

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

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HUNTINGTON BANCSHARES INCORPORATED REPORTS 2020 FIRST QUARTER EARNINGS

Results Include 8% Year-Over-Year Increase in Tangible Book Value Per Common Share

COLUMBUS, Ohio – Huntington Bancshares Incorporated (Nasdaq: HBAN; www.huntington.com) reported net income for the 2020 first quarter of \$48 million, a decrease of 87% from the year-ago quarter. Earnings per common share for the 2020 first quarter were \$0.03, down 91% from the year-ago quarter. Tangible book value per common share as of 2020 first quarter-end was \$8.28, an 8% year-over-year increase. Return on average assets was 0.17%, return on average common equity was 1.1%, and return on average tangible common equity was 1.8%. Results were impacted by elevated credit provisioning related to the deteriorating economic outlook.

CEO Commentary:

"At Huntington, our purpose is to look out for people. Our sympathy is with all those impacted by COVID-19 and their families, and our deep gratitude and sincere appreciation goes out to all the healthcare workers, and all 'essential' workers, who are the heroes on the front lines each and every day. During this unprecedented time, we are proud to play an important role in the collective efforts within our communities to help our colleagues, customers, and others manage through the economic challenges that have developed out of the COVID-19 public health crisis," said Steve Steinour, chairman, president, and CEO. "From the outset, our first priority has been the health and safety of our colleagues and customers. With more than 80 percent of our colleagues working from home and more than 700 colleagues redeployed to help in keys areas across the bank, I am pleased with our ability to effectively adapt our businesses to meet the current challenges and adjust to changing customer needs. I am especially proud of our colleagues who have done a wonderful job continuing to serve our customers through branch locations and operations centers. And for all colleagues, we acted quickly by adding new benefits such as paid emergency leave and emergency childcare time off, as well as increased wellness and safety provisions for our colleagues. We then rolled out relief programs for customers to help them during these challenging times, and lastly, we dedicated funding for vital community organizations."

"In addition, as the nation's No. 1 SBA lender, we have a unique opportunity to support and, in some cases, stabilize our small business customers. As of April 16 when the SBA announced the fund had been exhausted, we helped almost 26,000 small businesses with applications totaling more than \$6 billion of loans through the SBA's Paycheck Protection Program. We similarly have focused on aiding our medium and large business customers. Over the past weeks, we have seen draws on commercial lines and inflows of commercial deposits, as illustrated in the quarter-end balances, as these businesses fortified their own balance sheets."

"The many relief measures we implemented in the early days of the pandemic have helped to reduce the economic burden on both consumers and businesses. We suspended late fees, established payment deferral programs, and suspended repossession and foreclosure activity, among others," Steinour said. "Through last Friday, we have helped more than 51,000 consumer, 3,000 business banking, and 700 commercial customers

through our deferral programs. Our relief programs will cost us revenue in the near term, but these are long-term investments in our customer relationships as a continuation of our Fair Play Banking philosophy introduced a decade ago, which strengthened customer loyalty and increased new customer acquisition. These actions are consistent with our purpose, and we will continue to support our customers and communities during these hard times."

Steinour concluded, "One of the most challenging aspects of this crisis, aside from the incredible human toll, is the uncertainty of not knowing how long it will last or how severe it will be. Huntington has been preparing for an economic downturn for years and entered this environment from a position of strength. We have strong capital and robust liquidity, our overall asset quality remains strong, and our core earnings power is solid. We have a foundation of disciplined enterprise risk management. We are being thoughtful, measured, and deliberate in our actions to adapt to the challenging operating environment, as we continue to make necessary investments for the future. We remain optimistic about the opportunities ahead, for Huntington and for our customers."

2020 First Quarter Highlights compared with 2019 First Quarter:

- Fully-taxable equivalent total revenue increased \$9 million, or 1%.
- Fully-taxable equivalent net interest income decreased \$33 million, or 4%.
- Net interest margin decreased 25 basis points to 3.14%.
- Noninterest income increased \$42 million, or 13%, driven by a \$37 million, or 176%, increase in mortgage banking income.
- Noninterest expense decreased \$1 million, or less than 1%.
- Efficiency ratio of 55.4%, down from 55.8%.
- Average loans and leases increased \$0.9 billion, or 1%, year-over-year, including a \$0.7 billion, or 2%, increase in average consumer loans and a \$0.2 billion, or less than 1%, increase in average commercial loans.
- Average core deposits increased \$0.5 billion, or 1%, year-over-year.
- Net charge-offs equated to 0.62% of average loans and leases, up from 0.38%.
- Nonperforming asset ratio of 0.75%, up from 0.61%.
- Provision for credit losses increased \$374 million year-over-year to \$441 million.
- Allowance for loan and lease losses (ALLL) increased \$740 million to \$1.5 billion, or 1.93% of total loans and leases; allowance for credit losses (ACL) increased to \$1.6 billion, or 2.05% of total loans and leases.
- Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) risk-based capital ratio of 9.47%, down from 9.84% and consistent with our 9% to 10% operating guideline.
- Tangible common equity (TCE) ratio of 7.52%, down from 7.57%.
- Tangible book value per common share increased \$0.61, or 8%, to \$8.28.
- Repurchased \$88 million of common stock (7.1 million shares at an average price of \$12.38 per share).

Table 1 – Earnings Performance Summary

		2020		2019							
		First		Fourth		Third		Second		First	
(in millions, except per share data)		Quarter		Quarter		Quarter		Quarter		Quarter	
Net Income	\$	48	\$	317	\$	372	\$	364	\$	358	
Diluted earnings per common share		0.03		0.28		0.34		0.33		0.32	
Return on average assets		0.17%	ò	1.15%	5	1.37%	•	1.36%	•	1.35%	
Return on average common equity		1.1		11.1		13.4		13.5		13.8	
Return on average tangible common equity		1.8		14.3		17.3		17.7		18.3	
Net interest margin		3.14		3.12		3.20		3.31		3.39	
Efficiency ratio		55.4		58.4		54.7		57.6		55.8	
Tangible book value per common share	\$	8.28	\$	8.25	\$	8.25	\$	7.97	\$	7.67	
Cash dividends declared per common share		0.15		0.15		0.15		0.14		0.14	
Average diluted shares outstanding		1,035		1,047		1,051		1,060		1,066	
Average earning assets	\$	101,783	Ś	100,062	Ś	99,692	Ś	99,188	\$	99,212	
Average loans and leases	ڔ	75,696	٧	75,103	ڔ	75,096	ڔ	74,932	ڔ	74,775	
Average core deposits		79,528		79,690		79,335		78,723		79,033	
·				·		,		·		·	
Tangible common equity / tangible assets ratio		7.52%	,)	7.88%	,)	8.00%)	7.80%)	7.57%	
Common equity Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio		9.47		9.88		10.02		9.88		9.84	
NCOs as a % of average loans and leases		0.62%	,)	0.39%	,)	0.39%		0.25%		0.38%	
NAL ratio		0.72		0.62		0.58		0.57		0.56	
ACL as a % of total loans and leases		2.05		1.18		1.18		1.17		1.15	

Net Interest Income, Net Interest Margin, and Average Balance Sheet

Table 2 – Net Interest Income and Net Interest Margin Performance Summary – Year-over-Year Net Interest Margin Compression Outpaced Increase in Average Earning Assets

		2020	2019									
		First		Fourth		Third		Second		First	Chang	e (%)
(\$ in millions)	(Quarter	Qu	arter	Qι	uarter	_ (Quarter	(Quarter	LQ	YOY
Net interest income	\$	790	\$	780	\$	799	\$	812	\$	822	1 %	(4)%
FTE adjustment		6		6		6		7		7	0	(14)
Net interest income - FTE		796		786		805		819		829	1	(4)
Noninterest income		361		372		389		374		319	(3)	13
Total revenue - FTE	\$	1,157	\$	1,158	\$	1,194	\$	1,193	\$	1,148	- %	1 %

				_	Change	e (bp)
				_	LQ	YOY
3.88%	4.03%	4.21%	4.35%	4.40%	(15)	(52)
4.29	4.47	4.67	4.80	4.85	(18)	(56)
2.64	2.68	2.74	2.79	2.86	(4)	(22)
0.98	1.24	1.36	1.39	1.35	(26)	(37)
0.68	0.87	0.98	0.97	0.94	(19)	(26)
2.90	2.79	2.85	2.96	3.05	11	(15)
0.24	0.33	0.35	0.35	0.34	(9)	(10)
3.14%	3.12%	3.20%	3.31%	3.39%	2	(25)
	4.29 2.64 0.98 0.68 2.90 0.24	4.29 4.47 2.64 2.68 0.98 1.24 0.68 0.87 2.90 2.79 0.24 0.33	4.29 4.47 4.67 2.64 2.68 2.74 0.98 1.24 1.36 0.68 0.87 0.98 2.90 2.79 2.85 0.24 0.33 0.35	4.29 4.47 4.67 4.80 2.64 2.68 2.74 2.79 0.98 1.24 1.36 1.39 0.68 0.87 0.98 0.97 2.90 2.79 2.85 2.96 0.24 0.33 0.35 0.35	4.29 4.47 4.67 4.80 4.85 2.64 2.68 2.74 2.79 2.86 0.98 1.24 1.36 1.39 1.35 0.68 0.87 0.98 0.97 0.94 2.90 2.79 2.85 2.96 3.05 0.24 0.33 0.35 0.35 0.34	3.88% 4.03% 4.21% 4.35% 4.40% (15) 4.29 4.47 4.67 4.80 4.85 (18) 2.64 2.68 2.74 2.79 2.86 (4) 0.98 1.24 1.36 1.39 1.35 (26) 0.68 0.87 0.98 0.97 0.94 (19) 2.90 2.79 2.85 2.96 3.05 11 0.24 0.33 0.35 0.35 0.34 (9)

See Pages 6-8 of Quarterly Financial Supplement for additional detail.

Fully-taxable equivalent (FTE) net interest income for the 2020 first quarter decreased \$33 million, or 4%, from the 2019 first quarter. This reflected a 25 basis point decrease in the FTE net interest margin (NIM) to 3.14%, partially offset by the benefit from a \$2.6 billion, or 3%, increase in average earning assets. The NIM compression reflected a 52 basis point year-over-year decrease in average earning asset yields and a 10 basis point decrease in the benefit from noninterest-bearing funds, partially offset by a 37 basis point decrease in average interest-bearing liability costs. The decrease in earning asset yields was primarily driven by the impact of lower interest rates in the quarter on commercial and home equity loan yields. The decrease in average interest-bearing liability costs primarily reflects lower interest-bearing deposit costs (down 26 basis points) and lower long-term debt costs (down 128 basis points), both reflecting the impact of lower interest rates.

Compared to the 2019 fourth quarter, FTE net interest income increased \$10 million, or 1%, reflecting NIM expansion of 2 basis points and a 2% increase in average earning assets. The NIM expansion reflected a 26 basis point decrease in average interest-bearing liability costs partially offset by a 15 basis point decrease in average earning asset yields and a 9 basis point decrease in the benefit from noninterest-bearing funds. The decrease in average interest-bearing liability costs primarily reflects lower interest-bearing deposit costs (down 19 basis points) and lower long-term debt costs (down 80 basis points), both reflecting the impact of lower interest rates. Long-term debt costs in the 2020 first quarter also benefited from approximately \$10 million of derivative ineffectiveness. The decrease in earning asset yields was primarily driven by the impact of lower interest rates in the quarter on commercial and home equity loan yields.

Table 3 – Average Earning Assets – Securities, Residential Mortgage, and Automobile Loan Growth Drive Year-over-year Earning Asset Growth

	2020		2				
	First	Fourth	Fourth Third		First	Chang	ge (%)
(\$ in billions)	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	LQ	YOY
Commercial and industrial	\$ 30.8	\$ 30.4	\$ 30.6	\$ 30.6	\$ 30.5	2%	1%
Commercial real estate	6.7	6.8	6.9	6.9	6.9	(1)	(2)
Total commercial	37.6	37.2	37.6	37.5	37.4	1	0
Automobile	12.9	12.6	12.2	12.2	12.4	3	5
Home equity	9.0	9.2	9.4	9.5	9.6	(2)	(6)
Residential mortgage	11.4	11.3	11.2	11.0	10.8	1	6
RV and marine	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.4	3.3	1	9
Other consumer	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	(4)	(8)
Total consumer	38.1	37.9	37.5	37.4	37.4	1	2
Total loans and leases	75.7	75.1	75.1	74.9	74.8	1	1
Total securities	24.4	23.2	23.1	22.9	23.1	5	5
Held-for-sale and other earning assets	1.7	1.8	1.5	1.4	1.3	(6)	29
Total earning assets	\$ 101.8	\$ 100.1	\$ 99.7	\$ 99.2	\$ 99.2	2%	3%

See Page 6 of Quarterly Financial Supplement for additional detail.

Average earning assets for the 2020 first quarter increased \$2.6 billion, or 3%, from the year-ago quarter, primarily reflecting a \$1.3 billion, or 5%, increase in average total securities and a \$0.9 billion, or 1%, increase in average total loans and leases. The increase in average total securities primarily reflected portfolio growth and the mark-to-market of the available-for-sale portfolio. Average residential mortgage loans increased \$0.6 billion, or 6%, reflecting robust portfolio mortgage production over the past four quarters. Average automobile loans increased \$0.6 billion, or 5%, driven by strong production over the past two quarters. Partially offsetting these increases, average home equity loans and lines of credit decreased \$0.6 billion, or 6%, reflecting a shift in consumer preferences.

Compared to the 2019 fourth quarter, average earning assets increased \$1.7 billion, or 2%, primarily reflecting a \$1.2 billion, or 5%, increase in average total securities and a \$0.6 billion, or 1%, increase in average total loans and leases. The increase in average total securities primarily reflected portfolio growth. Average commercial and industrial (C&I) loans increased \$0.5 billion, or 2%, reflecting growth in corporate banking, asset finance, and dealer floorplan.

While not materially impacting average balances for the 2020 first quarter, period-end total loans increased \$2.6 billion, or 3%, compared to 2019 year-end. This increase was driven by a \$2.3 billion, or 7%, increase in commercial loans, primarily reflecting draws on commercial lines of credit in late March related to customer reaction to the COVID-19 pandemic.

On June 14, 2019, Huntington completed the sale of the Wisconsin retail branches, which included \$117 million of loans held-for-sale.

Table 4 – Average Liabilities – Money Market and Interest-Bearing Demand Drive Continued Year-over-Year Growth in Core Deposits

		2020 2019										
		First	Fourth		Thi	ird	d Second		First		Change	: (%)
(\$ in billions)	Q	uarter	Quarte	r	Quarter		Quarter		(Quarter	LQ	YOY
Demand deposits - noninterest-bearing	\$	20.1	\$ 20	.6	\$	19.9	\$	19.8	\$	19.9	(3)%	1 %
Demand deposits - interest-bearing		21.2	20	.1		19.8		19.7		19.8	5	7
Total demand deposits		41.3	40	.7		39.7		39.5		39.7	1	4
Money market deposits		24.7	24	.6		24.3		23.3		22.9	1	8
Savings and other domestic deposits		9.6	9	.6		9.7		10.1		10.3	1	(7)
Core certificates of deposit		3.9	4	.8		5.7		5.9		6.1	(18)	(35)
Total core deposits	<u> </u>	79.5	79	.7		79.3		78.7		79.0	0	1
Other domestic deposits of \$250,000 or more		0.3	0	.3		0.3		0.3		0.3	3	(4)
Brokered deposits and negotiable CDs		2.9	2	.6		2.6		2.7		3.4	11	(15)
Total deposits	\$	82.7	\$ 82	.6	\$	82.2	\$	81.7	\$	82.7	0 %	0 %
			- <u> </u>						/			
Short-term borrowings	\$	3.4	\$ 2	.0	\$	2.3	\$	3.2	\$	2.3	72 %	46 %
Long-term debt		10.1	9	.9		9.5		8.9		9.0	2	12
Total debt	\$	13.5	\$ 11	.9	\$	11.8	\$	12.1	\$	11.3	13 %	19 %
Total interest-bearing liabilities	\$	76.1	\$ 73	.8	\$	74.2	\$	74.0	\$	74.1	3 %	3 %

See Page 6 of Quarterly Financial Supplement for additional detail.

Average total interest-bearing liabilities for the 2020 first quarter increased \$2.0 billion, or 3%, from the year-ago quarter. Average total debt increased \$2.2 billion, or 19%, to fund the increase in the size of our securities portfolio as part of our interest rate hedging strategy. Average total deposits remained flat, while average total core deposits increased \$0.5 billion, or 1%. Average money market deposits increased \$1.8 billion, or 8%, reflecting growth driven by promotional pricing and a continued shift in consumer product mix. Average total demand deposits increased \$1.5 billion, or 4%, primarily driven by commercial interest-bearing demand deposit growth. Partially offsetting these increases, average core certificates of deposit (CDs) decreased \$2.1 billion, or 35%, reflecting the maturity of the balances related to the 2018 consumer deposit growth initiatives. Savings and other domestic deposits decreased \$0.7 billion, or 7%, primarily reflecting a continued shift in consumer product mix. Average brokered deposits and negotiable CDs decreased \$0.5 billion, or 15%, reflecting the maturity of brokered CDs in the 2019 first quarter.

Compared to the 2019 fourth quarter, average total interest-bearing liabilities increased \$2.3 billion, or 3%. Average total debt increased \$1.6 billion, or 14%, to fund the increase in the size of our securities portfolio as part of our interest rate hedging strategy. Average total demand deposits increased \$0.5 billion, or 1%, primarily driven by commercial interest-bearing demand deposit growth. Average core CDs decreased \$0.9 billion, or 18%, reflecting the maturity of the balances related to the 2018 consumer deposit growth initiatives.

While not materially impacting average balances for the 2020 first quarter, period-end total deposits increased \$4.5 billion, or 5%, compared to 2019 year-end. This increase was driven by a \$3.3 billion, or 8%, increase in demand deposits, primarily reflecting commercial deposit inflows in late March and seasonal government banking deposit inflows, and a \$1.3 billion, or 51%, increase in brokered deposits.

On June 14, 2019, Huntington completed the sale of the Wisconsin retail branches, which included \$725 million of deposits.

Noninterest Income

Table 5 - Noninterest Income - Mortgage Banking and Capital Markets Fuel Growth in Noninterest Income

	2020								
	 First	Fourth		Third	Second	First		Chang	e (%)
(\$ in millions)	 Quarter	Quarter		Quarter	Quarter	Quar	ter	LQ	YOY
Service charges on deposit accounts	\$ 87	\$ 95		\$ 98	\$ 92	\$	87	(8)%	0%
Card and payment processing income	58	64	ļ	64	63		56	(9)	4
Mortgage banking income	58	58	3	54	34		21	0	176
Trust and investment management services	47	47		44	43		44	0	7_
Insurance income	23	24	ļ	20	23		21	(4)	10
Capital markets fees	33	31		36	34		22	6	50
Bank owned life insurance income	16	17	,	18	15		16	(6)	0
Gain on sale of loans and leases	8	16	j	13	13		13	(50)	(38)
Net (losses) gains on sales of securities	0	(22	2)	0	(2)		0	NM	NM
Other noninterest income	31	42	:	42	59		39	(26)	(21)
Total noninterest income	\$ 361	\$ 372	· :	\$ 389	\$ 374	\$	319	(3)%	13%

See Pages 9-10 of Quarterly Financial Supplement for additional detail.

Total noninterest income for the 2020 first quarter increased \$42 million, or 13%, from the year-ago quarter. Mortgage banking income increased \$37 million, or 176%, primarily reflecting an 86% increase in salable mortgage originations, higher secondary marketing spreads, and a \$7 million increase in income from net mortgage servicing rights (MSR) risk management. Capital markets fees increased \$11 million, or 50%, driven by an increase in interest rate derivatives activity and \$6 million of unfavorable commodities derivatives mark-to-market adjustments in the year-ago quarter. Partially offsetting these increases, other noninterest income decreased \$8 million, or 21%, primarily due to lower fixed income brokerage income, mark-to-market decreases on mutual funds, and valuation increases to our VISA swap derivative liabilities. Gain on sale of loans and leases decreased \$5 million, or 38%, primarily due to lower SBA loan sales.

Compared to the 2019 fourth quarter, total noninterest income decreased \$11 million, or 3%. Other noninterest income decreased \$11 million, or 26%, primarily as a result of mark-to-market decreases on mutual funds, valuation increases to our VISA swap derivative liabilities, and lower income on terminated leases. Service charges on deposit accounts decreased \$8 million, or 8%, primarily reflecting seasonality. Gain on sale of loans and leases decreased \$8 million, or 50%, primarily due to seasonality of SBA loan sales and lower technology lease sales. Cards and payment processing income decreased \$6 million, or 9%, primarily reflecting seasonality and lower card usage late in the 2020 first quarter. Partially offsetting these decreases, net gains on sale of securities were less than \$1 million in the 2020 first quarter compared to \$22 million of net losses in the prior quarter, related to the \$2 billion portfolio repositioning completed in the 2019 fourth quarter.

Noninterest Expense

Table 6 – Noninterest Expense – Disciplined Expense Management while Continuing to Invest in Digital and Mobile Technology

	:	2020		20						
	·	First	 Fourth	Third	Third Second		First		Change	(%)
(\$ in millions)	Q	uarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter		arter Qua		LQ	YOY
Personnel costs	\$	395	\$ 426	\$ 406	\$	428	\$	394	(7)%	0 %
Outside data processing and other services		85	89	87		89		81	(4)	5
Equipment		41	42	41		40		40	(2)	3
Net occupancy		40	41	38		38		42	(2)	(5)
Professional services		11	14	16		12		12	(21)	(8)
Amortization of intangibles		11	12	12		12		13	(8)	(15)
Marketing		9	9	10		11		7	0	29
Deposit and other insurance expense		9	10	8		8		8	(10)	13
Other noninterest expense		51	58	49		62		56	(12)	(9)
Total noninterest expense	\$	652	\$ 701	\$ 667	\$	700	\$	653	(7)%	0 %
(in thousands)		•		-				_		
Average full-time equivalent employees		15.4	15.5	15.7		15.8		15.7	(1)%	(2)%

See Page 9 of Quarterly Financial Supplement for additional detail.

Total noninterest expense for the 2020 first quarter decreased \$1 million, or less than 1%, from the year-ago quarter. Other noninterest expense decreased \$5 million, or 9%, primarily as a result of higher operational losses in the first quarter 2019.

Total noninterest expense decreased \$49 million, or 7%, from the 2019 fourth quarter. Personnel costs decreased \$31 million, or 7%, primarily reflecting the \$15 million of expense related to position reductions completed in the 2019 fourth quarter as well as lower incentive compensation and medical expenses. Other noninterest expense decreased \$7 million, or 12%, primarily as a result of a \$4 million final true-up in the 2019 fourth quarter of the earn out related to the Hutchinson, Shockey, Erley & Co. (HSE) acquisition and reduced travel and business development expense.

Table 7 - Credit Quality Metrics - CECL Implementation and Economic Outlook Drive Increase in Allowance

	2020			20	19		
(\$ in millions)	March 31,	December 31,	S	eptember 30,		June 30,	March 31,
Total nonaccrual loans and leases	\$ 558	\$ 468	\$	438	\$	425	\$ 417
Total other real estate	10	11		12		14	18
Other NPAs (1)	18	19		32		21	26
Total nonperforming assets	586	498		482		460	461
Accruing loans and leases past due 90+ days	167	171		163		152	147
NPAs + accruing loans & leases past due 90+ days	\$ 753	\$ 669	\$	645	\$	612	\$ 608
NAL ratio (2)	0.72%	0.62%		0.58%		0.57%	0.56%
NPA ratio (3)	0.75	0.66		0.64		0.61	0.61
(NPAs+90 days)/(Loans+OREO)	0.96	0.89		0.86		0.82	0.81
Provision for credit losses	\$ 441	\$ 79	\$	82	\$	59	\$ 67
Net charge-offs	117	73		73		48	71
Net charge-offs / Average total loans	0.62%	0.39%		0.39%		0.25%	0.38%
Allowance for loans and lease losses (ALLL)	\$ 1,504	\$ 783	\$	783	\$	774	\$ 764
Allowance for unfunded loan commitments and letters of credit	99	104		101		101	100
Allowance for credit losses (ACL)	\$ 1,603	\$ 887	\$	884	\$	875	\$ 864
ALLL as a % of:							
Total loans and leases	1.93%	1.04%		1.05%		1.03%	1.02%
NALs	270	167		179		182	183
NPAs	257	157		163		168	166
ACL as a % of:							
Total loans and leases	2.05%	1.18%		1.18%		1.17%	1.15%
NALs	287	190		202		206	207
NPAs	273	178		184		190	186

- (1) Other nonperforming assets include certain impaired securities and/or nonaccrual loans held-for-sale.
- (2) Total NALs as a % of total loans and leases.
- (3) Total NPAs as a % of sum of loans and leases, other real estate owned, and other NPAs.

See Pages 11-14 of Quarterly Financial Supplement for additional detail.

Asset quality performance continues to be impacted by our oil and gas portfolio. The consumer portfolio metrics continue to reflect our focus on high quality borrowers. The commercial portfolio metrics primarily reflected continued volatility in the oil and gas portfolio, while the remainder of the commercial portfolio has performed in line with expectations.

Nonperforming assets (NPAs) increased to \$586 million, or 0.75% of total loans and leases and OREO, from \$461 million, or 0.61%, a year ago. Nonaccrual loans and leases (NALs) increased \$141 million, or 34%, to \$558 million, or 0.72% of total loans and leases. The year-over-year increase was primarily in the commercial portfolio, particularly the oil and gas portfolio. OREO balances decreased \$8 million, or 44%, from the year-ago quarter. On a linked quarter basis, NALs increased \$90 million, or 19%, while NPAs increased \$88 million, or 18%. The oil and gas portfolio accounted for nearly all of the linked-quarter increase in NALs.

The provision for credit losses increased \$374 million year-over-year to \$441 million in the 2020 first quarter. Net charge-offs (NCOs) increased \$46 million to \$117 million. The oil and gas portfolio accounted for approximately 27% of the total commercial NCOs, while one large relationship in the coal industry accounted for an additional 45%. Consumer NCOs were down on both a year-over-year and linked quarter basis, consistent with our expectations. NCOs represented an annualized 0.62% of average loans and leases in the current quarter, up from 0.39% in the prior quarter and up from 0.38% in the year-ago quarter. We remain confident in the long-term performance of our credit portfolios.

The allowance for loan and lease losses (ALLL) increased \$740 million from the year ago quarter to \$1.5 billion, or 1.93% of total loans and leases. The ALLL as a percentage of period-end total NALs increased to 270% from 183% over the same period. The allowance for credit losses (ACL) increased by \$739 million from the year ago quarter to \$1.6 billion, or 2.05% of total loans and leases. The increase in the ACL was a result of the \$393 million increase from CECL implementation on January 1, 2020, an increase of \$65 million in specific reserves, and an increase of \$258 million primarily related to the deteriorating economic outlook resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic. We believe the levels of the ALLL and ACL are appropriate given the low level of problem loans and the current composition of the overall loan and lease portfolio.

Capital

Table 8 – Capital Ratios – Ratios Remain within Targeted Operating Ranges; Late Quarter Increase in the Balance Sheet Drives Linked Quarter Decline in Capital Ratios

	2020	2019								
(\$ in billions)	March 31,	December 31,	September 30,	June 30,	March 31,					
Tangible common equity / tangible assets ratio	7.52%	7.88%	8.00%	7.80%	7.57%					
Common equity tier 1 risk-based capital ratio (1)	9.47%	9.88%	10.02%	9.88%	9.84%					
Regulatory Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio (1)	10.81%	11.26%	11.41%	11.28%	11.25%					
Regulatory Total risk-based capital ratio (1)	12.74%	13.04%	13.29%	13.13%	13.11%					
Total risk-weighted assets (1)	\$ 90.2	\$ 87.5	\$ 86.7	\$ 86.3	\$ 86.0					

⁽¹⁾ March 31, 2020 figures are estimated. Amounts are presented on a Basel III standardized approach basis for calculating risk-weighted assets. The estimated March 31, 2020 capital ratios reflect Huntington's election of a five-year transition to delay for two years the full impact of CECL on regulatory capital, followed by a three-year transition period.

See Pages 15-16 of Quarterly Financial Supplement for additional detail.

The tangible common equity to tangible assets ratio was 7.52% at March 31, 2020, down 5 basis points from a year ago. Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) risk-based capital ratio was 9.47%, down from 9.84% a year ago. The regulatory Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio was 10.81% compared to 11.25% at March 31, 2019. All capital ratios were impacted by the year-over-year balance sheet growth. The capital impact of the repurchase of \$504 million of common stock over the last four quarters, including \$88 million (7.1 million shares at an average price of \$12.38 per share) repurchased during the 2020 first quarter, and cash dividends effectively offset earnings on a year-over-year basis.

Income Taxes

The provision for income taxes was \$10 million in the 2020 first quarter and \$63 million in the 2019 first quarter. The effective tax rates for the 2020 first quarter and 2019 first quarter were 17.0% and 15.0%, respectively. The variance between the 2020 first quarter and the 2019 first quarter provision for income taxes and effective tax rates relates primarily to lower pre-tax income and the impact of stock-based compensation.

At March 31, 2020, we had a net federal deferred tax liability of \$236 million and a net state deferred tax asset of \$35 million.

Expectations - 2020

Due to the rapidly evolving economic environment and the elevated level of uncertainty related to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, the Company is withdrawing its previously announced annual expectations for 2020. The previously announced 2020 expectations should no longer be relied upon.

Conference Call / Webcast Information

Huntington's senior management will host an earnings conference call on April 23, 2020, at 9:00 a.m. (Eastern Daylight Time). The call may be accessed via a live Internet webcast at the Investor Relations section of Huntington's website, www.huntington.com, or through a dial-in telephone number at (877) 407-8029; Conference ID #13700076. Slides will be available in the Investor Relations section of Huntington's website about an hour prior to the call. A replay of the webcast will be archived in the Investor Relations section of Huntington's website. A telephone replay will be available approximately two hours after the completion of the call through April 30, 2020 at (877) 660-6853 or (201) 612-7415; conference ID #13700076.

Please see the 2020 First Quarter Quarterly Financial Supplement for additional detailed financial performance metrics. This document can be found on the Investor Relations section of Huntington's website, http://www.huntington.com.

About Huntington

Huntington Bancshares Incorporated is a regional bank holding company headquartered in Columbus, Ohio, with \$114 billion of assets and a network of 839 full-service branches, including 12 Private Client Group offices, and 1,434 ATMs across seven Midwestern states. Founded in 1866, The Huntington National Bank and its affiliates provide consumer, small business, commercial, treasury management, wealth management, brokerage, trust, and insurance services. Huntington also provides vehicle finance, equipment finance, national settlement, and capital market services that extend beyond its core states. Visit huntington.com for more information.

Caution regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This communication contains certain forward-looking statements, including, but not limited to, certain plans, expectations, goals, projections, and statements, which are not historical facts and are subject to numerous assumptions, risks, and uncertainties. Statements that do not describe historical or current facts, including statements about beliefs and expectations, are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements may be identified by words such as expect, anticipate, believe, intend, estimate, plan, target, goal, or similar expressions, or future or conditional verbs such as will, may, might, should, would, could, or similar variations. The forward-looking statements are intended to be subject to the safe harbor provided by Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

While there is no assurance that any list of risks and uncertainties or risk factors is complete, below are certain factors which could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained or implied in the forward-looking statements: changes in general economic, political, or industry conditions; the magnitude and duration of the COVID-19 pandemic and its impact on the global economy and financial market conditions and our business, results of operations, and financial condition; uncertainty in U.S. fiscal and monetary policy, including the interest rate policies of the Federal Reserve Board; volatility and disruptions in global capital and credit markets; movements in interest rates; reform of LIBOR; competitive pressures on product pricing and services; success, impact, and timing of our business strategies, including market acceptance of any new products or services implementing our "Fair Play" banking philosophy; the nature, extent, timing, and results of governmental actions, examinations, reviews, reforms, regulations, and interpretations, including those related to the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act and the Basel III regulatory capital reforms, as well as those involving the OCC, Federal Reserve, FDIC, and CFPB; and other factors that may affect our future results. Additional factors that could cause results to differ materially from those described above can be found in our 2019 Annual Report on Form 10-K, as well as our subsequent Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") filings, which are on file with the SEC and available in the "Investor Relations" section of our website, http://www.huntington.com, under the heading "Publications and Filings."

All forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made and are based on information available at that time. We do not assume any obligation to update forward-looking statements to reflect circumstances or events that occur after the date the forward-looking statements were made or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events except as required by federal securities laws. As forward-looking statements involve significant risks and uncertainties, caution should be exercised against placing undue reliance on such statements.

Basis of Presentation

Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures

This document contains GAAP financial measures and non-GAAP financial measures where management believes it to be helpful in understanding Huntington's results of operations or financial position. Where non-GAAP financial measures are used, the comparable GAAP financial measure, as well as the reconciliation to the comparable GAAP financial measure, can be found in this document, conference call slides, or the Form 8-K related to this document, all of which can be found in the Investor Relations section of Huntington's website, http://www.huntington.com.

Annualized Data

Certain returns, yields, performance ratios, or quarterly growth rates are presented on an "annualized" basis. This is done for analytical and decision-making purposes to better discern underlying performance trends when compared to full-year or year-over-year amounts. For example, loan and deposit growth rates, as well as net charge-off percentages, are most often expressed in terms of an annual rate like 8%. As such, a 2% growth rate for a quarter would represent an annualized 8% growth rate.

Fully-Taxable Equivalent Interest Income and Net Interest Margin

Income from tax-exempt earning assets is increased by an amount equivalent to the taxes that would have been paid if this income had been taxable at statutory rates. This adjustment puts all earning assets, most notably tax-exempt municipal securities and certain lease assets, on a common basis that facilitates comparison of results to results of competitors.

Earnings per Share Equivalent Data

Significant income or expense items may be expressed on a per common share basis. This is done for analytical and decision-making purposes to better discern underlying trends in total corporate earnings per share performance excluding the impact of such items. Investors may also find this information helpful in their evaluation of our financial performance against published earnings per share mean estimate amounts, which typically exclude the impact of Significant Items. Earnings per share equivalents are usually calculated by applying an effective tax rate to a pre-tax amount to derive an after-tax amount, which is divided by the average shares outstanding during the respective reporting period. Occasionally, when the item involves special tax treatment, the after-tax amount is disclosed separately, with this then being the amount used to calculate the earnings per share equivalent.

Rounding

Please note that columns of data in this document may not add due to rounding.

Significant Items

From time to time, revenue, expenses, or taxes are impacted by items judged by management to be outside of ordinary banking activities and/or by items that, while they may be associated with ordinary banking activities, are so unusually large that their outsized impact is believed by management at that time to be infrequent or short term in nature. We refer to such items as "Significant Items". Most often, these Significant Items result from factors originating outside the company – e.g., regulatory actions/assessments, windfall gains, changes in accounting principles, one-time tax assessments/refunds, and litigation actions. In other cases they

may result from management decisions associated with significant corporate actions out of the ordinary course of business – e.g., merger/restructuring charges, recapitalization actions, and goodwill impairment.

Even though certain revenue and expense items are naturally subject to more volatility than others due to changes in market and economic environment conditions, as a general rule volatility alone does not define a Significant Item. For example, changes in the provision for credit losses, gains/losses from investment activities, and asset valuation write-downs reflect ordinary banking activities and are, therefore, typically excluded from consideration as a Significant Item.

Management believes the disclosure of "Significant Items", when appropriate, aids analysts/investors in better understanding corporate performance and trends so that they can ascertain which of such items, if any, they may wish to include/exclude from their analysis of the company's performance - i.e., within the context of determining how that performance differed from their expectations, as well as how, if at all, to adjust their estimates of future performance accordingly. To this end, management has adopted a practice of listing "Significant Items" in our external disclosure documents (e.g., earnings press releases, quarterly performance discussions, investor presentations, and Forms 10-Q and 10-K).

"Significant Items" for any particular period are not intended to be a complete list of items that may materially impact current or future period performance. A number of items could materially impact these periods, including those which may be described from time to time in Huntington's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

HUNTINGTON BANCSHARES INCORPORATED

Quarterly Financial Supplement March 31, 2020

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Notes:

The preparation of financial statement data in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect amounts reported. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period's presentation.

Fully-Taxable Equivalent Basis

Interest income, yields, and ratios on a FTE basis are considered non-GAAP financial measures. Management believes net interest income on a FTE basis provides a more accurate picture of the interest margin for comparison purposes. The FTE basis also allows management to assess the comparability of revenue arising from both taxable and tax-exempt sources. The FTE basis assumes a federal statutory tax rate of 21 percent.

Non-Regulatory Capital Ratios

In addition to capital ratios defined by banking regulators, the Company considers various other measures when evaluating capital utilization and adequacy, including:

- Tangible common equity to tangible assets, and
- Tangible common equity to risk-weighted assets using Basel III definition.

These non-regulatory capital ratios are viewed by management as useful additional methods of reflecting the level of capital available to withstand unexpected market conditions. Additionally, presentation of these ratios allows readers to compare the Company's capitalization to other financial services companies. These ratios differ from capital ratios defined by banking regulators principally in that the numerator excludes preferred securities, the nature and extent of which varies among different financial services companies. These ratios are not defined in GAAP or federal banking regulations. As a result, these non-regulatory capital ratios disclosed by the Company may be considered non-GAAP financial measures.

Because there are no standardized definitions for these non-regulatory capital ratios, the Company's calculation methods may differ from those used by other financial services companies. Also, there may be limits in the usefulness of these measures to investors. As a result, the Company encourages readers to consider the consolidated financial statements and other financial information contained in the related press release in their entirety, and not to rely on any single financial measure.

		Th	ree					
		March 31,	С	ecember		March 31,	Percent Ch	anges vs.
(dollar amounts in millions, except per share data)	_	2020	_	2019	_	2019	4Q19	1Q19
Net interest income (2)	\$	796	\$	786	\$	829	1 %	(4)%
FTE adjustment		(6)	_	(6)	_	(7)		14
Net interest income		790		780		822	1	(4)
Provision for credit losses		441		79		67	458	558
Noninterest income		361		372		319	(3)	13
Noninterest expense		652	_	701	_	653	(7)	
Income before income taxes		58		372		421	(84)	(86)
Provision for income taxes	_	10	_	55	_	63	(82)	(84)
Net income		48		317		358	(85)	(87)
Dividends on preferred shares		18	_	19	_	19	(5)	(5)
Net income applicable to common shares	\$	30	\$	298	\$	339	(90)%	(91)%
Net income per common share - diluted	\$	0.03	\$	0.28	\$	0.32	(89)%	(91)%
Cash dividends declared per common share		0.15		0.15		0.14	_	7
Tangible book value per common share at end of period		8.28		8.25		7.67	_	8
Number of common shares repurchased		7,088		13,104		1,833	(46)	287
Average common shares - basic		1,018		1,029		1,047	(1)	(3)
Average common shares - diluted		1,035		1,047		1,066	(1)	(3)
Ending common shares outstanding		1,014		1,020		1,046	(1)	(3)
Return on average assets		0.17%		1.15%		1.35 %	, ,	. ,
Return on average common shareholders' equity		1.1		11.1		13.8		
Return on average tangible common shareholders' equity (1)		1.8		14.3		18.3		
Net interest margin (2)		3.14		3.12		3.39		
Efficiency ratio (3)		55.4		58.4		55.8		
Effective tax rate		17.0		14.8		15.0		
Average total assets	\$	110,147	\$	108,713	\$	107,511	1	2
Average earning assets		101,783		100,062		99,212	2	3
Average loans and leases		75,696		75,103		74,775	1	1
Average loans and leases - linked quarter annualized growth rate		3.2%		-%		5.2 %	_	
Average total deposits	\$	82,733	\$	82,592	\$	82,772	_	_
Average core deposits (4)		79,528		79,690	Ė	79,033	_	1
Average core deposits - linked quarter annualized growth rate		(0.8)%		1.8%		(0.2)%		
Average shareholders' equity		11,636		11,884		11,156	(2)	4
Average common total shareholders' equity		10,433		10,681		9,953	(2)	5
Average tangible common shareholders' equity		8,264		8,503		7,746	(3)	7
Total assets at end of period		113,897		109,002		108,203	4	5
Total shareholders' equity at end of period		11,769		11,795		11,432	_	3
NCOs as a % of average loans and leases		0.62%		0.39%		0.38 %		
NAL ratio		0.72		0.62		0.56		
NPA ratio (5)		0.75		0.66		0.61		
Allowance for loan and lease losses (ALLL) as a % of total loans and leases at the end of period		1.93		1.04		1.02		
Common equity tier 1 risk-based capital ratio (6)		9.47		9.88		9.84		
Tangible common equity / tangible asset ratio (7)		7.52		7.88		7.57		
Con Notice to the Opportunity New Chatleties						-		

Key Statistics Footnotes

- (1) Net income applicable to common shares excluding expense for amortization of intangibles for the period divided by average tangible common shareholders' equity. Average tangible common shareholders' equity equals average total common shareholders' equity less average intangible assets and goodwill. Expense for amortization of intangibles and average intangible assets are net of deferred tax liability, and calculated assuming a 21% tax rate.
- (2) On a fully-taxable equivalent (FTE) basis assuming a 21% tax rate.
- (3) Noninterest expense less amortization of intangibles divided by the sum of FTE net interest income and noninterest income excluding securities gains (losses).
- (4) Includes noninterest-bearing and interest-bearing demand deposits, money market deposits, savings and other domestic deposits, and core certificates of deposit.
- (5) NPAs include other real estate owned.
- (6) March 31, 2020, figures are estimated.
- (7) Tangible common equity (total common equity less goodwill and other intangible assets) divided by tangible assets (total assets less goodwill and other intangible assets). Other intangible assets are net of deferred tax liability, calculated at a 21% tax rate.

	March 31,	December 31,	
(dollar amounts in millions)	2020	2019	Percent Changes
	(Unaudited)		
Assets			
Cash and due from banks	\$ 1,431	\$ 1,045	37 %
Interest-bearing deposits in Federal Reserve Bank	336	125	169
Interest-bearing deposits in banks	137	102	34
Trading account securities	36	99	(64)
Available-for-sale securities	14,622	14,149	3
Held-to-maturity securities	10,193	9,070	12
Other securities	488	441	11
Loans held for sale	997	877	14
Loans and leases (1)	78,035	75,404	3
Allowance for loan and lease losses	(1,504	(783)	(92)
Net loans and leases	76,531	74,621	3
Bank owned life insurance	2,551	2,542	_
Premises and equipment	743	763	(3)
Goodwill	1,990	1,990	_
Service rights and other intangible assets	417	475	(12)
Other assets	3,425	2,703	27
Total assets	\$ 113,897	\$ 109,002	4 %
Liabilities and shareholders' equity			
Liabilities			
Deposits (2)	\$ 86,830	\$ 82,347	5 %
Short-term borrowings	2,826	2,606	8
Long-term debt	9,796	9,849	(1)
Other liabilities	2,676	2,405	11
Total liabilities	102,128	97,207	5
Shareholders' equity			
Preferred stock	1,203	1,203	_
Common stock	10	10	_
Capital surplus	8,728	8,806	(1)
Less treasury shares, at cost	(56) (56)	_
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	227	(256)	189
Retained earnings (deficit)	1,657	2,088	(21)
Total shareholders' equity	11,769	11,795	_
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 113,897	\$ 109,002	4 %
Common shares authorized (par value of \$0.01)	1,500,000,000	1,500,000,000	
Common shares outstanding	1,014,218,094		
Treasury shares outstanding	4,534,022		
Preferred stock, authorized shares	6,617,808		
Preferred shares outstanding	740,500		
/1) Common F for detail of loons and loons	1.0,000	, . 30	

⁽¹⁾ See page 5 for detail of loans and leases.(2) See page 6 for detail of deposits.

		March 3	31,		Decembe	er 31,		Septembe	er 30,		June 30),		March :	31,
(dollar amounts in millions)		2020			2019)		2019)		2019			2019)
Ending Balances by Type:															
Total loans															
Commercial:															
Commercial and industrial	\$	32,959	42%	\$	30,664	41%	\$	30,394	41%	\$	30,608	41%	\$	30,972	41%
Commercial real estate:															
Construction		1,180	2		1,123	1		1,157	2		1,146	1		1,152	2
Commercial		5,793	7		5,551	7	_	5,698	8	_	5,742	8	_	5,643	8
Commercial real estate	_	6,973	9	_	6,674	8	_	6,855	10	_	6,888	9	_	6,795	10
Total commercial	_	39,932	51		37,338	49	_	37,249	51	_	37,496	50	_	37,767	51
Consumer:															
Automobile		12,907	17		12,797	17		12,292	15		12,173	16		12,272	16
Home equity		9,010	11		9,093	12		9,300	12		9,419	12		9,551	13
Residential mortgage		11,398	15		11,376	15		11,247	15		11,182	15		10,885	14
RV and marine		3,643	5		3,563	5		3,553	5		3,492	5		3,344	4
Other consumer		1,145	1	_	1,237	2	_	1,251	2	_	1,271	2	_	1,260	2
Total consumer	\$	38,103 78,035	49	\$	38,066 75,404	51	_	37,643 74,892	49	_	37,537	50 100%	\$	37,312	49
(dollar amounts in millions)		March 3 2020	31,		Decembe 2019	-		Septembe 2019			June 30 2019),		March 3 2019	-
Ending Balances by Business Segment:				_	2013			2013		_				2013	
Consumer and Business Banking	Ś	21,544	28%	\$	21,716	29%	\$	21,963	30%	\$	22,128	30%	\$	22,175	29%
Commercial Banking		29,421	38		27,050	36		27,090	36	_	27,311	36		27,554	37
Vehicle Finance		20,552	26		20,190	27		19,484	26		19,417	26		19,332	26
RBHPCG		6,457	8		6,366	8		6,294	8		6,179	8		5,954	8
Treasury / Other		61	_		82	_		61	_		(2)	_		64	_
Total loans and leases	\$	78,035	100%	\$	75,404	100%	\$	74,892	100.%	\$	75,033	100%	\$	75,079	100%
	÷			Ė			Ė	,		Ė			Ė		
Average Balances by Business Segment:															
Consumer and Business Banking	\$	21,593	29%	\$	21,845	30%	\$	22,092	30%	\$	22,139	30%	\$	22,241	30%
Commercial Banking		27,238	36		26,993	36		27,295	36		27,350	36		27,174	36
Vehicle Finance		20,307	27		19,852	26		19,370	26		19,298	26		19,340	26
RBHPCG		6,415	8		6,314	8		6,237	8		6,054	8		5,920	8
Treasury / Other		143	_		99	_		102	_		91	_		100	_
Total loans and leases	\$	75,696	100%	\$	75,103	100%	\$	75,096	100%	\$	74,932	100%	\$	74,775	100%

	March	31,	Decemb	oer 31,	Septeml	per 30,	June	30,	March	າ 31,
(dollar amounts in millions)	202	.0	201	19	201	.9	201	19	201	.9
Ending Balances by Type:										
Demand deposits - noninterest- bearing	\$ 21,039	24%	\$ 20,247	25%	\$ 20,553	25%	\$ 19,383	24%	\$ 20,036	24%
Demand deposits - interest- bearing	23,115	27	20,583	25	19,976	24	19,085	24	19,906	24
Money market deposits	25,068	29	24,726	30	23,977	29	23,952	30	22,931	28
Savings and other domestic deposits	9,845	11	9,549	12	9,566	12	9,803	12	10,277	13
Core certificates of deposit (1)	3,599	4	4,356	5	5,443	7	5,703	7	6,007	7
Total core deposits	82,666	95	79,461	97	79,515	97	77,926	97	79,157	96
Other domestic deposits of \$250,000 or more	276	_	313	_	326	_	316	_	313	1
Brokered deposits and negotiable CDs	3,888	5	2,573	3	2,554	3	2,640	3	2,685	3
Total deposits	\$ 86,830	100%	\$ 82,347	100%	\$ 82,395	100%	\$ 80,882	100%	\$ 82,155	100%
Total core deposits:										
Commercial	\$ 38,064	46%	\$ 34,957	44%	\$ 35,247	44%	\$ 33,371	43%	\$ 33,546	42%
Consumer	44,602	54	44,504	56	44,268	56	44,555	57	45,611	58
Total core deposits	\$ 82,666	100%	\$ 79,461	100%	\$ 79,515	100%	\$ 77,926	100%	\$ 79,157	100%
Ending Balances by Business Segment:										
Consumer and Business Banking	\$ 51,898	60%	\$ 51,675	63%	\$ 51,671	63%	\$ 51,577	64%	\$ 52,354	64%
Commercial Banking	23,530	27	20,762	25	21,088	26	20,049	25	20,543	25
Vehicle Finance	525	1	376	_	363	_	339	_	327	_
RBHPCG	6,265	7	6,370	8	6,101	7	5,863	7	5,959	7
Treasury / Other (2)	4,612	5	3,164	4	3,172	4	3,054	4	2,972	4
Total deposits	\$ 86,830	100%	\$ 82,347	100%	\$ 82,395	100%	\$ 80,882	100%	\$ 82,155	100%
	March	31,	Deceml	per 31,	Septeml	per 30,	June	30,	March	າ 31,
(dollar amounts in millions)	202	.0	20:	19	201	.9	201	.9	201	19
Average Balances by Business Segment:										
Consumer and Business Banking	\$ 51,296	62%	\$ 52,059	63%	\$ 51,604	63%	\$ 51,935	64%	\$ 50,961	62%
Commercial Banking	21,525	26	20,974	25	21,227	26	20,361	25	21,739	26
Vehicle Finance	366	_	347	_	359	_	322	_	305	_
RBHPCG	6,100	7	6,113	7	5,958	7	5,918	7	5,942	7
Treasury / Other (2)	3,446	5	3,099	5	3,101	4	3,182	4	3,825	5
Total deposits	\$ 82,733	100%	\$ 82,592	100%	\$ 82,249	100%	\$ 81,718	100%	\$ 82,772	100%

Includes consumer certificates of deposit of \$250,000 or more. Comprised primarily of national market deposits.

⁽¹⁾ (2)

	March 31,	December 31,		nge Balance mber 30,	June 30,	N	March 31,	Percent Ch	anges vs.
(dollar amounts in millions)	2020	2019		019	2019		2019	4Q19	1Q19
Assets									
Interest-bearing deposits in Federal Reserve Bank	\$ 680	\$ 672	\$	514	\$ 518	\$	501	1%	369
Interest-bearing deposits in banks	150	176		149	135		109	(15)	38
Securities:									
Trading account securities	95	109		137	161		138	(13)	(31)
Available-for-sale securities:									
Taxable	11,671	11,221		11,096	10,501		10,752	4	9
Tax-exempt	2,753	2,791		2,820	2,970		3,048	(1)_	(10
Total available-for-sale securities	14,424	14,012		13,916	13,471		13,800	3	5
Held-to-maturity securities - taxable	9,428	8,592		8,566	8,771		8,653	10	9
Other securities	445	448		437	466		536	(1)	(17
Total securities	24,392	23,161		23,056	22,869		23,127	5	5
Loans held for sale	865	950		877	734		700	(9)	24
Loans and leases: (2)									
Commercial:									
Commercial and industrial	30,849	30,373		30,632	30,644		30,546	2	1
Commercial real estate:									
Construction	1,165	1,181		1,165	1,168		1,174	(1)	(1
Commercial	5,566	5,625		5,762	5,732		5,686	(1)	(2
Commercial real estate	6,731	6,806		6,927	6,900		6,860	(1)	(2
Total commercial	37,580	37,179		37,559	37,544		37,406	1	_
Consumer:									
Automobile	12,924	12,607		12,181	12,219		12,361	3	5
Home equity	9,026	9,192		9,353	9,482		9,641	(2)	(6
Residential mortgage	11,391	11,330		11,214	11,010		10,787	1	6
RV and marine	3,590	3,564		3,528	3,413		3,296	1	9
Other consumer	1,185	1,231		1,261	1,264		1,284	(4)	(8
Total consumer	38,116	37,924		37,537	37,388		37,369	1	2
Total loans and leases	75,696	75,103		75,096	74,932		74,775	1	1
Allowance for loan and lease losses	(1,239)	(787)		(799)	(778		(780)	(57)	(59
Net loans and leases	74,457	74,316		74,297	74,154		73,995		1
Total earning assets	101,783	100,062		99,692	99,188	_	99,212	2	3
Cash and due from banks	914	864		817	835		853	6	7
Intangible assets	2,217	2,228		2,240	2,252		2,265	_	(2
All other assets	6,472	6,346		6,216	5,982		5,961	2	9
Total assets	\$ 110,147	\$ 108,713	\$	108,166	\$ 107,479	Ś	107,511	1%	2
Liabilities and shareholders' equity									
Interest-bearing deposits:									
Demand deposits - interest-bearing	\$ 21,202	\$ 20,140	\$	19,796	\$ 19,693	\$	19,770	5%	7
Money market deposits	24,697	24,560	Y	24,266	23,305	Y	22,935	1	8
Savings and other domestic deposits	9,632	9,552		9,681	10,105		10,338	1	(7
Core certificates of deposit (3)	3,943	4,795		5,666	5,860		6,052	(18)	(35
Other domestic deposits of \$250,000 or more	321	313		315	310		335	3	(4
Brokered deposits and negotiable CDs	2,884	2,589		2,599	2,685		3,404	11	(15
Total interest-bearing deposits	62,679	61,949		62,323	61,958	_	62,834	1	(13
Short-term borrowings	3,383	1,965		2,331	3,166		2,320	72	46
Long-term debt	10,076	9,886		9,536	8,914		8,979	2	12
Total interest-bearing liabilities	76,138	73,800		74,190	74,038		74,133	3	3
Demand deposits - noninterest-bearing	20,054	20,643		19,926	19,760		19,938	(3)	1
All other liabilities	2,319	2,386		2,336	2,206		2,284	(3)	2
Shareholders' equity	11,636	11,884		11,714	11,475		11,156	(2)	4
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 110,147		\$	108,166	\$ 107,479	\$	107,511	1%	2

⁽¹⁾ Amounts include the effects of hedge and risk management activities associated with the respective asset and liability categories.

⁽²⁾ Includes nonaccrual loans.(3) Includes consumer certificates of deposit of \$250,000 or more.

	Quarterly Interest Income / Expense										
	Mai	rch 31,	De	cember 31,	Septe	mber 30,	J	une 30,	March 31,		
(dollar amounts in millions)	2	020		2019	2	019		2019		2019	
Assets											
Interest-bearing deposits in Federal Reserve Bank	\$	2	\$	3	\$	3	\$	3	\$	3	
Interest-bearing deposits in banks		1		1		1		-		1	
Securities:											
Trading account securities		1		1		_		1		1	
Available-for-sale securities:											
Taxable		76		73		74		72		76	
Tax-exempt		23		24		26		27		28	
Total available-for-sale securities		99		97		100		99		104	
Held-to-maturity securities - taxable		59		54		54		56		54	
Other securities		2		3		3		4		6	
Total securities		161		155		157		160		165	
Loans held for sale		7		8		9		7		7	
Loans and leases:											
Commercial:											
Commercial and industrial		318		335		358		373		375	
Commercial real estate:											
Construction		14		15		16		17		16	
Commercial		56		63		68		71		71	
Commercial real estate		70		78		84		88		87	
Total commercial		388		413		442		461		462	
Consumer:											
Automobile		130		131		126		123		120	
Home equity		107		117		127		131		133	
Residential mortgage		105		105		107		106		104	
RV and marine		44		45		44		42		40	
Other consumer		36		39		42		42		42	
Total consumer		422		437		446		444		439	
Total loans and leases		810		850		888		905		901	
Total earning assets	\$	981	\$		\$	1,058	\$	1,075	\$	1,077	
Liabilities											
Interest-bearing deposits:											
Demand deposits - interest-bearing	\$	23	\$	32	\$	29	\$	28	\$	27	
Money market deposits		50	Ċ	61	•	73	·	67		59	
Savings and other domestic deposits		4		5		5		6		6	
Core certificates of deposit (3)		19		25		31		32		31	
Other domestic deposits of \$250,000 or more		1		3		1		1		2	
Brokered deposits and negotiable CDs		8		10		15		16		20	
Total interest-bearing deposits		105		136		154		150		145	
Short-term borrowings		12		8		13		19		143	
Long-term debt		68		87		86		87		89	
Total interest bearing liabilities		185		231		253		256		248	
Net interest income	Ċ		\$		Ś	805	\$		\$		
Net miterest intoffic	-	796	ب	786	٧	003	<u>ب</u>	819	٧	829	

⁽¹⁾ Fully-taxable equivalent (FTE) income and expense calculated assuming a 21% tax rate. See page 9 for the FTE adjustment.

⁽²⁾ Amounts include the effects of hedge and risk management activities associated with the respective asset and liability categories.

⁽³⁾ Includes consumer certificates of deposit of \$250,000 or more.

		Qu	arterly Average Rates			
	March 31,	December 31,	September 30,	June 30,	March 31,	
Fully-taxable equivalent basis (1)	2020	2019	2019	2019	2019	
Assets	1.000/	4.660/	2.100/	2.200/	2.40	
Interest-bearing deposits in Federal Reserve Bank	1.08%	1.66%	2.19%	2.38%	2.40	
Interest-bearing deposits in banks	1.52	1.81	2.38	2.08	1.75	
Securities:						
Trading account securities	3.21	2.45	2.36	1.92	2.03	
Available-for-sale securities:						
Taxable	2.62	2.63	2.67	2.73	2.82	
Tax-exempt	3.30	3.43	3.63	3.66	3.69	
Total available-for-sale securities	2.75	2.79	2.87	2.94	3.0	
Held-to-maturity securities - taxable	2.50	2.50	2.51	2.54	2.5	
Other securities	2.07	2.57	3.15	3.44	4.5	
Total securities	2.64	2.68	2.74	2.79	2.86	
Loans held for sale	3.39	3.40	3.69	4.00	4.0	
Loans and leases: (3)						
Commercial:						
Commercial and industrial	4.12	4.31	4.57	4.82	4.9	
Commercial real estate:						
Construction	4.75	5.07	5.50	5.59	5.5	
Commercial	4.00	4.36	4.67	4.88	5.0	
Commercial real estate	4.13	4.48	4.81	5.00	5.1	
Total commercial	4.12	4.34	4.61	4.85	4.9	
Consumer:						
Automobile	4.05	4.15	4.09	4.02	3.9	
Home equity	4.75	5.03	5.38	5.56	5.6	
Residential mortgage	3.70	3.73	3.80	3.84	3.8	
RV and marine	4.91	4.96	4.96	4.94	4.9	
Other consumer	12.39	12.71	13.34	13.29	13.0	
Total consumer	4.45	4.59	4.72	4.76	4.7	
Total loans and leases	4.29	4.47	4.67	4.80	4.8	
Total earning assets	3.88	4.03	4.21	4.35	4.4	
iabilities						
Interest-bearing deposits:						
Demand deposits - interest-bearing	0.43	0.63	0.57	0.58	0.5	
Money market deposits	0.81	0.99	1.20	1.15	1.0	
Savings and other domestic deposits	0.17	0.20	0.22	0.23	0.2	
Core certificates of deposit (4)	1.91	2.09	2.17	2.15	2.1	
Other domestic deposits of \$250,000 or more	1.56	1.70	1.85	1.92	1.8	
Brokered deposits and negotiable CDs	1.22	1.67	2.21	2.39	2.3	
Total interest-bearing deposits	0.68	0.87	0.98	0.97	0.9	
Short-term borrowings	1.46	1.66	2.28	2.41	2.4	
Long-term debt	2.70	3.50	3.59	3.91	3.9	
Total interest-bearing liabilities	0.98	1.24	1.36	1.39	1.3	
Demand deposits - noninterest-bearing		_			_	
Net interest rate spread	2.90	2.79	2.85	2.96	3.0	
mpact of noninterest-bearing funds on margin	0.24	0.33	0.35	0.35	0.34	
Net interest margin	3.14%	3.12%	3.20%	3.31%	3.39	

Commercial Loan Derivative Impact (Unaudited)

			Average Rates		
	2020	2019	2019	2019	2019
Fully-taxable equivalent basis (1)	First	Fourth	Third	Second	First
Commercial loans (2)(3)	4.08%	4.36%	4.70%	4.88%	4.95%
Impact of commercial loan derivatives	0.04	(0.02)	(0.09)	(0.03)	(0.01)
Total commercial - as reported	4.12%	4.34%	4.61%	4.85%	4.94%
Average 1 Month LIBOR	1.41%	1.79%	2.18%	2.44%	2.50%

- (1)
- Fully-taxable equivalent (FTE) yields are calculated assuming a 21% tax rate. See page 9 for the FTE adjustment.

 Yield/rates exclude the effects of hedge and risk management activities associated with the respective asset and liability categories. (2)
- (3) Includes nonaccrual loans.
- Includes consumer certificates of deposit of \$250,000 or more. (4)

	Three Months Ended										
	Ma	arch 31,	De	cember 31,	Se	ptember 30,		June 30,	Ν	/larch 31,	
(dollar amounts in millions, except per share data)		2020		2019		2019		2019		2019	
Interest income	\$	975	\$	1,011	\$	1,052	\$	1,068	\$	1,070	
Interest expense		185		231		253		256		248	
Net interest income		790		780		799		812		822	
Provision for credit losses		441		79		82		59		67	
Net interest income after provision for credit losses		349		701		717		753		755	
Service charges on deposit accounts		87		95		98		92		87	
Card and payment processing income		58		64		64		63		56	
Trust and investment management services		47		47		44		43		44	
Mortgage banking income		58		58		54		34		21	
Capital markets fees		33		31		36		34		22	
Insurance income		23		24		20		23		21	
Bank owned life insurance income		16		17		18		15		16	
Gain on sale of loans and leases		8		16		13		13		13	
Net (losses) gains on sales of securities		_		(22)		_		(2)		_	
Other noninterest income		31		42		42		59		39	
Total noninterest income		361		372		389		374		319	
Personnel costs		395		426		406		428		394	
Outside data processing and other services		85		89		87		89		81	
Equipment		41		42		41		40		40	
Net occupancy		40		41		38		38		42	
Professional services		11		14		16		12		12	
Amortization of intangibles		11		12		12		12		13	
Marketing		9		9		10		11		7	
Deposit and other insurance expense		9		10		8		8		8	
Other noninterest expense		51		58		49		62		56	
Total noninterest expense		652		701		667		700		653	
Income before income taxes		58		372		439		427		421	
Provision for income taxes		10		55		67		63		63	
Net income		48		317		372		364		358	
Dividends on preferred shares		18		19		18		18		19	
Net income applicable to common shares	\$	30	\$	298	\$	354	\$	346	\$	339	
Average common shares - basic		1,018		1,029		1,035		1,045		1,047	
Average common shares - diluted		1,035		1,047		1,051		1,060		1,066	
Per common share											
Net income - basic	\$	0.03	\$	0.29	\$	0.34	\$	0.33	\$	0.32	
Net income - diluted	т	0.03	т	0.28	т	0.34	т	0.33	т	0.32	
Cash dividends declared		0.15		0.15		0.15		0.14		0.14	
		0.23		0.23		0.23		0.21		0.21	
Revenue - fully-taxable equivalent (FTE)			_								
Net interest income	\$	790	\$		\$	799	\$	812	Ş	822	
FTE adjustment		6		6		6		7		7	
Net interest income (1)		796		786		805		819		829	
Noninterest income		361	_	372	_	389	_	374	_	319	
Total revenue (1)	\$	1,157	\$	1,158	\$	1,194	\$	1,193	\$	1,148	

⁽¹⁾ On a fully-taxable equivalent (FTE) basis assuming a 21% tax rate.

Huntington Bancshares Incorporated Quarterly Mortgage Banking Noninterest Income (Unaudited)

				Т	hree	Months Ende	ed					
	M	arch 31,	De	cember 31,	Sep	tember 30,		June 30,	N	March 31,	Percent Ch	anges vs.
(dollar amounts in millions)		2020		2019		2019		2019		2019	4Q19	1Q19
Net origination and secondary marketing income	\$	45	\$	43	\$	42	\$	30	\$	17	5 %	165 %
Net mortgage servicing income												
Loan servicing income		16		15		15		15		14	7	14
Amortization of capitalized servicing		(9)		(13)		(13)		(10)		(9)	31	_
Operating income		7		2		2		5		5	250	40
MSR valuation adjustment (1)		(53)		25		(11)		(19)		(10)	(312)	(430)
Gains (losses) due to MSR hedging		57		(14)		19		17		7	507	714
Net MSR risk management		4		11		8		(2)		(3)	(64)	233
Total net mortgage servicing income	\$	11	\$	13	\$	10	\$	3	\$	2	(15)%	450 %
All other		2		2		2		1		2		
Mortgage banking income	\$	58	\$	58	\$	54	\$	34	\$	21	<u> </u>	176 %
Mortgage origination volume	\$	2,136	\$	2,490	\$	2,097	\$	1,922	\$	1,235	(14)%	73 %
Mortgage origination volume for sale		1,409		1,518		1,483		1,181		756	(7)	86
Third party mortgage loans serviced (2)		22,775		22,425		21,674		21,486		21,346	2	7
Mortgage servicing rights (2)		165		212		180		192		212	(22)	(22)
MSR % of investor servicing portfolio (2)		0.72%		0.95%		0.83%		0.90%		0.99%	(24)%	(27)%

The change in fair value for the period represents the MSR valuation adjustment, net of amortization of capitalized servicing. At period end.

⁽¹⁾ (2)

		-	Three Months Ende	ed	
	March 31,	December 31,	September 30,	June 30,	March 31,
(dollar amounts in millions)	2020	2019	2019	2019	2019
Allowance for loan and lease losses, beginning of period	\$ 783	\$ 783	\$ 774	\$ 764	\$ 772
Cumulative-effect of change in accounting principle for financial instruments - credit losses (ASU 2016-13)	391	_	_	_	_
Loan and lease losses	(136)	(93)	(102)	(70)	(97)
Recoveries of loans previously charged off	19	20	29	22	26
Net loan and lease losses	(117)	(73)	(73)	(48)	(71)
Provision for loan and lease losses	447	74	82	58	63
Allowance of assets sold or transferred to loans held for sale		(1)			
Allowance for loan and lease losses, end of period	1,504	783	783	774	764
Allowance for unfunded loan commitments and letters of credit, beginning of period	104	101	101	100	96
Cumulative-effect of change in accounting principle for financial instruments - credit losses (ASU 2016-13)	2				
Provision for (reduction in) unfunded loan commitments and letters of credit losses	(6)	5	_	1	4
Unfunded commitment losses	(1)	(2)	_	_	_
Allowance for unfunded loan commitments and letters of credit, end of period	99	104	101	101	100
Total allowance for credit losses, end of period	\$ 1,603	\$ 887	\$ 884	\$ 875	\$ 864
Allowance for loan and lease losses (ALLL) as % of:					
Total loans and leases	1.93%	6 1.04%	1.05%	1.03%	1.02%
Nonaccrual loans and leases (NALs)	270	167	179	182	183
Nonperforming assets (NPAs)	257	157	163	168	166
Total allowance for credit losses (ACL) as % of:					
Total loans and leases	2.05%	6 1.18%	1.18%	1.17%	1.15%
Nonaccrual loans and leases (NALs)	287	190	202	206	207
Nonperforming assets (NPAs)	273	178	184	190	186

Net charge-offs as a % of average loans

				Three Mor	nths Ende	d		
	Ma	rch 31,	December 31,	Septem	ber 30,	June 30,		March 31,
(dollar amounts in millions)	2	2020	2019	20	19	2019		2019
Net charge-offs by loan and lease type:								
Commercial:								
Commercial and industrial	\$	84	\$ 36	\$	40	\$ 21	L \$	31
Commercial real estate:								
Construction		_	_		(1)	(1	.)	_
Commercial		(1)			(1)	(2	<u>')</u>	2
Commercial real estate		(1)	_		(2)	(3	;)	2
Total commercial		83	36		38	18	<u> </u>	33
Consumer:								
Automobile		7	9		8	5	,	10
Home equity		5	1		2	2		3
Residential mortgage		1	1		1	1	L	3
RV and marine		2	4		2	2		3
Other consumer		19	22		22	20)	19
Total consumer		34	37		35	30	,	38
tal net charge-offs	\$	117	\$ 73	\$	73	\$ 48	3 \$	71
				Three Mor	nths Ende	d		
	Ma	rch 31,	December 31,	Septem	ber 30,	June 30,		March 31,
	2	2020	2019	20	19	2019		2019
Net charge-offs - annualized percentages:								
Commercial:								
Commercial and industrial		1.09%	0.47	%	0.52%	0.27	1%	0.419
Commercial real estate:								
Construction		0.08	(0.03)	(0.40)	(0.08	3)	(0.11)
Commercial		(0.06)	0.01		(0.09)	(0.12	2)	0.12
Commercial real estate		(0.03)			(0.14)	(0.12	.)	0.08
Total commercial		0.89	0.38		0.40	0.20)	0.35
Consumer:								
Automobile		0.22	0.30		0.26	0.17	,	0.32
Home equity		0.19	0.02		0.11	0.07	,	0.12
Residential mortgage		0.02	0.04		0.03	0.05	;	0.10
RV and marine		0.27	0.39		0.23	0.25	,	0.39
Other consumer		6.45	7.26		7.07	6.02	<u>. </u>	6.29
Total consumer		0.35	0.39		0.38	0.31		0.41

0.62%

0.39%

0.39%

0.25%

0.38%

	Mai	rch 31,	Dec	ember 31,	Septer	nber 30,		June 30,	N	1arch 31,
(dollar amounts in millions)	2	.020		2019	2	019		2019		2019
Nonaccrual loans and leases (NALs):										
Commercial and industrial	\$	396	\$	323	\$	291	\$	281	\$	271
Commercial real estate		30		10		12		17		9
Automobile		6		4		5		4		4
Home equity		58		59		60		60		64
Residential mortgage		66		71		69		62		68
RV and marine		2		1		1		1		1
Other consumer										
Total nonaccrual loans and leases		558		468		438		425		417
Other real estate, net:										
Residential		8		9		10		10		14
Commercial		2		2		2		4		4
Total other real estate, net		10		11		12		14		18
Other NPAs (1)		18		19		32	_	21		26
Total nonperforming assets	\$	586	\$	498	\$	482	\$	460	\$	461
Nonaccrual loans and leases as a % of total loans and leases		0.72%		0.62%		0.58%		0.57%		0.56%
NPA ratio (2)		0.75		0.66		0.64		0.61		0.61
(NPA+90days)/(Loan+OREO) (3)		0.96		0.89		0.86		0.82		0.81

				Th	ree I	Months Ende	d			
	M	arch 31,	De	cember 31,	Sep	tember 30,		June 30,	ſ	March 31,
(dollar amounts in millions)		2020		2019		2019		2019		2019
Nonperforming assets, beginning of period	\$	498	\$	482	\$	460	\$	461	\$	387
New nonperforming assets		274		175		165		117		218
Returns to accruing status		(18)		(20)		(24)		(16)		(33)
Loan and lease losses		(91)		(48)		(66)		(34)		(46)
Payments		(70)		(63)		(38)		(54)		(33)
Sales		(7)		(28)		(15)		(14)		(32)
Nonperforming assets, end of period	\$	586	\$	498	\$	482	\$	460	\$	461

⁽¹⁾ Other nonperforming assets include certain impaired securities and/or nonaccrual loans held-for-sale.

⁽²⁾ Nonperforming assets divided by the sum of loans and leases, net other real estate owned, and other NPAs.

⁽³⁾ The sum of nonperforming assets and total accruing loans and leases past due 90 days or more divided by the sum of loans and leases and other real estate.

(dollar amounts in millions)	March 31, 2020			mber 31, 2019	September 30, 2019		June 30, 2019	March 31, 2019	
Accruing loans and leases past due 90+ days:						_			
Commercial and industrial	\$	10	\$	11	\$ 9	\$	5	\$	3
Commercial real estate		_		_	_		_		_
Automobile		8		8	8		7		6
Home equity		12		14	13		15		15
Residential mortgage (excluding loans guaranteed by the U.S. Government)		21		20	23		27		25
RV and marine		2		2	1		1		2
Other consumer		4		7	7		5		5
Total, excl. loans guaranteed by the U.S. Government		57		62	61		60		56
Add: loans guaranteed by U.S. Government		110		109	102		92		91
Total accruing loans and leases past due 90+ days, including loans guaranteed by the U.S. Government	\$	167	\$	171	\$ 163	\$	152	\$	147
	<u> </u>					Ė		_	
Ratios:									
Excluding loans guaranteed by the U.S. Government, as a percent of total loans and leases		0.07%		0.08%	0.08%		0.08%		0.07%
Guaranteed by U.S. Government, as a percent of total loans and leases		0.14		0.14	0.14		0.12		0.12
Including loans guaranteed by the U.S. Government, as a percent of total loans and leases		0.21		0.23	0.22		0.20		0.20
Accruing troubled debt restructured loans:									
Commercial and industrial	\$	219	\$	213	\$ 225	\$	245	\$	270
Commercial real estate		37		37	40		48		60
Automobile		42		40	39		37		37
Home equity		219		226	233		241		247
Residential mortgage		227		223	221		221		219
RV and marine		3		3	3		2		2
Other consumer		11		11	10		10		9
Total accruing troubled debt restructured loans	\$	758	\$	753	\$ 771	\$	804	\$	844
Nonaccruing troubled debt restructured loans:									
Commercial and industrial	\$	119	\$	109	\$ 84	\$	88	\$	86
Commercial real estate	ب	4	ٻ	6	5 6	٧	6	ٻ	6
Automobile		2		2	3		3		3
Home equity		25		26	26		26		28
Residential mortgage		42		42	44		43		43
RV and marine		2		1	1		1		1
Other consumer		_		_	_		_		_
Total nonaccruing troubled debt restructured loans	\$	194	\$	186	\$ 164	\$	167	\$	167
	<u> </u>	197	<u> </u>		- 104	Ě	107		

	March 31,		December 31,		September 30,		June 30,		March 31,	
(dollar amounts in millions)		2020	2019		2019		2019			2019
Common equity tier 1 risk-based capital ratio: (1)										
Total shareholders' equity	\$	11,769	\$	11,795	\$	11,909	\$	11,668	\$	11,432
Regulatory capital adjustments:										
CECL transitional amount (2)		386								
Shareholders' preferred equity		(1,207)		(1,207)		(1,207)		(1,207)		(1,207)
Accumulated other comprehensive income offset		(227)		256		175		273		455
Goodwill and other intangibles, net of related taxes		(2,141)		(2,153)		(2,162)		(2,174)		(2,187)
Deferred tax assets that arise from tax loss and credit carryforwards		(42)		(44)		(30)		(30)		(31)
Common equity tier 1 capital		8,538		8,647		8,685		8,530		8,462
Additional tier 1 capital										
Shareholders' preferred equity		1,207		1,207		1,207		1,207		1,207
Other		1				11				11
Tier 1 capital		9,746		9,854		9,893		9,737		9,670
Long-term debt and other tier 2 qualifying instruments		619		672		750		727		736
Qualifying allowance for loan and lease losses		1,127		887		884		875		864
Tier 2 capital		1,746		1,559		1,634		1,602		1,600
Total risk-based capital	\$	11,492	\$	11,413	\$	11,527	\$	11,339	\$	11,270
Risk-weighted assets (RWA)(1)	\$	90,174	\$	87,512	\$	86,719	\$	86,332	\$	85,966
Common equity tier 1 risk-based capital ratio (1)		9.47%		9.88%		10.02%		9.88%		9.84%
Other regulatory capital data:										
Tier 1 leverage ratio (1)		9.01		9.26		9.34		9.24		9.16
Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio (1)		10.81		11.26		11.41		11.28		11.25
Total risk-based capital ratio (1)	12.74		13.0		13.29		13.13		13.11	
Non-regulatory capital data:										
Tangible common equity / RWA ratio (1)		9.32		9.62		9.83		9.58		9.34
(1) March 21, 2020, figures are estimated										

⁽¹⁾ March 31, 2020, figures are estimated.

⁽²⁾ The CECL transitional amount includes the impact of Huntington's adoption of the new CECL accounting standard on January 1, 2020 and 25 percent of the increase in reserves from January 1, 2020 through March 31, 2020.

Quarterly common stock summary

	March 31, 2020		cember 31, 2019	Sep	otember 30, 2019	June 30, 2019		March 31, 2019	
Dividends, per share									
Cash dividends declared per common share	\$ 0.15	\$	0.15	\$	0.15	\$	0.14	\$	0.14
Common shares outstanding									
Average - basic	1,018		1,029		1,035		1,045		1,047
Average - diluted	1,035		1,047		1,051		1,060		1,066
Ending	1,014		1,020		1,033		1,038		1,046
Tangible book value per common share (1)	\$ 8.28	\$	8.25	\$	8.25	\$	7.97	\$	7.67
Common share repurchases									
Number of shares repurchased	7		13		5		11		2

Non-regulatory capital

	March 31,		December 31,		September 30,		June 30,		March 31,	
(dollar amounts in millions)		2020		2019		2019	2019		2019	
Calculation of tangible equity / asset ratio:										
Total shareholders' equity	\$	11,769	\$	11,795	\$	11,909	\$	11,668	\$	11,432
Less: goodwill		(1,990)		(1,990)		(1,990)		(1,990)		(1,990)
Less: other intangible assets		(222)		(232)		(244)		(257)		(269)
Add: related deferred tax liability (1)		47		49		51		54		56
Total tangible equity		9,604		9,622		9,726		9,475		9,229
Less: preferred equity		(1,203)		(1,203)		(1,203)		(1,203)		(1,203)
Total tangible common equity	\$	8,401	\$	8,419	\$	8,523	\$	8,272	\$	8,026
Total assets	\$	113,897	\$	109,002	\$	108,735	\$	108,247	\$	108,203
Less: goodwill		(1,990)		(1,990)		(1,990)		(1,990)		(1,990)
Less: other intangible assets		(222)		(232)		(244)		(257)		(269)
Add: related deferred tax liability (1)		47		49		51		54		56
Total tangible assets	\$	111,732	\$	106,829	\$	106,552	\$	106,054	\$	106,000
Tangible equity / tangible asset ratio		8.60%		9.01%		9.13%		8.93%		8.71%
Tangible common equity / tangible asset ratio		7.52		7.88		8.00		7.80		7.57
Other data:										
Number of employees (Average full-time equivalent)		15,386		15,495		15,659		15,780		15,738
Number of domestic full-service branches (2)		839		868		868		868		898
ATM Count		1,434		1,448		1,442		1,687		1,727

Other intangible assets are net of deferred tax liability, calculated at a 21% tax rate. Includes Regional Banking and The Huntington Private Client Group offices. (1)