



Cheniere Energy, Inc.

Wells Fargo Energy Symposium

December 8, 2015

Forward Looking Statements

This presentation contains certain statements that are, or may be deemed to be, “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. All statements, other than statements of historical facts, included or incorporated by reference herein are “forward-looking statements.” Included among “forward-looking statements” are, among other things:

- statements regarding the ability of Cheniere Energy Partners, L.P. to pay distributions to its unitholders or Cheniere Energy Partners LP Holdings, LLC to pay dividends to its shareholders;
- statements regarding Cheniere Energy Inc.’s, Cheniere Energy Partners LP Holdings, LLC’s or Cheniere Energy Partners, L.P.’s expected receipt of cash distributions from their respective subsidiaries;
- statements that Cheniere Energy Partners, L.P. expects to commence or complete construction of its proposed liquefied natural gas (“LNG”) terminals, liquefaction facilities, pipeline facilities or other projects, or any expansions thereof, by certain dates or at all;
- statements that Cheniere Energy, Inc. expects to commence or complete construction of its proposed LNG terminals, liquefaction facilities, pipeline facilities or other projects by certain dates or at all;
- statements regarding future levels of domestic and international natural gas production, supply or consumption or future levels of LNG imports into or exports from North America and other countries worldwide, or purchases of natural gas, regardless of the source of such information, or the transportation or other infrastructure, or demand for and prices related to natural gas, LNG or other hydrocarbon products;
- statements regarding any financing transactions or arrangements, or ability to enter into such transactions;
- statements relating to the construction of our proposed liquefaction facilities and natural gas liquefaction trains (“Trains”), or modifications to the Creole Trail Pipeline, including statements concerning the engagement of any engineering, procurement and construction (“EPC”) contractor or other contractor and the anticipated terms and provisions of any agreement with any EPC or other contractor, and anticipated costs related thereto;
- statements regarding any agreement to be entered into or performed substantially in the future, including any revenues anticipated to be received and the anticipated timing thereof, and statements regarding the amounts of total LNG regasification, liquefaction or storage capacities that are, or may become, subject to contracts;
- statements regarding counterparties to our commercial contracts, construction contracts and other contracts;
- statements regarding our planned development and construction of additional Trains, including the financing of such Trains;
- statements that our Trains, when completed, will have certain characteristics, including amounts of liquefaction capacities;
- statements regarding our business strategy, our strengths, our business and operation plans or any other plans, forecasts, projections or objectives, including anticipated revenues and capital expenditures and EBITDA, any or all of which are subject to change;
- statements regarding projections of revenues, expenses, earnings or losses, working capital or other financial items;
- statements regarding legislative, governmental, regulatory, administrative or other public body actions, approvals, requirements, permits, applications, filings, investigations, proceedings or decisions;
- statements regarding our anticipated LNG and natural gas marketing activities; and
- any other statements that relate to non-historical or future information.

These forward-looking statements are often identified by the use of terms and phrases such as “achieve,” “anticipate,” “believe,” “contemplate,” “develop,” “estimate,” “example,” “expect,” “forecast,” “goals,” “opportunities,” “plan,” “potential,” “project,” “propose,” “subject to,” “strategy,” “target,” and similar terms and phrases, or by use of future tense. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in these forward-looking statements are reasonable, they do involve assumptions, risks and uncertainties, and these expectations may prove to be incorrect. You should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this presentation. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of a variety of factors, including those discussed in “Risk Factors” in the Cheniere Energy, Inc., Cheniere Energy Partners, L.P. and Cheniere Energy Partners LP Holdings, LLC Annual Reports on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on February 20, 2015, which are incorporated by reference into this presentation. All forward-looking statements attributable to us or persons acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by these “Risk Factors.” These forward-looking statements are made as of the date of this presentation, and other than as required under the securities laws, we undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements.

Executing on Strategy

2025 Forecast for CEI

**~60 mtpa
LNG by
2025**

~14% of the
total LNG market

One of the largest
exporters of LNG on
a global basis

~9 Bcf/d

One of the largest
natural gas buyers in
the U.S.

\$50B+ in U.S.
infrastructure

Significant investment
in U.S. infrastructure

~1,000
permanent
jobs created

Supporting over
200,000 indirect jobs

**Flexible,
Scalable,
industry-
leading
platform**

Cheniere's Key Businesses

LNG PLATFORM

- Four planned LNG terminals to be located along Gulf of Mexico
- ~60 mtpa planned
- Scalable platform
- SPL T1-5 and CCL 1-2 underpinned by long-term contracts, competitive capital costs

GAS PROCUREMENT

- Providing feedstock for LNG production
- Redundant pipeline capacity ensures reliable gas deliverability
- Upstream pipeline capacity provides access to diverse supply sources

CHENIERE MARKETING

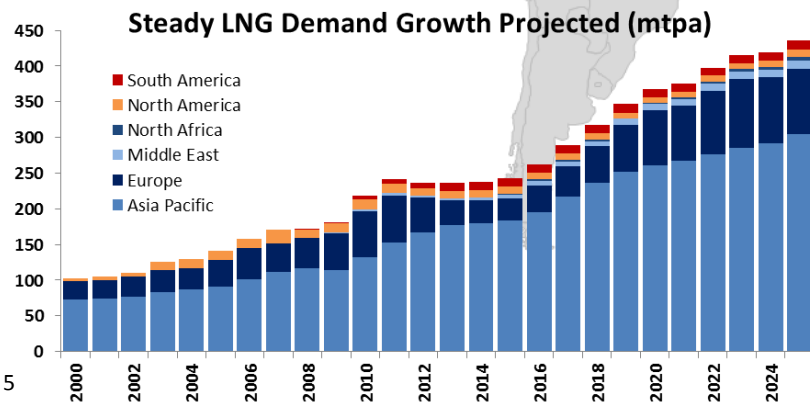
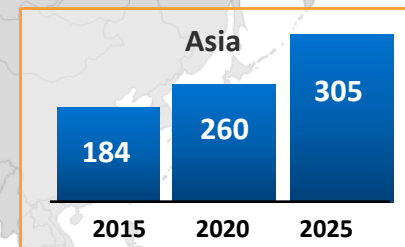
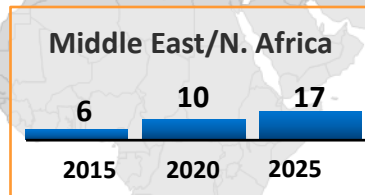
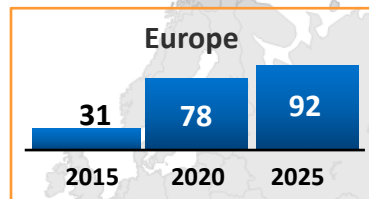
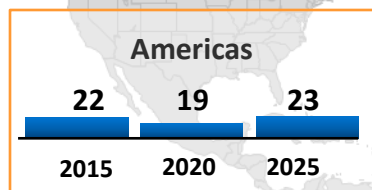
- LNG sales, FOB or DES, provided to customers on a short, mid, and long-term basis
- ~9 mtpa LNG volumes expected from SPL T1-6 and CCL T1-3
- 3 chartered LNG vessels to date

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

- Developing/ investing in infrastructure to facilitate hydrocarbon revolution in Texas and beyond
- Optimize value of LNG platform
- Identify opportunities in related markets

Projected Global LNG Demand 436 mtpa by 2025

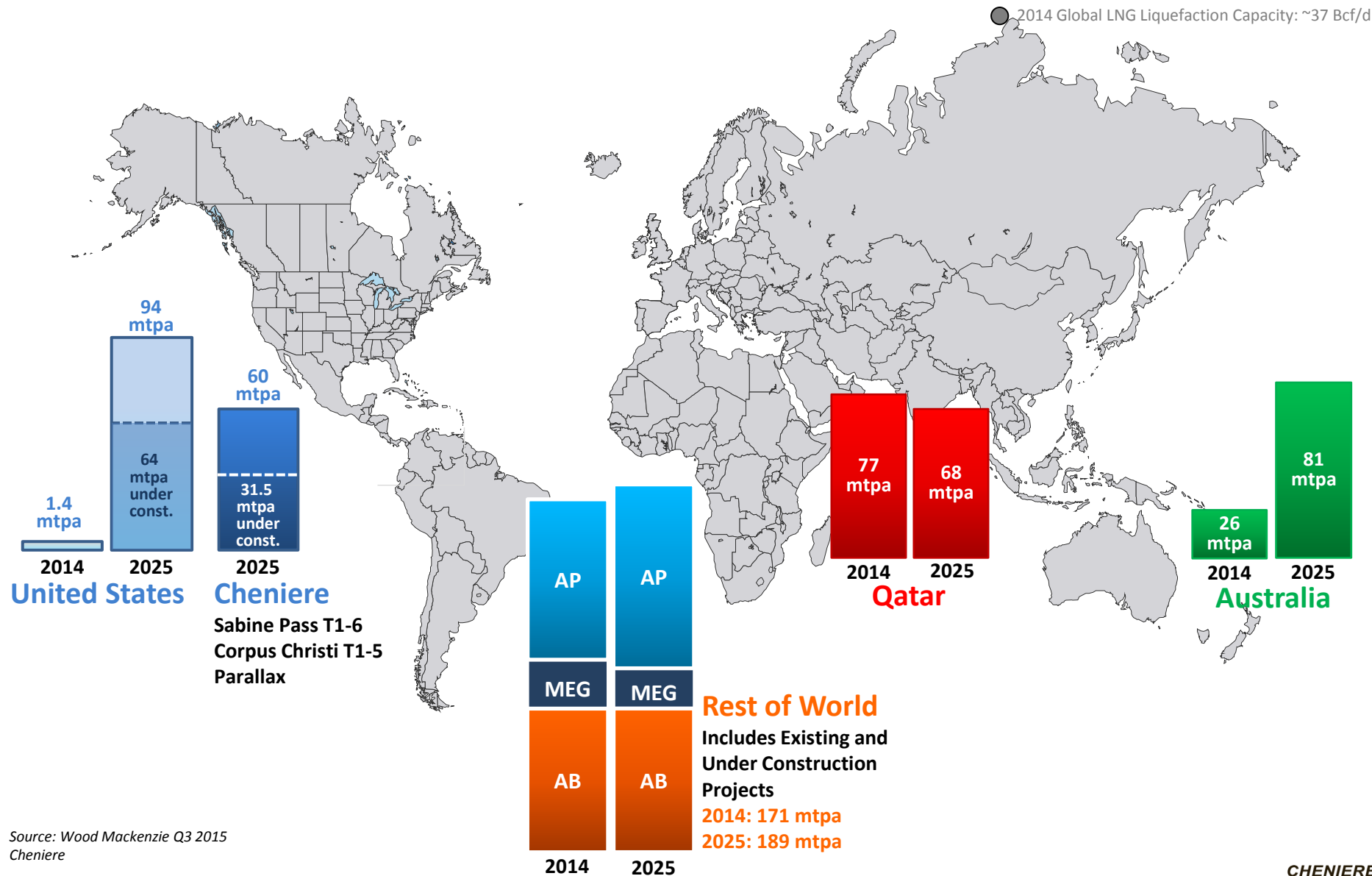
Demand forecasted to increase by 193 mtpa to 2025, a 6% CAGR
Average of 23 mtpa of new liquefaction capacity needed each year⁽¹⁾



Source: Wood Mackenzie
Q3 2015 LNG Tool
(1) Assumes 85% utilization of nameplate capacity

U.S. Expected To Become One of the Top Three LNG Suppliers

Projected LNG Liquefaction Capacity



Cheniere LNG Platform

Sabine Pass Liquefaction

- 6 train development – 27 mtpa (~3.8 Bcf/d in export capacity)
- Trains 1-5 are under construction; First LNG expected in late 2015
- Train 6 under development, FID expected 2015/16



Live Oak LNG¹

- ~5 mtpa development (~0.8Bcf/d)
- First LNG targeted in late 2021



Live Oak LNG
Creole Trail PL
Sabine Pass Liquefaction

Louisiana LNG



Louisiana LNG¹

- ~5 mtpa development (~0.7Bcf/d)
- First LNG targeted in late 2021

Corpus Christi Liquefaction

Corpus Christi Liquefaction

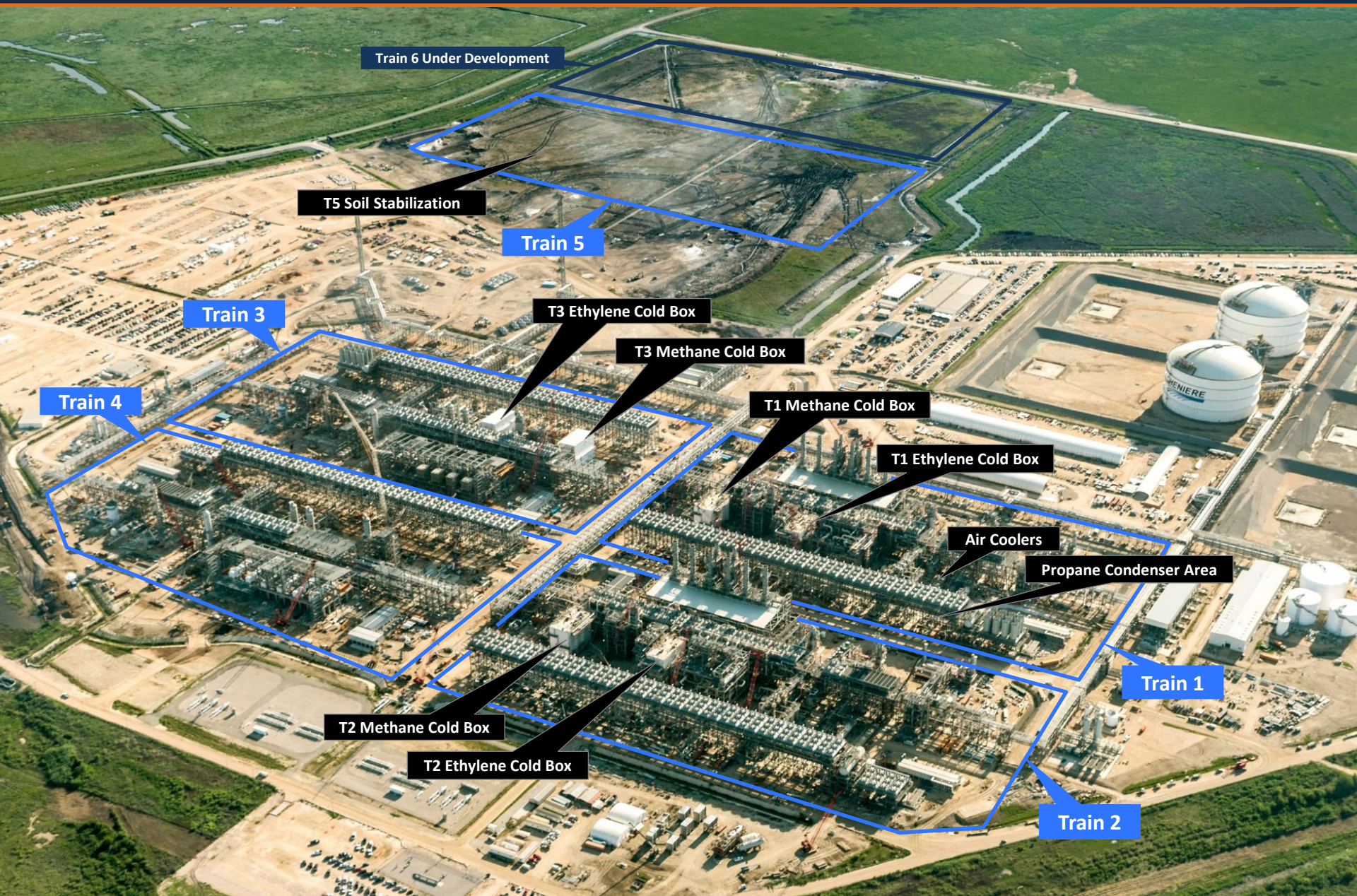
- 5 train development – 22.5 mtpa (~3.2 Bcf/d in export capacity)
- Trains 1-2 are under construction; First LNG expected in late 2018
- Train 3 under development; FID expected 2015/16
- Trains 4-5 under development; Permitting process initiated June 2015



★ Under Construction
★ Proposed



Aerial View of SPL Construction – August 2015



Forecast Cheniere LNG Portfolio Summary

(in MTPA)	SPL Trains 1-6	CCL Trains 1-3	Total	CCL Trains 4-5	LO & LLNG ¹	Total
Design Capacity	27.0	13.5	40.5	9.0	~10	~59.5
<i>Under Construction</i> <i>(underpinned by LT SPAs)</i>	22.5 <i>(~88% sold)</i>	9.0 <i>(~85% sold)</i>	31.5 <i>(~87% sold)</i>	<i>In Permitting</i>	<i>In Permitting</i>	31.5 <i>(~87% sold)</i>
LT SPAs Target (sold to date)	21.25 (19.8)	10.5 (8.4)	31.75 (28.2)	-	-	31.75 (28.2)
Excess Volumes: Customized Contracts/CMI	5.75	3.0	8.75	9.0	~10	~27.75

- Approximately 87% of LNG volumes for trains under construction are underpinned with LT SPAs, cash flows support current project debt of \$21.5B
- 20-year LT SPAs with investment-grade counterparties
- For the balance of LNG volumes, long-term contracts are no longer required; Cheniere expects to sell LNG under shorter-term contracts or on a spot basis

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(1) Cheniere Energy, Inc. has agreed in principle to partner with Parallax Enterprises, LLC on these projects

Cheniere's LNG Export Projects

Underpinned with Attractive SPA Features

Cheniere LNG SPAs: LNG price tied to Henry Hub, destination flexibility, upstream gas procurement services, no lifting requirements

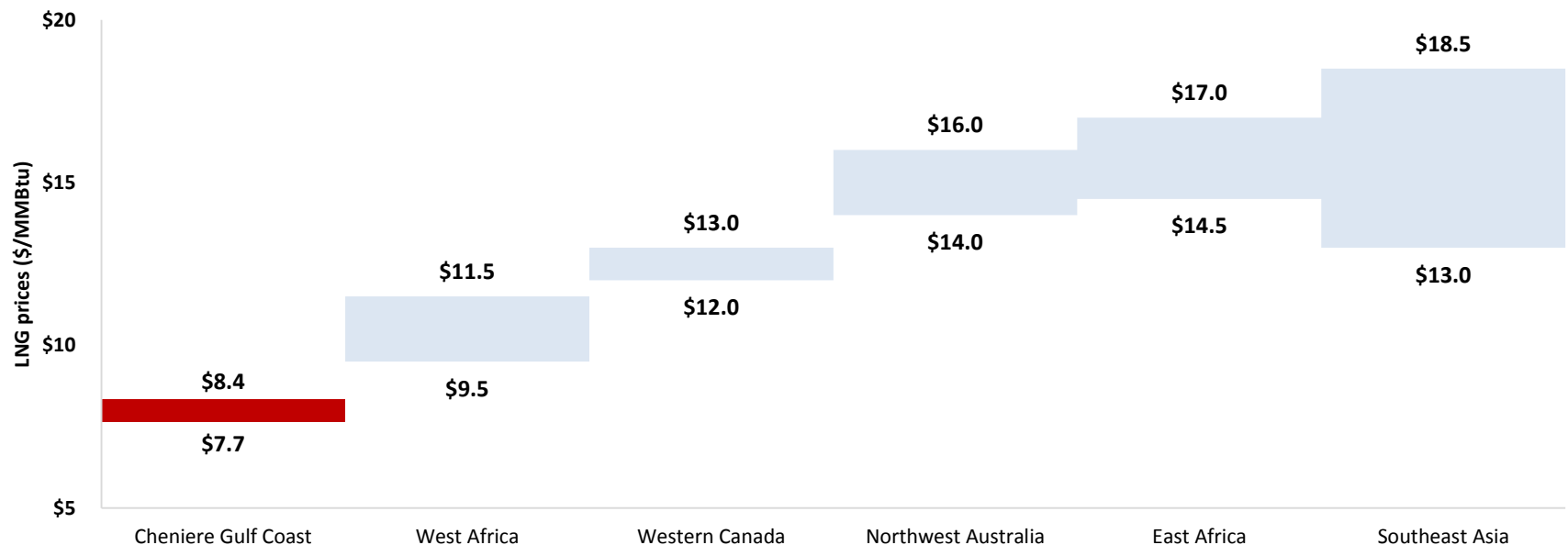
SPAs feature parent guarantees & HH + fixed fee (no price reopeners)

Proven record of execution; proven technology

Cheniere Offers Competitive, Low Cost Source of LNG

- The U.S. is one of the lowest cost natural gas providers in the world
- U.S. liquefaction project costs are also significantly lower due to less project development needed
- The breakeven LNG price for Cheniere LNG export facilities is one of the lowest compared to other proposed LNG projects

Estimated breakeven LNG pricing range, Delivered Ex-Ship to Asia



Source: Cheniere Research, Wood Mackenzie, company filings and investor materials.

Note: Breakeven prices derived assuming unlevered after-tax returns of 10% on Canadian projects and 12% on all other projects over construction plus 20 years of operation. Henry Hub at \$3.00/MMBtu

7-train CEI cash flow estimate – Current market snapshot

SPL T1-5, CCL T1-2

7-train CEI cash flow estimate – Current market snapshot | SPL T1-5, CCL T1-2

(\$ in billions, except for per share amounts)

	CQP (SPL T1-5/SPLNG/CTPL)	Corpus Christi (CCL T1-2)	Total	CEI standalone
CEI cash flow build up (2021 estimated amounts)				
Project EBITDA / Deconsolidated for standalone	\$3.0	\$1.3	\$4.3	\$2.3 ⁽¹⁾
Less: Project-level interest expense	(\$1.0)	(\$0.5)	(\$1.5)	(\$0.5)
Distributable cash flow from project	\$2.1	\$0.8	\$2.9	\$1.8
% cash flows to CEI (Adjusted for minority interests)	49%	100%		
Project cash flows to CEI (Adjusted for minority interests)	\$1.0	\$0.8		\$1.8
Total project cash flows to CEI	\$1.0	\$0.8		\$1.8
Plus: Management fees to CEI				\$0.1 ⁽¹⁾
Less: CEI G&A				(\$0.3) ⁽¹⁾
Less: CEI-level interest expense				(\$0.0) ⁽³⁾
CEI cash flow				\$1.6
CEI cash flow per share				\$6 ⁽³⁾
Current debt outstanding				
SPL and CCL project-level debt outstanding ⁽²⁾	\$13.1	\$8.4	\$21.5	—
SPLNG and CTPL project-level debt outstanding	\$2.5	—	\$2.5	—
CEI-level debt outstanding	—	—	—	\$0.6 ⁽³⁾
Total debt outstanding	\$15.6	\$8.4	\$24.0	\$0.6

- 7 trains currently under construction financed with non-recourse project level debt – SPL T1-5 (CQP) and CCL T1-2 (CEI)
- Based on 27.4 MTPA of 20-year SPAs; assumes remaining LNG sold to Europe at current market prices and shipping rates – NBP price of \$6.32/MMBtu, Henry Hub price of \$2.54/MMBtu, shipping day rates of \$30,000/day⁽⁴⁾
- For scenario shown above, estimated income tax payments of ~15% of CEI pre-tax cash flow projected to start in 2023/24

Note: See “Forward Looking Statements” slide. Cash flow build up scenario above assumes refinancing of SPL and CCH credit facilities with non-amortizing project bonds.

SPL, SPLNG, CTPL and CCL-level project debt shown above are non-recourse to CEI.

EBITDA, distributable cash flow, deconsolidated cash flow, cash flow and cash flow per share are non-GAAP measures. EBITDA is computed as total revenues less non-cash deferred revenues, operating expenses, assumed commissioning costs and state and local taxes. It does not include depreciation expenses and certain non-operating items. We have not made any forecast of net income, which would be the most comparable financial measure under GAAP, and we are unable to reconcile differences between forecasted non-GAAP measures and net income. Non-GAAP measures have limitations as an analytical tool and should not be considered in isolation or in lieu of an analysis of our results as reported under GAAP, and should be evaluated only on a supplementary basis.

(1) ~\$2.3 billion of deconsolidated cash flow to CEI calculated as ~\$1.0 billion of CQP distributable cash flow (net of minority interest), plus ~\$1.3 billion of CCL Trains 1-2 EBITDA. CEI stand-alone EBITDA is estimated to be ~\$2.1 billion calculated as ~\$2.3 billion of deconsolidated cash flow to CEI, plus \$0.1 billion of management fees, less ~\$0.3 billion of CEI G&A.

(2) CCL project-level debt issued at Cheniere Corpus Christi Holdings, LLC (CCH) entity.

(3) Assumes ~276 million CEI shares outstanding for 7-train case – assumes conversion of \$1.0 billion PIK Convertible Notes due in 2021 at \$93.64/share and conversion of \$1.0 billion Senior Secured Convertible Notes due 2025 at \$100/share.

(4) Source: Bloomberg, DTN ProphetX and Platts, as of October 13, 2015.

Estimated Market Prices Profitable for Cheniere LNG Projects

Cheniere can profitably provide LNG to global buyers at attractive prices

Market price sensitivity

Europe LNG sale price (\$/MMBtu)				
	\$7.00	\$9.00	\$11.00	\$13.00
Implied margin	\$2.50	\$4.50	\$6.50	\$8.50
Asia LNG sale price (\$/MMBtu)				
	\$9.00	\$11.00	\$13.00	\$15.00
Implied margin	\$3.25	\$5.25	\$7.25	\$9.25

- As shown in sensitivity table above, Cheniere can profitably sell LNG into key demand centers even in periods of lower market prices
- If LNG prices remain at lower levels, we would expect LNG demand to increase, thus signaling the need for more liquefaction projects. Cheniere positioned as a low-cost supplier

Assumes Henry Hub price of \$3.00/MMBtu, shipping cost to Europe of \$1.00/MMBtu and shipping cost to Asia of \$2.25/MMBtu.

Example CEI EBITDA Build Up – Europe @ \$7.50 / Asia @ \$8.75

SPL T1-6, CCL T1-3, CCL T4-5, Live Oak/Louisiana LNG

CEI EBITDA build up (deconsolidated)

(\$ in billions, except for per share amounts)

	Run-rate scenarios from 2021E to 2025E			
	7 trains (2021E)	9 trains (2021E)	11 trains (2023E)	11 trains, LO&LLNG (2025E)
SPL T1-5/6 and SPLNG via GP/IDR and CQH	\$1.1	\$1.3	\$1.3	\$1.3
Management fees	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.2
Mid-scale LNG	–	–	–	\$1.2
CCL T1-2/3/5	\$1.3	\$2.0	\$3.4	\$3.4
CMI profit share	–	–	–	–
Total	\$2.5	\$3.5	\$4.8	\$6.1
Less: CEI G&A	(\$0.3)	(\$0.3)	(\$0.3)	(\$0.3)
CEI EBITDA	\$2.2	\$3.2	\$4.6	\$5.8
CEI EBITDA per share	\$8	\$11	\$16	\$20

- 7 trains currently under construction
- 7-train case assumes 27.4 MTPA of 20-year SPAs; all other build out cases assume 31.75 MTPA of 20-year SPAs
- Assumes remaining LNG all sold to Europe for \$7.50/MMBtu or Asia for \$8.75/MMBtu

Note: See “Forward Looking Statements” Slide.

Cash flow build up scenario above assumes refinancing of SPL and CCH credit facilities with non-amortizing project bonds and early release of SPL cash flows earmarked for construction via public CQP unit issuances. Cash flow build up scenario above requires either incremental CEI, or project-level financing, or combination of both, to fund project build out. Assumes ~276 million CEI shares outstanding for 7-train case – assumes conversion of \$1.0 billion PIK Convertible Notes due in 2021 at \$93.64/share and conversion of \$1.0 billion Senior Secured Convertible Notes due 2025 at \$100/share. All other cases shown assume ~283 million CEI shares outstanding – incremental shares related to funding of committed additional \$0.5 billion of Senior Secured Convertible Notes due 2025 and conversion at \$140/share.

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•For 9 train build out, 8.75 MTPA available for CMI portfolio. For 11 train build out, incremental 9.0 MTPA available for CMI.

•With mid-scale LNG projects, incremental 10.4 MTPA available for CMI.

•All scenarios assume 100% utilization of capacity available.

Example CEI EBITDA Build Up – Europe @ \$9.50 / Asia @ \$10.75

SPL T1-6, CCL T1-3, CCL T4-5, Live Oak/Louisiana LNG

CEI EBITDA build up (deconsolidated)

(\$ in billions, except for per share amounts)

	Run-rate scenarios from 2021E to 2025E			
	7 trains (2021E)	9 trains (2021E)	11 trains (2023E)	11 trains, LO&LLNG (2025E)
SPL T1-5/6 and SPLNG via GP/IDR and CQH	\$1.1	\$1.3	\$1.3	\$1.3
Management fees	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.2
Mid-scale LNG	–	–	–	\$2.3
CCL T1-2/3/5	\$1.3	\$2.0	\$3.4	\$3.4
CMI profit share	\$0.4	\$0.9	\$1.9	\$1.9
Total	\$2.9	\$4.4	\$6.7	\$9.0
Less: CEI G&A	(\$0.3)	(\$0.3)	(\$0.3)	(\$0.3)
CEI EBITDA	\$2.6	\$4.1	\$6.4	\$8.7
CEI EBITDA per share	\$9	\$14	\$23	\$31

- 7 trains currently under construction
- 7-train case assumes 27.4 MTPA of 20-year SPAs; all other build out cases assume 31.75 MTPA of 20-year SPAs
- Assumes remaining LNG all sold to Europe for \$9.50/MMBtu and Asia for \$10.75/MMBtu

Note: See “Forward Looking Statements” Slide.

Cash flow build up scenario above assumes refinancing of SPL and CCH credit facilities with non-amortizing project bonds and early release of SPL cash flows earmarked for construction via public CQP unit issuances. Cash flow build up scenario above requires either incremental CEI, or project-level financing, or combination of both, to fund project build out. Assumes ~276 million CEI shares outstanding for 7-train case – assumes conversion of \$1.0 billion PIK Convertible Notes due in 2021 at \$93.64/share and conversion of \$1.0 billion Senior Secured Convertible Notes due 2025 at \$100/share. All other cases shown assume ~283 million CEI shares outstanding – incremental shares related to funding of committed additional \$0.5 billion of Senior Secured Convertible Notes due 2025 and conversion at \$140/share.

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Example CEI EBITDA Build Up – Europe @ \$11.50 / Asia @ \$12.75

SPL T1-6, CCL T1-3, CCL T4-5, Live Oak/Louisiana LNG

CEI EBITDA build up (deconsolidated)

(\$ in billions, except for per share amounts)

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Management fees	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.2
Mid-scale LNG	–	–	–	\$3.4
CCL T1-2/3/5	\$1.3	\$2.0	\$3.4	\$3.4
CMI profit share	\$0.9	\$1.8	\$3.7	\$3.7
Total	\$3.3	\$5.3	\$8.6	\$11.9
Less: CEI G&A	(\$0.3)	(\$0.3)	(\$0.3)	(\$0.3)
CEI EBITDA	\$3.0	\$5.0	\$8.3	\$11.6
CEI EBITDA per share	\$11	\$18	\$29	\$41

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- 7-train case assumes 27.4 MTPA of 20-year SPAs; all other build out cases assume 31.75 MTPA of 20-year SPAs
- Assumes remaining LNG all sold to Europe for \$11.50/MMBtu and Asia for \$12.75/MMBtu

Note: See “Forward Looking Statements” Slide.

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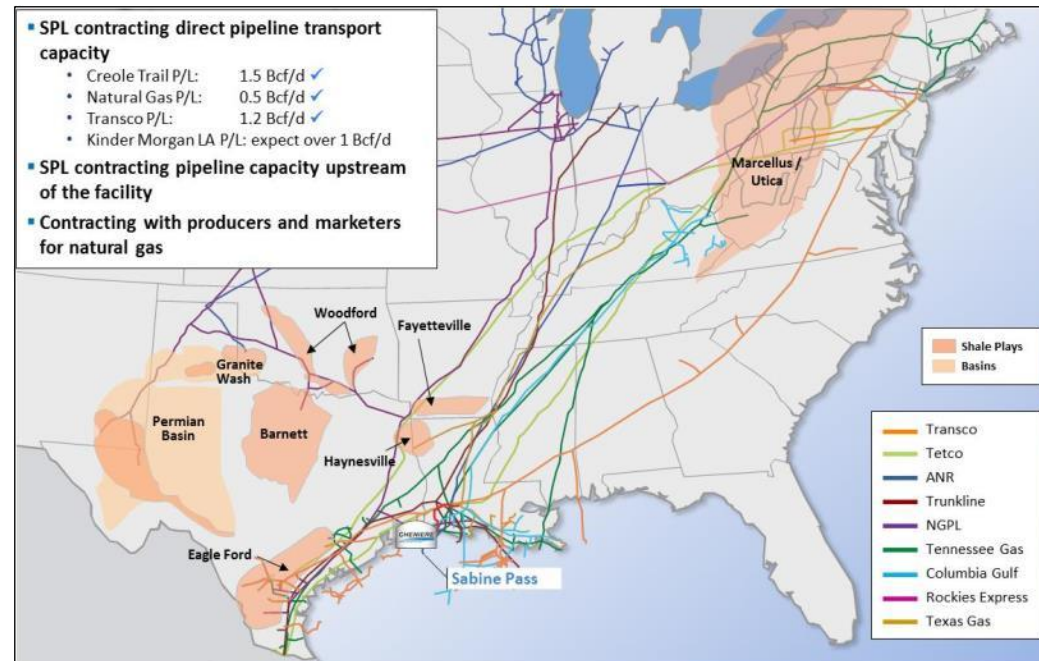
•All scenarios assume 100% utilization of capacity available.

Gas Procurement

Sabine Pass Terminal

■ Securing feedstock for LNG production with balanced portfolio approach

- To date, have entered into term gas supply contracts with producers under 1-7 year contracts
- Supply contracts cover ~50% of the required daily load for Trains 1-4 at Sabine Pass
- Pricing averages HH - \$0.10 discount



■ Redundant pipeline capacity helps ensure reliable gas deliverability

- To date, we have secured firm pipeline transportation capacity of approximately ~4.2 Bcf/d of deliverability into Sabine Pass, or ~160% of the total load for Trains 1-4

■ Upstream pipeline capacity provides access to diverse supply sources

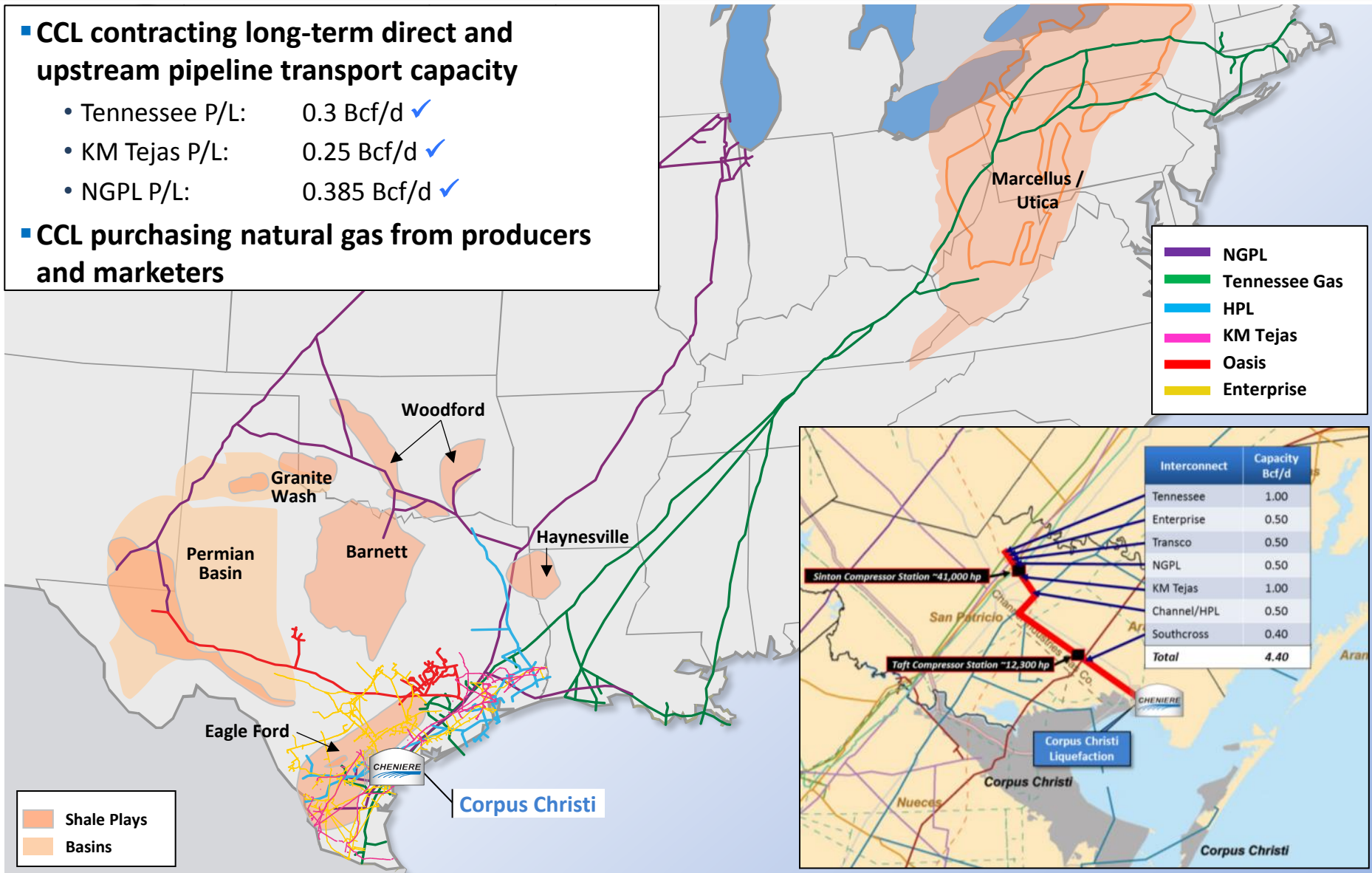
- High degree of visibility into our ability to consistently deliver gas to Sabine Pass on a variable basis at Henry Hub flat

Gas Procurement Corpus Christi Terminal

■ CCL contracting long-term direct and upstream pipeline transport capacity

- Tennessee P/L: 0.3 Bcf/d ✓
- KM Tejas P/L: 0.25 Bcf/d ✓
- NGPL P/L: 0.385 Bcf/d ✓

■ CCL purchasing natural gas from producers and marketers



Cheniere Marketing

Cheniere platform for LNG sales - short, mid, long-term sales, FOB or DES basis



Chartered 3 LNG Vessels
Deliveries in 2015 & 2016



SPA with SPL
First LNG for SPL Expected 2015



SPAs with CCL
First LNG Expected 2018



- Scale up for > 10 mtpa including LNG purchases from Cheniere terminals and other places
- Buyers & sellers of LNG cargoes
- SPAs with SPL and CCL for all LNG volumes not sold to 3rd parties
- Chartered 3 LNG vessels for deliveries in 2015 and 2016 (1st vessel received June 2015)
- Developing complementary, high-value markets through small-scale asset investments
- Professional staff based in London, Houston, Washington, Santiago, and Singapore
- ~340 million MMBtu sold to date primarily based on 1–2 year terms at prices linked to HH or TTF

Future Developments

Horizontal / Vertical Integration

**Significant
revenue
expected
starting in
2016**

**Announced
brownfield
expansion at
Corpus
Christi and
mid-scale
LNG
investment**

**Developing
additional
assets for
other
hydrocarbon
export
opportunities**

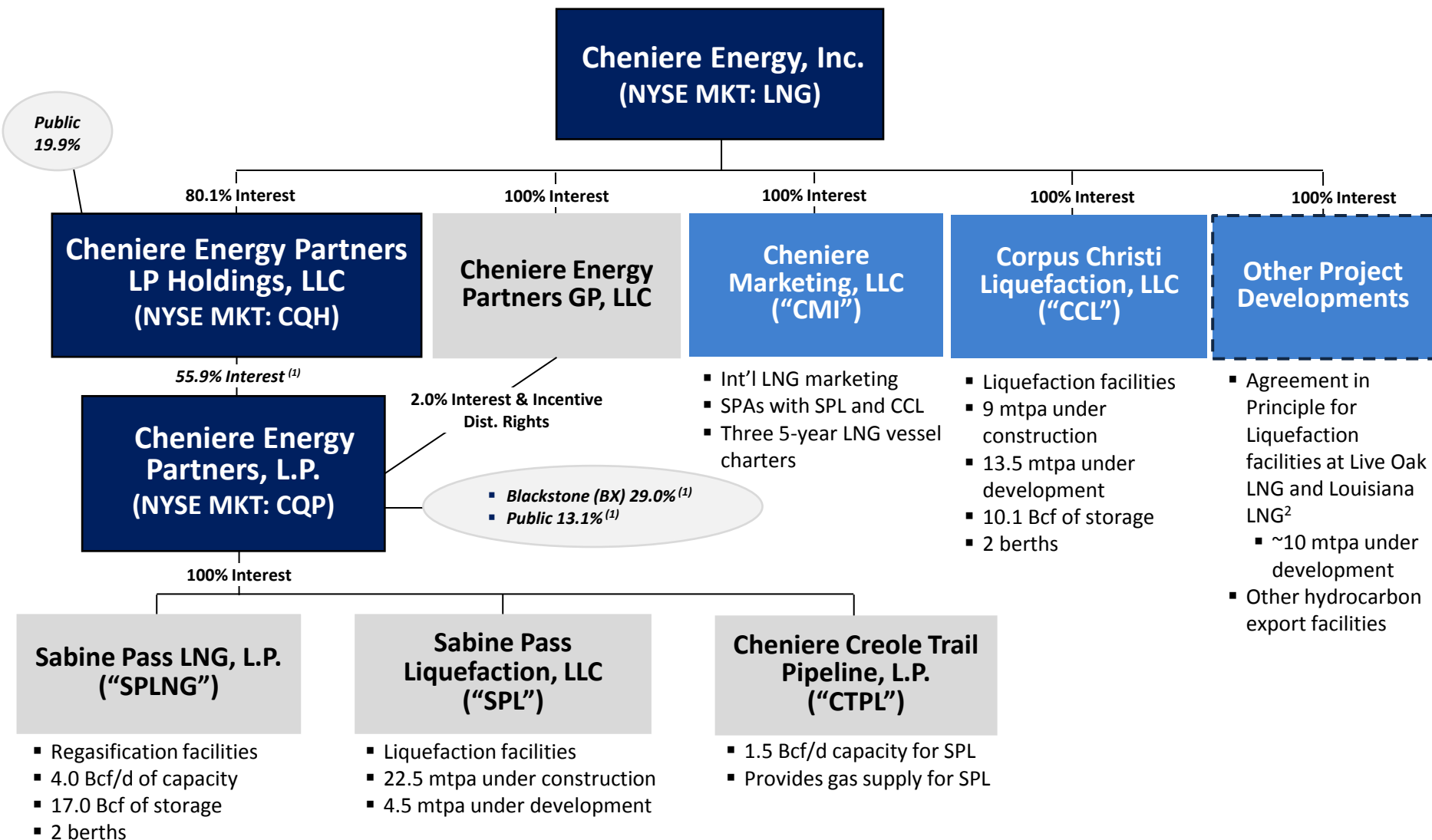
**Total focus
on cash
flow per
share as
guiding
metric for
future
investments**

**Cheniere core competencies, scale, and first-mover advantage
provide industry-leading platform for further asset integration**



Appendix

Investing in Cheniere – Summary Organization



Note: This organizational chart is provided for illustrative purposes only, is not and does not purport to be a complete organizational chart of Cheniere.

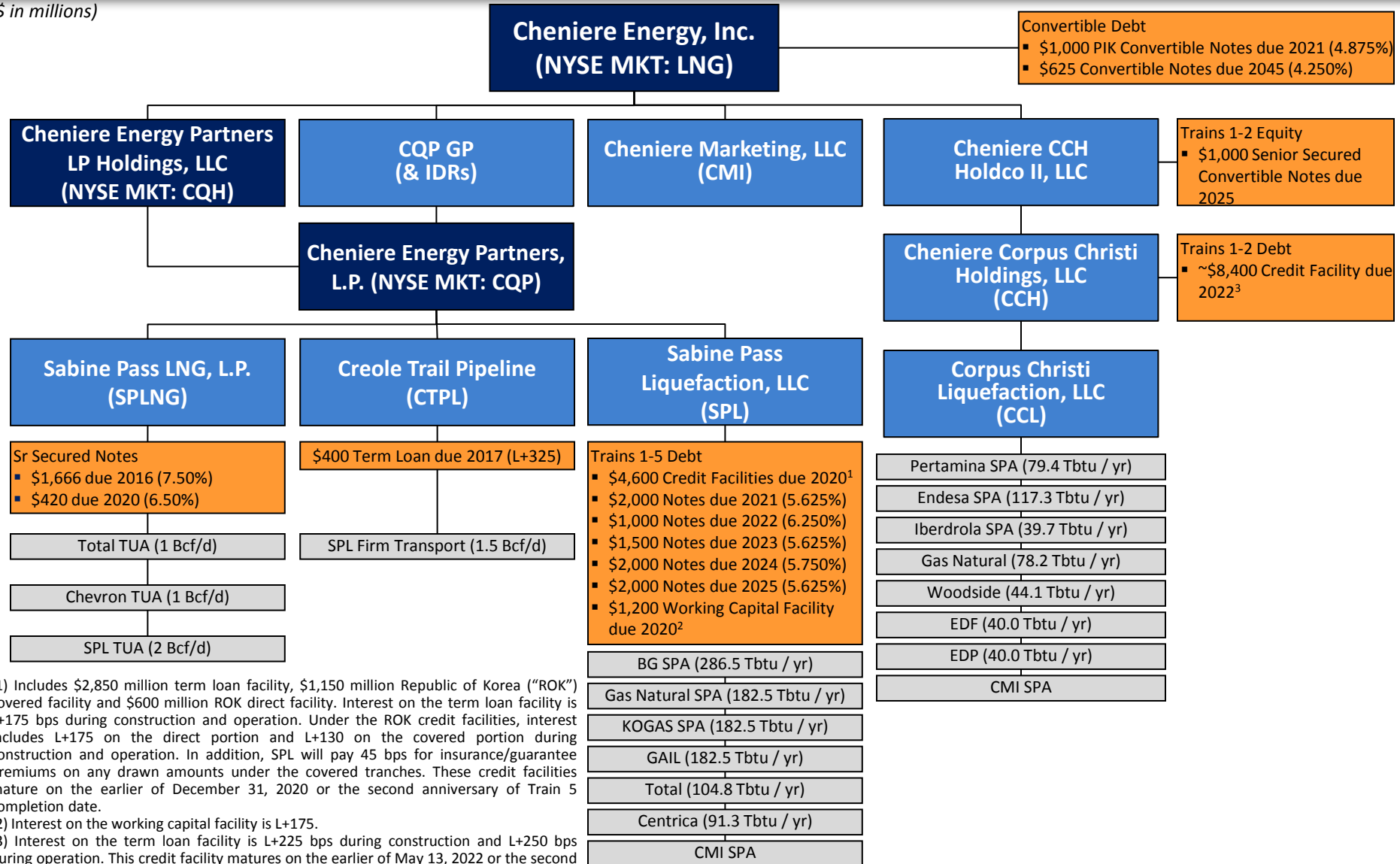
(1) Current ownership interest based solely on ownership of Class B units. As Class B units accrete Blackstone will increase its ownership percentage, and the public and CQH will have reduced ownership percentages.

(2) Cheniere Energy, Inc. has agreed in principle to partner with Parallax Enterprises, LLC on these projects.

Cheniere's Debt Summary

As of October 2015

(\$ in millions)



(1) Includes \$2,850 million term loan facility, \$1,150 million Republic of Korea ("ROK") covered facility and \$600 million ROK direct facility. Interest on the term loan facility is L+175 bps during construction and operation. Under the ROK credit facilities, interest includes L+175 on the direct portion and L+130 on the covered portion during construction and operation. In addition, SPL will pay 45 bps for insurance/guarantee premiums on any drawn amounts under the covered tranches. These credit facilities mature on the earlier of December 31, 2020 or the second anniversary of Train 5 completion date.

(2) Interest on the working capital facility is L+175.

(3) Interest on the term loan facility is L+225 bps during construction and L+250 bps during operation. This credit facility matures on the earlier of May 13, 2022 or the second anniversary of project completion date.

Note: This organizational chart is provided for illustrative purposes only, is not and does not purport to be a complete organizational chart of Cheniere.

Conversion of Class B and Subordinated Units

Class B Units:

- **Mandatory conversion:** within 90 days of the substantial completion of Train 3
- **Optional conversion by a Class B unitholder** may occur at any of the following times:
 - After 83 months from issuance of EPC notice to proceed
 - Prior to the record date for a quarter in which sufficient cash from operating surplus is generated to distribute \$0.425 to all outstanding common units and the common units to be issued upon conversion
 - Thirty (30) days prior to the mandatory conversion date
 - Within a 30-day period prior to a significant event or a dissolution

Subordinated Units:

- Subordinated units will convert into common units on a one-for-one basis, provided that there are no cumulative common unit arrearages, and either of the below distribution hurdles is met:
 - For three consecutive, non-overlapping four-quarter periods, the distribution paid from “Adjusted Operating Surplus”⁽¹⁾ to all outstanding units⁽²⁾ equals or exceeds \$0.425 per quarter
 - For four consecutive quarters, the distribution paid from “Contracted Adjusted Operating Surplus”⁽¹⁾ to all outstanding units⁽²⁾ equals or exceeds \$0.638 per quarter

(1) As defined in CQP's partnership agreement.

(2) Includes all outstanding common units (assuming conversion of all Class B units), subordinated units and any other outstanding units that are senior or equal in right of distribution to the subordinated units.

Sabine Pass Liquefaction — Brownfield LNG Export Project

Utilizes Existing Assets, Trains 1-5 Under Construction

Current Facility

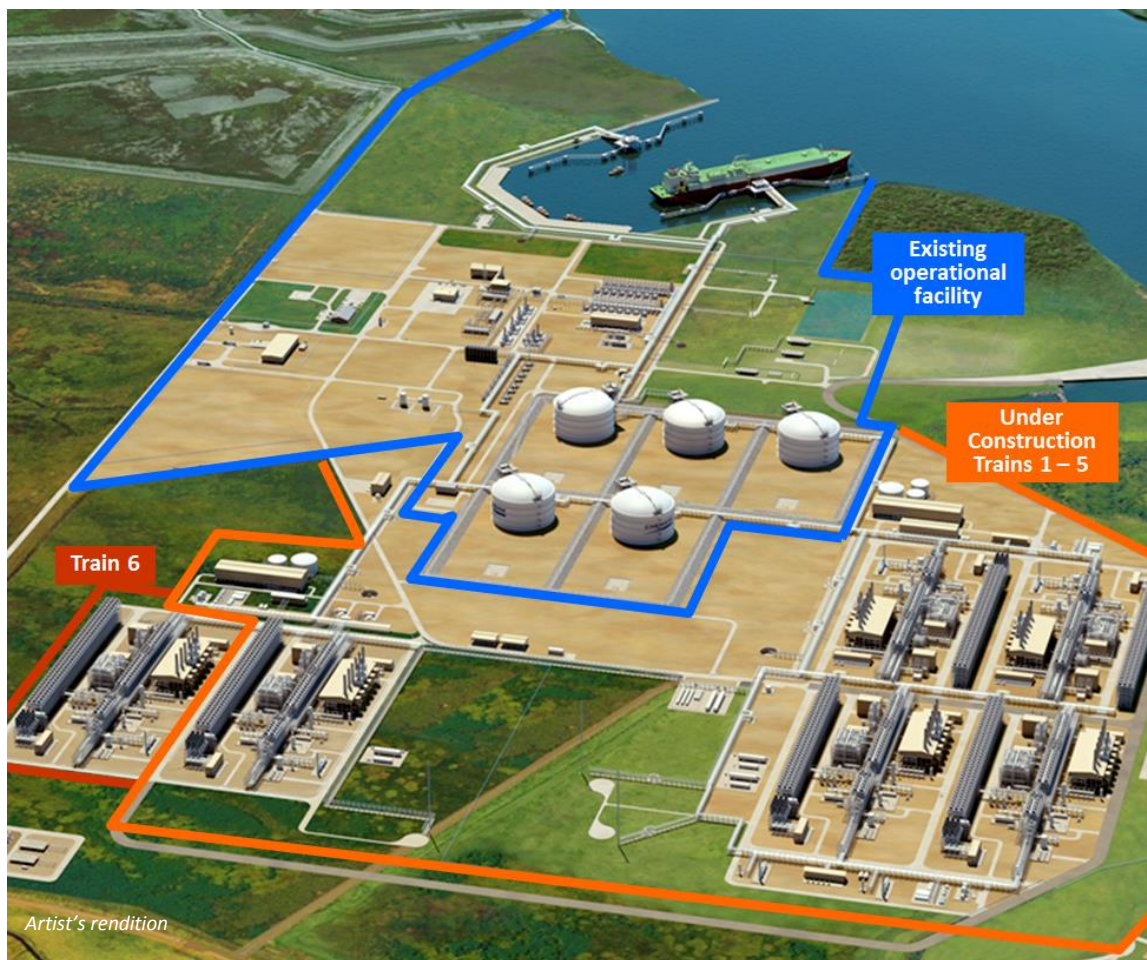
- ~1,000 acres in Cameron Parish, LA
- 40 ft. ship channel 3.7 miles from coast
- 2 berths; 4 dedicated tugs
- 5 LNG storage tanks (~17 Bcfe of storage)
- 5.3 Bcf/d of pipeline interconnection

Liquefaction Trains 1 – 5: Fully Contracted

- Lump Sum Turnkey EPC contracts w/ Bechtel
- T1 & T2 EPC contract price ~\$4.1B
 - Overall project ~96% complete (as of 10/2015)
 - Operations estimated late 2015/2016
- T3 & T4 EPC contract price ~\$3.8B
 - Overall project ~77% complete (as of 10/2015)
 - Operations estimated 2016/2017
- T5 EPC contract price ~\$3.0B
 - Construction commenced June 2015

Liquefaction Train 6

- FID upon obtaining commercial contracts and financing



Design production capacity is expected to be ~4.5 mtpa per train, using ConocoPhillips' Optimized Cascade® Process

Significant infrastructure in place including storage, marine and pipeline interconnection facilities; pipeline quality natural gas to be sourced from U.S. pipeline network

SPL Estimated Cash Flows

Trains 1-5 and Trains 1-6

SPL estimated cash flows

(\$ in billions)

	SPL Trains 1-5	SPL Trains 1-6
Long term SPAs	\$2.9	\$3.2
CMI SPA payment ⁽¹⁾	\$0.4	\$0.9
Commodity payments, net ⁽²⁾	\$0.3	\$0.4
Total SPL revenues	\$3.6	\$4.4
SPLNG TUA payments ⁽³⁾	(\$0.4)	(\$0.4)
Plant O&M	(\$0.3)	(\$0.3)
Plant maintenance capex ⁽⁴⁾	(\$0.2)	(\$0.2)
Pipeline costs (primary plant and upstream pipelines)	(\$0.2)	(\$0.2)
Total SPL operating expenses	(\$1.1)	(\$1.2)
SPL EBITDA	\$2.6	\$3.3
Less: Project-level interest expense ⁽⁵⁾	(\$0.8)	(\$0.9)
SPL distributable cash flow to CQP	\$1.8	\$2.3

Note: EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure. EBITDA is computed as total revenues less non-cash deferred revenues, operating expenses, assumed commissioning costs and state and local taxes. It does not include depreciation expenses and certain non-operating items. Because we have not forecasted depreciation expense and non-operating items, we have not made any forecast of net income, which would be the most directly comparable financial measure under generally accepted accounting principles, or GAAP, and we are unable to reconcile differences between forecasts of EBITDA and net income. EBITDA has limitations as an analytical tool and should not be considered in isolation or in lieu of an analysis of our results as reported under GAAP, and should be evaluated only on a supplementary basis.

Assumes future long term contracting of additional 1.5 MTPA at SPL Train 6 (total of 21.25 MTPA of long term SPAs at SPL Trains 1-6) at \$3.50 per MMBtu.

(1) CMI SPA payment assumes 100% utilization at \$3.00/MMBtu.

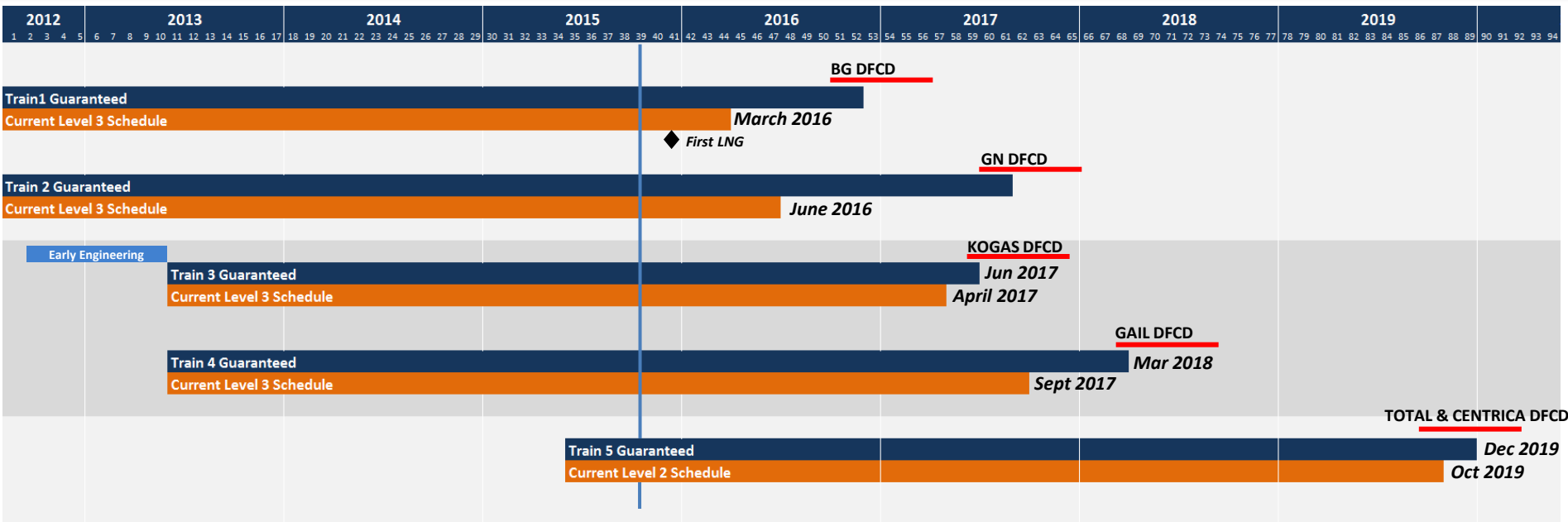
(2) Assumes \$5.00/MMBtu natural gas price and that off-takers lift 100% of their full contractual entitlement. Amounts are net of estimated natural gas to be used for the liquefaction process.

(3) Includes payments related to reassignment of Total TUA SPLNG capacity and export fees paid to SPLNG.

(4) Majority of costs shown are fixed and covered under multi-year service and supply agreements with equipment and service providers.

(5) Assumes debt at SPL refinanced at 6.00% annual interest rate.

SPL Construction Completion Schedules Trains 1 – 5



Stage 1 (Trains 1&2) overall project progress as of October 2015 is 96.1% complete vs. Target Plan of 98.2%:

- Engineering, Procurement, Subcontracts and Construction are 100%, 100%, 84.1% and 93.5% complete against Target Plan of 99.8%, 100%, 88.7% and 98.1% respectively
- Bechtel Delivered the Train 1 Commissioning and Start-up Plan in Feb, projecting Fuel Gas introduction in Sep, Feed Gas introduction in Oct, and Ready for Start-up in Dec; all in support of the current First LNG Target by year-end 2015, and Target Substantial Completion in Mar 2016

Stage 2 (Trains 3&4) overall project progress as of October 2015 is 76.7% complete vs. Target Plan of 81.8%:

- Engineering, Procurement, Subcontracts and Construction are 100%, 99.4%, 50.4% and 48.5% complete against Target Plan of 99.0%, 98.8%, 65.8% and 59.6% respectively

Stage 3 (Trains 5&6) overall project progress:

- NTP on Train 5 issued to Bechtel on June 30th
- Soil stabilization civil works are in progress and the current plan estimates Train 5 operational in 52 months from NTP

LNG Sale and Purchase Agreements (SPAs)

Sabine Pass Liquefaction

~20 mtpa “take-or-pay” style commercial agreements
~\$2.9B annual fixed fee revenue for 20 years



BG GROUP

BG Gulf Coast LNG



Gas Natural Fenosa



Korea Gas Corporation



GAIL (India) Limited



Total Gas & Power N.A.



Centrica plc

	BG Gulf Coast LNG	Gas Natural Fenosa	Korea Gas Corporation	GAIL (India) Limited	Total Gas & Power N.A.	Centrica plc
Annual Contract Quantity (MMBtu)	286,500,000 ⁽¹⁾	182,500,000	182,500,000	182,500,000	104,750,000 ⁽¹⁾	91,250,000
Annual Fixed Fees ⁽²⁾	~\$723 MM ⁽³⁾	~\$454 MM	~\$548 MM	~\$548 MM	~\$314 MM	~\$274 MM
Fixed Fees \$/MMBtu ⁽²⁾	\$2.25 - \$3.00	\$2.49	\$3.00	\$3.00	\$3.00	\$3.00
LNG Cost	115% of HH	115% of HH	115% of HH	115% of HH	115% of HH	115% of HH
Term of Contract ⁽⁴⁾	20 years	20 years	20 years	20 years	20 years	20 years
Guarantor	BG Energy Holdings Ltd.	Gas Natural SDG S.A.	N/A	N/A	Total S.A.	N/A
Corporate / Guarantor Credit Rating ⁽⁵⁾	A-/A2/A-	BBB/Baa2/BBB+	A+/Aa3/AA-	NR/Baa2/BBB-	AA-/Aa1/AA-	BBB+/Baa1/A-
Fee During Force Majeure	Up to 24 months	Up to 24 months	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contract Start	Train 1 + additional volumes with Trains 2,3,4	Train 2	Train 3	Train 4	Train 5	Train 5

(1) BG has agreed to purchase 182,500,000 MMBtu, 36,500,000 MMBtu, 34,000,000 MMBtu and 33,500,000 MMBtu of LNG volumes annually upon the commencement of operations of Trains 1, 2, 3 and 4, respectively. Total has agreed to purchase 91,250,000 MMBtu of LNG volumes annually plus 13,400,000 MMBtu of seasonal LNG volumes upon the commencement of Train 5 operations.

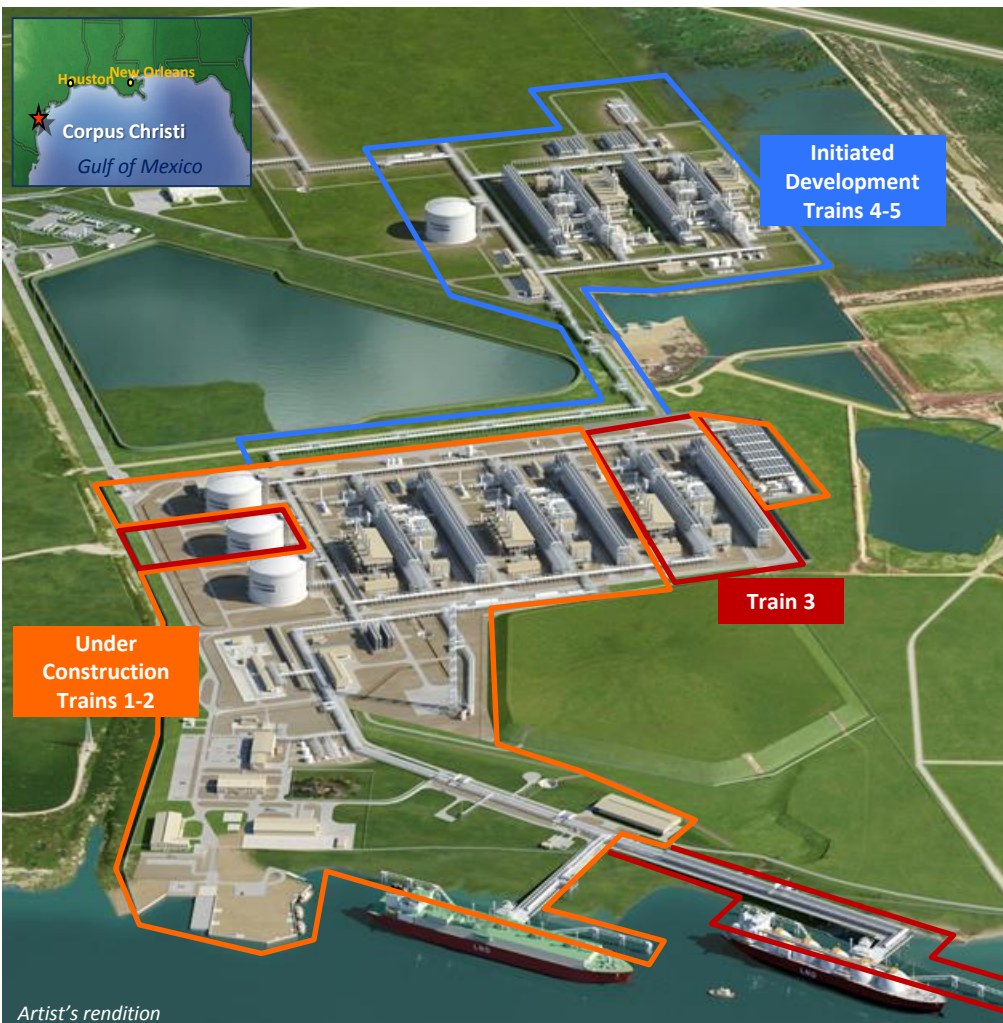
(2) A portion of the fee is subject to inflation, approximately 15% for BG Group, 13.6% for Gas Natural Fenosa, 11.5% for KOGAS, GAIL (India) Ltd, Total and Centrica.

(3) Following commercial in service date of Train 4. BG will provide annual fixed fees of approximately \$520 million during Trains 1-2 operations and an additional \$203 million once Trains 3-4 are operational.

(4) SPAs have a 20 year term with the right to extend up to an additional 10 years. Gas Natural Fenosa has an extension right up to an additional 12 years in certain circumstances.

(5) Ratings are provided by S&P/Moody's/Fitch and subject to change, suspension or withdrawal at anytime and are not a recommendation to buy, hold or sell any security.

Corpus Christi Liquefaction Project



Proposed 5 Train Facility

- >1,000 acres owned and/or controlled
- 2 berths, 4 LNG storage tanks (~13.5 Bcfe of storage)

Key Project Attributes

- 45 ft. ship channel 14 miles from coast
- Protected berth
- Premier Site Conditions
- 23-mile 48" and 42" parallel pipelines will connect to several interstate and intrastate pipelines

Liquefaction Trains 1-2: Under Construction

- Lump Sum Turnkey EPC contracts w/ Bechtel
- T1 & T2 EPC contract price ~\$7.1B
 - Construction commenced May 2015
 - Operations estimated 2018

Liquefaction Train 3: Partially Contracted

- 0.8 mtpa contracted to date
- Targeting additional 2.1 mtpa
- Reach FID upon contracting

Liquefaction Trains 4-5: Initiated Development

- Permit process started June 2015

Design production capacity is expected to be ~4.5 mtpa per train, using ConocoPhillips' Optimized Cascade® Process

Commenced Construction on Trains 1-2 in May 2015

CCL Estimated Cash Flows

Trains 1-2 and Trains 1-3

CCL estimated cash flows

(\$ in billions)

	CCL Trains 1-2	CCL Trains 1-3
Long term SPAs	\$1.4	\$1.9
CMI SPA payment ⁽¹⁾	\$0.2	\$0.5
Commodity payments, net ⁽²⁾	\$0.1	\$0.1
Total CCL revenues	\$1.7	\$2.5
Plant O&M	(\$0.2)	(\$0.2)
Plant maintenance capex ⁽³⁾	(\$0.1)	(\$0.1)
Pipeline costs (primary plant and upstream pipelines)	(\$0.1)	(\$0.2)
Total CCL operating expenses	(\$0.4)	(\$0.5)
CCL EBITDA	\$1.3	\$2.0
Less: Project-level interest expense ⁽⁴⁾	(\$0.5)	(\$0.7)
CCL distributable cash flow to CEI	\$0.8	\$1.3

Note: EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure. EBITDA is computed as total revenues less non-cash deferred revenues, operating expenses, assumed commissioning costs and state and local taxes. It does not include depreciation expenses and certain non-operating items. Because we have not forecasted depreciation expense and non-operating items, we have not made any forecast of net income, which would be the most directly comparable financial measure under generally accepted accounting principles, or GAAP, and we are unable to reconcile differences between forecasts of EBITDA and net income. EBITDA has limitations as an analytical tool and should not be considered in isolation or in lieu of an analysis of our results as reported under GAAP, and should be evaluated only on a supplementary basis.

Assumes future long term contracting of additional ~2.1 MTPA at CCL Train 3 (total of 10.5 MTPA of long term SPAs at CCL Trains 1-3) at \$3.50 per MMBtu.

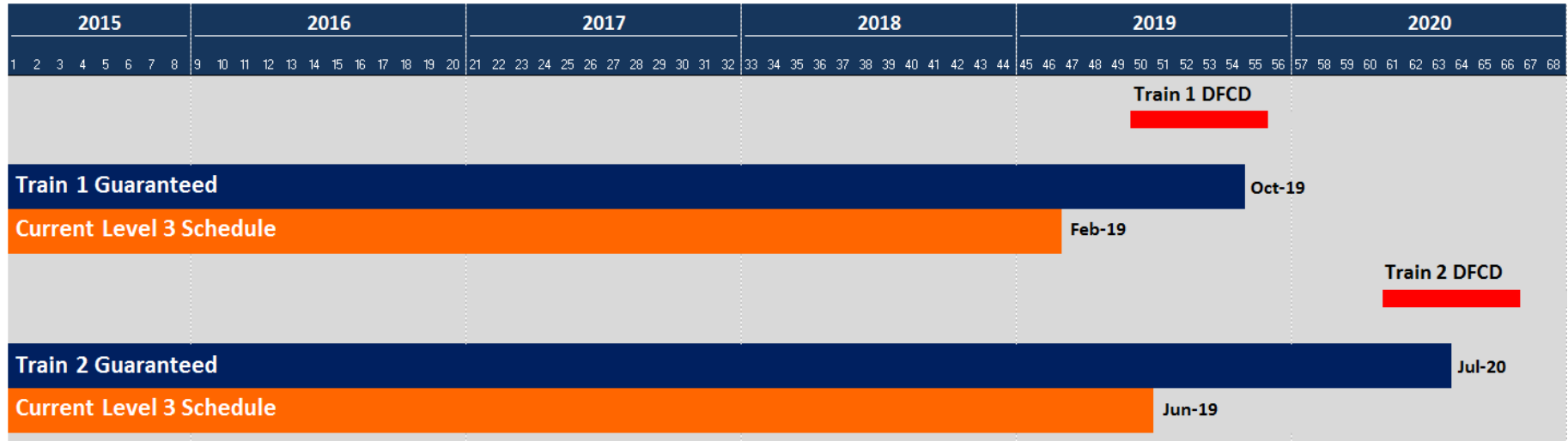
(1) CMI SPA payment assumes 100% utilization at \$3.00/MMBtu.

(2) Assumes \$5.00/MMBtu natural gas price and that off-takers lift 100% of their full contractual entitlement. Amounts are net of estimated natural gas to be used for the liquefaction process.

(3) Majority of costs shown related to service-based payments to be contracted over a multi-year term.

(4) Assumes debt at CCL refinanced at 6.00% annual interest rate.

Corpus Christi Liquefaction Project Schedule



Stage 1 (Trains 1&2) overall project progress as of October 2015 is ahead of target:

- Engineering, Procurement, and Construction has progressed to 90.3%, 34.6%, and 0.8% compared to a plan of 82.3%, 23.0%, and 1.7% respectively.
- NTP issued, construction commenced for Trains 1-2 in May 2015

Corpus Christi Liquefaction SPAs

SPA progress: ~8.42 mtpa “take-or-pay” style commercial agreements
~\$1.5B annual fixed fee revenue for 20 years

	 PT Pertamina (Persero)	 Endesa S.A.	 Iberdrola S.A.	 Gas Natural Fenosa	 Woodside Energy Trading	 Électricité de France	 EDP Energias de Portugal S.A.
Annual Contract Quantity (TBtu)	79.36	117.32	39.68	78.20	44.12	40.00	40.00
Annual Fixed Fees ⁽¹⁾	~\$278 MM	~\$411 MM	~\$139 MM	~\$274 MM	~\$154 MM	~\$140 MM	~\$140 MM
Fixed Fees \$/MMBtu ⁽¹⁾	\$3.50	\$3.50	\$3.50	\$3.50	\$3.50	\$3.50	\$3.50
LNG Cost	115% of HH	115% of HH	115% of HH	115% of HH	115% of HH	115% of HH	115% of HH
Term of Contract ⁽²⁾	20 years	20 years	20 years	20 years	20 years	20 years	20 years
Guarantor	N/A	N/A	N/A	Gas Natural SDG, S.A.	Woodside Petroleum, LTD	N/A	N/A
Guarantor/Corporate Credit Rating ⁽³⁾	BB+/Baa3/BBB-	BBB/Baa2/BBB+	BBB/Baa1/BBB+	BBB/Baa2/BBB+	BBB+/Baa1/BBB+	A+/A1/A	BB+/Baa3/BBB-
Contract Start	Train 1 / Train2	Train 1	Train 1 / Train 2	Train 2	Train 2	Train 2	Train 3

(1) 12.75% of the fee is subject to inflation for Pertamina; 11.5% for Woodside; 14% for all others

(2) SPA has a 20 year term with the right to extend up to an additional 10 years.

(3) Ratings are provided by S&P/Moody's/Fitch and subject to change, suspension or withdrawal at anytime and are not a recommendation to buy, hold or sell any security.

Live Oak and Louisiana Liquefaction Projects¹

Mid-scale LNG projects Utilizing Bechtel/Chart Industries Technology



Live Oak LNG Facility Overview

- 340 acres on the Calcasieu Channel, just north of Calcasieu Lake
- ~5 mtpa development
- 1 berth, 2 LNG storage tanks

Project Update

- FERC pre-filing expected in 2015
- First LNG expected 2021



Louisiana LNG Facility Overview

- 400 acres on the Mississippi River, ~40 miles downstream from the Port of New Orleans
- ~5 mtpa development
- 1 berth, 2 LNG storage tanks

Project Update

- FERC pre-filing for 6 mtpa in July 2015
- First LNG expected 2021

Artist's rendition for both projects



(1) Cheniere Energy, Inc. has agreed in principle to partner with Parallax Enterprises, LLC on these projects

Applications Filed with FERC for Liquefaction Projects Continental U.S.

LNG Export Projects	Quantity Bcf/d	FERC Pre-filing Date	FERC Application Date	FERC Scheduling Notice Issued	EIS / EA	Scheduled Date for EIS or EA	FERC Approval	DOE Non FTA Final	Under Construction
Sabine Pass Liquefaction T1-4	2.8	7/26/10	1/31/11	12/16/11	EA		4/16/12	8/7/12	✓
Cameron LNG T1-3	1.7	4/30/12	12/10/12	11/21/13	EIS	4/30/14	6/19/14	9/10/14	✓
Freeport LNG	1.4 0.4	12/23/10	8/31/12	1/6/14	EIS	6/16/14	7/30/14	11/14/14	✓
Dominion Cove Point LNG	1.0	6/1/12	4/1/13	3/12/14	EA	5/15/14	9/29/14	5/7/15	✓
Corpus Christi Liquefaction T1-3	2.1	12/13/11	8/31/12	2/12/14	EIS	10/8/14	12/30/14	5/12/15	T1-2: ✓
Sabine Pass Liquefaction T5-6	1.38	2/27/13	9/30/13	11/03/14	EA	12/12/14	4/6/2015	6/26/15	T5: ✓
Jordan Cove Energy	1.2/0.8	2/29/12	5/22/13	7/16/14	EIS	9/30/15			
Oregon LNG	1.25	7/3/12	6/7/13	4/17/15	EIS	2/12/16			
Lake Charles LNG	2.0	3/30/12	3/25/14	1/26/15	EIS	8/14/15			
Magnolia	1.08	3/20/13	4/30/14	4/30/15	EIS	11/16/15			
Southern LNG	0.5	12/5/12	3/10/14		EA				
Golden Pass	2.6	5/16/13	7/7/14	6/26/15	EA	3/4/16			
Gulf LNG	1.3	12/6/12	6/19/15		EIS				
Cameron LNG Expansion T4-5	1.4	2/24/15	9/28/15		EIS				

- 6 projects have received FERC approval and final DOE approval for Non FTA

Source: Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy; U.S. Federal Energy Regulatory Commission; Company releases

Note: National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) empowers FERC as the lead Federal agency to prepare an Environmental Impact Statement in cooperation with other state and federal agencies

U.S. LNG Export Projects



Company	Quantity (Bcf/d)	DOE	FERC	Contracts
Cheniere Sabine Pass T1 – T4	2.2	Fully permitted		Fully Subscribed
Freeport	1.8	Fully permitted		Fully Subscribed
Lake Charles	2.0	FTA + NonFTA	✓	Fully Subscribed
Dominion Cove Point	1.0	Fully permitted		Fully Subscribed
Cameron LNG T1-3	1.7	Fully permitted		Fully Subscribed
Jordan Cove	1.2/0.8	FTA + NonFTA	✓	
Oregon LNG	1.25	FTA + NonFTA	✓	
Cheniere Corpus Christi T1 – T3	2.1	Fully permitted		Partially Subscribed
Cheniere Sabine Pass T5 – T6	1.3	Fully permitted		T5 Subscribed
Southern LNG	0.5	FTA	❖	Fully Subscribed
Magnolia LNG	0.5	FTA	✓	Partially Subscribed
Golden Pass LNG	2	FTA	✓	Fully Subscribed
Gulf LNG	1.3	FTA	❖	
Cameron LNG T4-5	1.4	FTA	❖	

Source: Office of Oil and Gas Global Security and Supply, Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy; U.S. Federal Energy Regulatory Commission; Company releases

Plus other proposed LNG export projects that have not filed a FERC application. Exceleerate has requested that FERC put on hold the review its application.

- Application filing = ❖
- FERC scheduling notice issued = ✓





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