Q3 Fiscal 2022 Earnings

Supplemental Data





Forward Looking **Statements** & Non-GAAP **Financial** Measures

This presentation and the accompanying oral presentation contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Forward-looking statements generally relate to future events or Lyft's future financial or operating performance. In some cases, you can identify forward looking statements because they contain words such as "may," "will," "should," "expects," "plans," "anticipates," "going to," "could," "intends," "target," "projects," "contemplates," "believes," "estimates," "predicts," "potential" or "continue" or the negative of these words or other similar terms or expressions that concern Lyft's expectations, strategy, priorities, plans or intentions. Forward-looking statements in this presentation and the accompanying oral presentation include, but are not limited to, statements regarding Lyft's future financial and operating performance, including its outlook for the fourth quarter of 2022 and beyond, expectations regarding profitability, cost reductions, revenue, Contribution Margin, and Adjusted EBITDA, demand for Lyft's products and services and the markets in which Lyft operates and the future of transportation-as-a-service, the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and the timing of economic recovery on our business, results of operations, and the markets in which we operate, rider and driver activity, including driver supply, on the Lyft platform and future incentive levels, and litigation and regulatory matters. Lyft's expectations and beliefs regarding these matters may not materialize, and actual results in future periods are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected, including the effect of the COVID-19 pandemic and related impact on Lyft's business, trends in Lyft's business, in particular recovery in rides and driver supply levels, the macroeconomic environment, including inflation, and the impact of these factors and other market factors on operating expenses, including insurance costs, the sufficiency of Lyft's unrestricted cash, cash equivalents, and short-term investments, as well as risks associated with the outcome of litigation and regulatory matters and risks associated with our prior restatement and management's finding of a material weakness in our internal control over financial reporting. The forward-looking statements contained in this presentation are also subject to other risks and uncertainties, including those more fully described in Lyft's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the guarter ended June 30, 2022 and in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q that will be filed following this presentation. The forward-looking statements in this presentation are based on information available to Lyft as of November 7, 2022, and Lyft disclaims any obligation to update any forward-looking statements, except as required by law.

In addition to financial information presented in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"), this presentation and the accompanying oral presentation include certain non-GAAP financial measures, including Contribution, Contribution Margin, Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA Margin, adjusted net loss, adjusted net loss per share, non-GAAP operating expenses and free cash flow. These non-GAAP measures are presented for supplemental informational purposes only and should not be considered a substitute for financial information presented in accordance with GAAP. These non-GAAP measures have limitations as analytical tools, and they should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for analysis of other GAAP financial measures. A reconciliation of these measures to the most directly comparable GAAP measures is included at the end of this presentation. We have not provided the forward-looking GAAP equivalents for certain forward-looking non-GAAP measures presented in the accompanying oral presentation, or a GAAP reconciliation, as a result of the uncertainty regarding, and the potential variability of, reconciling items such as stock-based compensation expense. Accordingly, a reconciliation of these non-GAAP guidance metrics to their corresponding GAAP equivalents is not available without unreasonable effort. However, it is important to note that material changes to reconciling items could have a significant effect on future GAAP results. An active driver is defined as a driver who has given at least one rideshare ride on the Lyft network during the quarter.

This presentation and the accompanying oral presentation also contain statistical data, estimates and forecasts that are based on independent industry publications or other publicly available information, as well as other information based on our internal sources. This information involves many assumptions and limitations, and you are cautioned not to give undue weight to such information. We have not independently verified the accuracy or completeness of the information contained in the industry publications and other publicly available information. Accordingly, we make no representations as to the accuracy or completeness of that information nor do we undertake to update such information after the date of this 2 presentation.

Key Highlights Q3'22

\$66M

Adjusted EBITDA profit beat the top-end of our outlook

\$1,054M

Revenue was the highest in our company's history

56.0%

Contribution Margin was higher than our outlook

- Q3 Adjusted EBITDA of \$66 million beat the top-end of our outlook¹
- Q3 Revenue of \$1,054 million was the highest in our company's history and came in towards the high end of our outlook²
- Active Riders of 20.3 million were up 2% quarter-over-quarter and 7% year-over-year. Active Riders, active drivers and total rides all reached the highest levels since COVID began³
- Revenue per Active Rider reached a new all-time high of \$51.88, up 4% quarter-over-quarter and 14% year-over-year. The increase reflects higher revenue per ride associated with longer trips
- Contribution Margin of 56.0% was 100 basis points higher than our guidance, with the outperformance reflecting rideshare strength⁴

Note:

Certain figures above are non-GAAP financial measures. Please see the explanation of non-GAAP measures as well as the reconciliation from GAAP to non-GAAP measures contained in the appendix to this presentation.

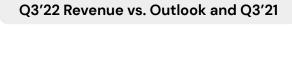
⁽¹⁾ Company outlook for Q3'22 Adjusted EBITDA of \$55-65 million was provided during the Q2'22 earnings call on August 4, 2022.

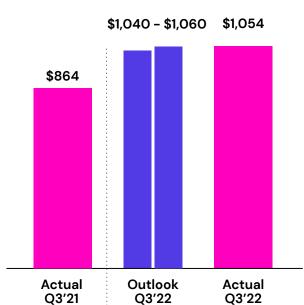
⁽²⁾ Company outlook for Q3'22 Revenue of \$1,040 – 1,060 million was provided during the Q2'22 earnings call on August 4, 2022.

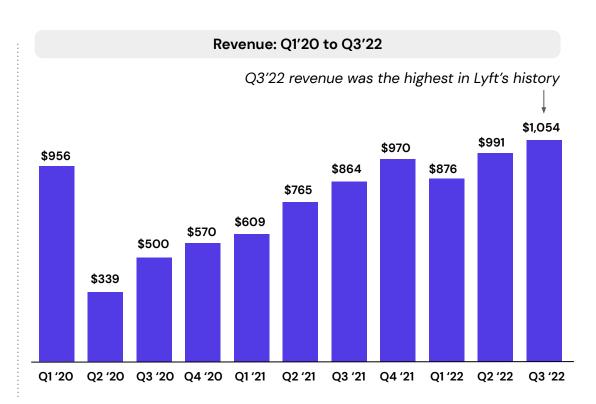
An active driver is defined as a driver who has given at least one rideshare ride on the Lyft network during the quarter.

⁽⁴⁾ Company outlook for Q3'22 Contribution Margin of 55.0% was provided during the Q2'22 earnings call on August 4, 2022.

Revenue

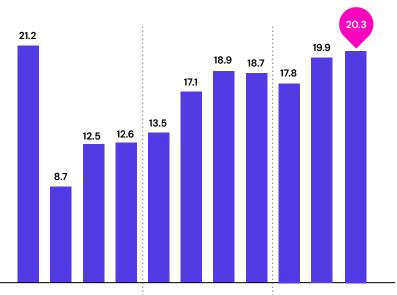






Rider Recovery

Active Riders (in millions): Q1'20 to Q3'22



Q1'20 Q2'20 Q3'20 Q4'20 Q1'21 Q2'21 Q3'21 Q4'21 Q1'22 Q2'22 Q3'22

Revenue per Active Rider: Q1'20 to Q3'22



Note:

Revenue per Active Rider in Q3'22 grew 14% year-over-year to \$51.88 from \$45.63 in Q3'21. On a sequential basis, Revenue per Active Rider in Q3'22 grew 4% to \$51.88 from \$49.89 in Q2'22.

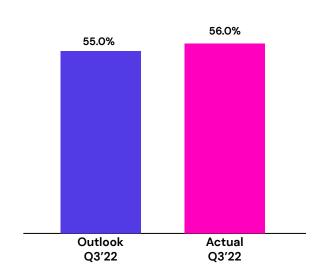
Note:

Contribution

(\$ in millions)

Note:

Q3'22 Contribution Margin vs. Outlook



Company outlook for Q3'22 Contribution Margin of 55.0% was provided during the Q2'22 earnings call on August 4, 2022. The figures above are non-GAAP financial measures. Please see the explanation of non-GAAP measures as well as the reconciliation from GAAP to non-GAAP measures contained in the appendix to this presentation.

Note:

Contribution and Margin: Q1'20 to Q3'22 Contribution Margin \$590 \$590 \$579 \$547 \$514 \$503 \$452 59.7% 59.4% 59.6% 56.0% 59.1% 57.4% 55.4% 55.5% 57.39 \$337 \$316 49.8% \$249 34.6% \$117 Q1'20 Q2'20 Q3'20 Q4'20 Q1'21 Q2'21 Q3'21 Q4'21 Q1'22 Q2'22 Q3'22

The figures above are non-GAAP financial measures. Please see the explanation of non-GAAP measures as well as the reconciliation from GAAP to non-GAAP measures contained in the appendix to this presentation. In addition Q2'22 Contribution Margin included discrete accounting items totaling \$15.5 million, which is inclusive of a \$3.2 million depreciation benefit.

Adjusted EBITDA

(\$ in millions)

Q3'22 Adj EBITDA vs. Outlook and Q3'21



Note:

The outlook of \$55-65 million was provided during the Q2'22 earnings call on August 4, 2022. The figures above are non-GAAP financial measures. Please see the explanation of non-GAAP measures as well as the reconciliation from GAAP to non-GAAP measures contained in the appendix to this presentation.

Adjusted EBITDA and Margin: Q1'20 to Q3'22 Adjusted EBITDA Margin \$75 \$67 \$66 \$55 \$24 3% (12%) (26%)(\$73) (\$85) (48%) (\$150) (83%) (\$240) (\$280)Q2'20 Q3'20 Q4'20 Q1'21 Q2'21 Q3'21 Q4'21 Q1'22 Q2'22 Q3'22

Note:

The figures above are non-GAAP financial measures. Please see the explanation of non-GAAP measures as well as the reconciliation from GAAP to non-GAAP measures contained in the appendix to this presentation. Q2'22 Adjusted EBITDA included discrete accounting items totaling \$29 million, of which \$12 million was in General and Administrative, \$5 million was in Operations and Support, and \$12 million was in Cost of Revenue.

Financial Guidance

Q4'22 Revenue	\$1.145-\$1.165 Billion
Q4'22 Adjusted EBITDA	\$80-100 Million
2024 Adjusted EBITDA	\$1 Billion
2024 Free Cash Flow ¹	\$700+ Million

Lyft defines free cash flow as GAAP net cash provided by (used in) operating activities less purchases of property and equipment and scooter fleet. Certain figures above are non-GAAP financial measures. Please see the explanation of non-GAAP measures as well as the reconciliation from GAAP to non-GAAP measures contained in the appendix to this presentation.

Reconciliations from GAAP to Non-GAAP and Trended Financial Statements

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet

		Fisc	al 2	2021			Fiscal 2022	
	Q1	Q2		Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Assets								
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 312.2	\$ 484.	.2 \$	728.4	\$ 457.3	\$ 214.9	\$ 239.3	\$ 143.7
Short-term investments	1,925.1	1,761	.3	1,653.9	1,796.5	2,021.7	1,567.7	1,639.7
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	 343.7	357.	0	511.0	522.2	699.0	652.4	689.3
Total current assets	2,581.0	2,602	6	2,893.3	2,776.1	2,935.5	2,459.5	2,472.7
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	183.6	144.	6	143.8	73.2	67.2	102.1	167.2
Restricted investments	940.4	920.	.2	898.4	1,044.9	880.9	1,090.8	1,004.6
Other investments	10.7	75.	.3	75.3	80.4	70.2	155.7	26.3
Property and equipment, net	308.4	322.	0	322.5	298.2	313.7	381.6	372.7
Operating lease right of use assets	260.9	248.	4	235.2	223.4	213.1	201.2	190.7
Intangible assets, net	61.3	59.	.3	54.9	50.8	48.4	89.2	81.0
Goodwill	182.7	180.	9	180.5	180.5	180.5	262.2	261.7
Other assets	16.9	18	3.1	20.4	46.5	58.9	15.3	23.1
Total Assets	\$ 4,545.8	\$ 4,571.	4 \$	4,824.3	\$ 4,773.9	\$ 4,768.5	\$ 4,757.5	\$ 4,600.2

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet (cont.)

•								
		Fisca	al 20	21			Fiscal 2022	
	Q1	Q2		Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Liabilities, Redeemable Convertible Preferred Stock and Stockholders' Equity								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$ 69.9	\$ 77.4	\$	127.4	\$ 129.5	\$ 95.6	\$ 100.0	\$ 90.
Insurance reserves	1,058.4	1,035.8		1,011.2	1,068.6	1,065.9	1,234.9	1,265.7
Accrued and other current liabilities	1,038.4	1,123.7		1,234.7	1,264.4	1,364.0	1,348.4	1,382.6
Operating lease liabilities - current	54.2	54.5		54.8	53.8	51.7	48.7	46.4
Total current liabilities	2,220.8	2,291.5		2,428.1	2,516.4	2,577.2	2,731.9	2,784.8
Operating lease liabilities	252.0	237.2		223.0	210.2	200.0	189.0	179.
Long-term debt, net of current portion	651.6	659.8		662.5	655.2	787.4	808.0	814.7
Other liabilities	12.5	18.2		54.8	50.9	45.9	61.4	56.0
Total Liabilities	\$ 3,137.0	\$ 3,206.6	\$	3,368.4	\$ 3,432.7	\$ 3,610.5	\$ 3,790.3	\$ 3,834.7
Redeemable convertible preferred stock	-		-	-	_	-	-	-
Stockholders' equity								
Preferred stock	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Common stock	-	-	-	-	=	-		-
Additional paid in capital	9,136.9	9,346.0		9,538.4	9,706.3	9,721.2	9,908.5	10,127.
Accumulated other comprehensive income	(0.3)	(1.6))	(3.1)	(2.5)	(10.2)	(11.0)	(9.5
Accumulated deficit	(7,727.8)	(7,979.7))	(8,079.4)	(8,362.6)	(8,553.0)	(8,930.3)	(9,352.5
Total stockholders' equity	1,408.9	1,364.8		1,455.9	1,341.2	1,158.0	967.3	765.
Total liabilities, redeemable convertible preferred stock and stockholders' equity	\$ 4,545.8	\$ 4,571.4	\$	4,824.3	\$ 4,773.9	\$ 4,768.5	\$ 4,757.5	\$ 4,600.2

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations

(\$ in millions, except per share items)

		Fisca	l 2021			Fiscal 2022	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Revenue	\$ 609.0	\$ 765.0	\$ 864.4	\$ 969.9	\$ 875.6	\$ 990.7	\$ 1,053.8
Cost and expenses							
Cost of revenue	412.0	346.9	392.2	551.2	440.3	650.4	570.7
Operations and support	88.9	93.8	109.7	109.9	98.6	105.3	119.2
Research and development	238.2	252.0	226.7	195.0	192.8	201.8	227.7
Sales and marketing	78.6	99.9	109.0	123.9	126.3	140.8	133.7
General and administrative	207.6	212.5	231.9	263.6	216.9	265.7	292.9
Total costs and expenses	1,025.4	1,005.1	1,069.4	1,243.6	1,074.9	1,363.9	1,344.2
Loss from operations	(416.4)	(240.1)	(205.0)	(273.6)	(199.3)	(373.2)	(290.4)
Interest expense	(12.6)	(12.8)	(13.1)	(13.1)	(4.5)	(5.0)	(5.0)
Other income (expense), net ⁽¹⁾	3.6	1.7	125.0	5.5	9.8	1.0	(126.2)
Loss before income taxes	(425.4)	(251.2)	(93.1)	(281.2)	(194.1)	(377.2)	(421.6)
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes	1.9	0.7	6.6	2.0	2.8	0.1	0.6
Net loss	\$ (427.3)	\$ (251.9)	\$ (99.7)	\$ (283.2)	\$ (196.9)	\$ (377.2)	\$ (422.2)
Net loss per share, basic and diluted	\$ (1.31)	\$ (0.76)	\$ (0.30)	\$ (0.83)	\$ (0.57)	\$ (1.08)	\$ (1.18)
Weighted-average shares used to compute net loss per share, basic and diluted	326.2	332.1	337.8	342.7	346.6	350.5	356.5

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

7								
			Fiscal 2	2021			Fiscal 2022	
		Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Cash flows from operating activities								
Net loss	\$	(427.3) \$	(251.9) \$	(99.7)	\$ (283.2)	\$ (196.9)	\$ (377.2)	\$ (422.2)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	:							
Depreciation and amortization		34.4	34.6	37.1	33.3	31.8	29.1	35.9
Stock-based compensation		164.2	201.0	198.4	160.9	153.7	176.6	221.0
Amortization of premium on marketable securities		1.5	0.9	0.9	0.8	1.1	O.8	0.6
Accretion of discount on marketable securities		(0.4)	(O.2)	(0.3)	(0.6)	(1.2)	(2.5)	(7.1)
Amortization of debt discount and issuance costs		8.5	8.7	9.1	9.3	0.7	0.7	0.7
Deferred income tax impact from convertible senior notes		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loss (gain) on sale and disposal of assets, net		0.3	0.9	(5.6)	9.9	(13.7)	(18.1)	(6.7)
Gain on divestiture		-	-	(119.3)	-	-	-	-
Impairment charges			-	-	-	-	-	135.7
Other		2.9	(0.4)	0.4	0.4	1.8	(1.5)	16.6
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:								-
Prepaid expenses and other assets		0.2	(12.8)	(161.9)	(32.6)	(187.9)	63.4	(70.1)
Operating lease right-of-use assets		15.0	15.6	17.5	13.3	13.5	13.6	12.6
Accounts payable		(11.1)	6.4	49.2	2.6	(33.9)	(1.9)	(9.0)
Insurance reserves		71.4	(22.6)	(24.7)	57.5	(2.7)	169.0	30.8
Accrued and other liabilities		71.4	0.5	146.3	16.0	96.2	(62.7)	46.0
Lease liabilities		(10.5)	(18.2)	(5.9)	(13.8)	(14.7)	(14.5)	(11.0)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(79.5) \$	(37.5) \$	41.5	\$ (26.2)	\$ (152.3)	\$ (25.2)	\$ (26.2)

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (cont.)

(\$ in millions)

Note:

		Fisca	l 2021			Fiscal 2022	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Cash flows from investing activities							
Purchases of marketable securities	\$ (981.7)	\$ (745.6)	\$ (797.	7) \$ (1,276.8	3) \$ (661.7)	\$ (600.6)	\$ (1,408.3
Purchase of non-marketable securities	-	-		- (5.0	-	-	-
Purchases of term deposits	(75.0)	(201.5)	(165.	0) (16.5	5) -	(10.0)	-
Proceeds from sales of marketable securities	17.1	64.9	271.	5 159.6	3 202.2	155.5	143.3
Proceeds from maturities of marketable securities	1,169.8	789.3	524.	7 775.4	224.9	488.7	1,290.6
Proceeds from maturities of term deposits	36.0	276.5	295.	68.0	175.0	205.0	-
Purchases of property and equipment and scooter fleet	(10.7)	(9.8)	(36.	2) (22.5	5) (30.3)	(23.0)	(29.1)
Cash paid for acquisitions, net of cash acquired	-	-				(146.3)	-
Sale of property and equipment	5.7	8.8	16.	12.	1 15.7	28.0	32.8
Proceeds from divestiture	-	-	122.	7	-	-	-
Other	-	(2.0)				-	-
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	\$ 161.1	\$ 180.6	\$ 231.	\$ (305.7	7) \$ (74.2)	\$ 97.4	\$ 29.4
Cash flows from financing activities							
Repayment of loans	(10.0)	(10.0)	(14.	(10.5	5) (12.3)	(14.4)	(25.3)
Proceeds from issuance of convertible senior notes	_	-				-	-
Payment of debt issuance costs	-	-		-	-	:	-
Purchase of capped call	-	-		-	-	-	-
Proceeds from exercise of stock options and other common stock issuances	3.2	17.2	1.	12.5	0.1	12.3	-
Taxes paid related to net share settlement of equity awards	(7.7)	(8.0)	(6	.1) (4.4	1) (1.8)	(1.7)	(2.1)
Principal payments on finance lease obligations	(9.9)	(8.8)	(10.	0) (6.9	(8.0)	(7.7)	(6.0)
Other	 =	-				-	-
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	\$ (24.3)	\$ (9.7)	\$ (29	1) \$ (9.3	3) \$ (22.0)	\$ (11.6)	\$ (33.3)

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (cont.)

				Fiscal	I 20	21				Fisc	al 2022	
		Q1	C	Q2		Q3	Q4	Q1			Q2	Q3
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(79.5)	\$	(37.5)	\$	41.5	\$ (26.2)	\$	(152.3)	\$	(25.2)	\$ (26.2
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		161.1		180.6		231.0	(305.7)		(74.2)		97.4	29.4
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		(24.3)		(9.7)		(29.1)	(9.3)		(22.0)		(11.6)	(33.3
Effect of foreign exchange on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash and cash equivalents		-		-		(0.2)	-		0.1		(0.2)	(0.7)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash and cash equivalents		57.4		133.3		243.2	(341.2)		(248.5)		60.4	(30.7)
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash and cash equivalents												
Beginning of period		438.5		495.9		629.2	872.4		531.2		282.7	343.1
End of period	\$	495.9	\$	629.2	\$	872.4	\$ 531.2	\$	282.7	\$	343.1	\$ 312.3
Reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash and cash equivalents	to the co	ndensed consol	idated bala	ance sheets								
Cash and cash equivalents		312.2		484.2		728.4	457.3		214.9		239.3	143.
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		183.6		144.6		143.8	73.2		67.2		102.1	167.2
Restricted cash, incl. in prepaid expenses and other current assets		0.1		0.5		0.2	0.7		0.7		1.7	1.4
Total cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash and cash equivalents	s	495.9	\$	629.2	\$	872.4	\$ 531.2	s	282.7	Ś	343.1	\$ 312.3

Non-GAAP Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations

(\$ in millions, except per share items)

			Fiscal	202	i			Fisc	cal 2022	
	Q1	(Q2		Q3	Q4	Q1		Q2	Q3
Revenue	\$ 609.0	\$	765.0	\$	864.4	\$ 969.9	\$ 875.6	\$	990.7	\$ 1,053.8
Cost of revenue	271.7		313.0		350.8	391.1	373.1		400.3	463.4
Operating expenses										
Operations and support	83.4		86.2		103.3	103.7	92.4		98.6	111.6
Research and development	132.0		130.2		109.4	100.3	102.7		105.7	107.7
Sales and marketing	69.5		88.6		99.1	112.9	114.8		128.3	118.7
General and administrative	155.5		153.2		167.1	216.7	166.6		203.7	216.9
Total costs and expenses	712.2		771.2		829.7	924.6	849.6		936.5	1,018.4
Non-GAAP loss from operations	(103.2)		(6.2)		34.7	45.3	25.9		54.3	35.4
Interest expense	(12.6)		(12.8)		(13.1)	(13.1)	(4.5)		(5.0)	(5.0)
Non-GAAP other income (expense), net (1)	3.6		1.7		2.8	1.9	6.0		(2.9)	7.0
Non-GAAP income (loss) before income taxes	(112.2)		(17.3)		24.4	34.1	27.4		46.4	37.4
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes	1.9		0.7		6.6	2.0	2.8		0.1	0.6
Adjusted net income (loss)	\$ (114.1)	\$	(18.0)	\$	17.8	\$ 32.1	\$ 24.6	\$	46.4	\$ 36.7
Adjusted net income (loss) per share, basic	\$ (0.35)	\$	(0.05)	\$	0.05	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.07	\$	0.13	\$ 0.10
Weighted-average shares used to compute adjusted net income (loss) per share, basic	326.2		332.1		337.8	342.7	346.6		350.5	356.5

Non-GAAP other income (expense), net excludes (i) the pre-tax gain from the divestiture relating to our self-driving vehicle division, Level 5 in Q2'21, (ii) sublease income, which is presented as a contra-expense to the related lease rent expense within operating expenses for non-GAAP purposes, and (iii) impairment charges related to the wind down of an equity investee in Q3'22.

Due to rounding, numbers presented may not add up precisely to the totals provided.

GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations

(\$ in millions)

(2)

Note:

		Fisc	al 20	021			Fi	iscal 2022	
	Q1	Q2		Q3	Q4	Q1		Q2	Q3
Reconciliation of Contribution									
Revenue	\$ 609.0	\$ 765.0	\$	864.4	\$ 969.9	\$ 875.6	\$	990.7	\$ 1,053.8
Less: cost of revenue	(412.0)	(346.9	9)	(392.2)	(551.2)	(440.3)		(650.4)	(570.7)
Gross Profit	\$ 196.9	\$ 418.	\$	472.2	\$ 418.8	\$ 435.3	\$	340.4	\$ 483.1
Gross Profit Margin	32.3%	54.7	%	54.6%	43.2%	49.7%		34.4%	45.8%
Adjusted to exclude the following (as related to cost of revenue):									
Amortization of intangible assets	2.8	3.2	!	2.8	2.3	1.2		1.2	1.2
Stock-based compensation expense	8.4	10.2	2	10.2	10.7	9.9		10.1	13.0
Payroll tax expense related to stock-based compensation	1.1	0.0	1	0.2	0.2	0.8		0.2	0.2
Changes to the liabilities for insurance required by regulatory agencies attributable to historical periods	128.0	1.0		-	122.3	-		275.4	92.9
Net amount from claims ceded under the Reinsurance Agreement (1)	-			28.2	24.6	55.3		(36.8)	-
Transaction costs rel. to certain legacy auto insurance liabilities	-	20.2	2	-		-		-	-
Sublease income (2)	-			-	-	-		-	-
Restructuring charges	-	()		-	-	-			-
Contribution (Non-GAAP)	\$ 337.3	\$ 452.0	\$	513.6	\$ 578.8	\$ 502.5	\$	590.5	\$ 590.4
Contribution Margin (Non-GAAP)	55.4%	59.1	%	59.4%	59.7%	57.4%		59.6%	56.0%

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the net amount recognized on the statement of operations associated with claims ceded under the Reinsurance agreement, including any losses related to the deferral of gains on the statement of operations and any benefit from the amortization of the deferred gain in the same period. For transparency, to help investors understand the ultimate economic benefit of the Reinsurance Agreement, we have broken out "Net amount of claims ceded under the Reinsurance Agreement," which would otherwise have been captured in "Changes to the liabilities for insurance required by regulatory agencies attributable to historical periods."

For the GAAP income statement, sublease income is included as other income while the related lease rent expense is included in its respective operating expense line item. For non-GAAP purposes, sublease income is presented as a contra-expense to the related lease rent expense. There has been no sublease income allocated to cost of revenue through September 30, 2022.

Due to rounding, numbers presented may not add up precisely to the totals provided.

(\$ in millions)

(1)

		Fis	al 2	021			F	iscal 2022	
	Q1	Q2		Q3	Q4	Q1		Q2	Q3
Non-GAAP Operating Expenses									
GAAP Operations and Support	\$ (88.9)	\$ (93	8) \$	(109.7)	\$ (109.9)	\$ (98.6)	\$	(105.3)	\$ (119.2)
Amortization of intangible assets	-		-	-	-	-		-	-
Stock-based compensation expense	4.9	7	2	6.2	5.9	5.6		6.3	7.1
Payroll tax expense related to stock-based compensation	0.6	C	4	0.2	0.2	0.4		0.1	0.2
Sublease income (1)	-		-	-	0.1	0.2		0.3	0.3
Restructuring charges	-		-	-	-	-		-	-
Non-GAAP Operations and Support	\$ (83.4)	\$ (86	2) \$	(103.3)	\$ (103.7)	\$ (92.4)	\$	(98.6)	\$ (111.6)
GAAP Research and Development	\$ (238.2)	\$ (252	0) \$	(226.7)	\$ (195.0)	\$ (192.8)	\$	(201.8)	\$ (227.7)
Amortization of intangible assets	0.2	C	2	-	O.1	-		-	-
Stock-based compensation expense	95.6	117	9	111.5	89.4	80.8		91.1	116.2
Payroll tax expense related to stock-based compensation	10.4	3	8	2.8	1.7	5.7		1.4	1.5
Sublease income (1)	-		-	2.9	3.5	3.6		3.6	2.3
Restructuring charges	-		-	-	-	-		-	-
Non-GAAP Research and Development	\$ (132.0)	\$ (130	2) \$	(109.4)	\$ (100.3)	\$ (102.7)	\$	(105.7)	\$ (107.7)

For the GAAP income statement, sublease income is included as other income while the related lease rent expense is included in its respective operating expense line item. For non-GAAP purposes, sublease income is presented as a contra-expense to the related lease rent expense. Note:

(*								_		
			Fisca	1 20:	21			Fi	iscal 2022	
	Q1	C)2		Q3	Q4	Q1		Q2	Q3
Non-GAAP Operating Expenses										
GAAP Sales and Marketing	\$ (78.6)	\$	(99.9)	\$	(109.0)	\$ (123.9)	\$ (126.3)	\$	(140.8)	\$ (133.7)
Amortization of intangible assets	0.3		0.3		0.3	0.3	0.3		0.3	0.3
Stock-based compensation expense	8.0		10.5		9.3	10.5	10.6		12.0	14.4
Payroll tax expense related to stock-based compensation	0.8		0.5		0.2	0.2	0.6		0.2	0.3
Sublease income (1)	-		1-		-	1=	-		14	-
Restructuring charges	-		-		-	-	-		-	-
Non-GAAP Sales and Marketing	\$ (69.5)	\$	(88.6)	\$	(99.1)	\$ (112.9)	\$ (114.8)	\$	(128.3)	\$ (118.7)
GAAP General and Administrative	\$ (207.6)	\$	(212.5)	\$	(231.9)	\$ (263.6)	\$ (216.9)	\$	(265.7)	\$ (292.9)
Amortization of intangible assets	1.2		1.2		1.6	1.5	1.5		3.0	3.8
Stock-based compensation expense	47.3		55.3		61.3	44.5	46.9		57.1	70.2
Payroll tax expense related to stock-based compensation	3.6		1.8		1.3	1.0	1.9		0.6	1.0
Sublease income ⁽¹⁾	-		1-			-	-		r=	-
Costs related to acquisitions and divestitures	-		0.9		0.6	-	-		1.4	0.9
Transaction costs rel. to certain legacy auto insurance liabilities	-		0.2		-	1.5	-		1.5	-
Restructuring charges	_		=		_	-	2		12	_
Non-GAAP General and Administrative	\$ (155.5)	\$	(153.2)	\$	(167.1)	\$ (216.7)	\$ (166.6)	\$	(203.7)	\$ (216.9)

For the GAAP income statement, sublease income is included as other income while the related lease rent expense is included in its respective operating expense line item. For non-GAAP purposes, sublease income is presented as a contra-expense to the related lease rent expense. There has been no sublease income allocated to sales and marketing or general and administrative expenses through September 30, 2022.

Due to rounding, numbers presented may not add up precisely to the totals provided.

		Fisca	l 20	21			Fiscal 2022	
	Q1	Q2		Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
GAAP Total Costs and Expenses	\$ (1,025.4)	\$ (1,005.1)	\$	(1,069.4)	\$ (1,243.6	\$ (1,074.9)	\$ (1,363.9)	\$ (1,344.2)
Amortization of intangible assets	4.5	4.8		4.7	4.1	3.1	4.5	5.4
Stock-based compensation expense	164.2	201.0		198.4	160.9	153.7	176.6	221.0
Payroll tax expense related to stock-based compensation	16.5	6.8		4.9	3.3	9.5	2.5	3.1
Changes to the liabilities for insurance required by regulatory agencies attributable to historical periods	128.0	-		-	122.3	-	275.4	92.9
Net amount from claims ceded under the Reinsurance Agreement $^{\left(1\right) }$	-	-		28.2	24.6	55.3	(36.8)	-
Sublease income (2)	-	-		2.9	3.7	3.7	3.8	2.6
Costs related to acquisitions and divestitures	-	0.9		0.6	-	-	1.4	0.9
Transaction costs rel. to certain legacy auto insurance liabilities	-	20.4		-	-	-	-	-
Restructuring charges	-	-		-	[-	-	-	-
Non-GAAP Total Costs and Expenses	\$ (712.2)	\$ (771.2)	\$	(829.7)	\$ (924.6	\$ (849.6)	\$ (936.5)	\$ (1,018.4)

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the net amount recognized on the statement of operations associated with claims ceded under the Reinsurance agreement, including any losses related to the deferral of gains on the statement of operations and any benefit from the amortization of the deferred gain in the same period. For transparency, to help investors understand the ultimate economic benefit of the Reinsurance Agreement, which would otherwise have been captured in "Changes to the liabilities for insurance required by regulatory agencies attributable to historical periods."

⁽²⁾ For the GAAP income statement, sublease income is included as other income while the related lease rent expense is included in its respective operating expense line item. For non-GAAP purposes, sublease income is presented as a contra-expense to the related lease rent expense.

		Fisca	al 20	21	Fiscal 2022				
	Q1	Q2		Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	
GAAP Loss from Operations	\$ (416.4)	\$ (240.1)	\$	(205.0)	\$ (273.6)	\$ (199.3)	\$ (373.2)	\$ (290.4)	
Amortization of intangible assets	4.5	4.8		4.7	4.1	3.1	4.5	5.4	
Stock-based compensation expense	164.2	201.0		198.4	160.9	153.7	176.6	221.0	
Payroll tax expense related to stock-based compensation	16.5	6.8		4.9	3.3	9.5	2.5	3.1	
Changes to the liabilities for insurance required by regulatory agencies attributable to historical periods	128.0	-		-	122.3	-	275.4	92.9	
Net amount from claims ceded under the Reinsurance Agreement $^{\left(1\right) }$	-	-		28.2	24.6	55.3	(36.8)	-	
Sublease income (2)	-	-		2.9	3.7	3.7	3.8	2.6	
Costs related to acquisitions and divestitures	-	0.9		0.6	7-	-	1.4	0.9	
Transaction costs rel. to certain legacy auto insurance liabilities	-	20.4		-	-	-		-	
Restructuring charges	-	-		-	-	-	15	-	
Non-GAAP Loss from Operations	\$ (103.2)	\$ (6.2)	\$	34.7	\$ 45.3	\$ 25.9	\$ 54.3	\$ 35.4	

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the net amount recognized on the statement of operations associated with claims ceded under the Reinsurance agreement, including any losses related to the deferral of gains on the statement of operations and any benefit from the amortization of the deferred gain in the same period. For transparency, to help investors understand the ultimate economic benefit of the Reinsurance Agreement, which would otherwise have been captured in "Changes to the liabilities for insurance required by regulatory agencies attributable to historical periods."

⁽²⁾ For the GAAP income statement, sublease income is included as other income while the related lease rent expense is included in its respective operating expense line item. For non-GAAP purposes, sublease income is presented as a contra-expense to the related lease rent expense.

(\$ in millions, except per share items)

		Fisc	al 20	Fiscal 2022				
	Q1	Q2		Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Reconciliation of Net Loss to Non-GAAP Adjusted Net Income (Loss)								
GAAP Net Loss	\$ (427.3)	\$ (251.9) \$	(99.7)	\$ (283.2)	\$ (196.9)	\$ (377.2)	\$ (422.2)
Amortization of intangible assets	4.5	4.8		4.7	4.1	3.1	4.5	5.4
Stock-based compensation expense	164.2	201.0		198.4	160.9	153.7	176.6	221.0
Payroll tax expense related to stock-based compensation	16.5	6.8		4.9	3.3	9.5	2.5	3.1
Changes to the liabilities for insurance required by regulatory agencies attributable to historical periods	128.0	-		-	122.3	-	275.4	92.9
Net amount from claims ceded under the Reinsurance Agreement ⁽¹⁾	-	-		28.2	24.6	55.3	(36.8)	-
Sublease income ⁽²⁾	_	12-		_	12	-	-	-
Costs related to acquisitions and divestitures	-	0.9		(118.7)	-	-	1.4	0.9
Transaction costs rel. to certain legacy auto insurance liabilities	-	20.4		-	1.0	-		-
Restructuring charges	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Impairment charges ⁽³⁾	-	-		-	92	_	-	135.7
Adjusted Net Income (Loss)	\$ (114.1)	\$ (18.0) \$	17.8	\$ 32.1	\$ 24.6	\$ 46.4	\$ 36.7
Adjusted net income (loss) per share, basic	\$ (0.35)	\$ (0.05) \$	0.05	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.07	\$ O.13	\$ 0.10
Weighted-average shares used to compute adjusted net income (loss) per share, basic	326.2	332	.1	337.8	342.7	346.6	350.5	356.5

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the net amount recognized on the statement of operations associated with claims ceded under the Reinsurance agreement, including any losses related to the deferral of gains on the statement of operations and any benefit from the amortization of the deferred gain in the same period. For transparency, to help investors understand the ultimate economic benefit of the Reinsurance Agreement, we have broken out "Net amount of claims ceded under the Reinsurance Agreement," which would otherwise have been captured in "Changes to the liabilities for insurance required by regulatory agencies attributable to historical periods."

⁽²⁾ For the GAAP income statement, sublease income is included as other income while the related lease rent expense is included in its respective operating expense line item. For non-GAAP purposes, sublease income is presented as a contra-expense to the related lease rent expense. The non-GAAP presentation of sublease income as a contra-expense has no impact to Adjusted Net Income (Loss).

⁽³⁾ In the third quarter of 2022, we recorded \$135.7 million in impairment charges related to the wind down of an equity investee, which included the impairments of a non-marketable equity investment and other assets.

Note: Due to rounding, numbers presented may not add up precisely to the totals provided.

(\$ in millions)

	Fiscal 2021							Fiscal 2022					
		Q1	Q2		Q3	Q4		Q1	Q2	Q3			
Reconciliation of Net Loss to Non-GAAP Adjusted EBITDA													
GAAP Net Loss	\$	(427.3)	\$ (251.	9) \$	(99.7)	\$ (283.2) \$	(196.9)	\$ (377.2)	\$ (42	2.2)		
Adjusted for the following													
Interest expense		12.9	13	.1	13.4	13.3		4.7	5.2		5.3		
Other (income) expense, net ⁽¹⁾		(3.6)	(1.	7)	(125.0)	(5.5)	(9.8)	(1.0)	12	6.2		
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes		1.9	0.	7	6.6	2.0		2.8	0.1	(0.6		
Depreciation and amortization		34.4	34.	5	37.0	33.3		31.8	29.1	3	5.9		
Stock-based compensation expense		164.2	201.0	0	198.4	160.9		153.7	176.6	22	1.0		
Payroll tax expense related to stock-based compensation		16.5	6.	В	4.9	3.3		9.5	2.5		3.1		
Changes to the liabilities for insurance required by regulatory agencies attributable to historical periods		128.0		-	-	122.3		-	275.4	9:	2.9		
Net amount from claims ceded under the Reinsurance $Agreement^{(2)}$		-		-	28.2	24.6		55.3	(36.8)		-		
Sublease income ⁽³⁾		-0		-	2.9	3.7		3.7	3.8		2.6		
Costs related to acquisitions and divestitures		-	0.9	9	0.6	-		-/-	1.4	(0.9		
Transaction costs rel. to certain legacy auto insurance liabilities		<u> </u>	20.	4	27	12		27	_		_		
Restructuring charges				-	-				-		-		
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	(73.0)	\$ 23.	3 \$	67.3	\$ 74.7	\$	54.8	\$ 79.1	\$ 60	6.2		
Adjusted EBITDA Margin		(12.0%)	3.1	%	7.8%	7.7	%	6.3%	8.0%	6	.3%		

⁽¹⁾ Other income (expense), net includes (i) a benefit from a pre-tax gain from the divestiture relating to our self-driving vehicle division, Level 5 in Q2'21 and (ii) \$135.7 million in impairment charges related to the wind down of an equity investee in Q3'22, which included the impairments of a non-marketable equity investment and other assets.

Note: Due to rounding, numbers presented may not add up precisely to the totals provided.

⁽²⁾ Reflects the net amount recognized on the statement of operations associated with claims ceded under the Reinsurance agreement, including any losses related to the deferral of gains on the statement of operations and any benefit from the amortization of the deferred gain in the same period. For transparency, to help investors understand the ultimate economic benefit of the Reinsurance Agreement, we have broken out "Net amount of claims ceded under the Reinsurance Agreement," which would otherwise have been captured in "Changes to the liabilities for insurance required by regulatory agencies attributable to historical periods."

⁽³⁾ For the GAAP income statement, sublease income is included as other income while the related lease rent expense is included in its respective operating expense line item. For non-GAAP purposes, sublease income is presented as a contra-expense to the related lease rent expense.