SHAPE WHAT MATTERS FOR TOMORROW[™]

HILLENBRAND

Investor Presentation

February 2024



Disclosure Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

Throughout this investor presentation, we make a number of "forward-looking statements," including statements that are within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, and that are intended to be covered by the safe harbor provided under these sections. As the words imply, these are statements about future sales, earnings, cash flow, results of operations, uses of cash, financings, share repurchases, ability to meet deleveraging goals, and other measures of financial performance or potential future plans or events, strategies, objectives, beliefs, prospects, assumptions, expectations, and projected costs or savings or transactions of the Company that might or might not happen in the future, as contrasted with historical information. Forward-looking statements are based on assumptions that we believe are reasonable, but by their very nature are subject to a wide range of risks. If our assumptions prove inaccurate or unknown risks and uncertainties materialize, actual results could vary materially from Hillenbrand's expectations and projections.

Words that could indicate that we are making forward-looking statements include the following:

| intend | believe | plan | expect | may | goal | would | project | position |
|--------|-----------|----------|---------|----------|-----------|--------|------------|----------|
| become | pursue | estimate | will | forecast | continue | could | anticipate | remain |
| target | encourage | promise | improve | progress | potential | should | impact | |

This is not an exhaustive list, but is intended to give you an idea of how we try to identify forward-looking statements. The absence of any of these words, however, does not mean that the statement is not forward-looking.

Here is the key point: Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance or events, and actual results or events could differ materially from those set forth in any forward-looking statements. Any number of factors, many of which are beyond our control, could cause our performance to differ significantly from what is described in the forward-looking statements. These factors include, but are not limited to: global market and economic conditions, including those related to the financial markets: the risk of business disruptions associated with information technology, cyber-attacks, or catastrophic losses affecting infrastructure; the impact of disease outbreaks, such as the COVID-19 pandemic, or other health crises; increasing competition for highly skilled and talented workers, as well as labor shortages; uncertainty related to environmental regulation and industry standards, as well as physical risks of climate change; increased costs, poor quality, or unavailability of raw materials or certain outsourced services and supply chain disruptions; uncertainty in United States global trade policy; our level of international sales and operations; the impact of incurring significant amounts of indebtedness and any inability of the Company to respond to changes in its business or make future desirable acquisitions; the ability of the Company to comply with financial or other covenants in debt agreements; negative effects of acquisitions, including the Schenck Process Food and Performance Materials ("FPM") business and Linxis Group SAS ("Linxis") acquisitions, on the Company's business, financial condition, results of operations and financial performance (including the ability of the Company to maintain relationships with its customers, suppliers, and others with whom it does business); the possibility that the anticipated benefits from acquisitions including the FPM and Linxis acquisitions cannot be realized by the Company in full or at all. or may take longer to realize than expected; risks that the integrations of FPM or Linxis or other acquired businesses disrupt current operations or pose potential difficulties in employee retention or otherwise affect financial or operating results; competition in the industries in which we operate, including on price; cyclical demand for industrial capital goods; the ability to recognize the benefits of any acquisition or divestiture, including potential synergies and cost savings or the failure of the Company or any acquired company to achieve its plans and objectives generally; impairment charges to goodwill and other identifiable intangible assets; impacts of decreases in demand or changes in technological advances, laws, or regulation on the net revenues that we derive from the plastics industry; changes in food consumption patterns due to dietary trends, or economic conditions, or other reasons; our reliance upon employees, agents, and business partners to comply with laws in many countries and jurisdictions; the impact to the Company's effective tax rate of changes in the mix of earnings or in tax laws and certain other tax-related matters; exposure to tax uncertainties and audits; involvement in claims, lawsuits, and governmental proceedings related to operations; uncertainty in the U.S. political and regulatory environment; adverse foreign currency fluctuations; labor disruptions; and the effect of certain provisions of the Company's governing documents and Indiana law that could decrease the trading price of the Company's common stock. You are urged to consider these risks and uncertainties in evaluating forward-looking statements and are cautioned not to place undue reliance on the forwardlooking statements. For a more in-depth discussion of certain factors that could cause actual results to differ from those contained in forward-looking statements, see the discussions under the heading "Risk Factors" in Part I, Item 1A of Hillenbrand's Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2023, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on November 15, 2023, and in our subsequent quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the three-month period ended December 31, 2023, filed with the SEC on February 5, 2024. The forward-looking information in this presentation speaks only as of the date hereof, and we assume no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking information.



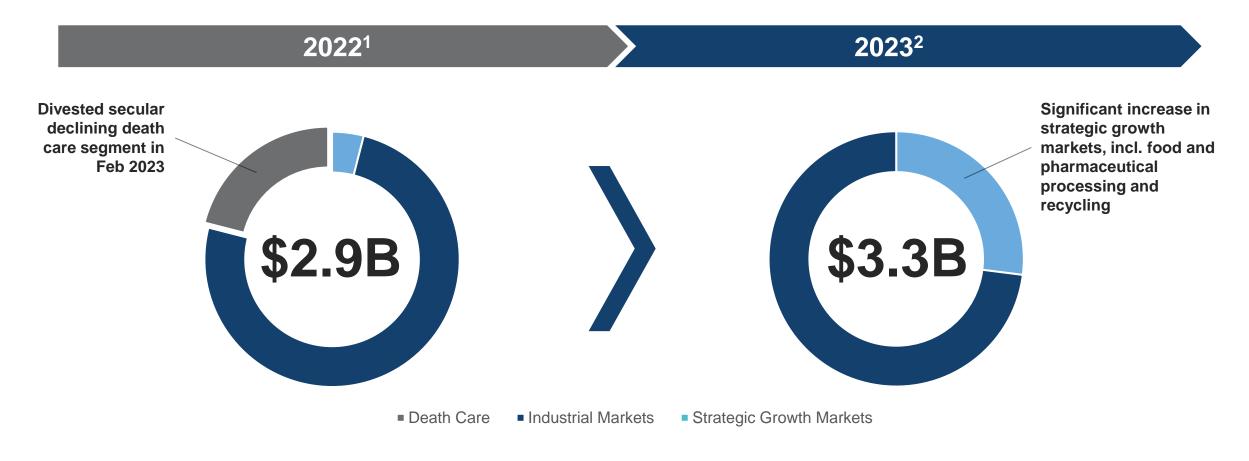


Significant Transformation Since 2022



Enhancing Portfolio with Leading Brands and Expanded Capabilities in Food and Recycling

Increased Position in Higher Growth, Less Cyclical End Markets



Transformed Portfolio through Divestiture of Secularly Declining Death Care Segment and Expansion of Secular Growth End Markets of Food and Recycling



¹ FY2022 as reported, including Batesville.

² Represents combined TTM revenue as of 9/30/2023, including pre-ownership period revenue for FPM and Hillenbrand's 9/30/23 as reported revenue on a continuing operations basis. See appendix for further information and reconciliation.

Hillenbrand Today

Founded

2008

Global Locations^{2,3}

60+

Revenue²

\$3.3B

Market Cap¹

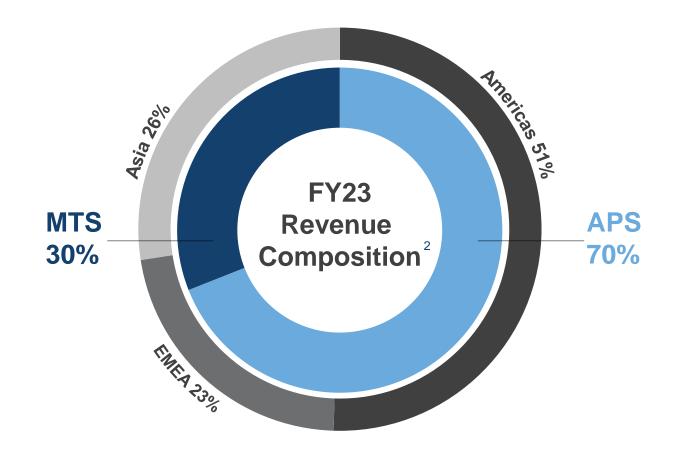
\$3.3B

Employees²

~10k

Adj. EBITDA Margin²

16.4%



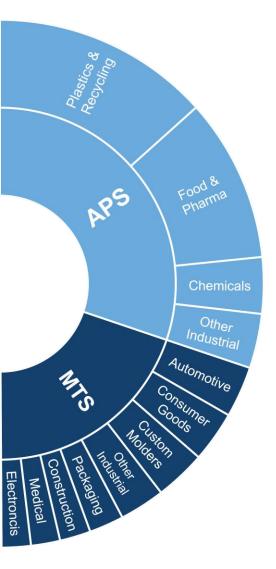
Global Leader in Highly-Engineered Industrial Processing Equipment and Solutions



¹ Market cap as of 2/12/202

² All metrics represent combined TTM performance as of 9/30/2023, including pre-ownership period results for FPM and Hillenbrand's 9/30/23 as reported results on a continuing operations basis. See appendix for further information and GAAP reconciliation.

Our Segments: Leading Industrial Processing Solutions



Advanced Process Solutions

Highly-engineered equipment and integrated solutions used to process a wide variety of materials including plastics, recycled plastics, chemicals, food, and pharmaceuticals

70%

of total HI revenues¹

feeding / extrusion / mixing / material handling / separation

Molding Technology Solutions

Highly-engineered equipment and systems used to mold plastic products across a wide variety of applications including automotive, consumer goods, packaging, construction

30%

of total HI revenues¹

injection molding / extrusion / hot runners / mold bases

Shared Core Strengths & Characteristics

Strong brands with leadership positions

Highly-engineered and mission-critical solutions

Complementary **processing capabilities** and applications expertise

Longstanding customer relationships

High-margin aftermarket opportunity

Common manufacturing, engineering and procurement processes

Global Macro Trends Drive Demand for Our Products & Solutions







| ı | | Opportunities | Our Processi | ng Solutions | | | | | |
|---|-------|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | Material substitution for durability, lightweighting, and lower maintenance | Advanced materials and durable plastics | | | | | | |
| | | Safe, healthy and accessible food | Baked goods, snacks, pet food | | | | | | |
| | 360 £ | Sustainable food sources | Alternative proteins | | | | | | |
| | | Electrification | Continuous production battery | | | | | | |
| | | Recycling; recycled and bio-based content in products | Mechanical, solvent, and chemical recycling | Biodegradable and post-consumer recycled plastics | | | | | |
| _ | and | | | | | | | | |



Enhancing Performance with Continuous Improvement Culture



Focused on Building Upon Our Proven Track Record of Performance using the Hillenbrand Operating Model

Disciplined Execution of M&A

- ✓ Secular growth tailwinds
- ✓ Complementary technologies
- ✓ Strong brands with leadership positions
- ✓ MSD+ market growth opportunity
- ✓ High synergy potential
- ✓ Disciplined valuation
- ✓ ROIC > WACC in 3-5 years

Five Acquisitions Completed in FY22 & FY23

Capital Deployed

~\$1.5B

Multiple Paid

~11x / ~9x

pre / post cost synergy

Revenue Acquired

~\$980M

Primary Applications

Baked goods, pet food, recycling, pharmaceuticals

Initial Synergies Identified

\$30M

cost synergies only

ROIC Target

>10%

in 3-5 years

Accelerated Growth in Strategic End Markets of Food and Recycling; Focused on Integration and Synergy Realization





APS Overview

Global Leader in Highly-Engineered Processing Equipment, Systems, and Aftermarket Parts and Service for the Plastics, Food, and Recycling Industries

| Process Stages | Material / Ingredient Processing | Material Conversion | Proce Proce | duct essing | Aftermarket |
|-----------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---|
| Key Process Technologies | Weighing Filtration Separating Conveying Feeding | Extruding Mixing | Forming Portioning | Drying Conveying | Parts Service Retrofit Digital Rebuilds |
| Key Applications | Polyolefins Engineered Plastics Recycling | Battery & Specialty Chemicals | Baked Pet Goods Food | Alternative Proteins | Snacks, Cereals, & Confectionary |
| Leading Brands | coperion schenck | CDTOCESS ormance Materials | LINXIS GROUP | ROTEX | HERDOLD |
| Select Customers | The Chemical Company | EXON | MARS | MISSION | Nestie. Shell |

APS Financial Profile

FY23 Key Metrics

Revenue¹

Adj. EBITDA Margin¹

TAM²

LT Market Growth²

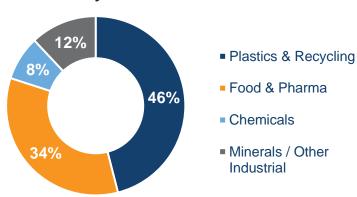
\$2.3B

18.0%

>\$35B

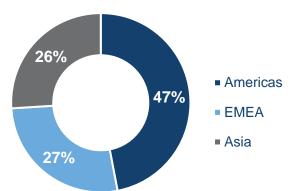
GDP+

Revenue by End Market

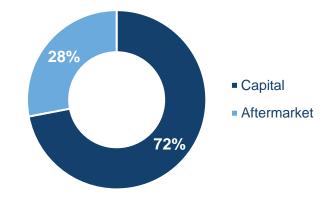


Revenue Composition¹

Revenue by Geography



Capital Equipment vs. Aftermarket





APS Key Differentiators

Leading Characteristics

- Portfolio of highly-engineered, mission-critical technologies, including complete systems and subsystems to create enhanced customer solutions
- Leading applications expertise to provide innovative product and service solutions to solve customers' challenges
- Global engineering and service capabilities to follow capital equipment sales with a suite of related aftermarket offerings
- Industry-leading brands recognized by customers
- Longstanding relationships with global blue-chip customers

Growth Catalysts & Opportunities

- Macro trends support long-term growth for key industries of durable plastics, food, and recycling
- Evolution of durable plastics, including increased requirements for quality and output, drive resilient demand outlook
- Accelerating above-market growth through increased aftermarket revenue, product innovation, and strategic acquisitions that build scale and expand capabilities
- Deploying the HOM to integrate recent acquisitions and drive synergy realization

Molding Technology Solutions (MTS)

MTS Overview

Global Leader in Highly-Engineered Equipment and Systems and Aftermarket Solutions for the Plastics Processing Industry

| Process Stages | Plastic Pellet Production Plastic Product Processing Aftermarket |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Key Process Technologies | APS upstream plastics capabilities Injection Molding Hot Runners Extruding Mold bases Parts Service Retrofit Digital Rebuilds |
| Key Applications | Automotive Construction Consumer Goods Electronics Medical Packaging |
| Leading Brands | MILACRON Mold Masters DME |
| Select Customers | Berry Bosch Invented for life JOHN DEERE Rubbermaid TOYOTA Unilever |

MTS Financial Profile

FY23 Key Metrics

Revenue

Adj. EBITDA Margin¹

TAM²

LT Market Growth²

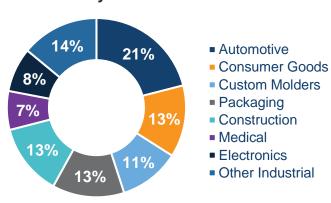
\$1.0B

18.7%

>\$20B

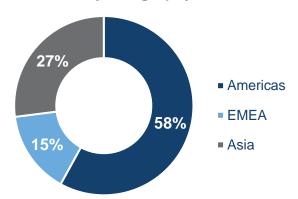
GDP

Revenue by End Market

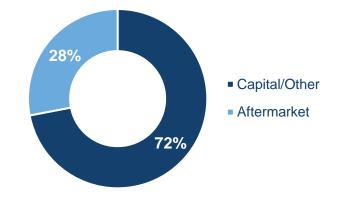


Revenue Composition¹

Revenue by Geography



Capital Equipment vs. Aftermarket





MTS Key Differentiators

Leading Characteristics

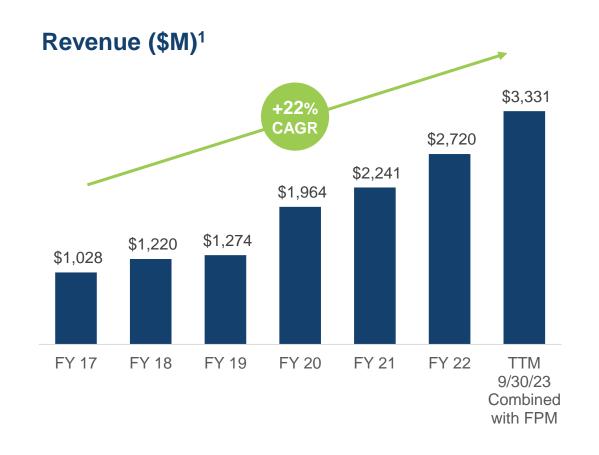
- Portfolio of highly-engineered plastics processing technologies and systems, including hot runners, injection molding, and extrusion equipment
- Leading applications expertise to provide innovative product and service solutions to solve customers' challenges
- Global engineering and service capabilities to follow capital equipment sales with a suite of related aftermarket offerings
- Industry-leading brands recognized by customers
- Longstanding relationships with global blue-chip customers

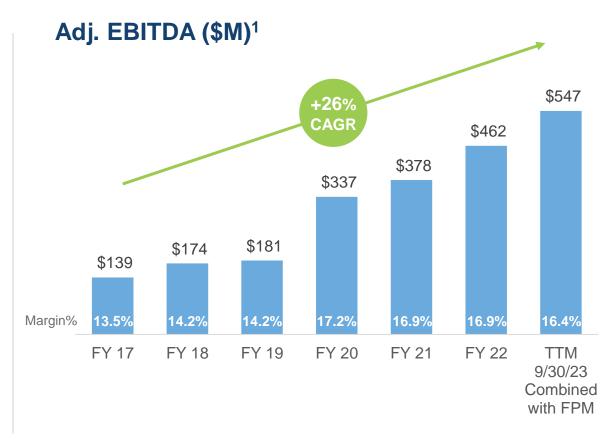
Growth Catalysts & Opportunities

- Macro trends support long-term demand for plastics products in key applications, including automotive, packaging, consumer goods, medical, and electronics
- Increasing production of products using recycled-content and bio-based materials
- Accelerating above-market growth through increased aftermarket revenue, product innovation, and systems sales strategy
- Deploying the HOM to drive improved operational and working capital performance

Financial Overview

Strong Track Record of Growth

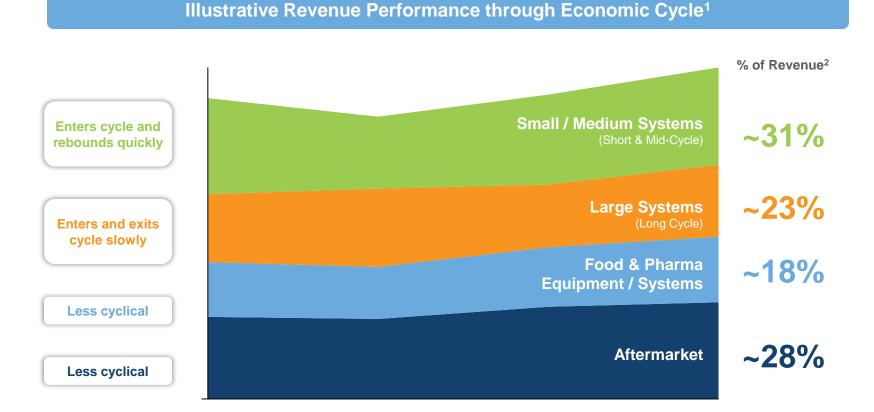




Strong Performance Driven by HSD Organic Growth and Strategic Acquisitions



Focused on Reducing Cyclicality Across Our Portfolio



- ✓ Diversified business mix with significant scale in less cyclical areas such as food and aftermarket
- Strong base of long-standing, blue-chip customers
- ✓ Revenue visibility from backlog, with ~80% expected to convert over next twelve months

Allowing for More Consistent Performance through Economic Cycles



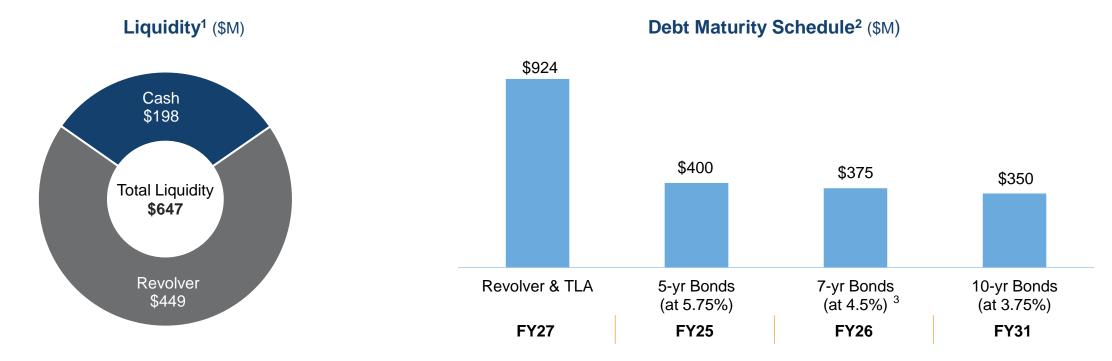
Capital Deployment Priorities

| | • |
|--|---|
| Maintain Appropriate Leverage Current net debt of \$1.8B with net debt to pro forma adj. EBITDA¹ of 3.4x Top priority for cash flow is reducing leverage to return to preferred range | Targeting to return to preferred net leverage range of 1.7x – 2.7x by end of Q2 FY25 (prev. Q1 FY25) |
| Reinvest in the Business • Drive innovation and new product development • Expand into new end markets and geographies • Improve operational efficiency through automation and digitization • Annual capex target of ~2-2.5% of revenue | \$12M in Q1 capex; focused on prioritizing strategic investments for profitable growth and operating efficiency |
| Strategic Acquisitions • Strategic focus: strong brands with key technologies in attractive end markets • Disciplined approach: seek acquisitions with compelling financial returns | Focused on integration and accelerating synergy achievement |
| Return Cash to Shareholders Dividend yield of 1.9%² 16 consecutive years of \$0.01 per share increases to dividend Opportunistic share repurchases | Paid dividends of ~\$16 million in Q1 |



Commentary

Capital Position & Liquidity



- Net debt of \$1.84 billion; net debt to pro forma adjusted EBITDA ratio⁴ of 3.4x as of December 31, 2023
- Q1 weighted average interest rate of 5.4%
- On February 7, 2024, we announced commencement of \$500 million in 6.25% senior notes due in FY29; expect to use proceeds to pay down revolver

HILLENBRAND

¹ Cash and credit facility amounts as of 12/31/2023.

² Debt maturity schedule is shown on a fiscal year basis and reflects date of final payment due.

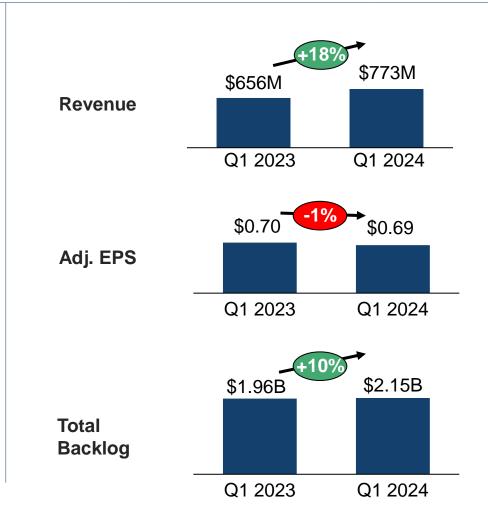
⁴ Defined as ("Total Debt – Cash") / Trailing 12-month pro forma adjusted EBITDA. Pro forma adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure. Prior periods are as previously disclosed, and reconciliations or other additional information are available in presentations and SEC filings available on our website.

Q1 FY24 Update

Q1 Overview

Q1 2024 Key Metrics^{1,2}

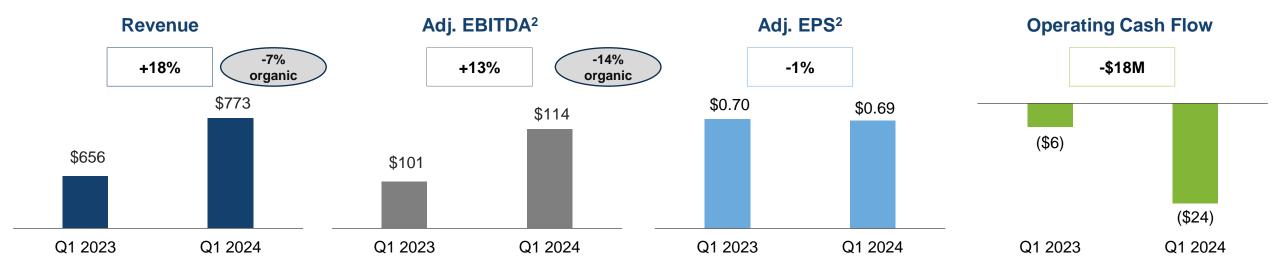
- Strong performance from recent FPM acquisition and record aftermarket revenue
- Solid APS demand as organic orders increased YOY and sequentially
- Continued demand softness within MTS and timing remains extended on large projects in APS
- Executing cost savings and restructuring program with \$15 million of annual run-rate savings expected; ~50% to be realized in FY24
- Maintaining FY24 guidance range; expecting MTS to be at lower end of range





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Q1 Consolidated Performance¹



Performance Highlights^{1,2}

- Revenue increased 18%, primarily driven by FPM acquisition; organic revenue decreased 7%, primarily due to lower capital volume, particularly within MTS, partially offset by favorable pricing and higher aftermarket parts and service revenue
- Adj. EBITDA of \$114 million increased 13% due to FPM; organically, adj. EBITDA decreased 14%, as lower volume and cost inflation more than offset favorable pricing, productivity, and product mix; adj. EBITDA margin decreased 60 bps primarily due to cost inflation
- GAAP EPS of \$0.25 decreased from \$0.35 in the prior year as the impact of FPM was more than
 offset by lower volume, cost inflation, higher interest expense, a pension settlement charge, and
 an increase in the tax rate; adj. EPS of \$0.69 decreased \$0.01 or 1%
- Operating Cash Flow was unfavorable to the prior year by \$18 million primarily due to lower earnings and the timing of working capital requirements
- Total backlog of \$2.15B increased 10% compared to the prior year due to the FPM acquisition; sequentially, backlog was up 2%

Business Update²

- Recent FPM acquisition performed above expectations in the quarter; aftermarket performance remained strong
- APS orders were solid in the quarter, though timing of large projects remains lumpy
- MTS performance was weaker than expected, particularly for higher margin hot runners; orders down YOY and sequentially
- Significant cost actions, incl. restructuring, being taken in MTS in response to sustained market softness; expecting \$15M of annual run-rate savings by FY25, with ~50% realized within FY25; expecting to incur a charge of ~\$20M in FY24
- Cash flow below expectations primarily due to MTS shortfall, resulting in slightly higher than anticipated leverage of 3.4x; continued focus on working capital improvement, particularly within recent acquisitions, as teams drive to 90% cash flow conversion target for the year
- Expect deleverage timeline for reaching targeted range of 1.7x to 2.7x to be delayed to Q2 FY25 (previously Q1 FY25) due to softer order patterns



¹ All CY and PY results reflect continuing operations, which excludes the divested Batesville segment. Organic comparisons exclude the impacts of FPM, Peerless (only for performance between 10/1/23-11/30/23), and foreign currency exchange. See appendix for GAAP reconciliations.

² Adjusted EPS, adjusted EBITDA, and adjusted EBITDA margin are non-GAAP measures. See appendix for GAAP reconciliation and additional information concerning backlog.



Disclosure Regarding Non-GAAP Measures

In addition to the financial measures prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), this earnings release also contains non-GAAP operating performance measures. These non-GAAP measures are referred to as "adjusted" measures and exclude the following items:

- · business acquisition, disposition, and integration costs:
- · restructuring and restructuring related charges;
- · intangible asset amortization;
- pension settlement charge;
- Inventory step-up charges;
- · gains and losses on divestitures;
- other individually immaterial one-time costs;
- · the related income tax impact for all of these items; and
- certain tax items related to the divestiture of TerraSource, the revaluation of deferred tax balances resulting from fluctuations in currency exchange rates and non-routine changes in tax rates for certain foreign jurisdictions, and the impact that the Molding Technology Solutions reportable operating segment's loss carryforward attributes have on tax provisions related to the imposition of tax on Global Intangible Low-Taxed Income (GILTI) earned by certain foreign subsidiaries, the Foreign Derived Intangible Income Deduction (FDII), and the Base Erosion and Anti-Abuse Tax (BEAT).

Refer to the Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures for further information on these adjustments. Non-GAAP information is provided as a supplement to, not as a substitute for, or as superior to, measures of financial performance prepared in accordance with GAAP. Hillenbrand uses this non-GAAP information internally to measure operating segment performance and make operating decisions and believes it is helpful to investors because it allows more meaningful period-to-period comparisons of ongoing operating results. The information can also be used to perform trend analysis and to better identify operating trends that may otherwise be masked or distorted by items such as the above excluded items. Hillenbrand believes this information provides a higher degree of transparency.

One important non-GAAP measure Hillenbrand uses is adjusted earnings before interest, income tax, depreciation, and amortization ("adjusted EBITDA"). A part of our strategy is to pursue acquisitions that strengthen or establish leadership positions in key markets. Given that strategy, it is a natural consequence to incur related expenses, such as amortization from acquired intangible assets and additional interest expense from debt-funded acquisitions. Accordingly, we use adjusted EBITDA, among other measures, to monitor our business performance. We also use "adjusted net income" and "adjusted diluted earnings per share (EPS)," which are defined as net income and earnings per share, respectively, each excluding items described in connection with adjusted EBITDA. Adjusted EBITDA, adjusted net income, and adjusted diluted EPS are not recognized terms under GAAP and therefore do not purport to be alternatives to net income or to diluted EPS, as applicable. Further, Hillenbrand's measures of adjusted EBITDA, adjusted diluted EPS may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies.

Organic revenue and organic adjusted EBITDA are defined respectively as net revenue and adjusted EBITDA excluding recent acquisitions, including FPM and Peerless Food Equipment, and adjusting for the effects of foreign currency exchange. In addition, the ratio of net debt to pro forma adjusted EBITDA is a key financial measure that is used by management to assess Hillenbrand's borrowing capacity (and is calculated as the ratio of total debt less cash and cash equivalents to the trailing twelve months pro forma adjusted EBITDA). Hillenbrand uses organic and pro forma measures to assess performance of its reportable operating segments and the Company in total without the impact of recent acquisitions and divestitures.

Hillenbrand calculates the foreign currency impact on net revenue, adjusted EBITDA, and backlog in order to better measure the comparability of results between periods. We calculate the foreign currency impact by translating current year results at prior year foreign exchange rates. This information is provided because exchange rates can distort the underlying change in sales, either positively or negatively.

In addition, forward-looking revenue, adjusted EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA margin, free cash flow conversion, and adjusted earnings per share for fiscal 2024 exclude potential charges or gains that may be recorded during the fiscal year, including among other things, items described above in connection with these and other "adjusted" measures. Hillenbrand thus also does not attempt to provide reconciliations of such forward-looking non-GAAP earnings guidance to the comparable GAAP measure, as permitted by Item 10(e)(1)(i)(B) of Regulation S-K, because the impact and timing of these potential charges or gains is inherently uncertain and difficult to predict and is unavailable without unreasonable efforts. In addition, the Company believes such reconciliations would imply a degree of precision and certainty that could be confusing to investors. Such items could have a substantial impact on GAAP measures of Hillenbrand's financial performance.

OTHER OPERATING MEASURES

Another important operational measure used is backlog. Backlog is not a term recognized under GAAP; however, it is a common measurement used in industries with extended lead times for order fulfillment (long-term contracts), like those in which our reportable operating segments compete. Backlog represents the amount of consolidated and the revenue that we expect to realize on contracts awarded to our reportable operating segments. For purposes of calculating backlog, 100% of estimated net revenue that we expect to revenue from large systems and equipment, as well as aftermarket parts or service to approximately 18 to 2d approximately 19 to 2d approximately 1



Combined Net Revenue by End Market

| | | TTM 9/30/2023 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|------|------------------------|--------|--------------------------|-----|---------------------------------|------|----------------------------|----|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| (in millions) | | Adva | nced F | Process Solu | Ted | Molding Chnology Olutions | Hill | lenbrand | | | | | |
| End Market | As r | eported ⁽¹⁾ | Acqı | uisitions ⁽²⁾ | Co | Combined (3) | | As reported ⁽¹⁾ | | nbined ⁽³⁾ | | | |
| Plastics and recycling | \$ | 1,033.3 | \$ | 37.6 | \$ | 1,070.9 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,070.9 | | | |
| Automotive | | - | | - | | - | | 208.4 | | 208.4 | | | |
| Chemicals | | 126.3 | | 48.3 | | 174.6 | | - | | 174.6 | | | |
| Consumer goods | | - | | - | | - | | 134.4 | | 134.4 | | | |
| Food and pharmaceuticals | | 470.5 | | 328.4 | | 798.9 | | - | | 798.9 | | | |
| Custom molders | | - | | - | | - | | 110.1 | | 110.1 | | | |
| Packaging | | - | | - | | - | | 135.0 | | 135.0 | | | |
| Construction | | - | | - | | - | | 131.8 | | 131.8 | | | |
| Minerals | | 62.6 | | - | | 62.6 | | - | | 62.6 | | | |
| Electronics | | - | | - | | - | | 75.4 | | 75.4 | | | |
| Medical | | | | - | | - | | 67.0 | | 67.0 | | | |
| Other industrial | | 130.8 | | 91.0 | | 221.8 | | 140.4 | | 362.2 | | | |
| Total | | 1,823.5 | \$ | 505.3 | \$ | 2,328.8 | \$ | 1,002.5 | \$ | 3,331.3 | | | |

⁽¹⁾ TTM 9/30/2023 as reported, excluding Batesville reportable operating segment.

⁽³⁾ FY2023 revenue as reported plus management estimates of acquisition revenue for period prior to ownership.



⁽²⁾ Management estimates for TTM period ending 9/30/2023 for period prior to ownership related to the acquisitions of Peerless and FPM.

Reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to Consolidated Net Income

| | Th | ree Months Er | December 31, | Year Ended September 30, | | | | |
|--|------|---------------|--------------|--------------------------|------|--------|----|--------|
| (in millions) | 2023 | | 2022 | | 2023 | | | 2022 |
| Adjusted EBITDA: | | | | | | | | |
| Advanced Process Solutions | \$ | 96.0 | \$ | 71.3 | \$ | 355.7 | \$ | 249.1 |
| Molding Technology Solutions | | 32.1 | | 43.1 | | 187.1 | | 216.2 |
| Corporate | | (14.0) | | (13.1) | | (59.6) | | (63.8) |
| Add: | | | | | | | | |
| (Loss) income from discontinued operations (net of income tax expense) | | (0.3) | | 21.0 | | 462.6 | | 99.5 |
| Less: | | | | | | | | |
| Interest expense, net | | 29.8 | | 21.5 | | 77.7 | | 64.3 |
| Income tax expense | | 10.0 | | 2.3 | | 102.8 | | 84.0 |
| Depreciation and amortization | | 38.8 | | 31.0 | | 125.6 | | 98.6 |
| Pension settlement charge | | 8.3 | | - | | - | | - |
| Business acquisition, divestiture, and integration costs | | 5.6 | | 10.7 | | 46.2 | | 29.4 |
| Inventory step-up charges | | 1.5 | | 8.0 | | 11.7 | | - |
| Restructuring and restructuring-related charges | | 0.6 | | 1.0 | | 5.1 | | 3.1 |
| Loss on divestiture | | - | | - | | - | | 3.1 |
| Other | | - | | - | | - | | 3.3 |
| Consolidated net income | \$ | 19.2 | \$ | 47.8 | \$ | 576.7 | \$ | 215.2 |



Reconciliation of Income to Adjusted Net Income & Diluted EPS to Adjusted Diluted EPS for Continuing Operations

| | Three Months Ended December 31, | | | | | Year Ended September 30, | | |
|--|---------------------------------|--------|----|--------|------|--------------------------|----|--------|
| (in millions, except per share data) | | 2023 | | 2022 | 2023 | | | 2022 |
| Income from continuing operations | \$ | 19.5 | \$ | 26.8 | \$ | 114.1 | \$ | 115.7 |
| Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests | | 2.0 | | 2.3 | | 7.0 | | 6.3 |
| Income from continuing operations attributable to Hillenbrand | | 17.5 | | 24.5 | | 107.1 | | 109.4 |
| Business acquisition, divestiture, and integration costs | | 5.6 | | 10.7 | | 46.2 | | 29.4 |
| Restructuring and restructuring-related charges | | 0.6 | | 1.0 | | 5.1 | | 3.1 |
| Inventory step-up charges | | 1.5 | | 8.0 | | 11.7 | | - |
| Intangible asset amortization | | 25.5 | | 19.1 | | 79.6 | | 54.0 |
| Pension settlement charge | | 8.3 | | - | | - | | - |
| Loss on divestiture | | - | | - | | - | | 3.1 |
| Other | | - | | - | | - | | 3.3 |
| Tax adjustments | | 0.3 | | (3.5) | | 30.9 | | 11.7 |
| Tax effect of adjustments | | (10.6) | | (11.2) | | (34.1) | | (19.8) |
| Adjusted net income from continuing operations attributable to Hillenbrand | \$ | 48.7 | \$ | 48.6 | \$ | 246.5 | \$ | 194.2 |

| | Th | ree Months En | ded D | ecember 31, | Year Ended September 30, | | | |
|---|----|---------------|-------|-------------|--------------------------|--------|----|--------|
| | | 2023 | | 2022 | | 2023 | | 2022 |
| Diluted EPS from continuing operations attributable to Hillenbrand | \$ | 0.25 | \$ | 0.35 | \$ | 1.53 | \$ | 1.51 |
| Business acquisition, divestiture, and integration costs | | 0.08 | | 0.16 | | 0.66 | | 0.41 |
| Restructuring and restructuring-related charges | | 0.01 | | 0.01 | | 0.07 | | 0.05 |
| Inventory step-up charges | | 0.02 | | 0.12 | | 0.17 | | - |
| Intangible asset amortization | | 0.36 | | 0.27 | | 1.14 | | 0.75 |
| Pension settlement charge | | 0.12 | | - | | - | | - |
| Loss on divestiture | | - | | - | | - | | 0.04 |
| Other | | - | | - | | - | | 0.04 |
| Tax adjustments | | - | | (0.05) | | 0.44 | | 0.16 |
| Tax effect of adjustments | | (0.15) | | (0.16) | | (0.49) | | (0.27) |
| Adjusted Diluted EPS from continuing operations attributable to Hillenbrand | \$ | 0.69 | \$ | 0.70 | \$ | 3.52 | \$ | 2.69 |



Reconciliation of Consolidated Net Income to Organic Adjusted EBITDA

| | T | hree Months Er | ded D | ecember 31, | Year Ended September 30, | | | | |
|--|----|----------------|-------|-------------|--------------------------|----|--------|--|--|
| (in millions) | | 2023 | | 2022 | 2023 | | 2022 | | |
| Consolidated net income | \$ | 19.2 | \$ | 47.8 | \$ 576.7 | \$ | 215.2 | | |
| Interest expense, net | | 29.8 | | 21.5 | 77.7 | | 64.3 | | |
| Income tax expense | | 10.0 | | 2.3 | 102.8 | | 84.0 | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | | 38.8 | | 31.0 | 125.6 | | 98.6 | | |
| EBITDA | | 97.8 | | 102.6 | 882.8 | | 462.1 | | |
| Loss (income) from discontinued operations (net of income tax expense) | | 0.3 | | (21.0) | (462.6) | | (99.5) | | |
| Business acquisition, divestiture, and integration costs | | 5.6 | | 10.7 | 46.2 | | 29.4 | | |
| Inventory step-up charges | | 1.5 | | 8.0 | 11.7 | | - | | |
| Restructuring and restructuring-related charges | | 0.6 | | 1.0 | 5.1 | | 3.1 | | |
| Pension settlement charge | | 8.3 | | - | - | | - | | |
| Loss on divestiture | | - | | - | - | | 3.1 | | |
| Other | | <u> </u> | | | <u>-</u> | | 3.3 | | |
| Adjusted EBITDA | | 114.1 | | 101.3 | 483.2 | | 401.5 | | |
| Less: Acquisitions adjusted EBITDA (1) | | 24.6 | | - | 74.4 | | - | | |
| Foreign currency impact | | (2.1) | | - | 9.5 | | - | | |
| Organic adjusted EBITDA | \$ | 87.4 | \$ | 101.3 | \$ 418.3 | \$ | 401.5 | | |
| Advanced Process Solutions adjusted EBITDA | \$ | 96.0 | \$ | 71.3 | \$ 355.7 | \$ | 249.1 | | |
| Less: Acquisitions adjusted EBITDA (1) | | 24.6 | | - | 74.4 | | - | | |
| Foreign currency impact | | (1.9) | | - | 3.4 | | - | | |
| Advanced Process Solutions organic adjusted EBITDA | \$ | 69.5 | \$ | 71.3 | \$ 284.7 | \$ | 249.1 | | |
| Molding Technology Solutions adjusted EBITDA | \$ | 32.1 | \$ | 43.1 | \$ 187.1 | \$ | 216.2 | | |
| Foreign currency impact | | (0.2) | | - | 6.3 | | - | | |
| Molding Technology Solutions organic adjusted EBITDA | \$ | 31.9 | \$ | 43.1 | \$ 193.4 | \$ | 216.2 | | |

The impact of the acquisitions of Gabler, Herbold, Linxis, Peerless and FPM.



Reconciliation of Reported Revenue to Organic Revenue

| | Th | ree Months En | ded D | ecember 31, | | Year Ended September 30, | | | | |
|--|----|---------------|-------|-------------|----|--------------------------|----|---------|--|--|
| (in millions) | | 2023 | | 2022 | | 2023 | | 2022 | | |
| Advanced Process Solutions net revenue | \$ | 568.3 | \$ | 412.8 | \$ | 1,823.5 | \$ | 1,269.8 | | |
| Less: TerraSource Global net revenue (1) | | - | | - | | - | | 2.4 | | |
| Less: Acquisitions (2) | | 149.5 | | - | | 456.8 | | - | | |
| Foreign currency impact | | (12.5) | | - | | 18.7 | | - | | |
| Advanced Process Solutions organic net revenue | | 406.3 | | 412.8 | | 1,385.4 | | 1,267.4 | | |
| Molding Technology Solutions net revenue | | 205.0 | | 242.9 | | 1,002.5 | | 1,045.5 | | |
| Foreign currency impact | | (1.8) | | | | 20.6 | | - | | |
| Molding Technology Solutions organic net revenue | | 203.2 | | 242.9 | | 1,023.1 | | 1,045.5 | | |
| Consolidated organcic net revenue | \$ | 609.5 | \$ | 655.7 | \$ | 2,408.5 | \$ | 2,312.9 | | |

⁽¹⁾ The TerraSource Global business, which was included within the Advanced Process Solutions reportable operating segment, was divested on October 22, 2021.

⁽²⁾ The impact of the acquisitions of Gabler, Herbold, Linxis, Peerless and FPM.

Ratio of Net Debt to Acquisition Adjusted EBITDA

| (in millions) | De | cember 31, 2023 | Se | otember 30, 2023 |
|--|----|--------------------|----|---------------------|
| Current portion of long-term debt | \$ | 20.3 | \$ | 19.7 |
| Long-term debt | | 2,021.5 | | 1,990.4 |
| Total debt | | 2,041.8 | | 2,010.1 |
| Less: Cash and cash equivalents | | (198.4) | | (242.9) |
| Net debt | \$ | 1,843.4 | \$ | 1,767.2 |
| | | | | |
| Acquisition adjusted EBITDA for the trailing twelve months ended | \$ | 537.1 | \$ | 547.4 |
| Ratio of net debt to Acquisition adjusted EBITDA | | 3.4 | | 3.2 |

Combined Net Revenue Reconciliation⁴

| | Year Ended September 30, | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--|
| (in millions) | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 9/30/2023 | |
| Consolidated net revenue, as reported | \$ 1,590.2 | \$ 1,770.1 | \$ 1,807.3 | \$ 1,964.4 | \$ 2,241.5 | \$ 2,315.3 | | |
| Less: Batesville net revenue (1) | 562.0 | 550.6 | 532.9 | | | | | |
| Net revenue from continuing operations | 1,028.2 | 1,219.5 | 1,274.5 | 1,964.4 | 2,241.5 | 2,315.3 | \$ 2,826.0 | |
| Add: Net revenue from acquisitions (2)(3) | | | | | | 404.2 | 505.3 | |
| Combined net revenue | 1,028.2 | 1,219.5 | 1,274.5 | 1,964.4 | 2,241.5 | 2,719.5 | 3,331.3 | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Advanced Process Solutions net revenue | 1,028.2 | 1,219.5 | 1,274.4 | 1,228.6 | 1,245.7 | 1,269.8 | 1,823.5 | |
| Add: Net revenue from acquisitions (2)(3) | | | | | | 404.2 | 505.3 | |
| Advanced Process Solutions pro forma net revenue | 1,028.2 | 1,219.5 | 1,274.4 | 1,228.6 | 1,245.7 | 1,674.0 | 2,328.8 | |
| Molding Technology Solutions net revenue | | | | 735.8 | 995.7 | 1,045.5 | 1,002.5 | |
| Combined net revenue | \$ 1,028.2 | \$ 1,219.5 | \$ 1,274.4 | \$ 1,964.4 | \$ 2,241.4 | \$ 2,719.5 | \$ 3,331.3 | |

⁽¹⁾ Batesville reportable operating segment results excluded from pro forma results.



⁽²⁾ Revenue from FY'22 related to the acquisitions of Herbold, Linxis, Gabler, and Peerless; includes management estimate for period prior to ownership.

⁽³⁾ Revenue from TTM 9/30/2023 related to the acquisitions of Peerless and FPM; includes management estimate for period prior to ownership.

⁽⁴⁾ Figures reflected for FY'17-21 do not incorporate acquisitions closed during FY'22-23 and are as previously reported.

Revenue By Geography and Products and Services

| | | TTM 9/30/2023 | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----|----------------------------|-----|-------------------------|----------|---------|-------------|---------------------------------|-------------|---------|--|--|
| (in millions) | | Advanced Process Solutions | | | | | | lolding chnology olutions | Hillenbrand | | | |
| Geographical Markets | Ası | reported | Acq | uistions ⁽¹⁾ | Combined | | As reported | | Combined | | | |
| Americas | \$ | 670.1 | \$ | 435.4 | \$ | 1,105.5 | \$ | 579.3 | \$ | 1,684.8 | | |
| Asia | | 586.2 | | 10.0 | | 596.2 | | 270.9 | | 867.1 | | |
| Europe, the Middle East, and Africa | | 567.2 | | 59.9 | 627.1 | | | 152.3 | | 779.4 | | |
| Total | \$ | 1,823.5 | \$ | 505.3 | \$ | 2,328.8 | \$ | 1,002.5 | \$ | 3,331.3 | | |

⁽¹⁾ Management estimates for TTM period ending 9/30/2023 for period prior to ownership related to the acquisitions of Peerless and FPM.

| | | TTM 9/30/2023 | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|------|-------------------------|----------|---------|-------------|---------------------------------|-------------|---------|--|
| (in millions) | Advanced Process Solutions s) | | | | | | Ted | lolding chnology olutions | Hillenbrand | | |
| Products and Services | As | reported | Acqı | uistions ⁽¹⁾ | Combined | | As reported | | Combined | | |
| Equipment | \$ | 1,319.5 | \$ | 353.0 | \$ | 1,672.5 | \$ | 658.1 | \$ | 2,330.6 | |
| Parts and services | | 504.0 | | 152.3 | | 656.3 | | 281.4 | | 937.7 | |
| Other | | - | | - | | - | | 63.0 | | 63.0 | |
| Total | \$ | 1,823.5 | \$ | 505.3 | \$ | 2,328.8 | \$ | 1,002.5 | \$ | 3,331.3 | |

⁽¹⁾ Management estimates for TTM period ending 9/30/2023 for period prior to ownership related to the acquisitions of Peerless and FPM.



TTM 9/30/2023 Acquisition Adjusted EBITDA Reconciliation

| (in millions) | TTN | 1 9/30/23 |
|--|-----|------------------|
| Consolidated net income | \$ | 576.7 |
| Interest expense, net | | 77.7 |
| Income tax expense | | 102.8 |
| Depreciation and amortization | | 125.6 |
| Consolidated EBITDA | | 882.8 |
| Total income from discontinued operations | | (462.6) |
| Business acquisition, disposition, and integration costs | | 46.2 |
| Restructuring and restructuring-related charges | | 5.1 |
| Inventory step-up | | 11.7 |
| Adjusted EBITDA from continuing operations | | 483.2 |
| Plus: Adjusted EBITDA from acquisitions (1) | | 64.2 |
| Acquisition adjusted EBITDA from continuing operations | \$ | 547.4 |
| | | |
| Advanced Process Solutions adjusted EBITDA | \$ | 355.7 |
| Plus: Adjusted EBITDA from acquisitions (1) | | 64.2 |
| Advanced Process Solutions illustrative combined adjusted EBITDA | | 419.9 |
| Molding Technology Solutions adjusted EBITDA | | 187.1 |
| Corporate adjusted EBITDA | | (59.6) |
| Acquisition adjusted EBITDA from continuing operations | \$ | 547.4 |

⁽¹⁾ Adjusted EBITDA related to the acquisitions of Peerless and FPM; includes management estimate for period prior to ownership.



Reconciliation of Consolidated Net Income to Organic Adjusted EBITDA

| | | Three Months Ended December 31, | | | |
|--|-----|---------------------------------|----|--------|--|
| (in millions) | | 2023 | | 2022 | |
| Consolidated net income | \$ | 19.2 | \$ | 47.8 | |
| Interest expense, net | | 29.8 | | 21.5 | |
| Income tax expense | | 10.0 | | 2.3 | |
| Depreciation and amortization | | 38.8 | | 31.0 | |
| EBITDA | | 97.8 | | 102.6 | |
| Loss (income) from discontinued operations (net of income tax expense) | | 0.3 | | (21.0) | |
| Business acquisition, divestiture, and integration costs | | 5.6 | | 10.7 | |
| Inventory step-up charges | | 1.5 | | 8.0 | |
| Restructuring and restructuring-related charges | | 0.6 | | 1.0 | |
| Pension settlement charge | | 8.3 | | | |
| Adjusted EBITDA | | 114.1 | | 101.3 | |
| Less: Acquisitions adjusted EBITDA (1) | | 24.6 | | - | |
| Foreign currency impact | | (2.1) | | | |
| Organic adjusted EBITDA | \$ | 87.4 | \$ | 101.3 | |
| | | | | | |
| Advanced Process Solutions adjusted EBITDA | \$ | 96.0 | \$ | 71.3 | |
| Less: Acquisitions adjusted EBITDA (1) | | 24.6 | | - | |
| Foreign currency impact | | (1.9) | | | |
| Advanced Process Solutions organic adjusted EBITDA | \$ | 69.5 | \$ | 71.3 | |
| Molding Technology Solutions adjusted EBITDA | \$ | 32.1 | \$ | 43.1 | |
| Foreign currency impact | · · | (0.2) | | - | |
| Molding Technology Solutions organic adjusted EBITDA | \$ | 31.9 | \$ | 43.1 | |

⁽¹⁾ The impact of the acquisitions of Peerless (only for performance between 10/1/23 – 11/30/23) and FPM



Reconciliation of Reported Revenue to Organic Revenue

| | Three Months Ended December 31, | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|--------|----|-------|--|--|--|
| (in millions) | | 2023 | | 2022 | | | |
| Advanced Process Solutions net revenue | \$ | 568.3 | \$ | 412.8 | | | |
| Less: Acquisitions (1) | | 149.5 | | - | | | |
| Foreign currency impact | | (12.5) | | | | | |
| Advanced Process Solutions organic net revenue | | 406.3 | | 412.8 | | | |
| Molding Technology Solutions net revenue | | 205.0 | | 242.9 | | | |
| Foreign currency impact | | (1.8) | | | | | |
| Molding Technology Solutions organic net revenue | | 203.2 | | 242.9 | | | |
| Consolidated organcic net revenue | \$ | 609.5 | \$ | 655.7 | | | |

⁽¹⁾ The impact of the acquisitions of Peerless (only for performance between 10/1/23 – 11/30/23) and FPM

Reconciliation of Reported Backlog to Organic Backlog

| (in millions) | December 31, 2023 | C | December 31, 2022 |
|--|----------------------|----|----------------------|
| Advanced Process Solutions backlog | \$ 1,915.8 | \$ | 1,625.2 |
| Less: Acquisitions (1) | 329.4 | | - |
| Foreign currency impact | (47.9) | | - |
| Advanced Process Solutions organic backlog | 1,538.5 | | 1,625.2 |
| Molding Technology Solutions backlog | 231.6 | | 334.1 |
| Foreign currency impact | (1.7) | | - |
| Molding Technology Solutions organic backlog | 229.9 | | 334.1 |
| Consolidated organic backlog | \$ 1,768.4 | \$ | 1,959.3 |

⁽¹⁾ The impact of the acquisitions of Peerless (only for performance between 10/1/23 – 11/30/23) and FPM

Reconciliation of Net Cash Flows

| | Three Months Ended December 31, | | | 31, |
|---|---------------------------------|--------|------|---------|
| (in millions) | | 2023 | 2022 | |
| Cash flows (used in) provided by: | | | | |
| Operating activities from continuing operations | \$ | (24.0) | \$ | (5.6) |
| Investing activities from continuing operations | | (15.1) | | (642.0) |
| Financing activities from continuing operations | | (17.1) | | 610.3 |
| Total cash used in discontinued operations | | - | | (5.1) |
| Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents | | 5.6 | | 0.6 |
| Net cash flows | | (50.6) | | (41.8) |
| | | | | |
| Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash, and cash and cash equivalents held for sale: | | | | |
| At beginning of period | | 250.2 | | 237.6 |
| At end of period | \$ | 199.6 | \$ | 195.8 |