



Towards Autonomous Driving

**World Leader in Advanced
Driver Assistance
Technology and Autonomous
Driving**

New Design Wins 2017

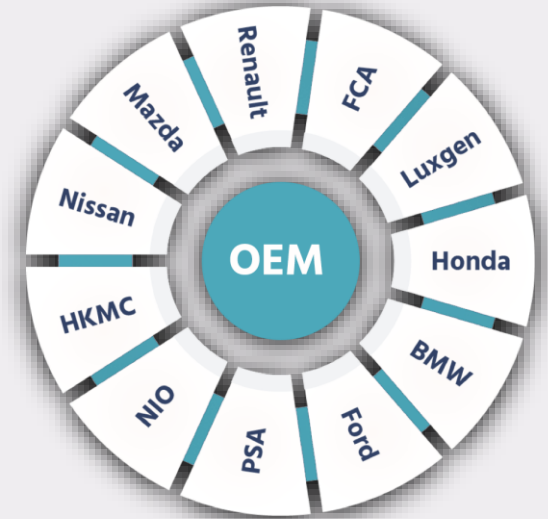
30 Design Wins
27 OEMs
~70 car models



Nearly 70 vehicle models, 27 OEMs, 30 design wins
(in 2016 there were 12 design wins)

Main Features	Tier 1
AEB EUNCAP 2018, LDW	Valeo
AEB, ACC, LKA	ZF-TRW
AEB, VOACC, LKA	ZF-TRW
AEB EUNCAP 2020, Traffic Jam Assist, Road Profile	Aptiv
AEB, ACC, LKA, FreeSpce	ZF-TRW
AEB, LKA	Aptiv
AEB, ACC, HLB, FreeSpace	Mando
AEB, ACC, FreeSpace, Road Edge	KSS
AEB, ACC, LKA, TSR	Nidec
Base: L2/3 premium: L3/4	NIO
AEB, VOACC, Glare Free HB, 3D VD, REM	ZF-TRW
AEB, pedal confusion, Enhanced LKA	ZF-TRW
AEB EUNCAP 2020, Traffic Jam Assist, Road Profile	Valeo
AEB, LDW	Aptiv
AEB EUNCAP 2020 & NHTSA, Road	Magna

Main Features	Tier 1
AEB, LDW	Hirain
AEB, LDW, ACC	Hirain
AEB, LDW, ACC	Mando
AEB, ACC, LKA	Hirain
LDW, FCW	Hirain
AEB, ACC, LKA, TJA	Hirain
AEB, ACC, LKA, Lane Changes	DIAS
AEB, LDW, ACC	Hirain
AEB, LKA, ACC	Hirain
AEB, ACC, LKA, Lane Changes	KSS
AEB, LDW, ACC	Hirain
AEB, LDW, ACC	Hirain
Full EUNCAP2020 compliance, 3D VD, FreeSpce, Objects	Valeo
AEB, LKA, ACC	ZF-TRW
L3, surround, Road Profile, REM	Aptiv



2017 Review

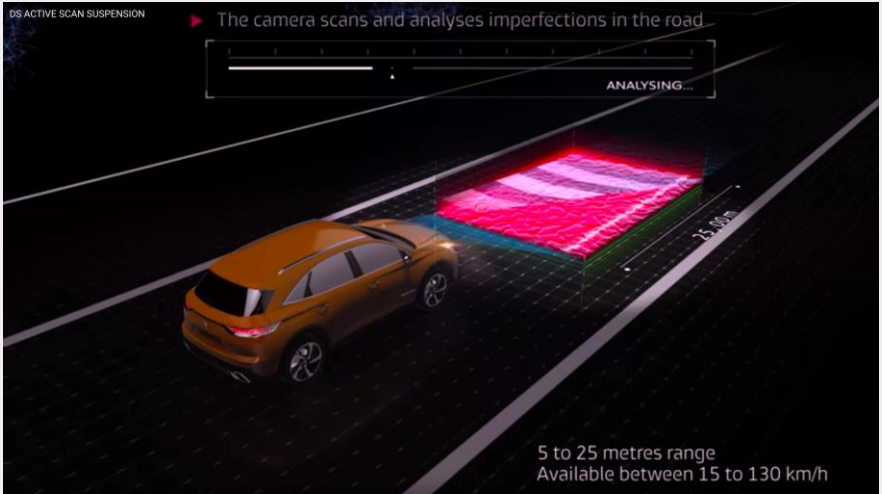
GM Super Cruise

Audi zFAS

Nissan ProPilot

Program Launches 2017

Installed by 2017 year end



OEM Launch	Special Features	Tier 1
GM CSAV2	AEB (fusion), LKA, HLB, TJA, <u>Super Cruise™</u>	ZF-TRW
Audi	AEB, LKA, HLB, RoadProfile, <u>zFAS A8</u>	Aptiv
Ford	AEB (fusion), LKA, HLB, TJA	Aptiv
HKMC	AEB (fusion), LKA, HLB	Mando
PSA wave 2	AEB (vision only), VOACC, LKA, <u>RoadProfile</u>	ZF-TRW
Nissan	<u>Propilot</u> (vision only) launch in the US	ZF-TRW



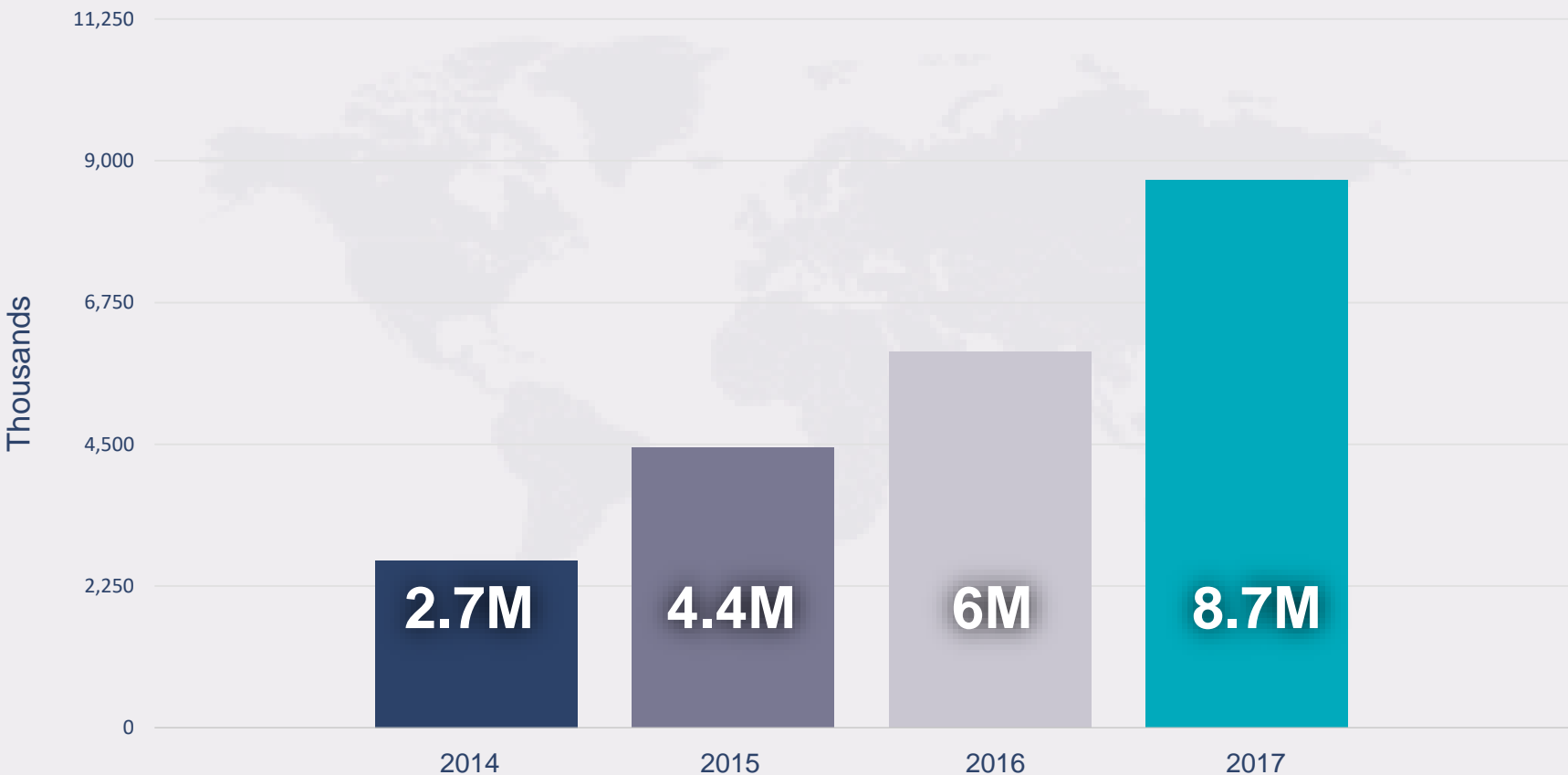
2017 Review

24M EyeQs
shipped to date

2017:
~9M EyeQs



EyeQ® Shipped



2018 Program Launches



15 programs to be launched during 2018

- 14 OEMs (4 of which are Chinese)
- 4 programs with EyeQ4 (12 additional launches starting from 2019)
- 2 programs with Trifocal camera configuration
- ALL programs have full-feature bundles (high-end)



New features launched in 2018:

- 3DVD
- Traffic Lights Detection and Recognition
- Advanced Road features: Semantic Free Space, Holistic Path Prediction
- REM



An Intel
Company

Strategy



Philosophy: a single effort

Level-4/5 Automation

derivatives

L2, L2+, L3



Economical Scalability

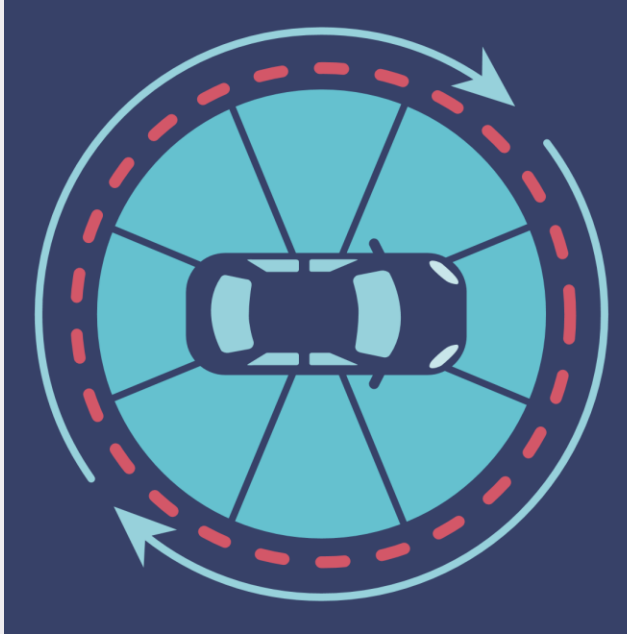
- Automating HD-maps through a crowdsourcing approach
- Controlling the explosive computational demands of Driving Policy (Planning)
- Scalable, workload-diverse and low-power SoC together with powerful ATOM cpu



Model for Safety Guarantees

- Decouple Sensing from Planning mistakes that could lead to an accident
- RSS - a formal model of the human judgement of common-sense of Planning
- Using RSS to provide safety guarantees

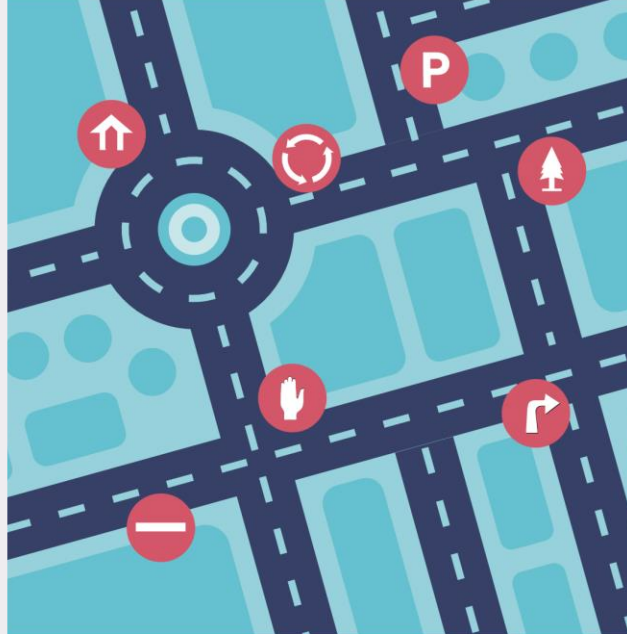
Autonomous Driving: Three Pillars



SENSING

Environmental model

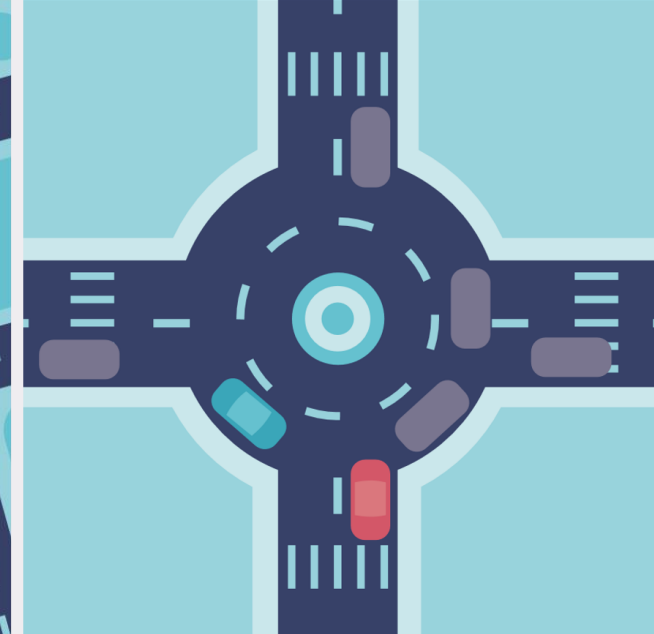
360 awareness



REM (Roadbook) Road Experience Management

Localization at high
accuracy (10 cm)

Drivable Paths



DRIVING POLICY (Planning)

Negotiating in a
multi agent game



An Intel
Company

Sensing

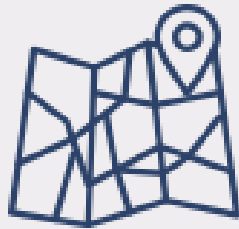


Detecting Road-users and spatially-compact objects

Vehicles, Pedestrians, Cyclists, Traffic Signs, Traffic Lights

(mature technology in series production as part of ADAS evolution)

Parsing the Roadway



Lane marks, road edges, path delimiters, drivable paths

- Drivable path(s) by **redundancy** of (i) sensing, and (ii) HD-map
- Necessary building block for **automating** HD-map construction (REM)

Notes:

- Parsing Roadway to sufficient details for L4 is an **open problem**
- Conventional approaches **avoid** Road-parsing and use only HD-map

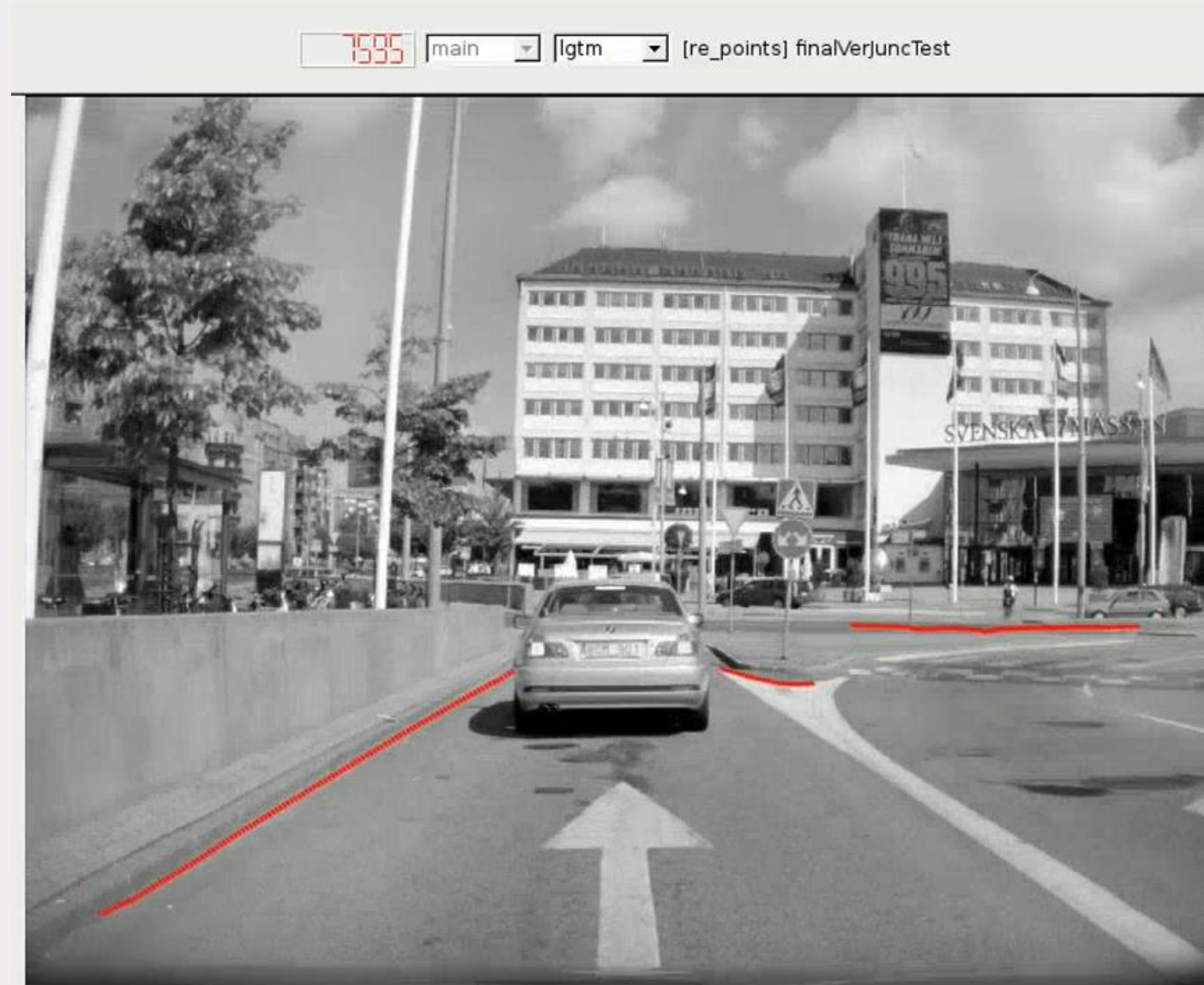
Sensing

Path
Delimiters in
urban
environments



Sensing

Path
Delimiters in
urban
environments



Sensing

Road users
and Path
Delimiters



Sensing

Holistic Lane Centering



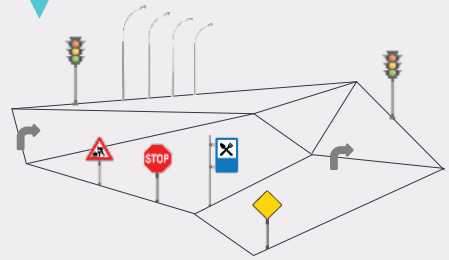
Road Experience Management (REM)



Visual Landmarks



Visual Landmarks on map



Strategic Value of REM



Leveraging ADAS

- Introduce REM software on EyeQ for front-facing cameras (leverage existing real-estate in the car)



Leveraging Crowd-sourcing

- Bandwidth of data from car to cloud is very low ~**10kb** per kilometer of driving



Automation

- The process for creating and updating maps is automatic.



Density of data sources

- Volume of ADAS-enabled vehicles enable very low “**time to reflect reality**” everywhere, rather than merely in “geo-fenced” neighborhoods.



REM introduces highly scalable “live” HD-map at low-cost

Building Blocks of REM



Harvesting

collections of roadway data (lanes, etc.) and landmarks to create RSD at 10kb/km



Aggregation

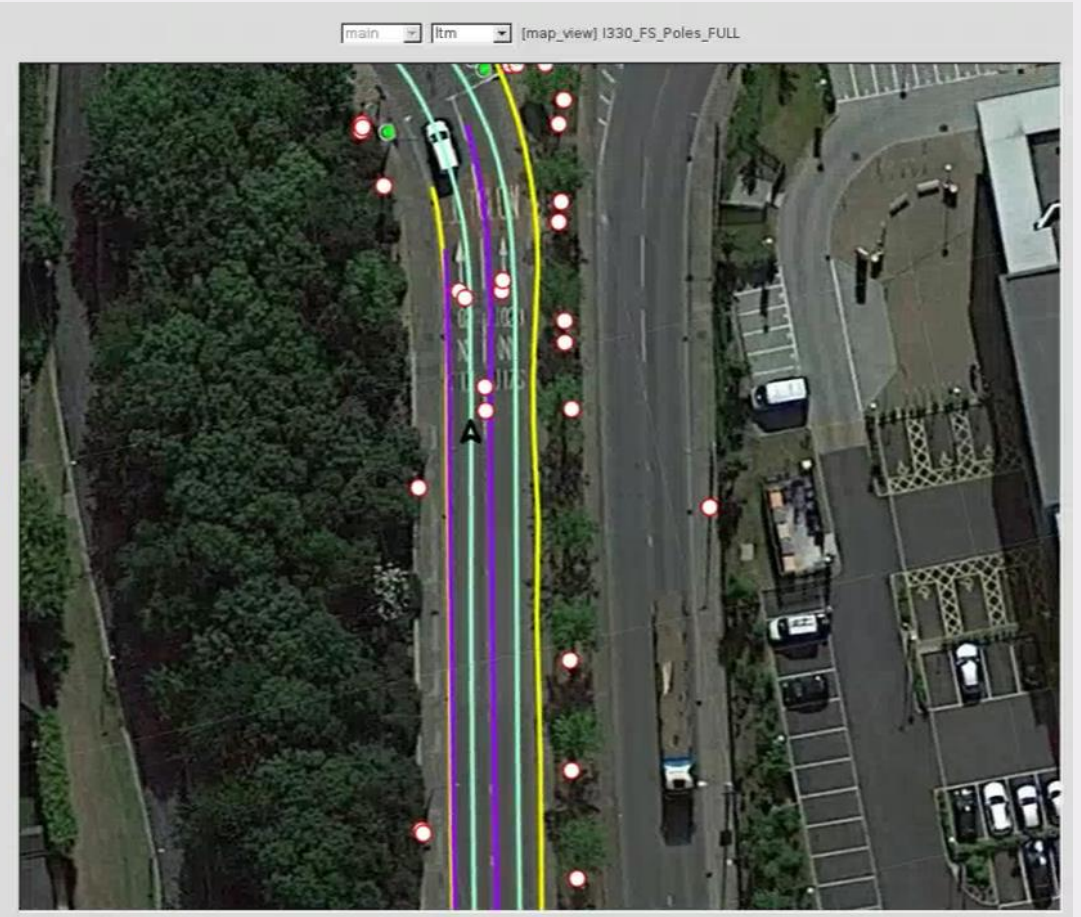
fusing all the RSDs in the cloud into a RoadBook



Localization

using RB and realtime detection of landmarks localize the host car in the RB at an accuracy sufficient for Policy and vehicle control





RB data projected onto image space.
Road edge, lane marks, lane center, landmarks
(in Yellow).

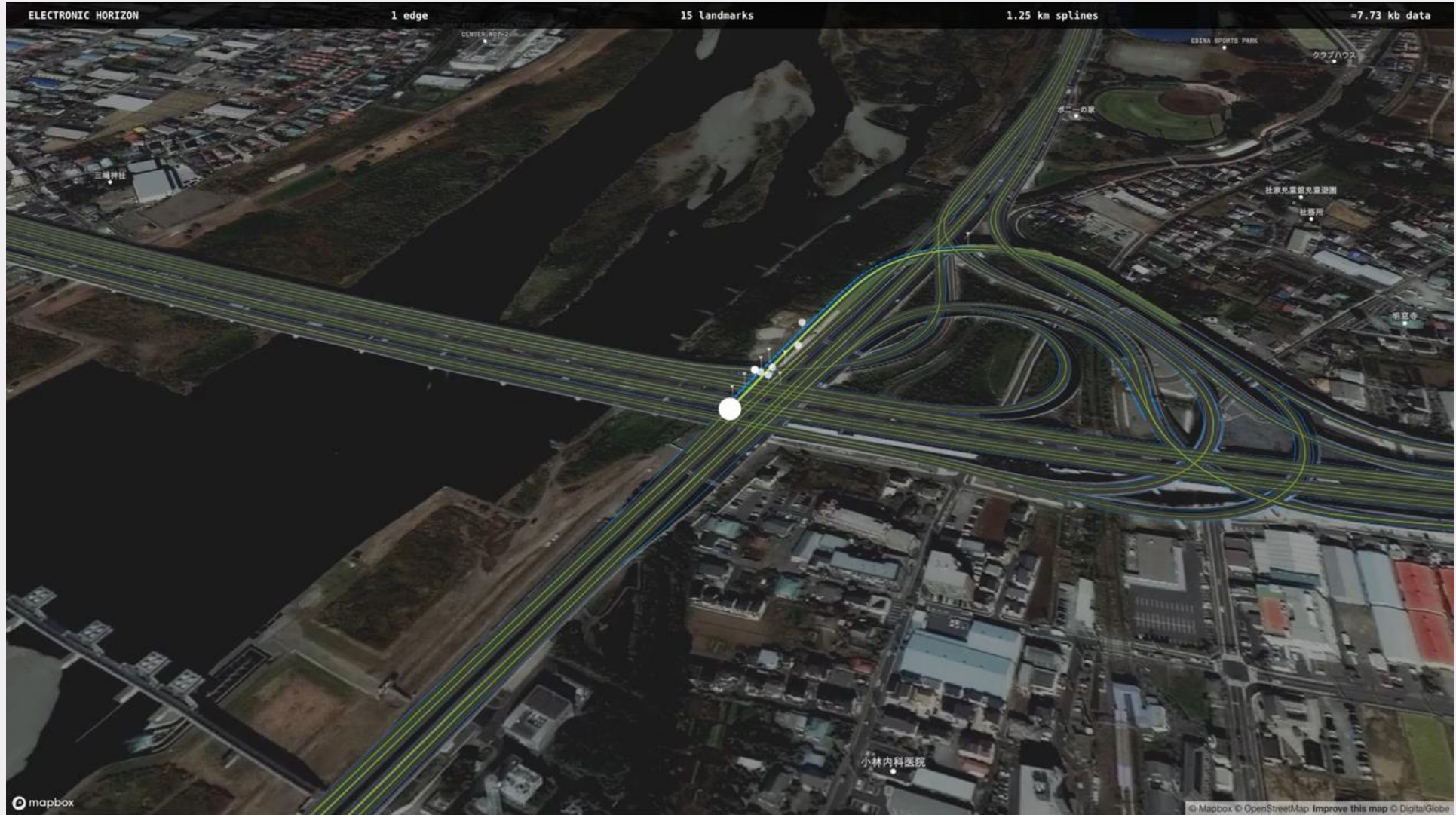
RB data projected onto Google Earth.

REM 2017 Achievements

- ✓ Preparing harvesting for 2018 production programs (BMW, Nissan, VW)
- ✓ Preparing RB covering all Japan highways in cooperation with Zenrin and Nissan
- ✓ Cooperation with NavInfo and SAIC for bringing REM to China
- ✓ Deals ongoing with OEMs for Harvesting 2019 and beyond
- ✓ Deals ongoing with OEMs for RB usage for L2+ (new ADAS category)
- ✓ Aftermarket “Mobileye 8 Connect” REM supported and deals for 2018 deployment
- ✓ Mapping neighborhoods across the globe for supporting internal L4 development as a turn-key solution



REM



Mapping of Japan highways - with Zenrin/Mapbox/Nissan for L3 launch in 2019

REM

L2+

front-facing camera + Roadbook
A leap in ADAS L2 features (LKA/ACC).



Sensing alone (righthand image) cannot robustly detect the drivable path to enable safe hands-free control. The Roadbook data can bridge the gap as localization is based on a high degree of redundancy of landmarks and is therefore robust.

REM

L2+

front-facing camera + Roadbook
A leap in ADAS L2 features (LKA/ACC).



Sensing alone (righthand image) cannot robustly detect the drivable path to enable safe hands-free control. The Roadbook data can bridge the gap as localization is based on a high degree of redundancy of landmarks and is therefore robust.



Mobileye 8 Connect™

REM in the Aftermarket



A big data potential for REM

Volume of device shipment to fleets ~10% of OEM business (and growing), but each vehicle drives x10 the mileage of passenger cars

- Mobileye 5, 6, 7
- EyeQ2

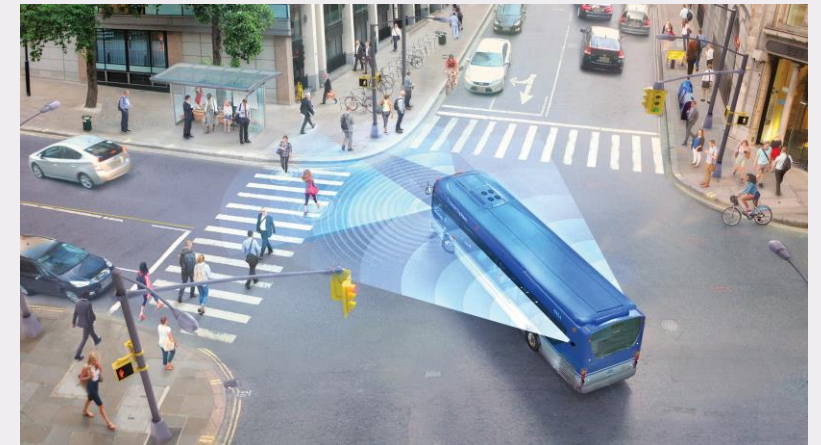


Launch Q1/2018

- Mobileye 8
Connect™
- EyeQ4 + Modem



- Shield+

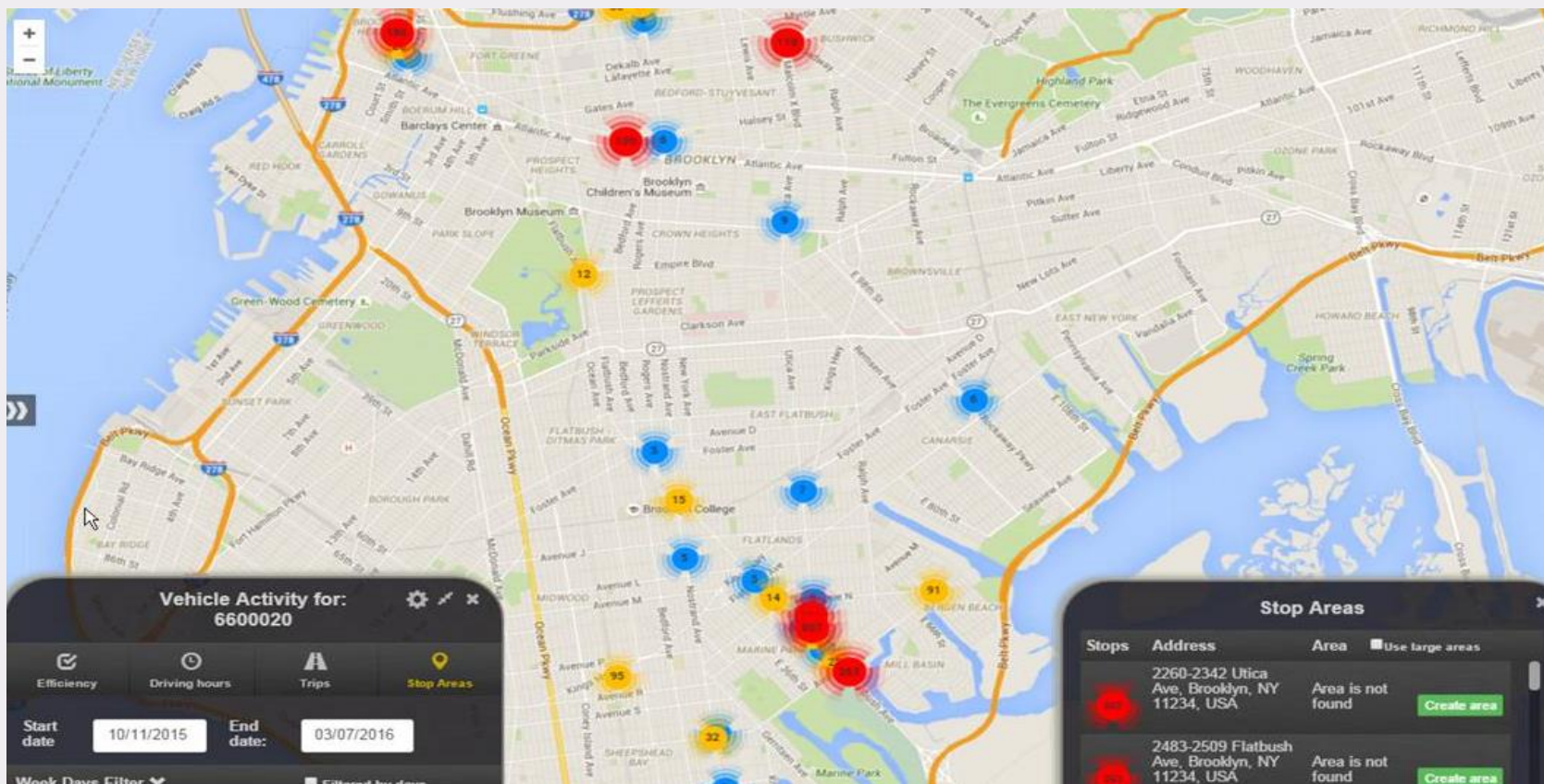


Hotspots highlight areas

where pedestrians are more vulnerable to accidents and together with REM can provide data about infrastructure (lanes, traffic signs) for decision makers

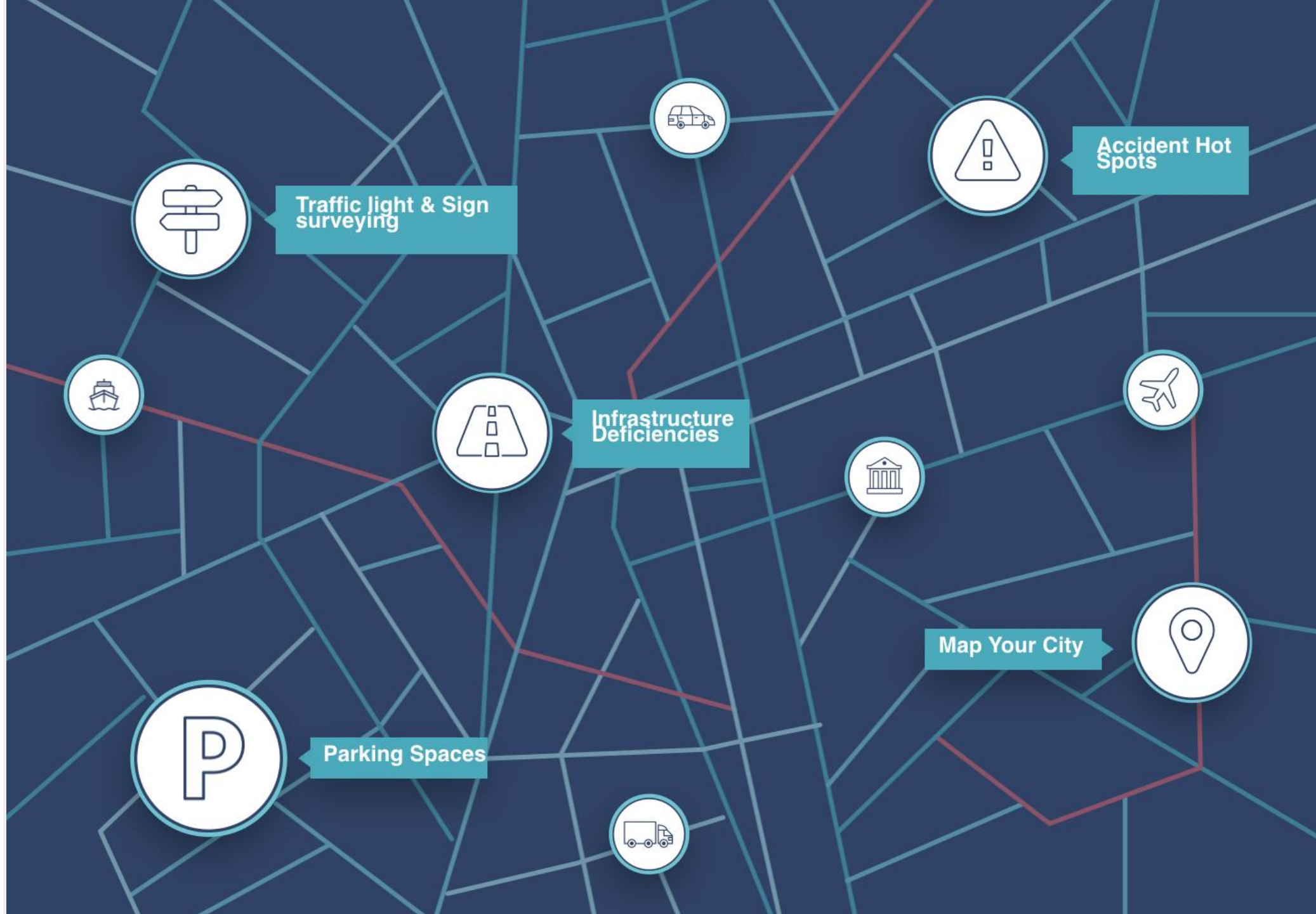
Mobileye 8 Connect™

REM in the Aftermarket



Mobileye 8 Connect™

REM in the
Aftermarket



Mobileye 8 Connect™

REM in the
Aftermarket



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Esri Collaborates with Mobileye to Bring Real-Time Sensor Data to Public Transit

Mobileye Shield+ Offering Will Use Esri Analytics and Visualization to Improve Pedestrian Safety



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26



Share

117



Share

147

November 14, 2017

Redlands, California—Esri, the global leader in spatial analytics, today announced a collaboration with Mobileye, an Intel Company and a leading provider of advanced driver-assistance systems software, to integrate Esri mapping, analysis, and visualization with Mobileye's Shield+™ product. This collaboration will provide cities with the ability to visualize and analyze real-time location data from Shield+, improving safety for all road users in urban environments.

Mobileye's Shield+ will stream road safety data retrieved from city fleets into Esri's ArcGIS platform, where information such as pedestrian and cyclist detection in blindspots can be viewed on the Mobileye Smart Mobility Dashboard. Shield+ alerts will be updated to the dashboard in real time, providing a city-wide view of pedestrian and cyclist safety. Amongst other things, this will allow users such as municipal bus drivers to then receive alerts about imminent hazards seconds before a potential collision, and to have a better, safer awareness of the roads they travel.

"Esri is excited to collaborate with Mobileye for an offering that brings us so much closer to creating safer communities," said Jim Young, Esri head of business development. "Making spatial data available to governments to improve safety and overall quality of life is an important step."

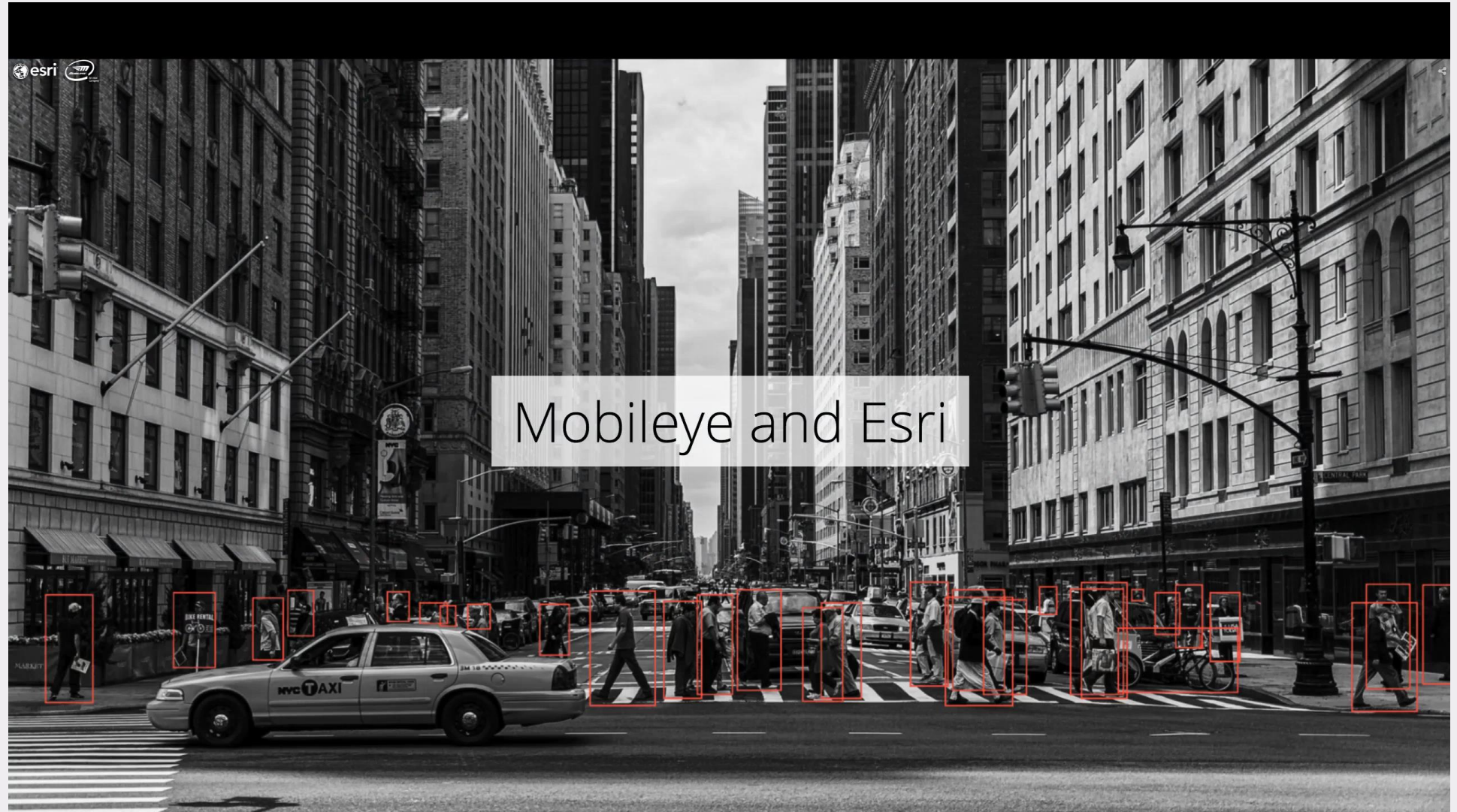
As a part of this new collaboration, Mobileye will give municipalities entering into new contracts with it the option to incorporate the analytics-based capability powered by Esri's ArcGIS software.



Real-Time Sensor Data

Mobileye 8 Connect™

REM in the
Aftermarket



Mobileye 8 Connect™

REM in the
Aftermarket



Deals that have been signed with REM deployment

During 2018

Partner	City	# of Vehicles	Goal	Timing
KoMoD Research Project (Germany Ministry of Transport)	Dusseldorf, Germany	750	Prepare the city for smarter & safer driving	Q1
Gett	London	500	Map City of London	Q2
Buggy	New York	2,000	Map City of New York	Q3
Road Safety Authority DGT (Directorate-General of Traffic) – Spain	Undisclosed, Spain	~5,000	Make Spain Autonomous Ready™	Q2/3
Guard Insurance	Across the US	1,000-2,000 tow trucks		Q3

How to Guarantee Safety?

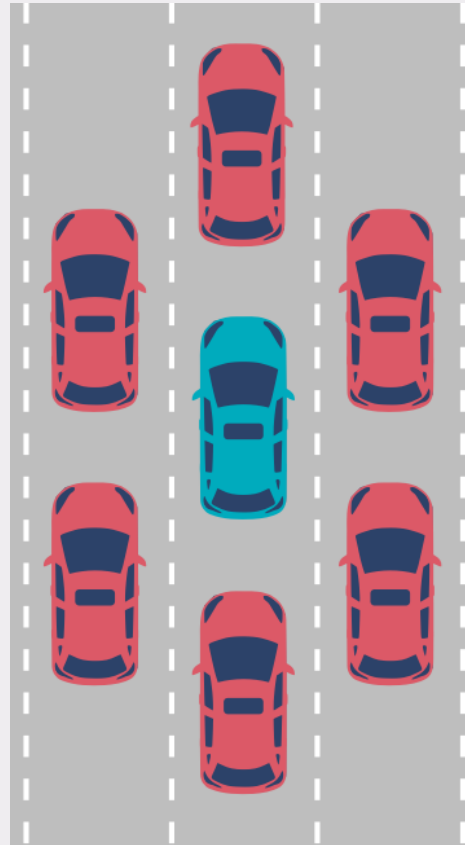
AV Safety: the “Elephant in the Room”



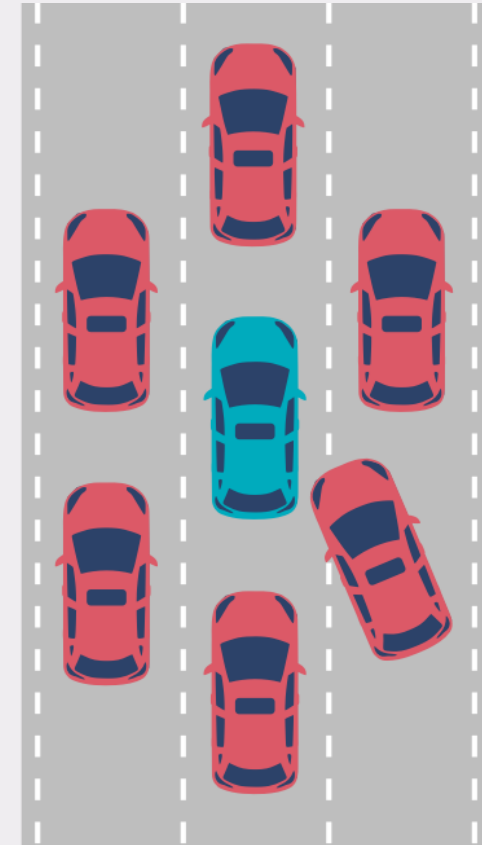
How to Guarantee Safety?

Absolute Safety is impossible – typical highway situation

Before



After



How to Guarantee Safety?

“Self-driving cars should be statistically better than a human driver”

Problems:

Infeasible:

Theorem: to make sure that the probability of an accident per hour is at most p , one must drive more than $1/p$ hours after every update of the software.

can be an acceptable target (x1000 than human...)

$$p = 10^{-9}$$

Not transparent:

What will happen when a self-driving car will be involved in an accident? Will society be satisfied with the statistical argument?



RSS Principles



08.06374v4 [cs.RO] 18 Dec 2017

On a Formal Model of Safe and Scalable Self-driving Cars

Shai Shalev-Shwartz, Shaked Shammah, Amnon Shashua

Mobileye, 2017

Abstract

In recent years, car makers and tech companies have been racing towards self driving cars. It seems that the main parameter in this race is who will have the first car on the road. The goal of this paper is to add to the equation two additional crucial parameters. The first is standardization of safety assurance — what are the minimal requirements that every self-driving car must satisfy, and how can we verify these requirements. The second parameter is scalability — engineering solutions that lead to unleashed costs will not scale to millions of cars, which will push interest in this field into a niche academic corner, and drive the entire field into a “winter of autonomous driving”. In the first part of the paper we propose a white-box, interpretable, mathematical model for safety assurance, which we call Responsibility-Sensitive Safety (RSS). In the second part we describe a design of a system that adheres to our safety assurance requirements and is scalable to millions of cars.

1 Introduction

The “Winter of AI” is commonly known as the decades long period of inactivity following the collapse of Artificial Intelligence research that over-reached its goals and hyped its promise until the inevitable fall during the early 80s. We believe that the development of Autonomous Vehicles (AV) is dangerously moving along a similar path that might end in great disappointment after which further progress will come to a halt for many years to come.

The challenges posed by most current approaches are centered around lack of safety guarantees, and lack of scalability. Consider the issue of guaranteeing a multi-agent safe driving (“Safety”). Given that society will unlikely tolerate road accident fatalities caused by machines, guarantee of Safety is paramount to the acceptance of AV. Ultimately, our desire is to guarantee zero accidents, but this is impossible since multiple agents are typically involved in an accident and one can easily envision situations where an accident occurs solely due to the blame of other agents (see Fig. 1 for illustration). In light of this, the typical response of practitioners of AV is to resort to a statistical data-driven approach where Safety validation becomes tighter as more mileage is collected.

RSS Principles

Goal: Self-driving cars should never be responsible for accidents, meaning:

- Self-driving cars should never **cause** accidents
- Self-driving cars should **properly respond** to mistakes of other drivers

RSS is:

A mathematical, interpretable, model, formalizing the “common sense” or “human judgement” of “**who is responsible for an accident**”



Requirements for a formal responsibility model



Soundness:

When the model says that the self-driving car is not responsible for an accident, it should clearly match “common sense” of human judgement



Usefulness:

it is possible to efficiently create a driving policy that guarantees to never cause accidents, while still maintaining normal flow of traffic.

Covering all multi-agent scenarios in the **NHTSA** Pre-Crash
Scenario Typology For Crash Avoidance Research

Our approach: Responsibility Sensitive Safety

(RSS)



AV Safety



Mathematically formalizing
“human judgment” &
common sense by defining:

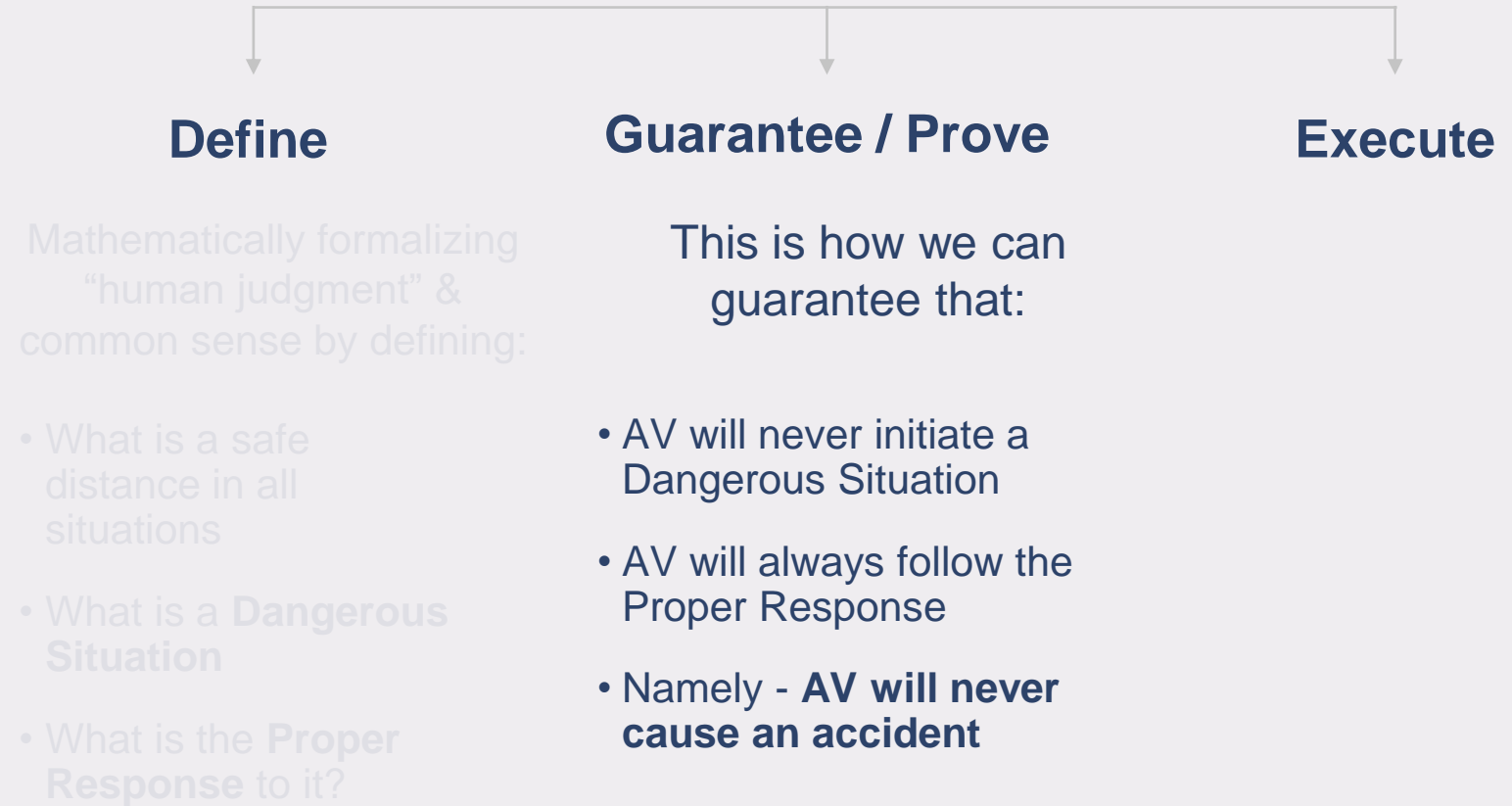
- What is a safe distance in all situations
- What is a **Dangerous Situation**
- What is the **Proper Response** to it?

Our approach: Responsibility Sensitive Safety

(RSS)



AV Safety



Our approach: Responsibility Sensitive Safety

(RSS)



AV Safety



RSS Principles

RSS formalizes common sense rules of determining - “who is responsible for an accident”

1

Rule One

A hit from behind is not
the front car's fault

2

Rule Two

Unless the front car performed a
reckless cut-in

3

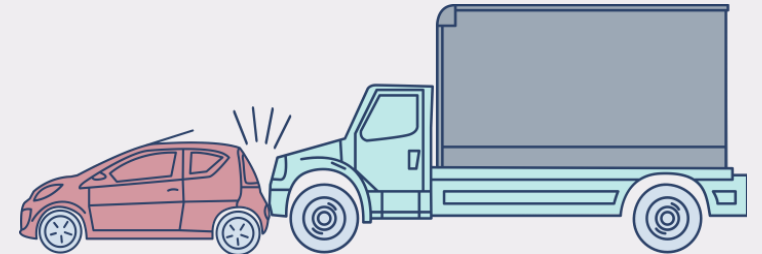
Rule Three

Right-of-way is given, not
taken

4

Rule Four

Be careful of areas with
limited visibility



RSS Principles



Set the rules of “Blame” in advance.



Formalize the “common sense” of human judgement in negotiating traffic (safety, legal and culture).



Concept of “Safe State”: a state in which an AV cannot cause an accident of its blame **regardless** of what other agents do.



A method for verifying that the AV transitions only between Safe States (notion of “Proper Response”).

Strategy



Philosophy: a single effort

Level-4/5 Automation

derivatives

L2, L2+, L3



Economical Scalability

- Automating HD-maps through a crowdsourcing approach
- Controlling the explosive computational demands of Driving Policy (Planning)
- Scalable, workload-diverse and low-power SoC together with powerful ATOM cpu



Model for Safety Guarantees

- Decouple Sensing from Planning mistakes that could lead to an accident
- RSS - a formal model of the human judgement of common-sense of Planning
- Using RSS to provide safety guarantees

EyeQx Family: Terra OPs/W

→ EyeQ3

4 x VMP+ 4 x CPU, a 40nm, series prod since 11/2014

0.25 TOPs @ 3W

→ EyeQ4H

6 x VMP + 2 x PMA + 2 x PMC + 4 x CPU, 28nm,
series prod from 3/2018 launches by 4 OEMs in 2018,
12 OEMs in 2019 and onwards

2.5 TOPs @ 6W

← Nvidia Parker:
1.5TOPs / 15W

→ EyeQ5H

7nm, 1st silicon 8/2018, series prod from 3/2020
design wins by 4 OEMs from 2020 and onwards.

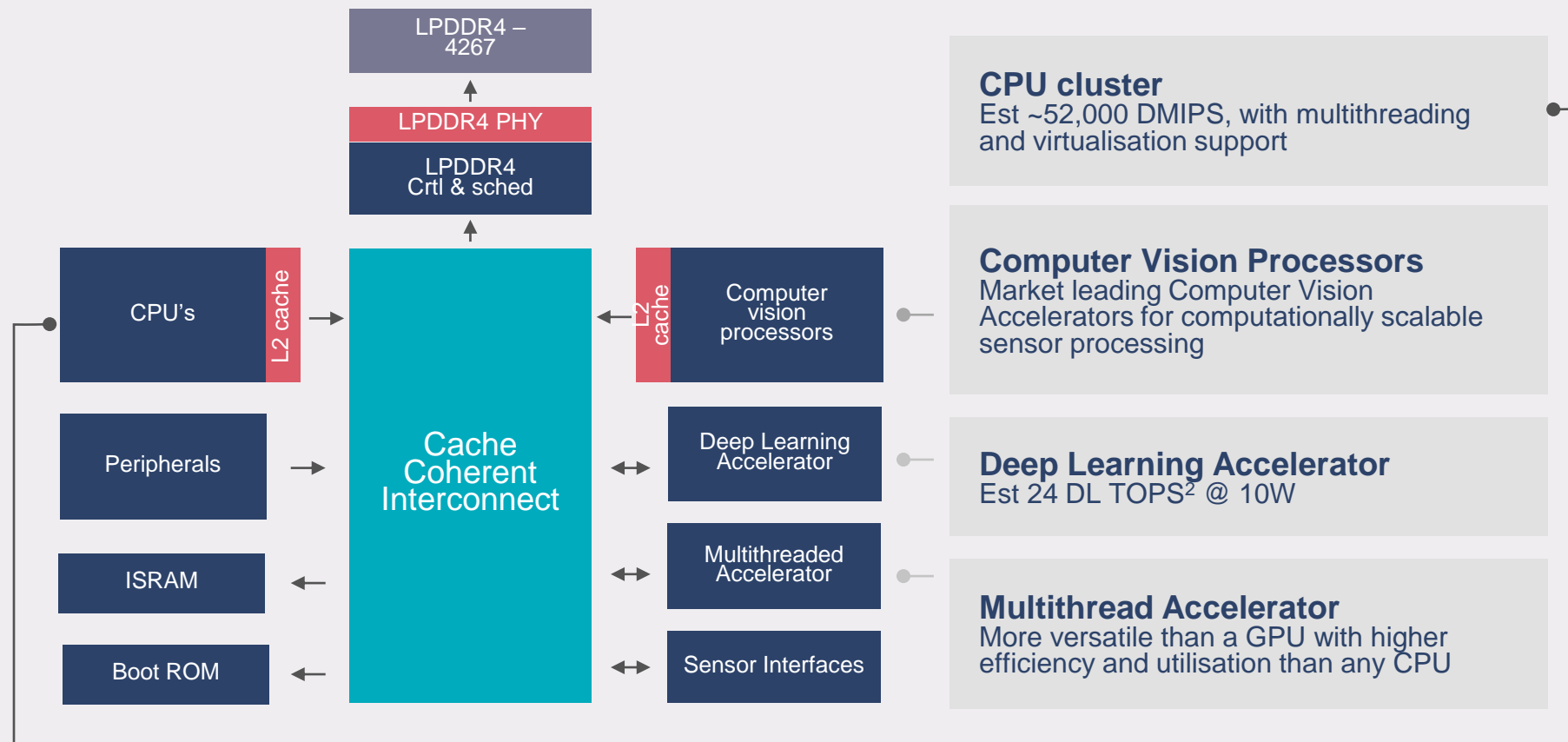
24 TOPs @ 10W

← Nvidia Xavier:
30TOPs / 30W



EyeQ5

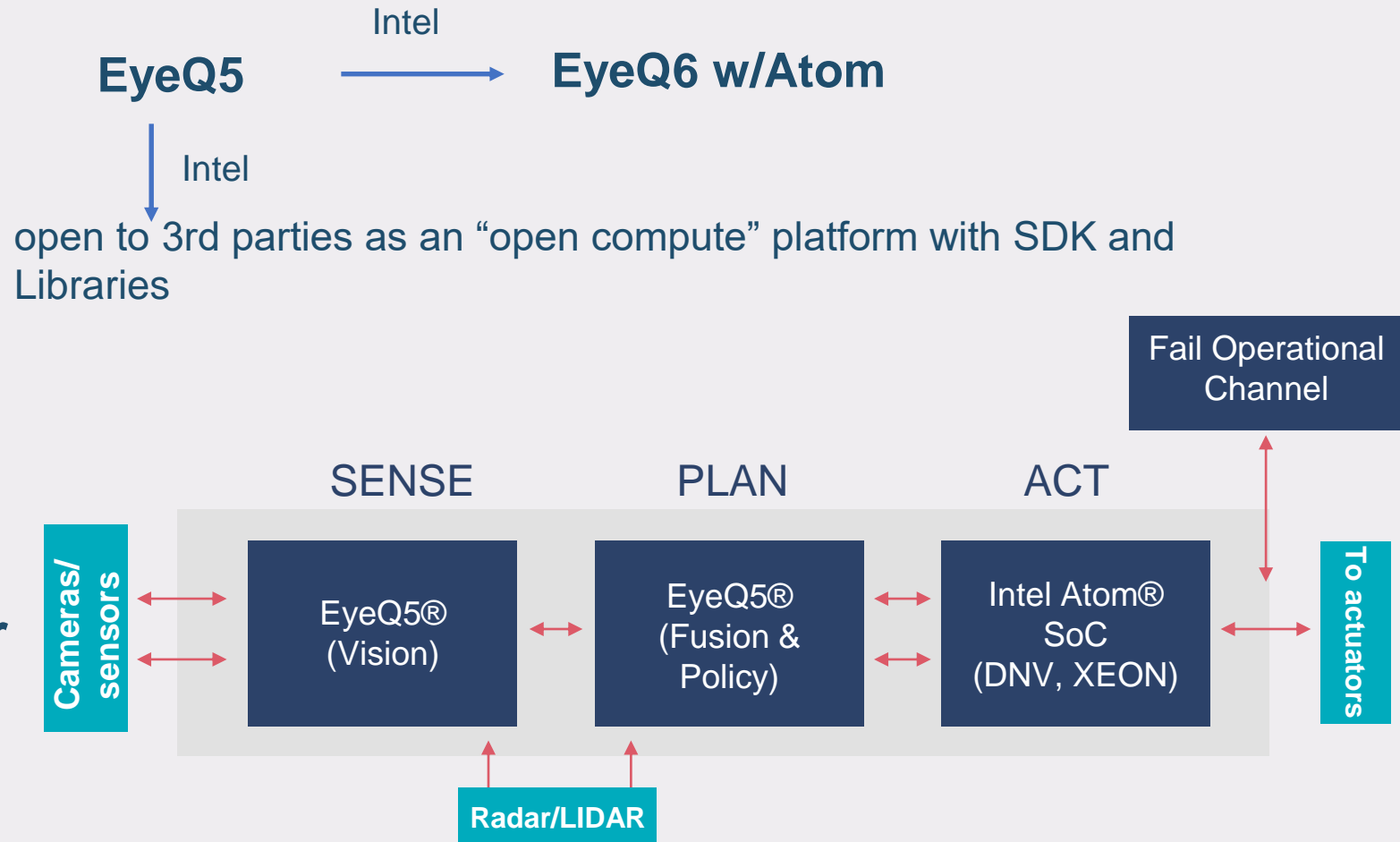
Introducing: EyeQ5® technology



Harnessing The Power of Intel



Solution Architecture



Fleet:

Intel → 100 vehicles for testing, data collection, validation and customer support

Data Center:

Intel → 250Pb for supporting Fleet, validation and customer support

Partnerships



L3 Production (series development) 2019+

- Audi, BMW, Fiat-Chrysler, Honda, NIO, Nissan, SAIC



L4 Production (strategic partnerships) 2020+

- BMW, Fiat-Chrysler, SAIC, NIO
- **3 x OEMs** ongoing sourcing decisions



L4 Turnkey solution

- CSLP platform with Delphi (Aptiv)
- Intel/Mobileye internal fleet of 100 vehicles ramping up throughout 2018



Master Plan 2018

L4 partnerships

- Turnkey solution: perception, driving policy, safety, MDC prototype (2 x EQ5+Atom)
- platform derived from the 100-car fleet.
- Perception turnkey (EQ5) whereas Fusion, Driving Policy on open-EQ5
(software as joint collaboration or solely by partner OEM/Tier-1).

Intel → • Open-compute + libraries: open-EQ5, Denverton, Xeon, Altera.

L2+ programs:

Front-Facing sensing + Roadbook (“ADAS 2.0”)

Intel → **REM** as a “data strategy”

Intel → **RSS** with industry and regulatory bodies





THANK YOU

Drive Safe!