

**AMENDED AND RESTATED CHARTER OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE
OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF SUNRUN INC.**

(Adopted on November 6, 2015, last amended on May 16, 2025)

PURPOSE

- The purpose of the Audit Committee (the “**Audit Committee**”) of the Board of Directors (the “**Board**”) of Sunrun Inc. (the “**Company**”) is to assist the Board in overseeing:
- The Company’s accounting and financial reporting processes and internal controls as well as the audit and integrity of the Company’s financial statements.
- The qualifications, independence and performance of the Company’s independent auditor.
- The design, implementation and oversight of the Company’s internal audit function.
- The Company’s compliance with applicable law (including U.S. federal securities laws and other legal and regulatory requirements).
- Risk assessment and risk management pertaining to the financial, accounting, tax, cybersecurity, and information technology matters of the Company.
- The Company’s responsibilities with respect to certain project finance transactions by the Company, including tax equity transactions, loans, “back leverage” transactions, transactions related to solar renewable energy credits, and other transactions entered into for the purpose of monetizing solar assets and/or solar asset attributes (“**Project Finance Transactions**”).

COMPOSITION

1. Membership and Appointment. The Audit Committee shall consist of at least three (3) members of the Board. Members of the Audit Committee shall be appointed by the Board and shall serve until their successors are duly elected and qualified or their earlier resignation, removal, retirement, disqualification or death. The Board may remove or replace any member of the Audit Committee, with or without cause.

2. Qualifications. Members of the Audit Committee must meet the following criteria (as well as any additional criteria required by the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “**SEC**”) or applicable law):

- Each member of the Audit Committee must be an independent director in accordance with (i) the audit committee requirements of the listing rules of the Nasdaq Stock Market (the “**Nasdaq Rules**”) and (ii) Rule 10A-3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
- Each member of the Audit Committee must be able to read and understand fundamental financial statements, including the Company’s balance sheet, income statement and cash flow statement.
- At least one member of the Audit Committee must have past employment experience in finance or accounting, requisite professional certification in accounting or other comparable experience or background that leads to financial sophistication described in the bullet above.
- At least one member of the Audit Committee must be an “audit committee financial expert” as defined in Item 407(d)(5)(ii) of Regulation S-K. A person who satisfies this definition of audit committee financial expert will also be presumed to have the requisite financial sophistication.
- No member of the Audit Committee may have participated in the preparation of the financial statements of the Company or any of the Company’s current subsidiaries at any time during the past three years.
- No member of the Committee may serve concurrently on the audit committee of more than two other public companies, in addition to that of the Company, unless the Board (i) determines that such simultaneous service would not impair the ability of such member to effectively serve on the Committee and (ii) discloses such determination either on or through the Company’s website or in the annual proxy statement.
- In addition, each member of the Audit Committee shall have such other qualifications as are established by the Board from time to time, or as required by the Nasdaq Rules, applicable law or the rules and regulations of the SEC.

3. Chairperson. The Board may designate a chairperson of the Audit Committee. In the absence of that designation,

the Audit Committee may designate a chairperson by majority vote of the Audit Committee members.

RESPONSIBILITIES

The following are the principal recurring responsibilities of the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee may perform such other functions as are consistent with its purpose and applicable law, rules and regulations and as the Board or the Audit Committee deem appropriate. In carrying out its responsibilities, the Audit Committee believes its policies and procedures should remain flexible, in order to best react to changing conditions and circumstances.

1. Select and Hire the Independent Auditor and Any Other Registered Public Accounting Firm. The Audit Committee shall be responsible for appointing, compensating, retaining and, where appropriate, terminating the independent auditor. The independent auditor will report directly to the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee shall have sole authority to approve the hiring and discharging of the independent auditor, all audit engagement fees and terms and all permissible non-audit engagements with the independent auditor. The Audit Committee shall also appoint, retain, compensate, oversee and where appropriate, replace or terminate any other registered public accounting firm engaged for the purpose of preparing or issuing an audit report or performing other audit, review or attest services for the Company.

2. Supervise and Evaluate the Independent Auditor and Any Other Registered Public Accounting Firm. The Audit Committee shall:

- Oversee and evaluate the work of (i) the independent auditor and (ii) any other registered public accounting firm engaged for the purpose of preparing or issuing an audit report or performing other audit, review or attest services for the Company, which evaluation shall include a review and evaluation of the lead partner of the independent auditor. The Audit Committee shall review, in consultation with the independent auditor, the annual audit plan and scope of audit activities and monitor such plan's progress.
- Review and resolve any disagreements that may arise between management and the independent auditor regarding internal controls or financial reporting.
- At least annually, obtain and review a report by the independent auditor that describes (i) the independent auditor's internal quality control procedures and (ii) any material issues raised by the most recent internal quality-control review, peer review or Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (the "PCAOB") review of the independent auditor or by any other inquiry or investigation by governmental or professional authorities within the preceding five years (or such other period as may be requested by the Audit Committee), regarding any independent audit performed by the independent auditor, and any steps taken to deal with any such issues.

3. Evaluate the Independence of the Independent Auditor. The Audit Committee shall:

- Review and discuss with the independent auditor the written independence disclosure required by the applicable requirements of the PCAOB.
- Review and discuss with the independent auditor on a periodic basis any other relationships or services (including permissible non-audit services) that may affect its objectivity and independence.
- Oversee the rotation of the independent auditor's lead audit and concurring partners and the rotation of other audit partners, with applicable time-out periods, in accordance with applicable law.
- Take, or recommend to the Board that it take, appropriate action to oversee the independence of the Company's independent auditor.

4. Approve Audit and Non-Audit Services and Fees. The Audit Committee shall (i) review and approve, in advance, the scope and plans for the audits and the audit fees and (ii) approve in advance (or, where permitted under the rules and regulations of the SEC, subsequently) all nonaudit services to be performed by the independent auditor or any other registered public accounting firm that are not otherwise prohibited by law and any associated fees. The Audit Committee may delegate to one or more members of the Audit Committee the authority to preapprove audit and permissible non-audit services and any associated fees, as long as such preapproval is presented to the full Audit Committee at scheduled meetings. The Audit Committee may, in accordance with applicable law, establish pre-approval policies and procedures for the engagement of independent accountants to render services to the

Company.

5. Review Financial Statements. The Audit Committee shall review and discuss the following with management and the independent auditor, as applicable:

- The scope and timing of the annual audit of the Company's financial statements.
- The Company's annual audited and quarterly financial statements and annual and quarterly reports on Form 10-K and 10-Q, including the disclosures in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations."
- The results of the independent audit and the quarterly reviews, and the independent auditor's opinion on the annual financial statements.
- The reports and certifications regarding internal control over financial reporting and disclosure controls and procedures.
- Major issues regarding accounting principles and financial statement presentations, including any significant changes in the Company's selection or application of accounting principles.
- Analyses prepared by management or the independent auditor setting forth significant financial reporting issues and judgments made in connection with the preparation of the financial statements.
- The effect of regulatory and accounting initiatives on the Company's financial statements.
- Any significant changes required or taken in the audit plan as a result of any material control deficiency.
- Any problems or difficulties the independent auditor encountered in the course of its audit work, including any restrictions on the scope of the auditor's activities or on access to requested information, and management's response.
- Any significant disagreements between management and the independent auditor.

6. Audited Financial Information; Audit Committee Report. The Audit Committee shall recommend that the audited financial statements be included in the Company's annual reports on Form 10-K and shall prepare the report of the Audit Committee that SEC rules require to be included in the Company's annual proxy statement.

7. Reports and Communications from the Independent Auditor. The Audit Committee shall review and discuss quarterly reports from the independent auditor concerning the following:

- All critical accounting policies and practices to be used by the Company.
- All alternative treatments of financial information within generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") that the auditor has discussed with management, ramifications of the use of these alternative disclosures and treatments, and the treatment preferred by the independent auditor if different from that used by management.
- Other material written communications between the independent auditor and management, such as any management letter or schedule of unadjusted differences.
- Other matters required to be communicated to the Audit Committee under generally accepted auditing standards and other legal or regulatory requirements, including any matters required to be communicated under **PCAOB Auditing Standards No. 1301, Communications with Audit Committees.**

8. National Office Communications. The Audit Committee shall review with the independent auditors, as appropriate, communications between the audit team and the independent auditors' national office with respect to accounting or auditing issues presented by the engagement.

9. Earnings Materials and Guidance. The Audit Committee shall review and discuss the Company's earnings materials and guidance (with particular attention to any use of pro forma or non-GAAP financial measures), as well as financial information and earnings guidance provided to the public, analysts and ratings agencies. To the extent practicable, the Audit Committee will review in advance the earnings press release and script for any earnings or finance-related conference calls to be held for the benefit of the public, analysts and ratings agencies.

10. Internal Controls. The Audit Committee shall review and discuss with management and the independent auditor the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's internal controls, including any changes, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in those controls reported by the independent auditor or management, any special audit steps

adopted in light of significant control deficiencies, and any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other Company employees who have a significant role in the Company's internal controls.

11. Disclosure Controls and Procedures. The Audit Committee shall review and discuss the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures.

12. Internal Audit. The internal audit function shall report to the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee shall:

- review and approve the internal audit charter and annual internal audit plan;
- oversee the implementation and performance of the internal audit function, including periodic review of, and discussion with management and the independent auditor regarding, the function's responsibilities, budget, organizational structure, and any recommended changes in the planned scope of the internal audit function;
- review significant internal audit findings and management's responses;
- evaluate the performance and effectiveness of the internal audit function;
- evaluate the performance, compensation, and independence of the internal audit function leader;
- meet privately periodically with the internal audit function leader to review the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's internal controls, the internal audit function, and any particular concerns of the Audit Committee or the internal audit function;
- discuss with the internal audit function leader any difficulties encountered in the course of the internal audit work;
- approve the appointment, replacement or dismissal of the internal audit function leader; and
- Review with internal audit the process used to assess risks, develop appropriate plans to audit and provide assurance on risk mitigation.

13. Legal and Regulatory Compliance. The Audit Committee shall review and discuss with management and the independent auditor (i) the overall adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's legal, regulatory and ethical compliance programs, including the Company's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, compliance with the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act and foreign anticorruption laws, and compliance with export control regulations and (ii) reports regarding compliance with applicable laws, regulations and internal compliance programs, in each case to the extent pertaining to financial, accounting and/or tax matters. The Audit Committee shall discuss with management and the independent auditor any correspondence with regulators or governmental agencies and any published reports that raise material issues regarding the Company's financial statements or accounting policies. The Audit Committee shall discuss with the Company's general counsel legal matters that may have a material impact on the financial statements or the Company's compliance procedures that pertain to financial, accounting, investment or tax matters of the Company.

14. Complaints. The Audit Committee shall oversee procedures established for the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints on accounting, internal accounting controls or audit matters, as well as for confidential and anonymous submissions by the Company's employees concerning questionable accounting or auditing matters.

15. Risks. The Audit Committee shall review and discuss with management, the internal auditors, if applicable, and the independent auditor the Company's major financial risk exposures and the steps management has taken to monitor and control those exposures, including the Company's guidelines and policies with respect to risk assessment and risk management pertaining to financial, accounting, investment, tax, and cybersecurity and information technology matters. In addition, the Audit Committee will review the Company's risk management framework and programs, overall risk profile and risk exposures with the Board.

16. Related Party Transactions. The Audit Committee shall (i) review and oversee all transactions between the Company and a related person for which review or oversight is required by applicable law or that are required to be disclosed in the Company's financial statements or SEC filings and (ii) develop policies and procedures for the Audit Committee's review, approval and/or ratification of such transactions.

17. Investment Philosophy. The Audit Committee will review with management the Company's investment philosophy

and policies, including management of investment risk and applicable policies pertinent to the Company's investment portfolio.

18. Cybersecurity. The Audit Committee shall periodically review and discuss with management, and report to the full Board and assist the Board in the oversight and assessment of risks relating to significant cybersecurity matters and concerns involving the Company, including information security, data privacy, artificial intelligence, backup of information systems, and related regulatory matters and compliance.

19. Project Finance Transactions. The Audit Committee shall (i) review, authorize and approve Project Finance Transactions proposed by the Company's senior management, up to an unlimited transaction value or such maximum transaction values to be set by the Board by resolution from time to time and (ii) review policies and strategies relating to Project Finance Transactions intended to facilitate the future growth or profitability of the Company.

20. Swaps. The Audit Committee shall, as required by the Commodity Exchange Act ("**CEA**") and applicable regulations and rules (collectively, the "**CFTC Regulations**") (i) review and approve the decision by the Company and its subsidiaries to enter into swaps, as defined in Section 1a(47) of the CEA ("**Swaps**") and (ii) on an annual basis, review and approve the decision by the Company and its subsidiaries to enter into Swaps that are exempt from the requirements of Section 2(h)(1) and 2(h)(8) of the CEA ("**Exempt Swaps**"), pursuant to Section 2(h)(7) of the CEA (annual election of the "**End-User Exception**"). The Audit Committee will set appropriate policies governing use of Swaps, Exempt Swaps, and the End-User Exception by the Company and its subsidiaries, and review and update such policies as required upon a triggering event including, but not limited to, a change in the Company's hedging policy.

The function of the Audit Committee is primarily one of oversight. The Company's management is responsible for preparing the Company's financial statements, and the independent auditor is responsible for auditing and reviewing those financial statements. The Audit Committee is responsible for assisting the Board in overseeing the conduct of these activities by management and the independent auditor. The Audit Committee is not responsible for providing any expert or special assurance as to the financial statements or the independent auditor's work. It is recognized that the members of the Audit Committee are not full-time employees of the Company, that it is not the duty or responsibility of the Audit Committee or its members to conduct "field work" or other types of auditing or accounting reviews or procedures or to set auditor independence standards, and that each member of the Audit Committee shall be entitled to rely on (i) the integrity of those persons and organizations within and outside the Company from which the Audit Committee receives information and (ii) the accuracy of the financial and other information provided to the Audit Committee, in either instance absent actual knowledge to the contrary.

MEETINGS AND PROCEDURES

1. Meetings.

- The Audit Committee will meet at least four (4) times each year (with additional meetings as it deems necessary or appropriate) at such times and places as the Audit Committee determines. The chairperson of the Audit Committee shall preside at each meeting. If a chairperson is not designated or present, an acting chair may be designated by the Audit Committee members present. The Audit Committee may act by unanimous written consent (which may include electronic consent) in lieu of a meeting in accordance with the Company's bylaws.
- The Audit Committee shall cause to be kept written minutes of its proceedings, which minutes will be filed with the minutes of the meetings of the Board.
- The Audit Committee shall meet periodically with members of management and the independent auditor in separate executive sessions as the Audit Committee deems appropriate.
- The Audit Committee may invite to its meetings any director, officer or employee of the Company and such other persons as it deems appropriate in order to carry out its responsibilities. The Audit Committee may also exclude from its meetings any persons it deems appropriate in order to carry out its responsibilities, including non-management directors who are not members of the Audit Committee.

2. Reporting to the Board of Directors. The Audit Committee shall report regularly to the Board with respect to the

Audit Committee's activities, including any significant issues that arise with respect to the quality or integrity of the Company's financial statements, the Company's compliance with legal or regulatory requirements or the performance and independence of the Company's independent auditor, as applicable.

3. Authority to Retain Advisors. The Audit Committee shall have the authority to engage independent counsel or other advisors as it deems necessary or appropriate to carry out its duties. The Company will provide appropriate funding, as determined by the Audit Committee, to pay the independent auditor, any outside advisors hired by the Audit Committee and any administrative expenses of the Audit Committee that are necessary or appropriate in carrying out its activities. The authority granted to the Audit Committee pursuant to this charter to retain advisors shall not affect the ability or obligation of the Audit Committee to exercise its own judgment in fulfillment of its duties under this charter.

4. Subcommittees. The Audit Committee may form subcommittees for any purpose that the Audit Committee deems appropriate and may delegate to such subcommittees such power and authority as the Audit Committee deems appropriate. If designated, each such subcommittee will establish its own schedule and maintain written minutes of its meetings, which minutes will be filed with the minutes of the meetings of the Board. The Audit Committee shall not delegate to a subcommittee any power or authority required by law, regulation or listing standard to be exercised by the Audit Committee as a whole.

5. Committee Charter Review. The Audit Committee shall review and reassess the adequacy of this charter annually and shall submit any recommended changes to this charter to the Board for approval.

6. Performance Review. The members of the Audit Committee shall review and assess the performance of the Audit Committee on an annual basis.

7. Authority to Investigate. In the course of its duties, the Audit Committee shall have authority, at the Company's expense, to investigate any matter brought to its attention.

8. Attorney's Reports. The Audit Committee shall receive and, if appropriate, respond to attorneys' reports of evidence of material violations of securities laws and breaches of fiduciary duty and similar violations of foreign, U.S., state or local law. The Audit Committee shall establish procedures for the confidential receipt, retention and consideration of any attorney report.

9. Access. The Audit Committee shall be given full access to the chairperson of the Board, management and the independent auditor, as well as the Company's books, records, facilities and other personnel.

10. Compensation. Members of the Audit Committee shall receive such fees, if any, for their service as Audit Committee members as may be determined by the Board in its sole discretion. Members of the Audit Committee may not receive any compensation from the Company except the fees that they receive for service as members of the Board or any committee thereof.

11. General Authority. The Committee shall perform such other functions and have such other powers as may be necessary or appropriate in the discharge of any of the foregoing.