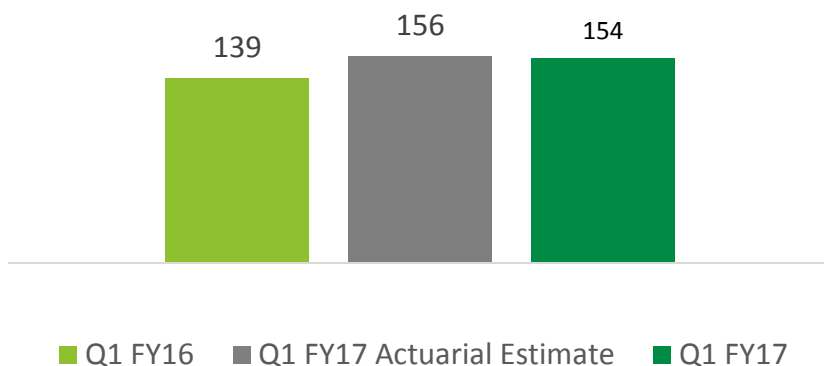
FINANCIAL SUMMARY

Three Months Ended 30 June			
US\$ Millions	Q1'17	Q1'16	% Change
Net Sales			
North America Fiber Cement	\$ 370.3	\$ 322.9	15
International Fiber Cement	102.9	101.2	2
Other Businesses	4.5	4.2	7
Total Net Sales	\$ 477.7	\$ 428.3	12
EBIT			
North America Fiber Cement	\$ 94.6	\$ 91.0	4
International Fiber Cement	23.9	20.0	20
Other Businesses	(1.4)	(2.0)	30
Research & Development	(6.1)	(6.0)	(2)
General Corporate ¹	(13.4)	(13.5)	1
Adjusted EBIT	\$ 97.6	\$ 89.5	9
Net interest expense excluding AICF interest income	(5.4)	(6.0)	10
Other (expense) income	(0.7)	2.7	
Adjusted income tax expense	(24.8)	(22.9)	(8)
Adjusted net operating profit	\$ 66.7	\$ 63.3	5

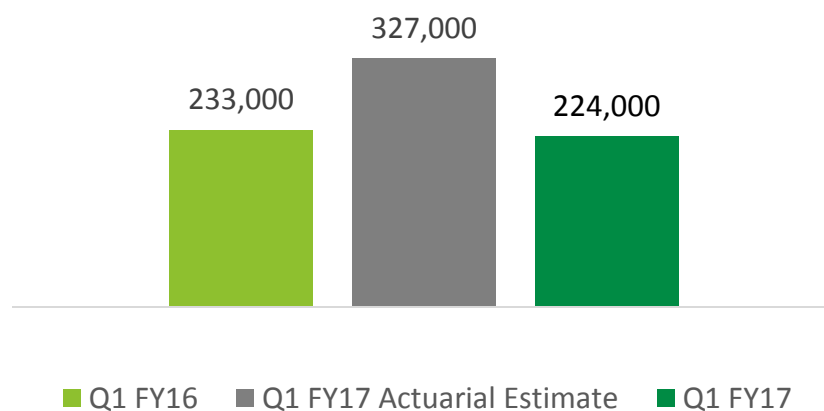
¹ Excludes Asbestos related expenses and adjustments

ASBESTOS CLAIMS DATA

Claims Received



Average Claim Settlement¹



- Claims received were 1% below actuarial estimates and 11% higher than pcp
- Claims reporting for mesothelioma:
 - 3% lower than pcp
 - 1% lower than actuarial estimates
- Claims reporting for non-mesothelioma:
 - 61% higher than pcp
 - 4% higher than actuarial estimates
- Average claim settlement 31% below actuarial estimates and 4% lower than pcp due to:
 - Lower average claim settlement sizes across most disease types
 - Large mesothelioma claims are lower in number compared to pcp
 - Lower average claim size for non-large mesothelioma claims

¹ Average claim settlement is derived as the total amount paid divided by the number of non-nil claim

DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION

US\$ Millions	Three Months Ended 30 June	
	Q1'17	Q1'16
Depreciation and amortization		
North America Fiber Cement	\$ 15.0	\$ 14.8
International Fiber Cement	2.9	2.2
Other Businesses	0.5	0.5
Research and Development	0.4	0.5
General Corporate	0.7	0.2
Total depreciation and amortization	\$ 19.5	\$ 18.2

DEFINITIONS AND OTHER TERMS

This Management Presentation forms part of a package of information about the company's results. It should be read in conjunction with the other parts of this package, including the Management's Analysis of Results, Media Release and Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Definitions

Non-financial Terms

AFFA – Amended and Restated Final Funding Agreement

AICF – Asbestos Injuries Compensation Fund Ltd

NBSK – Northern Bleached Soft Kraft; the company's benchmark grade of pulp

NON-US GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

Financial Measures – US GAAP equivalents

This document contains financial statement line item descriptions that are considered to be non-US GAAP, but are consistent with those used by Australian companies. Because the company prepares its Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements under US GAAP, the following table cross-references each non-US GAAP line item description, as used in Management's Analysis of Results and Media Release, to the equivalent US GAAP financial statement line item description used in the company's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements:

Management's Analysis of Results and Media Release	Consolidated Statements of Operations and Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) (US GAAP)
Net sales	Net sales
Cost of goods sold	Cost of goods sold
Gross profit	Gross profit
Selling, general and administrative expenses	Selling, general and administrative expenses
Research and development expenses	Research and development expenses
Asbestos adjustments	Asbestos adjustments
EBIT*	Operating income (loss)
Net interest income (expense)*	Sum of interest expense and interest income
Other income (expense)	Other income (expense)
Operating profit (loss) before income taxes*	Income (loss) before income taxes
Income tax (expense) benefit	Income tax (expense) benefit
Net operating profit (loss)*	Net income (loss)
*- Represents non-US GAAP descriptions used by Australian companies.	

NON-US GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

EBIT – Earnings before interest and taxes

EBIT margin – EBIT margin is defined as EBIT as a percentage of net sales

Sales Volumes

mmsf – million square feet, where a square foot is defined as a standard square foot of 5/16” thickness

msf – thousand square feet, where a square foot is defined as a standard square foot of 5/16” thickness

NON-US GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

Financial Measures – US GAAP equivalents

Adjusted EBIT

US\$ Millions	Three months ended 30 June	
	FY17	FY16
EBIT	\$ 117.8	\$ 84.5
Asbestos:		
Asbestos adjustments	(20.6)	4.5
AICF SG&A expenses	0.4	0.5
Adjusted EBIT	97.6	89.5
Net sales	\$ 477.7	\$ 428.3
Adjusted EBIT margin	20.4%	20.9%

Adjusted net operating profit

US\$ Millions	Three months ended 30 June	
	FY17	FY16
Net operating profit	\$ 87.1	\$ 60.0
Asbestos:		
Asbestos adjustments	(20.6)	4.5
AICF SG&A expenses	0.4	0.5
AICF interest expense (income), net	0.7	(0.1)
Asbestos and other tax adjustments	(0.9)	(1.6)
Adjusted net operating profit	\$ 66.7	\$ 63.3

NON-US GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

Adjusted diluted earnings per share

	Three months ended 30 June	
	FY17	FY16
Adjusted net operating profit (US\$ millions)	\$ 66.7	\$ 63.3
Weighted average common shares outstanding - Diluted (millions)	447.3	447.4
Adjusted diluted earnings per share (US cents)	15	14

Adjusted effective tax rate

US\$ Millions	Three months ended 30 June	
	FY17	FY16
Operating profit before income taxes	\$ 111.0	\$ 81.3
Asbestos:		
Asbestos adjustments	(20.6)	4.5
AICF SG&A expenses	0.4	0.5
AICF interest expense (income), net	0.7	(0.1)
Adjusted operating profit before income taxes	\$ 91.5	\$ 86.2
Income tax expense	\$ (23.9)	\$ (21.3)
Asbestos and other tax adjustments	(0.9)	(1.6)
Adjusted income tax expense	\$ (24.8)	\$ (22.9)
Effective tax rate	21.5%	26.2%
Adjusted effective tax rate	27.1%	26.6%

NON-US GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

Adjusted EBITDA

US\$ Millions	Three months ended 30 June	
	FY17	FY16
EBIT	\$ 117.8	\$ 84.5
Depreciation and amortization	19.5	18.2
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 137.3	\$ 102.7

Adjusted selling, general and administrative expenses ("Adjusted SG&A")

US\$ Millions	Three months ended 30 June	
	FY17	FY16
SG&A expenses	\$ 72.0	\$ 61.5
Excluding:		
AICF SG&A expenses	(0.4)	(0.5)
Adjusted SG&A expenses	\$ 71.6	\$ 61.0
Net Sales	\$ 477.7	\$ 428.3
SG&A expenses as a percentage of net sales	15.1%	14.4%
Adjusted SG&A expenses as a percentage of net sales	15.0%	14.2%



Q1 FY17 MANAGEMENT PRESENTATION

12 August 2016