Second Quarter Financial Supplement

June 30, 2019



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Note:

Unless otherwise stated, all references in this financial supplement to net income (loss), net income (loss) per share, adjusted operating income (loss), adjusted operating income (loss) per share, book value and book value per share should be read as net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders, net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share, non-U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (U.S. GAAP) adjusted operating income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders, non-GAAP adjusted operating income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share, book value available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders and book value available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share, respectively.

Dear	Investor
Dear	III v CStOI

Thank you for your continued interest in Genworth Financial, Inc.

Regards,

Investor Relations InvestorInfo@genworth.com

Use of Non-GAAP Measures

This financial supplement includes the non-GAAP financial measures entitled "adjusted operating income (loss)" and "adjusted operating income (loss) per share." Adjusted operating income (loss) per share is derived from adjusted operating income (loss). The chief operating decision maker evaluates segment performance and allocates resources on the basis of adjusted operating income (loss). The company defines adjusted operating income (loss) as income (loss) from continuing operations excluding the after-tax effects of income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests, net investment gains (losses), goodwill impairments, gains (losses) on the sale of businesses, gains (losses) on the early extinguishment of debt, gains (losses) on insurance block transactions, restructuring costs and infrequent or unusual non-operating items. Gains (losses) on insurance block transactions are defined as gains (losses) on the early extinguishment of non-recourse funding obligations, early termination fees for other financing restructuring gains (losses) on reinsurance restructuring for certain blocks of business. The company excludes net investment gains (losses) and infrequent or unusual non-operating items because the company does not consider them to be related to the operating performance of the company's segments and Corporate and Other activities. A component of the company's net investment gains (losses) is the result of impairments, the size and timing of which can vary significantly depending on market credit cycles. In addition, the size and timing of other investment gains (losses) can be subject to the company's discretion and are influenced by market opportunities, as well as asset-liability matching considerations. Goodwill impairments, gains (losses) on the sale of businesses, gains (losses) on the early extinguishment of debt, gains (losses) on insurance block transactions and restructuring costs are also excluded from adjusted operating income (loss) if, in the company's opinion, they are not indicative of

While some of these items may be significant components of net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders in accordance with U.S. GAAP, the company believes that adjusted operating income (loss) and measures that are derived from or incorporate adjusted operating income (loss), including adjusted operating income (loss) per share on a basic and diluted basis, are appropriate measures that are useful to investors because they identify the income (loss) attributable to the ongoing operations of the business. Management also uses adjusted operating income (loss) as a basis for determining awards and compensation for senior management and to evaluate performance on a basic comparable to that used by analysts. However, the items excluded from adjusted operating income (loss) have occurred in the past and could, and in some cases will, recur in the future. Adjusted operating income (loss) and adjusted operating income (loss) per share on a basic and diluted basis are not substitutes for net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders or net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share on a basic and diluted basis determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP. In addition, the company's definition of adjusted operating income (loss) may differ from the definitions used by other companies.

In the first quarter of 2019, the company revised how it taxes the adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders to adjusted operating income (loss) to align the tax rate used in the reconciliation to each segment's local jurisdictional tax rate. Beginning in the first quarter of 2019, the company used a tax rate of 27% and 30% for its Canada and Australia Mortgage Insurance segments, respectively, to tax effect their adjustments. Its domestic segments remain at a 21% tax rate. In 2018, the company assumed a flat 21% tax rate on adjustments for all of its segments to reconcile net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders and adjusted operating income (loss). These adjustments are also net of the portion attributable to noncontrolling interests and net investment gains (losses) are adjusted for DAC and other intangible amortization and certain benefit reserves (see page 46).

Prior year amounts have not been re-presented to reflect this revised presentation; however, the previous methodology would not have resulted in a materially different segment-level adjusted operating income (loss).

In the second quarter of 2019, the company recorded a pre-tax loss of \$1 million, net of the portion attributable to noncontrolling interests, related to the early redemption of CAD\$100 million of Genworth MI Canada Inc.'s senior notes originally scheduled to mature in June 2020. The company recorded a pre-tax expense of \$4 million in the first quarter of 2019 and \$2 million in the third quarter of 2018 related to restructuring costs as it continues to evaluate and appropriately size its organizational needs and expenses. There were no infrequent or unusual items excluded from adjusted operating income (loss) during the periods presented other than fees incurred during the fourth quarter of 2018 related to Genworth Holdings, Inc.'s bond consent solicitation of \$6 million for broker, advisor and investment banking fees.

The table on page 9 of this financial supplement provides a reconciliation of net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders to adjusted operating income (loss) for the periods presented and reflects adjusted operating income (loss) as determined in accordance with accounting guidance related to segment reporting. This financial supplement includes other non-GAAP measures management believes enhances the understanding and comparability of performance by highlighting underlying business activity and profitability drivers. These additional non-GAAP measures are on pages 48 and 49 of this financial supplement.

Results of Operations and Selected Operating Performance Measures

The company's chief operating decision maker evaluates segment performance and allocates resources on the basis of adjusted operating income (loss). The table on page 9 of this financial supplement provides a reconciliation of net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders to adjusted operating income (loss) for the periods presented and reflects adjusted operating income (loss) as determined in accordance with accounting guidance related to segment reporting.

The company taxes its international businesses at their local jurisdictional tax rates and its domestic businesses at the U.S. corporate federal income tax rate of 21%. The company's segment tax methodology applies the respective jurisdictional or domestic tax rate to the pre-tax income (loss) of each segment, which is then adjusted in each segment to reflect the tax attributes of items unique to that segment such as foreign withholding taxes and permanent differences between U.S. GAAP and local tax law. The difference between the consolidated provision for income taxes and the sum of the provision for income taxes in each segment is reflected in Corporate and Other activities.

The annually-determined tax rates and adjustments to each segment's provision for income taxes are estimates which are subject to review and could change from year to year.

This financial supplement contains selected operating performance measures including "sales" and "insurance in-force" or "risk in-force" which are commonly used in the insurance industry as measures of operating performance.

Management regularly monitors and reports sales metrics as a measure of volume of new business generated in a period. Sales refer to new insurance written for mortgage insurance. Sales do not include renewal premiums on policies or contracts written during prior periods. The company considers new insurance written to be a measure of the company's operating performance because it represents a measure of new sales of insurance policies during a specified period, rather than a measure of the company's revenues or profitability during that period.

Management regularly monitors and reports insurance in-force and risk in-force. Insurance in-force for the company's mortgage insurance businesses is a measure of the aggregate original loan balance for outstanding insurance policies as of the respective reporting date. Risk in-force for the company's U.S. mortgage insurance businesses is based on the coverage percentage applied to the estimated current outstanding loan balance. For risk in-force in the mortgage insurance businesses in Canada and Australia, the company has computed an "effective" risk in-force amount, which recognizes that the loss on any particular loan will be reduced by the net proceeds received upon sale of the property. Effective risk in-force has been calculated by applying to insurance in-force a factor of 35% that represents the highest expected average per-claim payment for any one underwriting year over the life of the company's mortgage insurance businesses in Canada and Australia. In Australia, the company has certain risk share arrangements where it provides pro-rata coverage of certain loans rather than 100% coverage. As a result, for loans with these risk share arrangements, the applicable pro-rata coverage amount provided is used when applying the factor. The company considers insurance in-force and risk in-force to be measures of its operating performance because they represent measures of the size of its business at a specific date which will generate revenues and profits in a future period, rather than measures of its revenues or profitability during that period.

Management also regularly monitors and reports a loss ratio for the company's businesses. For the mortgage insurance businesses, the loss ratio is the ratio of benefits and other changes in policy reserves to net earned premiums. For the long-term care insurance business, the loss ratio is the ratio of benefits and other changes in reserves less tabular interest on reserves less loss adjustment expenses to net earned premiums. The company considers the loss ratio to be a measure of underwriting performance in these businesses and helps to enhance the understanding of the operating performance of the businesses.

These operating performance measures enable the company to compare its operating performance across periods without regard to revenues or profitability related to policies or contracts sold in prior periods or from investments or other sources.

Financial Highlights (amounts in millions, except per share data)

Balance Sheet Data	June 30, 2019	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	September 30, 2018	June 30, 2018			
Total Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive								
income	\$10,744	\$10,582	\$10,406	\$10,731	\$10,583			
Total accumulated other comprehensive income	3,013	2,492		2,067	2,327			
Total Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity	\$13,757	\$13,074	\$12,450	\$12,798	\$12,910			
Book value per share	\$ 27.32	\$ 25.98	\$ 24.86	\$ 25.56	\$ 25.78			
Book value per share, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income	\$ 21.34	\$ 21.03	\$ 20.78	\$ 21.43	\$ 21.14			
Common shares outstanding as of the balance sheet date	503.5	503.3	500.8	500.8	500.7			
	Twelve months ended							
	June 30,	March 31,	December 31,	September 30,	June 30,			
Twelve Month Rolling Average ROE	2019	2019	2018	2018	2018			
U.S. GAAP Basis ROE	1.5%			7.7%	7.4%			
Operating ROE ⁽¹⁾	1.7%	1.7%	1.7%	7.6%	7.1%			
		,	Three months en	ded				
Quarterly Average ROE	June 30, 2019	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	September 30, 2018	June 30, 2018			
U.S. GAAP Basis ROE	6.3%	6.6%	(12.5)%	5.5%	7.2%			
Operating ROE ⁽¹⁾	7.7%	4.6%	` ′	5.4%	7.6%			
Basic and Diluted Shares	Three months ended S June 30, 2019		Six months ended June 30, 2019					
Weighted-average common shares used in basic earnings per share calculations	503	.4	502.3					
Stock options, restricted stock units and stock appreciation rights	5	.3	6.4					
Weighted-average common shares used in diluted earnings per share calculations	508		508.7					

⁽¹⁾ See page 48 herein for a reconciliation of U.S. GAAP Basis ROE to Operating ROE.

Consolidated Quarterly Results

Consolidated Net Income (Loss) by Quarter (amounts in millions, except per share amounts)

		2019		2018				
		1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
REVENUES:								
Premiums	\$1,126	\$1,114	\$2,240	\$1,121	\$1,122	\$1,136	\$1,140	\$4,519
Net investment income	852	829	1,681	815	815	828	804	3,262
Net investment gains (losses)	(45)	74	29	(114)	13	(14)	(31)	(146)
Policy fees and other income	223	187	410	191	193	209	202	795
Total revenues	2,156	2,204	4,360	2,013	2,143	2,159	2,115	8,430
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:								
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	1,270	1,301	2,571	1,847	1,321	1,205	1,311	5,684
Interest credited	146	147	293	152	151	152	156	611
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	247	251	498	261	243	253	240	997
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	95	91	186	92	83	112	104	391
Interest expense	73	72	145	74	72	77	76	299
Total benefits and expenses	1,831	1,862	3,693	2,426	1,870	1,799	1,887	7,982
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAXES	325	342	667	(413)	273	360	228	448
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	107	112	219	(86)	63	111	63	151
NET INCOME (LOSS)	218	230	448	(327)	210	249	165	297
Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	50	56	106		64	59	53	178
NET INCOME (LOSS) AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S								
COMMON STOCKHOLDERS	\$ 168	\$ 174	\$ 342	\$ (329)	\$ 146	\$ 190	\$ 112	\$ 119
	====							=====
Earnings (Loss) Per Share Data:								
Net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share								
Basic	\$ 0.33	\$ 0.35	\$ 0.68		\$ 0.29	\$ 0.38	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.24
Diluted	\$ 0.33	\$ 0.34	\$ 0.67	\$ (0.66)	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.38	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.24
Weighted-average common shares outstanding	500 A	501.3	502.3	5 00.0	500.5	5 00 <	100 6	500 t
Basic	503.4	501.2	502.3	500.8	500.7	500.6	499.6	500.4
Diluted ⁽¹⁾	508.7	508.6	508.7	500.8	503.3	502.6	502.7	504.2

⁽¹⁾ Under applicable accounting guidance, companies in a loss position are required to use basic weighted-average common shares outstanding in the calculation of diluted loss per share. Therefore, as a result of the net loss for the three months ended December 31, 2018, the company was required to use basic weighted-average common shares outstanding in the calculation of diluted loss per share for the three months ended December 31, 2018, as the inclusion of shares for stock options, restricted stock units and stock appreciation rights of 7.6 million would have been antidilutive to the calculation. If the company had not incurred a net loss for the three months ended December 31, 2018, dilutive potential weighted-average common shares outstanding would have been 508.4 million.

Reconciliation of Net Income (Loss) to Adjusted Operating Income (Loss) (amounts in millions, except per share amounts)

		2019				2018		
	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
NET INCOME (LOSS) Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	\$ 218 50	\$ 230 56	\$ 448 106	\$ (327) 2	\$ 210 64	\$ 249 59	\$ 165 53	\$ 297 178
NET INCOME (LOSS) AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS	168	174	342	(329)	146	190	112	119
ADJUSTMENTS TO NET INCOME (LOSS) AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS:								
Net investment (gains) losses, net ⁽¹⁾ (Gains) losses on early extinguishment of debt, net ⁽²⁾ Expenses related to restructuring Fees associated with bond consent solicitation Taxes on adjustments	43 1 — — (8)	(71) - 4 - 14	(28) 1 4 — 6	42 — 6 (10)	(3) - 2 -	12 — — — (2)	17 — — — (4)	68 2 6 (16)
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 204	\$ 121	\$ 325	\$ (291)	\$ 145	\$ 200	\$ 125	\$ 179
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME (LOSS): U.S. Mortgage Insurance segment Canada Mortgage Insurance segment Australia Mortgage Insurance segment U.S. Life Insurance segment:	\$ 147 41 13	\$ 124 41 14	\$ 271 82 27	\$ 124 48 18	\$ 118 44 17	\$ 137 46 22	\$ 111 49 19	\$ 490 187 76
Long-Term Care Insurance Life Insurance Life Annuities	37 10 19	(20) (2) 17	17 8 36	(314) (108) (3)	(24) (2) 23	22 4 31	(32) (1) 28	(348) (107) 79
Total U.S. Life Insurance segment	66	(5)	61	(425)	(3)	57	(5)	(376)
Runoff segment	9 (72)	20 (73)	29 (145)	(2) (54)	14 (45)	13 (75)	10 (59)	35 (233)
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 204	\$ 121	\$ 325	\$ (291) ====	\$ 145	\$ 200	\$ 125	\$ 179 ====
Earnings (Loss) Per Share Data: Net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share								
Basic Diluted Adjusted operating income (loss) per share	\$ 0.33 \$ 0.33	\$ 0.35 \$ 0.34	\$ 0.68 \$ 0.67	\$ (0.66) \$ (0.66)		\$ 0.38 \$ 0.38	\$ 0.22 \$ 0.22	\$ 0.24 \$ 0.24
Basic	\$ 0.40 \$ 0.40	\$ 0.24 \$ 0.24	\$ 0.65 \$ 0.64	\$ (0.58) \$ (0.58)		\$ 0.40 \$ 0.40	\$ 0.25 \$ 0.25	\$ 0.36 \$ 0.36
Basic	503.4 508.7	501.2 508.6	502.3 508.7	500.8 500.8	500.7 503.3	500.6 502.6	499.6 502.7	500.4 504.2

⁽¹⁾ Net investment (gains) losses were adjusted for the portion attributable to noncontrolling interests and DAC and other intangible amortization and certain benefit reserves (see page 46 for reconciliation).

⁽²⁾ For the three months ended June 30, 2019, (gains) losses on the early extinguishment of debt were adjusted for the portion attributable to noncontrolling interests of \$1 million.

⁽³⁾ Under applicable accounting guidance, companies in a loss position are required to use basic weighted-average common shares outstanding in the calculation of diluted loss per share. Therefore, as a result of the net loss for the three months ended December 31, 2018, the company was required to use basic weighted-average common shares outstanding in the calculation of diluted loss per share for the three months ended December 31, 2018, as the inclusion of shares for stock options, restricted stock units and stock appreciation rights of 7.6 million would have been antidilutive to the calculation. If the company had not incurred a net loss for the three months ended December 31, 2018, dilutive potential weighted-average common shares outstanding would have been 508.4 million.

Consolidated Balance Sheets (amounts in millions)

	June 30, 2019	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	September 30, 2018	June 30, 2018
ASSETS					
Investments:					
Fixed maturity securities available-for-sale, at fair value	\$ 63,774	\$ 61,360	\$ 59,661	\$ 59,404	\$ 60,032
Equity securities, at fair value	644	635	655	783	758
Commercial mortgage loans(1)	7,019	6,988	6,749	6,655	6,570
Policy loans	2,076	1,994	1,861	1,859	1,872
Other invested assets	1,535	1,208	1,188	1,354	1,650
Total investments	75,048	72,185	70,114	70,055	70,882
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	1,938	2,221	2,177	2,505	2,243
Accrued investment income	626	726	675	657	602
Deferred acquisition costs	2,105	2,219	3,263	3,336	3,086
Intangible assets and goodwill	244	265	347	355	354
Reinsurance recoverable	17,211	17,257	17,278	17,351	17,385
Other assets	564	532	474	467	574
Deferred tax asset	383	573	736	650	601
Separate account assets	6,187	6,210	5,859	6,745	6,750
Total assets	\$104,306	\$102,188	\$100,923	\$102,121	<u>\$102,477</u>

Included restricted commercial mortgage loans of \$56 million, \$59 million, \$62 million, \$87 million and \$90 million, respectively, as of June 30, 2019, March 31, 2019, December 31, 2018, September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018 related to a securitization entity.

Consolidated Balance Sheets (amounts in millions)

	June 30, 2019	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	September 30, 2018	June 30, 2018
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY					
Liabilities:					
Future policy benefits	\$ 39,583	\$ 38,369	\$ 37,940	\$ 38,018	\$ 37,913
Policyholder account balances	22,673	22,651	22,968	22,993	23,366
Liability for policy and contract claims	10,677	10,536	10,379	9,844	9,665
Unearned premiums	3,488	3,482	3,546	3,668	3,669
Other liabilities	1,723	1,682	1,682	1,830	1,965
Borrowings related to a securitization entity		_	_	20	28
Non-recourse funding obligations	311	311	311	310	310
Long-term borrowings	4,044	4,035	4,025	4,051	4,047
Deferred tax liability	28	30	24	21	23
Separate account liabilities	6,187	6,210	5,859	6,745	6,750
Total liabilities	88,714	87,306	86,734	87,500	87,736
Equity:					
Common stock	1	1	1	1	1
Additional paid-in capital	11,983	11,989	11,987	11,983	11,981
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss): Net unrealized investment gains (losses):					
Net unrealized gains (losses) on securities not other-than-temporarily impaired	1,294	932	585	598	726
Net unrealized gains (losses) on other-than-temporarily impaired securities	11	11	10	10	10
Net unrealized investment gains (losses)	1,305 1,983	943 1,850	595 1,781	608 1,717	736 1,863
Derivatives qualifying as hedges	(275)	(301)	(332)	(258)	(272)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Total accumulated other comprehensive income	3,013	2,492	2,044	2,067	2,327
Retained earnings	1,460	1,292	1,118	1,447	1,301
Treasury stock, at cost	(2,700)	(2,700)	(2,700)	(2,700)	(2,700)
Total Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity	13,757	13,074	12,450	12,798	12,910
Noncontrolling interests	1,835	1,808	1,739	1,823	1,831
Total equity	15,592	14,882	14,189	14,621	14,741
Total liabilities and equity	\$104,306	\$102,188	\$100,923	\$102,121	\$102,477

Consolidated Balance Sheet by Segment (amounts in millions)

	June 30, 2019							
	U.S. Mortgage Insurance	Canada Mortgage Insurance	Australia Mortgage Insurance	U.S. Life Insurance	Runoff	Corporate and Other(1)	Total	
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$3,846	\$5,060	\$2,303	\$62,499	\$ 2,896	\$ 1,008	\$ 77,612	
Deferred acquisition costs and intangible assets	50	140	65	1,911	173	10	2,349	
Reinsurance recoverable	_		2	16,474	735	_	17,211	
Deferred tax and other assets	81	72	154	118	27	495	947	
Separate account assets					6,187		6,187	
Total assets	\$3,977	\$5,272	\$2,524	\$81,002	\$10,018	\$ 1,513	\$104,306	
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY								
Liabilities:								
Future policy benefits	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$39,581		\$ —	\$ 39,583	
Policyholder account balances	_	_	_	19,434	3,239	_	22,673	
Liability for policy and contract claims	254	91	209	10,102	13	8	10,677	
Unearned premiums	419	1,571	997	497	4	_	3,488	
Non-recourse funding obligations				311		_	311	
Deferred tax and other liabilities	79	183	185	560	52	692	1,751	
Borrowings and capital securities	_	333	140	_		3,571	4,044	
Separate account liabilities					6,187		6,187	
Total liabilities	<u>752</u>	2,178	1,531	70,485	9,497	4,271	88,714	
Equity:								
Allocated equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	3,148	1,947	453	7,419	515	(2,738)	10,744	
Allocated accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	77	(188)	40	3,098	6	(20)	3,013	
Total Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity	3,225	1,759	493	10,517	521	(2,758)	13,757	
Noncontrolling interests		1,335	500				1,835	
Total equity	3,225	3,094	993	10,517	521	(2,758)	15,592	
Total liabilities and equity	\$3,977	\$5,272	\$2,524	\$81,002	\$10,018	\$ 1,513	\$104,306	

⁽¹⁾ Includes inter-segment eliminations and other businesses that are managed outside the operating segments.

Consolidated Balance Sheet by Segment (amounts in millions)

	March 31, 2019							
	U.S. Mortgage Insurance	Canada Mortgage Insurance	Australia Mortgage Insurance	U.S. Life Insurance	Runoff	Corporate and Other(1)	Total	
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$3,652	\$4,935	\$2,300	\$61,882	\$ 2,918	\$ (555)	\$ 75,132	
Deferred acquisition costs and intangible assets	50	137	69	2,029	189	10	2,484	
Reinsurance recoverable	_	_	4	16,513	740	_	17,257	
Deferred tax and other assets	106	74	160	195	25	545	1,105	
Separate account assets					6,210		6,210	
Total assets	\$3,808	\$5,146	\$2,533	\$80,619	\$10,082	<u>\$</u>	\$102,188	
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY								
Liabilities:								
Future policy benefits	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$38,367	\$ 2	\$ —	\$ 38,369	
Policyholder account balances	_	_	_	19,442	3,209	_	22,651	
Liability for policy and contract claims	280	88	204	9,946	10	8	10,536	
Unearned premiums	421	1,518	1,031	508	4		3,482	
Non-recourse funding obligations				311			311	
Deferred tax and other liabilities	104	169	177	618	48	596	1,712	
Borrowings and capital securities		324	141	_		3,570	4,035	
Separate account liabilities					6,210		6,210	
Total liabilities	805	2,099	1,553	69,192	9,483	4,174	87,306	
Equity:								
Allocated equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	2,973	1,960	450	8,726	598	(4,125)	10,582	
Allocated accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	30	(229)	38	2,701	1	(49)	2,492	
Total Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity	3,003	1,731	488	11,427	599	(4,174)	13,074	
Noncontrolling interests		1,316	492				1,808	
Total equity	3,003	3,047	980	11,427	599	(4,174)	14,882	
Total liabilities and equity	\$3,808	\$5,146	\$2,533	\$80,619	\$10,082	<u>\$</u>	\$102,188	

⁽¹⁾ Includes inter-segment eliminations and other businesses that are managed outside the operating segments.

Deferred Acquisition Costs Rollforward (amounts in millions)

	U.S. Mortgage Insurance	Canada Mortgage Insurance	Australia Mortgage Insurance	U.S. Life Insurance	Runoff	Total
Unamortized balance as of March 31, 2019	\$ 28	\$122	\$ 38	\$ 3,320	\$188	\$ 3,696
Costs deferred	3	11	2	2	_	18
Amortization, net of interest accretion	(3)	(10)	(3)	(62)	(4)	(82)
Impact of foreign currency translation		2				2
Unamortized balance as of June 30, 2019	28	125	37	3,260	184	3,634
Effect of accumulated net unrealized investment (gains) losses				(1,510)	(19)	(1,529)
Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$ 28	\$125	\$ 37	\$ 1,750	\$165	\$ 2,105

U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment

Adjusted Operating Income and Sales—U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment (amounts in millions)

	2019 2018							
	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
REVENUES:								
Premiums	\$ 206	\$ 194	\$ 400	\$ 193	\$ 190	\$ 184	\$ 179	\$ 746
Net investment income	28	28	56	26	23	23	21	93
Net investment gains (losses)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Policy fees and other income	1	1	2		1	1		2
Total revenues	235	223	458	219	214	208	200	841
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:								
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	_	16	16	14	20	(14)	16	15,800
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	44	46	90	44	41	45	39	169
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	4	4	8	3	4	3	4	14
Total benefits and expenses	48	66	114	61	65	34	59	219
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	187	157	344	158	149	174	141	622
Provision for income taxes	40	33	73	34	31	37	30	132
NET INCOME	147	124	271	124	118	137	111	490
ADJUSTMENTS TO NET INCOME:								
Net investment (gains) losses	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Taxes on adjustments								
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME	\$ 147	\$ 124	\$ 271	\$ 124	\$ 118	\$ 137	\$ 111	\$ 490
SALES:								
Flow New Insurance Written (NIW)	\$15,800	\$9,600	\$25,400	\$9,300	\$10,300	\$11,400	\$9,000	\$40,000

Flow New Insurance Written Metrics—U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment (amounts in millions)

2019 2018 2Q10 40 30 20 10 % of % of % of % of % of % of Flow Flow Flow Flow Flow Flow **Flow** Flow Flow Flow Flow Flow NIW **Product** \$13,900 \$7,900 82% \$ 9,700 81% 88% \$8,400 87% 85% \$ 8,400 85% \$7,300 Single 1,900 12 1,200 13 1,400 15 1,900 18 1,700 15 1,700 19 100% \$9,300 100% \$10,300 100% \$11,400 100% \$9,000 Total Flow \$15,800 100% \$9,600 100% **FICO Scores** \$ 9,200 57% \$5,200 59% 58% \$5,500 56% \$ 6,000 58% \$ 6,900 60% \$5,300 5,500 35 3,300 3,200 35 3,300 32 3,700 32 3,000 33 35 600 4 400 4 500 5 500 5 400 4 400 5 500 3 400 400 4 500 5 400 300 3 <620 Total Flow \$15,800 100% \$9,600 100% \$9,300 100% \$10,300 100% \$11,400 100% \$9,000 100% Loan-To-Value Ratio \$ 2,900 18% \$1,800 \$2,000 21% \$ 2,000 18% 19% 19% \$ 2,400 21% \$1,600 6,900 44 4,200 44 4,000 43 4.500 44 4,900 43 3,900 43 4,300 27 2,500 2,300 25 2,800 27 2,900 25 2.500 28 26 85.00% and below 1,700 1.100 11 1.000 11 1,000 10 1,200 11 1,000 11 -11 100% 100% \$15,800 100% \$9,600 \$9,300 100% \$10,300 100% \$11,400 100% \$9,000 Origination Purchase \$13,900 95% \$ 9,800 89% 88% \$8,600 90% \$8,800 95% \$10,700 94% \$8,000 5 5 Refinance 1,900 12 1,000 10 500 500 700 6 1,000 11 Total Flow \$15,800 100% \$9,600 100% \$9,300 100% \$10,300 100% \$11,400 100% \$9,000 100%

⁽¹⁾ Includes loans with annual and split payment types.

⁽²⁾ Loans with unknown FICO scores are included in the 660-679 category.

Other Metrics—U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment (dollar amounts in millions)

	2019 2018							
	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
Net Premiums Written	\$ 204	\$ 193	\$ 397	\$ 192	\$ 195	\$ 191	\$ 185	\$ 763
Flow New Risk Written	\$ 3,931	\$ 2,403	\$6,334	\$ 2,300	\$ 2,559	\$ 2,866	\$ 2,247	\$9,972
Primary Insurance In-Force(1) Risk In-Force	\$178,500	\$170,400		\$166,700	\$163,200	\$159,500	\$154,900	
Flow ⁽²⁾	\$ 42,917	\$ 41,020		\$ 40,115	\$ 39,304	\$ 38,433	\$ 37,252	
Bulk ⁽³⁾	167	173		178	188	195	202	
Total Primary	43,084	41,193		40,293	39,492	38,628	37,454	
Pool	62	66		69	72	75	80	
Total Risk In-Force	\$ 43,146	\$ 41,259		\$ 40,362	\$ 39,564	\$ 38,703	\$ 37,534	
Primary Risk In-Force That Is GSE Conforming	93%	93%		94%	94%	94%	94%	
Expense Ratio (Net Earned Premiums)(4)	24%	25%	25%	24%	23%	26%	24%	25%
Expense Ratio (Net Premiums Written) ⁽⁵⁾	24%	26%	25%	25%	23%	25%	23%	24%
Flow Persistency	82%	86%		86%	84%	83%	84%	
Risk To Capital Ratio ⁽⁶⁾	11.8:1	11.9:1		12.2:1	12.3:1	12.6:1	12.5:1	
PMIERs Sufficiency Ratio ⁽⁷⁾	123%	123%		129%	130%	129%	124%	
Average Primary Loan Size (in thousands)	\$ 218	\$ 215		\$ 213	\$ 211	\$ 209	\$ 207	

The expense ratios included above were calculated using whole dollars and may be different than the ratios calculated using the rounded numbers included herein.

⁽¹⁾ Primary insurance in-force represents aggregate loan balances for outstanding insurance policies and is used to determine premiums. Original loan balances are presented for policies with level renewal premiums. Amortized loan balances are presented for policies with annual, amortizing renewal premiums.

⁽²⁾ Flow risk in-force represents current loan balances as provided by servicers, lenders and investors and conforms to the presentation under the Private Mortgage Insurer Eligibility Requirements (PMIERs).

⁽³⁾ As of June 30, 2019, 88% of the bulk risk in-force was related to loans financed by lenders who participated in the mortgage programs sponsored by the Federal Home Loan Banks.

⁽⁴⁾ The ratio of an insurer's general expenses to net earned premiums. In the business, general expenses consist of acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals, and amortization of DAC and intangibles.

⁽⁵⁾ The ratio of an insurer's general expenses to net premiums written. In the business, general expenses consist of acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals, and amortization of DAC and intangibles.

⁽⁶⁾ Certain states limit a private mortgage insurer's risk in-force to 25 times the total of the insurer's policyholders' surplus plus the statutory contingency reserve, commonly known as the "risk to capital" requirement. The current period risk to capital ratio is an estimate due to the timing of the filing of statutory statements and is prepared consistent with the presentation of the statutory financial statements in the combined annual statement of the U.S. mortgage insurance business.

The PMIERs sufficiency ratio is calculated as available assets divided by required assets as defined within PMIERs. The current period PMIERs sufficiency ratio is an estimate due to the timing of the PMIERs filing for the U.S. mortgage insurance business. As of June 30, 2019 and March 31, 2019, the PMIERs sufficiency ratios were in excess of \$650 million and \$600 million, respectively, of available assets above the PMIERs requirements. As of December 31, 2018, September 30, 2018, June 30, 2018 and March 31, 2018, the PMIERs sufficiency ratios were in excess of \$750 million, \$750 million, \$700 million and \$600 million, respectively, of available assets above the prior PMIERs requirements.

Loss Metrics—U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment (amounts in millions)

		2019	2018							
	2Q	1Q Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total			
Paid claims Flow										
Direct Assumed(1) Ceded	\$ 24 —	\$ 30 \$ 54	\$ 34 _	\$ <u>52</u>	\$ 45 	\$ 53 1	\$ 184 1 (1)			
Loss adjustment expenses	2	2 4	_	3	2	2	7			
Total Flow		32 58	34	55 1	47	55 1	191 2			
Total Primary		32 58	34	56	47 1	56	193 1			
Total Paid Claims	\$ 26	\$ 32 \$ 58	\$ 34	\$ 56	\$ 48	\$ 56	\$ 194			
Average Paid Claim (in thousands)	\$ 45.4	\$ 49.0	\$ 41.4	\$ 45.9	\$ 43.1	\$ 47.5				
Average Reserve Per Delinquency (in thousands)										
Flow Bulk loans with established reserve	\$ 16.5 \$ 14.1	\$ 17.4 \$ 13.8	\$ 17.3 \$ 14.6	\$ 18.8 \$ 17.6	\$ 19.6 \$ 18.4	\$ 20.2 \$ 17.6				
Reserves: Flow direct case Bulk direct case Assumed ⁽¹⁾ All other ⁽²⁾	\$ 222 4 1 27	\$ 246 4 1 29	\$ 261 5 2 28	\$ 280 7 2 28	\$ 314 8 2 28	\$ 372 8 2 33				
Total Reserves	\$ 254	\$ 280	\$ 296	\$ 317	\$ 352	\$ 415				
Beginning Reserves Paid claims Increase (decrease) in reserves	\$ 280 (26) —	\$ 296 \$ 296 (32) (58) 16 16	\$ 317 (34) 13	\$ 352 (56) 21	\$ 415 (48) (15)	\$ 455 (57) 17	\$ 455 (195) 36			
Ending Reserves	\$ 254	\$ 280 \$ 254	\$ 296	\$ 317	\$ 352	\$ 415	\$ 296			
Beginning Reinsurance Recoverable ⁽³⁾ Ceded paid claims	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u></u> \$ <u></u> _	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ 1 (1)	\$ 1 (1)			
Ending Reinsurance Recoverable	\$ —	<u>s — s — </u>	\$	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —			
Loss Ratio ⁽⁴⁾		8% 49	== 79	6 ====== 11%	(8)	% ==== <u>9</u> %	5%			

The loss ratio included above was calculated using whole dollars and may be different than the ratio calculated using the rounded numbers included herein.

⁽¹⁾ Assumed is comprised of reinsurance arrangements with state governmental housing finance agencies.

⁽²⁾ Other includes loss adjustment expenses, pool and incurred but not reported reserves.

⁽³⁾ Reinsurance recoverable excludes ceded unearned premium recoveries and amounts for which cash proceeds have not yet been received.

⁽⁴⁾ The ratio of benefits and other changes in policy reserves to net earned premiums. During the second quarter of 2019, the company recorded a favorable reserve adjustment of \$10 million, which reduced the loss ratio by five percentage points for the three months ended June 30, 2019. During the second quarter of 2018, the company recorded a favorable reserve adjustment of \$28 million, which reduced the loss ratio by four percentage points for the twelve months ended December 31, 2018 and 15 percentage points for the three months ended June 30, 2018.

Delinquency Metrics—U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment (dollar amounts in millions)

			20					
	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
Number of Primary Delinquencies								
Flow	15,070	15,764		16,670	16,367	17,505	20,007	
Bulk loans with an established reserve	347	360		403	415	445	494	
Bulk loans with no reserve ⁽¹⁾	65	82		86	92	101	101	
Total Number of Primary Delinquencies	15,482	16,206		17,159	16,874	18,051	20,602	
Beginning Number of Primary Delinquencies	16,206	17,159	17,159	16,874	18.051	20,602	23,188	23,188
New delinquencies	7,705	8,539	16,244	8,719	7,884	7,049	8,409	32,061
Delinquency cures	(7,872)	(8,835)	(16,707)	(7,601)	(7,857)	(8,488)	(9,840)	(33,786)
Paid claims	(557)	(657)	(1,214)	(833)	(1,204)	(1,112)	(1,155)	(4,304)
Ending Number of Primary Delinquencies	15,482	16,206	15,482	17,159	16,874	18,051	20,602	17,159
		_						
Composition of Cures Reported delinquent and cured-intraquarter	1,621	2,342		1.767	1,651	1,514	2,288	
Number of missed payments delinquent prior to cure:	1,021	2,542		1,707	1,031	1,514	2,200	
3 payments or less	4,567	4,862		4,131	3,951	4,568	5,413	
4 - 11 payments	1,434	1,345		1,382	1,943	2,070	1,719	
12 payments or more	250	286		321	312	336	420	
Total	7,872	8,835		7,601	7,857	8,488	9,840	
Primary Delinquencies by Missed Payment Status	7,807	7.873		8,578	7,853	7,539	8,335	
3 payments or less 4 - 11 payments	4,243	4,755		6,578 4.689	4,745	5,657	6,875	
12 payments or more	3,432	3,578		3,892	4,276	4,855	5,392	
	15,482	16,206			16,874	18,051	20,602	
Primary Delinquencies	13,462	10,200		17,159	10,874	18,031	20,002	
			20. 2010					
			30, 2019					
Flow Delinquencies and Percentage Reserved by Payment Status	Delinquencies	Direct Case Reserves ⁽²⁾	Risk In-Force	Reserves as % of Risk In-Force				
				8%				
3 payments or less in default 4 - 11 payments in default	7,629 4,162	\$ 26 75	\$ 341 190	39%				
		121	167	72%				
12 payments or more in default	3,279			12%				
Total	15,070	\$ 222	\$ 698	32%				
			er 31, 2018					
Flow Delinquencies and Percentage Reserved by Payment Status	Delinquencies	Direct Case Reserves ⁽²⁾	Risk In-Force	Reserves as % of Risk In-Force				
3 payments or less in default	8,360	\$ 31	\$ 365	8%				
4 - 11 payments in default	4,591	88	208	42%				
12 payments or more in default	3,719	142	188	76%				
Total	16,670	\$ 261	\$ 761	34%				
10141	10,070	\$ 201	\$ /01	34%				

Reserves were not established on loans where the company was in a secondary loss position due to an existing deductible and the company believes they currently have no risk for claim.
Direct flow case reserves exclude loss adjustment expenses, incurred but not reported and reinsurance reserves.

Portfolio Quality Metrics—U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment

	20	19				
	2Q	1Q	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q
Primary Loans		<u> </u>				
Primary loans in-force	818,358	792,800	783,288	773,290	762,727	749,145
Primary delinquent loans	15,482	16,206	17,159	16,874	18,051	20,602
Primary delinquency rate	1.89%	2.04%	2.19%	2.18%	2.37%	2.75%
Flow loans in-force	806,739	780,733	770,657	759,965	748,497	734,411
Flow delinquent loans	15,070	15,764	16,670	16,367	17,505	20,007
Flow delinquency rate	1.87%	2.02%	2.16%	2.15%	2.34%	2.72%
Bulk loans in-force	11,619	12,067	12,631	13,325	14,230	14,734
Bulk delinquent loans	412	442	489	507	546	595
Bulk delinquency rate	3.55%	3.66%	3.87%	3.80%	3.84%	4.04%
A minus and sub-prime loans in-force	14,180	14,712	15,348	16,087	16,928	17,964
A minus and sub-prime delinquent loans	2,367	2,530	2,727	2,817	3,058	3,557
A minus and sub-prime delinquency rate	16.69%	17.20%	17.77%	17.51%	18.06%	19.80%
Pool Loans						
Pool loans in-force	4,331	4,470	4,535	4,636	4,774	4,961
Pool delinquent loans	177	187	220	215	204	220
Pool delinquency rate	4.09%	4.18%	4.85%		4.27%	4.43%
Primary Risk In-Force by Credit Quality						
Over 735	57%	57%	57%	57%	57%	57%
680-735	32%	32%	32%	32%	32%	32%
660-679 ⁽¹⁾	5%	5%				
620-659	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%
<620	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%

⁽¹⁾ Loans with unknown FICO scores are included in the 660-679 category.

Portfolio Quality Metrics—U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment (amounts in millions)

June 30, 2019

Policy Year	Average Rate ⁽¹⁾	% of Total Reserves ⁽²⁾	Primary Insurance In-Force	% of Total	Primary Risk In-Force	% of Total	Delinquency Rate
2004 and prior	6.10%	8.4%	\$ 1,515	0.9%	\$ 285	0.7%	11.39%
2005 to 2008	5.47%	58.2	17,576	9.8	4,037	9.4	7.79%
2009 to 2012	4.29%	2.2	3,934	2.2	913	2.1	1.80%
2013	4.11%	1.8	4,755	2.7	1,162	2.7	1.44%
2014	4.45%	4.4	8,277	4.6	2,013	4.7	1.80%
2015	4.15%	6.2	16,648	9.3	4,023	9.3	1.27%
2016	3.89%	7.5	30,515	17.1	7,348	17.0	0.93%
2017	4.25%	7.2	33,245	18.6	8,087	18.8	0.90%
2018	4.77%	3.9	36,887	20.7	9,025	20.9	0.49%
2019	4.75%	0.2	25,129	14.1	6,191	14.4	0.07%
Total	4.53%	100.0%	\$178,481	100.0%	\$43,084	100.0%	1.89%

	June	30, 2019	March	31, 2019	June	30, 2018
	Primary Risk In-Force	Primary Delinquency Rate	Primary Risk In-Force	Primary Delinquency Rate	Primary Risk In-Force	Primary Delinquency Rate
Lender concentration (by original applicant)	\$43,084	1.89%	\$ 41,193	2.04%	\$38,628	2.37%
Top 10 lenders	\$12,597	2.11%	\$ 11,617	2.38%	\$11,249	2.83%
Top 20 lenders	\$16,729	2.03%	\$ 15,555	2.27%	\$15,014	2.75%
Loan-to-value ratio						
95.01% and above	\$ 7,837	3.16%	\$ 7,401	3.46%	\$ 6,594	4.22%
90.01% to 95.00%	22,389	1.49%	21,433	1.59%	20,088	1.75%
80.01% to 90.00%	12,699	1.59%	12,195	1.73%	11,762	2.05%
80.00% and below	159	2.43%	164	2.43%	184	2.81%
Total	\$43,084	1.89%	\$ 41,193	2.04%	\$38,628	2.37%
Loan grade						
Prime	\$42,587	1.63%	\$ 40,678	1.76%	\$38,035	2.01%
A minus and sub-prime	497	16.69%	515	17.20%	593	18.06%
Total	\$43,084	1.89%	\$ 41,193	2.04%	\$38,628	2.37%

⁽¹⁾ Average Annual Mortgage Interest Rate.

⁽²⁾ Total reserves were \$254 million as of June 30, 2019.

Canada Mortgage Insurance Segment

Adjusted Operating Income and Sales—Canada Mortgage Insurance Segment (amounts in millions)

		2019		2018						
	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total		
REVENUES: Premiums Net investment income Net investment gains (losses)	\$ 125 35 1	\$ 126 34 (1)	\$ 251 69	\$ 128 36 (136)	\$ 127 34 29	\$ 131 34 (15)	\$ 139 34 (15)	\$ 525 138 (137)		
Total revenues	161	159	320	28	190	150	158	526		
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES: Benefits and other changes in policy reserves Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles Interest expense	19 22 11 5	19 20 10 4	38 42 21 9	23 16 11 5	18 17 11 4	19 20 11 4	18 17 10 5	78 70 43 18		
Total benefits and expenses	57	53	110	55	50	54	50	209		
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAXES Provision (benefit) for income taxes	104 29	106 29	210 58	(27) (7)	140 37	96 24	108 30	317 84		
NET INCOME (LOSS) Less: net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	75 35	77 36	152 71	(20) (6)	103 46	72 32	78 36	233 108		
NET INCOME (LOSS) AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS	40	41	81	(14)	57	40	42	125		
ADJUSTMENTS TO NET INCOME (LOSS) AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS: Net investment (gains) losses, net(1)	1 		1 	78 ————————————————————————————————————	(17) -4 \$ 44	8 —(2) <u>\$ 46</u>	9 —(2) <u>\$ 49</u>	78 -(16) \$ 187		
SALES: New Insurance Written (NIW) Flow Bulk Total Canada NIW ⁽⁴⁾	\$3,900 1,900 \$5,800	\$2,200 700 \$2,900	\$6,100 2,600 \$8,700	\$3,300 900 \$4,200	\$4,200 600 \$4,800	\$3,700 900 \$4,600	\$2,500 900 \$3,400	\$13,700 3,300 \$17,000		
Net investment (gains) losses were adjusted for the portion of net investment gains (losses) attributable to noncontr Net investment (gains) losses, gross Adjustment for net investment gains (losses) attributable to noncontrolling interests	olling interes		s —	w: \$ 136 (58)	\$ (29) 12	\$ 15 (7)	\$ 15 (6)	\$ 137 (59)		
Net investment (gains) losses, net	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 78	\$ (17)	\$ 8	\$ 9	\$ 78		

For the three months ended June 30, 2019, (gains) losses on the early extinguishment of debt were adjusted for the portion attributable to noncontrolling interests of \$1 million.

Adjusted operating income for the Canadian platform adjusted for foreign exchange as compared to the prior year period was \$43 million and \$87 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019,

New insurance written for the Canadian platform adjusted for foreign exchange as compared to the prior year period was \$6,100 million and \$9,100 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively.

Selected Key Performance Measures—Canada Mortgage Insurance Segment (amounts in millions)

	2019			2018											
		2Q		Q	Total		4Q		3Q		2Q		1Q		Total
Net Premiums Written	\$	145	\$	79	\$	224	\$	119	\$	150	\$ 13	33	\$ 9	92	\$494
Loss Ratio ⁽¹⁾		15%		15%		15%		18%		14%	,	15%	1	3%	15%
Expense Ratio (Net Earned Premiums)(2)		26%		24%		25%		21%		22%		23%	2	20%	22%
Expense Ratio (Net Premiums Written)(3)		22%		39%		28%		23%		19%	5 2	23%	3	30%	23%
Primary Insurance In-Force ⁽⁴⁾	\$39	95,700	\$382	,200			\$372.	,000	\$389,	400	\$380,20)0	\$384,60	00	
Flow	\$ 9	94,900	\$ 91	,600			\$ 89.	,000	\$ 92,	800	\$ 89,80)0	\$ 90,50	00	
Bulk		13,600	42	,200			41.	,200	43,	500	43,30)0	44,10	00	
Total	\$13	38,500	\$133	,800			\$130.	,200	\$136,	300	\$133,10	00	\$134,60	00	

	J	une 30, 2019	N	.9		
Risk In-Force by Loan-To-Value Ratio(6)	Primary	Flow	Bulk	Primary	Flow	Bulk
95.01% and above	\$ 47,842	\$ 47,842	\$ —	\$ 45,964	\$ 45,964	\$ —
90.01% to 95.00%	27,898	27,898		26,987	26,987	
80.01% to 90.00%	15,974	15,974		15,532	15,532	
80.00% and below	46,774	3,152	43,622	45,303	3,075	42,228
Total	\$138,488	\$ 94,866	\$43,622	\$133,786	\$ 91,558	\$ 42,228

The loss and expense ratios included above were calculated using whole dollars and may be different than the ratios calculated using the rounded numbers included herein.

⁽¹⁾ The ratio of benefits and other changes in policy reserves to net earned premiums.

⁽²⁾ The ratio of an insurer's general expenses to net earned premiums. In the business, general expenses consist of acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals, and amortization of DAC and intangibles.

⁽³⁾ The ratio of an insurer's general expenses to net premiums written. In the business, general expenses consist of acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals, and amortization of DAC and intangibles.

⁽⁴⁾ As part of an ongoing effort to improve the estimate of outstanding insurance exposure, the company is receiving updated outstanding balances in Canada from almost all of its customers. As a result, the company estimates that the outstanding balance of insured mortgages was approximately \$157.0 billion, \$154.0 billion, \$152.0 billion, \$163.0 billion, \$162.0 billion and \$168.0 billion as of June 30, 2019, March 31, 2019, December 31, 2018, September 30, 2018, June 30, 2018 and March 31, 2018, respectively. This is based on the extrapolation of the amounts reported by lenders to the entire insured population. The current period reported amount is an estimate due to the timing of information received by the company's customers.

⁽⁵⁾ The business currently provides 100% coverage on the majority of the loans the company insures. For the purpose of representing the risk in-force, Canada has computed an "effective risk in-force" amount which recognizes that the loss on any particular loan will be reduced by the net proceeds received upon sale of the property. Effective risk in-force has been calculated by applying to insurance in-force a factor that represents the highest expected average per-claim payment for any one underwriting year over the life of the business. This factor was 35% for all periods presented.

⁽⁶⁾ Loan amount in loan-to-value ratio calculation includes capitalized premiums, where applicable.

Selected Key Performance Measures—Canada Mortgage Insurance Segment (dollar amounts in millions)

Primary Insurance Insured loans in-force(1),(2) Insured delinquent loans Insured delinquency rate(2),(3)	June 30, 2019	March 31, 2019	September 30, 2018	June 30, 2018	
	2,174,084	2,152,048	2,133,618	2,137,221	
	1,701	1,760	1,695	1,742	
	0.08%	0.08%	0.08%	0.08%	
Flow loans in-force ⁽¹⁾ Flow delinquent loans Flow delinquency rate ⁽³⁾	1,523,128	1,507,283	1,499,304	1,486,859	1,470,826
	1,340	1,384	1,310	1,327	1,406
	0.09%	0.09%	0.09%	0.09%	0.10%
Bulk loans in-force ⁽¹⁾ Bulk delinquent loans Bulk delinquency rate ⁽³⁾	650,956	644,765	643,887	646,759	666,395
	361	376	374	368	336
	0.06%	0.06%	0.06%	0.06%	0.05%
Loss Metrics	June 30, 2019	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	September 30, 2018	June 30, 2018
Beginning Reserves Paid claims ⁽⁴⁾ Increase in reserves Impact of changes in foreign exchange rates	\$ 88	\$ 84	\$ 82	\$ 83	\$ 84
	(18)	(19)	(18)	(19)	(20)
	19	21	24	17	21
	2	2	(4)	1	(2)
Ending Reserves	\$ 91	\$ 88	\$ 84	\$ 82	\$ 83
	June 30, 2019		March	31, 2019	June 3

	June	30, 2019	March	31, 2019	June	30, 2018
Province and Territory	% of Primary Risk In-Force	Primary Delinquency Rate	% of Primary Risk In-Force	Primary Delinquency Rate	% of Primary Risk In-Force	Primary Delinquency Rate
Ontario Alberta British Columbia Ouebec Saskatchewan Nova Scotia Manitoba New Brunswick All Other	47% 17 14 13 3 2 2 1 1 100%	0.03% 0.21% 0.04% 0.07% 0.27% 0.13% 0.09% 0.08% 0.20%	47% 17 14 13 3 2 2 1 1 100%	0.03% 0.19% 0.04% 0.09% 0.29% 0.13% 0.11% 0.13% 0.20%	47% 16 14 13 3 2 1 1 2 100%	0.03% 0.17% 0.04% 0.10% 0.28% 0.15% 0.15% 0.20%
By Policy Year	=====	0.08%	=====	0.08%	=====	0.08%
2010 and prior	39% 5 6 6 7 10 13 7 5 2	0.04% 0.14% 0.16% 0.16% 0.17% 0.11% 0.08% 0.09% 0.03% — %	39% 5 6 6 7 11 13 7 5	0.04% 0.15% 0.17% 0.18% 0.17% 0.12% 0.08% 0.08% 0.02% — %	41% 5 6 8 11 13 7 3	0.05% 0.13% 0.18% 0.15% 0.16% 0.11% 0.08% 0.04% — % — %
Total	100%	0.08%	100%	0.08%	100%	0.08%

Insured loans in-force represent the original number of loans insured for which the coverage term has not expired, and for which no policy level cancellation or termination has been received. As part of an ongoing effort to improve the estimate of outstanding insurance exposure, the company is receiving updated outstanding loans in-force in Canada from almost all of its customers. As a result, the company estimates that the outstanding loans in-force were 901,000 as of June 30, 2019, 902,000 as of March 31, 2019, 910,000 as of December 31, 2018, 924,000 as of September 30, 2018 and 935,000 as of June 30, 2018. This is based on the extrapolation of the amounts reported by lenders to the entire insured population. The corresponding insured delinquency rate was 0.19% as of June 30, 2019, 0.20% as of March 31, 2019, 0.18% as of December 31, 2018 and September 30, 2018 and 0.19% as of June 30, 2018. The current period reported amounts are estimates due to the timing of information received by the company's customers.

Delinquency rates are based on insured loans in-force.

Paid claims exclude adjustments for expected recoveries related to loss reserves and prior paid claims.

Selected Key Performance Measures—Canada Mortgage Insurance Segment (Canadian dollar amounts in millions)

		2019		2018							
	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total			
Paid claims Flow Bulk	\$ 22	\$ 26	\$ 48	\$ 18 2	\$ 23	\$ 26	\$ 23	\$ 90 7			
Total Paid Claims	\$ 23	\$ 27	\$ 50	\$ 20	\$ 25	\$ 27	\$ 25	\$ 97			
Average Paid Claim (in thousands)	\$67.0	\$81.2		\$58.1	\$67.4	\$79.4	\$68.5				
Average Reserve Per Delinquency (in thousands)	\$69.9	\$66.4		\$68.0	\$62.6	\$62.5	\$62.7				
Loss Metrics Beginning Reserves Paid claims(1) Increase in reserves	\$ 117 (23) 25 \$ 119	(27) 29	\$115 (50) <u>54</u>	\$ 106 (20) 29	\$ 109 (25) 22	\$ 108 (27) 28	\$ 109 (25) 24	\$109 (97) 103			
Ending Reserves Loan Amount ⁽²⁾ Over \$550K	9%	9%	<u>\$119</u>	\$ 115 9%	\$ 106 9%	\$ 109 9%	\$ 108 8%	<u>\$115</u>			
\$400K to \$550K \$250K to \$400K \$100K to \$250K	15 35 38	15 35 38		15 35 38	15 34 39	15 34 39	15 34 39				
\$100K or Less	$\frac{3}{100\%}$	$\frac{3}{100\%}$		$\frac{3}{100\%}$	$\frac{3}{100\%}$	$\frac{3}{100\%}$	$\frac{4}{100\%}$				
Average Primary Loan Size (in thousands)	\$ 238	\$ 237		\$ 237	\$ 236	\$ 234	\$ 233				

All amounts presented in Canadian dollars.

⁽¹⁾ Paid claims exclude adjustments for expected recoveries related to loss reserves and prior paid claims.

⁽²⁾ The percentages in this table are based on the amount of primary insurance in-force in each loan band as a percentage of total insurance in-force.

Australia Mortgage Insurance Segment

Adjusted Operating Income and Sales—Australia Mortgage Insurance Segment (amounts in millions)

	2019					2018	2018			
	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total		
REVENUES: Premiums Net investment income Net investment gains (losses) Policy fees and other income	\$ 80 15 1	\$ 83 16 12 (1)	\$ 163 31 13 (1)	\$ 82 15 (19)	\$ 87 17 1	\$ 106 18 12	\$ 98 17 (9)	\$ 373 67 (15) 2		
Total revenues	96	110	206	79	105	136	107	427		
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES: Benefits and other changes in policy reserves . Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles Interest expense Total benefits and expenses .	26 17 9 2 ——————————————————————————————————	28 17 9 2 ——————————————————————————————————	54 34 18 4 110	24 16 10 2 52	27 15 10 3 55	29 17 12 2 60	30 17 11 2 60	110 65 43 9 227		
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES Provision for income taxes	42	54 16	96		50 15	76 23	47 14	200		
NET INCOME Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	29 15	38 20	67 35	19 8	35 18	53 27	33 17	140 70		
NET INCOME AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS ADJUSTMENTS TO NET INCOME AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS: Net investment (gains) losses, net ⁽¹⁾ Taxes on adjustments	(1)	18 (6) 2	(7) 2	11 10 (3)		(6) 2	16 4 (1)	70 8 (2)		
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME(2)	\$ 13	\$ 14	\$ 27	\$ 18	\$ 17	\$ 22	\$ 19	\$ 76		
SALES: New Insurance Written (NIW) Flow	\$3,700 1,200	\$3,400 500	\$7,100 1,700	\$4,000 800	\$3,800 —	\$3,700 900	\$3,400 —	\$14,900 1,700		
Total Australia NIW(3),(4)	\$4,900	\$3,900	\$8,800	\$4,800	\$3,800	\$4,600	\$3,400	\$16,600		
Net investment (gains) losses were adjusted for the portion of net investment gains (losses) attributable to noncon	ntrolling intere	ests as reconci	led below:							
Net investment (gains) losses, gross	\$ (1) —	\$ (12) 6	\$ (13) 6	\$ 19 (9)	\$ (1) 1	\$ (12) 6	\$ 9 (5)	\$ 15 (7)		
Net investment (gains) losses, net	\$ (1)	\$ (6)	\$ (7)	\$ 10	<u>\$ —</u>	\$ (6)	\$ 4	\$ 8		

⁽²⁾ Adjusted operating income for the Australian platform adjusted for foreign exchange as compared to the prior year period was \$14 million and \$30 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively.

⁽³⁾ New insurance written for the Australian platform adjusted for foreign exchange as compared to the prior year period was \$5,400 million and \$9,600 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively.

⁽⁴⁾ The business currently has structured insurance transactions with three lenders where it is in a secondary loss position. The new insurance written associated with these arrangements is excluded from these metrics.

Selected Key Performance Measures—Australia Mortgage Insurance Segment (amounts in millions)

	2019				2018									
	2Q	1	Q	Tota	al	40	Q	30)	20	5	1	Q	Total
Net Premiums Written Loss Ratio ⁽¹⁾	\$ 58 34%	\$	52 34%	-	10 34%	\$	70 29%	\$	56 31%	\$	56 28%	\$	60 30%	\$ 242 30%
Expense Ratio (Net Earned Premiums)(2)	33% 44%		31% 50%		32% 47%		32% 38%		29% 46%		27% 50%		29% 47%	29% 45%
Primary Insurance In-Force ⁽⁴⁾	\$215,600	\$219	9,200			\$218	3,200	\$222	,500	\$229	,400	\$24	6,300	
Flow Bulk	\$ 69,100 6,000		0,600 5,700				0,300 5,700	\$ 71 5	,900 ,600	\$ 74 5	,000 ,900		9,600 6,100	
Total	\$ 75,100	\$ 76	5,300			\$ 76	5,000	\$ 77	,500	\$ 79	,900	\$ 8	5,700	

	J	June 30, 2019		March 31, 2019				
Risk In-Force by Loan-To-Value Ratio(4),(6)	Primary	Flow	Bulk	Primary	Flow	Bulk		
95.01% and above	\$ 10,624	\$ 10,624	\$ —	\$ 11,045	\$ 11,045	\$ —		
90.01% to 95.00%	20,938	20,932	6	21,247	21,242	5		
80.01% to 90.00%	22,722	22,656	66	22,845	22,783	62		
80.00% and below	20,809	14,924	5,885	21,170	15,511	5,659		
Total	\$ 75,093	\$ 69,136	\$5,957	\$ 76,307	\$ 70,581	\$ 5,726		

The loss and expense ratios included above were calculated using whole dollars and may be different than the ratios calculated using the rounded numbers included herein.

⁽¹⁾ The ratio of benefits and other changes in policy reserves to net earned premiums.

⁽²⁾ The ratio of an insurer's general expenses to net earned premiums. In the business, general expenses consist of acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals, and amortization of DAC and intangibles.

⁽³⁾ The ratio of an insurer's general expenses to net premiums written. In the business, general expenses consist of acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals, and amortization of DAC and intangibles.

The business currently has structured insurance transactions with three lenders where it is in a secondary loss position. The insurance in-force and risk in-force associated with these arrangements are excluded from these metrics. The risk in-force on these transactions was approximately \$157 million, \$154 million, \$154 million, \$158 million, \$159 million and \$160 million as of June 30, 2019, March 31, 2019, December 31, 2018, September 30, 2018, June 30, 2018 and March 31, 2018, respectively.

The business currently provides 100% coverage on the majority of the loans the company insures. For the purpose of representing the risk in-force, Australia has computed an "effective risk in-force" amount which recognizes that the loss on any particular loan will be reduced by the net proceeds received upon sale of the property. Effective risk in-force has been calculated by applying to insurance in-force a factor that represents the highest expected average per-claim payment for any one underwriting year over the life of the business. This factor was 35% for all periods presented. Australia also has certain risk share arrangements where it provides pro-rata coverage of certain loans rather than 100% coverage. As a result, for loans with these risk share arrangements, the applicable pro-rata coverage amount provided is used when applying the factor.

⁽⁶⁾ Loan amount in loan-to-value ratio calculation includes capitalized premiums, where applicable.

Selected Key Performance Measures—Australia Mortgage Insurance Segment (dollar amounts in millions)

Primary Insurance(1)	June 30, 2019	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	September 30, 2018	June 30, 2018	
Insured loans in-force Insured delinquent loans Insured delinquency rate	1,308,811 7,891 0.60%	1,323,172 7,490 0.57%	1,332,906 7,145 0.54%	1,335,133 7,350 0.55%	1,354,614 7,306 0.54%	
Flow loans in-force Flow delinquent loans Flow delinquency rate	1,200,603 7,642 0.64%	1,217,050 7,265 0.60%	1,226,219 6,931 0.57%	1,229,558 7,133 0.58%	1,247,229 7,076 0.57%	
Bulk loans in-force Bulk delinquent loans Bulk delinquency rate	108,208 249 0.23%	106,122 225 0.21%	106,687 214 0.20%	105,575 217 0.21%	107,385 230 0.21%	
Loss Metrics	June 30, 2019	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	September 30, 2018	June 30, 2018	
Beginning Reserves Paid claims ⁽²⁾ Increase in reserves Impact of changes in foreign exchange rates Ending Reserves	\$ 204 (20) 27 (2) \$ 209	\$ 196 (22) 28 2 \$ 204	\$ 201 (25) 25 (5) \$ 196	\$ 206 (27) 26 (4) \$ 201	\$ 211 (25) 29 (9) \$ 206	
						
		30, 2019		31, 2019		30, 2018
State and Territory(1)	% of Primary Risk In-Force	Primary Delinquency Rate	% of Primary Risk In-Force	Primary Delinquency Rate	% of Primary Risk In-Force	Primary Delinquency Rate
New South Wales Queensland Victoria Western Australia South Australia Australian Capital Territory Tasmania New Zealand Northern Territory Total	27% 23 23 13 6 3 2 2 2 1 100%	0.45% 0.81% 0.45% 1.10% 0.68% 0.25% 0.31% 0.02% 0.83%	28% 23 22 13 6 3 2 2 1 100%	0.41% 0.74% 0.42% 1.05% 0.69% 0.19% 0.28% 0.04% 0.76%	28% 23 23 12 6 3 2 2 1 100%	0.37% 0.73% 0.42% 0.99% 0.67% 0.18% 0.34% 0.06% 0.61%
Queensland Victoria Western Australia South Australia Australian Capital Territory Tasmania New Zealand Northern Territory	23 23 13 6 3 2 2	0.81% 0.45% 1.10% 0.68% 0.25% 0.31% 0.02% 0.83%	23 22 13 6 3 2 2	0.74% 0.42% 1.05% 0.69% 0.19% 0.28% 0.04% 0.76%	23 23 12 6 3 2 2	0.73% 0.42% 0.99% 0.67% 0.18% 0.34% 0.06%
Queensland Victoria Western Australia South Australia Australian Capital Territory Tasmania New Zealand Northern Territory Total	23 23 13 6 3 2 2	0.81% 0.45% 1.10% 0.68% 0.25% 0.31% 0.02% 0.83%	23 22 13 6 3 2 2	0.74% 0.42% 1.05% 0.69% 0.19% 0.28% 0.04% 0.76%	23 23 12 6 3 2 2	0.73% 0.42% 0.99% 0.67% 0.18% 0.34% 0.06%

⁽¹⁾ The business currently has structured insurance transactions with three lenders where it is in a secondary loss position. The loans in-force, including delinquent loans, and risk in-force associated with these arrangements are excluded from these metrics.

⁽²⁾ Paid claims exclude adjustments for expected recoveries related to loss reserves and prior paid claims.

Selected Key Performance Measures—Australia Mortgage Insurance Segment (Australian dollar amounts in millions)

		2019		2018						
	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total		
Paid Claims ⁽¹⁾										
Flow	\$ 28	\$ 30	\$ 58	\$ 34	\$ 38	\$ 33	\$ 44	\$ 149		
Total Paid Claims	\$ 28	\$ 30	\$ 58	\$ 34	\$ 38	\$ 33	\$ 44	<u>\$ 149</u>		
Average Paid Claim (in thousands)	\$94.1	\$94.2		\$104.2	\$117.2	\$110.1	\$119.5			
Average Reserve Per Delinquency (in thousands)	\$37.8	\$38.4		\$ 39.0	\$ 37.9	\$ 38.2	\$ 39.4			
Loss Metrics										
Beginning Reserves	\$ 288	\$ 279	\$279	\$ 278	\$ 279	\$ 274	\$ 280	\$ 280		
Paid claims ⁽¹⁾	(28)	(30)	(58)	(34)	(38)	(33)	(44)	(149)		
Increase in reserves	38	39	77	35	37	38	38	148		
Ending Reserves	\$ 298	\$ 288	\$298	\$ 279	\$ 278	\$ 279	\$ 274	\$ 279		
Loan Amount ^{(2),(3)}										
Over \$550K	19%	18%		18%	18%	17%	17%			
\$400K to \$550K	21	21		21	21	21	20			
\$250K to \$400K	33	34		34	34	34	35			
\$100K to \$250K	22	22		22	22	23	23			
\$100K or Less	5	5		5	5	5	5			
Total				100%						
Average Primary Loan Size (in thousands)(3)	\$ 235	\$ 233		\$ 232	\$ 231	\$ 229	\$ 228			

All amounts presented in Australian dollars.

⁽¹⁾ Paid claims exclude adjustments for expected recoveries related to loss reserves and prior paid claims.

⁽²⁾ The percentages in this table are based on the amount of primary insurance in-force in each loan band as a percentage of total insurance in-force.

The business currently has structured insurance transactions with three lenders where it is in a secondary loss position. The loans in-force associated with these arrangements are excluded from these metrics.

U.S. Life Insurance Segment

Adjusted Operating Income (Loss)—U.S. Life Insurance Segment (amounts in millions)

	2019			2018						
	2Q	2	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	
REVENUES:										
Premiums	\$ 7	13	\$ 709	\$1,422	\$ 716	\$ 717	\$ 712	\$ 722	\$2,867	
Net investment income	7	24	701	1,425	690	696	707	688	2,781	
Net investment gains (losses)	`	36)	84	48	38	(7)	(10)	8	29	
Policy fees and other income	1	87	151	338	154	155	169	163	641	
Total revenues	1,5	88	1,645	3,233	1,598	1,561	1,578	1,581	6,318	
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:										
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	1,2	11	1,236	2,447	1,767	1,248	1,163	1,238	5,416	
Interest credited	1	06	106	212	113	113	116	119	461	
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	1.	42	148	290	153	144	146	141	584	
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles		67	66	133	55	53	78	71	257	
Interest expense		4	5	9	4	4	4	4	16	
Total benefits and expenses	1,5	30	1,561	3,091	2,092	1,562	1,507	1,573	6,734	
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAXES		58	84	142	(494)	(1)	71	8	(416)	
Provision (benefit) for income taxes		19	24	43	(101)	6	21	6	(68)	
NET INCOME (LOSS)		39	60	99	(393)	(7)	50	2	(348)	
ADJUSTMENTS TO NET INCOME (LOSS):										
Net investment (gains) losses, net ⁽¹⁾		35	(86)	(51)	(41)	6	9	(9)	(35)	
Expenses related to restructuring		(1)	4	3	_	_	_	_	_	
Taxes on adjustments		(7)	17	10	9	(2)	(2)	2	7	
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$	66	\$ (5)	\$ 61	\$ (425)	\$ (3)	\$ 57	\$ (5)	\$ (376)	
Net investment (gains) losses were adjusted for DAC and other intangible amortization and certain benefit reserves as a	econcile	ed belo	ow:							
Net investment (gains) losses, gross	\$	36	\$ (84)	\$ (48)	\$ (38)	\$ 7	\$ 10	\$ (8)	\$ (29)	
Adjustment for DAC and other intangible amortization and certain benefit reserves		(1)	(2)	(3)	(3)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(6)	
Net investment (gains) losses, net	\$	35	\$ (86)	\$ (51)	\$ (41)	\$ 6	\$ 9	\$ (9)	\$ (35)	

Adjusted Operating Income (Loss)—U.S. Life Insurance Segment—Long-Term Care Insurance (amounts in millions)

		2018						
	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
REVENUES: Premiums Net investment income Net investment gains (losses) Policy fees and other income	\$ 640 428 (15) 2	\$ 628 406 80	\$1,268 834 65 2	\$ 650 398 46	\$ 648 397 4 (1)	\$ 632 399 3 1	\$ 631 382 6 1	\$2,561 1,576 59 1
Total revenues	1,055	1,114	2,169	1,094	1,048	1,035	1,020	4,197
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES: Benefits and other changes in policy reserves Interest credited Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles Interest expense Total benefits and expenses	896 — 93 26 — 1,015	927 — 101 25 — 1,053	1,823 — 194 51 — 2,068	1,311 — 105 25 — 1,441	944 — 99 24 — 1,067	874 — 101 22 — 997	928 — 93 27 — 1,048	4,057
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAXES Provision (benefit) for income taxes	40 15	61 19	101 34	(347) (69)	(19) 1	38 14	(28)	(356) (55)
NET INCOME (LOSS)	25	42	67	(278)	(20)	24	(27)	(301)
ADJUSTMENTS TO NET INCOME (LOSS): Net investment (gains) losses Expenses related to restructuring Taxes on adjustments ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	15 (1) (2) \$ 37	(80) 2 16 \$ (20)	(65) 1 14 \$ 17	(46) 	(4) — — <u>\$ (24)</u>	(3) — 1 \$ 22	(6) - 1 \$ (32)	(59) — 12 \$ (348)
RATIOS: Loss Ratio ⁽¹⁾	74% 140%	81% 148%	78% 144%					

⁽¹⁾ The loss ratio was calculated by dividing benefits and other changes in policy reserves less tabular interest on reserves less adjustment expenses by net earned premiums.

⁽²⁾ The gross benefits ratio was calculated by dividing benefits and other changes in policy reserves by net earned premiums.

Adjusted Operating Income (Loss)—U.S. Life Insurance Segment—Life Insurance (amounts in millions)

	2019							
	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
REVENUES:								
Premiums	\$ 73	\$ 81	\$154	\$ 66	\$ 69	\$ 80	\$ 91	\$ 306
Net investment income	130	133	263	127	128	125	124	504
Net investment gains (losses)	(3)	10	7	(5)	(4)	(2)	5	(6)
Policy fees and other income	182	148	330	151	152	164	159	626
Total revenues	382	372	754	339	345	367	379	1,430
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:								
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	244	242	486	367	239	225	247	1,078
Interest credited	58	58	116	61	59	60	61	241
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	37	34	71	35	33	33	35	136
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	28	27	55	14	16	42	29	101
Interest expense	4	5	9	4	4	4	4	16
Total benefits and expenses	371	366	737	481	351	364	376	1,572
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAXES	11	6	17	(142)	(6)	3	3	(142)
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	3	1	4	(30)	(1)	1		(30)
NET INCOME (LOSS)	8	5	13	(112)	(5)	2	3	(112)
ADJUSTMENTS TO NET INCOME (LOSS):								
Net investment (gains) losses	3	(10)	(7)	5	4	2	(5)	6
Expenses related to restructuring	_	1	1				_	_
Taxes on adjustments	(1)	2	1	(1)	(1)		1	(1)
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 10	\$ (2)	\$ 8	<u>\$(108)</u>	<u>\$ (2)</u>	\$ 4	<u>\$ (1)</u>	\$ (107)

Adjusted Operating Income (Loss)—U.S. Life Insurance Segment—Fixed Annuities (amounts in millions)

			2018						
	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	
REVENUES: Premiums	<u> </u>	s —	<u> </u>	\$ —	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	s —	<u> </u>	
Net investment income	166	162	328	165	171	183	182	701	
Net investment gains (losses)	(18)	(6)	(24)	(3)	(7)	(11)	(3)	(24)	
Policy fees and other income	3	3	6	3	4	4	3	14	
Total revenues	151	159	310	165	168	176	182	691	
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:									
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	71	67	138	89	65	64	63	281	
Interest credited	48	48	96	52	54	56	58	220	
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	12	13	25	13	12	12	13	50	
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	13	14		16 —	13	14 —	15 —	58 —	
Total benefits and expenses	144	142	286	170	144	146	149	609	
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAXES	7	17	24	(5)	24	30	33	82	
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	1	4	5	(2)	6	6	7	17	
NET INCOME (LOSS)	6	13	19	(3)	18	24	26	65	
ADJUSTMENTS TO NET INCOME (LOSS):						4.0		10	
Net investment (gains) losses, net ⁽¹⁾	17	4	21	_	6	10	2	18	
Expenses related to restructuring	(4)	(1)	(5)	_	(1)	(3)	_	(4)	
Taxes on adjustments	(4)					(3)		(4)	
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 19	\$ 17	\$ 36	\$ (3)	\$ 23	\$ 31	\$ 28	\$ 79	
		J							
(1) Net investment (gains) losses were adjusted for DAC and other intangible amortization and certain benefit reserves a	s reconciled be	elow:							
Net investment (gains) losses, gross	\$ 18	\$ 6	\$ 24	\$ 3	\$ 7	\$ 11	\$ 3	\$ 24	
Adjustment for DAC and other intangible amortization and certain benefit reserves	(1)	(2)	(3)	(3)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(6)	
Net investment (gains) losses, net	\$ 17	\$ 4	\$ 21	\$ —	\$ 6	\$ 10	\$ 2	\$ 18	

Runoff Segment

Adjusted Operating Income (Loss)—Runoff Segment (amounts in millions)

	2019							
	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
REVENUES: Net investment income Net investment gains (losses)	\$ 47 (4)	\$ 47 —	\$ 94 (4)	\$ 45 (15)	\$ 44 (3)	\$ 43 (1)	\$ 42 (14)	\$174 (33)
Policy fees and other income	35	$\frac{35}{35}$	70	<u>37</u>	38	38	<u>40</u>	153
Total revenues		82	160	67		80	68	294
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES: Benefits and other changes in policy reserves Interest credited Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	13 40 13 4	1 41 13 2	14 81 26 6	17 39 14 13	7 38 14 5	7 36 14 8	8 37 15 7	39 150 57 33
Total benefits and expenses	70	57	127	83	64	65	67	279
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAXES Provision (benefit) for income taxes	8	25 5	33	(16) (3)	15 2	15	1	15 2
NET INCOME (LOSS)	7	20	27	(13)	13	12	1	13
ADJUSTMENTS TO NET INCOME (LOSS): Net investment (gains) losses, net ⁽¹⁾ Taxes on adjustments ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)			2 — <u>\$ 29</u>	13 (2) \$ (2)	1 — <u>\$ 14</u>	1 — <u>\$ 13</u>	12 (3) \$ 10	27 (5) \$ 35
Net investment (gains) losses were adjusted for DAC and other intangible amortization and certain benefit reso	erves as rec	conciled be	low:					
Net investment (gains) losses, gross Adjustment for DAC and other intangible amortization and certain benefit reserves	\$ 4	\$ <u> </u>	\$ 4 (2)	\$ 15 (2)	\$ 3 (2)	\$ 1 	\$ 14 (2)	\$ 33 (6)
Net investment (gains) losses, net	\$ 2	\$ —	\$ 2	\$ 13	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 12	\$ 27

Corporate and Other

$\begin{tabular}{ll} {\bf Adjusted~Operating~Loss-Corporate~and~Other} \\ {\bf (amounts~in~millions)} \end{tabular}$

		2019		2018						
	_2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total		
REVENUES:										
Premiums	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$ 4	\$ 2	\$ 1	\$ 3	\$ 2	\$ 8		
Net investment income	3	3	6	3	1	3	2	9		
Net investment gains (losses)	(7)	(21)	(28)	18	(7)	_	(1)	10		
Policy fees and other income		1	1	(1)	(1)	1	(2)	(3)		
Total revenues	_(2)	(15)	(17)	22	(6)	7	1	24		
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:										
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	5		
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	9	7	16	18	12	11	11	52		
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	_		_	_	_	—	1	1		
Interest expense	62	61	123	63	61	67	65	256		
Total benefits and expenses	72	69	141	83	74	79	78	314		
LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	(74)	(84)	(158)	(61)	(80)	(72)	(77)	(290)		
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	5	5	10	(17)	(28)	3	(17)	(59)		
NET LOSS	(79)	(89)	(168)	(44)	(52)	(75)	(60)	(231)		
ADJUSTMENTS TO NET LOSS:										
Net investment (gains) losses	7	21	28	(18)	7	_	1	(10)		
Expenses related to restructuring	1	_	1	_	2	_	_	2		
Fees associated with bond consent solicitation	_	_	_	6	_	_	_	6		
Taxes on adjustments	(1)	(5)	(6)	2	(2)					
ADJUSTED OPERATING LOSS	<u>\$ (72)</u>	<u>\$ (73)</u>	<u>\$(145)</u>	<u>\$ (54)</u>	<u>\$ (45)</u>	<u>\$ (75)</u>	<u>\$ (59)</u>	<u>\$(233)</u>		

⁽¹⁾ Includes inter-segment eliminations and the results of other businesses that are managed outside the operating segments, including certain smaller international mortgage insurance businesses.

Additional Financial Data

Investments Summary (amounts in millions)

	June 30,	2019	March 31, 2019		December 31, 2018		September 30, 2018		June 30,	2018	
	Carrying Amount	% of Total									
Composition of Investment Portfolio		_									
Fixed maturity securities:											
Investment grade:											
Public fixed maturity securities	\$35,114	45%	\$33,634	45%	\$32,630	45%	\$32,496	45%	\$32,813	45%	
Private fixed maturity securities	14,501 2,697	19 4	13,838 2,908	19	13,000 2,998	18 4	12,628 3,178	17	12,362 3,522	17 5	
Residential mortgage-backed securities(1)	2,697	4 4	2,908	4 4	3,007	4	3,178	5 4	3,340	5	
Other asset-backed securities	3,698	5	3,405	5	3,414	5	3,044	4	2,950	4	
State and political subdivisions	2,636	3	2,546	3	2,552	4	2,795	4	2,855	4	
Non-investment grade fixed maturity securities	2,158	3	2,086	3	2,060	3	2,117	3	2,190	3	
Equity securities:											
Common stocks and mutual funds	111	-,	103	— ,	141		171		164		
Preferred stocks	533 6,963	0	532 6,929	1	514 6,687	9	612 6,568	9	594 6,480	9	
Commercial mortgage loans Restricted commercial mortgage loans related to a securitization entity	56	_	59	_	62	_9	6,568 87	9	6,480 90	_	
Policy loans	2,076	3	1,994	3	1,861	3	1.859		1.872	3	
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and short-term investments	2,211	3	2,360	3	2,407	3	2,864	4	2,951	4	
Securities lending	113	_	106	_	103	_	166	_	211	_	
Other invested assets: Limited partnerships	512	1	462	1	409	1	372	1	335	_	
Long-term care (LTC) forward starting swap—cash flow	144	-	59	_	42	_	36	_	49	_	
Other cash flow	5	-	3	_	6	_	2	_	2	_	
Equity index options—non-qualified	65 66	_	60 65	_	39 91	_	80 127	_	70 109	_	
Other non-qualified	357		314	_	268		212		166		
Total invested assets and cash	\$76,986	100%	\$74,406	100%	\$72,291	100%	\$72,560	100%	\$73,125	100%	
Public Fixed Maturity Securities—Credit Quality:		=		=		=		=		=	
NRSRO(3) Designation											
AAA	\$10,856	24%	\$10,778	25%	\$10,799	26%	\$11.642	28%	\$12,269	29%	
AA	4,202	10	4,084	10	4,117	10	4,358	10	4,428	10	
A	12,555	29	12,301	29	12,005	29	11,984	28	12,174	28	
BBB	15,171	34	14,240	33	13,669	32	12,994	31	12,929	30	
ВВ	1,128	3	1,081	3	1,149	3	1,156	3	1,221	3	
B	76 25	_	76 25	_	93 25	_	130 27	_	123 31	_	
CCC and lower				_				_		_	
Total public fixed maturity securities	\$44,013	100%	\$42,585	100%	\$41,857	100%	\$42,291	100%	\$43,175	100%	
Private Fixed Maturity Securities—Credit Quality:											
NRSRO(3) Designation											
AAA	\$ 2,726	14%	\$ 2,545	14%	\$ 2,540	14%	\$ 2,109	12%	\$ 2,045	12%	
AA	2,507	13	2,364	13	2,198	13	2,224	13	2,156	13	
A	5,496	28 41	5,228	28 41	4,866	27 42	4,695	27 43	4,750 7.091	28 42	
BBB	8,103 869	41	7,734 843	41	7,407 737	42 4	7,281 724	43	7,091	42 4	
В	58	_	59	_	54	_	78	1	80	1	
CCC and lower	2	_	2	_	2	_	2		2		
		_	¢10.775	1000	¢17.004	100%	617 112	100%	¢16.057	1000	
Total private fixed maturity securities	\$19,761	100%	\$18,775	100%	\$17,804	==	\$17,113	100%	\$16,857	100%	

The company does not have any material exposure to residential mortgage-backed securities collateralized debt obligations (CDOs).

Certain derivative balances have been reclassified as of June 30, 2018 to conform to the current period presentation.

Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organizations.

Fixed Maturity Securities Summary (amounts in millions)

	June 30, 2	019	March 31,	2019	December 31	, 2018	September	30, 2018	June 30, 2	2018
	Fair Value	% of Total	Fair Value	% of Total	Fair Value	% of Total	Fair Value	% of Total	Fair Value	% of Total
Fixed Maturity Securities—Security Sector:										
U.S. government, agencies and government-sponsored enterprises State and political subdivisions Foreign government U.S. corporate Foreign corporate Residential mortgage-backed securities Commercial mortgage-backed securities Other asset-backed securities Total fixed maturity securities	\$ 4,987 2,636 2,649 31,401 12,647 2,738 2,989 3,727 \$63,774	8% 4 4 49 20 4 5 6 100%	\$ 4,731 2,546 2,518 29,941 12,286 2,950 2,962 3,426 \$61,360	8% 4 4 49 20 5 5 5 5 7	\$ 4,631 2,552 2,393 28,762 11,837 3,044 3,016 3,426 \$\overline{5}\$9,661	8% 4 4 48 20 5 5 6 100%	2,795 2,289 27,538 12,173 3,222 3,156 3,050 \$59,404	9% 5 4 46 20 6 5 5 7	\$ 5,353 2,855 2,380 27,569 12,002 3,567 3,349 2,957 \$60,032	9% 5 4 46 20 6 5 5 100%
Corporate Bond Holdings—Industry Sector:		=		=		=		=		=
Investment Grade:										
Finance and insurance Utilities Energy Consumer—non-cyclical Consumer—cyclical Capital goods Industrial Technology and communications Transportation Other Subtotal	\$10,009 5,944 3,898 6,107 2,055 3,158 2,142 3,964 2,244 2,571 42,092	23% 13 9 14 5 7 5 9 5 6 96	\$ 9,605 5,718 3,757 5,798 1,950 3,005 2,029 3,720 2,164 2,602 40,348	22% 14 9 14 5 7 5 9 6 96	\$ 9,062 5,665 3,449 5,595 1,900 2,876 1,957 3,582 2,017 2,625 38,728	22% 14 8 14 5 7 5 9 5 6 95	\$ 8,712 5,674 3,358 5,232 1,887 2,788 1,899 3,424 1,945 2,879 37,798	22% 14 8 13 5 7 5 9 5 7	\$ 8,616 5,785 3,310 5,042 1,875 2,815 2,028 3,346 1,973 2,836 37,626	22% 15 8 13 5 7 5 8 5 7
Non-Investment Grade: Finance and insurance Utilities Energy Consumer—non-cyclical Consumer—cyclical Capital goods Industrial Technology and communications Transportation Other	216 100 331 155 243 157 211 465 8 70	1 -1 -1 -1 	200 94 308 168 237 146 193 452 13		183 51 339 192 217 130 226 438 23 72		177 57 357 193 220 154 219 448 13 75		196 56 359 201 220 157 232 442 6 76	
Subtotal	1,956 \$44,048	$\frac{4}{100}$ %	1,879 \$42,227	$\frac{4}{100}$ %	1,871 \$40,599	$\frac{-5}{100\%}$	1,913 \$39,711	$\frac{-5}{100\%}$	1,945 \$39,571	$\frac{5}{100\%}$
Fixed Maturity Securities—Contractual Maturity Dates:	Ψ11,010	=	Ψ12,227	= 100 %	====	=	====	=	====	=
Due in one year or less Due after one year through five years Due after five years through ten years Due after ten years Subtotal Mortgage and asset-backed securities Total fixed maturity securities	\$ 1,973 11,602 13,197 27,548 54,320 9,454 \$63,774	$ \begin{array}{r} 3\% \\ 18 \\ 21 \\ 43 \\ \hline \hline 85 \\ 15 \\ \hline \hline 100\% $	\$ 2,021 11,105 12,770 26,126 52,022 9,338 \$61,360	$ \begin{array}{r} 3\% \\ 18 \\ 21 \\ 43 \\ \hline 85 \\ \hline 15 \\ \hline 100\% \end{array} $	\$ 1,874 10,952 12,463 24,886 50,175 9,486 \$59,661	3% 18 21 42 84 16 100%	10,987 12,531 24,739 49,976 9,428	$ \begin{array}{r} 3\% \\ 18 \\ 21 \\ 42 \\ \hline 84 \\ 16 \\ \hline 100\% \end{array} $	\$ 1,701 11,149 12,601 24,708 50,159 9,873 \$60,032	$ \begin{array}{r} 3\% \\ 19 \\ 21 \\ 41 \\ \hline 84 \\ 16 \\ \hline 100\% \end{array} $
			======		,	=		=		

General Account U.S. GAAP Net Investment Income Yields (amounts in millions)

	2019				2018							
	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total				
U.S. GAAP Net Investment Income												
Fixed maturity securities—taxable	\$ 665	\$ 643	\$1,308	\$ 648	\$ 643	\$ 651	\$ 635	\$2,577				
Fixed maturity securities—non-taxable	2	2	4	2	3	3	3	11				
Commercial mortgage loans	84	81	165	80	81	77	82	320				
Restricted commercial mortgage loans related to a securitization entity	1	1	2	2	1	2	2	7				
Equity securities	10	9	19	9	11	10	10	40				
Other invested assets	47	44	91	49	41	42	37	169				
Limited partnerships	12	15	27	(4)	3	11	2	12				
Policy loans	45	46	91	44	41	41	43	169				
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and short-term investments	11	12	23	12	13	14	12	51				
Gross investment income before expenses and fees	877	853	1,730	842	837	851	826	3,356				
Expenses and fees	(25)	(24)	(49)	(27)	(22)	(23)	(22)	(94)				
Net investment income	\$ 852	\$ 829	\$1,681	\$ 815	\$ 815	\$ 828	\$ 804	\$3,262				
Annualized Yields												
Fixed maturity securities—taxable	4.6%	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%	4.4%	4.5%				
Fixed maturity securities—non-taxable	6.1%	6.1%	6.1%	3.7%	3.9%	3.8%	3.7%	4.0%				
Commercial mortgage loans	4.8%	4.8%	4.8%	4.8%	5.0%	4.8%	5.2%	4.9%				
Restricted commercial mortgage loans related to a securitization entity	7.0%	6.7%	6.8%	10.8%	4.5%	8.4%	7.8%	7.9%				
Equity securities	6.3%	5.6%			5.7%	5.1%	5.1%	5.3%				
Other invested assets ⁽¹⁾	56.1%	65.7%		//.0/0	107.70		129.8%					
Limited partnerships ⁽²⁾	9.9%	13.8%		(,) .			2.9%	3.6%				
Policy loans	8.8%	9.5%					9.6%	9.2%				
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and short-term investments	1.9%	2.0%	2.0%	1.8%	1.8%	1.7%	1.3%	1.6%				
Gross investment income before expenses and fees	5.0%	4.8%	4.9%	4.8%	4.8%	4.8%	4.8%	4.8%				
Expenses and fees	(0.2)%	(0.1)%	6 (0.1)%	6 (0.2)%	(0.2)%	(0.1)%	(0.2)%	(0.2)%				
Net investment income	4.8%	4.7%	4.8%	4.6%	4.6%	4.7%	4.6%	4.6%				

Yields are based on net investment income as reported under U.S. GAAP and are consistent with how the company measures its investment performance for management purposes. Yields are annualized, for interim periods, and are calculated as net investment income as a percentage of average quarterly asset carrying values except for fixed maturity securities, derivatives and derivative counterparty collateral, which exclude unrealized fair value adjustments and securities lending activity, which is included in other invested assets and is calculated net of the corresponding securities lending liability. See page 49 herein for average invested assets and cash used in the yield calculation.

⁽¹⁾ Investment income for other invested assets includes amortization of terminated cash flow hedges, which have no corresponding book value within the yield calculation.

⁽²⁾ Limited partnership investments are primarily equity-based and do not have fixed returns by period.

Net Investment Gains (Losses), Net—Detail (amounts in millions)

	2019							
	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
Net realized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities:								
Fixed maturity securities:								
U.S. corporate	\$(15)	\$ 30	\$ 15	\$ 10	\$ (6)	\$ (7)	\$ (3)	\$ (6)
U.S. government, agencies and government-sponsored enterprises	2	33	35	54	1			55
Foreign corporate	(1)	(1)	(2)	(6)	_	(2)	(3)	(11)
Foreign government	11	1	12	(4)	(2)	_	_	(6)
State and political subdivisions	_	_	_	(1)	_	_	_	(1)
Mortgage-backed securities	1	(2)	(1)	(5)	(2)	2	(2)	(7)
Asset-backed securities	_	(1)	(1)	_	—	(1)	—	(1)
Foreign exchange	1	(1)		2	1		(1)	2
Total net realized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities	(1)	59	58	50	(8)	(8)	<u>(9)</u>	25
Net realized gains (losses) on equity securities sold	_	3	3	1		8	2	11
Net unrealized gains (losses) on equity securities still held	(12)	8	(4)	(83)	—	3	(18)	(98)
Limited partnerships	(11)	15	4	3	3	(2)	7	11
Commercial mortgage loans	1	(1)	_	_	—	_	—	
Derivative instruments	(22)	(10)	(32)	(85)	18	(15)	(13)	(95)
Net investment gains (losses), gross	(45)	74	29	(114)	13	(14)	(31)	(146)
Adjustment for DAC and other intangible amortization and certain benefit reserves	3	2	5	5	3	1	3	12
Adjustment for net investment (gains) losses attributable to noncontrolling interests	(1)	(5)	(6)	67	(13)	1	11	66
Net investment gains (losses), net	\$ (43)	\$ 71	\$ 28	\$ (42)	\$ 3	<u>\$ (12)</u>	<u>\$(17)</u>	\$ (68)

Reconciliations of Non-GAAP Measures

Reconciliation of Operating ROE (amounts in millions)

Twelve Month Rolling Average ROE	Twelve months ended							
	June 30, 2019	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	September 30, 2018	June 30, 2018			
U.S. GAAP Basis ROE Net income available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders for the twelve months ended ⁽¹⁾ Quarterly average Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other	\$ 159	\$ 181	\$ 119	\$ 801	\$ 762			
comprehensive income ⁽²⁾ U.S. GAAP Basis ROE ^{(1)/(2)}	\$10,609 1.5%	\$10,539 1.7%	\$10,500 1.1%	\$10,426 7.7%	\$10,264 7.4%			
Operating ROE Adjusted operating income for the twelve months ended ⁽¹⁾	\$ 179	\$ 175	\$ 179	\$ 796	\$ 727			
comprehensive income ⁽²⁾ Operating ROE ^{(1)/(2)}		\$10,539 1.7%	\$10,500 1.7%	\$10,426 7.6%	\$10,264 7.1%			
Quarterly Average ROE		Three months ended						
	June 30, 2019	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	September 30, 2018	June 30, 2018			
U.S. GAAP Basis ROE Net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders for the period ended ⁽³⁾ Quarterly average Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity for the period, excluding accumulated	\$ 168	\$ 174	\$ (329)	\$ 146	\$ 190			
other comprehensive income ⁽⁴⁾	\$10,663 6.3%	\$10,494 6.6%	\$10,569 (12.5)%	\$10,657 5.5%	\$10,487 7.2%			
Operating ROE Adjusted operating income (loss) for the period ended ⁽³⁾	\$ 204	\$ 121	\$ (291)	\$ 145	\$ 200			
other comprehensive income ⁽⁴⁾ Annualized Operating Quarterly Basis ROE ^{(3)/(4)}	\$10,663 7.7%	\$10,494 4.6%	\$10,569 (11.0)%	\$10,657 5.4%	\$10,487 7.6%			

Non-GAAP Definition for Operating ROE

The company references the non-GAAP financial measure entitled "operating return on equity" or "operating ROE." The company defines operating ROE as adjusted operating income (loss) divided by average ending Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) in average ending Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity. Management believes that analysis of operating ROE enhances understanding of the efficiency with which the company deploys its capital. However, operating ROE is not a substitute for net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders divided by average ending Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

⁽¹⁾ The twelve months ended information is derived by adding the four quarters of net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders and adjusted operating income (loss) from page 9 herein.

⁽²⁾ Quarterly average Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income, is derived by averaging ending Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income, for the most recent five quarters.

⁽³⁾ Net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders and adjusted operating income (loss) from page 9 herein.

⁽⁴⁾ Quarterly average Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income, is derived by averaging ending Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income.

Reconciliation of Core Yield

		2019			2018				
	(Assets—amounts in billions)	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
	Reported—Total Invested Assets and Cash	\$77.0	\$74.4	\$ 77.0	\$72.3	\$72.6	\$73.1	\$74.6	\$ 72.3
	Securities lending	0.1 5.9	0.1 3.8	0.1 5.9	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2 3.7	0.1
	Adjusted end of period invested assets and cash	\$71.0	\$70.5	\$ 71.0	\$70.3	\$70.2	\$70.2	\$70.7	\$ 70.3
(A)	Average Invested Assets and Cash Used in Reported Yield Calculation	\$70.8	\$70.4	\$ 70.6	\$70.2	\$70.2	\$70.4	\$70.7	\$ 70.4
	Restricted commercial mortgage loans related to a securitization entity(1)		0.1					0.1	
(B)	Average Invested Assets and Cash Used in Core Yield Calculation	\$70.8	\$70.3	\$ 70.6	\$70.2	\$70.2	\$70.4	\$70.6	\$ 70.4
	(Income—amounts in millions)								
(C)	Reported—Net Investment Income Subtract:	\$ 852	\$ 829	\$1,681	\$ 815	\$ 815	\$ 828	\$ 804	\$3,262
	Bond calls and commercial mortgage loan prepayments	7	6	13	8	8	9	11	36
	Other non-core items ⁽²⁾	7	2	9	2	1	2	(2)	3
	Restricted commercial mortgage loans related to a securitization entity ⁽¹⁾				1	1		1	3
(D)	Core Net Investment Income	\$ 838	\$ 821	<u>\$1,659</u>	\$ 804	\$ 805 ====	<u>\$ 817</u>	\$ 794 	\$3,220
(C) / (A) (D) / (B)	Reported Yield	4.82% 4.74%	4.71% 4.67%			1.01/	1.707		

Note: Yields have been annualized.

Non-GAAP Definition for Core Yield

The company references the non-GAAP financial measure entitled "core yield" as a measure of investment yield. The company defines core yield as the investment yield adjusted for items that do not reflect the underlying performance of the investment portfolio. Management believes that analysis of core yield enhances understanding of the investment yield of the company. However, core yield is not a substitute for investment yield determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

⁽¹⁾ Represents the incremental assets and investment income related to restricted commercial mortgage loans.

⁽²⁾ Includes cost basis adjustments on structured securities and various other immaterial items.

Corporate Information

Financial Strength Ratings As Of July 29, 2019

Company	Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC (S&P)	Moody's Investors Service, Inc. (Moody's)	A.M. Best Company, Inc. (A.M. Best)
Genworth Mortgage Insurance Corporation	BB+ (Marginal)	Baa3 (Adequate)	N/A
Genworth Financial Mortgage Insurance Company Canada ⁽¹⁾	A+ (Strong)	N/A	N/A
Genworth Financial Mortgage Insurance Pty Limited (Australia) ⁽²⁾	A (Strong)	N/A	N/A
Genworth Life Insurance Company	B- (Weak)	B3 (Poor)	B- (Fair)
Genworth Life and Annuity Insurance Company		B1 (Poor)	B+ (Good)
Genworth Life Insurance Company of New York	B- (Weak)	B3 (Poor)	B- (Fair)

The S&P, Moody's, A.M. Best, Dominion Bond Rating Service (DBRS) and Fitch Rating Service (Fitch) ratings included are not designed to be, and do not serve as, measures of protection or valuation offered to investors. These financial strength ratings should not be relied on with respect to making an investment in the company's securities.

S&P states that an insurer rated "A" (Strong) has strong financial security characteristics that outweigh any vulnerabilities and is highly likely to have the ability to meet financial commitments. Insurers rated "A" (Strong), "BB" (Marginal) or "B" (Weak) have strong, marginal or weak financial security characteristics, respectively. The "A," "BB" and "B" ranges are the third-, fifth- and sixth-highest of nine financial strength rating ranges assigned by S&P, which range from "AAA" to "R." A plus (+) or minus (-) shows relative standing within a rating category. These suffixes are not added to ratings in the "AAA" category or to ratings below the "CCC" category. Accordingly, the "A+," "A," "BB+" and "B-" ratings are the fifth-, sixth-, eleventh- and sixteenth-highest of S&P's 21 ratings categories.

Moody's states that insurance companies rated "Baa" (Adequate) offer adequate financial security and those rated "B" (Poor) offer questionable financial security. The "Baa" (Adequate) and "B" (Poor) ranges are the fourth- and sixth-highest, respectively, of nine financial strength rating ranges assigned by Moody's, which range from "Aaa" to "C." Numeric modifiers are used to refer to the ranking within the groups, with 1 being the highest and 3 being the lowest. These modifiers are not added to ratings in the "Aaa" category or to ratings below the "Caa" category. Accordingly, the "Baa3," "B1" and "B3" ratings are the tenth-, fourteenth- and sixteenth-highest, respectively, of Moody's 21 ratings categories.

A.M. Best states that its "B+" (Good) rating is assigned to companies that have, in its opinion, a good ability to meet their ongoing insurance obligations while "B-" (Fair) is assigned to those companies that have, in its opinion, a fair ability to meet their ongoing insurance obligations. The "B+" (Good) and "B-" (Fair) ratings are the sixth- and eighth-highest of 15 ratings assigned by A.M. Best, which range from "A++" to "F."

DBRS states that long-term obligations rated "AA" are of superior credit quality. Given the restrictive definition DBRS has for the "AAA" category, entities rated "AA" are also considered to be strong credits, typically exemplifying above-average strength in key areas of consideration and unlikely to be significantly affected by reasonably foreseeable events.

The Australian mortgage insurance subsidiary also solicits a rating from Fitch. Fitch states that "A" (Strong) rated insurance companies are viewed as possessing strong capacity to meet policyholder and contract obligations. The "A" rating category is the third-highest of nine financial strength rating categories, which range from "AAA" to "C." The symbol (+) or (-) may be appended to a rating to indicate the relative position of a credit within a rating category. These suffixes are not added to ratings in the "AAA" category or to ratings below the "B" category. Accordingly, the "A+" rating is the fifth-highest of Fitch's 21 ratings categories.

The company also solicits a rating from HR Ratings on a local scale for Genworth Seguros de Credito a la Vivienda S.A. de C.V., its Mexican mortgage insurance subsidiary, with a short-term rating of "HR1" and long-term rating of "HR AA." For short-term ratings, HR Ratings states that "HR1" rated companies are viewed as exhibiting high capacity for timely payment of debt obligations in the short-term and maintain low credit risk. The "HR1" short-term rating category is the highest of six short-term rating categories, which range from "HR1" to "HR D." For long-term ratings, HR Ratings states that "HR AA" rated companies are viewed as having high credit quality and offer high safety for timely payment of debt obligations and maintain low credit risk under adverse economic scenarios. The "HR AA" long-term rating is the second-highest of HR Rating's eight long-term rating categories, which range from "HR AAA" to "HR D."

S&P, Moody's, A.M. Best, DBRS, Fitch and HR Ratings review their ratings periodically and the company cannot assure you that it will maintain the current ratings in the future. These and other agencies may also rate the company or its insurance subsidiaries on a solicited or an unsolicited basis.

⁽¹⁾ Genworth Financial Mortgage Insurance Company Canada is also rated "AA" by DBRS.

⁽²⁾ Genworth Financial Mortgage Insurance Pty Limited (Australia) is also rated "A+" by Fitch.