



# Targeted science, Tailored solutions

*for people with autoimmune disease*



42<sup>nd</sup> Annual J.P. Morgan Healthcare Conference  
January 9, 2024



# Forward-looking statements

This presentation contains forward-looking statements for the purposes of the safe harbor provisions under The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and other federal securities laws. The use of words such as "can," "may," "might," "will," "would," "should," "expect," "believe," "estimate," "design," "plan," "intend," and other similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Such forward looking statements include Immunovant's expectations regarding patient enrollment, timing, design, and results of clinical trials of its product candidates and indication selections; Immunovant's plan to develop batoclimab and IMVT-1402 across a broad range of autoimmune indications; expectations with respect to for these planned clinical trials; the size and growth of the potential markets for Immunovant's product candidates and indication selections; Immunovant's plan to explore in subsequent study periods follow-on treatment with alternative dosing regimens; Immunovant's beliefs regarding the potential benefits of batoclimab's and IMVT-1402's unique product attributes and first-in-class or best-in-class potential, as applicable; whether, if approved, batoclimab or IMVT-1402 will be successfully distributed, marketed or commercialized; and Immunovant's expectations regarding the issuance and term of any pending patents. All forward-looking statements are based on estimates and assumptions by Immunovant's management that, although Immunovant believes to be reasonable, are inherently uncertain. All forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially from those that Immunovant expected. Such risks and uncertainties include, among others: initial results or other preliminary analyses or results of early clinical trials may not be predictive of final trial results or of the results of later clinical trials; results of animal studies may not be predictive of results in humans; the timing and availability of data from clinical trials; the timing of discussions with regulatory agencies, as well as regulatory submissions and potential approvals; the continued development of Immunovant's product candidates, including the timing of the commencement of additional clinical trials; Immunovant's scientific approach, clinical trial design, indication selection, and general development progress; future clinical trials may not confirm any safety, potency, or other product characteristics described or assumed in this presentation; any product candidate that Immunovant develops may not progress through clinical development or receive required regulatory approvals within expected timelines or at all; Immunovant's pending composition of matter patent for IMVT-1402 may not be issued; Immunovant's product candidates may not be beneficial to patients, or even if approved by regulatory authorities, successfully commercialized; the effect of global factors such as the post-COVID-19 environment, geopolitical tensions, and adverse macroeconomic conditions on Immunovant's business operations and supply chains, including its clinical development plans and timelines; Immunovant's business is heavily dependent on the successful development, regulatory approval and commercialization of batoclimab and IMVT-1402; Immunovant is at an early stage in development for IMVT-1402 and in various stages of clinical development for batoclimab; and Immunovant will require additional capital to fund its operations and advance batoclimab and IMVT-1402 through clinical development. These and other risks and uncertainties are more fully described in Immunovant's periodic and other reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), including in the section titled "Risk Factors" in Immunovant's most recent Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2023, filed with the SEC on November 9, 2023, and Immunovant's subsequent filings with the SEC. Any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date on which it was made. Immunovant undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

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# Our Company



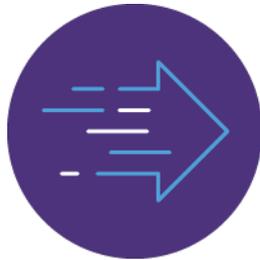
# Our vision: Normal lives for people with autoimmune disease

## What we do:

We are developing targeted therapies that are designed to address the complex and variable needs of people with autoimmune diseases.



**Love  
Trailblazing**



**Bolder,  
Faster**

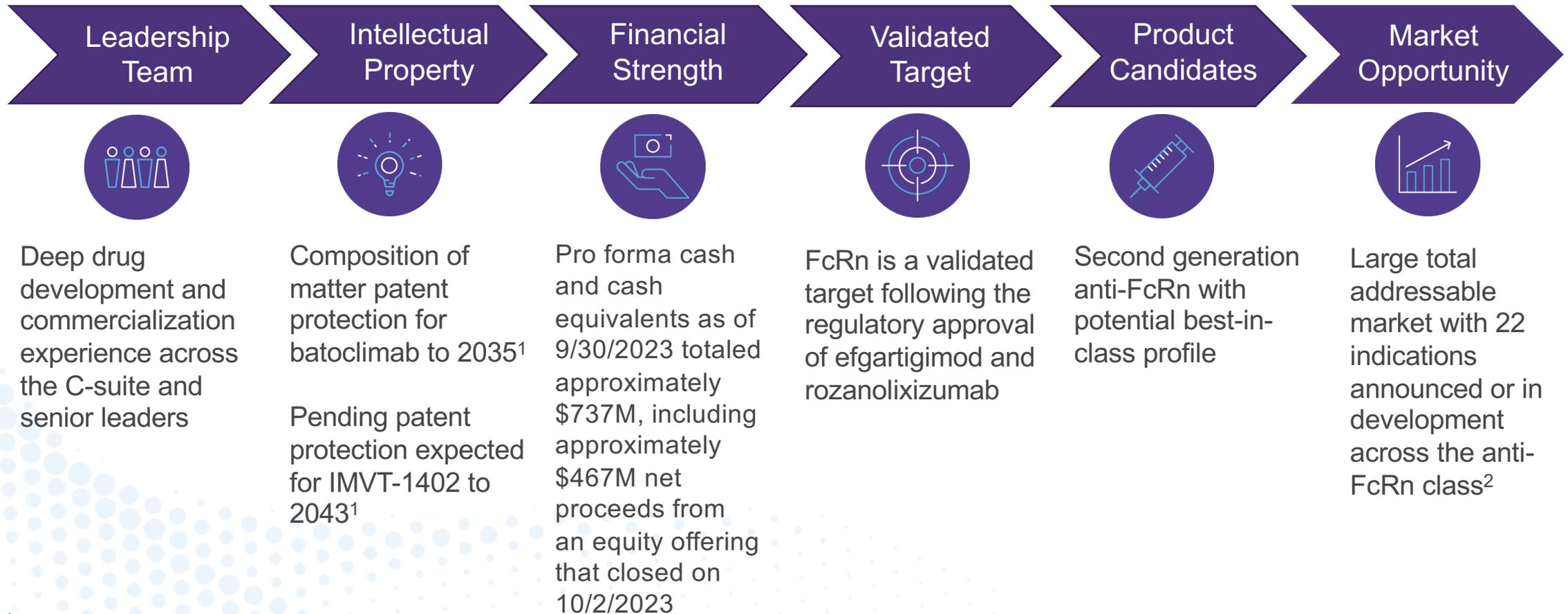


**All  
Voices**



## Our focus:

Build a leading anti-FcRn franchise targeting multiple underserved autoimmune disease indications



1. Not including any potential patent term extension

2. Indications announced or in development with anti-FcRn assets by Immunovant, argenx, Johnson & Johnson, and UCB

## Our broad development portfolio:

Established and scalable infrastructure to conduct multiple pivotal clinical trials in different autoimmune indications

Investigational Compound	Target Indication / Therapeutic Area	Stage of Development
Batoclimab	Myasthenia Gravis (MG)	Pivotal Trial
	Thyroid Eye Disease (TED)	Pivotal Trials
	Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyneuropathy (CIDP)	Pivotal Trial <sup>1</sup>
	Graves' Disease (GD)	Proof of Concept Study
IMVT-1402	Autoimmune Diseases	Phase 1

# Our Market



# We believe the anti-FcRn market is unique in terms of biomarker strength and potential indication breadth

We believe a majority of indications in development across the class each has blockbuster potential (>\$1BN annual sales)



Autoantibody driven diseases are generally treated with older, broad spectrum immunosuppressants or IVIg



FcRn inhibition is a validated mechanism with approvals in MG<sup>1,2</sup> and 21 other indications in clinical trials



IgG reduction is a well-established biomarker, which we believe has the potential to accelerate development programs

# Our Market:

## Autoimmune diseases driven by harmful IgG autoantibodies

22 indications announced or in development across the anti-FcRn class<sup>1</sup>



### NEUROLOGY

Chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy (CIDP)

Myasthenia gravis (MG)

Autoimmune encephalitis

COVID-POTS

Myelin oligodendrocyte glycoprotein antibody disorders (MOG-antibody disorder)



### RHEUMATOLOGY

Antineutrophil cytoplasmic antibody (ANCA) - associated vasculitis

Myositis

Primary Sjogrens syndrome

Rheumatoid arthritis

Severe fibromyalgia syndrome

Systemic lupus erythematosus



### ENDOCRINOLOGY

Graves' disease (GD)

Thyroid eye disease (TED)



### DERMATOLOGY

Bullous pemphigoid

Pemphigus foliaceus

Pemphigus vulgaris



### HEMATOLOGY

Hemolytic disease of the fetus and newborn

Idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura

Warm autoimmune hemolytic anemia (WAIHA)



### RENAL

Antibody-mediated rejection

Lupus nephritis

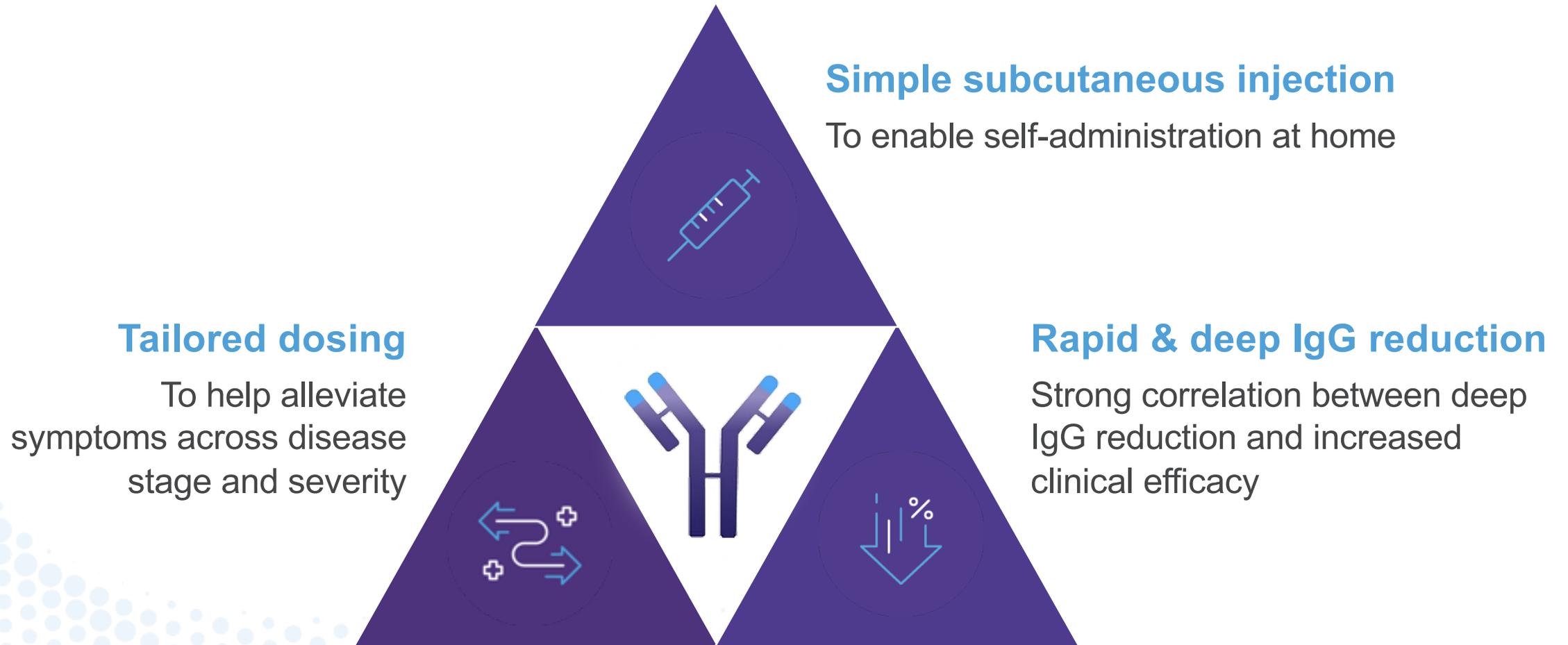
Membranous nephropathy

# Our Differentiation



# Our differentiated value proposition:

Three potentially unique attributes to address unmet patient needs



# Deep IgG reduction:

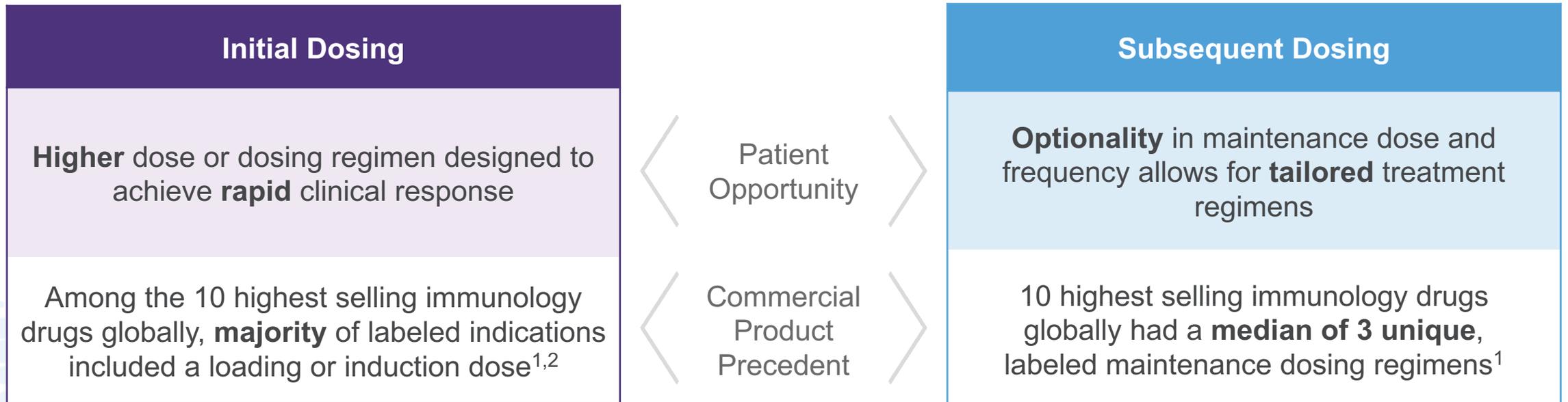
Consistent evidence across programs and indications that greater IgG reduction leads to greater efficacy<sup>1</sup>

	Company	Evidence of Greater IgG Reductions Translating to Clinical Benefit
MG	 	Patient-level scatter plot showed that greater IgG declines → greater MG-ADL improvements <sup>2,3</sup>
TED		Greater IgG reduction across arms → higher rates of anti-TSHR antibody reduction and greater clinical response rates
GD		Greater IgG reduction across treatment cohorts → higher rates of anti-TSHR antibody reduction and numerically higher responses for ATD dose tapering and ATD discontinuation observed
ITP		Greater IgG reduction across arms → greater platelet responses <sup>4</sup>
RA		In those patients with greater IgG reduction → correlation with greater autoAb reduction → correlation with greater clinical response <sup>5</sup>

# Tailored dosing:

Strong commercial product precedent for multiple dosing regimens within and across immunology indications

The top 10 highest selling immunology medications generally have multiple doses and dose regimens



# Our Programs



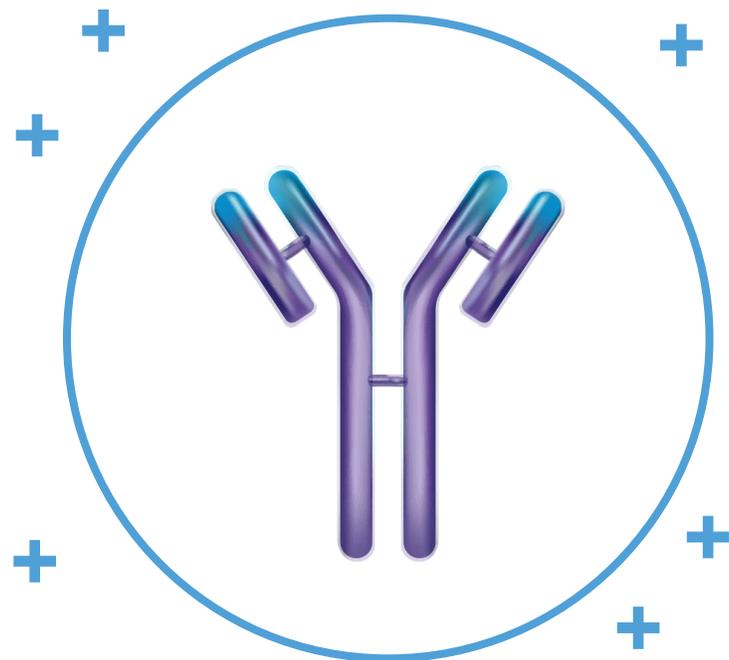
# Strong foundation in Neurology and Endocrinology



MG (Neuro)	CIDP (Neuro)	TED (Endo)	GD (Endo)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Deeper IgG reduction correlates with clinical response across several programs</li> <li>• Physicians desire flexibility given highly variable disease course</li> <li>• Our Phase 3 trial includes high dose induction and 3 dosing regimens over time</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Positive in-class data from efgartigimod with single dosing regimen<sup>1</sup></li> <li>• Physicians frequently modify dosing for current standard of care (IVIg and Steroids)</li> <li>• Our Phase 2b trial testing high dose and standard dose, designed to potentially deliver ~80% and ~65% IgG reduction</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Tepezza launch validated unmet need</li> <li>• We believe anti-FcRn is a complimentary mechanism well suited to underlying pathophysiology involving anti-TSHR autoantibodies</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• High unmet need for 2<sup>nd</sup> line therapy, between 1<sup>st</sup> line oral anti-thyroid medication and 3<sup>rd</sup> line ablative procedures</li> <li>• Biologic rationale and initial batoclimab proof of concept data positive (reported December 2023)<sup>3</sup></li> </ul>

# IMVT-1402 has potentially best-in-class attributes to address large unmet need in autoimmune disease

## IMVT-1402



Novel, fully human, monoclonal antibody inhibiting FcRn-mediated recycling of IgG



**Deep IgG Lowering** Initial Phase 1 data suggests deep dose-dependent IgG lowering similar to batoclimab



**Favorable Analyte Profile** Initial Phase 1 data supports a favorable analyte profile with no or minimal effect on albumin and LDL



**Convenient Administration** Formulated for simple subcutaneous injection that may enable self-administration at home



**Compelling Patent Protection** Pending composition of matter patent expected for IMVT-1402 to 2043<sup>1</sup>

# Potential best-in-class product profile opens broad range of indication opportunities for IMVT-1402

## First-in-Class

- Assuming differentiated benefit/risk and simple SC delivery, opportunity to leverage potency of IMVT-1402 to further expand applicable patient types for anti-FcRn development
- Example – Graves' disease

**High unmet need, biologic plausibility**

## Best-in-Class

- IgG autoantibodies part of disease pathophysiology
- Insights from later-stage anti-FcRn programs may be leveraged together with IMVT-1402 potency to optimize development approach for IMVT-1402
- Example – MG

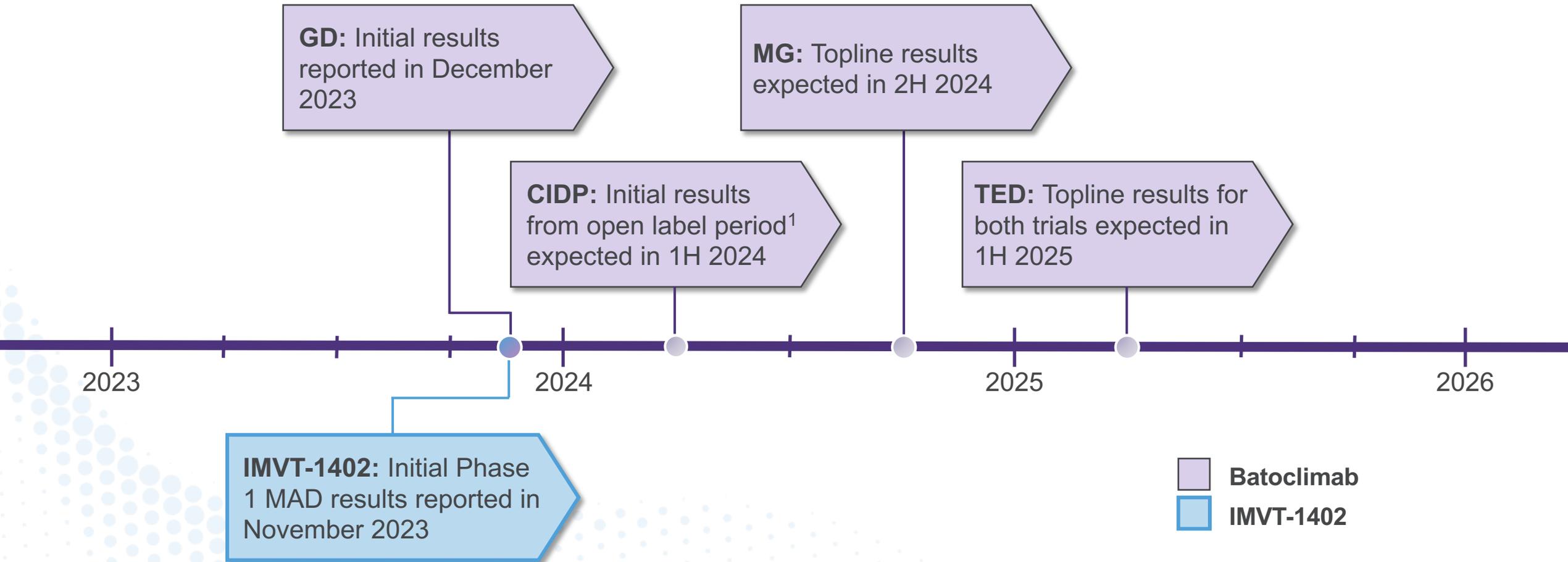
**Classic autoAb, class data positive**

## Best-in-Class

- Other underserved patient populations
- Potential to enhance PTS via focus on subset of patients with autoantibodies of interest and leverage IMVT-1402 potency
- Examples – Refractory rheumatoid arthritis

**Other auto-immune, class data suggestive**

# Multiple recent and near-term catalysts to be supplemented by emerging IMVT-1402 program



# Concluding Thoughts



# A trailblazer in anti-FcRn technology at inflection point for growth



Very exciting class based on unmet patient need, indication breadth and strong biomarkers



2<sup>nd</sup> generation asset with potential best-in-class profile and opportunity for biomarker accelerated development path



Late-stage clinical company with existing infrastructure to conduct multiple pivotal clinical trials



Thank you



# Appendix

# Initial and subsequent dosing regimens for highlighted immunology drugs: Strong commercial product precedent for multiple dosing regimens within and across immunology indications<sup>1,2</sup>

**Initial dosing:** Almost 70% of labeled indications among the highlighted immunology drugs have a loading and / or induction dose<sup>1,2,4</sup>

**Subsequent (maintenance) dosing:** 7 of the highlighted 10 drugs have multiple unique maintenance dosing regimens<sup>1,2,3</sup>

Highlighted immunology drug <sup>2</sup>	# of adult indications <sup>1</sup>	<u>Initial dosing:</u> Indications with loading and / or induction doses <sup>1,4</sup>	<u>Subsequent dosing:</u> # of unique maintenance doses <sup>1,3</sup>
Humira (adalimumab)	8	5 of 8 indications	3
Stelara (ustekinumab)	4	4 of 4 indications	3
Dupixent (dupilumab)	5	3 of 5 indications	3
Ocrevus (ocrelizumab)	2	2 of 2 indications	1
Skyrizi (risankizumab)	3	3 of 3 indications	3
Cosentyx (secukinumab)	5	5 of 5 indications	4
Enbrel (etanercept)	4	1 of 4 indications	1
Orencia (abatacept)	3	3 of 3 indications	4
Tremfya (guselkumab) <sup>5</sup>	2	2 of 2 indications	1
Actemra/RoActemra (tocilizumab)	5	0 of 5 indications	5
	<b>Total of 41 indications</b>	<b>28 / 41 of labeled indications have a loading and / or induction dose</b>	<b>Median of 3 unique maintenance doses per product</b>

1. Based on adult indications and dosing regimens in FDA prescribing information for each product (pulled in December 2023); excluding pediatric dosing regimens  
 2. 10 highlighted immunology drugs selected and ordered based on publicly available global 2022 net sales  
 3. Subsequent (i.e., maintenance) doses = all continuous dosing options, by dosage or frequency, listed in product's FDA prescribing information  
 4. Loading and induction doses = initial dose(s) in the first 12 weeks that are higher and / or more frequent than the subsequent doses  
 5. For Tremfya (guselkumab), studies are ongoing in Ulcerative Colitis and Crohn's disease with doses different than the labeled Plaque Psoriasis and Psoriatic Arthritis dose