
PERIMETER MEDICAL IMAGING AI, INC.

Consolidated Financial Statements

Years Ended December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023

Presented in US Dollars

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholders of Perimeter Medical Imaging AI, Inc.

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Perimeter Medical Imaging AI, Inc. (the Entity), which comprise:

- the consolidated statements of financial position as at December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023
- the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss for the years then ended
- the consolidated statements of changes in shareholders' equity for the years then ended
- the consolidated statements of cash flows for the years then ended
- and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policy information

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Entity as at December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "***Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements***" section of our auditor's report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 3 in the financial statements, which indicates that for the year ended December 31, 2024, the Entity reported a net loss of \$13,393,928 and cash used in operating activities of \$14,723,023.

As stated in Note 3 in the financial statements, these events or conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Note 3 in the financial statements, indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

In addition to the matter described in the "***Material Uncertainty related to Going Concern***" section of the auditor's report, we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our auditor's report.

Recoverability of CPRIT Grant Receivable

Description of the matter

We draw attention to Notes 4 and 8 of the financial statements. The Entity entered into a product development grant agreement with the Cancer Prevention and Research Institute of Texas ("CPRIT"). Under the terms of the CPRIT grant agreement, the Entity is allowed to claim reimbursement of approved project related costs and depreciation of equipment used in the approved project. The receivable balance from CPRIT is \$1,898,470. The reimbursement of expenses is subject to assessment by CPRIT for compliance with the grant agreement.

Why the matter is a key audit matter

We identified the recoverability of CPRIT grant receivable as a key audit matter. This matter was a key audit matter because it required significant auditor attention in performing the audit given the magnitude of the balance. Auditor judgment was required to evaluate the evidence supporting the Entity's recoverability of the recorded receivable in accordance with the CPRIT grant agreement.

How the matter was addressed in the audit

The primary procedures we performed to address this key audit matter included the following:

- We obtained an understanding of the terms and eligibility criteria under CPRIT grant agreement.



- For a sample of expenses giving rise to the grant receivable, we evaluated whether the expenses claimed met the terms and conditions of CPRIT grant agreement and historical reimbursements made by CPRIT for similar claims.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. Other information comprises:

- the information included in Management's Discussion and Analysis filed with the relevant Canadian Securities Commissions.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not and will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit and remain alert for indications that the other information appears to be materially misstated.

We obtained the information included in Management's Discussion and Analysis filed with the relevant Canadian Securities Commissions as at the date of this auditor's report. If, based on the work we have performed on this other information, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact in the auditor's report.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.



Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- Provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



- Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business units within the group as a basis for forming an opinion on the group financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and review of the audit work performed for the purposes of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.
- Determine, from the matters communicated with those charged with governance, those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our auditor's report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads 'KPMG LLP'. The signature is written in a cursive, stylized font and is underlined with a single horizontal stroke.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this auditor's report is Michael Cianfarani.

Vaughan, Canada

March 26, 2025

PERIMETER MEDICAL IMAGING AI, INC.

Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

As at December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023

(Dollar amounts in US Dollars)

	Note	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash		\$ 6,184,046	\$ 13,980,176
Accounts receivable		390,525	36,900
Grant and other receivables	8	1,970,059	2,312,831
Inventory		191,577	128,999
Prepaid expenses		1,231,641	1,121,369
Total current assets		9,967,848	17,580,275
Non-current assets			
Property and equipment	11	4,358,450	2,961,096
Total non-current assets		4,358,450	2,961,096
Total assets		\$ 14,326,298	\$ 20,541,371
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	12	\$ 3,331,027	\$ 1,682,958
Deferred revenue	9	144,226	-
Current portion of deferred grant income		-	49,032
Current portion of lease liabilities	17	46,813	50,565
Warrant liability	12	53,182	3,455,939
Total current liabilities		3,575,248	5,238,494
Non-current liabilities			
Deferred grant income		-	95,743
Lease liabilities	17	90,671	142,329
Deferred Revenue	9	205,561	-
Total non-current liabilities		296,232	238,072
Shareholders' equity			
Share capital	13	90,598,073	81,820,732
Contributed surplus	13	9,416,494	7,635,656
Accumulated deficit		(86,752,903)	(73,358,975)
Accumulated currency translation adjustment		(2,806,846)	(1,032,608)
Total shareholders' equity		10,454,818	15,064,805
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		\$ 14,326,298	\$ 20,541,371

Commitments (Note 20)

Going concern (Note 3)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Approved on behalf of the Board of Directors:

/s/ Ian Mortimer

Director

/s/ Adrian Mendes

Director

PERIMETER MEDICAL IMAGING AI, INC.

Consolidated Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss

For the years ended December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023

(Dollar amounts in US Dollars)

	Note	Year ended	
		December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Revenue	10	\$ 846,194	\$ 403,533
Cost of goods sold			
Direct Costs		91,711	53,955
Depreciation	11	219,373	143,159
		311,084	197,114
Gross Profit		535,110	206,419
Grant Income	8	144,775	241,221
Operating Expenses			
Sales and marketing		5,448,129	4,961,487
Research and development		6,646,399	5,154,449
General and administrative		6,780,768	6,120,298
Depreciation	11	510,295	471,545
Total Operating Expenses		19,385,591	16,707,779
Net foreign exchange gain (loss)		1,749,359	(1,014,731)
Net finance income (expense)	14	3,562,419	3,238,876
Loss for the year		(13,393,928)	(14,035,994)
Other comprehensive (loss) income items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit:			
Foreign currency translation (loss) gain		(1,774,238)	1,011,925
Comprehensive loss		\$ (15,168,166)	\$ (13,024,069)
Basic and diluted loss per common share	16	\$ (0.19)	\$ (0.22)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

PERIMETER MEDICAL IMAGING AI, INC.

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

(Dollar amounts in US Dollars)

	Note	Shares Issued	Share Capital	Contributed Surplus	Accumulated currency translation adjustment	Deficit	Total
Balance as at January 1, 2024		65,052,821	\$ 81,820,732	\$ 7,635,656	\$ (1,032,608)	\$ (73,358,975)	\$ 15,064,805
Issuance of common shares for cash, net of issuance costs		28,317,061	8,653,980				8,653,980
Issuance of common shares for exercise of options	13	143,960	123,361	(123,285)	-	-	76
Stock-based compensation		-	-	1,904,123	-	-	1,904,123
Currency translation adjustment		-	-	-	(1,774,238)	-	(1,774,238)
Net loss for the year		-	-	-	-	(13,393,928)	(13,393,928)
Balance as at December 31, 2024		93,513,842	\$ 90,598,073	\$ 9,416,494	\$ (2,806,846)	\$ (86,752,903)	\$ 10,454,818
Balance as at January 1, 2023		64,458,586	\$ 80,835,179	\$ 6,638,421	\$ (2,044,533)	\$ (59,322,981)	\$ 26,106,086
Issuance of common shares for exercise of options	13	594,235	985,553	(466,237)	-	-	519,316
Stock-based compensation		-	-	1,463,472	-	-	1,463,472
Currency translation adjustment		-	-	-	1,011,925	-	1,011,925
Net loss for the year		-	-	-	-	(14,035,994)	(14,035,994)
Balance as at December 31, 2023		65,052,821	\$ 81,820,732	\$ 7,635,656	\$ (1,032,608)	\$ (73,358,975)	\$ 15,064,805

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

PERIMETER MEDICAL IMAGING AI, INC.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

(Dollar amounts in US Dollars)

	Note	Year ended	
		December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities:			
Net loss		\$ (13,393,928)	\$ (14,035,994)
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation		729,668	614,704
Stock-based compensation		1,904,123	1,463,472
Grant income	8	(144,775)	(241,221)
Net finance income	14	(3,562,419)	(3,238,876)
Loss on sale of equipment		42,646	-
Foreign exchange gain (loss)		(2,093,384)	1,310,922
		(16,518,069)	(14,126,993)
Changes in:			
Accounts receivable		(353,625)	35,100
Grant and other receivables		323,665	(363,620)
Inventory		(62,578)	(86,119)
Deferred revenue		(110,272)	-
Prepaid expenses		349,787	(84,297)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		1,648,069	(70,324)
Net cash (used in) operating activities		(14,723,023)	(14,696,253)
Cash flows from (used in) investing activities:			
Interest income		279,653	680,514
Purchase of property and equipment		(2,179,315)	(474,503)
Net cash (used in) from investing activities		(1,899,662)	206,011
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities:			
Net proceeds from warrants and options exercised	13	76	519,316
Net proceeds from issuance of common shares	13	8,653,980	-
Repayment of government debt		-	(239,306)
Repayment of lease liabilities	17	(72,229)	(45,537)
Net cash from (used in) financing activities		8,581,827	234,473
Net decrease in cash		(8,040,858)	(14,255,769)
Cash, beginning of year		13,980,176	28,439,048
Effect of foreign exchange on cash		244,728	(203,103)
Cash, end of year		\$ 6,184,046	\$ 13,980,176

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

PERIMETER MEDICAL IMAGING AI, INC.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the years ending December 31, 2024 and 2023

(Dollar amounts in US Dollars)

1. Reporting entity

Perimeter Medical Imaging AI, Inc. (the "Company" or "Perimeter") is a medical technology company driven to transform cancer surgery with ultra-high resolution, real-time, advanced imaging tools that address unmet medical needs. Perimeter is listed as a Tier 1 issuer on the TSX Venture Exchange ("TSXV") under the symbol PINK. The Company's registered office is located at 1600 - 925 West Georgia Street, Vancouver, British Columbia V6C 3L2. The Company's head office is located at 555 Richmond Street West, Suite 511, Toronto, Ontario M5V 3B1.

The Company was formed in British Columbia on June 29, 2020, pursuant to an amalgamation agreement between a non-reporting issuer New World Resource Corp. ("New World") and Perimeter Medical Imaging Inc., when the Company completed a reverse takeover ("RTO") transaction on June 29, 2020.

The Company has one wholly owned subsidiary, Perimeter Medical Imaging Corp., a Delaware corporation.

2. Basis of presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the Company and its subsidiary on a consolidated basis. All intercompany transactions and balances are eliminated on consolidation.

These financial statements were reviewed, approved and authorized for issue by the Company's board of directors on March 26, 2025.

3. Going concern

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards and the basis of presentation outlined in Note 2 on the assumption that the Company is a going concern and will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business.

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company reported a net loss of \$13,393,928 (2023 - \$14,035,994) and cash used in operating activities of \$14,723,023 (2023 - \$14,696,253). The Company has working capital of \$6,392,600 as at December 31, 2024 (2023 - \$12,341,781). Additional financing will be required before the Company expects to generate positive cash flow.

The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on its ability to realize positive cashflows from operations. The ability to generate positive cash flows from operations is dependent on obtaining financing in order to continue its product development, including developing patents and commercializing advanced in-procedural medical imaging tools.

The Company intends to continue to pursue opportunities to raise additional capital in the form of equity and/or debt to fund its product development, clinical research, and commercialization activities. There is no assurance of the success or sufficiency of any of these initiatives. Failure to raise such financing or obtain it on favorable terms would result in the delay or indefinite postponement of business objectives.

PERIMETER MEDICAL IMAGING AI, INC.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the years ending December 31, 2024 and 2023

(Dollar amounts in US Dollars)

The above conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt as to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The consolidated financial statements do not reflect adjustments that would be necessary if the going concern assumptions were not appropriate. If the going concern basis was not appropriate for these consolidated financial statements, then adjustments would be necessary to the carrying value of assets and liabilities, the reported expenses, and the consolidated statement of financial position classification used. Such adjustments could be material.

4. Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates, judgements and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ materially from these estimates.

Critical judgements

The preparation of the accompanying consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgements, including, among others:

Going concern: The going concern of the Company, as discussed in Note 3.

Eligibility of expenses under grant programs: The Company is required to interpret government regulations and apply those interpretations in preparing expense claims under grant programs. Those interpretations and applications are subject to audit and retrospective challenge by the granting authorities. Changes in the eligibility of expenses under government grant programs can have a material adverse effect on the Company's grant claim and correspondingly the recorded amounts due from the applicable granting authorities and the recorded amount of grant income.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Because a precise determination of many assets and liabilities is dependent upon future events, the preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS Accounting Standards requires management to make estimates that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts during each reporting period. Actual results could materially differ from those estimates. Significant estimates made by management affecting the accompanying consolidated financial statements include, among others:

Fair value measurement: The Company uses Black-Scholes valuation techniques to determine the fair value of financial instruments (where active market quotes are not available) using the risk-free rate, share price, expected life, expected annualized share price volatility, and expected dividend rate.

Valuation of share-based compensation: The Company uses the Black-Scholes option pricing model for valuation of share-based compensation. Option pricing models require the input of subjective assumptions including expected share price volatility, risk-free interest rate, expected life of the option and forfeiture rate. Changes in the input assumptions can materially affect the grant date fair value estimate. In addition to the fair value input assumptions, the Company also estimates the number of

PERIMETER MEDICAL IMAGING AI, INC.

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For the years ending December 31, 2024 and 2023

(Dollar amounts in US Dollars)

options that will forfeit prior to becoming vested. These fair value input assumptions affect the Company's share-based compensation expense and equity reserves.

Changes in the input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate which correspondingly affects the Company's expenses and liabilities.

Useful lives of depreciable assets: The Company reviews its estimate of the useful lives of depreciable assets at each reporting date, based on the expected utility of the assets. Uncertainties in these estimates relate to technological obsolescence that may change the utility of certain software and equipment.

Contracts with multiple products or services: Contracts with customers often include promises to deliver multiple products and services. Determining whether such products and services are considered (i) distinct performance obligations that should be separately recognized or (ii) non-distinct and therefore should be combined with another good or service and recognized as a combined unit of accounting may require significant judgement. The determination of the standalone selling prices ("SSP") for distinct performance obligations can also require judgment and estimates. SSP for a performance obligation in a contract with customers is an estimate of the price that would be charged for the specific product or service if it was sold separately in similar circumstances and to similar customers.

5. Foreign currency translation

The Company has a functional currency of Canadian dollars, and the functional currency of its subsidiary is US dollars. Functional currencies are determined based on facts and circumstances relevant for each of the entities. The Company's presentation currency of US dollars differs from its functional currency, and as such the assets and liabilities of the Company are translated from the functional currency into the presentation currency at the exchange rates as at the reporting date. The income and expenses of the Company are translated at rates approximating the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Exchange differences arising on the translation of the financial statements of the Company are recognized in other comprehensive loss.

Transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of the Company or its subsidiary are recorded at exchange rates prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary assets and liabilities of the Company that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange at the statement of financial position date. Revenue and expenses are translated at the exchange rates approximating those in effect on the date of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses arising on translation into the Company's functional currency are recognized as foreign exchange gain and loss in the consolidated statement of loss.

PERIMETER MEDICAL IMAGING AI, INC.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the years ending December 31, 2024 and 2023

(Dollar amounts in US Dollars)

6. Material accounting policies**Property and Equipment**

Property and equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Cost includes the purchase price, any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for management's intended use of the asset and, where relevant, the present value of all dismantling and removal costs. Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company. All repair and maintenance costs are recognized in the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss as an expense when incurred. Property and equipment is depreciated at the following rates and methods:

OCT equipment	5 years straight line
OCT equipment (Operating leases)	5 years straight line
Research equipment	30% declining balance
Computer equipment	55% declining balance
Office equipment and tooling	30% declining balance
Right-of-use assets	Over the term of the lease
Leasehold improvements	Shorter of lease term and useful life

An item of equipment and any significant part initially recognized is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset is included in the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss when the asset is derecognized.

The assets' useful lives, residual values, and methods of depreciation are reviewed at each financial year-end, and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate. No depreciation is taken on construction in progress until the asset is available for use.

Leases

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company uses the definition of a lease in IFRS 16.

i. As a lessee

At commencement or on modification of a contract that contains a lease component, the Company allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of its relative stand-alone prices.

PERIMETER MEDICAL IMAGING AI, INC.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the years ending December 31, 2024 and 2023

(Dollar amounts in US Dollars)

The Company recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the end of the lease term. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

The Company determines its incremental borrowing rate by comparing existing financing rates from external sources and makes certain adjustments to reflect the terms of the lease and type of the asset leased.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise of fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments.

The lease liability is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in the Company's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, if the Company changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option or if there is a revised in-substance fixed lease payment. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The Company presents right-of-use assets in 'Property and equipment' and lease liabilities in 'lease liabilities' in the consolidated statements of financial position.

ii. As a lessor

When the Company acts as a lessor, it determines at lease inception whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease.

To classify each lease, the Company makes an overall assessment of whether the lease transfers substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset. If this is the case, then the lease is a finance lease; if not, then it is an operating lease.

PERIMETER MEDICAL IMAGING AI, INC.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
For the years ending December 31, 2024 and 2023
(Dollar amounts in US Dollars)

Financial Instruments

The following is the Company's accounting policy for financial assets and liabilities under IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments*:

i. Recognition and derecognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

Financial assets are derecognized when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or when the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards are transferred.

A financial liability is derecognized when it is extinguished, discharged, cancelled, or expires.

ii. Classification and initial measurement of financial assets

Financial assets are initially measured at fair value adjusted for transaction costs (where applicable).

Financial assets are classified into the following categories:

- amortized cost
- fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")
- fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI").

iii. Subsequent measurement of financial assets

Financial assets are measured at amortized cost if the assets meet the following conditions:

- they are held within a business model whose objective is to hold the financial assets and collect its contractual cash flows
- the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding

After initial recognition, these are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Discounting is omitted where the effect of discounting is immaterial. The Company's cash and receivables fall into this category. The Company does not have any financial assets measured at FVTPL or FVOCI.

iv. Impairment of financial assets

The impairment requirements under IFRS 9 require the use more forward-looking information to recognize expected credit losses and is referred to as the expected credit loss (ECL) model.

At each reporting date, the Company assesses its receivables for ECL. In the years presented, the Company does not have an allowance for expected credit losses recorded.

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v. Classification and measurement of financial liabilities

The Company's financial liabilities include accounts payable and accrued liabilities, lease liabilities and warrant liability.

Financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value, and, where applicable, adjusted for transaction costs unless the Company designated a financial liability at fair value through profit or loss. Embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract and recorded at fair value at initial recognition.

Subsequently, financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method except for embedded derivatives, which are carried subsequently at fair value with gains or losses recognized in profit or loss.

All interest-related charges and, if applicable, changes in an instrument's fair value that are reported in profit or loss are included within finance costs or finance income.

Share Capital

Common shares are classified as equity. Transaction costs directly attributable to the issuance of common shares and share purchase options are recognized as a reduction from equity, net of any tax effects. For unit offerings that consist of multiple categories of securities, the proceeds from the issuance of units are allocated between common shares and share purchase warrants using the residual method, allocating fair value to the common shares first, and then to the share purchase warrants.

Loss Per Share

The Company presents basic loss per share for its common shares, calculated by dividing the loss attributable to common shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year. Diluted loss per share does not adjust the loss attributable to common shareholders or the weighted average number of common shares outstanding when the effect is anti-dilutive.

Revenue Recognition

The Company provides medical technology solutions including its Optical Coherence Tomography imaging system, proprietary image library and consumable specimen containers to hospitals and cancer surgery centers.

The Company records revenue from contracts with customers in accordance with the five steps in IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, as follows:

1. Identify the contract with a customer;
2. Identify the performance obligations in the contract;
3. Determine the transaction price, which is the amount the Company expects to be entitled to;
4. Allocate the transaction price amount to the performance obligations in the contract based on their relative stand-alone selling prices; and

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5. Recognize revenue when or as the goods or services are transferred to the customer. Goods are delivered to the customers on free-on-board basis and revenue is recognized upon delivery of the goods.

Perimeter places its S-Series OCT equipment at the customer (generally hospitals or medical institutions) premises at no cost for one year with the right provided to the customer to use the equipment. The equipment is used with Perimeter's single-use Specimen Immobilizer (consumable), which is sold separately. The customer must purchase Specimen Immobilizers when the equipment is placed. As such, the contract with the customer has two main components:

- A. Placement of the S-Series OCT equipment at the customer's location
- B. Sale of Perimeter's single-use Specimen Immobilizers

The placement of the equipment is a lease and is classified as an operating lease and the sale of the consumable is a non-lease component performance obligation to be accounted for under IFRS 15.

The Company allocates the transaction price between the two performance obligations identified above on a relative stand-alone selling price. Since, there is no separate observable selling price for the equipment and there is no sale of consumable without the use of the related equipment, the stand-alone selling price is not directly observable.

The Company allocates the value of the contract agreement between the sale of consumable and the placement of its S-series OCT equipment using the adjusted market assessment approach by estimating the price that customers in the market would be willing to pay. Based on this calculation, the stand-alone selling price of placement of the S-series OCT equipment represents 44% of the total contract agreement, leaving 56% to be allocated to the sale of single-use specimen immobilizers.

Exchange Service Plan (ESP) – Customers may purchase ESPs to provide warranty coverage for a period of three years for the OCT equipment. ESPs are a bundled contract which covers two separate performance obligations:

1. Annual preventative maintenance (PM) services where the Company will come on-site to the customer facility and perform a maintenance check of the equipment as well as performing software updates.
2. The Company will also cover the costs of any repair fees for the equipment under the ESP at no charge to the customer.

ESPs are invoiced at time of contract signing. These billings are included in deferred revenue and recognized on a straight-line basis over the life of the contract.

Preventative Maintenance Contracts – Customers must purchase PM services for equipment at its facility if they do not purchase an ESP. The PM service will have a duration for one year where the Company must send a technician to come to the customer's facility to run a maintenance check on the equipment and perform software updates. Revenue is recognized once the PM service has been provided at a point in time.

Repair fees – for equipment placed at customer site without ESP that require repairs, the Company will charge the customer a fixed base fee for repair services. Repair fees for replacement of parts will be

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charged extra to the customer and recognized at a point in time once completed and accepted by the customer.

Income Taxes

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax.

Current Tax

Current tax comprises the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. The amount of current tax payable or receivable is the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received that reflects uncertainty related to income taxes, if any. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognized in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The following temporary differences are not provided for: the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting or taxable loss; and differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that they will probably not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for unused tax losses, unused tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. Future taxable profits are determined based on the reversal of relevant taxable temporary differences. If the amount of taxable temporary differences is insufficient to recognize a deferred tax asset in full, then future taxable profits, adjusted for reversals of existing temporary differences, are considered, based on the business plans for individual subsidiaries in the Company. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized. Such reductions are reversed when the probability of future taxable profits improves. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. No deferred tax assets have been recognized to date.

Government Assistance

Government assistance is periodically received in the form of grants, loans or investment tax credits that may be repayable based on future targets which are accounted for in the period in which conditions arise that will cause repayment. Government assistance with predetermined repayment requirements or conditional criteria is recorded as a liability when received or until the conditions are satisfied. If no predetermined repayment requirements exist, the assistance is treated as a reduction in the related expenses. Government assistance related to equipment is deferred as deferred grant income in the consolidated statements of financial position and recorded as grant income in the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss over the depreciable life of the related asset.

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Interest free or less than market interest government loans are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The interest rate used is based on the market rate for a comparable instrument with a similar term. The difference between the fair value at inception and the loan proceeds received is recorded as a government grant. The grant portion is presented separately as deferred grant income that is amortized over the useful life of the loan and presented as grant income (or grants) in the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss.

Research and Development Costs

Expenditures on research and development activities, undertaken with the prospect of gaining new scientific or technical knowledge and understanding, are recognized in profit or loss as incurred. Investment tax credits related to current expenditures are included in the determination of net income as the expenditures are incurred when there is reasonable assurance they will be realized.

Development activities involve a plan or design for the production of new or substantially improved products and processes. Development expenditures are capitalized only if development costs can be measured reliably, the product or process is technically and commercially feasible, future economic benefits are probable, and the Company intends to and has sufficient resources to complete development and to use or sell the asset. These criteria will be deemed by the Company to have been met when revenue is received by the Company and a determination that it has sufficient resources to market and sell its product offerings. Upon a determination that the criteria to capitalize development expenditures have been met, the expenditures capitalized will include the cost of materials, direct labour, and overhead costs that are directly attributable to preparing the asset for its intended use. Other development expenditures will be expensed as incurred.

Capitalized development expenditures will be measured at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. No development costs have been capitalized in the periods presented.

7. Future accounting standards and policies

There are new accounting standards and amendments to accounting standards and interpretations that are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2025 in preparing the financial statements for the period ended December 31, 2024. These standards and interpretations are not expected to have a material impact on the Company's Financial Statements:

On April 9, 2024, the IASB issued IFRS 18 *Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements* to improve reporting of financial performance. IFRS 18 replaces IAS 1 *Presentation of Financial Statements*. It carries forward many requirements from IAS 1. IFRS 18 applies to annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027. Earlier application is permitted. The key new concepts introduced in IFRS 18 relate to: the structure of the statement of profit or loss; required disclosures in the financial statements for certain profit or loss performance measures that are reported outside an entity's financial statements; and enhanced principles on aggregation and disaggregation which apply to the primary financial statements and notes. The Company is currently assessing the impact and efforts related to adopting IFRS 18.

On May 30, 2024, the IASB issued amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 *Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments*. These amendments clarify the date of recognition and derecognition of some financial assets and liabilities, with a new exception for some financial liabilities settled through an

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electronic cash transfer system; add new disclosures for certain instruments with contractual terms that can change cash flows (such as some instruments with features linked to the achievement of environment, social and governance (ESG) targets); and update the disclosures for equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). These amendments apply to annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2026. Earlier application is permitted. The Company is currently assessing the impact and efforts related to the amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7.

8. GRANT AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Grant and other receivables balance is comprised of the following:

	December 31, 2024		December 31, 2023	
Harmonized sales tax receivable	\$	52,297	\$	321,776
CPRIT grant receivable		1,898,470		1,821,559
Interest receivable		19,292		45,061
Other receivables		-		124,435
Grant and other receivables	\$	1,970,059	\$	2,312,831

Cancer Prevention and Research Institute of Texas ("CPRIT")

On February 22, 2020, the Company entered into a product development grant agreement with CPRIT. Pursuant to the terms of the agreement, CPRIT will grant the Company up to US\$7,446,844 to fund activities related to its artificial intelligence software. For twelve years following the first commercial sale of commercial products (i.e., anything that is based on, utilizes or is developed from, or materially incorporates, the results of the grant-funded project and that is capable of being sold, licensed, transferred or conveyed to another party or is capable of otherwise being exploited or disposed of, whether in exchange for consideration or not), the Company is required to pay CPRIT a royalty of 2.5 percent of revenue until such time that 250.0 percent of grant proceeds have been repaid and 0.5 percent thereafter for the remaining twelve-year term.

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company recognized grant income of \$1,652,476 (2023: \$1,838,311), as a reduction of project-related costs.

At December 31, 2024, the CPRIT grant receivable was \$1,898,470 (2023: \$1,821,559) of which \$1,898,470 (2023: \$1,574,892) related to the reimbursement of project-related costs and \$nil (2023: \$246,667) related to the OCT equipment. The following table shows a reconciliation on the movement of the balances for the year ended December 31, 2024 and year ended December 31, 2023:

	Year ended December 31, 2024		Year ended December 31, 2023	
Balance at beginning of year	\$	1,821,559	\$	1,751,527
Project related expenses		1,652,476		1,838,311
Payments received		(1,575,565)		(1,768,279)
Balance at end of year	\$	1,898,470	\$	1,821,559

Additionally, for the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company recognized grant income of \$144,775 (2023: \$117,231) related to depreciation of OCT equipment used in the project.

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9. DEFERRED REVENUE

Deferred Revenue represents billings to customers in excess of revenue recognized and arise on the sale of consumable inventory, placement of equipment, preventative maintenance services, and warranty contracts. The components of deferred revenue were as follows:

	December 31, 2024		December 31, 2023	
Current:				
Deferred Revenue – Consumables	\$	18,956	\$	-
Deferred Revenue – Exchange Service plan		125,270		-
Total Current	\$	144,226	\$	-
Non-current:				
Deferred Revenue – Exchange Service Plan		205,561		-
Total Non-current	\$	205,561	\$	-
Total	\$	349,787	\$	-

10. REVENUE

	December 31, 2024		December 31, 2023	
Revenue from operating leases	\$	326,382	\$	162,933
Revenue from sale of inventory		487,163		240,600
Preventative maintenance revenue		4,995		-
ESP warranty income		27,654		-
Total revenue	\$	846,194	\$	403,533

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11. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

	OCT Equipment	OCT Equipment (under operating leases)	Leasehold improvement	Research equipment	Computer equipment	Office equipment & Tooling	Right-of- use asset	Construction in Progress	Total
Cost:									
At January 1, 2024	\$ 2,341,656	\$ 872,450	\$ 147,456	\$ 23,486	\$ 54,069	\$ 22,594	\$ 234,305	\$ 764,645	\$ 4,460,661
Additions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,179,315	2,179,315
Transfer	(6,326)	899,166	-	-	-	-	-	(892,840)	-
Disposals	(112,950)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(112,950)
Effect of movement in exchange rates	-	-	(1,862)	(1,880)	(4,327)	(1,808)	(10,263)	-	(20,140)
At December 31, 2024	2,222,380	1,771,616	145,594	21,606	49,742	20,786	224,042	2,051,120	6,506,886
Depreciation:									
At January 1, 2024	\$ 1,003,374	\$ 262,115	\$ 68,352	\$ 21,390	\$ 53,102	\$ 9,750	\$ 81,482	\$ -	\$ 1,499,565
Additions	433,346	219,368	28,214	2,024	398	3,033	43,285	-	729,668
Transfer	(285,007)	285,007	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	(70,304)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(70,304)
Effect of movement in exchange rates	-	-	(425)	(1,808)	(4,273)	(929)	(3,057)	-	(10,493)
At December 31, 2024	1,081,409	766,490	96,141	21,606	49,227	11,854	121,710	-	2,148,436
Net book value:									
At December 31, 2024	\$ 1,140,971	\$ 1,005,126	\$ 49,453	\$ -	\$ 515	\$ 8,932	\$ 102,332	\$ 2,051,120	\$ 4,358,450
	OCT Equipment	OCT Equipment Leased	Leasehold improvement	Research equipment	Computer equipment	Office equipment & Tooling	Right-of- use asset	Construction in Progress	Total
Cost:									
At January 1, 2023	\$ 2,218,950	\$ 555,850	\$ 124,189	\$ 22,933	\$ 55,452	\$ 8,583	\$ 231,285	\$ 766,518	\$ 3,983,760
Additions	-	-	23,266	-	-	13,804	-	437,433	474,503
Transfer	122,706	316,600	-	-	-	-	-	(439,306)	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	(2,655)	-	-	-	(2,655)
Effect of movement in exchange rates	-	-	1	553	1,272	207	3,020	-	5,053
At December 31, 2023	2,341,656	872,450	147,456	23,486	54,069	22,594	234,305	764,645	4,460,661
Depreciation:									
At January 1, 2023	\$ 625,345	\$ 103,956	\$ 37,041	\$ 19,662	\$ 51,120	\$ 8,146	\$ 37,452	\$ -	\$ 882,722
Additions	393,029	143,159	31,320	1,255	1,185	1,405	43,351	-	614,704
Disposals	(15,000)	15,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Effect of movement in exchange rates	-	-	(9)	473	797	199	679	-	2,139
At December 31, 2023	1,003,374	262,115	68,352	21,390	53,102	9,750	81,482	-	1,499,565
Net book value:									
At December 31, 2023	\$ 1,338,282	\$ 610,335	\$ 79,104	\$ 2,096	\$ 967	\$ 12,844	\$ 152,823	\$ 764,645	\$ 2,961,096

Construction in progress consists of OCT equipment which the Company has not deployed to its intended location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner as intended by management. As such, no depreciation has been recorded on this equipment.

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12. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS – FAIR VALUES AND RISK MANAGEMENT**A. Measurement of fair values**

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices unadjusted for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Level 2 – Inputs to valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument.

Level 3 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The warrant liability is comprised of warrants designated as derivatives (see Note 13). The warrant liability is classified as FVTPL and valued using Level 2 fair value hierarchy in the statement of financial position. The valuation technique used for these instruments upon inception was the Black-Scholes option pricing model using a weighted average risk-free rate of the bond-equivalent yield of 1.6 percent, an expected life of the time to maturity of 5 years, and an expected volatility of 80.0 percent.

The valuation technique used to measure the fair value of the warrant liability at December 31, 2024 was the Black-Scholes option pricing model using a weighted average risk-free rate of the bond-equivalent yield of 2.93 percent, an expected life of the time to maturity of 2.07 years, and an expected volatility of 80 percent.

The Company did not have any Level 3 financial instruments or significant unobservable inputs used for the reporting years.

There were no transfers between levels for the years reported.

B. Accounting classification and fair values

The following tables show the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy.

The tables do not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortized cost where the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

December 31, 2024	Note	Carrying Amount			Fair Value		
		Mandatorily at FVTPL	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial liabilities measured at fair value							
Warrant liability	13	\$ (53,182)	(53,182)	-	(53,182)	-	(53,182)
		\$ (53,182)	(53,182)	-	(53,182)	-	(53,182)

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December 31, 2023	Note	Carrying Amount		Fair Value				
		Mandatorily at FVTPL	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Financial assets measured at fair value								
Warrant liability	13	\$	(3,455,939)	(3,455,939)	-	(3,455,939)	-	(3,455,939)
		\$	(3,455,939)	(3,455,939)	-	(3,455,939)	-	(3,455,939)

C. Risk management

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign currency and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. Risk management is the responsibility of the corporate finance function, which has the appropriate skills, experience and supervision. The Company's risk management is coordinated at its headquarters, in close cooperation with the board of directors, and focuses on identifying and analyzing the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management practices and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities.

The most significant financial risks to which the Company is exposed are described below:

i. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Components of market risk to which the Company is exposed are discussed below. Financial instruments affected by market risk primarily include cash and cash equivalents, and accounts payable.

Foreign currency risk

The Company is exposed to transactional foreign currency risk to the extent that there is a mismatch between the currencies in which purchases are denominated and the Canadian dollar, the functional currency of the Company. The currency in which these transactions are primarily denominated is US dollars.

Foreign currency sensitivity analysis

As at December 31, 2024, the Company's net exposure to currency risk through its current assets and liabilities denominated in US dollars was \$4,810,070 (2023: \$11,370,190). An appreciation (depreciation) of the Canadian dollar against the US dollar would have resulted in an increase (decrease) of approximately \$345,755 (2023: \$751,911) in the Company's comprehensive loss as a result of the Company's net exposure to currency risk through its current assets and current liabilities denominated in US dollars. This analysis is based on a foreign currency exchange rate variance of 5% which the Company considered to be reasonably possible at the end of the reporting period. The analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant. The Company's net exposure to other foreign currencies is not significant.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company does not have any significant exposure to

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interest rate risk.

ii. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument fails to discharge an obligation and causes financial loss to another party. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating and from financing activities, including cash deposits with banks and financial institutions and accounts receivables from customers and the government. The maximum exposure to credit risk is equal to the carrying value of the financial assets. The objective of managing counterparty credit risk is to prevent losses in financial assets. The Company assesses the credit quality of the counterparties, considering their financial position, experience, and other factors. Credit risk is mitigated by entering into agreements with only stable, creditworthy parties and through frequent reviews of exposures to individual entities. The credit risk in respect of cash balances held with banks and deposits with banks are only with major reputable financial institutions.

The Company assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 60 days past due. The Company considers a financial asset to be in default when the debtor is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Company in full, without recourse by the Company to actions such as realising security (if any is held). At December 31, 2024, \$66,470 (2023: \$9,900) was owing more than 60 days past due which represents 17% (2023 - 27%) of the total accounts receivable balance of \$390,525 as of December 31, 2024 (2023: \$36,900).

iii. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation. The Company attempts to meet financial obligations through managing cash from operations and financing activities and through cash on hand.

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The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 based on contractual undiscounted payments:

December 31, 2024	Note	Carrying Amount	Total	Contractual cash flows			
				2 months or less	3-12 months	1-2 years	Thereafter
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		\$ 3,331,027	3,331,027	3,331,027	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	17	137,484	181,105	12,075	61,384	93,802	13,844
		\$ 3,468,511	3,512,132	3,343,102	61,384	93,802	13,844

December 31, 2023	Note	Carrying Amount	Total	Contractual cash flows			
				2 months or less	3-12 months	1-2 years	Thereafter
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		\$ 1,682,958	1,682,958	1,682,958	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	17	192,894	254,122	12,006	60,700	73,600	107,816
		\$ 1,875,852	1,937,080	1,694,964	60,700	73,600	107,816

D. Capital management

Management's objective when managing capital is to ensure the Company has sufficient liquidity to meet its commitments and to support the cash requirements for ongoing operations. Management defines capital as shareholders' equity, short-term and long-term borrowings and cash. Management manages the Company's capital structure commitments and maturities and adjusts based on general economic conditions, financial markets and operating risks, and the Company's investment and working capital requirements. To maintain or adjust the Company's capital structure, management may, with approval from the Company's board of directors, issue shares, repurchase shares, issue or repay debt and/or short-term borrowings, or undertake other activities as deemed appropriate under the circumstances. The Board of Directors reviews and approves any material transactions that are not part of the ordinary course of business, including proposals for financing transactions.

13. SHARE CAPITAL**A. Authorized**

Unlimited common shares without par value.

B. Share capital

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All common shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets. Holders of these shares are entitled to one vote per share at general meetings of the Company.

Issuance of Common Shares for cash

On September 30, 2024, the Company executed a private placement of 23,470,560 common shares for gross proceeds of \$7,294,936 (CAD\$ 9,857,635) (the "Initial Closing") on a non-brokered basis at a price of \$0.31 (CAD\$0.42) per share.

On October 25, 2024, the Company executed the second portion of a private placement of 4,846,501 Common Shares for gross proceeds of \$1,483,896 (CAD\$2,054,795) ("Second Closing") on a non-brokered basis of \$0.31 (CAD\$0.42) per share.

In connection with the private placement, the Company paid legal fees of \$86,371 (CAD\$117,708) and finders fee of \$38,481 (CAD\$53,285) for a resulting net proceeds of \$8,653,980 (CAD\$11,731,235).

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company issued 143,960 common shares on the exercise of share purchase options with a weighted-average exercise price of \$0.04 (CAD\$0.05) per share for proceeds of \$86 (CAD\$120). In relation to the exercise, the fair value of the options of \$123,361 (CAD\$172,752) was reallocated from contributed surplus to share capital.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company issued 594,235 common shares on the exercise of share purchase options with a weighted-average exercise price of \$0.84 (CAD\$1.17) per share for proceeds of \$519,316 (CAD\$697,460). In relation to the exercises, the fair value of the options of \$466,237 (CAD\$625,666) was reallocated from contributed surplus to share capital.

On January 27, 2022, the Company executed a private placement of units (each, a "Unit") for gross proceeds of \$38,314,649 (CAD\$48,702,999), \$29,326,222 (CAD\$37,277,517) after issuing costs and allocation of transaction price to warrants (the "Private Placement") on a non-brokered basis at a price of \$2.36 (CAD\$3.00) per Unit for a total of 16,234,333 Units. Each Unit consisted of one common share and a total of one warrant ("Warrant") to purchase an additional Common Share. Of the Warrants issued in the Private Placement, 80.0 percent have a strike price of \$3.14 (CAD\$3.99) and 20.0 percent have a strike price of \$3.54 (CAD\$4.50).

Half of the Warrants at each strike price are subject to accelerated expiry if the 60-day volume weighted average trading price of Perimeter's Common Shares is greater than the strike price during the applicable period. Due to the Company's option to accelerate the expiry of these Warrants, and that there will be a fixed number of common shares issued for a fixed amount, the relative standalone fair value of these Warrants is included in the common share equity portion of the transaction price.

The other half of the Warrants are not subject to accelerated expiry, and instead they may be exercised at the option of the holder for cash or exercised the warrants using a cashless exercise feature at any time prior to expiry. Due to the holder's option to exercise on a cashless basis, the number of common shares to be issued upon exercise is not fixed. As such, at January 27, 2022, the relative standalone fair value proportion of the transaction price of these Warrants was \$8,268,490 (CAD\$11,199,362) and allocated to warrant liability and classified as FVTPL. At December 31, 2024, the warrant liability was revalued at \$53,182 (2023: \$3,455,939) refer to Note 12A for assumptions. The revaluation of the warrant liability resulted in a gain of \$3,289,562 (2023: \$2,657,744) for the year

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ended December 31, 2024, which is recorded in net finance income.

Subject to the accelerated expiry clause described above, all Warrants will expire on January 27, 2027.

C. Warrants

The following schedule summarizes the warrant transactions for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023:

	December 31, 2024		December 31, 2023	
	Number of warrants	Weighted-average exercise price	Number of warrants	Weighted-average exercise price
Outstanding at January 1	16,561,674	\$ 3.17	18,687,871	\$ 2.97
Expired	(199,080)	0.90	(2,126,197)	1.41
Outstanding as of December 31	16,362,594	\$ 3.20	16,561,674	\$ 3.17

At December 31, 2024, warrants were outstanding enabling holders to acquire common shares as follows:

Exercise price \$	Number of warrants outstanding	Weighted-average remaining contractual life (years)
0.88- 0.96	128,261	0.02
3.14	12,987,466	1.65
3.54	3,246,867	0.41
	16,362,594	

Options

The Company may grant stock options pursuant to a Stock Option Plan (the "Plan"). The Board of Directors administers the Plan, pursuant to which the Board of Directors may grant to directors, officers, employees, consultants, and advisors from time-to-time stock options not to exceed 20 percent of the shares of the Company calculated at the date of shareholder approval. The options can be granted for a maximum of 10 years and vest at the discretion of the Board of Directors.

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The following schedule summarizes the share purchase option transactions for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023:

	December 31, 2024		December 31, 2023	
	Number of options	Weighted-average exercise price	Number of options	Weighted-average exercise price
Outstanding at January 1,	7,421,166	\$ 1.20	6,199,658	\$ 1.40
Granted	1,778,177	0.52	5,243,408	1.14
Exercised	(143,960)	0.0003	(594,235)	0.84
Forfeited	(490,118)	1.18	(3,427,665)	1.52
Outstanding at December 31	8,565,265	\$ 1.09	7,421,166	\$ 1.20
Exercisable at December 31	4,477,058	\$ 1.46	2,453,488	\$ 1.28

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company:

- i. On April 3, 2024, granted 1,333,177 stock options to certain directors, officers, consultants, and employees of the Company with an exercise price of \$0.63 (CAD \$0.85) per share and vest as follows:
 - a. For 1,058,177 options, 25% will vest on the one-year anniversary of the grant date and the remaining options will vest monthly in 1/48th increments over the following 3 years.
 - b. For 5,000 options, 25% will vest immediately and the remaining options will vest monthly in 1/48th increments over the following 3 years.
 - c. For 270,000 options, 100% will vest on the one-year anniversary of the grant date.
- ii. On May 17, 2024, granted 117,500 options to certain consultants and employees of the Company with an exercise price of \$0.41 (CAD \$0.56) per share and will vest as follows:
 - a. For 17,500 options, 25% will vest on the one-year anniversary of the grant date and the remaining options vest monthly in 1/48th increments over the following 3 years.
 - b. For 50,000 options, 100% will vest on the one-year anniversary of the grant date.
 - c. For 50,000 options, 100% will vest upon successful completion of their contract.
- iii. On August 20, 2024, granted 105,000 options to certain consultants and employees of the Company with an exercise price of \$0.28 (CAD \$0.38) per share. 25% of these options will vest on the one-year anniversary of the grant date and the remaining options vest monthly in 1/48th increments over the following 3 years.
- iv. On December 18, 2024, granted 222,500 options to certain employees of the company with an exercise price of \$0.33 (CAD \$0.46) per share.
 - a. For 217,500, 25% will vest on the one-year anniversary of the grant date and the remaining options vest monthly in 1/48th increments over the following 3 years.
 - b. For 5,000 shares, 25% will vest immediately upon grant date, and the remaining options vest monthly in 1/48th increments over the following 3 years.

All options expire 10 years from the date of issuance.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company:

- i. On March 23, 2023, granted 1,510,000 stock options ("options") to certain directors, officers, consultants, and employees of the Company with an exercise price of \$1.16 (CAD \$1.58) per share. Of the 1,510,000 options, 1,145,000 options vest over a period of four years and 365,000 options vest after one year. All options expire after 10 years from date of issuance. On September 13, 2023, the

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Board of Directors approved an amendment to the options vesting schedules of 1,145,000 options ("amended options") issued to employees of the Company, to better reflect the Company's intended vesting schedule and to encourage employee retention. 25% of the amended options vest on the one-year anniversary of the grant and the remaining amended options vest monthly in 1/48th increments over the following 3 years.

- ii. On August 23, 2023, granted 100,000 options to certain consultants with an exercise price of \$1.48 (CAD \$2.00), which vest over one year. These options expire after three years.
- iii. On September 13, 2023, granted 3,523,408 options to certain directors, officers, consultants, and employees with an exercise price of \$1.13 (CAD \$1.53) per share. Of the 3,523,408 options, 50,000 options vest by December 31, 2023, 90,000 options vest over a period of one year. Of the remaining 3,383,408, 25% of the options vest on the one-year anniversary of the grant and the remaining options vest monthly in 1/48th increments over the following 3 years. All options expire after 10 years from date of issuance.
- iv. On December 18, 2023, granted 110,000 options to certain employees of the Company with an exercise price of \$0.64 (CAD \$0.88) per share. 25% of the options will vest on the one-year anniversary of the grant and the remaining options will vest monthly in 1/48th increments over the following 3 years.

All options expire after 10 years from date of issuance, except as noted.

As at December 31, 2024, options were outstanding enabling holders to acquire common shares as follows:

Exercise price \$	Number of options outstanding	Weighted-average remaining contractual life (years)	Number of options exercisable
0-0.59	445,000	9.69	51,250
0.6-0.89	1,608,651	8.17	275,749
0.9-1.1	1,138,746	4.54	1,138,749
1.13	3,242,679	8.71	1,274,091
1.16	951,281	8.23	558,313
1.44-1.51	475,001	6.40	400,000
2.31	703,906	6.83	778,907
	8,565,264		4,477,059

The share purchase options granted during the year ended December 31, 2024 were valued using the Black-Scholes option pricing model using a weighted average risk-free rate of 3.15 percent, a weighted-average share price of 0.42, a weighted-average expected life of 7 years, an expected annualized volatility of 100 percent, and an expected dividend rate of 0.0 percent. The weighted average fair value per option was \$0.35.

The share purchase options granted during the year ended December 31, 2023 were valued using the Black-Scholes option pricing model using a weighted average risk-free rate of 3.43 percent, a weighted-average expected life of 7 years, an expected annualized volatility of 109 percent, and an expected dividend rate of 0.0 percent. The weighted average fair value per option was \$1.26.

14. NET FINANCE INCOME (EXPENSE)

Finance income (expense) for the reporting years consist of the following:

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	Year ended December 31,	
	2024	2023
Interest expense on government debt	\$ -	\$ (114,121)
Interest expense on lease liabilities	(26,088)	(30,322)
Revaluation gain on warrant liability	3,289,562	2,657,744
Other finance income	298,945	725,575
	\$ 3,562,419	\$ 3,238,876

15. INCOME TAXES

The income taxes recognized in profit or loss are as follows:

	Year ended December 31,	
	2024	2023
Deferred tax expense (recovery)	-	-
Origination and reversal of temporary differences of continuing operations	278,000	1,146,000
Change in unrecognized losses and deductible temporary differences	(278,000)	(1,146,000)
Total income tax expense (recovery)	-	-

The provision for income taxes reported differs from the amounts computed by applying statutory Canadian federal and provincial tax rates to the loss before tax due to the following:

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
(Loss) for the year before income taxes	\$ (13,393,928)	\$ (14,035,994)
Statutory tax rates	26.5%	26.5%
Recovery of income taxes computed at statutory rates	\$ (3,549,391)	\$ (3,719,538)
Non-deductible (non-taxable) items	(352,620)	(337,876)
Differing tax rates in foreign jurisdictions	(192,000)	(157,000)
Adjustment of prior year tax estimates	70,342	105,000
Change in unrecognized deferred tax assets	3,535,544	3,982,250
Impact of foreign exchange and other	488,125	127,164
Total income tax expense (recovery)	\$ -	\$ -

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The Company's recognized deferred tax assets and liabilities are as follows:

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Deferred tax assets		
Tax Losses	\$ 840,000	\$ 1,104,000
Lease Liability	28,000	42,000
Deferred tax liabilities		
Property and Equipment	(840,000)	(1,104,000)
Leased Assets	(28,000)	(42,000)
Net deferred tax asset (liability)	\$ -	\$ -

The Company has the following deductible temporary differences for which no deferred tax assets have been recognized:

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Tax losses	\$ 63,988,000	\$ 52,008,000
Other deductible temporary differences	\$ 4,328,324	\$ 6,288,186
Total	\$ 68,316,324	\$ 58,296,186

At December 31, 2024, the Company has unrecognized tax loss carry forwards in Canada aggregating to \$27,111,000 (2023: \$27,493,000) which expire over the period between 2032 and 2043 and are available to offset future taxable income in Canada.

At December 31, 2024 the Company has unrecognized tax loss carry forwards in United States of America aggregating to \$36,877,000 (2023: \$24,515,000) which carry forward indefinitely and are available to offset future taxable income in the United States of America.

Other deductible temporary differences do not expire.

Tax attributes are subject to review, and potential adjustment, by tax authorities.

16. LOSS PER SHARE

Both the basic and diluted loss per share have been calculated using the loss attributable to shareholders of the Company as the numerator, i.e., no adjustments to profit were necessary in 2024 or 2023.

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The following details the loss per share calculations, basic and diluted, for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023:

	Year ended	
	2024	2023
Loss attributable to common shareholders (basic and diluted)	\$ (13,393,928)	\$ (14,035,994)
Weighted average number of common shares (in number of common shares):		
Beginning of the period	64,671,258	64,458,586
Shares issued on exercise of options	17,482	212,672
Shares issued - private placement	6,805,499	-
Basic and diluted	71,494,239	64,671,258
Loss per share:		
Basic and diluted	\$ (0.19)	\$ (0.22)

As the Company experienced a loss in both years, all potential common shares outstanding from dilutive securities are considered anti-dilutive and are excluded from the calculation of loss per share. Potential anti-dilutive securities outstanding not included in earnings per share (EPS) calculations at December 31, 2024 are shares issuable on the exercise of warrants, 16,362,594 (2023: 16,561,674); and of options, 9,194,133 (2023: 7,421,166).

17. LEASE LIABILITIES

During the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company had two leases of office space. The first lease was entered into on April 1, 2021 with a five-year term; and, the second lease was entered on December 15, 2022 with a term of 5.5 years expiring on June 30, 2028.

Information about leases for which the Company is a lessee is presented below:

Office Space	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Balance at January 1	\$ 192,894	\$ 205,639
Lease payments	(72,229)	(45,537)
Interest expense	26,088	30,322
Effect of movement in exchange rates	(9,269)	2,470
Balance at end of year	\$ 137,484	\$ 192,894
Less: current	46,813	50,565
Non-current	90,671	142,329

18. RELATED PARTIES**Transactions with key management personnel**

As at December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company has no receivable or payable amounts with key management personnel or directors.

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Key management personnel compensation

	December 31, 2024		December 31, 2023	
Short-term employment benefits	\$	1,005,625	\$	1,008,701
Director's fees		284,217		291,156
Share based payments		1,160,490		722,304
Total	\$	2,450,332	\$	2,022,161

Short-term employment benefits of the Company's key management personnel include salaries and non-cash benefits. Key management personnel also participate in the Company's share option program (see Note 13).

19. EXPENSES BY NATURE

The following are the classification of expenses for the year ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 by nature of expenses:

	December 31, 2024		December 31, 2023	
Operating Expenses				
Employment costs	\$	10,621,299	\$	8,970,396
Stock-based compensation		1,904,123		1,463,472
Subcontractors and consulting fees		1,892,338		1,207,982
Professional fees		1,124,322		1,218,871
Advertising and promotion		816,059		828,249
Research and development		530,286		656,677
General and administrative		1,986,869		1,890,587
Depreciation		510,295		471,545
Total operating expenses	\$	19,385,591	\$	16,707,779

20. Commitments

As at December 31, 2024, the Company has a contract to purchase OCT equipment from a medical equipment supplier amounting to \$1,025,560. As of December 31, 2024, the Company had \$700,000 in deposits on hold to credit against the purchase order.