

Safe Harbor

Forward Looking Statements

Any statements in this presentation about future expectations, plans and prospects for Ameresco, Inc., including statements about market conditions, pipeline, visibility, backlog, pending agreements, financial guidance including estimated future revenues, net income, adjusted EBITDA, Non-GAAP EPS, gross margin, effective tax rate, interest rate, depreciation, tax attributes and capital investments, as well as statements about our financing plans, the impact of the OBBB Act, the impact of other policies and regulatory changes implemented by the new U.S. administration, supply chain disruptions. shortage and cost of materials and labor, and other macroeconomic and geopolitical challenges, the impact from a possible change in accounting principle; our expectations related to our agreement with SCE including the impact of delays and any requirement to pay liquidated damages, and other statements containing the words "projects," "believes," "anticipates," "expects," "will" and similar expressions, constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Actual results may differ materially from those indicated by such forward looking statements as a result of various important factors, including: demand for our energy efficiency and renewable energy solutions; the timing of, and ability to, enter into contracts for awarded projects on the terms proposed or at all; the timing of work we do on projects where we recognize revenue on a percentage of completion basis; the ability to perform under signed contracts without delay and in accordance with their terms and the potential for liquidated and other damages we may be subject to; the fiscal health of the government and the risk of government shutdowns and reductions in the federal workforce; our ability to complete and operate our projects on a profitable basis and as committed to our customers; our cash flows from operations and our ability to arrange financing to fund our operations and projects; our customers' ability to finance their projects and credit risk from our customers; our ability to comply with covenants in our existing debt agreements; the impact of macroeconomic challenges, weather related events and climate change; our reliance on third parties for our construction and installation work; availability and cost of labor and equipment particularly given global supply chain challenges, tariffs and global trade conflicts; global supply chain challenges, component shortages and inflationary pressures; changes in federal, state and local government policies and programs related to energy efficiency and renewable energy; the ability of customers to cancel or defer contracts included in our backlog; the output and performance of our energy plants and energy projects; cybersecurity incidents and breaches; regulatory and other risks inherent to constructing and operating energy assets; the effects of our acquisitions and joint ventures; seasonality in construction and in demand for our products and services; a customer's decision to delay our work on, or other risks involved with, a particular project; the addition of new customers or the loss of existing customers; market price of our Class A Common stock prevailing from time to time; the nature of other investment opportunities presented to our Company from time to time; risks related to our international operation and international growth strategy; and other factors discussed in our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K and our quarterly reports on Form 10-Q. The forward-looking statements included in this presentation represent our views as of the date of this presentation. We anticipate that subsequent events and developments will cause our views to change. However, while we may elect to update these forward-looking statements at some point in the future, we specifically disclaim any obligation to do so. These forward-looking statements should not be relied upon as representing our views as of any date subsequent to the date of this presentation.

Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures

This presentation and the accompanying tables include references to adjusted EBITDA, Non-GAAP EPS, Non-GAAP net income and adjusted cash from operations, which are Non-GAAP financial measures. For a description of these Non-GAAP financial measures, including the reasons management uses these measures, please see the section in the back of this presentation titled "Non-GAAP Financial Measures". For a reconciliation of these Non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable financial measures prepared in accordance with GAAP, please see the table at the end of this presentation titled "GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliation."

Sources of Revenue – Q2 2025







\$358.1M

\$90.9M

\$23.3M

Projects

Energy efficiency and renewable energy projects

Recurring

Energy & incentive revenue from owned energy assets; plus recurring O&M from projects

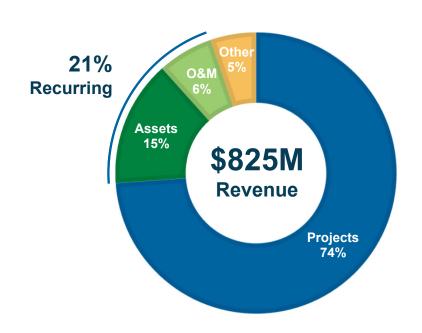
Other

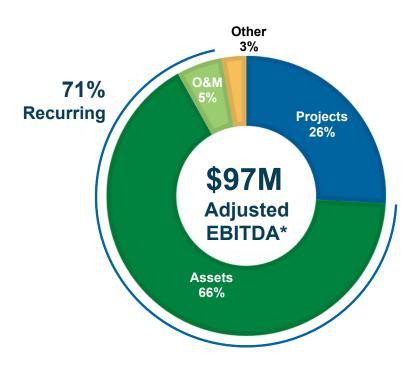
Services, software and integrated PV

71% of Adjusted EBITDA Came From Recurring Lines of Business

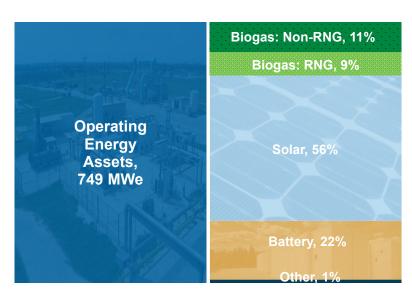
Year to Date 2025

* Adjusted EBITDA percentages allocate corporate expenses according to revenue share





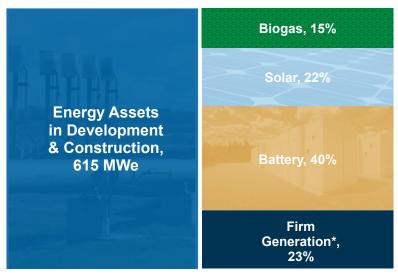
Energy Asset Portfolio – 6/30/2025



749 MWe of Energy Assets in Operation: 83 MWe of non-RNG biogas, 70 MWe of RNG, 421 MW of Solar, 166 MW of Battery, 9 MW of Other

Numbers may not sum due to rounding

Ameresco's Ownership

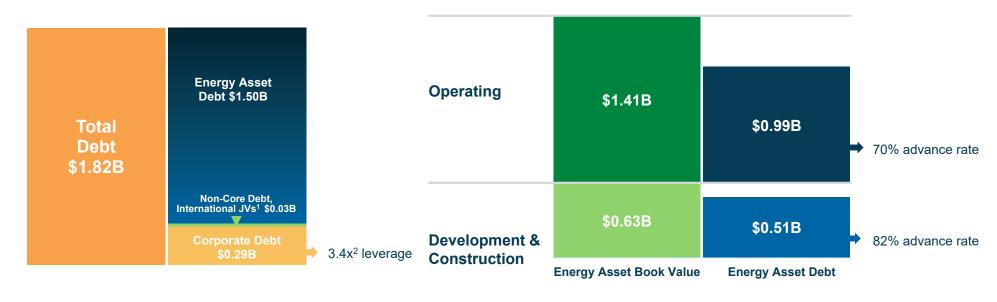


615 MWe of Energy Assets in Development; No minority partners in pipeline currently.

*Energy as a Service renamed to Firm Generation. This metric now only includes Puuloa and Ukiu Energy engine plants



Energy Asset Balance Sheet – 6/30/2025



\$1.50B of the \$1.82B³ of total debt on our balance sheet is debt associated with our energy assets ("Energy Asset Debt").

\$0.99B³ of our Energy Asset Debt is associated with operating energy assets.

\$0.51B³ of our Energy Asset Debt is associated with energy assets still in development & construction.



¹ Non-Core Debt associated with our international joint ventures, net of \$58K unamortized debt discount

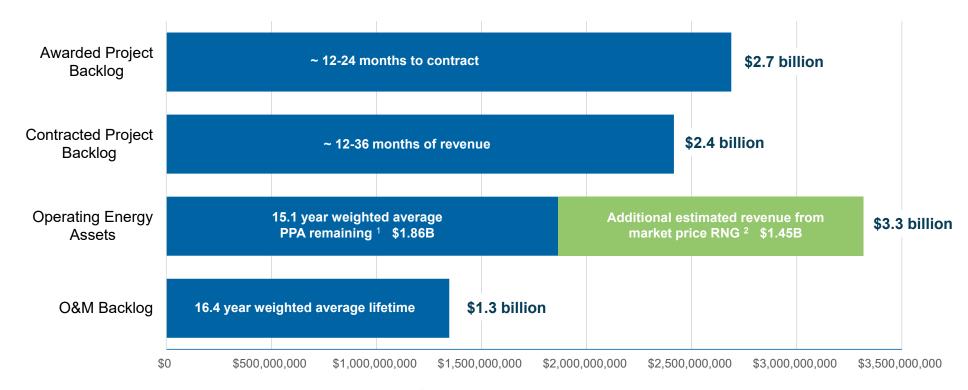
² Debt to EBITDA, as calculated under our Sr. Secured Credit agreement

³ Net of unamortized debt discount and debt issuance costs of \$6.4M on Corporate Debt and \$41.7M on Energy Debt

Adjusted Cash from Operations Trend



Tremendous Forward Visibility: Backlog & Recurring Revenue Business



¹ Estimated contracted revenue and incentives during PPA period

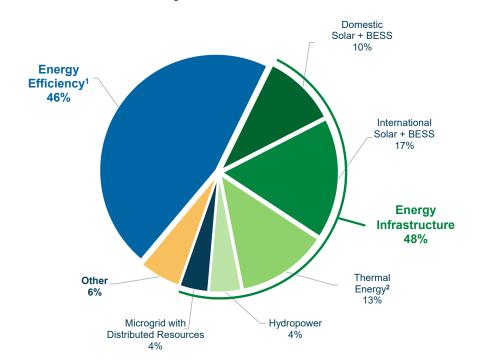


² Estimated additional revenue from operating RNG assets over a 20-year period, assuming RINs at \$1.50/gallon and brown gas at \$3.50/MMBtu with \$3.00/MMBtu for LCFS on certain projects

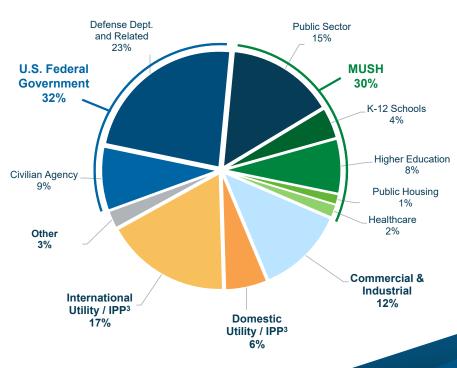
Diversified Total Project Backlog of \$5.1B

As of 06/30/2025

Total Project Backlog by Solution



Total Project Backlog by Customer Segment



¹ Energy Efficiency includes solutions such as: Building Envelope, Lighting, HVAC, Controls, Central Plant, etc.

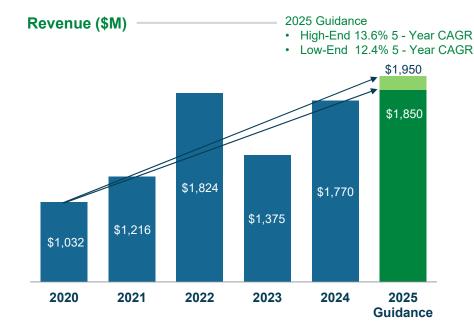
² Thermal Energy includes solutions such as: Cogeneration (CHP), Natural Gas Power Plant, etc.

³ IPP = Independent Power Producer, or similar

Sustainable & Profitable Business Model

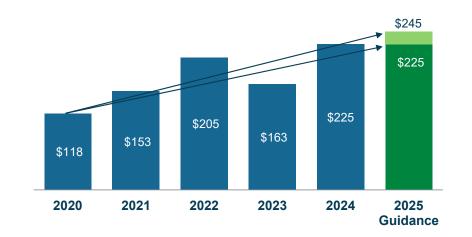
Expected to Expand Earnings at a Faster Rate than Revenue

FY 2025 guidance, as reaffirmed August 4, 2025





- High-End 15.7% 5 Year CAGR
- Low-End 13.8% 5 Year CAGR



Destination: Net Zero

AMERESCO 4

Since 2010, Ameresco's renewable energy assets & customer projects delivered a Carbon Emission Reduction equivalent to:

125+ Million Metric Tons of CO₂

Aggregate Metric Tons of CO₂ Avoided per Year



Ameresco's 2024 Carbon Emission Reduction of approximately **17M Metric Tons of CO**₂ is equal to one of...



Carbon dioxide emissions from... ~ 44 billion miles driven by an average passenger vehicle

or



Carbon sequestered by... ~17 million acres of U.S. forests in one year



Non-GAAP Financial Measures

We use the Non-GAAP financial measures defined and discussed below to provide investors and others with useful supplemental information to our financial results prepared in accordance with GAAP. These Non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered as an alternative to any measure of financial performance calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP. For a reconciliation of these Non-GAAP measures to the most directly comparable financial measures prepared in accordance with GAAP, please see the table at the end of this presentation titled "GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliation." We understand that, although measures similar to these Non-GAAP financial measures are frequently used by investors and securities analysts in their evaluation of companies, they have limitations as analytical tools, and investors should not consider them in isolation or as a substitute for the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures or an analysis of our results of operations as reported under GAAP. To properly and prudently evaluate our business, we encourage investors to review our GAAP financial statements and not to rely on any single financial measure to evaluate our business.

Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin

We define adjusted EBITDA as net income attributable to common shareholders, including impact from redeemable non-controlling interests, before income tax (benefit) provision, other expenses net, depreciation, amortization of intangible assets, accretion of asset retirement obligations, stock-based compensation expense, energy asset and goodwill impairment, contingent consideration, restructuring and other charges, gain or loss on sale of equity investment, and gain or loss upon deconsolidation of a variable interest entity. We believe adjusted EBITDA is useful to investors in evaluating our operating performance for the following reasons: adjusted EBITDA and similar Non-GAAP measures are widely used by investors to measure a company's operating performance without regard to items that can vary substantially from company to company depending upon financing and accounting methods, book values of assets, capital structures and the methods by which assets were acquired; securities analysts often use adjusted EBITDA and similar Non-GAAP measures as supplemental measures to evaluate the overall operating performance of companies; and by companing our adjusted EBITDA in different historical periods, investors can evaluate our operating results without the additional variations of depreciation and amortization expense, accretion of asset retirement obligations, stock-based compensation expense, impact from redeemable non-controlling interests, contingent consideration, restructuring and asset impact from redeemable non-controlling interests, contingent consideration, restructuring and asset impact performance, because they do not include the impact of items that we do not consider indicative of our core operating performance; for planning purposes, including the preparation of our annual operating budget; to allocate resources to enhance the financial performance of the business: to evaluate the effectiveness of our business strategies: and in communications with the board of directors and investors concerning our fin

Non-GAAP Net Income and EPS

We define Non-GAAP net income and earnings per share (EPS) to exclude certain discrete items that management does not consider representative of our ongoing operations, including energy asset and goodwill impairment, contingent consideration, restructuring and other charges, impact from redeemable non-controlling interest, gain or loss on sale of equity investment, and gain or loss upon deconsolidation of a variable interest entity. We consider Non-GAAP net income and Non-GAAP EPS to be important indicators of our operational strength and performance of our business because they eliminate the effects of events that are not part of the Company's core operations.

Adjusted Cash from Operations

We define adjusted cash from operations as cash flows from operating activities plus proceeds from ITC sales and proceeds from Federal ESPC projects. Cash received in payment of ITC sales are, as of our fiscal year 2025, treated as investing activities under GAAP. Federal ESPC projects are treated as financing cash flows under GAAP. These cash flows, however, correspond to benefits generated by the underlying assets and projects. Thus, we believe that adjusting operating cash flow to include the cash generated from ITC sales and by our Federal ESPC projects provides investors with a useful measure for evaluating the cash generating ability of our core operating business. Our management uses adjusted cash from operations as a measure of liquidity because it captures all sources of cash associated with our operations.

GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliation

		Three Months I	Ende	June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,					
		2025		2024		2025	2024			
	(U	naudited)		(Unaudited)		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)		
Adjusted EBITDA:										
Net income attributable to common shareholders	\$	12,864	\$	5,010	\$	7,381	\$	2,073		
mpact from redeemable non-controlling interests	\$	(450)	\$	-		(975)		(2,855)		
Plus (Less): Income tax provision (benefit)	\$	(2,900)		-		(1,712)		-		
Plus: Other expenses, net	\$	15,156		15,759		33,266		29,930		
Plus: Depreciation and amortization	\$	25,199		20,375		49,139		39,213		
Plus: Stock-based compensation	\$	3,750		3,678		6,595		6,704		
Plus: Contingent consideration, restructuring and other charges	\$	2,528		309		3,088		897		
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	56,147	\$	45,131		96,782	\$	75,962		
Adjusted EBITDA margin		11.9%		10.3%		11.7%		10.3%		
Non-GAAP net income and EPS:										
Net income attributable to common shareholders	\$	12,864	\$	5,010	\$	7,381	\$	2,073		
Adjustment for accretion of tax equity financing fees	\$	(27)		(27)		(54)		(54)		
mpact of redeemable non-controlling interests	\$	(450)		-		(975)		(2,855)		
Plus: Contingent consideration, restructuring and other charges	\$	2,528		309		3,088		897		
ncome Tax effect of Non-GAAP adjustments	\$	(657)		(80)		(657)		(233)		
Non-GAAP net income	\$	14,258	\$	5,212	\$	8,783	\$	(172)		
Earnings per share:										
Diluted net income per common share	\$	0.24	\$	0.09	\$	0.14	\$	0.04		
Effect of adjustments to net income		0.03		0.01		0.02		(0.04)		
Non-GAAP EPS	\$	0.27	\$	0.10	\$	0.16	\$	-		
Adjusted cash from operations										
Cash flows from operating activities	\$	(26,874)	\$	53,314	\$	(55,177)	\$	74,131		
Plus: proceeds from sales of ITC		70,788		-		70,788		-		
Plus: proceeds from Federal ESPC projects		5,684		100,547		35,415		120,128		
Adjusted cash from operations	\$	49,598	\$	153,861	\$	51,026	\$	194,259		

GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliation (continued)

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2025														
			0	perating											
\$000 USD	P	Projects	1	Assets		O&M		Other	Cor	nsolidated					
Adjusted EBITDA:					•				•						
Net income attributable to common shareholders	\$	5,326	\$	(2,458)	\$	3,380	\$	1,133	\$	7,381					
Impact from redeemable non-controlling interests	\$	-	\$	(975)	\$	-	\$	_	\$	(975)					
Plus (less): Income tax provision (benefit)	\$	1,262	\$	(3,225)	\$	138	\$	113	\$	(1,712)					
Plus: Other expenses, net	\$	8,967	\$	22,853	\$	607	\$	839	\$	33,266					
Plus: Depreciation and amortization	\$	1,941	\$	46,345	\$	539	\$	314	\$	49,139					
Plus: Stock-based compensation	\$	4,872	\$	956	\$	422	\$	345	\$	6,595					
Plus: Restructuring and other charges	\$	2,663	\$	397	\$	23	\$	5	\$	3,088					
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	25,031	\$	63,893	\$	5,109	\$	2,749	\$	96,782					
Adjusted EBITDA margin	:	4.1%		53.4%		9.7%		6.4%		11.7%					

^{*} Adjusted EBITDA by Line of Business includes corporate expenses allocated according to revenue share

GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliation (continued)

(\$ in Thousands)			2016				2017				2018				2019				2020	
	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2
Cash Flow from Operations	4,341	(16,919)	(15,069)	(24,653)	(7,654)	(10,696)	(31,786)	(19,633)	(39,337)	(45,803)	(37,071)	(20,066)	25,097	(21,160)	(58,094)	(51,160)	(11,471)	(75,568)	(51,640)	(21,955)
Proceeds from sales of ITC 1																				
Proceeds from Federal ESPC projects	20,976	16,125	16,385	22,374	26,316	24,964	35,167	38,869	48,303	42,673	36,582	33,082	43,906	44,667	39,598	43,189	32,769	83,802	61,198	72,402
Adjusted Cash from Operations	25,317	(794)	1,316	(2,279)	18,662	14,268	3,381	19,237	8,966	(3,130)	(489)	13,016	69,003	23,506	(18,496)	(7,971)	21,298	8,234	9,558	50,447
Rolling 8-quarter Adjusted Cash from Operations		9,981	9,412	7,372	9,595	7,550	8,481	9,888	7,845	7,553	7,327	9,239	15,531	16,686	13,952	10,551	12,092	13,513	14,769	19,447

(\$ in Thousands)			2021				2022				2023				2024				2025	
	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2
Cash Flow from Operations	(10,193)	(18,796)	(38,724)	(57,758)	(19,862)	(55,952)	(276,122)	(31,722)	34,674	(65,118)	58,772	(92,621)	(6,572)	(29,570)	20,817	53,314	25,091	18,376	(28,304)	(26,874)
Proceeds from sales of ITC 1																				70,788
Proceeds from Federal ESPC projects	60,987	54,331	33,520	36,640	44,026	45,031	64,788	56,943	52,134	64,495	42,309	34,390	30,604	47,035	19,581	100,547	9,271	35,380	29,731	5,684
Adjusted Cash from Operations	50,794	35,535	(5,204)	(21,118)	24,163	(10,921)	(211,333)	25,220	86,808	(623)	101,081	(58,231)	24,032	17,464	40,398	153,861	34,362	53,756	1,427	49,598
Rolling 8-quarter Adjusted Cash from Operations	17,171	18,675	20,336	18,693	19,051	16,657	(10,955)	(14,108)	(9,606)	(14,126)	(840)	(5,479)	(5,496)	(1,948)	29,519	45,599	39,043	45,840	33,384	46,862

¹ Starting in 2025, proceeds from the sale of transferable ITCs are classified as investing activities in accordance with recent interpretations under US GAAP. These amounts are added back to non-GAAP Adjusted Cash from Operations to support period-over-period comparability.