

Consolidated Performance Databook 2024

KONTOOR Wrangler Lee

Kontoor Brands, Inc.



2024 DATABOOK

Kontoor Brands is committed to regularly reporting on our social and environmental impacts.

This document supplements the contents of our 2024 Sustainability Report, which sets out our commitments and progress towards the continuous improvement of our sustainability practices, and our 2024 Climate-related Financial Disclosures Report. This databook has not been prepared in accordance with the Global Reporting Standards (GRI), but we do include some GRI references where relevant. See our Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB) Index 2024.

The data included in this document covers the calendar year of 2024. Historical data is provided where relevant. With the exception of our Scope 1 and Scope 2 GHG emissions, the data presented has not been subjected to third-party verification.

 Find out more about our Greenhouse Gas Verification Statement

Note: In May 2025, Kontoor Brands acquired the outdoor and workwear brand, Helly Hansen. The information in this report does not reflect any impacts from this acquisition as it falls outside of the scope of our 2024 reporting window.

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CLIMATE CHANGE

| SCOPE 1 GHG EMISSIONS (MTCO ₂ E) ¹ | | |
|---|---------|---------|
| | 2023 | 2024 |
| Scope 1 (MT CO ₂ e) | 16,000 | 17,000 |
| SCOPE 2 GHG EMISSIONS | | |
| | 2023 | 2024 |
| Scope 2 – Location-based GHG emissions | 37,000 | 35,000 |
| Scope 2 – Market-based GHG emissions | 38,000 | 36,000 |
| SIGNIFICANT SCOPE 3 GHG EMISSIONS ² | | |
| | 2023 | 2024 |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | 838,000 | 885,000 |
| GHG ENERGY INTENSITY PER NET REVENUE ³ | | |
| | 2023 | 2024 |
| Total GHG emissions (market-based) per net revenue (MtCO ₂ eq/Monetary unit) | 0.00035 | 0.00036 |

¹ FY2024 Scope 1 and 2 GHG emissions have been verified by a third-party with a limited level of assurance.

² Scope 3 includes only categories with significant GHG emisssons:

- Category 1 purchased goods and services
- Category 3 fuel and energy-related activities
- Category 4 upstream transportation and distribution, and
- Category 9 downstream transportation and distribution.

³ Intensity measure is based on annual revenue of \$2.6 billion in FY 2024.



MATERIALS SOURCING AND ASSURANCE

| RAW MATERIAL SOURCING 2024 ¹ | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|------|----------------------|------------------------|
| Raw Materials | Total Consumption (MT) in 2024 | Type | Year | Amount Consumed (MT) | % of Total Consumption |
| Cotton | 70,112 | Conventional | 2024 | 16,831 | 20.39% |
| | | | 2023 | 15,734 | 21.23% |
| | | Preferred US/African/Australian | 2024 | 47,860 | 57.99% |
| | | | 2023 | 43,366 | 58.51% |
| | | Better Cotton Initiative | 2024 | 645 | 0.78% |
| | | | 2023 | 1,119 | 1.51% |
| | | Regenerative | 2024 | 1,758 | 2.13% |
| | | | 2023 | 220 | 0.30% |
| | | Organic | 2024 | 86 | 0.10% |
| | | | 2023 | 53 | 0.07% |
| | | Recycled Cotton | 2024 | 2,932 | 3.55% |
| | | | 2023 | 3,337 | 4.50% |
| Natural Fibers Excluding Cotton (hemp, linen & kapok) | | | 2024 | 21 | 0.03% |
| | | | 2023 | 18 | 0.02% |
| Manmade Cellulose Fiber | | | 2024 | 801 | 0.97% |
| | | | 2023 | 533 | 0.72% |
| Animal Fiber (Wool) | | | 2024 | 10 | 0.01% |
| | | | 2023 | 5 | 0.01% |
| Elastane | | | 2024 | 1,114 | 1.35% |
| | | | 2023 | 851 | 1.15% |
| Synthetics | 10,471 | Conventional | 2024 | 6,543 | 7.93% |
| | | | 2023 | 6,199 | 8.36% |
| | | Recycled | 2024 | 3,924 | 4.75% |
| | | | 2023 | 2,457 | 3.31% |
| | | Bio-based | 2024 | 4 | 0.00% |
| | | | 2023 | 227 | 0.31% |
| Total Consumption (MT) | 82,529 | | | | |
| Total Preferred Material (MT) | 57,209 | | | | |
| Total Conventional Material (MT) | 25,320 | | | | |
| Preferred Cotton (out of total cotton) | 76% | | | | |
| Preferred Synthetics (out of total synthetics) | 38% | | | | |

¹ Kontoor does not directly purchase raw materials but instead works with suppliers to select raw materials for use in our products by third-party manufacturers.



CHEMICALS MANAGEMENT

| CHEMISTRY | | |
|--|---------------|-------------|
| | 2023 | 2024 |
| Total number of in-scope factories | 133 | 169 |
| Number of factories participated | 131 (98%) | 161 (95.2%) |
| Number of factories uploaded chemical inventories | 128 (96.2)% | 157 (92.8)% |
| Number of factories uploaded Higg FEM reports | 125 (93.9%) | 156 (92.3)% |
| Number of factories uploaded wastewater reports | 125 (93.9%) | 149 (88.2%) |
| Total Number of Chemicals from factory inventories | 6,125 | 8,265 |
| Overall Chemical conformity | 5,059 (82.6%) | 6,946 (84%) |
| Chemical conformity for Asia and EMEA factories | 4,662 (85.7%) | 6530 (87%) |

Note: The percentage was calculated based on the total number of in-scope factories

| WASTE GENERATED IN DISTRIBUTION CENTERS | | | |
|--|------|------|------|
| Name of Distribution Center (DC) | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| El Paso | 94% | 94% | 95% |
| Hackleburg | 96% | 97% | 97% |
| Luray | 96% | 97% | 98% |
| Mexico City | 98% | 99% | 100% |
| Mocksville | 93% | 96% | 96% |
| Seminole | 95% | 98% | 95% |
| Number of Zero Waste DCs (diversion rate of 95% or more) | 4 | 5 | 6 |



WATER RESOURCES

| WATER CONSUMPTION AND PERFORMANCE - INTERNAL MANUFACTURING | | | | |
|--|---------|---------|---------|----------------|
| | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | % change 23-24 |
| Total water consumption (m3) | 36,000 | 269,000 | 185,500 | -31% |
| Total water consumption in areas at water risk or high water-stress (m3) | 51,660 | 76,200 | 50,300 | -34% |
| Total water recycled and reused (m3) | 398,200 | 435,400 | 613,900 | 41% |
| Total water stored (m3) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0% |

| WATER SAVING FROM INDIGOOD™ PROGRAM (SEE SUSTAINABILITY REPORT 2024 FOR DEFINITION OF INDIGOOD™) | |
|--|---------------|
| Year | Liters Saved |
| 2022 | 725,319,000 |
| 2023 | 897,690,000 |
| 2024 | 1,311,925,000 |



OWN WORKFORCE

| EMPLOYEE CHARACTERISTICS | |
|--------------------------|--|
| ESRS S1-6 | |
| Gender | Number of employees (headcount) FY2024 |
| Male | 5,775 |
| Female | 7,413 |
| Other | - |
| Not reported | 39 |
| Total | 13,227 |

| EMPLOYEE HEAD COUNT IN COUNTRIES WHERE KONTOOR HAS AT LEAST 50 EMPLOYEES REPRESENTING AT LEAST 10% OF ITS TOTAL NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES | |
|---|--|
| Country | Number of employees (headcount) FY2024 |
| Switzerland | 65 |
| Italy | 67 |
| Spain | 71 |
| Philippines | 78 |
| Poland | 89 |
| United Kingdom | 132 |
| India | 145 |
| Belgium | 175 |
| Bangladesh | 232 |
| Hong Kong | 250 |
| China | 551 |
| United States of America | 3,046 |
| Mexico | 8,753 |



| HEALTH AND SAFETY | | | |
|--|------------|------------|------------|
| Metric | YE 2024 | YE 2023 | YE 2022 |
| Total hours worked – own workforce (number) | 2,286,996 | 2,882,795 | 2,525,211 |
| Total hours worked – other workforce | 18,066,417 | 19,653,036 | 21,069,228 |
| Fatalities resulting from work-related injury – own workforce (number) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Fatalities resulting from work-related injury – other workforce (number) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Fatalities resulting from work-related ill health –own workforce (number) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Fatalities resulting from work-related ill health – other workers (number) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Recordable Incident Rate – own workforce (number) | 0.63 | 0.28 | 0.79 |
| Total Recordable Incident Rate – other workers (number) | 0.54 | 0.67 | 0.56 |
| Lost Time Incident Rate – own workforce (number) | 0.14 | 0.14 | 0.16 |
| Lost Time Incident Rate – other workforce | 0.3 | 0.28 | 0.27 |
| Number of recordable incidents – own workforce | 9 | 4 | 10 |
| Number of recordable incidents – other workforce | 50 | 66 | 59 |
| Number of lost time cases – own workforce | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| Number of lost time cases – other workforce | 15 | 14 | 19 |



WORKERS IN THE VALUE CHAIN

| WORKER WELL-BEING | | | |
|-------------------|--------|--------|------------|
| Year | Target | Result | Peformance |
| 2022 | 40% | 43% | On-track |
| 2023 | 50% | 58% | On-track |
| 2024 | 70% | 92% | On-track |

METHODOLOGICAL NOTE

For Scope 1 and 2:

For GHG emissions Scope 1, we used the EPA Center of Corporate Climate Leadership “Emission Factors for Greenhouse Gas Inventories”, last published January 30, 2023, available at www.epa.gov/climateleadership.

For GHG emissions Scope 2, we calculated both market and location-based emissions. For the US, we used Green-E for the year 2022 which uses the same location-based emission factors as EGRID, available at <https://www.green-e.org/2024-residual-mix>. For Mexico we used a 2023 emission factor published online by the Mexican federal government and reported to SEMARNAT, the Mexico national environmental entity. For grid emission factors in the EU, we used the Association of Issuing Bodies (AIB) European Residual Mix for the year 2023, available at <https://www.aib-net.org/facts/european-residual-mix/2023>. For grid emission factors outside of the US, EU, and Mexico, we used the 2024 Carbon Footprint Ltd dataset, available at https://www.carbonfootprint.com/international_electricity_factors.html.

Supplier data:

Our supply chain is defined as follows: Tier 1 suppliers are garment manufacturers while Tier 2 suppliers are involved in textile production. Suppliers beyond Tier 1 may include textile production and raw material processing (e.g., yarn spinning). Unless otherwise noted, Tier 1 suppliers do not include our internal manufacturing facilities.

Raw materials sourced for our products - cotton definitions

Kontoor does not purchase raw materials, but instead works with our suppliers to select raw materials for use in our products by third-party manufacturers.

Organic cotton: Cotton certified to have been grown from non-genetically modified seeds, with minimal fertilizers and pesticides such as Global Organic Textile Standard (GOTS)-certified and Organic Cotton Standard (OCS)-certified cotton.

Regenerative cotton: Regenerative cotton uses farming practices that help to keep the land fertile, restore biodiversity and add carbon to the soil while aiming to secure the wealth of those who live on it.

Recycled cotton: Cotton from validated sources of post-industrial or post-consumer. Recycled cotton prevents additional textile waste and requires fewer resources than virgin cotton.

Preferred US/ African/ Australian cotton:

US cotton: US cotton producers follow responsible cotton practices which show continual improvements on environmental factors including land, water and energy.

African cotton (except Egypt and South Africa): Cotton grown in selected regions of Africa that statistically use less fertilizers and pesticides compared to conventionally-grown cotton outside of Africa. Data is backed by International Cotton Advisory Committee World Cotton Data Book.

Australian cotton: Australian cotton has 30+ years of data showing continual improvement on increased production on less land, more efficient water use and less impact on the environment.

