

RAND CAPITAL CORPORATION

AUDIT COMMITTEE CHARTER

(v 2-26-24)

Purpose

The Audit Committee (the “Committee”) is a committee of the Board of Directors (the “Board”) of Rand Capital Corporation (the “Corporation”). The Committee’s primary function is to assist the Board in fulfilling its oversight responsibility with respect to the quality and integrity of the Corporation’s published financial information, including the audit of the Corporation’s financial statements, internal controls, audit processes and financial reporting and other matters as deemed necessary by the Committee or directed by the Board. The Committee serves as a communication channel among independent accountants, the Corporation’s executive officers and the Board on such matters.

Authority

In discharging its oversight role, the Committee is empowered to investigate any matter relating to the Corporation’s accounting, auditing, internal control or financial reporting practices brought to its attention with full access to the Corporation’s books, records, facilities and personnel.

The Committee shall have the authority, in its sole discretion, to retain and obtain the advice and assistance of independent outside counsel and such other advisors as it deems necessary to fulfill its duties and responsibilities under this Charter. The Committee shall set the compensation, and oversee the work, of any outside counsel and other advisors.

The Committee shall receive appropriate funding from the Corporation, as determined by the Committee in its capacity as a committee of the Board, for the payment of compensation to the Company’s independent accountants, any other accounting firm engaged to perform services for the Corporation, any outside counsel and any other advisors to the Committee.

Membership

The members of the Committee shall be appointed by the Board. The members of the Committee shall serve for such term or terms as the Board may determine or until earlier resignation or death. The Board may remove any member from the Committee at any time with or without cause.

The Committee will consist of at least three members of the Board. The Committee will be composed solely of directors who in the business judgment of the Board meet the independence requirements of Rule 10A-3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Nasdaq Listing Rule 5605(a)(2) and who are not an “interested persons” as defined under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “1940 Act”). No member of the Committee can have participated in the preparation of the Corporation’s or any of its subsidiaries’ financial statements at any time during the past three years.

Each member of the Committee must be able to read and understand fundamental financial statements, including balance sheets, income statements, and cash flow statements. The Committee shall include at least one member who is an “Audit Committee Financial Expert” as that term is defined under SEC Regulation S-K, Item 407(d) and at least one member who has past employment experience in finance or accounting,

requisite professional certification in accounting, or any other comparable experience or background which results in the individual's financial sophistication, including being or having been a chief executive officer, chief financial officer or other senior officer with financial oversight responsibilities. A person who satisfies the definition of "Audit Committee Financial Expert" will also be presumed to have financial sophistication.

One member of the Committee shall be appointed as Chair by the Board and will maintain communication with the President, CFO and the Corporation's independent accountant's audit partner.

Compensation for the Committee is established by the Board subject to the by-laws of the Corporation and as permitted by Rule 10A-3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended and Nasdaq Listing Rule 5605. An Audit Committee member may not receive any compensation from the Corporation except for Board or Board committee service.

Meetings

The Committee shall meet formally at least four times per year, or more frequently as the Committee considers necessary. In addition to or combined with the aforementioned meetings, the Committee or its Chair will communicate with the independent accountants regarding quarterly/interim financial information.

The Committee shall meet separately and periodically with the Corporation's executive officers and the independent accountants in Executive Session. The Committee shall report to the Board on the proceedings of each Committee meeting and make recommendations to the Board when appropriate.

The Committee may invite other Directors and guests to attend meetings, as appropriate.

Oversight Areas

Although the Committee may wish to consider additional duties from time to time, the general recurring responsibilities of the Committee in conducting its oversight role are described below:

- The Corporation's independent accountants' ultimate accountability shall be to the Board and the Committee, as representatives of the shareholders. The Committee has the authority to interact directly with and evaluate the performance of the independent accountants, to monitor the independent accountants' qualifications and independence, to oversee the performance of the independent accountants, and, subject to the requirements of Section 32(a) of the 1940 Act, is directly responsible for the selection, compensation, retention and oversight of the registered public accounting firm engaged (including resolution of any disagreements between the Corporation's executive officers and the independent accountant regarding financial accounting) for the purpose of preparing or issuing an audit report or performing other audit, review or attest services for the Corporation, and such registered public accounting firm must report directly to the Committee. In accordance with any regulatory requirements, the Committee may select the independent accountants or nominate the independent accountants to be submitted for ratification by the Corporation's shareholders at the Corporation's annual meeting of shareholders, but the selection of the independent accountant shall also be approved by the full Board pursuant to the requirements of Section 32(a) of the 1940 Act. The Committee shall also have the authority to terminate the Corporation's independent accountants, if necessary.

- Oversee the relationships with the independent accountants, the audit process/plan, receive and review audit reports, and provide full access to the Committee for the accountants. Discuss the independent accountants' qualifications, performance and effectiveness. The Committee must pre-approve all non-audit and audit services provided by the audit firm. The independent accountant shall report directly to the Committee.
- To select, retain, compensate, oversee and terminate, if necessary, any other registered public accounting firm engaged for the purpose of preparing or issuing an audit report or performing other audit, review or attest services for the Corporation.
- Discuss with the Corporation's executive officers and the independent accountants financial information contained in annual reports, quarterly reports, and other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") and the Corporation's earnings releases. The review of interim/quarterly financial information may be discussed with the independent accountants by the Committee or its Chair, as necessary, in conjunction with the Board's review of the financial information.
- At least annually, to obtain and review a written report from the Company's independent accountants that describes all relationships between the accounting firm and the Corporation or any of its subsidiaries and to discuss with the independent accountants this report and any relationships or services that may impact the objectivity and independence of the independent accountants.
- Review and discuss financial statements with management and independent accountants. Such discussions shall include matters required by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (PCAOB), including as required by Auditing Standard No. 1301, *Communications with Audit Committees*, as it may be modified and amended. Following such review, the Committee shall make a recommendation to the Board regarding the inclusion of such audited financials in the Corporation's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC.
- Discuss with management and/or legal counsel any legal matters, including pending litigation and/or inquiries from regulatory or governmental agencies that may have a material impact on the Corporation's financial statements.
- Review at least annually, the Charter of the Committee and the Committee's effectiveness.
- Produce and review the Audit Committee Report for inclusion in the Corporation's proxy statement for submission to shareholders, as required by SEC regulations.
- Discuss with management and the independent accountants the quality of and compliance with the Corporation's internal controls and the effect of significant changes in accounting policy and procedures.
- Review all related-party transactions (defined as those required to be disclosed pursuant to Item 404 of Regulation S-K) for potential conflicts of interest on an ongoing basis and approve all such transactions. In addition, oversee compliance with the Corporation's codes of conduct applicable to its directors and officers.

- Review and discuss with the Corporation's executive officers and the independent accountants the Corporation's critical accounting policies and practices to be used in the audit; alternative treatments and/or disclosures of financial information within accounting principles that may have been considered by the Corporation's executive officers, or that the independent accountants recommend, the ramifications of the use of such alternative treatments and the treatment preferred by the independent accountants; and audit problems or difficulties identified, including written communications to the Corporation's executive officers, and their response.
- Establish procedures for the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints received by the Corporation regarding accounting, internal accounting controls, and auditing matters, including procedures for confidential anonymous submission of concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters by employees of the investment adviser, administrator, principal underwriter, or any other provider of accounting related services for the Corporation, as well as employees of the Corporation, if any.
- The Committee will have any additional power and authority required by Section 301 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act or Rule 10A-3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Committee's responsibilities are limited to providing oversight of the Corporation's accounting and financial reporting processes and the audits of the Corporation's financial statements. The Corporation's executive officers are responsible for the preparation, presentation and integrity of the Corporation's financial statements as well as the Corporation's financial reporting process, accounting policies, internal audit function, internal control over financial reporting and disclosure controls and procedures. The independent accounting firm is responsible for performing an audit of the Corporation's annual financial statements, expressing an opinion as to the conformity of such annual financial statements with generally accepted accounting principles, expressing an opinion on management's assessment of the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting, if required by SEC rules, and reviewing the Corporation's quarterly financial statements. It is not the responsibility of the Committee to plan or conduct audits or to determine that the Corporation's financial statements and disclosure are complete and accurate and in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and applicable laws, rules and regulations.

Each member of the Committee shall be entitled to rely on the integrity of those persons within the Corporation or Rand Capital Management, LLC, as the administrator of the Corporation and of the professionals and experts from which the Committee receives information and, absent actual knowledge to the contrary, the accuracy of the financial and other information provided to the Committee by such persons, professionals or experts. Further, auditing literature defines the term "review" to include a designated set of procedures to be undertaken by independent accountants. The members of the Committee are not independent accountants, and any reference to a review in this Charter is not intended to have that meaning with respect to activities undertaken by the Committee, and it should not be interpreted to suggest that the Committee members can or should follow procedures required of independent accountants performing reviews of financial statements.