



# VEGA-1 Phase 2 trial: Phentolamine Ophthalmic Solution Maintains Pupillary Reflex with Improved Distance-Corrected Near Vision in Presbyopes

(Poster ID 91213)

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### **Dr. Singh's financial disclosures:**

- Ocuphire
- Allergan
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- Rayner/Omeros
- B+L
- Alchemy Vision Project
- Eyepoint/ImprimisRxx
- Elios
- Visiox

# POS and POS + Low Dose Pilocarpine Presbyopia Eye Drops

*Differentiated MOA with Two Potential Product Labels for Functional Near Vision Improvement*

## 0.75% POS



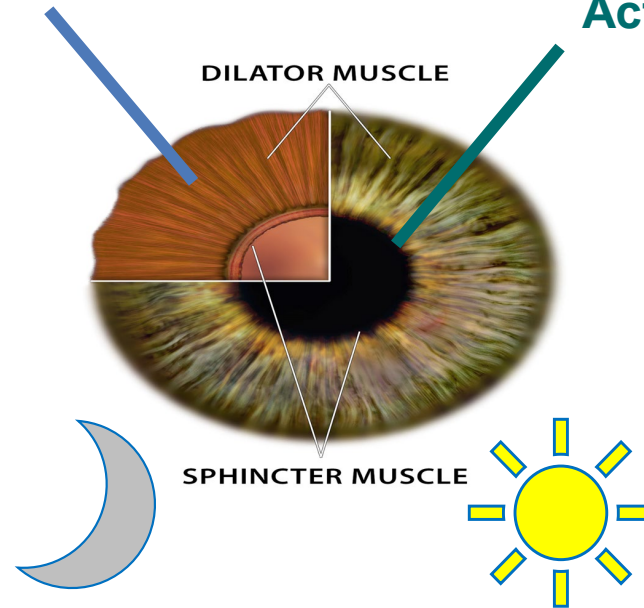
**POS as a Single Agent for Presbyopia**

*Single Durable Drop*

- Phentolamine  $\alpha$ 1/2 antagonist 505(b)(2)
- Novel MOA on iris dilator with 24 hr durability with moderate pupil reduction
- Well-tolerated with no systemic effects
- Stable, preservative-free, single-use vial

Iris Dilator Muscle Inhibition

Iris Sphincter and Ciliary Muscles Activation



*Evening drop*

*Daytime drop*

**Optimal Pupil Size is 2-3 mm**

## 0.4% LDP



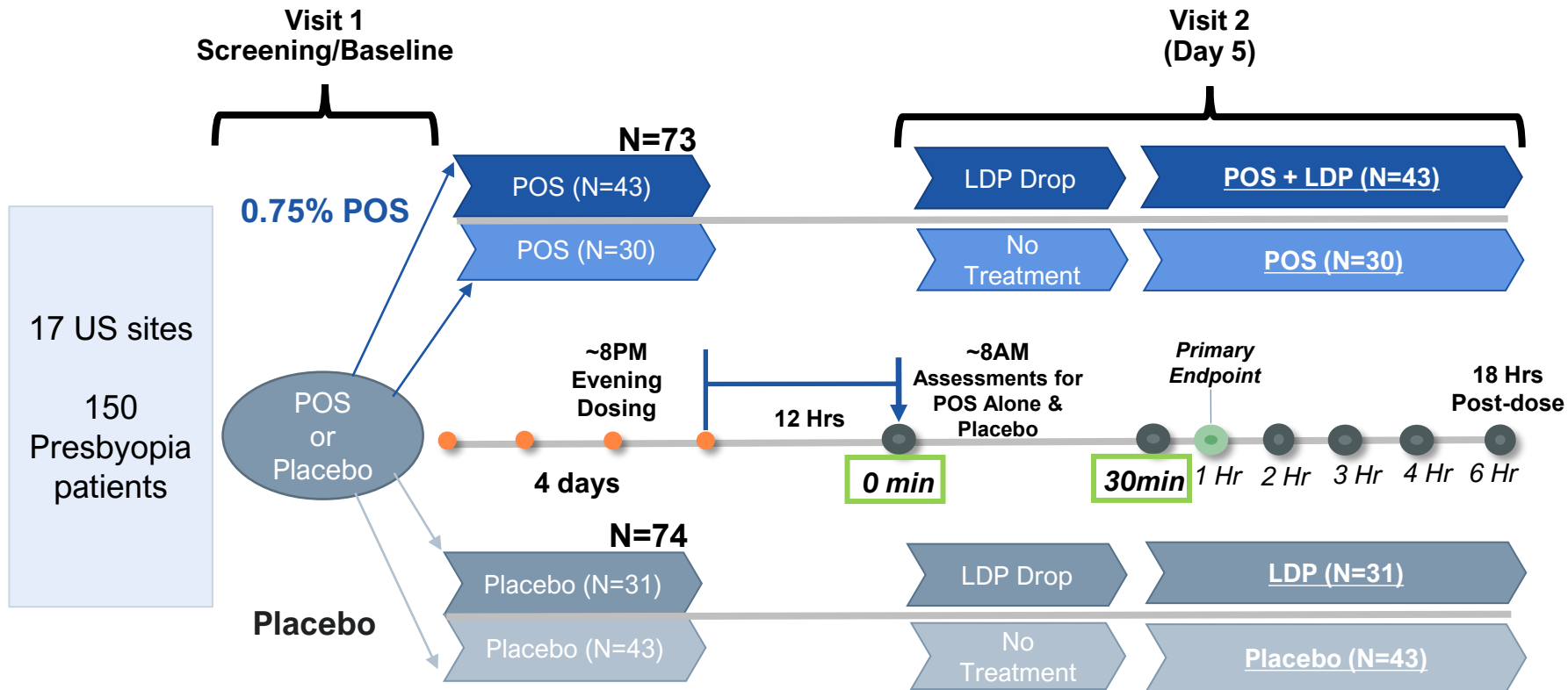
**POS with LDP as Adjunctive Therapy for Presbyopia**

*Two Drops Tunable Option*

- Cholinergic agonist 505(b)(2)
- Known MOA on sphincter with potent miotic effects at approved doses (1%, 2%, 4%)
- Low concentration avoids tolerability issues
- Preserved, multi-use vial

# Presbyopia VEGA-1 Phase 2 Design

Randomized, Double-Masked, Placebo-Controlled Multi-Center One-Week Trial



## Endpoints

**Primary:** % of subjects with  $\geq 3$  lines of improvement in distance-corrected near visual acuity comparing POS + LDP vs placebo alone at 1 hour

### Secondary:

- % of subjects with  $\geq 2$  and  $\geq 3$  lines gained at time points from 30 min to 6 hours in photopic and mesopic lighting comparing POS + LDP vs placebo, POS alone, and LDP alone
- No loss of distance vision
- Pupil diameter at time points
- Safety and tolerability (redness)

## Eligibility Criteria

- Males or females  $\geq 40$  and  $\leq 64$  years of age
- BCDVA of 0.0 LogMAR (20/20 Snellen equivalent) or better in each eye under photopic conditions
- DCNVA of 0.4 LogMAR (20/50 Snellen equivalent) or worse under photopic conditions in each eye & binocularly

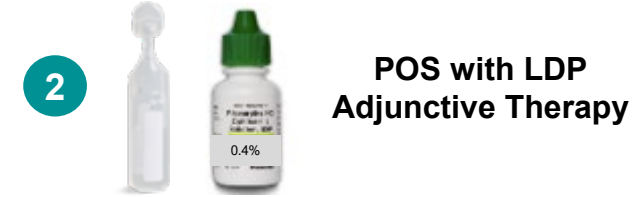
# VEGA-1: Demographics and Baseline Characteristics

*Treatment and Placebo Arms Were Balanced*

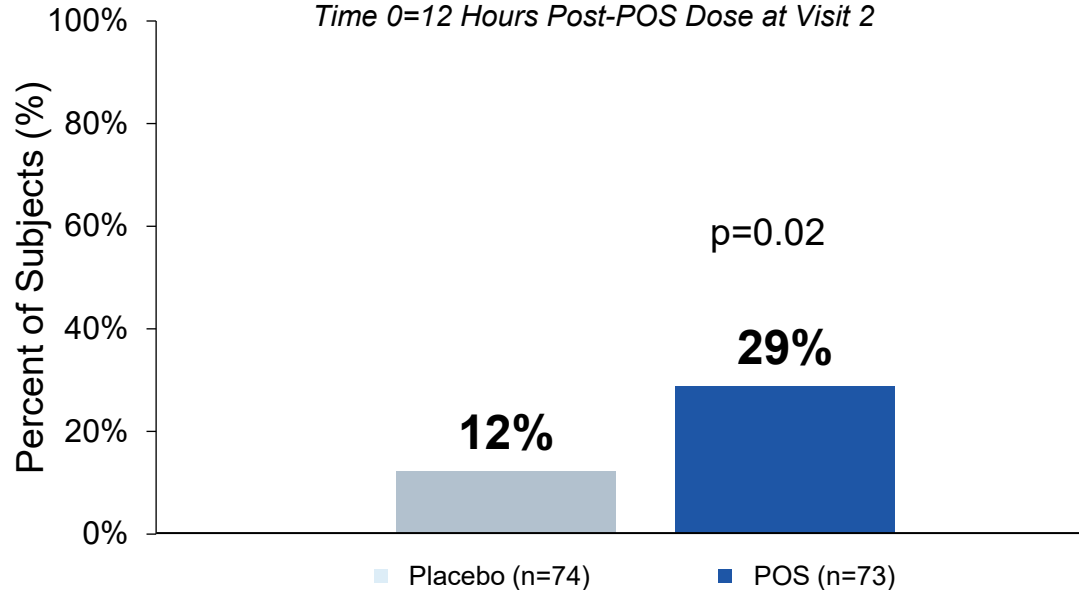
	Placebo Alone N=43	POS Alone N=30	LDP Alone N=31	POS+LDP N=43	Total N=147
<b>Age (years):</b> Median (Range)	52 (42-62)	54 (41-60)	52 (44-64)	53 (43-63)	53 (41-64)
<b>Sex: Male</b> n (%)	15 (35%)	7 (23%)	13 (42%)	5 (12%)	40 (27%)
<b>Female</b> n (%)	28 (65%)	23 (77%)	18 (58%)	38 (88%)	107 (73%)
<b>Race: White</b> n (%)	37 (86%)	26 (87%)	28 (90%)	40 (93%)	131 (89%)
<b>Other*</b> n (%)	6 (14%)	1 (3%)	3 (10%)	3 (7%)	15 (11%)
<b>Dark Iris Color:</b> n (%)	18 (42%)	12 (40%)	12 (39%)	18 (42%)	60 (41%)
<b>Light Iris Color:</b> n (%)	25 (58%)	18 (60%)	19 (61%)	25.1 (58%)	87 (59%)
<b>Photopic DCNVA Mean Letters read-Binocular (Snellen Equiv.)</b> <i>70 letters = 20/20</i>	46 (20/63)	45 (20/63)	48 (20/63)	46 (20/63)	46 (20/63)
<b>Photopic BCDVA Mean Letters read-Binocular (Snellen Equiv.)</b> <i>55 letters = 20/20</i>	62 (20/15)	61 (20/15)	60 (20/15)	61 (20/15)	61 (20/15)
<b>Photopic Pupil Diameter Mean (mm)</b>	4.3	4.5	4.3	4.3	4.3
<b>Mesopic Pupil Diameter Mean (mm)</b>	5.1	5.0	5.0	5.1	5.1
<b>IOP (mmHg)</b>	13.5	14.8	13.9	14.4	14.1

# VEGA-1: Planned P3 Efficacy Endpoint Met by POS and POS+LDP

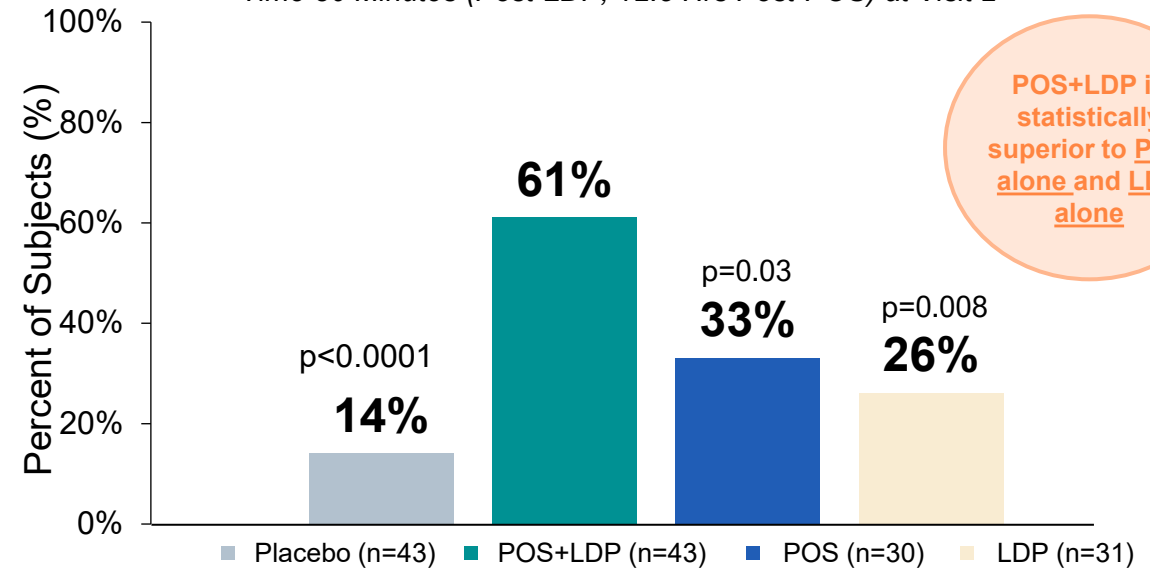
*POS Single Drop and LDP Combination Provide Statistically Significant Near Vision Gain*



Percent of Subjects with  $\geq 15$  Letter Gain In Near &  $< 5$  Letters Loss In Distance Vision in Photopic Binocular DCNVA  
Time 0=12 Hours Post-POS Dose at Visit 2



Percent of Subjects with  $\geq 15$  Letter Gain In Near &  $< 5$  Letters Loss In Distance Vision in Photopic Binocular DCNVA  
Time 30 Minutes (Post-LDP; 12.5 Hrs Post-POS) at Visit 2



POS+LDP is statistically superior to POS alone and LDP alone

**53%** of subjects achieved  $\geq 10$  letter improvement in DCNVA at 12 hours (p=0.005 vs placebo) and a similar trend at other time points

**79%** of subjects achieved  $\geq 10$  letter improvement in DCNVA at 1 Hour (p=0.005 vs placebo) and a similar trend at other time points

# VEGA-1: Safety Findings Across All Arms

*POS and POS+LDP Combination were Well-Tolerated with a Favorable Safety Profile*

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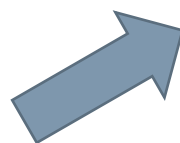
- No serious AEs, no deaths
- Most AEs were mild
  - No systemic AEs were observed in >5% subjects
  - No headaches, no brow aches, and no blurry vision AEs reported
  - Only mild, transient conjunctival hyperemia observed in <5% of subjects
- No significant loss in distance vision loss ( $\geq 5$  letters):
  - In photopic lighting (160 cd/m<sup>2</sup>): 0% placebo, 3% POS, 0% POS+LDP and 7% LDP
  - In mesopic lighting (3 cd/m<sup>2</sup>): 7% placebo, 0% POS, 5% POS+LDP and 7% LDP
- No change in IOP

# Clinical Significance of Maintaining a Dynamic Pupil

*An Important Factor to Consider in Developing Topical Solutions for Presbyopia Treatment*

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- **Dynamic pupillary response** is the ability of the pupil to constrict and dilate in response to changes in light, accommodative effort and other stimuli
- **Benefit of maintaining eye's natural ability** to adjust to different lighting conditions, reducing glare in bright light while optimizing retinal illuminance and neural contrast in low-light conditions



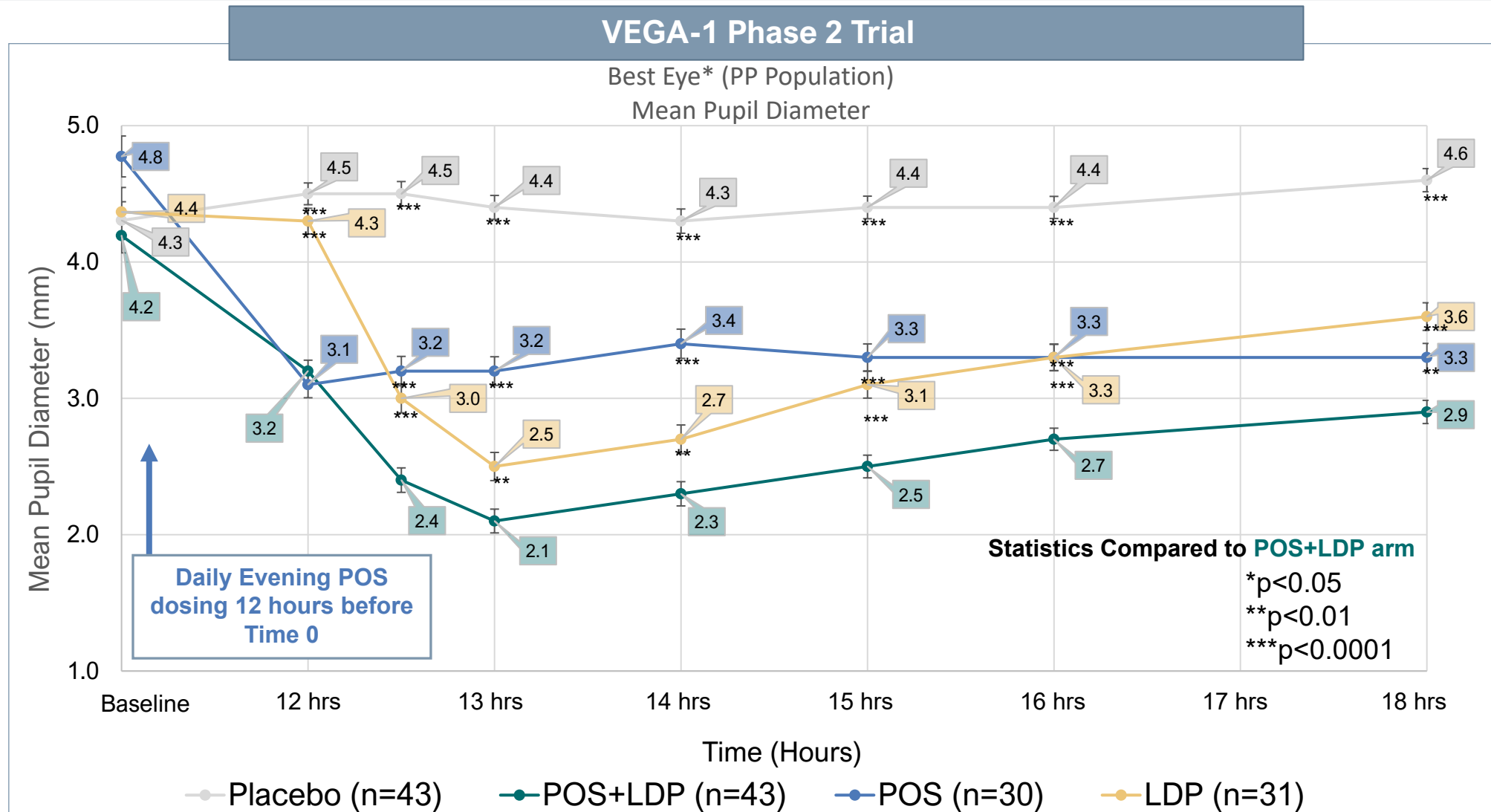
Approved **cholinergic agonists** (e.g., 1%-4% pilocarpine) powerfully reducing size of the pupil tend to **limit dynamic pupillary response**



Whereas  **$\alpha$ 1/2 antagonists** (e.g., 0.75% POS) **maintain dynamic pupillary response**, optimizing image contrast while also improving near vision, making it an ideal treatment for presbyopia

# VEGA-1: Mean Pupil Diameter Over Time

*POS+LDP Reduced Pupil Diameter to 2-3 mm, Consistent With Improvement in Near Vision*



Note: PP population differs from mITT by only one subject; results were essentially identical.

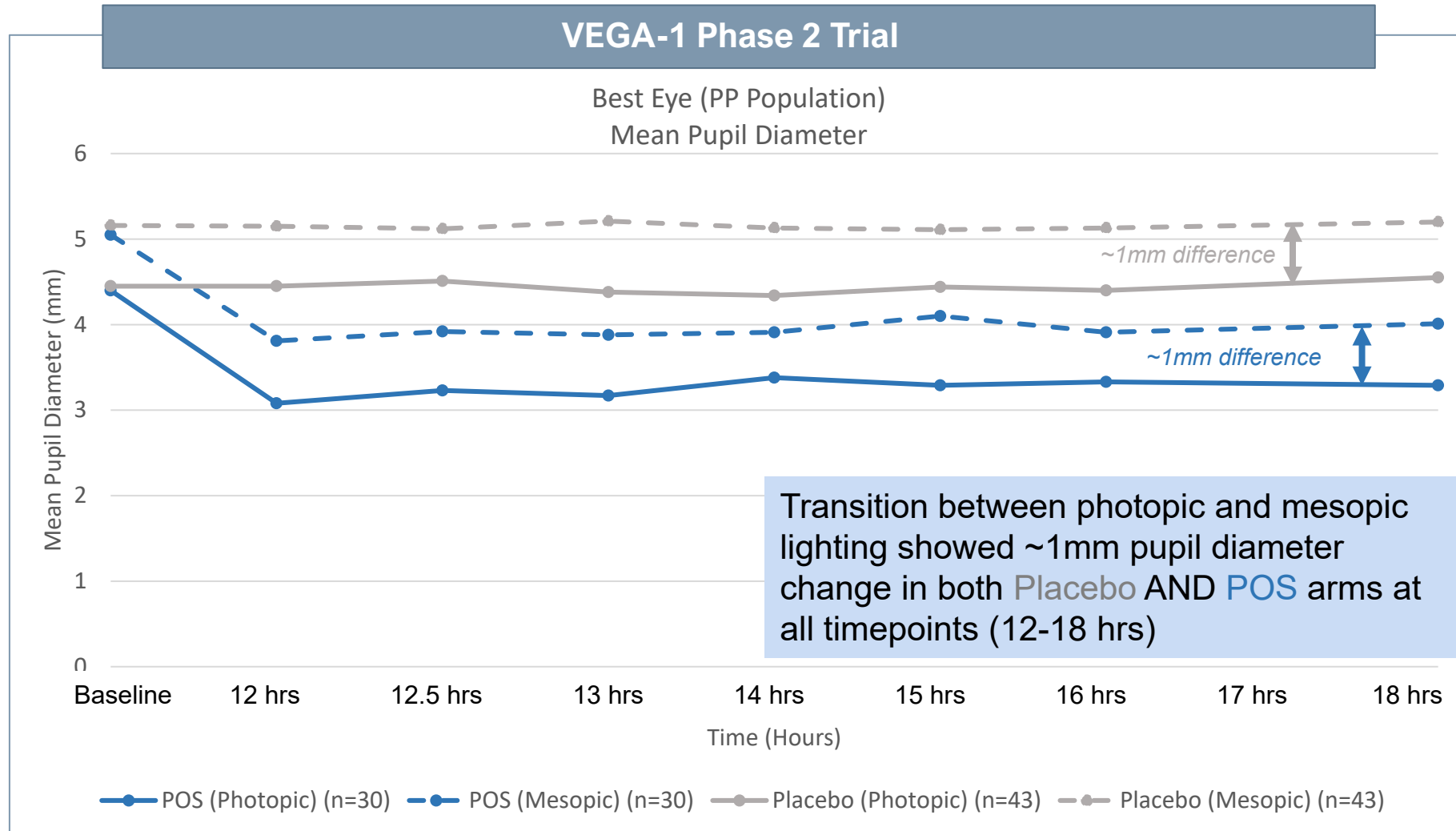
Source: VEGA-1 Results

\*Defined as eye tested with greatest reduction in diameter between Study Eye and Fellow Eye



# VEGA-1: Pupillary Light Reflex in POS vs. Placebo

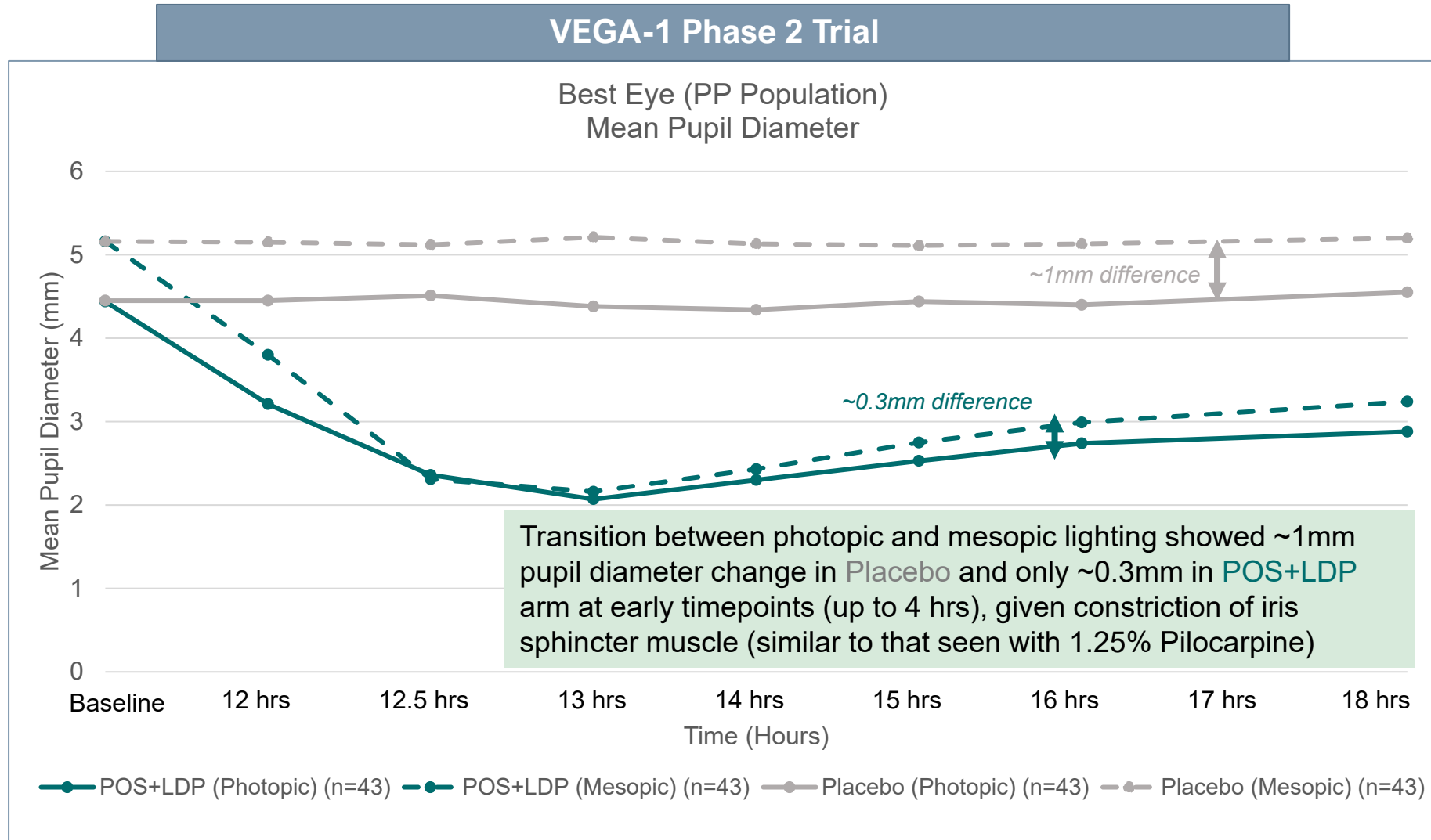
POS-Treated Eyes Demonstrated Normal Pupillary Response at All Timepoints



Note: PP population differs from mITT by only one subject; results were essentially identical.  
Source: VEGA-1 Results

# VEGA-1: Pupillary Light Reflex in POS+LDP

Addition of LDP to POS Diminished Pupillary Light Reflex



Note: PP population differs from mITT by only one subject; results were essentially identical.

Source: VEGA-1 Results, Gemini-1 Results

# Key Takeaways

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- POS alone met planned P3 endpoint at 12 hours post-POS dose (29%;  $p=0.02$ ), with at least 18 hours of sustained PD reduction
- POS+LDP Combination met planned P3 endpoint at 30 minutes post-LDP dose (or 12.5 hours post-POS dose) (61%;  $p<0.0001$ ), with at least 18 hours of sustained PD reduction
- Favorable safety profile for POS Alone and POS + LDP Combination treatment
- POS alone allowed normal pupillary light reflex of ~1 mm change in mean pupil diameter when transitioning from photopic to mesopic conditions at all timepoints
- In comparison to POS alone treatment, pupillary light reflexes were diminished in combination arm due to the addition of 0.4% pilocarpine (LDP) that constricts iris sphincter muscle
  - This reduced pupillary light reflex is similarly seen in 1.25% pilocarpine presbyopia trials
  - These findings are clinically intuitive, as LDP's cholinergic mechanism causes strong constriction of the sphincter muscle, which is responsible for controlling the dynamic pupillary response
- These positive Phase 2 results in VEGA-1 allowed advancement into Phase 3 Program for two labels (POS and POS+LDP) with recruitment for VEGA-2 presbyopia trial ongoing

We thank all the VEGA-1 study participants, investigators and their staff !!!

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Dr. Inder Paul Singh

VEGA-1 Clinical Trial Sponsor is Ocuphire Pharma

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