## Oportun

1Q 2023
Earnings Presentation
May 8, 2023


## Forward-looking statements

This presentation and the accompanying oral presentation contain forward-looking statements. All statements other than statements of historical fact contained in this presentation, including statements concernin effectiveness of our cost-cutting measures in strengthening our business; the anticipated size and timing of charges taken and annualized run rate savings in connection with our reduction of personnel; the anticipatec timing and effectiveness of non-personnel related operational efficiencies business, future performance, future results of operations and financial position, trends in loan portfolio performance and makeup, our expec regarding macroeconomic conditions, future growth opportunities, our expectation regarding the effect of fair value mark-to-market adjustments on our loan portfolio and asset-backed notes, achievement of our stra priorities, second quarter and full-year 2023 outlook, business strategy and plans and objectives of management for future operations of Oportun Financial Corporation ("Oportun" or the "Company"), are forward-lo statements. These statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other factors that may cause the Company's actual results and financial position, as well as our plans, objective expectations for our performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. These risks and uncerta include those risks described in Oportun's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the caption "Risk Factors", including the Company's most recent annual report on Form 10-K and most recent qua report on Form 10-Q, and include, but are not limited to: macroeconomic conditions, the impact of COVID-19 on our business and the economy as a whole; the effectiveness of our A.I. model, Oportun's future fin performance, including trends in revenue, net revenue, operating expenses, and net income; changes in market interest rates; increases in loan nonpayments, delinquencies and charge-offs; Oportun's ability to op successfully in a highly regulated industry; the effect of management changes; Oportun's ability to increase market share and enter into new markets; Oportun's ability to expand its membership base; successful integ of Oportun and Digit's business; Oportun's ability to successfully offer loans in additional states; the successful development and execution of strategic partnerships; Oportun's ability to compete successfully with comp that are currently in, or may in the future enter, the digital banking and lending space; changes in Oportun's ability to obtain additional financing on acceptable terms or at all; and Oportun's potential to need to additional strategic alternatives, including restructuring or financing of it's debt seeking additional debt or equity capital or reducing or delaying it's business activities.
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This presentation also contains estimates and other statistical data made by independent parties and by the Company relating to market size and growth and other industry data. These data involve a number of assump and limitations, and you are cautioned not to give undue weight to such estimates. The Company has not independently verified the statistical and other industry data generated by independent parties and contained presentation and, accordingly, it cannot guarantee their accuracy or completeness. In addition, projections, assumptions and estimates of its future performance and the future performance of the industries in wh operates are necessarily subject to a high degree of uncertainty and risk due to a variety of factors. These and other factors could cause results to differ materially from those expressed in the estimates made b independent parties and by Oportun.
You should view this presentation and the accompanying oral presentation with the understanding that our actual future results, levels of activity, performance and achievements may be materially different from wh expect.

This presentation includes certain non-GAAP financial measures. Non-GAAP financial measures are presented in addition to, and not as a substitute for, and are not superior to, financial measures calculated in accoro This presentation includes certain non-GAAP financial measures. Non-GAAP financial measures are presented in addition to, and not as a substite for, and are not superior to, financial measures calculated in accoro with GAAP. The Company believes these Non-GAAP measures can be useful measures for period-to-period comparisons of our core business and provide useful information to investors and others in understandin evaluating our operating results. Non-GAAP financial measures are provided in addition to, and not as a substitute for, and are not superior to, financial measures calculated in accordance with GAAP. In addition, the GAAP measures we use, as presented, may not be comparable to similar measures used by other companies. See the Appendix for a reconciliation of non-GAAP financial measures to the most comparable me calculated in accordance with GAAP.

## Earnings overview

Key takeaways from Oportun's first quarter 2023 results

D Strong $21 \% \mathrm{Y} / \mathrm{Y}$ growth in 1 Q revenue of $\$ 260 \mathrm{M}$
Average daily principal balance of $\$ 3.1 \mathrm{~B}$, up $27 \%$
D Diligent expense management
48.5\% Adjusted Operating Efficiency sets third consecutive quarterly post-2019 IPO record
D Additional actions to streamline operations
Reducing total expense base by 255 employees; $19 \%$ of corporate staff'; \$78-83M in new run rate savings including contractor and vendor spend
D Outperformed guidance metrics
Total revenue, Adjusted EBITDA and annualized net charge-off rate outperform expectations
D New originations continue to outperform 2019
Delinquencies from originations made after July 2022 still better or near 2019 levels; back book led to 12.1\% annualized net charge-off rate
D As anticipated, first net loss ${ }^{2}$ reported in nearly 3 years Adjusted EPS of $\$(2.60)$ driven by still-elevated charge-offs and noncash fair value mark-to-market declines
D Revising FY2O23 guidance
Reiterating revenue, increasing Adjusted EBITDA, maintaining high-end NCO expectation while tightening range

## First quarter performance

|  | 1Q 2023 Guidance | 1Q 2023 Actual | Drivers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Revenue | \$245-\$250 M | $\checkmark$ \$260 M | Higher average daily principal balance |
| Annualized Net Charge-off Rate (\%) | 12.5\% +/-15 bps | $\checkmark 12.1 \%$ | Effective late-stage delinquency management |
| Adjusted EBITDA ${ }^{(1)}$ | \$(49) - \$(44) M | $\checkmark$ \$(24) M | Higher revenue, lower net chargeoffs and operating expense |

(1) See Appendix for non-GAAP reconciliation to the most comparable GAAP measure

## Fortifying business economics

## Cost Reductions

## Originations

## Credit

Pricing

- $1 Q$ adjusted operating expenses declined $8 \%$ sequentially from $4 Q 22 ; 48.5 \%$ adjusted operating efficiency ratio (post-IPO record) a 1,338 bps year-over-year improvement
- Majority of February-enacted \$48-53M run rate savings to start being realized in 2Q
- Reduced cost structure includes new measures for additional \$78-83M annualized 2023 savings; total two-program annualized savings of $\$ 126-136 \mathrm{M}, 28 \%$ corporate staff reduction ${ }^{1}$
- Focused on quality, not quantity
- 1Q23 originations of \$408 million, down 49\% year-over year
- Lowering internal forecast while further tightening credit
- Annualized net charge-off rate declined 70 basis points sequentially to $12.1 \%$
- Front book: Post-July 2022 underwriting vintages
- First payment defaults and delinquencies continue to be at or better than 2019
- Back book: originations made prior to July 2022
- Collection tools to assist members supported lower 1Q losses
- Assuming 1Q delinquencies shift to 2Q; maintaining top-end FY23 NCO guidance
- Still expect YE 2023 portfolio yield to be over 200 basis points higher than YE 2022

See Appendix for non-GAAP reconciliation to the most comparable GAAP measure.

## 1Q23 operating expenses to owned portfolio more efficient than 2019

Opex to Average Daily Principal Balance (\%)


GAAP operating expense
$\begin{array}{cr}\text { \$79M } & \$ 146 \mathrm{M}\end{array}$

Adjusted Opex to Average Daily Principal Balance (\%)


Adjusted operating expense ${ }^{(1)}$
\$77M \$126M \$113M

## Strategic priorities: focused on sustainable long-term growth \& profitability

| ~85\% G\&A allocation |  | ~10\% | ~5\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fortify Core Business Economics | Strengthen Core Unsecured Personal Loan Product | Build Member Engagement Platform | Develop Product Suite |
| - Improve profitability and ROE, including by streamlining operations <br> - Manage credit <br> - Increase portfolio yield <br> - Enhance liquidity | - Prioritize unit economics, remain focused on core <br> - Increased focus on growing personal loan portfolio <br> - Leverage data, technology and AI | - Use Oportun Savings product to extend member lifetime and offer more loans over time <br> - Leverage new Oportun Mobile App | - Credit card <br> - Secured personal loans <br> - Lending-as-a-service |

## First quarter 2023 highlights

| Financial Highlights |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Total Revenue \$260M | GAAP Net Income \$(102)M |
| Adjusted EBITDA ${ }^{(1)}$ <br> \$(24.5)M | Adjusted Net Income ${ }^{(1)}$ \$(88.3)M |
| GAAP Diluted EPS \$(3.00) | Adjusted EPS ${ }^{(1)}$ \$(2.60) |
| Annualized Net Charge-Off Rate (NCO) ${ }^{(1)}$ 12.1\% |  |



First Payment Defaults driven down to 2019 pre-pandemic levels


Post-July credit tightening loans are performing better or near 2019 prepandemic vintages and growing in proportion


Quarter-End Back Book Portfolio Outstanding (\$B) ${ }^{2}$

Pre-July 2022 Credit Tightening

## Credit performance

1Q23 Annualized Net Charge-Off Rate declines sequentially by 70 basis points from 4Q22

${ }^{(1)}$ See Appendix for definition of 30+ Day Delinquency Rate and Annualized Net Charge-Off Rate.

First quarter 2023 capital and liquidity

| Sources of Liquidity <br> (\$M) |
| :---: |
| $\$ 517$ |
| $\$ 202$ |
| $\$ 315$ |

Total Cash Available
Total Cash
Warehouse Lines

Fixed Rate Debt (\%)


Net Change in Cash and Primary Drivers
(\$M)


Operating Cash Flow Trend (\$M)


## Oportun

## Second quarter and Full Year 2023 guidance

|  | 2Q 2023E |
| :--- | :---: |
| Total Revenue | $\$ 250-\$ 255 \mathrm{M}$ |
| Annualized Net Charge-off Rate (\%) | $12.8 \%+/-15 \mathrm{bps}$ |
| Adjusted EBITDA ${ }^{(1)}$ | $\$ 2-\$ 7 \mathrm{M}$ |

FY 2023E
$\$ 975-\$ 1,000 \mathrm{M}$
$11.6 \%+/-40 \mathrm{bps}$
$\$ 70-\$ 75 \mathrm{M}$

## Appendix

## Key definitions

- 30+ Day Delinquency Rate is the unpaid principal balance for our owned loans and credit card receivables that are 30 or more calendar days contractually past due as of the end of the period divided by Owned Principal Balance as of such date
- Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure calculated as net income (loss), adjusted to eliminate the effect of the following items: income tax expense (benefit), stockbased compensation expense, depreciation and amortization, interest expense from corporate financing, certain non-recurring charges, origination fees for Fair Value loans, net and fair value mark-to-market adjustment
- Adjusted EBITDA Margin is calculated as Adjusted EBITDA divided by total revenue
- Adjusted Earnings Per Share (EPS) is a non-GAAP financial measure calculated by dividing Adjusted Net Income by diluted adjusted weighted-average common shares outstanding
- Adjusted Net Income is a non-GAAP financial measure calculated by adjusting our net income (loss) for the impact of our election of the fair value option, and further adjusted to exclude income tax expense (benefit), stock-based compensation expense, and certain non-recurring charges
- Adjusted Operating Efficiency is a non-GAAP financial measure calculated by dividing total operating expenses (excluding stock-based compensation expense and certain non-recurring charges) by total revenue
- Adjusted Operating Expense is a non-GAAP financial measure calculated by adjusting total operating expenses to exclude stock-based compensation expense and certain non-recurring charges
- Adjusted Opex Ratio is calculated as Adjusted Operating Expense divided by Average Daily Principal Balance
- Adjusted Return on Equity ("ROE") is a non-GAAP financial measure calculated by dividing annualized Adjusted Net Income by average total stockholders' equity; prior to January 1, 2020, Adjusted ROE was calculated by dividing annualized Adjusted Net Income by average total FVPF stockholders' equity
- Aggregate Originations is the aggregate amount disbursed to borrowers and credit granted on credit cards during a specified period, including amounts originated by us through our Lending as a Service partners or under our bank partnership programs. Aggregate Originations exclude any fees in connection with the origination of a loan
- Annualized Net Charge-Off Rate is calculated as annualized loan and credit card principal losses (net of recoveries) divided by the Average Daily Principal Balance of owned Ioans and credit card receivables for the period
- Average Daily Debt Balance is the average of outstanding debt principal balance at the end of each calendar day during the period
- Average Daily Principal Balance is the average of outstanding principal balance of owned loans and credit card receivables at the end of each calendar day during the period
- Corporate Financing is a senior secured term loan secured by the assets of the Company and certain of its subsidiaries guaranteeing the term loan, including pledges of the equity interests of certain subsidiaries that are directly or indirectly owned by the Company
- Cost of Debt is calculated as annualized interest expense divided by Average Daily Debt Balance


## Key definitions (cont'd)

- Customer Acquisition Cost (or "CAC") is calculated as sales and marketing expenses, which include the costs associated with various paid marketing channels, including direct mail, digital marketing and brand marketing and the costs associated with our telesales and retail operations divided by number of loans originated and new credit cards activated to new and returning borrowers during a period
- Fair Value Pro Forma (or "FVPF") in order to facilitate comparisons to periods prior to January 1, 2018, certain metrics included in this presentation have been shown on a pro forma basis, or the Fair Value Pro Forma, as if we had elected the fair value option since our inception for all loans originated and held for investment and all asset backed notes issued. Beginning in 2021, the Company no longer includes any Fair Value Pro Forma adjustments because all loans originated and held for investment and asset backed notes issued are recorded at fair value
- First Payment Defaults are calculated as the principal balance of any loan whose first payment becomes 30 days past due, divided by the aggregate principal balance of all loans originated during that same period
- Loans Receivable at Fair Value are all loans receivable held for investment. Loans Receivable at Fair Value include loans receivable on our unsecured and secured personal loan products and credit card receivable balances
- Managed Principal Balance at End of Period is the total amount of outstanding principal balance for all loans and credit card receivables, including loans sold, which we continue to service, at the end of the period. Managed Principal Balance at End of Period also includes loans and accounts originated under a bank partnership program that we service
- Members include borrowers with an outstanding or successfully paid off loan, originated by us or under a bank partnership program that we service, or individuals who have been approved for a credit card issued under a bank partnership program. Members also include individuals who have signed-up to use or are using any of our Digit Savings, Digit Direct, Digit Investing and/or Digit Retirement products
- Operating Efficiency is calculated as total operating expenses divided by total revenue
- Owned Principal Balance at End of Period is the total amount of outstanding principal balance for all loans and credit card receivables, excluding loans and receivables sold or retained by a bank partner, at the end of the period
- Portfolio Yield is annualized interest income as a percentage of Average Daily Principal Balance
- Products refers to the aggregate number of personal loans and/or credit card accounts that our Members have had or been approved for that have been originated by us or through one of our bank partners. Products also include the aggregate number of digital banking products we offer as a result of our acquisition of Digit, including Digit Savings, Digit Direct, Digit Investing and Digit Retirement, that our Members use or have signed-up to use
- Return on Equity is calculated as annualized net income divided by average stockholders' equity for a period


## 1Q Adjusted Net Loss driven by non-cash fair value marks Adj. EBITDA better than guidance


$28 \%$ Y/Y growth in Owned Principal Balance drives revenue growth despite credit tightening

Owned Principal Balance at EOP (\$B)


Aggregate Originations (\$M)


## 1Q total revenue up 21\% Y/Y

## 1Q23 Highlights

Total Revenue: \$260M 21\% Y / Y

Net Revenue: \$4.8M (98)\% Y / Y due to non-
cash charges including net change in fair value decline of \$216M

Total Revenue (\$M)


Net Revenue (\$M)


## Strong risk-adjusted yield drives profitability



## Key financial \& operating metrics

|  | Quarter Ended |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1Q23 |  | 4Q22 |  | 3Q22 |  | 2Q22 |  | 1Q22 |  | ChangeY / Y |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Members |  | 11,592 |  | 7,260 |  | 1,858,335 |  | 1,818,588 |  | 1,676,754 | 14.0 \% |
| Products |  | 9,007 |  | 6,245 |  | 1,981,310 |  | 1,928,261 |  | 1,757,339 | 17.2 \% |
| Aggregate Originations (Millions) | \$ | 408.0 | \$ | 610.4 | \$ | 634.2 | \$ | 878.2 | \$ | 800.1 | (49.0)\% |
| 30+ Day Delinquency Rate (\%) |  | 5.5 \% |  | 5.6 \% |  | 5.4 \% |  | 4.3 \% |  | 4.5 \% |  |
| Annualized Net Charge-Off Rate (\%) |  | 12.1 \% |  | 12.8 \% |  | 9.8 \% |  | 8.6 \% |  | 8.6 \% |  |
| Return on Equity (\%) |  | (82.5)\% |  | (6.1)\% |  | (70.1)\% |  | (5.7)\% |  | 29.5 \% |  |
| Adjusted Return on Equity (\%) |  | (71.3)\% |  | 3.3 \% |  | 5.6 \% |  | 2.3 \% |  | 34.1 \% |  |



[^0]Condensed consolidated income statement

| (\$ Millions, except per share data. Shares in Millions) | Quarter Ended |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 Q23 |  | 4Q22 |  | 3Q22 |  | 2Q22 |  | 1Q22 |  | Change$\mathrm{Y} / \mathrm{Y}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest income | \$ | 237.6 | \$ | 244.1 | \$ | 232.1 | \$ | 207.7 | \$ | 192.2 | 23.6 \% |
| Non-interest income |  | 21.9 |  | 17.8 |  | 18.0 |  | 18.1 |  | 22.5 | (2.6)\% |
| Total revenue | \$ | 259.5 | \$ | 261.9 | \$ | 250.1 | \$ | 225.8 | \$ | 214.7 | 20.9 \% |
| Less: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest expense | \$ | 39.0 | \$ | 35.6 | \$ | 26.7 | \$ | 17.1 | \$ | 13.7 | 185.1 \% |
| Net increase (decrease) in fair value |  | (215.7) |  | (82.9) |  | (76.4) |  | (63.5) |  | 4.0 | NM |
| Net Revenue | \$ | 4.8 | \$ | 143.4 | \$ | 147.0 | \$ | 145.2 | \$ | 205.0 | (97.7)\% |
| Operating expenses: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales and marketing | \$ | 19.2 | \$ | 21.3 | \$ | 21.8 | \$ | 32.4 | \$ | 34.5 | (44.5)\% |
| Other operating expenses |  | 127.2 |  | 130.0 |  | 129.1 |  | 125.5 |  | 112.8 | 12.7 \% |
| Goodwill impairment |  | - |  | - |  | 108.5 |  | - |  | - | NM |
| Total operating expenses | \$ | 146.3 | \$ | 151.4 | \$ | 259.3 | \$ | 157.9 | \$ | 147.3 | (0.7)\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Income (loss) before taxes | \$ | (141.5) | \$ | (7.9) | \$ | (112.4) | \$ | (12.7) | \$ | 57.7 | NM |
| Income tax provision (benefit) |  | (39.4) |  | 0.5 |  | (6.5) |  | (3.5) |  | 12.0 | NM |
| Net income (loss) | \$ | (102.1) | \$ | (8.4) | \$ | (105.8) | \$ | (9.2) | \$ | 45.7 | NM |
| Memo: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Earnings (loss) per share | \$ | (3.00) | \$ | (0.25) | \$ | (3.21) | \$ | (0.28) | \$ | 1.42 | NM |
| Diluted earnings (loss) per share | \$ | (3.00) | \$ | (0.25) | \$ | (3.21) | \$ | (0.28) | \$ | 1.37 | NM |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding - basic |  | 34.0 |  | 33.2 |  | 33.0 |  | 32.8 |  | 32.2 | 5.5 \% |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding - diluted |  | 34.0 |  | 33.2 |  | 33.0 |  | 32.8 |  | 33.3 | 2.0 \% |

Note: Numbers may not foot or cross-foot due to rounding.

## Condensed consolidated balance sheet



## Adjusted EBITDA reconciliation

| (S Millions) | Quarter Ended |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 Q 23 |  | 4Q22 |  | 3Q22 |  | 2Q22 |  | 1Q22 |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change } \\ \hline \mathrm{Y} / \mathrm{Y} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net income (loss) | \$ | (102.1) | \$ | (8.4) | \$ | (105.8) | \$ | (9.2) | \$ | 45.7 | NM |
| Adjustments: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Income tax expense (benefit) |  | (39.4) |  | 0.5 |  | (6.5) |  | (3.5) |  | 12.0 | NM |
| Interest on corporate financing |  | 6.3 |  | 5.1 |  | 0.9 |  | - |  | - | NM |
| Depreciation and amortization |  | 10.4 |  | 9.9 |  | 9.2 |  | 8.8 |  | 7.3 | 42.5 \% |
| Stock-based compensation expense |  | 4.5 |  | 6.9 |  | 7.1 |  | 6.9 |  | 6.8 | (33.6)\% |
| Workforce optimization expenses |  | 6.8 |  | - |  | 0.2 |  | 1.5 |  | 0.2 | 3,146.7 \% |
| Acquisition and integration related expenses |  | 7.0 |  | 7.3 |  | 8.1 |  | 6.9 |  | 7.3 | (4.2)\% |
| Other non-recurring charges ${ }^{(1)(2)}$ |  | 2.3 |  | - |  | 108.5 |  | 2.5 |  | 0.3 | 661.3 \% |
| Origination fees for Fair Value Loans, net |  | (4.7) |  | (9.1) |  | (6.3) |  | (6.7) |  | (4.7) | (1.2)\% |
| Fair value mark-to-market adjustment |  | 84.5 |  | (45.6) |  | (21.4) |  | (11.7) |  | (40.9) | NM |
| Adjusted EBITDA | \$ | (24.5) | \$ | (33.5) | \$ | (6.2) | \$ | (4.5) | \$ | 33.9 | NM |
| Memo: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total revenue |  | 259.5 |  | 261.9 |  | 250.1 |  | 225.8 |  | 214.7 | 20.9 \% |
| Adjusted EBITDA Margin (\%) ${ }^{(3)}$ |  | (9.4)\% |  | (12.8)\% |  | (2.5)\% |  | (2.0)\% |  | 15.8 \% |  |

[^1]Note: Numbers may not foot or cross-foot due to rounding.

## Adjusted net income reconciliation

| (\$ Millions) | Quarter Ended |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1Q23 |  | 4Q22 |  | 3Q22 |  | 2Q22 |  | 1Q22 |  | Change |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{Y} / \mathrm{Y}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net income (loss) | \$ | (102.1) |  |  | \$ | (8.4) | \$ | (105.8) | \$ | (9.2) | \$ | 45.7 | NM |
| Adjustments: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Income tax expense (benefit) |  | (39.4) |  | 0.5 |  | (6.5) |  | (3.5) |  | 12.0 | NM |
| Stock-based compensation expense |  | 4.5 |  | 6.9 |  | 7.1 |  | 6.9 |  | 6.8 | (33.6)\% |
| Workforce optimization expenses |  | 6.8 |  | - |  | 0.2 |  | 1.5 |  | 0.2 | 3,146.7 \% |
| Acquisition and integration related expenses |  | 7.0 |  | 7.3 |  | 8.1 |  | 6.9 |  | 7.3 | (4.2)\% |
| Other non-recurring charges ${ }^{(1)(2)}$ |  | 2.3 |  | - |  | 108.5 |  | 2.5 |  | 0.3 | NM |
| Adjusted income before taxes | \$ | (121.0) | \$ | 6.3 | \$ | 11.5 | \$ | 5.1 | \$ | 72.2 | NM |
| Normalized income tax expense |  | 32.7 |  | (1.7) |  | (3.1) |  | (1.4) |  | (19.5) | NM |
| Income tax rate (\%) |  | 27.0 \% |  | 27.0 \% |  | 27.0 \% |  | 27.0 \% |  | 27.0 \% |  |
| Adjusted Net Income | \$ | (88.3) | \$ | 4.6 | \$ | 8.4 | \$ | 3.8 | \$ | 52.7 | NM |
| Memo: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stockholders' equity | \$ | 456.1 | \$ | 547.6 | \$ | 549.1 | \$ | 648.2 | \$ | 649.9 | (29.8)\% |
| Adjusted ROE (\%) ${ }^{(3)}$ |  | (71.3)\% |  | 3.3 \% |  | 5.6 \% |  | 2.3 \% |  | 34.1 \% |  |

[^2]
## Adjusted operating efficiency and adjusted operating expense reconciliation



## Basic and diluted earnings per share reconciliation

| (\$ Millions, except per share data. Shares in Millions) | Quarter Ended |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 Q23 |  | 4Q22 |  | 3Q22 |  | 2Q22 |  | 1Q22 |  | Change$Y / Y$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net income (loss) | \$ | (102.1) | \$ | (8.4) | \$ | (105.8) | \$ | (9.2) | \$ | 45.7 | NM |
| Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders | \$ | (102.1) | \$ | (8.4) | \$ | (105.8) | \$ | (9.2) | \$ | 45.7 | NM |
| Basic weighted-average common shares outstanding |  | 34.0 |  | 33.2 |  | 33.0 |  | 32.8 |  | 32.2 | 5.5 \% |
| Weighted average effect of dilutive securities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stock options |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 0.7 | NM |
| Restricted stock units |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 0.4 | NM |
| Diluted weighted-average common shares outstanding |  | 34.0 |  | 33.2 |  | 33.0 |  | 32.8 |  | 33.3 | 2.0 \% |
| Earnings (loss) per share: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Basic | \$ | (3.00) | \$ | (0.25) | \$ | (3.21) | \$ | (0.28) | \$ | 1.42 | NM |
| Diluted | \$ | (3.00) | \$ | (0.25) | \$ | (3.21) | \$ | (0.28) | \$ | 1.37 | NM |

## Adjusted earnings per share reconciliation



## Forward looking adjusted EBITDA reconciliation


 while we fully expect there to be a fair value mark-to-market adjustment which will significantly increase GAAP net loss, the net loss number shown above assumes no change in the fair value mark-to-market adjustment. The impact of the actual fair value mark-to-market adjustment does not impact the calculation of Adjusted EBITDA because it has an equal and offsetting impact to net loss on a GAAP basis and our calculation of Adjusted EBITDA.

## Net change <br> in fair value

Increase in FV of Loans will increase Net Revenue

- Increase in FV of Notes will decrease Net Revenue



## Oportun

Refer to slide 31 for estimate methodology to calculate fair value premium on loans receivable by quarter.
(2) Cumulative fair value mark on sale of loans originated as held for investment.

## Fair value estimate methodology

|  | Quarter Ended |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Change |
|  | 1Q23 | 4Q22 | 3Q22 | 2Q22 | 1Q22 | 4Q21 | 3Q21 | Y / Y |
| Weighted average portfolio yield over the remaining life of the loans | 29.78 \% | 29.50 \% | 29.90 \% | 30.27 \% | 30.15 \% | 30.14 \% | 30.35 \% | (0.37) \% |
| Less: Servicing fee | (5.00) \% | (5.00) \% | (5.00)\% | (5.00)\% | (5.00)\% | (5.00)\% | (5.00) \% | - \% |
| Net portfolio yield | 24.78 \% | 24.50 \% | 24.90 \% | 25.27 \% | 25.15 \% | 25.14 \% | 25.35 \% | (0.37)\% |
| Multiplied by: Weighted average life in years | 0.963 | 1.000 | 0.924 | 0.895 | 0.847 | 0.859 | 0.761 | 0.116 |
| Pre-loss cash flow | 23.85 \% | 24.50 \% | 23.01 \% | 22.61 \% | 21.30 \% | 21.60 \% | 19.26 \% | 2.55 \% |
| Less: Remaining cumulative charge-offs | (11.72) \% | (10.38)\% | (11.67)\% | (11.25)\% | (10.37)\% | (9.60)\% | (7.53) \% | (1.35) \% |
| Net cash flow | 12.13 \% | 14.12 \% | 11.34 \% | 11.37 \% | 10.93 \% | 12.00 \% | 11.73 \% | 1.20 \% |
| Less: Discount rate multiplied by average life | (10.66)\% | (11.48) \% | (9.42)\% | (8.03)\% | (5.73)\% | (5.96)\% | (4.96) \% | (4.93) \% |
| Gross fair value premium as a percentage of loan principal balance | 1.47 \% | 2.64 \% | 1.92 \% | 3.34 \% | 5.21 \% | 6.04 \% | 6.77 \% | (3.74)\% |
| Less: Accrued interest and fees as a percentage of loan principal balance | (1.22)\% | (1.18)\% | (1.19)\% | (1.10)\% | (1.09)\% | (1.03)\% | (0.90)\% | (0.13)\% |
| Fair value premium as a percentage of loan principal balance | 0.26 \% | 1.45 \% | 0.73 \% | 2.24 \% | 4.12 \% | 5.01 \% | 5.87 \% | (3.86)\% |
| Discount rate | 11.07 \% | 11.48 \% | 10.19 \% | 8.97 \% | 6.76 \% | 6.94 \% | 6.52 \% | 4.31 \% |

## Net lifetime <br> loan loss rates <br> by vintage

## Oportun

| Year of Origination | $\mathbf{2 0 0 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 2}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Dollar Weighted Average Original <br> Term for Vintage (Months) | 9.3 | 9.9 | 10.2 | 11.7 | 12.3 | 14.5 | 16.4 | 19.1 | 22.3 | 24.2 | 26.3 | 29.0 | 30.0 | 32.0 | 33.3 | 37.8 |
| Net Lifetime Loan Losses as \% of <br> Original Principal Balance | $7.7 \%$ | $8.9 \%$ | $5.5 \%$ | $6.4 \%$ | $6.2 \%$ | $5.6 \%$ | $5.6 \%$ | $6.1 \%$ | $7.1 \%$ | $8.0 \%$ | $8.2 \%$ | $9.8 \%$ | $10.7 \%$ | $8.0 \% *$ | $11.0 \% *$ | $-\%{ }^{*}$ |
| Outstanding Principal Balance as \% <br> of Original Amount Disbursed | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $1.3 \%$ | $9.5 \%$ | $40.1 \%$ | $90.7 \%$ |

* Vintage is not fully mature from a loss perspective.

Note: The chart above includes all personal loan originations by vintage, excluding loans originated from July 2017 to August 2020 under a loan program for customers who did not meet the qualifications for our core loan origination program. $100 \%$ of those loans were sold pursuant to a whole loan sale
arrangement. The 2021 vintage is experiencing higher charge-offs than prior vintages primarily due to a higher percentage of loan disbursements to new members. We tightened credit and began reducing loan volumes to new and returning members in the third quarter of 2021 and reduced significantly in the second half of 2022..


[^0]:    ${ }^{(1)}$ Sales and marketing expenses divided by the number of new and returning member loans originated in the respective periods. Note: Numbers may not foot or cross-foot due to rounding.

[^1]:    ${ }^{(1)}$ Certain prior-period financial information has been reclassified to conform to current period presentation
    ${ }^{(2)}$ 3Q22 includes impairment on the write-down of the carrying value of goodwill.
    ${ }^{(3)}$ Calculated as Adjusted EBITDA divided by total revenue.

[^2]:    ${ }^{(1)}$ Certain prior-period financial information has been reclassified to conform to current period presentation
    ${ }^{(2)}$ 3Q22 includes impairment on the write-down of the carrying value of goodwill.
    ${ }^{(3)}$ Calculated as Adjusted Net Income divided by average stockholders' equity. ROE has been annualized.

