

Second Quarter 2019

Earnings Conference Call

July 17, 2019

The PNC Financial Services Group



Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking and Non-GAAP Financial Information



Our earnings conference call presentation is not intended as a full business or financial review and should be viewed in the context of all of the information made available by PNC in its SEC filings and on its corporate website.

The presentation contains forward-looking statements regarding our outlook for earnings, revenues, expenses, tax rates, capital and liquidity levels and ratios, asset levels, asset quality, financial position, and other matters regarding or affecting PNC and its future business and operations. Forward-looking statements are necessarily subject to numerous assumptions, risks and uncertainties, which change over time. The forward-looking statements in this presentation are qualified by the factors affecting forward-looking statements identified in the more detailed Cautionary Statement included in the Appendix. We provide greater detail regarding these as well as other factors in our 2018 Form 10-K and 1Q19 Form 10-Q, and in our subsequent SEC filings. Our forward-looking statements may also be subject to other risks and uncertainties, including those we may discuss in this presentation or in our SEC filings. Future events or circumstances may change our outlook and may also affect the nature of the assumptions, risks and uncertainties to which our forward-looking statements are subject. Forward-looking statements in this presentation speak only as of the date of this presentation. We do not assume any duty and do not undertake to update those statements. Actual results or future events could differ, possibly materially, from those anticipated in forward-looking statements, as well as from historical performance.

We include non-GAAP financial information in this presentation. Non-GAAP financial information includes financial metrics such as fee income, tangible book value, pretax, pre-provision earnings and return on tangible common equity. Reconciliations for such financial information may be found in our presentation, in these slides, including the Appendix, in other materials on our corporate website, and in our SEC filings. This information supplements our results as reported in accordance with GAAP and should not be viewed in isolation from, or as a substitute for, our GAAP results. We believe that this information and the related reconciliations may be useful to investors, analysts, regulators and others to help understand and evaluate our financial results, and with respect to adjusted metrics, because we believe they better reflect the ongoing financial results and trends of our businesses and increase comparability of period-to-period results. We may also use annualized, pro forma, estimated or third party numbers for illustrative or comparative purposes only. These may not reflect actual results.

References to our corporate website are to www.pnc.com under "About Us - Investor Relations." Our SEC filings are available both on our corporate website and on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov. We include web addresses here as inactive textual references only. Information on these websites is not part of this presentation.

Second Quarter 2019 Highlights



- Successful quarter
 - Average loans up 3%
 - Average deposits up 2%
 - Net income up 8%
 - Revenue up 4%
 - Net interest income up 1%
 - Noninterest income up 7%
 - Noninterest expense up 1%
- Generated positive operating leverage
- Credit quality remained strong

Net Income
\$1.4 billion

Diluted Earnings Per Share
\$2.88

Return on Average Assets
1.39%

Return on Common Equity
11.75%

Return on Tangible Common Equity
14.82%

Balance Sheet: **Grew Loans, Deposits and Securities**

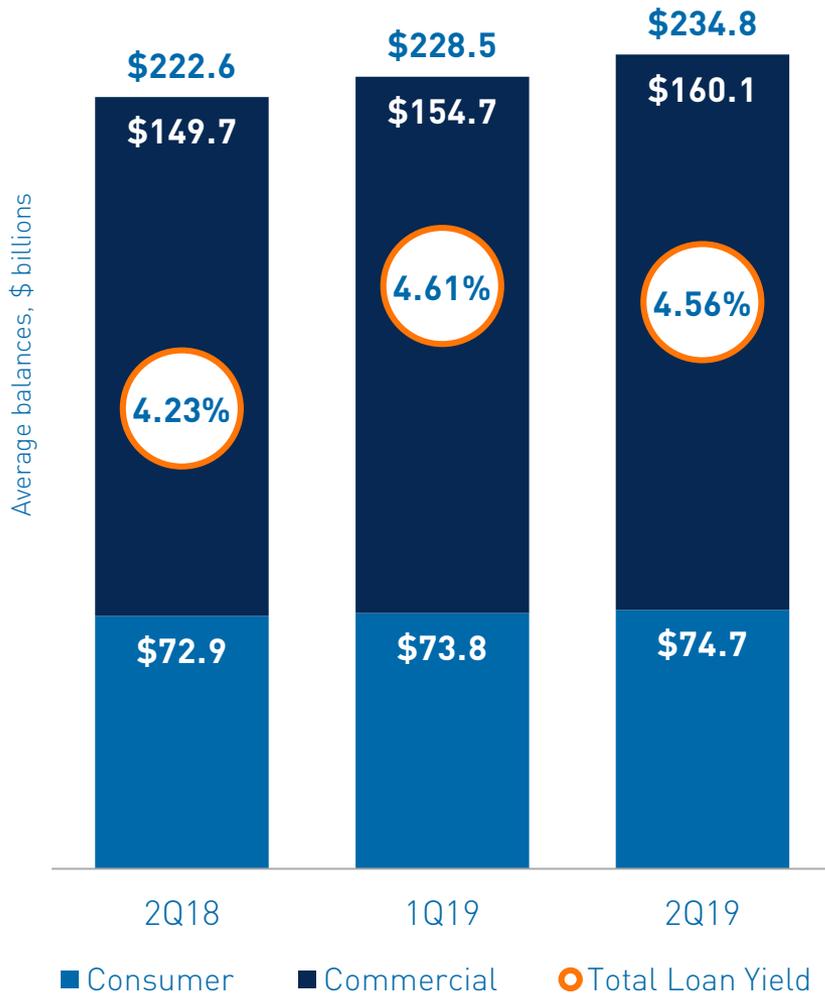


Average balances, \$ billions	Change vs.			Highlights
	2Q19	1Q19	2Q18	
Commercial lending	\$160.1	\$5.4	\$10.4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Growth primarily in corporate banking and business credit businesses
Consumer lending	74.7	0.9	1.8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Growth in residential mortgage, auto, credit card and unsecured installment loans
Total loans	\$234.8	\$6.3	\$12.2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 3% linked quarter growth; 5% year-over-year growth
Investment securities	\$83.6	\$1.3	\$6.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 2% linked quarter growth; 8% year-over-year growth
Federal Reserve Bank balances	\$13.2	(\$1.5)	(\$7.5)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Deployed liquidity into loans and securities
Deposits	\$272.9	\$5.7	\$11.9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Overall deposit and customer growth
Common shareholders' equity	\$44.6	\$1.0	\$1.9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Returned \$1.2 billion to shareholders in 2Q19 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – 6 million shares repurchased for \$802 million and dividends of \$431 million
	6/30/19	3/31/19	6/30/18	
Basel III common equity Tier 1 capital ratio	9.7%	9.8%	9.5%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Strong capital position
Tangible book value per common share	\$80.76	\$78.07	\$72.25	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 12% increase over 6/30/18

– Basel III common equity Tier 1 capital ratio – June 30, 2019 ratio is estimated. All ratios calculated based on the standardized approach.
 – Tangible book value per common share (Non-GAAP) – See Reconciliation in Appendix.

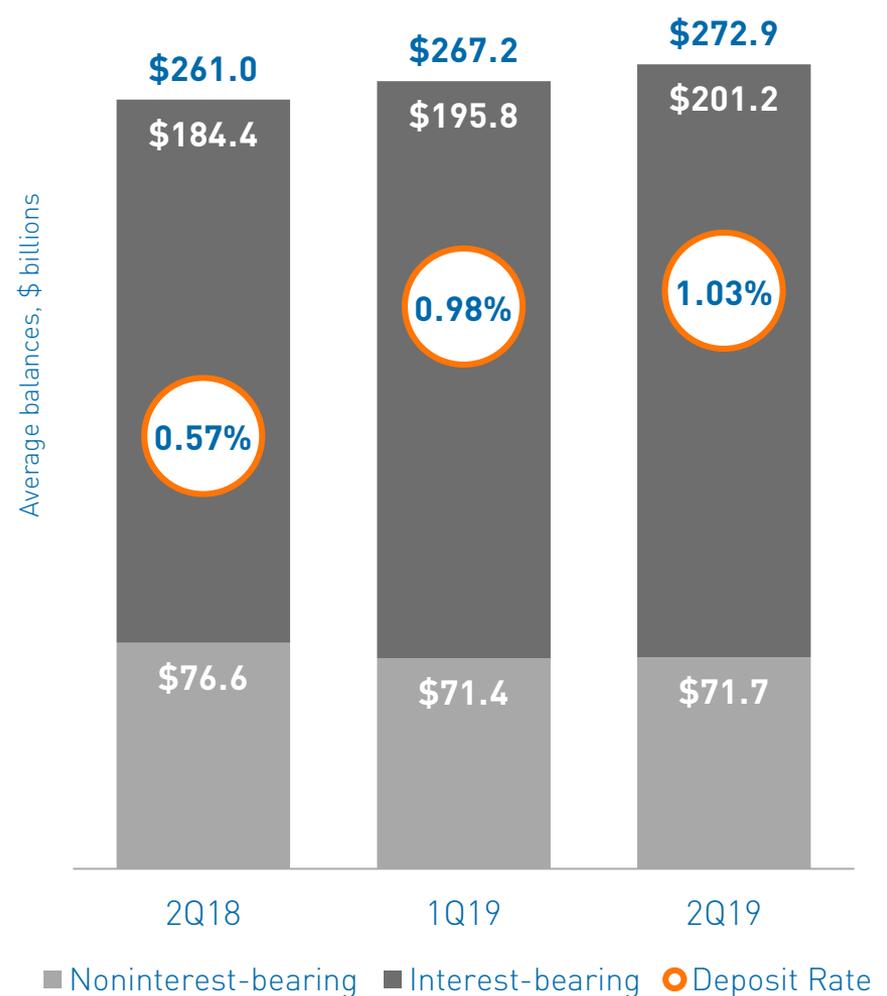
Loans

3% Linked Quarter Growth



Deposits

2% Linked Quarter Growth



Announced Share Repurchase Programs
Significant Increase in 2019 Plan



Quarterly Common Dividend Declared
All-Time High Dividend Effective 3Q19



Highlights

- Completed 2018 capital plan:
 - Returned \$4.5 billion to shareholders via dividends and share repurchases
- Announced 2019 capital plan:
 - Share repurchase programs of up to \$4.3 billion for the four quarter period beginning in 3Q19
 - Common stock dividend increase of \$0.20 to \$1.15 per share

— Announced Share Repurchase Programs – Amounts included in capital plans subject to CCAR process and includes increases announced during the period; PNC’s ability to purchase full amount is subject to factors such as market and general economic conditions, regulatory capital conditions, alternative uses of capital, regulatory and contractual limitations, issuances related to employee benefit plans and the potential impact on credit ratings.

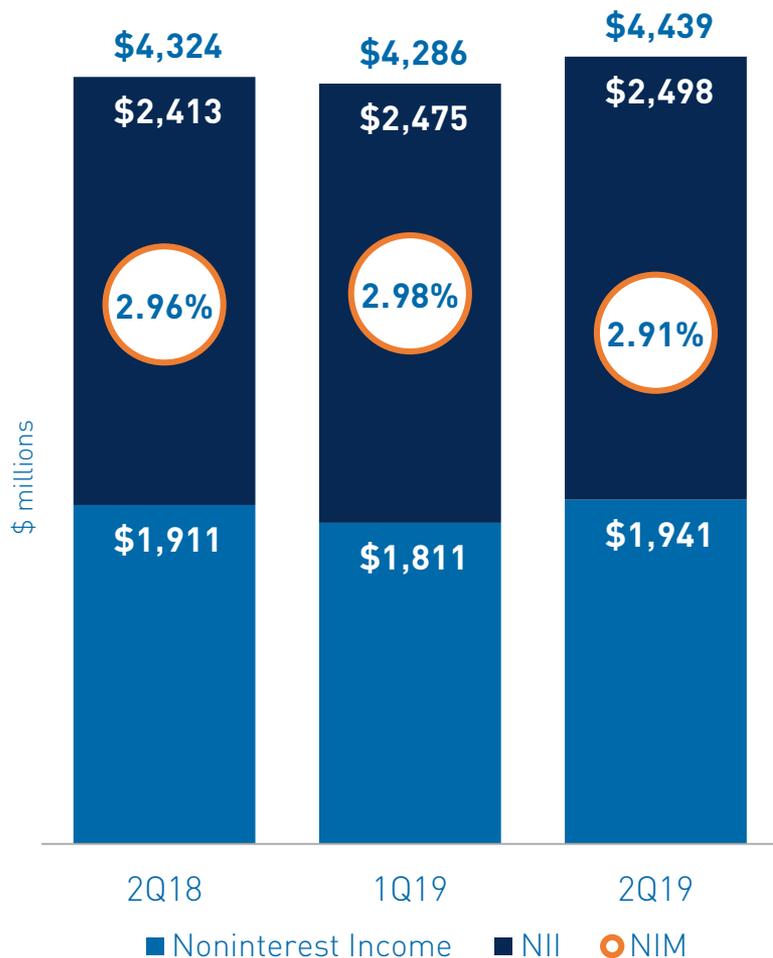
Income Statement: **Strong Results, Positive Operating Leverage**



\$ millions	Change vs.			Highlights
	2Q19	1Q19	2Q18	
Net interest income	\$2,498	\$23	\$85	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Higher interest-earning assets, partially offset by lower asset yields and higher interest-bearing liability balances
Noninterest income	1,941	130	30	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Linked quarter had seasonally higher fee income and higher other noninterest income
Total revenue	\$4,439	\$153	\$115	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 4% linked quarter growth; 3% year-over-year growth
Noninterest expense	\$2,611	\$33	\$27	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Efficiency improved; generated linked quarter positive operating leverage of 2.3%
Pretax, pre-provision earnings	\$1,828	\$120	\$88	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 7% linked quarter growth; 5% year-over-year growth
Provision	\$180	(\$9)	\$100	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Credit quality remained strong
Net income	\$1,374	\$103	\$18	
	2Q19	1Q19	2Q18	
Diluted EPS	\$2.88	\$2.61	\$2.72	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 10% linked quarter growth; 6% year-over-year growth

– Pretax, pre-provision earnings (Non-GAAP) – See Reconciliation in Appendix.

Total Revenue 4% Linked Quarter Growth

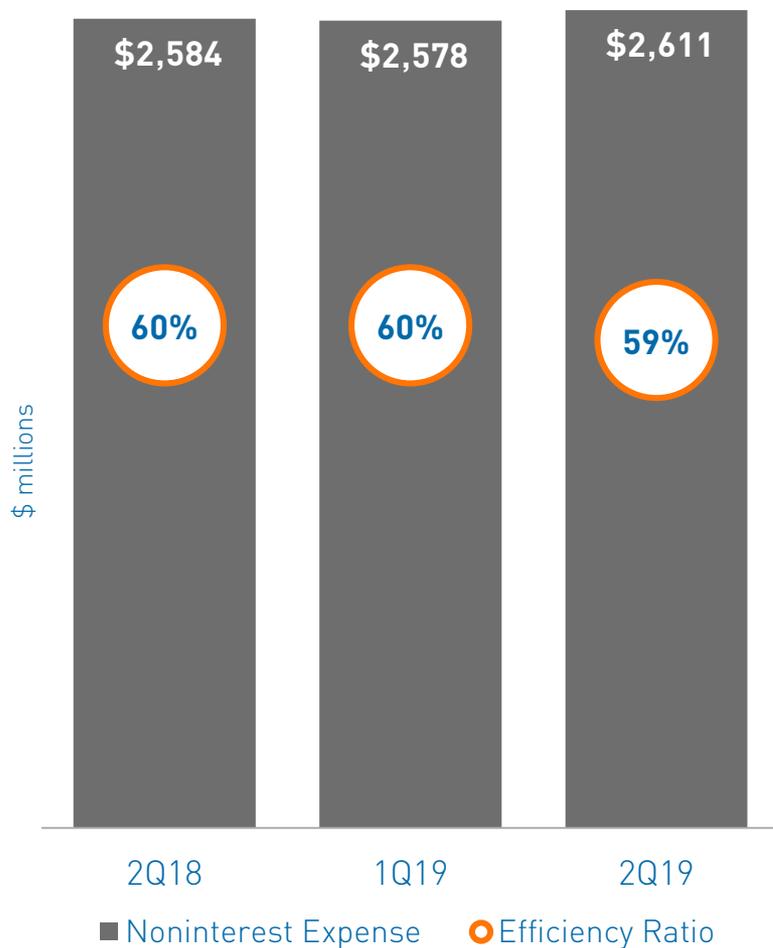


Noninterest Income Detail 7% Linked Quarter Growth

\$ millions	2Q19	Change vs.	
		1Q19	2Q18
Asset management	\$445	\$8	(\$11)
Consumer services	392	21	11
Corporate services	484	22	(3)
Residential mortgage	82	17	(2)
Service charges on deposits	171	3	2
Fee income	1,574	71	(3)
Other noninterest income	367	59	33
Noninterest income	\$1,941	\$130	\$30

- NII - Net Interest Income.
- NIM - Net Interest Margin.

Noninterest Expense Efficiency Ratio Improved

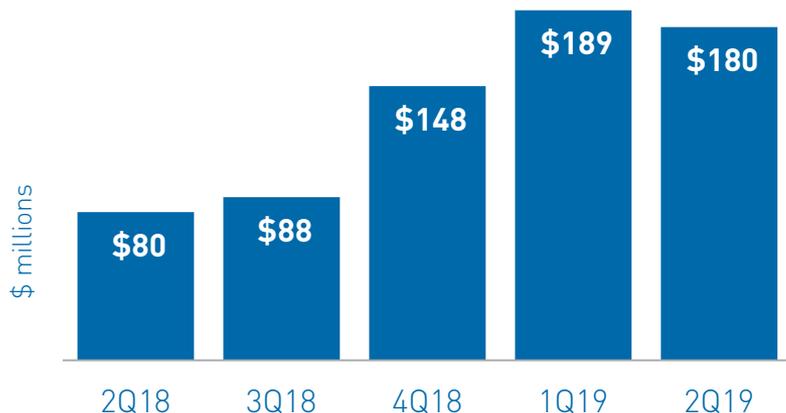


Noninterest Expense Detail 1% Linked Quarter Growth

\$ millions	2Q19	Change vs.	
		1Q19	2Q18
Personnel	\$1,365	(\$49)	\$9
Occupancy	212	(3)	9
Equipment	298	25	17
Marketing	83	18	8
Other	653	42	(16)
Noninterest expense	\$2,611	\$33	\$27

Provision

ALLL to Loans for 2Q19: 1.15%

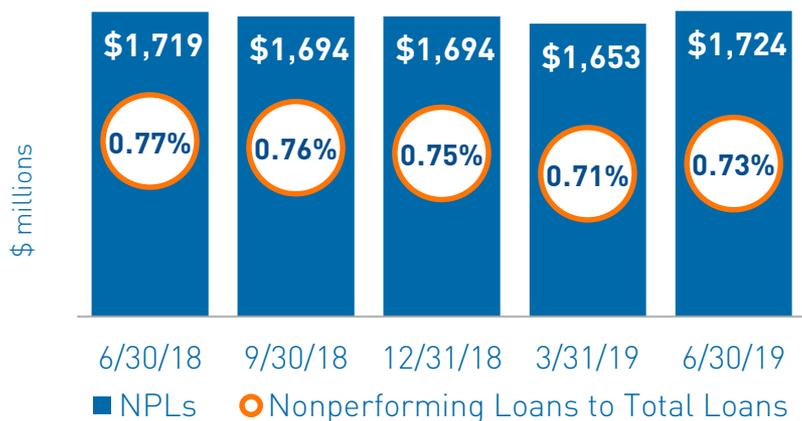


Net Charge-offs

NCO / Average Loans for 2Q19: 0.24%



Nonperforming Loans



Delinquencies



- ALLL – Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses.
- NCO / Average Loans represents annualized net charge-offs (NCO) to average loans for the three months ended.
- Delinquencies represent accruing loans past due 30-days or more.

Balance Sheet	Average loans	Up approximately 1%
Income Statement	Net interest income	Stable
	Fee income	Up low-single digits
	Other noninterest income	\$250 - \$300 million
	Noninterest expense	Stable
	Loan loss provision	\$150 - \$200 million

- Refer to Cautionary Statement in the Appendix, including economic and other assumptions. Does not take into account impact of potential legal and regulatory contingencies.
- Average loans, net interest income, fee income and noninterest expense outlook represents estimated percentage change for third quarter 2019 compared to second quarter 2019.
- The range for Other Noninterest Income excludes net securities gains and activities related to Visa Class B common shares.

Balance Sheet

Average loans

Up approximately 5%

Income Statement

Revenue

Up higher end of low-single digits

Noninterest expense

Up lower end of low-single digits

Effective tax rate

Approximately 17%

Positioned to deliver positive operating leverage

- Refer to Cautionary Statement in the Appendix, including economic and other assumptions. Does not take into account impact of potential legal and regulatory contingencies.
- Average loans, revenue and noninterest expense outlook represents estimated percentage change for full year 2019 compared to full year 2018.

Appendix: **Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Information**



This presentation includes “snapshot” information about PNC used by way of illustration and is not intended as a full business or financial review. It should not be viewed in isolation but rather in the context of all of the information made available by PNC in its SEC filings.

We also make statements in this presentation, and we may from time to time make other statements, regarding our outlook for earnings, revenues, expenses, tax rates, capital and liquidity levels and ratios, asset levels, asset quality, financial position, and other matters regarding or affecting PNC and its future business and operations that are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act. Forward-looking statements are typically identified by words such as “believe,” “plan,” “expect,” “anticipate,” “see,” “look,” “intend,” “outlook,” “project,” “forecast,” “estimate,” “goal,” “will,” “should” and other similar words and expressions.

Forward-looking statements are subject to numerous assumptions, risks and uncertainties, which change over time. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date made. We do not assume any duty to update forward-looking statements. Actual results or future events could differ, possibly materially, from those anticipated in forward-looking statements, as well as from historical performance.

Our forward-looking statements are subject to the following principal risks and uncertainties.

- Our businesses, financial results and balance sheet values are affected by business and economic conditions, including the following:
 - Changes in interest rates and valuations in debt, equity and other financial markets.
 - Disruptions in the U.S. and global financial markets.
 - Actions by the Federal Reserve Board, U.S. Treasury and other government agencies, including those that impact money supply and market interest rates.
 - Changes in customer behavior due to recently enacted tax legislation, changing business and economic conditions or legislative or regulatory initiatives.
 - Changes in customers’, suppliers’ and other counterparties’ performance and creditworthiness.
 - Impacts of tariffs and other trade policies of the U.S. and its global trading partners.
 - Slowing or reversal of the current U.S. economic expansion.
 - Commodity price volatility.

Appendix: **Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Information**



- Our forward-looking financial statements are subject to the risk that economic and financial market conditions will be substantially different than those we are currently expecting and do not take into account potential legal and regulatory contingencies. These statements are based on our views that:
 - U.S. economic growth has accelerated over the past two years to above its long-run trend. However, growth is expected to slow over the course of 2019 and into 2020.
 - We expect that further gradual improvement in the labor market this year, including job gains and rising wages, will be another positive for consumer spending.
 - Slower global economic growth, trade restrictions and geopolitical concerns are downside risks to the forecast.
 - Inflation has slowed in early 2019, to below the FOMC's 2 percent objective, but is expected to gradually increase over the next two years.
 - Our baseline forecast is for two 0.25% percentage point cuts to the federal funds rate in July and October 2019, taking the rate to a range of 1.75 to 2.00 percent by the end of 2019.
- PNC's ability to take certain capital actions, including returning capital to shareholders, is subject to review by the Federal Reserve Board as part of PNC's comprehensive capital plan for the applicable period in connection with the Federal Reserve Board's Comprehensive Capital Analysis and Review (CCAR) process and to the acceptance of such capital plan and non-objection to such capital actions by the Federal Reserve Board.
- PNC's regulatory capital ratios in the future will depend on, among other things, the company's financial performance, the scope and terms of final capital regulations then in effect and management actions affecting the composition of PNC's balance sheet. In addition, PNC's ability to determine, evaluate and forecast regulatory capital ratios, and to take actions (such as capital distributions) based on actual or forecasted capital ratios, will be dependent at least in part on the development, validation and regulatory review of related models.
- Legal and regulatory developments could have an impact on our ability to operate our businesses, financial condition, results of operations, competitive position, reputation, or pursuit of attractive acquisition opportunities. Reputational impacts could affect matters such as business generation and retention, liquidity, funding, and ability to attract and retain management. These developments could include:
 - Changes to laws and regulations, including changes affecting oversight of the financial services industry, consumer protection, bank capital and liquidity standards, pension, bankruptcy and other industry aspects, and changes in accounting policies and principles.
 - Unfavorable resolution of legal proceedings or other claims and regulatory and other governmental investigations or other inquiries. These matters may result in monetary judgments or settlements or other remedies, including fines, penalties, restitution or alterations in our business practices, and in additional expenses and collateral costs, and may cause reputational harm to PNC.
 - Results of the regulatory examination and supervision process, including our failure to satisfy requirements of agreements with governmental agencies.
 - Impact on business and operating results of any costs associated with obtaining rights in intellectual property claimed by others and of adequacy of our intellectual property protection in general.

Appendix: **Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Information**



- Business and operating results are affected by our ability to identify and effectively manage risks inherent in our businesses, including, where appropriate, through effective use of systems and controls, third-party insurance, derivatives, and capital management techniques, and to meet evolving regulatory capital and liquidity standards.
- Business and operating results also include impacts relating to our equity interest in BlackRock, Inc. and rely to a significant extent on information provided to us by BlackRock. Risks and uncertainties that could affect BlackRock are discussed in more detail by BlackRock in its SEC filings.
- We grow our business in part through acquisitions and new strategic initiatives. Risks and uncertainties include those presented by the nature of the business acquired and strategic initiative, including in some cases those associated with our entry into new businesses or new geographic or other markets and risks resulting from our inexperience in those new areas, as well as risks and uncertainties related to the acquisition transactions themselves, regulatory issues, and the integration of the acquired businesses into PNC after closing.
- Competition can have an impact on customer acquisition, growth and retention and on credit spreads and product pricing, which can affect market share, deposits and revenues. Our ability to anticipate and respond to technological changes can also impact our ability to respond to customer needs and meet competitive demands.
- Business and operating results can also be affected by widespread natural and other disasters, pandemics, dislocations, terrorist activities, system failures, security breaches, cyberattacks or international hostilities through impacts on the economy and financial markets generally or on us or our counterparties specifically.

We provide greater detail regarding these as well as other factors in our 2018 Form 10-K and 1Q19 Form 10-Q, including in the Risk Factors and Risk Management sections and the Legal Proceedings and Commitments Notes of the Notes To Consolidated Financial Statements in that report, and in our subsequent SEC filings. Our forward-looking statements may also be subject to other risks and uncertainties, including those we may discuss elsewhere in this news release or in our SEC filings, accessible on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov and on our corporate website at www.pnc.com/secfilings. We have included these web addresses as inactive textual references only. Information on these websites is not part of this document.

Any annualized, pro forma, estimated, third party or consensus numbers in this presentation are used for illustrative or comparative purposes only and may not reflect actual results. Any consensus earnings estimates are calculated based on the earnings projections made by analysts who cover that company. The analysts' opinions, estimates or forecasts (and therefore the consensus earnings estimates) are theirs alone, are not those of PNC or its management, and may not reflect PNC's or other company's actual or anticipated results.

Return on Tangible Common Equity (Non-GAAP)

<i>\$ millions</i>	For the three months ended		
	June 30, 2019	March 31, 2019	June 30, 2018
Return on average common shareholders' equity	11.75%	11.13%	12.13%
Average common shareholders' equity	\$44,591	\$43,624	\$42,670
Average Goodwill and Other intangible assets	(9,448)	(9,450)	(9,520)
Average deferred tax liabilities on Goodwill and Other intangible assets	191	190	192
Average tangible common equity	\$35,334	\$34,364	\$33,342
Net income attributable to common shareholders	\$1,306	\$1,197	\$1,290
Net income attributable to common shareholders, if annualized	\$5,238	\$4,855	\$5,174
Return on average tangible common equity	14.82%	14.13%	15.52%

Return on average tangible common equity is a non-GAAP financial measure and is calculated based on annualized net income attributable to common shareholders divided by tangible common equity. We believe that return on average tangible common equity is useful as a tool to help measure and assess a company's use on common equity.

Tangible Book Value per Common Share (Non-GAAP)

<i>\$ millions, except per share data</i>	June 30, 2019	March 31, 2019	June 30, 2018	% Change	
				6/30/19 vs. 3/31/19	6/30/19 vs. 6/30/18
Book value per common share	\$101.53	\$98.47	\$92.26	3%	10%
Tangible book value per common share					
Common shareholders' equity	\$45,349	\$44,546	\$42,917		
Goodwill and Other intangible assets	(9,442)	(9,450)	(9,511)		
Deferred tax liabilities on Goodwill and Other intangible assets	191	190	192		
Tangible common shareholders' equity	\$36,098	\$35,286	\$33,598		
Period-end common shares outstanding (in millions)	447	452	465		
Tangible book value per common share (Non-GAAP)	\$80.76	\$78.07	\$72.25	3%	12%

Tangible book value per common share is a non-GAAP financial measure and is calculated based on tangible common shareholders' equity divided by period-end common shares outstanding. We believe this non-GAAP measure serves as a useful tool to help evaluate the strength and discipline of a company's capital management strategies and as an additional, conservative measure of total company value.

Pretax, Pre-Provision Earnings (Non-GAAP)

<i>\$ millions</i>	For the three months ended				
	June 30, 2019	March 31, 2019	June 30, 2018	% Change	
				2Q19 vs. 1Q19	2Q19 vs. 2Q18
Net interest income	\$2,498	\$2,475	\$2,413	1%	4%
Noninterest income	1,941	1,811	1,911	7%	2%
Total revenue	4,439	4,286	4,324	4%	3%
Noninterest expense	2,611	2,578	2,584	1%	1%
Pretax pre-provision earnings	\$1,828	\$1,708	\$1,740	7%	5%
Net income	\$1,374	\$1,271	\$1,356	8%	1%

We believe that pretax, pre-provision earnings, a non-GAAP financial measure, is useful as a tool to help evaluate the ability to provide for credit costs through operations.