Second Quarter Financial Supplement

June 30, 2020



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Note:

Unless otherwise stated, all references in this financial supplement to income (loss) from continuing operations, income (loss) from continuing operations per share, net income (loss), net income (loss) per share, adjusted operating income (loss), adjusted operating income (loss) per share, book value and book value per share should be read as income (loss) from continuing operations available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders, income (loss) from continuing operations available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders, net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share, non-U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (U.S. GAAP) adjusted operating income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders, non-GAAP adjusted operating income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share, book value available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share, respectively.

Dear I	nvestor,
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Thank you for your continued interest in Genworth Financial, Inc.

Regards,

Investor Relations InvestorInfo@genworth.com

Use of Non-GAAP Measures

This financial supplement includes the non-GAAP financial measures entitled "adjusted operating income (loss)" and "adjusted operating income (loss) per share." Adjusted operating income (loss) per share is derived from adjusted operating income (loss). The chief operating decision maker evaluates segment performance and allocates resources on the basis of adjusted operating income (loss). The company defines adjusted operating income (loss) from continuing operations excluding the after-tax effects of income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests, net investment gains (losses), goodwill impairments, gains (losses) on the sale of businesses, gains (losses) on the early extinguishment of debt, gains (losses) on insurance block transactions, restructuring costs and infrequent or unusual non-operating items. Gains (losses) on insurance block transactions are defined as gains (losses) on the early extinguishment of non-recourse funding obligations, early termination fees for other financing restructuring and/or resulting gains (losses) on reinsurance restructuring for certain blocks of business. The company excludes net investment gains (losses) and infrequent or unusual non-operating items because the company does not consider them to be related to the operating performance of the company's segments and Corporate and Other activities. A component of the company's net investment gains (losses) is the result of estimated future credit losses, the size and timing of which can vary significantly depending on market credit cycles. In addition, the size and timing of other investment gains (losses) can be subject to the company's discretion and are influenced by market opportunities, as well as asset-liability matching considerations. Goodwill impairments, gains (losses) on the sale of businesses, gains (losses) on the early extinguishment of debt, gains (losses) on insurance block transactions and restructuring costs are also excluded from adjusted operating income (loss) if, in the

While some of these items may be significant components of net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders in accordance with U.S. GAAP, the company believes that adjusted operating income (loss) and measures that are derived from or incorporate adjusted operating income (loss), including adjusted operating income (loss) per share on a basic and diluted basis, are appropriate measures that are useful to investors because they identify the income (loss) attributable to the ongoing operations of the business. Management also uses adjusted operating income (loss) as a basis for determining awards and compensation for senior management and to evaluate performance on a basis comparable to that used by analysts. However, the items excluded from adjusted operating income (loss) have occurred in the past and could, and in some cases will, recur in the future. Adjusted operating income (loss) and adjusted operating income (loss) per share on a basic and diluted basis are not substitutes for net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders or net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share on a basic and diluted basis determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP. In addition, the company's definition of adjusted operating income (loss) may differ from the definitions used by other companies.

Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders to adjusted operating income (loss) assume a 21% tax rate for the company's domestic segments and a 30% tax rate for its Australia Mortgage Insurance segment and are net of the portion attributable to noncontrolling interests. Net investment gains (losses) are also adjusted for DAC and other intangible amortization and certain benefit reserves (see page 41).

In the second quarter of 2020, the company recorded a goodwill impairment of \$3 million, net of the portion attributable to noncontrolling interests, in its Australia mortgage insurance business.

During the second and first quarters of 2020, the company repurchased \$52 million and \$14 million, respectively, principal amount of Genworth Holdings, Inc.'s (Genworth Holdings) senior notes with 2021 maturity dates for a pre-tax gain of \$3 million and \$1 million, respectively. In January 2020, the company paid a pre-tax make-whole expense of \$9 million related to the early redemption of Genworth Holdings' senior notes originally scheduled to mature in June 2020 and Rivermont Life Insurance Company I, the company's indirect wholly-owned special purpose consolidated captive insurance subsidiary, early redeemed all of its \$315 million outstanding non-recourse funding obligations originally due in 2050 resulting in a pre-tax loss of \$4 million from the write-off of deferred borrowing costs. These transactions were excluded from adjusted operating income (loss) as they relate to gains (losses) on the early extinguishment of debt.

The company recorded a pre-tax expense of \$1 million in both the second and first quarters of 2020 and \$4 million in the first quarter of 2019 related to restructuring costs as it continues to evaluate and appropriately size its organizational needs and expenses. There were no infrequent or unusual items excluded from adjusted operating income (loss) during the periods presented.

The table on page 9 of this financial supplement provides a reconciliation of net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders to adjusted operating income (loss) for the periods presented and reflects adjusted operating income (loss) as determined in accordance with accounting guidance related to segment reporting. This financial supplement includes other non-GAAP measures management believes enhances the understanding and comparability of performance by highlighting underlying business activity and profitability drivers. These additional non-GAAP measures are on pages 43 and 44 of this financial supplement.

Results of Operations and Selected Operating Performance Measures

The company's chief operating decision maker evaluates segment performance and allocates resources on the basis of adjusted operating income (loss). The table on page 9 of this financial supplement provides a reconciliation of net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders to adjusted operating income (loss) for the periods presented and reflects adjusted operating income (loss) as determined in accordance with accounting guidance related to segment reporting.

The company taxes its international businesses at their local jurisdictional tax rates and its domestic businesses at the U.S. corporate federal income tax rate of 21%. The company's segment tax methodology applies the respective jurisdictional or domestic tax rate to the pre-tax income (loss) of each segment, which is then adjusted in each segment to reflect the tax attributes of items unique to that segment such as foreign withholding taxes and permanent differences between U.S. GAAP and local tax law. The difference between the consolidated provision for income taxes and the sum of the provision for income taxes in each segment is reflected in Corporate and Other activities.

The annually-determined tax rates and adjustments to each segment's provision for income taxes are estimates which are subject to review and could change from year to year.

This financial supplement contains selected operating performance measures including "sales" and "insurance in-force" or "risk in-force" which are commonly used in the insurance industry as measures of operating performance.

Management regularly monitors and reports sales metrics as a measure of volume of new business generated in a period. Sales refer to new insurance written for mortgage insurance products. The company considers new insurance written to be a measure of the company's operating performance because it represents a measure of new sales of insurance policies during a specified period, rather than a measure of the company's revenues or profitability during that period.

Management regularly monitors and reports insurance in-force and risk in-force. Insurance in-force for the company's mortgage insurance businesses is a measure of the aggregate original loan balance for outstanding insurance policies as of the respective reporting date. Risk in-force for the company's U.S. mortgage insurance business is based on the coverage percentage applied to the estimated current outstanding loan balance. Risk in-force in the Australia mortgage insurance business is computed using an "effective" risk in-force amount, which recognizes that the loss on any particular loan will be reduced by the net proceeds received upon sale of the property. Effective risk in-force has been calculated by applying to insurance in-force a factor of 35% that represents the highest expected average per-claim payment for any one underwriting year over the life of the company's mortgage insurance business in Australia. The company also has certain risk share arrangements in Australia where it provides pro-rata coverage of certain loans rather than 100% coverage. As a result, for loans with these risk share arrangements, the applicable pro-rata coverage amount provided is used when applying the factor. The company considers insurance in-force and risk in-force to be measures of its operating performance because they represent measures of the size of its business at a specific date which will generate revenues and profits in a future period, rather than measures of its revenues or profitability during that period.

Management also regularly monitors and reports a loss ratio for the company's businesses. For the mortgage insurance businesses, the loss ratio is the ratio of benefits and other changes in policy reserves to net earned premiums. For the long-term care insurance business, the loss ratio is the ratio of benefits and other changes in reserves less tabular interest on reserves less loss adjustment expenses to net earned premiums. The company considers the loss ratio to be a measure of underwriting performance in these businesses and helps to enhance the understanding of the operating performance of the businesses.

These operating performance measures enable the company to compare its operating performance across periods without regard to revenues or profitability related to policies or contracts sold in prior periods or from investments or other sources.

Financial Highlights (amounts in millions, except per share data)

Balance Sheet Data	June 30, 2020	March 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	September 30, 2019	June 30, 2019	
Total Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive						
income	\$10,196	\$10,634	\$10,752	\$10,765	\$10,744	
Total accumulated other comprehensive income	4,447	3,815	3,433	3,622	3,013	
Total Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity	\$14,643	\$14,449	\$14,185	\$14,387	\$13,757	
Book value per share	\$ 28.96	\$ 28.61	\$ 28.17	\$ 28.57	\$ 27.32	
Book value per share, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income	\$ 20.17	\$ 21.05	\$ 21.35	\$ 21.38	\$ 21.34	
Common shares outstanding as of the balance sheet date	505.6	505.1	503.5	503.5	503.5	
		7	Twelve months e	nded		
	June 30,	March 31,	December 31,	September 30,	June 30,	
Twelve Month Rolling Average ROE	2020	2020	2019	2019	2019	
U.S. GAAP Basis ROE	(/ -	(/ -			0.3%	1.5%
Operating ROE ⁽¹⁾	1.5%	3.3%	3.9%	0.9%	0.6%	
			Three months en	ded		
Quarterly Average ROE	June 30, 2020	March 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	September 30, 2019	June 30, 2019	
U.S. GAAP Basis ROE	(16.9)9	$\sqrt{(2.5)}$	(0.6) %	0.7%	6.3%	
Operating ROE ⁽¹⁾	(0.8)%	, ,	` ′	4.6%	6.7%	
Basic and Diluted Shares	Three mont June 30,		ix months ended June 30, 2020			
Weighted-average common shares used in basic earnings per share calculations	505.	.4	504.8			
Stock options, restricted stock units and stock appreciation rights	_ 7.	.1	6.3			
Weighted-average common shares used in diluted earnings per share calculations	512.		511.1			

⁽¹⁾ See page 43 herein for a reconciliation of U.S. GAAP Basis ROE to Operating ROE.

Consolidated Quarterly Results

Consolidated Net Income (Loss) by Quarter (amounts in millions, except per share amounts)

2020

2010

	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
REVENUES: Premiums Net investment income Net investment gains (losses) Policy fees and other income	\$1,019 786 159 174	\$1,015 793 (152) 181	\$2,034 1,579 7 355	\$1,033 794 23 188	\$1,015 816 (2) 191	\$1,001 816 (46) 223	\$ 988 794 75 187	\$4,037 3,220 50 789
Total revenues	2,138	1,837	3,975	2,038	2,020	1,994	2,044	8,096
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES: Benefits and other changes in policy reserves Interest credited Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles Goodwill impairment Interest expense	1,486 139 223 93 5	1,361 141 249 116 —	2,847 280 472 209 5 96	1,346 138 249 164 — 60	1,284 146 247 112 — 59	1,251 146 229 84 —	1,282 147 237 81 — 60	5,163 577 962 441 — 239
Total benefits and expenses	1,990	1.919	3,909	1.957	1.848	1,770	1.807	7.382
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES Provision (benefit) for income taxes	148 46	(82) (10)	66 36	81 26	172	224	237	714 195
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes(1)	102 (520)	(72)	30 (520)	55 (31)	138 (80)	158 60	168 62	519 11
NET INCOME (LOSS) Less: net income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests Less: net income from discontinued operations attributable to noncontrolling interests	(418) 23	(72) (6)	(490) 17	24 19 22	58 10 30	218 15 35	230 20 36	530 64 123
NET INCOME (LOSS) AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS	\$ (441)	\$ (66)	\$ (507)	\$ (17)	\$ 18	\$ 168	\$ 174	\$ 343
NET INCOME (LOSS) AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS: Income (loss) from continuing operations available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders Income (loss) from discontinued operations available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders NET INCOME (LOSS) AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS	\$ 79 (520) \$ (441)	\$ (66) - \$ (66)	\$ 13 (520) \$ (507)	\$ 36 (53) \$ (17)	(110)	25	\$ 148 26 \$ 174	\$ 455 (112) \$ 343
Earnings (Loss) Per Share Data:								
Income (loss) from continuing operations available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share Basic Diluted Net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share	\$ 0.16 \$ 0.15		\$ 0.03 \$ 0.03			\$ 0.29 \$ 0.28	\$ 0.29 \$ 0.29	\$ 0.90 \$ 0.89
Basic	\$ (0.87) \$ (0.86)		\$ (1.00) \$ (0.99)					\$ 0.68 \$ 0.67
Basic	505.4 512.5	504.3 504.3	504.8 511.1	503.5 510.4	503.5 511.2	503.4 508.7	501.2 508.6	502.9 509.7

Income (loss) from discontinued operations relates to the company's former Canada mortgage insurance business that was sold on December 12, 2019 and its former lifestyle protection insurance business that was sold on December 1, 2015. During the second quarter of 2020, the company recorded an after-tax loss of \$520 million in connection with a settlement agreement reached with AXA S.A. (AXA), including legal fees and other expenses, regarding a dispute over payment protection insurance claims sold by its former lifestyle protection insurance business. During the fourth quarter of 2019, the company also recorded an after-tax loss of \$110 million prior to reaching the settlement agreement with AXA.

⁽²⁾ Under applicable accounting guidance, companies in a loss position are required to use basic weighted-average common shares outstanding in the calculation of diluted loss per share. Therefore, as a result of the loss from continuing operations for the three months ended March 31, 2020, the company was required to use basic weighted-average common shares outstanding in the calculation of diluted loss per share for the three months ended March 31, 2020, as the inclusion of shares for stock options, restricted stock units and stock appreciation rights of 5.4 million would have been antidilutive to the calculation. If the company had not incurred a loss from continuing operations for the three months ended March 31, 2020, dilutive potential weighted-average common shares outstanding would have been 509.7 million.

Reconciliation of Net Income (Loss) to Adjusted Operating Income (Loss) (amounts in millions, except per share amounts)

		2020				2019				
	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total		
NET INCOME (LOSS) AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS Add: net income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests Add: net income from discontinued operations attributable to noncontrolling interests	\$ (441) 23	\$ (66) (6) —	\$ (507) 17 —	\$ (17) 19 22	\$ 18 10 30	\$ 168 15 35	\$ 174 20 36	\$ 343 64 123		
NET INCOME (LOSS) Less: income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes	(418) (520)	(72)	(490) (520)	24 (31)	58 (80)	218 60	230 62	530 11		
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS Less: net income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests	102 23	(72) (6)	30 17	55 19	138 10	158 15	168 20	519 64		
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS	79	(66)	13	36	128	143	148	455		
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS:										
Net investment (gains) losses, net ⁽¹⁾	(131)	115	(16)	(17)	(5)	43	(71)	(50)		
Goodwill impairment, net ⁽²⁾ (Gains) losses on early extinguishment of debt Expenses related to restructuring	(3)	12	9	_	_	_	Ξ,	Ξ,		
Expenses related to restructuring	30	(29)	1		_	(8)	4 14	4 11		
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$ (21)	\$ 33	\$ 12	\$ 24	\$ 123	\$ 178	\$ 95	\$ 420		
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME (LOSS): U.S. Mortgage Insurance segment Australia Mortgage Insurance segment U.S. Life Insurance segment:	\$ (3) 1	\$ 148 9	\$ 145 10	\$ 160 12	\$ 137 12	\$ 147 13	\$ 124 14	\$ 568 51		
Long-Term Care Insurance Life Insurance Fixed Annuities	48 (81) 28	(77) 6	49 (158) 34	19 (164) 30	21 (25) 3	37 10 19	(20) (2) 17	57 (181) 69		
Total U.S. Life Insurance segment	(5)	(70)	(75)	(115)	(1)	66	(5)	(55)		
Runoff segment Corporate and Other	24 (38)	(13) (41)	11 (79)	17 (50)	10 (35)	9 (57)	20 (58)	56 (200)		
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$ (21)	\$ 33	\$ 12	\$ 24	\$ 123	\$ 178	\$ 95	\$ 420		
Earnings (Loss) Per Share Data:		J								
Net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share Basic Diluted Adjusted operating income (loss) per share	\$ (0.87) \$ (0.86)						\$ 0.35 \$ 0.34			
Basic Diluted Weighted-average common shares outstanding	\$ (0.04) \$ (0.04)		\$ 0.02 \$ 0.02		\$ 0.25 \$ 0.24	\$ 0.35 \$ 0.35	\$ 0.19 \$ 0.19	\$ 0.84 \$ 0.82		
Basic	505.4 512.5	504.3 504.3	504.8 511.1	503.5 510.4	503.5 511.2	503.4 508.7	501.2 508.6	502.9 509.7		

⁽¹⁾ Net investment (gains) losses were adjusted for the portion attributable to noncontrolling interests and DAC and other intangible amortization and certain benefit reserves (see page 41 for reconciliation).

⁽²⁾ For the three and six months ended June 30, 2020, goodwill impairment was adjusted by \$2 million related to the company's mortgage insurance business in Australia for the portion attributable to noncontrolling interests.

⁽³⁾ Under applicable accounting guidance, companies in a loss position are required to use basic weighted-average common shares outstanding in the calculation of diluted loss per share. Therefore, as a result of the loss from continuing operations for the three months ended March 31, 2020, the company was required to use basic weighted-average common shares outstanding in the calculation of diluted loss per share for the three months ended March 31, 2020, as the inclusion of shares for stock options, restricted stock units and stock appreciation rights of 5.4 million would have been antidilutive to the calculation. If the company had not incurred a loss from continuing operations for the three months ended March 31, 2020, dilutive potential weighted-average common shares outstanding would have been 509.7 million.

Consolidated Balance Sheets (amounts in millions)

	June 30, 2020	March 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	September 30, 2019	June 30, 2019
ASSETS					
Investments:					
Fixed maturity securities available-for-sale, at fair value(1)	\$ 63,544	\$59,051	\$ 60,339	\$ 61,233	\$ 59,491
Equity securities, at fair value	206	188	239	239	262
Commercial mortgage loans ⁽²⁾	6,945	6,944	6,976	7,045	7,030
Less: Allowance for credit losses	(28)	(29)	(13)	(12)	(11)
Commercial mortgage loans, net	6,917	6,915	6,963	7,033	7,019
Policy loans	2,182	2,052	2,058	2,069	2,076
Other invested assets	2,473	2,465	1,632	1,693	1,396
Total investments	75,322	70,671	71,231	72,267	70,244
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	2,597	2,483	3,341	1,629	1,715
Accrued investment income	601	707	654	643	595
Deferred acquisition costs	1,718	1,898	1,836	1,881	1,980
Intangible assets and goodwill	223	263	201	210	229
Reinsurance recoverable	16,944	17,122	17,103	17,180	17,211
Less: Allowance for credit losses	(44)	(42)			
Reinsurance recoverable, net	16,900	17,080	17,103	17,180	17,211
Other assets	454	456	443	479	516
Deferred tax asset	286	319	425	236	383
Separate account assets	5,536	4,967	6,108	6,005	6,187
Assets held for sale related to discontinued operations ⁽³⁾				5,123	5,246
Total assets	\$103,637	\$98,844 	<u>\$101,342</u>	\$105,653	\$104,306

⁽¹⁾ Amortized cost of \$54,834 million and \$54,136 million as of June 30, 2020 and March 31, 2020, respectively, and allowance for credit losses of \$7 million and \$—million as of June 30, 2020 and March 31, 2020, respectively.

Net of unamortized balance of loan origination fees and costs of \$4 million as of June 30, 2020, March 31, 2020, December 31, 2019, September 30, 2019, and June 30, 2019.

Prior to the sale on December 12, 2019, the assets of the company's former Canada mortgage insurance business were held for sale related to discontinued operations and segregated in the consolidated balance sheets.

Consolidated Balance Sheets (amounts in millions)

	June 30, 2020	March 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	September 30, 2019	June 30, 2019
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY					
Liabilities:					
Future policy benefits	\$ 41,463	\$39,339	\$ 40,384	\$ 40,489	\$ 39,583
Policyholder account balances	22,921	22,313	22,217	22,607	22,673
Liability for policy and contract claims	11,280	11,132	10,958	10,780	10,586
Unearned premiums	1,804	1,722	1,893	1,863	1,917
Other liabilities ⁽¹⁾	2,075	1,686	1,428	1,445	1,604
Non-recourse funding obligations	_	_	311	311	311
Long-term borrowings	2,817	2,851	3,277	3,706	3,711
Separate account liabilities	5,536	4,967	6,108	6,005	6,187
Liabilities held for sale related to discontinued operations ^{(1),(2)}	653		134	2,302	2,142
Total liabilities	88,549	84,010	86,710	89,508	88,714
Equity:					
Common stock	1	1	1	1	1
Additional paid-in capital	11,996	11,993	11,990	11,986	11,983
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	4,447	3,815	3,433	3,622	3,013
Retained earnings	899	1,340	1,461	1,478	1,460
Treasury stock, at cost	(2,700)	(2,700)	(2,700)	(2,700)	(2,700)
Total Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity	14,643	14,449	14,185	14,387	13,757
Noncontrolling interests	445	385	447	1,758	1,835
Total equity	15,088	14,834	14,632	16,145	15,592
Total liabilities and equity	<u>\$103,637</u>	<u>\$98,844</u>	<u>\$101,342</u>	<u>\$105,653</u>	<u>\$104,306</u>

⁽¹⁾ Certain liability balances have been reclassified as of December 31, 2019 to conform to the current period presentation.

Liabilities related to discontinued operations as of June 30, 2020 relates to a contingent liability recorded in connection with a settlement agreement reached with AXA involving the sale of the company's former lifestyle protection insurance business. The company also recorded a contingent liability as of December 31, 2019 prior to reaching the settlement agreement with AXA. In addition, prior to the sale on December 12, 2019, the liabilities of the company's Canada mortgage insurance business were held for sale related to discontinued operations and segregated in the consolidated balance sheets.

Consolidated Balance Sheet by Segment (amounts in millions)

	June 30, 2020							
	U.S. Mortgage Insurance	Australia Mortgage Insurance	U.S. Life Insurance	Runoff	Corporate and Other ⁽¹⁾	Total		
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$4,831	\$2,216	\$66,136	\$3,355	\$ 1,982	\$ 78,520		
Deferred acquisition costs and intangible assets	49	82	1,650	149	11	1,941		
Reinsurance recoverable, net	_	2	16,164	734	_	16,900		
Deferred tax and other assets	64	139	(121)	9	649	740		
Separate account assets				5,536		5,536		
Total assets	\$4,944	\$2,439	\$83,829	\$9,783	\$ 2,642	\$103,637		
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY								
Liabilities:								
Future policy benefits	\$ —	\$ —	\$41,461	\$ 2	\$ —	\$ 41,463		
Policyholder account balances	_	_	19,317	3,604	_	22,921		
Liability for policy and contract claims	439	226	10,583	25	7	11,280		
Unearned premiums	340	994	466	4	_	1,804		
Other liabilities	115	192	1,142	48	578	2,075		
Borrowings	_	138	_	_	2,679	2,817		
Separate account liabilities	_	_	_	5,536		5,536		
Liabilities related to discontinued operations					653	653		
Total liabilities	894	1,550	72,969	9,219	3,917	88,549		
Equity:								
Allocated equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	3,897	422	6,546	538	(1,207)	10,196		
Allocated accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	153	22	4,314	26	(68)	4,447		
Total Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity	4,050	444	10,860	564	(1,275)	14,643		
Noncontrolling interests		445				445		
Total equity	4,050	889	10,860	564	(1,275)	15,088		
Total liabilities and equity	\$4,944	\$2,439	\$83,829	\$9,783	\$ 2,642	\$103,637		

⁽¹⁾ Includes inter-segment eliminations and other businesses that are managed outside the operating segments.

Consolidated Balance Sheet by Segment (amounts in millions)

	March 31, 2020								
	U.S. Mortgage Insurance	Australia Mortgage Insurance	U.S. Life Insurance	Runoff	Corporate and Other ⁽¹⁾	Total			
ASSETS									
Cash and investments	\$4,385	\$1,915	\$62,482	\$3,634	\$ 1,445	\$73,861			
Deferred acquisition costs and intangible assets	48	81	1,855	166	11	2,161			
Reinsurance recoverable, net	_	4	16,322	754	_	17,080			
Deferred tax and other assets	109	146	(95)	(19)	634	775			
Separate account assets				4,967		4,967			
Total assets	\$4,542	\$2,146	\$80,564	\$9,502	\$ 2,090	\$98,844			
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY									
Liabilities:									
Future policy benefits	\$ —	\$ —	\$39,337	\$ 2	\$ —	\$39,339			
Policyholder account balances			18,684	3,629	_	22,313			
Liability for policy and contract claims	230	184	10,702	10	6	11,132			
Unearned premiums	366	876	476	4	_	1,722			
Other liabilities	71	203	733	43	636	1,686			
Borrowings	_	122	_	_	2,729	2,851			
Separate account liabilities				4,967		4,967			
Total liabilities	667	1,385	69,932	8,655	3,371	84,010			
Equity:									
Allocated equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	3,891	395	6,643	850	(1,145)	10,634			
Allocated accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(16)	(19)	3,989	(3)	(136)	3,815			
Total Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity	3,875	376	10,632	847	(1,281)	14,449			
Noncontrolling interests		385				385			
Total equity	3,875	761	10,632	847	(1,281)	14,834			
Total liabilities and equity	\$4,542	\$2,146	\$80,564	\$9,502	\$ 2,090	\$98,844			

⁽¹⁾ Includes inter-segment eliminations and other businesses that are managed outside the operating segments.

Deferred Acquisition Costs Rollforward (amounts in millions)

	U.S. Mortgage Insurance	Australia Mortgage Insurance	U.S. Life Insurance	Runoff	Total
Unamortized balance as of March 31, 2020	\$ 30	\$ 32	\$ 2,954	\$158	\$ 3,174
Costs deferred	3	3	(1)	_	5
Amortization, net of interest accretion	(1)	(3)	(74)	_	(78)
Impact of foreign currency translation		4			4
Unamortized balance as of June 30, 2020	32	36	2,879	158	3,105
Effect of accumulated net unrealized investment (gains) losses			(1,375)	(12)	(1,387)
Balance as of June 30, 2020	\$ 32	\$ 36	\$ 1,504	\$146	\$ 1,718

U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment

Adjusted Operating Income (Loss) and Sales—U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment (amounts in millions)

		2020 2019												
		2Q	1	Q	To	tal	4Q		3Q	2Q		1Q	_1	Γotal
REVENUES:														
Premiums	\$	243	\$	226	\$	469	\$ 23	37	\$ 219	\$	206	\$ 194	\$	856
Net investment income		31		33		64	3	30	31		28	28		117
Net investment gains (losses)		(1)		—		(1)		1	_		—	_		1
Policy fees and other income	_	1		2		3		1	1		1	1		4
Total revenues	ļ	274		261		535	26	59	251		235	223		978
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:														
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves		228		19		247	1	1	23		_	16		50
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals		47		50		97	5	50	51		44	46		191
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles		4		4		8		4	3		4	4		15
Total benefits and expenses		279		73		352	6	55	77		48	66		256
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME														
TAXES		(5)		188		183	20)4	174		187	157		722
Provision (benefit) for income taxes		(1)		40		39	4	13	37		40	33		153
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS		(4)		148		144	16	51	137		147	124		569
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS:														
Net investment (gains) losses		1		_		1	(1)	_			_		(1)
Taxes on adjustments							_	_						
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$	(3)	\$	148	\$	145	\$ 16	50	\$ 137	\$	147	\$ 124	\$	568
SALES:														
Flow New Insurance Written (NIW)	\$2	8,400	\$17	,900	\$46	,300	\$18,10	00	\$18,900	\$15	,800	\$9,600	\$6	2,400

Flow New Insurance Written Metrics—U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment (amounts in millions)

2020 2019 2Q 10 40 30 20 10 % of % of % of % of % of % of Flow NIW **Product** \$25,900 91% \$16,400 92% \$16,300 90% \$16,800 89% \$13,900 88% \$8,400 87% 2,500 9 1,500 8 1,800 10 2,100 11 1,900 12 1,200 13 100% \$18,100 100% \$18,900 100% \$15,800 100% \$9,600 \$28,400 100% \$17,900 100% **FICO Scores** \$17,900 63% \$11,200 63% \$11,200 62% \$11,300 60% \$ 9,200 58% \$5,500 57% 8,900 31 5,800 32 6,000 33 6,300 33 5,500 35 3,300 35 900 3 500 3 500 3 700 600 4 400 4 700 3 400 400 600 3 500 400 4 100% \$15,800 \$28,400 100% \$17,900 100% \$18,100 100% \$18,900 100% \$9,600 100% Loan-To-Value Ratio \$ 3,200 \$ 1.800 10% \$ 2,000 11% \$ 2,900 16% \$ 2,900 19% 11% 18% \$1.800 12,300 43 7,700 43 7,900 44 8.000 42 6,900 44 4,200 44 8,100 29 5,500 31 5,600 5,500 29 4,300 2,500 26 31 27 4,800 2,900 16 2,600 14 2,500 13 1,700 11 1.100 11 17 100% \$18,100 100% \$18,900 100% \$28,400 100% \$17,900 100% \$15,800 100% \$9,600 **Origination** \$12,000 67% \$12,900 90% \$17,400 61% 71% \$14,900 79% \$13,900 88% \$8,600 1,900 11,000 39 5,900 33 5,200 4,000 21 12 1,000 10 \$28,400 100% \$17,900 100% \$18,100 100% \$18,900 100% \$15,800 100% \$9,600 100%

⁽¹⁾ Includes loans with annual and split payment types.

⁽²⁾ Loans with unknown FICO scores are included in the 660-679 category.

Other Metrics—U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment (dollar amounts in millions)

	2020 2019									
	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total		
Net Premiums Written	\$ 217	\$ 208	\$ 425	\$ 208	\$ 213	\$ 204	\$ 193	\$ 818		
Flow New Risk Written	\$ 7,011	\$ 4,405	\$11,416	\$ 4,465	\$ 4,647	\$ 3,931	\$ 2,403	\$15,446		
Primary Insurance In-Force(1)	\$207,400	\$198,500		\$192,100	\$186,300	\$178,500	\$170,400			
Risk In-Force Flow ⁽²⁾ Bulk ⁽³⁾ Total Primary Pool Total Risk In-Force	\$ 49,851 135 49,986 51 \$ 50,037	\$ 47,723 143 47,866 53 \$ 47,919		\$ 46,228 150 46,378 56 \$ 46,434	\$ 44,885 160 45,045 59 \$ 45,104	\$ 42,917 167 43,084 62 \$ 43,146	\$ 41,020 173 41,193 66 \$ 41,259			
Primary Risk In-Force That Is GSE Conforming	93%	92%		93%	93%	93%	93%			
Expense Ratio (Net Earned Premiums)(4)	21%	24%	22%	23%	24%	24%	25%	24%		
Expense Ratio (Net Premiums Written)(5)	23%	26%	25%	27%	25%	24%	26%	25%		
Flow Persistency	60%	76%		74%	75%	82%	86%			
Risk To Capital Ratio ⁽⁶⁾	12.0:1	12.2:1		12.2:1	11.9:1	11.8:1	11.9:1			
PMIERs Sufficiency Ratio ⁽⁷⁾	143%	142%		138%	129%	123%	123%			
Average Primary Loan Size (in thousands)	\$ 229	\$ 226		\$ 223	\$ 221	\$ 218	\$ 215			

The expense ratios included above were calculated using whole dollars and may be different than the ratios calculated using the rounded numbers included herein.

⁽¹⁾ Primary insurance in-force represents aggregate loan balances for outstanding insurance policies and is used to determine premiums. Original loan balances are presented for policies with level renewal premiums. Amortized loan balances are presented for policies with annual, amortizing renewal premiums.

⁽²⁾ Flow risk in-force represents current loan balances as provided by servicers, lenders and investors and conforms to the presentation under the Private Mortgage Insurer Eligibility Requirements (PMIERs).

⁽³⁾ As of June 30, 2020, 87% of the bulk risk in-force was related to loans finmanced by lenders who participated in the mortgage programs sponsored by the Federal Home Loan Banks.

⁽⁴⁾ The ratio of an insurer's general expenses to net earned premiums. In the business, general expenses consist of acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals, and amortization of DAC and intangibles.

⁽⁵⁾ The ratio of an insurer's general expenses to net premiums written. In the business, general expenses consist of acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals, and amortization of DAC and intangibles.

⁽⁶⁾ Certain states limit a private mortgage insurer's risk in-force to 25 times the total of the insurer's policyholders' surplus plus the statutory contingency reserve, commonly known as the "risk to capital" requirement. The current period risk to capital ratio is an estimate due to the timing of the filing of statutory statements and is prepared consistent with the presentation of the statutory financial statements in the combined annual statement of the U.S. mortgage insurance business.

The PMIERs sufficiency ratio is calculated as available assets divided by required assets as defined within PMIERs. The current period PMIERs sufficiency ratio is an estimate due to the timing of the PMIERs filing for the U.S. mortgage insurance business. As of June 30, 2020, March 31, 2020, December 31, 2019, September 30, 2019, June 30, 2019 and March 31, 2019, the PMIERs sufficiency ratios were in excess of \$1.2 billion, \$1.0 billion, \$850 million, \$650 million and \$600 million, respectively, of available assets above the PMIERs requirements.

Loss Metrics—U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment (amounts in millions)

Paid claims Image: Control of the property of the prop
Flow Direct \$ 18 \$ 20 \$ 38 \$ 22 \$ 28 \$ 24 \$ 30 \$ 104 Assumed(1)
Direct
Assumed ⁽¹⁾
Cadad
Calla
Loss adjustment expenses
Total Flow
Bulk
Total Primary
Pool
Total Paid Claims \$ 19 \$ 22 \$ 41 \$ 25 \$ 30 \$ 26 \$ 32 \$ 113
Average Paid Claim (in thousands) \$47.1 \$45.0 \$39.2 \$44.2 \$45.4 \$49.0
Average Reserve Per Delinquency (in thousands)
Flow
Bulk loans with established reserve \$11.3 \$12.4 \$13.3 \$14.1 \$13.8
Reserves:
Flow direct case \$378 \$201 \$204 \$216 \$222 \$246 Bulk direct case 4 4 4 4 4 4
Assumed(1) 1 1 1 1 1 1
All other ⁽²⁾
Total Reserves \$439 \$230 \$233 \$247 \$254 \$280
Beginning Reserves
Paid claims
Increase (decrease) in reserves
Ending Reserves
Loss Ratio ⁽³⁾

The loss ratio included above was calculated using whole dollars and may be different than the ratio calculated using the rounded numbers included herein.

⁽¹⁾ Assumed is comprised of reinsurance arrangements with state governmental housing finance agencies.

⁽²⁾ Other includes loss adjustment expenses, pool and incurred but not reported reserves.

⁽³⁾ The ratio of benefits and other changes in policy reserves to net earned premiums. The company recorded a favorable reserve adjustment of \$13 million and a favorable adjustment to net earned premiums of \$14 million in the fourth quarter of 2019, which reduced the loss ratio by six percentage points for the three months ended December 31, 2019. The company also recorded a favorable reserve adjustment of \$10 million in the second quarter of 2019, which reduced the loss ratio by five percentage points for the three months ended June 30, 2019. These adjustments reduced the loss ratio by three percentage points for the twelve months ended December 31, 2019.

Delinquency Metrics—U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment (dollar amounts in millions)

		2020		2019						
	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total		
Number of Primary Delinquencies										
Flow	53,372	15,246		16,209	15,575	15,070	15,764			
Bulk loans with an established reserve	422	345		348	375	347	360			
Bulk loans with no reserve(1)	100	57		50	55	65	82			
Total Number of Primary Delinquencies	53,894	15,648		16,607	16,005	15,482	16,206			
Beginning Number of Primary Delinquencies	15,648	16,607	16,607	16,005	15,482	16,206	17,159	17,159		
New delinquencies	48,557	8,214	56,771	8,738	8,650	7,705	8,539	33,632		
Delinquency cures	(9,890)	(8,699)	(18,589)	(7,526)	(7,451)	(7,872)	(8,835)	(31,684)		
Paid claims	(421)	(474)	(895)	(610)	(676)	(557)	(657)	(2,500)		
Ending Number of Primary Delinquencies	53,894	15,648	53,894	16,607	16,005	15,482	16,206	16,607		
Composition of Cures										
Reported delinquent and cured-intraquarter Number of missed payments delinquent prior to cure:	4,012	2,228		1,681	1,803	1,621	2,342			
3 payments or less	4,588	4,901		4.457	4.280	4,567	4,862			
4 - 11 payments	1,128	1,393		1,179	1,132	1,434	1,345			
12 payments or more	162	177		209	236	250	286			
Total	9,890	8,699		7,526	7,451	7,872	8,835			
Primary Delinquencies by Missed Payment Status										
3 payments or less	43,323	7,757		8,703	8,398	7,807	7,873			
4 - 11 payments	7,507	4,953		4,919	4,411	4,243	4,755			
12 payments or more	3,064	2,938		2,985	3,196	3,432	3,578			
Primary Delinquencies	53,894	15,648		16,607	16,005	15,482	16,206			
		June 30	. 2020							
Flow Delinquencies and Percentage		Direct Case	Risk	Reserves as % of						
Reserved by Payment Status	Delinquencies	Reserves(2)	In-Force	Risk In-Force						
3 payments or less in default	43,044	\$ 162	\$ 2,687	6%						
4 - 11 payments in default	7,404	111	388	29%						
12 payments or more in default	2,924	105	147	71%						
										
Total	53,372	\$ 378	\$ 3,222	12%						
		December								
Flow Delinquencies and Percentage Reserved by Payment Status	Delinquencies	Direct Case Reserves ⁽²⁾	Risk In-Force	Reserves as % of Risk In-Force						
3 payments or less in default	8,524	\$ 27	\$ 386	7%						
4 - 11 payments in default	4,836	78	224	35%						
12 payments or more in default	2,849	99	145	68%						
Total	16,209	\$ 204	\$ 755	27%						

⁽¹⁾ Reserves were not established on loans where the company was in a secondary loss position due to an existing deductible and the company believes they currently have no risk for claim.

⁽²⁾ Direct flow case reserves exclude loss adjustment expenses, incurred but not reported and reinsurance reserves.

Portfolio Quality Metrics—U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment

	202	20		2019		
	2Q	1Q	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q
Primary Loans						
Primary loans in-force	904,753	876,912	860,214	842,692	818,358	792,800
Primary delinquent loans	53,894	15,648	16,607	16,005	15,482	16,206
Primary delinquency rate	5.96%	1.78%	1.93%	1.90%	1.89%	2.04%
Flow loans in-force	894,715	866,562	849,472	,	806,739	780,733
Flow delinquent loans	53,372	15,246	16,209	15,575	15,070	15,764
Flow delinquency rate	5.97%	1.76%	1.91%	1.87%	1.87%	2.02%
Bulk loans in-force	10,038	10,350	10,742	11,106	11,619	12,067
Bulk delinquent loans	522	402	398	430	412	442
Bulk delinquency rate	5.20%	3.88%	3.71%	3.87%	3.55%	3.66%
A minus and sub-prime loans in-force	11,712	12,243	12,792	13,450	14,180	14,712
A minus and sub-prime delinquent loans	2,470	2,077	2,283	2,339	2,367	2,530
A minus and sub-prime delinquency rate	21.09%	16.96%	17.85%	17.39%	16.69%	17.20%
Pool Loans						
Pool loans in-force	3,818	4.071	4.122	4.261	4,331	4,470
Pool delinquent loans	151	132	167	168	177	187
Pool delinquency rate	3.95%	3.24%	4.05%			4.18%
D. January D. January Land Constitution of the						
Primary Risk In-Force by Credit Quality	500	500	570	5701	570	5701
Over 735	58%	58%	57%		• , , -	
680-735	33%	33%	33%			32%
660-679(1)	4%	4%	5%	- , -		5%
620-659	4%	4%	4%	.,-		5%
<620	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%

⁽¹⁾ Loans with unknown FICO scores are included in the 660-679 category.

Portfolio Quality Metrics—U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment (amounts in millions)

June 30, 2020

Policy Year	Average Rate ⁽¹⁾	% of Total Reserves ⁽²⁾	Primary Insurance In-Force	% of Total	Primary Risk In-Force	% of Total	Delinquency Rate
2004 and prior	6.15%	4.2%	\$ 1,241	0.6%	\$ 231	0.5%	13.55%
2005 to 2008	5.47%	30.2	14,017	6.8	3,193	6.4	13.20%
2009 to 2013	4.23%	2.7	5,461	2.6	1,267	2.5	4.55%
2014	4.46%	3.1	5,719	2.8	1,367	2.7	5.59%
2015	4.16%	5.1	11,858	5.7	2,843	5.7	5.51%
2016	3.89%	9.2	22,566	10.9	5,415	10.8	5.67%
2017	4.25%	11.5	23,845	11.5	5,752	11.5	6.55%
2018	4.77%	12.9	24,767	11.9	5,975	12.0	7.29%
2019	4.25%	18.4	52,068	25.1	12,690	25.4	5.77%
2020	3.58%	2.7	45,816	22.1	11,253	22.5	1.47%
Total	4.29%	100.0%	\$207,358	100.0%	\$49,986	100.0%	5.96%

	June 30), 2020	2020 March 31,		June 30	0, 2019
	Primary Risk In-Force	Primary Delinquency Rate	Primary Risk In-Force	Primary Delinquency Rate	Primary Risk In-Force	Primary Delinquency Rate
Lender concentration (by original applicant)	\$15,803	5.96% 6.62% 6.53%	\$ 47,866 \$ 15,099 \$ 19,410	1.78% 1.82% 1.75%	\$43,084 \$12,597 \$16,729	1.89% 2.11% 2.03%
Loan-to-value ratio 95.01% and above 90.01% to 95.00% 80.01% to 90.00% 80.00% and below	\$ 8,789 25,690 15,378 129	7.43% 5.85% 5.26% 3.80%	\$ 8,482 24,707 14,540 137	2.00% 1.50% 1.37% 2.42%	\$ 7,837 22,389 12,699 159	3.16% 1.49% 1.59% 2.43%
Total	\$49,986	5.96%	\$ 47,866 	1.78%	\$43,084	1.89%
Loan grade						
Prime	\$49,572 414	5.76% 21.09%	\$ 47,433 433	1.57% 16.96%	\$42,587 497	1.63% 16.69%
Total	\$49,986	5.96%	\$ 47,866	1.78%	\$43,084	1.89%

Average Annual Mortgage Interest Rate. Total reserves were \$439 million as of June 30, 2020.

Australia Mortgage Insurance Segment

Adjusted Operating Income and Sales—Australia Mortgage Insurance Segment (amounts in millions)

		2020				2019		
	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
REVENUES: Premiums Net investment income Net investment gains (losses) Policy fees and other income	\$ 62 8 66 —	\$ 69 10 (53) 1	\$ 131 18 13 1	\$ 72 11 19	\$ 77 13 (9) 1	\$ 80 15 1	\$ 83 16 12 (1)	\$ 312 55 23
Total revenues	136	27	163	102	82	96	110	390
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES: Benefits and other changes in policy reserves Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles Goodwill impairment Interest expense Total benefits and expenses	39 18 6 5 2 70	24 17 8 — 1 —50	63 35 14 5 3 120	22 18 6 — 2 48	28 17 9 — 2 — 56	26 17 9 — 2 — 54	28 17 9 — 2 — 56	104 69 33 — 8 — 214
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES Provision (benefit) for income taxes	66 20	(23) (7)	43 13	54 16	26 8	42 13	54 16	176 53
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS Less: net income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests	46 23	(16) (6)	30 17	38 19	18 10	29 15	38 20	123 64
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS	23	(10)	13	19	8	14	18	59
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS: Net investment (gains) losses, net(1) Goodwill impairment, net(2) Taxes on adjustments ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME(3)	(34) 3 9 \$ 1	27 ————————————————————————————————————	(7) 3 1 \$ 10	(10) - 3 \$ 12	5 —(1) \$ 12	(1) \$ 13	(6) - 2 \$ 14	(12)
SALES: New Insurance Written (NIW) Flow Bulk Total Australia NIW(4),(5)	\$4,400 100 \$4,500	\$4,100 200 \$4,300	\$8,500 300 \$8,800	\$4,900 400 \$5,300	\$4,600 — \$4,600 =====	\$3,700 1,200 \$4,900	\$3,400 500 \$3,900	\$16,600 2,100 \$18,700
Net investment (gains) losses were adjusted for the portion of net investment gains (losses) attributable to noncontrolling interests. Adjustment (gains) losses, gross	\$ (66)	\$ 53 (26)	\$ (13) 6	\$ (19) 9 \$ (10)	(4)	\$ (1) 	\$ (12) 6 \$ (6)	11
	<u> </u>							

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2020, goodwill impairment was adjusted by \$2 million for the portion attributable to noncontrolling interests.

⁽³⁾ Adjusted operating income for the Australian platform adjusted for foreign exchange as compared to the prior year period was \$1 million and \$11 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020, respectively.

⁽⁴⁾ New insurance written for the Australian platform adjusted for foreign exchange as compared to the prior year period was \$5,000 million and \$9,500 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020, respectively.

⁽⁵⁾ The business currently has structured insurance transactions with three lenders where it is in a secondary loss position. The new insurance written associated with these arrangements is excluded from these metrics.

Selected Key Performance Measures—Australia Mortgage Insurance Segment (amounts in millions)

		2020		2019							
	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total			
Net Premiums Written	\$ 70	\$ 62 \$	3 132	\$ 92	\$ 70	\$ 58	\$ 52	\$272			
Loss Ratio ⁽¹⁾	63%	34%	48%	30%	36%	34%	34%	33%			
Expense Ratio (Net Earned Premiums)(2)	47%	36%	41%	34%	34%	33%	31%	33%			
Expense Ratio (Net Premiums Written)(3)	41%	40%	41%	26%	38%	44%	50%	38%			
Primary Insurance In-Force ⁽⁴⁾	\$210,200	\$188,400	:	\$215,700	\$206,400	\$215,600	\$219,200				
Flow	\$ 67,700	\$ 60,700		\$ 69,400	\$ 66,400	\$ 69,100	\$ 70,600				
Bulk	5,500	5,000	_	5,700	5,500	6,000	5,700				
Total	\$ 73,200	\$ 65,700		\$ 75,100	\$ 71,900	\$ 75,100	\$ 76,300				

	J	une 30, 2020			20	
Risk In-Force by Loan-To-Value Ratio(4),(6)	Primary	Flow	Bulk	Primary	Flow	Bulk
95.01% and above	\$ 9,613	\$ 9,613	\$ —	\$ 8,669	\$ 8,669	\$ —
90.01% to 95.00%	21,066	21,057	9	18,719	18,711	8
80.01% to 90.00%	23,481	23,403	78	20,899	20,828	71
80.00% and below	19,060	13,675	5,385	17,363	12,517	4,846
Total	\$ 73,220	\$ 67,748	\$5,472	\$ 65,650	\$ 60,725	\$ 4,925

The loss and expense ratios included above were calculated using whole dollars and may be different than the ratios calculated using the rounded numbers included herein.

⁽¹⁾ The ratio of benefits and other changes in policy reserves to net earned premiums.

⁽²⁾ The ratio of an insurer's general expenses to net earned premiums. In the business, general expenses consist of acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals, and amortization of DAC and intangibles.

⁽³⁾ The ratio of an insurer's general expenses to net premiums written. In the business, general expenses consist of acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals, and amortization of DAC and intangibles.

⁽⁴⁾ The business currently has structured insurance transactions with three lenders where it is in a secondary loss position. The insurance in-force and risk in-force associated with these arrangements are excluded from these metrics. The risk in-force on these transactions was approximately \$162 million, \$143 million, \$162 million, \$157 million and \$157 million as of June 30, 2020, March 31, 2020, December 31, 2019, September 30, 2019, June 30, 2019 and March 31, 2019, respectively.

The business currently provides 100% coverage on the majority of the loans the company insures. For the purpose of representing the risk in-force, Australia has computed an "effective risk in-force" amount which recognizes that the loss on any particular loan will be reduced by the net proceeds received upon sale of the property. Effective risk in-force has been calculated by applying to insurance in-force a factor that represents the highest expected average per-claim payment for any one underwriting year over the life of the business. This factor was 35% for all periods presented. Australia also has certain risk share arrangements where it provides pro-rata coverage of certain loans rather than 100% coverage. As a result, for loans with these risk share arrangements, the applicable pro-rata coverage amount provided is used when applying the factor.

⁽⁶⁾ Loan amount in loan-to-value ratio calculation includes capitalized premiums, where applicable.

Selected Key Performance Measures—Australia Mortgage Insurance Segment (dollar amounts in millions)

Primary Insurance(1)	June 30, 2020	March 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	September 30, 2019	June 30, 2019	
Insured loans in-force Insured delinquent loans Insured delinquency rate	1,236,657 7,614 0.62%	1,284,120 7,274 0.57%	1,290,216 7,221 0.56%	1,293,961 7,713 0.60%	1,308,811 7,891 0.60%	
Flow loans in-force Flow delinquent loans Flow delinquency rate	1,137,784 7,380 0.65%	1,183,889 7,055 0.60%	1,189,019 7,003 0.59%	1,192,282 7,469 0.63%	1,200,603 7,642 0.64%	
Bulk loans in-force Bulk delinquent loans Bulk delinquency rate	98,873 234 0.24%	100,231 219 0.22%	101,197 218 0.22%	101,679 244 0.24%	108,208 249 0.23%	
Loss Metrics	June 30, 2020	March 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2019 September 30, 2019		
Beginning Reserves Paid claims ⁽²⁾ Increase in reserves Impact of changes in foreign exchange rates	\$ 184 (22) 39 25	\$ 208 (21) 24 (27)	\$ 204 (25) 22 7	\$ 209 (24) 27 (8)	\$ 204 (20) 27 (2)	
Ending Reserves	\$ 226	\$ 184	\$ 208	\$ 204	\$ 209	
	June	30, 2020	March	31, 2020	June 30,	2019
State and Territory(1)	% of Primary Risk In-Force	Primary Delinquency Rate	% of Primary Risk In-Force	Primary Delinquency Rate	% of Primary Risk In-Force Do	Prin elinque
New South Wales Queensland	27% 23	0.51% 0.78%	27% 23	0.44% 0.75%	27% 23	
Victoria	23	0.46%	23	0.42%	23	

	June	30, 2020	Water	31, 2020	June	50, 2017
State and Territory(1)	% of Primary Risk In-Force	Primary Delinquency Rate	% of Primary Risk In-Force	Primary Delinquency Rate	% of Primary Risk In-Force	Primary Delinquency Rate
New South Wales	27%	0.51%	27%	0.44%	27%	0.45%
Queensland	23	0.78%	23	0.75%	23	0.81%
Victoria	23	0.46%	23	0.42%	23	0.45%
Western Australia	13	1.06%	13	1.00%	13	1.10%
South Australia	6	0.70%	6	0.67%	6	0.68%
Australian Capital Territory	3	0.27%	3	0.25%	3	0.25%
Tasmania	2	0.27%	2	0.30%	2	0.31%
New Zealand	2	0.03%	2	0.02%	2	0.02%
Northern Territory	1	0.87%	1	0.83%	1	0.83%
Total	100%	0.62%	100%	0.57%	100%	0.60%
By Policy Year ⁽¹⁾						
2011 and prior	44%	0.55%	46%	0.50%	48%	0.54%
2012	5	1.01%	5	0.93%	6	1.11%
2013	6	1.12%	6	1.06%	7	1.10%
2014	7	1.10%	7	1.05%	8	0.97%
2015	7	0.89%	7	0.79%	7	0.82%
2016	6	0.71%	6	0.64%	7	0.60%
2017	6	0.57%	6	0.51%	7	0.36%
2018	7	0.41%	7	0.35%	7	0.15%
2019	8	0.10%	8	0.04%	3	0.01%
2020	4	0.01%	2	— %		— %
Total	100%	0.62%	100%	0.57%	100%	0.60%

⁽¹⁾ The business currently has structured insurance transactions with three lenders where it is in a secondary loss position. The loans in-force, including delinquent loans, and risk in-force associated with these arrangements are excluded from these metrics.

⁽²⁾ Paid claims exclude adjustments for expected recoveries related to loss reserves and prior paid claims.

Selected Key Performance Measures—Australia Mortgage Insurance Segment (Australian dollar amounts in millions)

		2020	2019				
		1Q Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
Paid Claims ⁽¹⁾							
Flow	\$ 35	\$ 31 \$ 66	\$ 37	\$ 35	\$ 28	\$ 30	\$ 130
Total Paid Claims	\$ 35	\$ 31 \$ 66	\$ 37	\$ 35	\$ 28	\$ 30	\$ 130
Average Paid Claim (in thousands)	\$97.0	\$92.7	\$99.4	\$97.9	\$94.1	\$94.2	
Average Reserve Per Delinquency (in thousands)	\$43.0	\$41.3	\$41.1	\$39.2	\$37.8	\$38.4	
Loss Metrics							
Beginning Reserves	\$ 301	\$ 297 \$297	\$ 302	\$ 298	\$ 288	\$ 279	\$ 279
Paid claims ⁽¹⁾	(35)	(31) (66)	(37)	(35)	(28)	(30)	(130)
Increase in reserves	62	3597	32	39	38	39	148
Ending Reserves	\$ 328	\$ 301 \$328	\$ 297	\$ 302	\$ 298	\$ 288	\$ 297
Loan Amount(2),(3)							
Over \$550K	21%	20%	19%	19%	19%	18%	
\$400K to \$550K	22	22	22	22	21	21	
\$250K to \$400K	33	32	33	33	33	34	
\$100K to \$250K	20	21	21	21	22	22	
\$100K or Less	4	5	5	5	5	5	
Total	100%	100%	100%		100%	100%	
Average Primary Loan Size (in thousands)(3)	\$ 246	\$ 240	\$ 238	\$ 236	\$ 235	\$ 233	

All amounts presented in Australian dollars.

⁽¹⁾ Paid claims exclude adjustments for expected recoveries related to loss reserves and prior paid claims.

The percentages in this table are based on the amount of primary insurance in-force in each loan band as a percentage of total insurance in-force.

The business currently has structured insurance transactions with three lenders where it is in a secondary loss position. The loans in-force associated with these arrangements are excluded from these metrics.

U.S. Life Insurance Segment

Adjusted Operating Income (Loss)—U.S. Life Insurance Segment (amounts in millions)

	2020					2019		
	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
REVENUES:								
Premiums	\$ 712	\$ 718	\$1,430	\$ 722	\$ 717	\$ 713	\$ 709	\$2,861
Net investment income	692	695	1,387	705	722	724	701	2,852
Net investment gains (losses)	118	(70)	48	23	11	(36)	84	82
Policy fees and other income	142	144	286	153	152	187	151	643
Total revenues	1,664	1,487	3,151	1,603	1,602	1,588	1,645	6,438
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:								
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	1,213	1,297	2,510	1,307	1,225	1,211	1,236	4,979
Interest credited	97	100	197	101	106	106	106	419
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	147	151	298	156	158	142	148	604
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	83	87	170	150	89	67	66	372
Interest expense		5	5	4	4	4	5	17
Total benefits and expenses	1,540	1,640	3,180	1,718	1,582	1,530	1,561	6,391
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME								
TAXES	124	(153)	(29)	(115)	20	58	84	47
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	33	(27)	6	(19)	10	19	24	34
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	91	(126)	(35)	(96)	10	39	60	13
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS:								
Net investment (gains) losses, net ⁽¹⁾	(121)	67	(54)	(24)	(14)	35	(86)	(89)
Losses on early extinguishment of debt	_	4	4	_	_	_	_	_
Expenses related to restructuring	_			_	_	(1)	4	3
Taxes on adjustments	25	(15)	10	5	3	(7)	17	18
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$ (5)	\$ (70)	\$ (75)	\$ (115)	\$ (1)	\$ 66	\$ (5)	\$ (55)
(I) National (ed.) Language II and Go DAC and allowing 11 and 12					11			
(1) Net investment (gains) losses were adjusted for DAC and other intangible amortization a						¢ 26	¢ (04)	¢ (02)
Net investment (gains) losses, gross	\$ (118)		\$ (48)		, ,		\$ (84)	
	(3)	(3)	(6)	(1)		(1)	(2)	(7)
Net investment (gains) losses, net	\$ (121)	\$ 67	\$ (54)	\$ (24)	\$ (14)	\$ 35	\$ (86)	\$ (89)

Adjusted Operating Income (Loss)—U.S. Life Insurance Segment—Long-Term Care Insurance (amounts in millions)

	2020					2019		
	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
REVENUES:								
Premiums	\$ 649	\$ 642	\$1,291	\$ 663	\$ 652	\$ 640	\$ 628	\$2,583
Net investment income	422	419	841	424	432	428	406	1,690
Net investment gains (losses)	129	(55)	74	19	28	(15)	80	112
Policy fees and other income					(2)	2		
Total revenues	1,200	1,006	2,206	1,106	1,110	1,055	1,114	4,385
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:								
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	876	928	1,804	925	916	896	927	3,664
Interest credited	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	103	101	204	105	106	93	101	405
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	21	24	45	25	25	26	25	101
Interest expense								
Total benefits and expenses	1,000	1,053	2,053	1,055	1,047	1,015	1,053	4,170
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME								
TAXES	200	(47)	153	51	63	40	61	215
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	49	(4)	45	17	19	15	19	70
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	151	(43)	108	34	44	25	42	145
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS:								
Net investment (gains) losses	(129)	55	(74)	(19)	(28)	15	(80)	(112)
Expenses related to restructuring		_				(1)	2	1
Taxes on adjustments	26	(11)	15	4	5	(2)	16	23
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 48	<u> </u>	\$ 49	\$ 19	\$ 21	\$ 37	\$ (20)	\$ 57
	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		-
RATIOS:		I						
Loss Ratio ⁽¹⁾	69%	78%	6 74%	76%	6 76%	74%	81%	6 77%
Gross Benefits Ratio ⁽²⁾	135%	145%				, . , .		
	, -	1		- ,				, -

⁽¹⁾ The loss ratio was calculated by dividing benefits and other changes in policy reserves less tabular interest on reserves less adjustment expenses by net earned premiums.

⁽²⁾ The gross benefits ratio was calculated by dividing benefits and other changes in policy reserves by net earned premiums.

Adjusted Operating Income (Loss)—U.S. Life Insurance Segment—Life Insurance (amounts in millions)

	2020					2019			
	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	
REVENUES:									
Premiums	\$ 63	\$ 76	\$ 139	\$ 59	\$ 65	\$ 73	\$ 81	\$ 278	
Net investment income	127	130	257	128	133	130	133	524	
Net investment gains (losses)	5	1	6	6	(2)	(3)	10	11	
Policy fees and other income	_140	141	281	150	151	182	148	631	
Total revenues	335	348	683	343	347	382	372	1,444	
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:									
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	289	302	591	335	228	244	242	1,049	
Interest credited	57	59	116	58	60	58	58	234	
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	34	39	73	39	40	37	34	150	
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	53	44	97	109	50	28	27	214	
Interest expense		5	5	4	4	4	5	17	
Total benefits and expenses	433	449	882	545	382	371	366	1,664	
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME									
TAXES	(98)	(101)	(199)	(202)	(35)	11	6	(220)	
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	(21)	(22)	(43)	(43)	(8)	3	1	(47)	
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	(77)	(79)	(156)	(159)	(27)	8	5	(173)	
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS:									
Net investment (gains) losses	(5)	(1)	(6)	(6)	2	3	(10)	(11)	
Losses on early extinguishment of debt	_	4	4	_	—	—	—	_	
Expenses related to restructuring	_	_	_	_	_	_	1	1	
Taxes on adjustments	1	(1)		1		(1)	2	2	
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	<u>\$(81)</u>	\$ (77)	\$(158)	<u>\$(164)</u>	\$ (25)	\$ 10	\$ (2)	\$ (181)	

Adjusted Operating Income—U.S. Life Insurance Segment—Fixed Annuities (amounts in millions)

	2020					2019		
		1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
REVENUES:								
Premiums	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Net investment income	143	146	289	153	157	166	162	638
Net investment gains (losses)	(16)	(16)	(32)	(2)	(15)	(18)	(6)	(41)
Policy fees and other income	2	3	5	3	3	3	3	12
Total revenues	129	133	262	154	145	151	159	609
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:								
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	48	67	115	47	81	71	67	266
Interest credited	40	41	81	43	46	48	48	185
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	10	11	21	12	12	12	13	49
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	9	19	28	16	14	13	14	57
Interest expense			_					
Total benefits and expenses	_107	138	245	118	153	144	142	557
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME								
TAXES	22	(5)	17	36	(8)	7	17	52
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	5	(1)	4	7	(1)	1	4	11
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	17	(4)	13	29	(7)	6	13	41
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS:								
Net investment (gains) losses, net ⁽¹⁾	13	13	26	1	12	17	4	34
Expenses related to restructuring		_	_	_	_	—	1	1
Taxes on adjustments	(2)	(3)	(5)		(2)	(4)	(1)	(7)
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME	\$ 28	\$ 6	\$ 34	\$ 30	\$ 3	\$ 19	\$ 17	\$ 69
Net investment (gains) losses were adjusted for DAC and other intangible amortization	ntion and cert	ain benefit	reserves as	reconciled	l below:			
Net investment (gains) losses, gross	\$ 16	\$ 16	\$ 32	\$ 2	\$ 15	\$ 18	\$ 6	\$ 41
Adjustment for DAC and other intangible amortization and certain benefit reserves	(3)	(3)	(6)	(1)	(3)	(1)	(2)	(7)
Net investment (gains) losses, net	\$ 13	\$ 13	\$ 26	\$ 1	\$ 12	\$ 17	\$ 4	\$ 34
rict investificit (gains) 1055es, fict	φ 1 <i>3</i>	<u>Ф 13</u>	<u>\$ 20</u>	<u>ф 1</u>	φ 1∠ ————————————————————————————————————	Ф 17	<u>э</u> 4	<u>Ф 34</u>

Runoff Segment

Adjusted Operating Income (Loss)—Runoff Segment (amounts in millions)

	2020				2019				
	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	
REVENUES:									
Net investment income	\$54	\$ 49	\$103	\$ 45	\$ 48	\$ 47	\$ 47	\$187	
Net investment gains (losses)	4	(75)	(71)	(12)	(9)	(4)	_	(25)	
Policy fees and other income	_32	33	65	35	35	35	35	140	
Total revenues	90	7	97	68	74	78	82	302	
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:									
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	4	20	24	5	8	13	1	27	
Interest credited	42	41	83	37	40	40	41	158	
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	11	13	24	13	13	13	13	52	
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	_(1)	17	16	2	10	4	2	18	
Total benefits and expenses	_56	91	147	_57	71	70	57	255	
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME									
TAXES	34	(84)	(50)	11	3	8	25	47	
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	6	(18)	(12)	2		1	5	8	
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	28	(66)	(38)	9	3	7	20	39	
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS:									
Net investment (gains) losses, net ⁽¹⁾	(5)	67	62	10	9	2	_	21	
Taxes on adjustments	1	(14)	(13)	(2)	(2)			(4)	
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$24	<u>\$(13)</u>	\$ 11	\$ 17	\$ 10	\$ 9	\$ 20	\$ 56	
(1) Net investment (gains) losses were adjusted for DAC and other intangible amortization an	d certain	benefit re	serves as	s reconci	led below	:			
Net investment (gains) losses, gross	\$ (4)	\$ 75	\$ 71	\$ 12	\$ 9	\$ 4	\$	\$ 25	
Adjustment for DAC and other intangible amortization and certain benefit									
reserves	(1)	(8)	(9)	(2)		(2)		(4)	
Net investment (gains) losses, net	\$ (5)	\$ 67	\$ 62	\$ 10	\$ 9	\$ 2	\$ <u> </u>	\$ 21	

Corporate and Other

Adjusted Operating Loss—Corporate and Other⁽¹⁾ (amounts in millions)

	2020					2019		
	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
REVENUES:								
Premiums	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$ 4	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$ 8
Net investment income	1	6	7	3	2	2	2	9
Net investment gains (losses)	(28)	46	18	(8)	5	(7)	(21)	(31)
Policy fees and other income	(1)	1		(1)	2		1	2
Total revenues	(26)	55	29	(4)	11	(3)	(16)	(12)
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:								
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	2	1	3	1	_	1	1	3
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	_	18	18	12	8	13	13	46
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	1		1	2	1	_		3
Interest expense	42	46	88	_ 54	53	_ 54	53	214
Total benefits and expenses	45	65	110	69	62	68	67	266
LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	(71)	(10)	(81)	(73)	(51)	(71)	(83)	(278)
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	(12)	2	(10)	(16)	(21)	(7)	(9)	(53)
LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	(59)	(12)	(71)	(57)	(30)	(64)	(74)	(225)
ADJUSTMENTS TO LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS:								
Net investment (gains) losses	28	(46)	(18)	8	(5)	7	21	31
	(3)	8	5		_			
Expenses related to restructuring	1	1	2	_	—	1	_	1
Taxes on adjustments	<u>(5)</u>	8	3	(1)		(1)	(5)	(7)
ADJUSTED OPERATING LOSS	\$ (38)	\$ (41)	<u>\$ (79)</u>	<u>\$ (50)</u>	\$ (35)	<u>\$ (57)</u>	\$ (58)	\$(200)
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles Interest expense Total benefits and expenses LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES Provision (benefit) for income taxes LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS ADJUSTMENTS TO LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS: Net investment (gains) losses (Gains) losses on early extinguishment of debt Expenses related to restructuring Taxes on adjustments	1 42 45 (71) (12) (59) 28 (3) 1 (5)	46 65 (10) 2 (12) (46) 8 1 8	1 88 110 (81) (10) (71)	2 54 69 (73) (16) (57) 8 —	1 53 62 (51) (21) (30)	54 68 (71) (7) (64) 7 ———————————————————————————————————	53 67 (83) (9) (74) 21	$ \begin{array}{c c} \hline $

⁽¹⁾ Includes inter-segment eliminations and the results of other businesses that are managed outside the operating segments, including certain smaller international mortgage insurance businesses.

Additional Financial Data

Investments Summary (amounts in millions)

	June 30,	2020	March 31	, 2020	December	31, 2019	September	30, 2019	June 30,	2019
	Carrying Amount	% of Total	Carrying Amount	% of Total	Carrying Amount	% of Total	Carrying Amount	% of Total	Carrying Amount	% of Total
Composition of Investment Portfolio										
Fixed maturity securities:										
Investment grade: Public fixed maturity securities(1)	\$35,802	45%	\$33,056	46%	\$33,684	45%	\$34,280	46%	\$32,958	46%
Private fixed maturity securities	13,952	18	12,736	17	13,384	18	13,411	18	13,091	18
Residential mortgage-backed securities ⁽²⁾	2,151	3	2,243	3	2,232	3	2,335	3	2,395	3
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	2,952 2,921	4 4	2,963 3,061	4 4	3,006 3,257	4	3,051 3,337	4	2,970 3,287	4 5
Other asset-backed securities State and political subdivisions ⁽¹⁾	2,921	4 4	2,864	4	2,747	4	2,729	4	2,636	3 4
Non-investment grade fixed maturity securities	2,768	4	2,128	3	2,029	3	2,090	3	2,154	3
Equity securities:										
Common stocks and mutual funds	104	_	91	_	105	_	107	_	111	_
Preferred stocks	102 6,917	_ ₀	97 6,915	10	134 6,963		132 7,033	10	151 7,019	10
Policy loans	2,182	3	2.052	3	2,058	3	2.069	3	2,076	3
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and short-term investments	2,809	3	2,696	3	3,601	5	1,839	2	1,907	3
Securities lending	59	_	58	_	51	_	62	_	113	_
Other invested assets: Limited partnerships	764	1	671	1	634	1	565	1	512	1
Interest rate swaps	939	1	1,002	1	197	_	402	1	144	_
Foreign currency swaps	17	_	21	_	4	_	10	_	5	_
Equity index options	66	_	62	_	81	_	62	_	65	_
Other foreign currency contracts	2	-,	16		8	— ,	13	_	8	_
Other	414	_1	422	1	397	1	369	_	357	_
Total invested assets and cash	\$77,919	100%	\$73,154	100%	\$74,572	100%	\$73,896	100%	\$71,959	100%
Public Fixed Maturity Securities—Credit Quality:		=	=====	=		=		=	====	=
NRSRO(3) Designation										
AAA	\$10,805	25%	\$11.025	27%	\$10,160	24%	\$10,561	25%	\$10,195	24%
AA	3,636	8	3,554	8	3,536	8	3,758	9	3,674	9
A	11,970	27	11,268	27	12,315	29	12,040	28	11,690	28
BBB	16,780	37	14,807	35 3	15,041	36 3	15,418	35 3	14,768	36
BB	1,506 73	_3	1,139 50	_3	1,040 44	3	1,093 53	_3	1,128 76	_ 3
CCC and lower	24	_	21	_	26	_	25	_	25	_
Total public fixed maturity securities	\$44,794	100%	\$41,864	100%	\$42,162	100%	\$42,948	100%	\$41,556	100%
Private Fixed Maturity Securities—Credit Quality:	====	=	====	=	====	=	====	=	====	=
										
NRSRO(3) Designation										
AAA	\$ 1,526	8%	\$ 1,382	8%	\$ 1,536	8%	\$ 1,594	9%	\$ 1,504	8%
AA	2,209	12	2,090	12	2,235	12 29	2,254	12	2,315	13
A BBB	5,320 8,530	28 46	4,914 7,883	28 46	5,182 8,305	46	5,296 8,222	29 45	5,286 7,905	30 44
BB	994	5	819	5	844	5	851	5	865	5
B	160	1	98	1	73	_	66	_	58	_
CCC and lower	11	-	1	_	2	_	2	_	2	_
Total private fixed maturity securities	\$18,750	100%	\$17,187	100%	\$18,177	100%	\$18,285	100%	\$17,935	100%
		=		=		=		=		=

Certain fixed maturity securities balances have been reclassified as of December 31, 2019 to conform to the current period presentation.

The company does not have any material exposure to residential mortgage-backed securities collateralized debt obligations (CDOs).

Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organizations.

Fixed Maturity Securities Summary (amounts in millions)

	June 30, 2	2020	March 31,	2020	December 31	, 2019	September	30, 2019	June 30, 2	2019
	Fair Value	% of Total	Fair Value	% of Total	Fair Value	% of Total	Fair Value	% of Total	Fair Value	% of Total
Fixed Maturity Securities—Security Sector:										
U.S. government, agencies and government-sponsored enterprises State and political subdivisions(1) Foreign government U.S. corporate(1) Foreign corporate Residential mortgage-backed securities	\$ 5,602 2,998 1,542 34,395 10,885 2,184	9% 5 2 54 17 3	\$ 5,771 2,864 1,201 31,077 9,799 2,273	10% 5 2 52 17 4	\$ 5,025 2,747 1,350 32,111 10,525 2,270	8% 5 2 54 17 4	\$ 5,254 2,729 1,359 32,424 10,656 2,375	9% 4 2 54 17 4	\$ 4,987 2,636 1,336 31,329 10,462 2,436	8% 4 2 53 18 4
Commercial mortgage-backed securities Other asset-backed securities	2,970 2,968	5 5	2,981 3,085	5 5	3,026 3,285	5 5	3,071 3,365	5 5	2,989 3,316	5 6
Total fixed maturity securities	\$63,544	100%	\$59,051	100%	\$60,339	100%	\$61,233	100%	\$59,491	100%
Corporate Bond Holdings—Industry Sector:										
Investment Grade:										
Finance and insurance Utilities Energy Consumer—non-cyclical Consumer—cyclical Capital goods Industrial Technology and communications Transportation Other(1) Subtotal	\$10,611 6,052 3,193 6,836 2,076 3,511 2,210 4,221 2,151 1,847 42,708	23% 13 7 15 5 8 5 9 5 4	\$ 9,523 5,555 2,799 6,163 1,856 3,076 2,063 3,966 2,047 1,855 38,903	23% 14 7 15 4 8 5 10 5 4 95	\$ 9,881 5,743 3,699 6,247 1,937 3,161 2,201 3,966 2,127 1,839 40,801	23% 14 9 15 5 7 5 9 5 4	\$ 9,995 5,868 3,801 6,293 2,003 3,243 2,188 3,919 2,189 1,691 41,190	22% 14 9 15 5 8 5 9 4 96	\$ 9,669 5,697 3,732 6,043 1,836 3,108 2,093 3,821 2,121 1,719 39,839	23% 14 9 14 4 7 5 10 5 4
Non-Investment Grade:										
Finance and insurance Utilities Energy Consumer—non-cyclical Consumer—cyclical Capital goods Industrial Technology and communications Transportation Other Subtotal Total Fixed Maturity Securities—Contractual Maturity Dates:	258 97 676 218 297 130 288 437 49 122 2,572 \$45,280	1 — 1 1 — 1 — 1 1 — 1 — 1 — — — — 6 — — 6 — — — —	211 77 391 196 225 149 193 418 29 84 1,973 \$40,876	1 — 1 1 — 1 — 1 — 1 — 1 — — 1 — — 5 — 100% — —	212 83 319 138 220 155 183 417 8 100 1,835 \$42,636	1 — 1 — 1 — 1 — 1 — — 4 — 100% —	208 85 346 138 233 137 224 425 8 86 1,890 \$\frac{43,080}{2}\$	1 1 1 1 4 4 	216 100 331 155 243 157 207 465 8 70 1,952 \$41,791	1
Due in one year or less	\$ 1,517	2%	\$ 1,421	2%	\$ 1,434	2%	\$ 1,587	3%	\$ 1,684	3%
Due after one year through five years Due after five years through ten years Due after ten years Subtotal Mortgage and asset-backed securities	10,054 14,478 29,373 55,422 8,122	16 23 46 87 13	8,949 12,642 27,700 50,712 8,339	15 21 48 86 14	9,381 12,296 28,647 51,758 8,581	16 20 48 86 14	9,655 12,387 28,793 52,422 8,811	16 20 47 86 14	9,689 11,985 27,392 50,750 8,741	16 20 46 85 15
Total fixed maturity securities	\$63,544	100%	\$59,051	100%	\$60,339	100%	\$61,233	100%	\$59,491	100%

⁽¹⁾ Certain fixed maturity securities balances have been reclassified as of December 31, 2019 to conform to the current period presentation.

General Account U.S. GAAP Net Investment Income Yields (amounts in millions)

	2020					2019		
	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
U.S. GAAP Net Investment Income								
Fixed maturity securities—taxable	\$ 601	\$ 622	\$1,223	\$ 616	\$ 631	\$ 634	\$ 613	\$2,494
Fixed maturity securities—non-taxable	1	2	3	2	2	2	2	8
Commercial mortgage loans	84	85	169	94	87	85	82	348
Equity securities	2	2	4	3	4	5	4	16
Other invested assets	52	49	101	50	49	47	44	190
Limited partnerships	14	(2)	12	4	13	12	15	44
Policy loans	49	49	98	42	47	45	46	180
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and short-term investments	4	11	15	9	8	11	11	39
Gross investment income before expenses and fees	807	818	1,625	820	841	841	817	3,319
Expenses and fees	(21)	(25)	(46)	(26)	(25)	(25)	(23)	(99)
Net investment income	\$ 786	\$ 793	\$1,579	\$ 794	\$ 816	\$ 816	\$ 794	\$3,220
Annualized Yields								
Fixed maturity securities—taxable	4.4%	4.6%	4.5%	4.6%	4.7%	4.7%	4.6%	4.6%
Fixed maturity securities—non-taxable	2.6%	5.2%	4.1%	6.0%	6.1%	6.1%	6.1%	6.1%
Commercial mortgage loans	4.9%	4.9%	4.9%	5.4%	5.0%	4.9%	4.8%	5.0%
Equity securities	4.1%	3.8%	3.8%	5.0%	6.4%	7.8%	6.1%	6.3%
Other invested assets ⁽¹⁾	49.8%	47.8%	49.0%	52.2%	54.0%	56.1%	65.7%	57.2%
Limited partnerships ⁽²⁾	7.8%	(1.2)%		2.7%	9.7%	9.9%	13.8%	8.5%
Policy loans	9.3%	9.5%		8.1%	9.1%	8.8%	9.5%	8.9%
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and short-term investments	0.6%	1.4%	1.0%	1.3%	1.7%	2.2%	2.1%	1.7%
Gross investment income before expenses and fees	4.8%	4.9%	4.8%	4.9%	5.1%	5.1%	5.0%	5.0%
Expenses and fees	(0.1)%	(0.2)%	(0.1)%	(0.2)%	(0.2)%	(0.1)%	(0.2)%	(0.1)%
Net investment income	4.7%	4.7%	4.7%	4.7%	4.9%	5.0%	4.8%	4.9%

Yields are based on net investment income as reported under U.S. GAAP and are consistent with how the company measures its investment performance for management purposes. Yields are annualized, for interim periods, and are calculated as net investment income as a percentage of average quarterly asset carrying values except for fixed maturity securities, derivatives and derivative counterparty collateral, which exclude unrealized fair value adjustments and securities lending activity, which is included in other invested assets and is calculated net of the corresponding securities lending liability. See page 44 herein for average invested assets and cash used in the yield calculation.

⁽¹⁾ Investment income for other invested assets includes amortization of terminated cash flow hedges, which have no corresponding book value within the yield calculation.

⁽²⁾ Limited partnership investments are primarily equity-based and do not have fixed returns by period.

Net Investment Gains (Losses), Net—Detail (amounts in millions)

		2020				2019		
	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
Net realized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities:								
Fixed maturity securities:								
U.S. corporate	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$ 4	\$ (2)	\$ 11	\$(16)	\$ 30	\$ 23
U.S. government, agencies and government-sponsored enterprises	94	_	94			2	33	35
Foreign corporate	4	_	4	1	1	(1)	(1)	
Foreign government	10	5	15	4	2	2		8
State and political subdivisions	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Mortgage-backed securities	4	_	4	_	1	1	(2)	
Asset-backed securities	(2)	<u> </u>	(2)	_	_	—	(1)	(1)
Foreign exchange	2	6	8	2	1	1	(1)	3
Total net realized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities	_114	13	127	5	16	(11)	58	68
Impairments:								
Bank loans				(1)				(1)
Total impairments				(1)				(1)
Net change in allowance for credit losses on available-for-sale fixed maturity securities	(7)	_	(7)	_	_	_	_	_
Net realized gains (losses) on equity securities sold	_	_	_	_	6	_	3	9
Net unrealized gains (losses) on equity securities still held	9	(19)	(10)	1	(4)	5	12	14
Limited partnerships	37	(40)	(3)	19	6	(11)	15	29
Commercial mortgage loans	1	_	1	(1)	(1)	1	(1)	(2)
Derivative instruments	10	(105)	(95)	(1)	(29)	(30)	(12)	(72)
Other	(5)	(1)	(6)	1	4			5
Net investment gains (losses), gross	159	(152)	7	23	(2)	(46)	75	50
Adjustment for DAC and other intangible amortization and certain benefit reserves	4	11	15	3	3	3	2	11
Adjustment for net investment (gains) losses attributable to noncontrolling interests	(32)	26	(6)	(9)	4		(6)	(11)
Net investment gains (losses), net	\$131	\$(115)	\$ 16	\$ 17	\$ 5	\$ (43)	\$ 71	\$ 50

Reconciliations of Non-GAAP Measures

Reconciliation of Operating ROE (amounts in millions)

Twelve Month Rolling Average ROE	Twelve months ended						
	June 30,	March 31,	December 31,	September 30,	June 30,		
	2020	2020	2019	2019	2019		
U.S. GAAP Basis ROE Net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders for the twelve months ended ⁽¹⁾ Quarterly average Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other	\$ (506)	\$ 103	\$ 343	\$ 31	\$ 159		
comprehensive income ⁽²⁾ U.S. GAAP Basis ROE ^{(1)/(2)}	\$10,618	\$10,695	\$10,650	\$10,646	\$10,609		
	(4.8)%	1.0%	3.2%	0.3%	1.5%		
Operating ROE Adjusted operating income for the twelve months ended ⁽¹⁾	\$ 159	\$ 358	\$ 420	\$ 91	\$ 67		
comprehensive income ⁽²⁾ Operating ROE ^{(1)/(2)}	\$10,618	\$10,695	\$10,650	\$10,646	\$10,609		
	1.5%	3.3%	3.9%	0.9%	0.6%		
Quarterly Average ROE			Three months end	ded			
	June 30,	March 31,	December 31,	September 30,	June 30,		
	2020	2020	2019	2019	2019		
U.S. GAAP Basis ROE Net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders for the period ended ⁽³⁾ Quarterly average Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity for the period, excluding accumulated	\$ (441)	\$ (66)	\$ (17)	\$ 18	\$ 168		
other comprehensive income ⁽⁴⁾	\$10,415	\$10,693	\$10,759	\$10,755	\$10,663		
	(16.9)%	(2.5)%	(0.6)%	0.7%	6.3%		
Operating ROE Adjusted operating income (loss) for the period ended ⁽³⁾	\$ (21)	\$ 33	\$ 24	\$ 123	\$ 178		
other comprehensive income ⁽⁴⁾ Annualized Operating Quarterly Basis ROE ^{(3)/(4)}	\$10,415	\$10,693	\$10,759	\$10,755	\$10,663		
	(0.8)%	1.2%	0.9%	4.6%	6.7%		

Non-GAAP Definition for Operating ROE

The company references the non-GAAP financial measure entitled "operating return on equity" or "operating ROE." The company defines operating ROE as adjusted operating income (loss) divided by average ending Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) in average ending Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity. Management believes that analysis of operating ROE enhances understanding of the efficiency with which the company deploys its capital. However, operating ROE is not a substitute for net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders divided by average ending Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

⁽¹⁾ The twelve months ended information is derived by adding the four quarters of net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders and adjusted operating income (loss) from page 9 herein.

Quarterly average Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income, is derived by averaging ending Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income, for the most recent five quarters.

⁽³⁾ Net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders and adjusted operating income (loss) from page 9 herein.

⁽⁴⁾ Quarterly average Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income, is derived by averaging ending Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income.

Reconciliation of Reported Yield to Core Yield

		2020 2019							
	(Assets—amounts in billions)	_2Q_	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
	Reported—Total Invested Assets and Cash	\$77.9	\$73.2	\$ 77.9	\$74.6	\$73.9	\$72.0	\$69.5	\$ 74.6
	Securities lending	0.1 9.7	0.1 6.0	0.1 9.7	0.1 6.9	0.1 7.5	0.1 5.7	0.1	0.1 6.9
	Adjusted end of period invested assets and cash	\$68.1	\$67.1	\$ 68.1	\$67.6	\$66.3	\$66.2	\$65.7	\$ 67.6
(A)	Average Invested Assets and Cash Used in Reported and Core Yield Calculation	\$67.6	\$67.3	\$ 67.6	\$66.9	\$66.2	\$66.0	\$65.7	\$ 66.3
	(Income—amounts in millions)								
(B)	Reported—Net Investment Income Subtract:	\$ 786	\$ 793	\$1,579	\$ 794	\$ 816	\$ 816	\$ 794	\$3,220
	Bond calls and commercial mortgage loan prepayments	8 2	16 7	24	23 (2)	13	7	6 2	49 15
(C)	Core Net Investment Income	<u>\$ 776</u>	<u>\$ 770</u>	<u>\$1,546</u>	<u>\$ 773</u>	<u>\$ 795</u>	\$ 802	<u>\$ 786</u>	\$3,156
(B) / (A) (C) / (A)	Reported Yield	4.65% 4.59%	4.71% 4.57%				,.,	6 4.83% 6 4.79%	

Note: Yields have been annualized.

Non-GAAP Definition for Core Yield

The company references the non-GAAP financial measure entitled "core yield" as a measure of investment yield. The company defines core yield as the investment yield adjusted for items that do not reflect the underlying performance of the investment portfolio. Management believes that analysis of core yield enhances understanding of the investment yield of the company. However, core yield is not a substitute for investment yield determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

⁽¹⁾ Includes cost basis adjustments on structured securities and various other immaterial items.

Corporate Information

Financial Strength Ratings As Of July 28, 2020

Company		Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC (S&P)	Moody's Investors Service, Inc. (Moody's)	A.M. Best Company, Inc. (A.M. Best)
Genworth Mortgage Insurance Corporation		BB+ (Marginal)	Baa3 (Adequate)	N/A
Genworth Financial Mortgage Insurance Pty Limited (Au	ıstralia) ⁽¹⁾	A (Strong)	N/A	N/A
Genworth Life Insurance Company		N/A	N/A	C++ (Marginal)
Genworth Life and Annuity Insurance Company		N/A	N/A	B (Fair)
Genworth Life Insurance Company of New York		N/A	N/A	C++ (Marginal)

The S&P, Moody's, A.M. Best, HR Ratings and Fitch Rating Service (Fitch) ratings included herewith represent those solicited by the company and are not designed to be, and do not serve as, measures of protection or valuation offered to investors. These financial strength ratings should not be relied on with respect to making an investment in the company's securities.

S&P states that an insurer rated "A" (Strong) has strong financial security characteristics that outweigh any vulnerabilities and is highly likely to have the ability to meet financial commitments. Insurers rated "A" (Strong) or "BB" (Marginal) have strong or marginal financial security characteristics, respectively. The "A" and "BB" ranges are the third- and fifth-highest of nine financial strength rating ranges assigned by S&P, which range from "AAA" to "R." A plus (+) or minus (-) shows relative standing within a rating category. These suffixes are not added to ratings in the "AAA" category or to ratings below the "CCC" category. Accordingly, the "A" and "BB+" ratings are the sixth- and eleventh-highest of S&P's 21 ratings categories.

Moody's states that insurance companies rated "Baa" (Adequate) offer adequate financial security. The "Baa" (Adequate) range is the fourth-highest of nine financial strength rating ranges assigned by Moody's, which range from "Aaa" to "C." Numeric modifiers are used to refer to the ranking within the groups, with 1 being the highest and 3 being the lowest. These modifiers are not added to ratings in the "Aaa" category or to ratings below the "Caa" category. Accordingly, the "Baa3" rating is the tenth-highest of Moody's 21 ratings categories.

A.M. Best states that its "B" (Fair) rating is assigned to companies that have, in its opinion, a fair ability to meet their ongoing insurance obligations while "C++" (Marginal) is assigned to those companies that have, in its opinion, a marginal ability to meet their ongoing insurance obligations. The "B" (Fair) and "C++" (Marginal) ratings are the seventh- and ninth-highest of 15 ratings assigned by A.M. Best, which range from "A++" to "F."

The Australian mortgage insurance subsidiary also solicits a rating from Fitch. Fitch states that "A" (Strong) rated insurance companies are viewed as possessing strong capacity to meet policyholder and contract obligations. The "A" rating category is the third-highest of nine financial strength rating categories, which range from "AAA" to "C." The symbol (+) or (-) may be appended to a rating to indicate the relative position of a credit within a rating category. These suffixes are not added to ratings in the "AAA" category or to ratings below the "B" category. Accordingly, the "A" rating is the sixth-highest of Fitch's 21 ratings categories.

The company also solicits a rating from HR Ratings on a local scale for Genworth Seguros de Credito a la Vivienda S.A. de C.V., its Mexican mortgage insurance subsidiary, with a short-term rating of "HR1" and long-term rating of "HR AA." For short-term ratings, HR Ratings states that "HR1" rated companies are viewed as exhibiting high capacity for timely payment of debt obligations in the short-term and maintain low credit risk. The "HR1" short-term rating category is the highest of six short-term rating categories, which range from "HR1" to "HR D." For long-term ratings, HR Ratings states that "HR AA" rated companies are viewed as having high credit quality and offer high safety for timely payment of debt obligations and maintain low credit risk under adverse economic scenarios. The "HR AA" long-term rating is the second-highest of HR Rating's eight long-term rating categories, which range from "HR AAA" to "HR D."

S&P, Moody's, A.M. Best, Fitch and HR Ratings review their ratings periodically and the company cannot assure you that it will maintain the current ratings in the future. These and other agencies may also rate the company or its insurance subsidiaries on a solicited or an unsolicited basis. The company does not provide information to agencies issuing unsolicited ratings and cannot ensure that any agencies that rate the company or its insurance subsidiaries on an unsolicited basis will continue to do so.

⁽¹⁾ Genworth Financial Mortgage Insurance Pty Limited (Australia) is also rated "A" by Fitch.