

# Second Quarter Financial Supplement

June 30, 2023

Re-presented for Long-Duration Targeted Improvements (LDTI) Accounting Guidance FY 2021 – 4Q 2022

Financial results re-presented for LDTI adopted by the company on January 1, 2023, with a transition date of January 1, 2021. This financial supplement should be read in conjunction with the company's 2022 Annual Report on Form 10-K and its Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ending June 30, 2023.

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#### **Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements**

This financial supplement contains certain "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements may be identified by words such as "expects," "anticipates," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," "will" or words of similar meaning and include, but are not limited to, statements regarding the outlook for future business and financial performance of Genworth Financial, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries. Forward-looking statements are based on management's current expectations and assumptions, which are subject to inherent uncertainties, risks and changes in circumstances that are difficult to predict. Actual outcomes and results may differ materially due to global political, economic, business, competitive, market, regulatory and other factors and risks, as well as risks discussed in the risk factor section of the company's Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission on February 28, 2023. The company undertakes no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise.

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#### Note:

Unless otherwise stated, all references in this financial supplement to income (loss) from continuing operations, income (loss) from continuing operations per share, net income (loss), net income (loss) per share, adjusted operating income (loss), adjusted operating income (loss) per share, book value and book value per share should be read as income (loss) from continuing operations available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders, income (loss) from continuing operations available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share, net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share, non-U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (U.S. GAAP) adjusted operating income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders, non-GAAP adjusted operating income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share, book value available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share, respectively.

#### Dear Investor,

On January 1, 2023, the company adopted new U.S. GAAP accounting guidance that significantly changed the recognition and measurement of long-duration insurance contracts, commonly known as long-duration targeted improvements (LDTI). This accounting guidance impacted the company's long-term care insurance, life insurance and annuity products and was applied as of January 1, 2021, also known as the transition date. While the new guidance has had a significant impact on U.S. GAAP financial statements and disclosures, it does not impact the cash flows or underlying economics of the business, business strategy, statutory net income (loss), risk-based capital of the company's U.S. life insurance companies, management of capital or the company's Enact segment and Corporate and Other.

All prior period information has been re-presented to reflect the adoption of LDTI and is currently unaudited. It is possible that the final audited financial results may differ, perhaps materially, from the information included in this financial supplement. In addition, the unaudited financial results reported in this financial supplement are not indicative of future financial results, although as the company has indicated, it does expect the quarterly volatility of results in its Long-Term Care Insurance and Life and Annuities segments to extend to future periods with the adoption of LDTI.

There are some changes related to the implementation of LDTI to highlight for the company's Long-Term Care Insurance and Life and Annuities segments:

- Assumptions are best estimate and updated annually in the fourth quarter. Changes in assumptions now flow through the liability remeasurement (gains) losses financial statement line item in the income statement, which contributes significantly to annual income volatility. However, the company will update cash flow assumptions related to the timing and approval amounts of in-force rate actions on a quarterly basis, which could contribute to quarterly income volatility for its Long-Term Care Insurance segment.
- Assumptions are recorded at a more granular cohort level. Impacts from older less profitable capped cohorts that do not have margin will more heavily influence income statement results than impacts from newer uncapped profitable cohorts that have positive margin.
- The liability remeasurement (gains) losses financial statement line item in the income statement includes the differences between actual experience and best estimate assumptions on a quarterly basis and can be favorable or unfavorable. This line item also includes the quarterly updates to cash flow assumptions noted above related to in-force rate actions. Both of these items could contribute to quarterly income volatility in the Long-Term Care Insurance segment.
- Best estimate assumptions for long-term care insurance products now include an estimate for benefit reductions from both in-force rate actions and legal settlements. Similarly, cash payments made to policyholders who elect certain reduced benefit options in connection with long-term care insurance legal settlements, referred to as "settlement payments," are also included in the liability for future policyholder benefits. Therefore, the impacts from benefit reductions and settlement payments will only impact the income statement on a quarterly basis to the extent that actual experience differs from expectations as mentioned above. There was no change to how the company accounts for premiums related to in-force rate actions, which are recorded to the income statement when they occur.
- Market risk benefits (primarily variable annuities) are recorded at fair value. The company excludes changes in fair value of market risk benefits attributable to interest rates, equity markets and associated hedges from adjusted operating income (loss). See page 25 for additional details.

In the second quarter of 2023, the company revised its accounting for the liability for future policy benefits in its long-term care insurance products under LDTI to include an estimate in its cash flow assumptions for settlement payments. The company's historical accounting practice was to record settlement payments as incurred through current period earnings. The impact of this revision to prior periods is reflected in the financial results included in this quarterly financial supplement. Accordingly, for all periods prior to the second quarter of 2023, this quarterly financial supplement replaces and supersedes the quarterly financial supplement previously furnished for the first quarter of 2023 on July 11, 2023.

Additional information concerning the company's long-term care insurance business is included on page 22 of this financial supplement. As disclosed on page 22, in the fourth quarter of 2022, the liability remeasurement gain of \$255 million in the company's long-term care insurance business reflected favorable assumption updates of \$303 million, largely from an update to legal settlement elections attributable to the inclusion of a second legal settlement and the resulting expected reserve reduction, net of settlement payments to policyholders. This settlement, comprised of PCS I and PSC II policies, represents approximately 15% of the overall block and impacts older unprofitable capped cohorts. When the company updates its assumptions for its third long-term care insurance legal settlement later in 2023 for its Choice II policies, which represents approximately 35% of the overall block, the income statement impact is not expected to be as material because this settlement impacts profitable uncapped cohorts. As previously disclosed, the company's blocks with profits or margin have a net premium ratio below 100% and therefore have less impact on liability remeasurement (gains) losses in the income statement.

Page 23 provides further information for investors on the company's long-term care insurance business and the impact of in-force rate actions, including the legal settlements, on pre-tax statutory earnings.

Thank you for your continued interest in Genworth Financial, Inc.

Regards,

Sarah E. Crews, Investor Relations InvestorInfo@genworth.com

#### Use of Non-GAAP Measures

This financial supplement includes the non-GAAP financial measures entitled "adjusted operating income (loss)" and "adjusted operating income (loss) per share."

Adjusted operating income (loss) per share is derived from adjusted operating income (loss). The company's President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer), who serves as the chief operating decision maker, evaluates segment performance and allocates resources on the basis of adjusted operating income (loss). The company defines adjusted operating income (loss) as income (loss) from continuing operations excluding the after-tax effects of income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests, net investment gains (losses), changes in fair value of market risk benefits and associated hedges, gains (losses) on the sale of businesses, gains (losses) on the early extinguishment of debt, restructuring costs and infrequent or unusual non-operating items. A component of the company's net investment gains (losses) is the result of estimated future credit losses, the size and timing of which can vary significantly depending on market credit cycles. In addition, the size and timing of other investment gains (losses) can be subject to the company's discretion and are influenced by market opportunities, as well as asset-liability matching considerations. The company excludes net investment gains (losses), changes in fair value of market risk benefits and associated hedges, gains (losses) on the sale of businesses, gains (losses) on the early extinguishment of debt, restructuring costs and infrequent or unusual non-operating items from adjusted operating income (loss) because, in the company's opinion, they are not indicative of overall operating performance.

While some of these items may be significant components of net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders in accordance with U.S. GAAP, the company believes that adjusted operating income (loss) and measures that are derived from or incorporate adjusted operating income (loss), including adjusted operating income (loss) per share on a basic and diluted basis, are appropriate measures that are useful to investors because they identify the income (loss) attributable to the ongoing operations of the business. Management also uses adjusted operating income (loss) as a basis for determining awards and compensation for senior management and to evaluate performance on a basic comparable to that used by analysts. However, the items excluded from adjusted operating income (loss) have occurred in the past and could, and in some cases will, recur in the future. Adjusted operating income (loss) and adjusted operating income (loss) per share on a basic and diluted basis are not substitutes for net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share on a basic and diluted basis determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP. In addition, the company's definition of adjusted operating income (loss) may differ from the definitions used by other companies.

Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders to adjusted operating income (loss) assume a 21% tax rate and are net of the portion attributable to noncontrolling interests. Changes in fair value of market risk benefits and associated hedges are adjusted to exclude changes in reserves, attributed fees and benefit payments.

In the third and fourth quarters of 2022, the company incurred \$6 million and \$2 million, respectively, of pre-tax pension plan termination costs related to one of its defined benefit pension plans. There were no other infrequent or unusual items excluded from adjusted operating income (loss) during the periods presented.

The table on page 9 of this financial supplement provides a reconciliation of net income available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders to adjusted operating income for the periods presented and reflects adjusted operating income (loss) as determined in accordance with accounting guidance related to segment reporting. This financial supplement includes other non-GAAP measures management believes enhances the understanding and comparability of performance by highlighting underlying business activity and profitability drivers. These additional non-GAAP measures are on pages 37 to 39 of this financial supplement.

#### **Statutory Accounting Data**

The company presents certain supplemental statutory data for Genworth Life Insurance Company (GLIC) and its consolidating life insurance subsidiaries that has been prepared on the basis of statutory accounting principles (SAP). GLIC and its consolidating life insurance subsidiaries file financial statements with state insurance regulatory authorities and the National Association of Insurance Commissioners that are prepared using SAP, an accounting basis either prescribed or permitted by such authorities. Due to differences in methodology between SAP and U.S. GAAP, the values for assets, liabilities and equity, and the recognition of income and expenses, reflected in financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP are materially different from those reflected in financial statements prepared under SAP. This supplemental statutory data should not be viewed as an alternative to, or used in lieu of, U.S. GAAP.

This supplemental statutory data includes the impact from in-force rate actions on pre-tax long-term care insurance statutory earnings. Statutory pre-tax earnings represent the net gain from operations, including the impact from in-force rate actions, before dividends to policyholders, refunds to members and federal income taxes and before realized capital gains or (losses). Management uses and provides this supplemental statutory data because it believes it provides a useful measure of, among other things, statutory pre-tax earnings and the adequacy of capital. Management uses this data to measure against its policy to manage the U.S. life insurance companies with internally generated capital.

#### **Results of Operations and Selected Operating Performance Measures**

The company taxes its businesses at the U.S. corporate federal income tax rate of 21%. Each segment is then adjusted to reflect the unique tax attributes of that segment, such as permanent differences between U.S. GAAP and tax law. The difference between the consolidated provision for income taxes and the sum of the provision for income taxes in each segment is reflected in Corporate and Other.

The annually-determined tax rates and adjustments to each segment's provision for income taxes are estimates which are subject to review and could change from year to year. U.S. GAAP generally requires an annualized effective tax rate to be used for interim reporting periods, utilizing projections of full year results. However, in certain circumstances it is appropriate to record the actual effective tax rate for the period if a reliable full year estimate cannot be made. For the three months ended March 31, 2023 and June 30, 2023, the company utilized the actual effective tax rate for the interim period to record the provision for income taxes for its Long-Term Care Insurance and Life and Annuities segments and the annualized projected effective tax rate for its Enact segment and Corporate and Other. The company utilized the effective tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 in determining the re-presented provision for income taxes for the quarters in 2022 and the full year 2021, respectively.

This financial supplement contains selected operating performance measures including "sales" and "insurance in-force" or "risk in-force" which are commonly used in the insurance industry as measures of operating performance.

Management regularly monitors and reports sales metrics as a measure of volume of new business generated in a period. Sales refer to new insurance written for mortgage insurance products included in the company's Enact segment. The company considers new insurance written to be a measure of the operating performance of its Enact segment because it represents a measure of new sales of insurance policies during a specified period, rather than a measure of revenues or profitability during that period.

Management regularly monitors and reports insurance in-force, risk in-force and a loss ratio for the company's Enact segment. Insurance in-force is a measure of the aggregate unpaid principal balance as of the respective reporting date for loans insured by the company's U.S. mortgage insurance subsidiaries. Risk in-force is based on the coverage percentage applied to the estimated current outstanding loan balance. The company considers insurance in-force and risk in-force to be measures of the operating performance of its Enact segment because they represent measures of the size of its business at a specific date which will generate revenues and profits in a future period, rather than measures of its revenues or profitability during that period. The loss ratio is the ratio of benefits and other changes in policy reserves to net earned premiums. The company considers the loss ratio to be a measure of underwriting performance and helps to enhance the understanding of the operating performance of the Enact segment.

These operating performance measures enable the company to compare its operating performance across periods without regard to revenues or profitability related to policies or contracts sold in prior periods or from investments or other sources.

### Financial Highlights (amounts in millions, except per share data)

Balance Sheet Data	June 30, 2023	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	September 30, 2022	June 30, 2022
Total Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other					
comprehensive income (loss)	\$10,321	\$10,292	\$10,245	\$ 9,892	\$ 9,769
Total accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) <sup>(1)</sup>	(2,861)	(2,853)	(2,614)	(2,632)	(3,288)
Total Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity	\$ 7,460	\$ 7,439	\$ 7,631	\$ 7,260	\$ 6,481
Book value per share	\$ 15.98	\$ 15.28	\$ 15.40	\$ 14.44	\$ 12.76
Book value per share, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 22.11	\$ 21.14	\$ 20.68	\$ 19.68	\$ 19.24
Common shares outstanding as of the balance sheet date	466.8	486.9	495.4	502.6	507.8
			months ended		
Quarterly Average ROE	June 30, 2023	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	September 30, 2022	June 30, 2022
Quarterly Average ROE U.S. GAAP Basis ROE					
	2023	2023	2022	2022	2022
U.S. GAAP Basis ROE	5.3%	4.8%	2022 15.1%	5.5%	6.6%
U.S. GAAP Basis ROE Operating ROE <sup>(2)</sup>	2023 5.3% 3.3% Three months ended	2023 4.8% 5.6% Six months ended	2022 15.1%	5.5%	6.6%
U.S. GAAP Basis ROE Operating ROE <sup>(2)</sup> Basic and Diluted Shares Weighted-average common shares used in basic earnings per share calculations Potentially dilutive securities:	5.3% 3.3% Three months ended June 30, 2023	2023 4.8% 5.6% Six months ended June 30, 2023	2022 15.1%	5.5%	6.6%
U.S. GAAP Basis ROE Operating ROE <sup>(2)</sup> Basic and Diluted Shares Weighted-average common shares used in basic earnings per share calculations	5.3% 3.3% Three months ended June 30, 2023	2023 4.8% 5.6% Six months ended June 30, 2023	2022 15.1%	5.5%	6.6%

<sup>(1)</sup> As of June 30, 2023, March 31, 2023, December 31, 2022, September 30, 2022 and June 30, 2022, total accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) includes \$(964) million, \$(1,628) million, \$(403) million, \$115 million and \$(3,167) million, net of taxes, respectively, related to changes in the current discount rate used to remeasure the liability for future policy benefits and related reinsurance recoverables.

<sup>(2)</sup> See page 37 herein for a reconciliation of U.S. GAAP Basis ROE to Operating ROE.

**Consolidated Quarterly Results** 

# Consolidated Net Income by Quarter (amounts in millions, except per share amounts)

	2023			2022					2021
	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	Full Year
REVENUES:	4 002		04.045					<b>***</b>	
Premiums Net investment income	\$ 902 785	\$ 915 787	\$1,817 1,572	\$ 918 787	\$ 929 808	\$ 916 787	\$ 917 764	\$3,680 3,146	\$3,406 3,370
Net investment gains (losses)	39	(11)	28	(5)	(58)	19	42	(2)	322
Policy fees and other income	166	163	329	167	169	165	170	671	724
Total revenues	1,892	1,854	3,746	1,867	1,848	1,887	1,893	7,495	7,822
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:									
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	1,175	1,176	2,351	1,209	1,159	768	1,167	4,303	4,615
Liability remeasurement (gains) losses  Changes in fair value of market risk benefits and associated hedges	70 (19)	(15) 17	55 (2)	(267) (56)	17 (27)	24 20	(64) (41)	(290) (104)	202 (160)
Interest credited	126	126	252	125	128	126	125	504	511
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	226	240	466	225	245	579	236	1.285	998
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	64	72	136	74	80	84	88	326	384
Interest expense	29	29	58	28	26	26	26	106	160
Total benefits and expenses	1,671	1,645	3,316	1,338	1,628	1,627	1,537	6,130	6,710
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	221	209	430	529	220	260	356	1,365	1,112
Provision for income taxes	55	55	110	119	54	62	84	319	248
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	166	154	320	410	166	198	272	1,046	864
Net income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes <sup>(1)</sup>	2		2	(2)	5	(1)	(2)		27
NET INCOME	168	154	322	408	171	197	270	1,046	891
Less: net income from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests	31	32	63	27	35	38	30	130	33
Less: net income from discontinued operations attributable to noncontrolling interests									8
NET INCOME AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS	\$ 137	\$ 122	\$ 259	\$ 381	\$ 136	\$ 159	\$ 240	\$ 916	\$ 850
NET INCOME AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS:									
Income from continuing operations available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders	\$ 135	\$ 122	\$ 257	\$ 383	\$ 131	\$ 160	\$ 242	\$ 916	\$ 831
Income (loss) from discontinued operations available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders	2		2	(2)	5	(1)	(2)		19
NET INCOME AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS	\$ 137	\$ 122	\$ 259	\$ 381	\$ 136	\$ 159	\$ 240	\$ 916	\$ 850
Earnings Per Share Data:		•							
Income from continuing operations available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share									
Basic	\$ 0.28	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.53	\$ 0.77	\$ 0.26	\$ 0.32	\$ 0.48	\$ 1.82	\$ 1.64
Diluted	\$ 0.28	\$ 0.24	\$ 0.53	\$ 0.76	\$ 0.26	\$ 0.31	\$ 0.47	\$ 1.79	\$ 1.61
Net income available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share  Basic	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.54	\$ 0.77	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.31	\$ 0.47	\$ 1.82	\$ 1.68
Diluted	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.53	\$ 0.76	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.31	\$ 0.46	\$ 1.79	\$ 1.65
Weighted-average common shares outstanding	T	- ··					,		7
Basic	473.2	492.3	482.7	496.5	503.8	508.9	508.3	504.4	506.9
Diluted	478.1	500.1	489.1	502.9	509.3	514.1	517.4	510.9	514.7

Income (loss) from discontinued operations primarily relates to a settlement agreement involving the company's former lifestyle protection insurance business that was sold on December 1, 2015.

### Reconciliation of Net Income to Adjusted Operating Income (amounts in millions, except per share amounts)

	2023			2022					2021
	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	Full Year
NET INCOME AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS  Add: net income from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests  Add: net income from discontinued operations attributable to noncontrolling interests	\$ 137 31 —	\$ 122 32 —	\$ 259 63 —	\$ 381 27 —	\$ 136 35 —	\$ 159 38 —	\$ 240 30 —	\$ 916 130 —	\$ 850 33 8
NET INCOME Less: income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes	168	154	322 2	408 (2)	171 5	197 (1)	270 (2)	1,046	891 27
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS  Less: net income from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests	166 31	154 32	320 63	410 27	166 35	198 38	272 30	1,046 130	864 33
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS	135	122	257	383	131	160	242	916	831
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS:									
Net investment (gains) losses, net <sup>(1)</sup> Changes in fair value of market risk benefits attributable to interest rates, equity markets and associated	(41)	11	(30)	5	58	(19)	(42)	2	(322)
hedges <sup>(2)</sup> (Gains) losses on early extinguishment of debt Expenses related to restructuring	$-\frac{(23)}{1}$	14 (1) 3	(9) (1) 4	(64) (1)	(32)	8 1 1	(54)	(142) 6 2	(210) 45 34
Pension plan termination costs Taxes on adjustments	<u>-</u>	— (5)	8	2 12	6 (8)	2		8 26	96
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME	\$ 85	\$ 144	\$ 229	\$ 338	\$ 158	\$ 153	\$ 169	\$ 818	\$ 474
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME (LOSS): Enact segment Long-Term Care Insurance segment Life and Annuities segment:	\$ 146 (43)	\$ 143 23	\$ 289 (20)	\$ 120 204	\$ 156 26	\$ 167 17	\$ 135 73	\$ 578 320	\$ 520 126
Life Insurance Fixed Annuities Variable Annuities	(17) 10 9	(27) 14 9	(44) 24 18	1 14 8	(28) 15 7	(37) 20 2	(47) 13 4	(111) 62 21	(201) 83 22
Total Life and Annuities segment	2	(4)	(2)	23	(6)	(15)	(30)	(28)	(96)
Corporate and Other	(20) \$ 85	(18) \$ 144	(38) \$ 229	(9) \$ 338	(18) \$ 158	(16) \$ 153	(9) \$ 169	(52) \$ 818	$\frac{(76)}{\$ 474}$
ADJUSTED OF ENATING INCOME	===	ψ 1 <del>111</del>	====	Ψ 336 ====	ψ 136 ====	====	ψ 10 <i>7</i>	ψ 010 =====	Ψ <del></del>
Earnings Per Share Data: Net income available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share									
Basic Diluted Adjusted operating income per share	\$ 0.29 \$ 0.29	\$ 0.25 \$ 0.24	\$ 0.54 \$ 0.53	\$ 0.77 \$ 0.76	\$ 0.27 \$ 0.27	\$ 0.31 \$ 0.31	\$ 0.47 \$ 0.46	\$ 1.82 \$ 1.79	\$ 1.68 \$ 1.65
Basic Diluted	\$ 0.18 \$ 0.18	\$ 0.29 \$ 0.29	\$ 0.47 \$ 0.47	\$ 0.68 \$ 0.67	\$ 0.31 \$ 0.31	\$ 0.30 \$ 0.30	\$ 0.33 \$ 0.33	\$ 1.62 \$ 1.60	\$ 0.93 \$ 0.92
Weighted-average common shares outstanding Basic Diluted	473.2 478.1	492.3 500.1	482.7 489.1	496.5 502.9	503.8 509.3	508.9 514.1	508.3 517.4	504.4 510.9	506.9 514.7

<sup>(1)</sup> Net investment (gains) losses were adjusted for the portion attributable to noncontrolling interests (see page 35 for reconciliation).

<sup>(2)</sup> Changes in fair value of market risk benefits and associated hedges were adjusted to exclude changes in reserves, attributed fees and benefit payments (see page 25 for reconciliation).

### Consolidated Balance Sheets (amounts in millions)

	June 30, 2023	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	September 30, 2022	June 30, 2022
ASSETS					
Investments:			***		+ + 0 + 0 -
Fixed maturity securities available-for-sale, at fair value(1)	\$46,070	\$47,381	\$46,583	\$46,215	\$49,286
Equity securities, at fair value	378	364	319	274	243
Commercial mortgage loans <sup>(2)</sup> Less: Allowance for credit losses	6,876 (24)	6,915 (24)	7,032 (22)	7,086 (23)	7,088 (23)
Commercial mortgage loans, net	6,852	6,891	7,010	7,063	7,065
Policy loans	2,270	2,133	2,139	2,153	2,178
Limited partnerships	2,585	2,456	2,331	2,195	2,123
Other invested assets	648	617	566	590	573
Total investments	58,803	59,842	58,948	58,490	61,468
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	2,173	1,752	1,799	1,561	1,724
Accrued investment income	553	700	643	616	553
Deferred acquisition costs	2,096	2,150	2,211	2,276	2,342
Intangible assets	201	203	203	209	215
Reinsurance recoverable	19,113	19,606	19,059	18,906	20,659
Less: Allowance for credit losses	(64)	(64)	(63)	(64)	(63)
Reinsurance recoverable, net	19,049	19,542	18,996	18,842	20,596
Other assets	445	478	488	493	521
Deferred tax asset	1,954	2,002	1,983	2,092	2,492
Market risk benefit assets	37	28	26	20	22
Separate account assets	4,533	4,479	4,417	4,298	4,683
Total assets	\$89,844	\$91,176	\$89,714	\$88,897	\$94,616
	====				

<sup>(1)</sup> Amortized cost of \$49,864 million, \$50,461 million, \$50,834 million, \$51,248 million and \$51,248 million as of June 30, 2023, March 31, 2023, December 31, 2022, September 30, 2022 and June 30, 2022, respectively, and allowance for credit losses of \$4 million as of June 30, 2023, \$15 million as of March 31, 2023 and \$\infty\$— as of December 31, 2022, September 30, 2022 and June 30, 2022.

<sup>(2)</sup> Net of unamortized balance of loan origination fees and costs of \$4 million as of June 30, 2023, March 31, 2023, December 31, 2022, September 30, 2022 and June 30, 2022.

### Consolidated Balance Sheets (amounts in millions)

	June 30, 2023	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	September 30, 2022	June 30, 2022
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY					
Liabilities:					
Future policy benefits	\$56,443	\$57,531	\$55,407	\$54,553	\$60,254
Policyholder account balances	15,922	16,202	16,564	16,985	17,332
Market risk benefit liabilities	666	761	748	832	910
Liability for policy and contract claims	628	665	683	669	733
Unearned premiums	175	189	203	213	225
Other liabilities	1,607	1,510	1,687	1,701	1,470
Long-term borrowings	1,601	1,600	1,611	1,622	1,773
Separate account liabilities	4,533	4,479	4,417	4,298	4,683
Liabilities related to discontinued operations <sup>(1)</sup>	2	7	8	6	4
Total liabilities	81,577	82,944	81,328	80,879	87,384
Equity:					
Common stock	1	1	1	1	1
Additional paid-in capital	11,869	11,863	11,869	11,865	11,859
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss):					
Change in the discount rate used to measure future policy benefits	(964)	(1,628)	(403)	115	(3,167)
All other	(1,897)	(1,225)	(2,211)	(2,747)	(121)
Total accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(2,861)	(2,853)	(2,614)	(2,632)	(3,288)
Retained earnings	1,398	1,261	1,139	760	624
Treasury stock, at cost	(2,947)	(2,833)	(2,764)	(2,734)	(2,715)
Total Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity	7,460	7,439	7,631	7,260	6,481
Noncontrolling interests	807	793	755	758	751
Total equity	8,267	8,232	8,386	8,018	7,232
Total liabilities and equity	\$89,844	\$91,176	\$89,714	\$88,897	\$94,616

<sup>(1)</sup> Liabilities related to discontinued operations relates to a liability recorded in connection with a settlement agreement reached with AXA and other unrelated liabilities involving the sale of the company's former lifestyle protection insurance business.

## Consolidated Balance Sheet by Segment (amounts in millions)

	June 30, 2023						
A CODETEC	Enact	Long-Term Care Insurance	Life and Annuities	Corporate and Other(1)	Total		
ASSETS	<b></b>	Φ2.7. 1.1.2	<b>0.10.110</b>	<b>#1.202</b>	A 64 700		
Cash and investments	\$5,675	\$35,113	\$19,449	\$1,292	\$61,529		
Deferred acquisition costs and intangible assets	39	932	1,317	9	2,297		
Reinsurance recoverable, net	200	7,454	11,595	250(2)	19,049		
Deferred tax and other assets	208	1,695	237	259(2)	2,399		
Market risk benefit assets	_	_	37 4 <b>5</b> 22	_	37 4.522		
Separate account assets			4,533		4,533		
Total assets	\$5,922	\$45,194	\$37,168	\$1,560	\$89,844		
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY							
Liabilities:							
Future policy benefits	\$ —	\$42,661	\$13,782	\$ —	\$56,443		
Policyholder account balances	_	_	15,922		15,922		
Market risk benefit liabilities		_	666		666		
Liability for policy and contract claims	490	_	131	7	628		
Unearned premiums	175	<del></del>			175		
Other liabilities	125	751	284	447	1,607		
Borrowings	744	_		857	1,601		
Separate account liabilities	_	_	4,533	_	4,533		
Liabilities related to discontinued operations				2	2		
Total liabilities	1,534	43,412	35,318	1,313	81,577		
Equity:							
Allocated equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	3,864	2,784	2,930	743	10,321		
Allocated accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(283)	(1,002)	(1,080)	(496)	(2,861)		
Total Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity	3,581	1,782	1,850	247	7,460		
Noncontrolling interests	807				807		
Total equity	4,388	1,782	1,850	247	8,267		
Total liabilities and equity	\$5,922	\$45,194	\$37,168	\$1,560	\$89,844		

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes inter-segment eliminations and other businesses, including start-up growth initiatives and certain international businesses, that are managed outside the operating segments.

Deferred tax and other assets in Corporate and Other includes holding company deferred tax assets of \$117 million (comprised of Genworth Financial, Inc. and Genworth Holdings).

### Consolidated Balance Sheet by Segment (amounts in millions)

	March 31, 2023							
	Enact	Long-Term Care Insurance	Life and Annuities	Corporate and Other <sup>(1)</sup>	Total			
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$5,611	\$35,210	\$20,112	\$1,361	\$62,294			
Deferred acquisition costs and intangible assets	36	945	1,360	12	2,353			
Reinsurance recoverable, net		7,604	11,938		19,542			
Deferred tax and other assets	194	1,761	214	311(2)	2,480			
Market risk benefit assets	_	_	28	_	28			
Separate account assets			4,479		4,479			
Total assets	\$5,841	\$45,520	\$38,131	\$1,684	\$91,176			
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY								
Liabilities:								
Future policy benefits	\$ —	\$43,344	\$14,187	\$ —	\$57,531			
Policyholder account balances	_	_	16,202	_	16,202			
Market risk benefit liabilities		_	761	_	761			
Liability for policy and contract claims	502	_	157	6	665			
Unearned premiums	189 100	— 676		— 447	189			
Other liabilities	743	070	201	857	1,510 1,600			
Separate account liabilities	7 <del>4</del> 3		<u> </u>		4,479			
Liabilities related to discontinued operations		_		7	7			
Total liabilities	1,534	44,020	36,073	1,317	82,944			
	1,554	77,020			02,777			
Equity:	2776	2.624	2.024	0.40	10.202			
Allocated equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	3,776 (262)	2,634 (1,134)	3,034 (976)	848 (481)	10,292 (2,853)			
•								
Total Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity	3,514	1,500	2,058	367	7,439			
Noncontrolling interests	793				793			
Total equity	4,307	1,500	2,058	367	8,232			
Total liabilities and equity	\$5,841	\$45,520	\$38,131	\$1,684	\$91,176			

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes inter-segment eliminations and other businesses, including start-up growth initiatives and certain international businesses, that are managed outside the operating segments.

Deferred tax and other assets in Corporate and Other includes holding company deferred tax assets of \$174 million (comprised of Genworth Financial, Inc. and Genworth Holdings).

**Enact Segment** 

## Adjusted Operating Income and Sales—Enact Segment (amounts in millions)

		2023						
	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
REVENUES:								
Premiums	\$ 239	\$ 235	\$ 474	\$ 233	\$ 235	\$ 238	\$ 234	\$ 940
Net investment income	50	46	96	45	39	36	35	155
Net investment gains (losses)	(13)	_	(13)	(1)	_	(1)	_	(2)
Policy fees and other income	1	_	1	_	1	_	1	2
Total revenues	277	281	558	277	275	273	270	1,095
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:								
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	(4)	(11)	(15)	18	(40)	(62)	(10)	(94)
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	52	52	104	60	55	58	54	227
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	2	3	5	2	4	3	3	12
Interest expense	13	13	26	14	12	13	13	52
Total benefits and expenses	63	57	120	94	31	12	60	197
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	214	224	438	183	244	261	210	898
Provision for income taxes	46	49	95	39	53	57	45	194
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	168	175	343	144	191	204	165	704
Less: net income from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests	31	32	63	27	35	38	30	130
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS	137	143	280	117	156	166	135	574
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH								
FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS:  Net investment (gains) losses, net <sup>(1)</sup>	11		11	1		1		2
Expenses related to restructuring			- 11	3		1		3
Taxes on adjustments	(2)		(2)	(1)				(1)
•								
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME	\$ 146	\$ 143	\$ 289	\$ 120	\$ 156	\$ 167	\$ 135	\$ 578
SALES:		J						
Primary New Insurance Written (NIW)	\$15,083	\$13,154	\$28,237	\$15,145	\$15,069	\$17,448	\$18,823	\$66,485

<sup>(1)</sup> Net investment (gains) losses were adjusted for the portion of net investment losses attributable to noncontrolling interests of \$2 million in the second quarter of 2023.

### Primary New Insurance Written Metrics—Enact Segment (amounts in millions)

2023 2022 2Q 1Q **4Q** 2Q **3Q** 1Q % of % of % of % of % of % of **Primary** Primary **Primary** Primary **Primary** Primary Primary **Primary Primary Primary** Primary Primary NIW Payment Type 98% \$14,774 \$12,809 97% \$13,745 91% \$14,138 94% \$16,169 93% \$17,071 91% Single ..... 281 2 318 3 1,368 9 890 1,218 7 1,690 9 Other<sup>(1)</sup> 28 27 32 41 61 62 \$15,083 100% \$13,154 100% \$15,145 100% \$15,069 100% \$17,448 100% \$18,823 100% Total Primary ..... \_ \_ Origination 97% \$14,720 98% \$12,761 \$14,744 97% \$14,634 97% \$16,802 96% \$17,326 92% Purchase ..... 2 393 3 401 3 Refinance ..... 363 435 3 646 4 1,497 8 100% \$15,083 100% \$13,154 100% \$15,145 100% \$15,069 100% \$17,448 \$18,823 100% Total Primary ..... FICO Scores \$ 6,911 46% \$ 6,004 46% \$ 6,951 46% \$ 6.948 46% \$ 7.981 45% \$ 8,359 45% 2,608 17 2,268 17 2,709 18 2,554 17 2,916 17 3,085 16 720 - 739 ..... 2,097 14 1,817 14 2,226 15 2,106 14 2,530 15 2,515 13 1,499 10 1,296 10 1,489 10 1,531 10 1,917 11 1,952 10 7 954 7 1,035 7 1,085 1,099 1,060 7 6 1,316 7 568 4 517 4 478 3 527 598 3 931 5 2 260 2 229 2 189 1 234 297 486 3 76 65 66 79 106 173 1 1 4 5 <620 ..... 6 \$15,083 100% \$13,154 100% \$15,145 100% \$15,069 100% \$17,448 100% \$18,823 100% Total Primary ..... Loan-To-Value Ratio \$ 2,692 18% \$ 2,106 16% \$ 2,423 16% \$ 1,741 11% \$ 2,177 12% \$ 3,146 17% 5.743 38 4.928 38 5.684 37 6.184 7.458 43 6.682 35 41 4,753 31 4.390 33 4.971 33 5,094 34 5,207 30 30 5,620 1,895 13 1,730 13 2,067 14 2,050 14 2,606 15 3,375 18 100% \$15,083 100% \$13,154 100% \$15,145 100% \$15,069 100% \$17,448 \$18,823 100% Total Primary ..... \_ **Debt-To-Income Ratio** \$ 4,467 30% \$ 3,538 27% \$ 4.294 25% \$ 4.067 23% \$ 4.452 28% \$ 3,728 24% 4,940 37 5,214 34 38 5,518 37 5,681 38 6,436 6,361 34 5,402 36 4,676 35 5,333 35 5,660 37 6,945 40 8,010 42 \$15,083 100% \$13,154 100% \$15,145 100% \$15,069 100% \$17,448 100% \$18,823 100% Total Primary .....

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes loans with annual and split payment types.

<sup>(2)</sup> Loans with unknown FICO scores are included in the 660-679 category.

### Other Metrics—Enact Segment (dollar amounts in millions)

	2023			2022					
		1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	
Primary Insurance In-Force(1)	\$257,816	\$252,516		\$248,262	\$241,813	\$237,563	\$231,85	53	
Risk In-Force Primary <sup>(2)</sup> Pool	\$ 65,714 73	\$ 64,106 76		\$ 62,791 	\$ 61,124 <u>84</u>	\$ 59,911 <u>89</u>		95 97	
Total Risk In-Force	\$ 65,787	\$ 64,182		\$ 62,870	\$ 61,208	\$ 60,000	\$ 58,39	92	
Expense Ratio <sup>(3)</sup>	23%	23	% 23%	27%	259	6 26	% í.	24% 23%	
Primary Persistency Rate	84%	85	% 85%	86%	829	% 80°	76	76% 85%	
Combined Risk To Capital Ratio (4)	11.8:1	12.6:1		12.8:1	12.3:1	12.6:1	12.0	:1	
EMICO Risk To Capital Ratio <sup>(4),(5)</sup>	11.9:1	12.7:1		12.9:1	12.3:1	12.6:1	12.1	:1	
PMIERs Available Assets <sup>(6)</sup>	\$ 5,093	\$ 5,357		\$ 5,206	\$ 5,292	\$ 5,147	\$ 5,22	22	
PMIERs Required Assets <sup>(6)</sup>	\$ 3,135	\$ 3,259		\$ 3,156	\$ 3,043	\$ 3,100	\$ 2,96	51	
Available Assets Above PMIERs Requirements <sup>(6)</sup>	\$ 1,958	\$ 2,098		\$ 2,050	\$ 2,249	\$ 2,047	\$ 2,26	51	
PMIERs Sufficiency Ratio (6)	162%	164	%	165%	1749	6 166	% 1'	76%	
Average Primary Loan Size (in thousands)	\$ 265	\$ 262		\$ 259	\$ 255	\$ 251	\$ 24	16	

The expense ratio included above was calculated using whole dollars and may be different than the ratio calculated using the rounded numbers included herein.

<sup>(1)</sup> Primary insurance in-force represents aggregate unpaid balance for loans the company's U.S. mortgage insurance subsidiaries insure.

<sup>(2)</sup> Primary risk in-force represents risk on current loan balances as provided by servicers, lenders and investors.

<sup>(3)</sup> The ratio of an insurer's general expenses to net earned premiums. In the business, general expenses consist of acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals, and amortization of DAC and intangibles.

<sup>(4)</sup> Certain states limit a private mortgage insurer's risk in-force to 25 times the total of the insurer's policyholders' surplus plus the statutory contingency reserve, commonly known as the "risk to capital" requirement. The current period risk to capital ratio is an estimate due to the timing of the filing of statutory statements and is prepared consistent with the presentation of the statutory financial statements in the combined annual statement of the company's U.S. mortgage insurance subsidiaries.

<sup>(5)</sup> Enact Mortgage Insurance Corporation (EMICO), the company's principal U.S. mortgage insurance subsidiary.

<sup>(6)</sup> The Private Mortgage Insurer Eligibility Requirements (PMIERs) sufficiency ratio is calculated as available assets divided by required assets as defined within PMIERs. The current period PMIERs sufficiency ratio is an estimate due to the timing of the PMIERs filing. The PMIERs sufficiency ratios for the four quarters of 2022 did not take into consideration the impact of restrictions previously imposed by the government-sponsored enterprises on EMICO.

### Loss Metrics—Enact Segment (amounts in millions)

	2023			2022				
	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
Average Paid Claim (in thousands) <sup>(1)</sup>	\$46.6 \$25.0	\$46.9 \$24.8		\$48.7 \$24.0	\$42.2 \$25.2	\$50.1 \$27.0	\$51.6 \$26.2	
Reserves: Direct primary case All other <sup>(3)</sup>	\$ 452 	\$ 462 40		\$ 479 40	\$ 476 <u>34</u>	\$ 526 33	\$ 591 34	
Total Reserves	\$ 490 ——	\$ 502 ——		\$ 519	\$ 510	\$ 559	\$ 625	
Beginning Reserves Paid claims Increase (decrease) in reserves	\$ 502 (8) (4)	\$ 519 (6) (11)	\$519 (14) (15)	\$ 510 (9) 18	\$ 559 (9) (40)	\$ 625 (4) (62)	\$ 641 (6) (10)	\$641 (28) (94)
Ending Reserves	\$ 490	\$ 502	\$490	\$ 519	\$ 510	\$ 559	\$ 625	\$519
Loss Ratio <sup>(4)</sup>	(2)%	(5)%	(3)%	8%	(17)%	(26)%	(4)%	(10)%

The loss ratio included above was calculated using whole dollars and may be different than the ratio calculated using the rounded numbers included herein.

<sup>(1)</sup> Average paid claim in the third and fourth quarters of 2022 includes payments in relation to agreements on non-performing loans.

<sup>(2)</sup> Direct primary case reserves divided by primary delinquency count.

<sup>(3)</sup> Other includes loss adjustment expenses, pool, incurred but not reported and reinsurance reserves.

<sup>(4)</sup> The ratio of benefits and other changes in policy reserves to net earned premiums.

## Delinquency Metrics—Enact Segment (dollar amounts in millions)

					2022	2022		
	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
Primary Loans								
Primary loans in-force Primary delinquent loans Primary delinquency rate	973,280 18,065 1.86%	965,544 18,633 1.939	<i>7</i> 0	960,306 19,943 2.08%	949,052 18,856 6 1.99%	946,891 19,513 6 2.069	22,571	%
Beginning Number of Primary Delinquencies New delinquencies Delinquency cures Paid claims Rescissions and claim denials	18,633 9,205 (9,609) (156) (8)	19,943 9,599 (10,771) (126) (12)	(282)	18,856 10,304 (9,024) (190) (3)	19,513 9,121 (9,588) (187) (3)	22,571 7,847 (10,806) (90)		(574)
Ending Number of Primary Delinquencies	18,065	18,633	18,065	19,943	18,856	19,513	22,571	19,943
Composition of Cures Reported delinquent and cured-intraquarter Number of missed payments delinquent prior to cure: 3 payments or less 4 - 11 payments 12 payments or more  Total  Primary Delinquencies by Missed Payment Status 3 payments or less 4 - 11 payments 12 payments or more  Primary Delinquencies	1,661 4,516 2,448 984 9,609 8,162 6,229 3,674 18,065	2,016 5,238 2,431 1,086 10,771 7,876 6,714 4,043 18,633		1,489 4,179 2,001 1,355 9,024 8,920 6,466 4,557 19,943	1,598 3,719 2,279 1,992 9,588 7,446 6,119 5,291 18,856	1,306 4,037 2,484 2,979 10,806 6,442 6,372 6,699 19,513	3,902 2,315 3,062 10,860 6,837 6,875 8,859	
		June 30, 202	23					
Direct Primary Case Reserves(1) and Percentage Reserved by Payment Status	Direct Primary Case Reserves	Risk In-Force	Reserves as % of Risk In-Force					
3 payments or less in default 4 - 11 payments in default 12 payments or more in default	\$ 70 186 196	\$ 488 409 205	14% 46% 95%					
Total	\$ 452	\$ 1,102	41%					
	De	cember 31, 2	2022					
Direct Primary Case Reserves(1) and Percentage	Direct Primary	Risk	Reserves as % of					
Reserved by Payment Status	Case Reserves	In-Force	Risk In-Force					
3 payments or less in default 4 - 11 payments in default 12 payments or more in default	\$ 69 166 244	\$ 509 390 248	14% 43% 98%					
Total	\$ 479	\$ 1,147	42%					

<sup>(1)</sup> Direct primary case reserves exclude loss adjustment expenses, pool, incurred but not reported and reinsurance reserves.

### Portfolio Quality Metrics—Enact Segment (amounts in millions)

June 30, 2023

Policy Year  2008 and prior 2009-2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 Total	% of Direct Primary Case Reserves(1)  22% 6 5 6 7 10 15 19 10 — 100%	Primary Insurance In-Force \$ 6,135	% of Total  2% 2 2 2 2 6 19 30 24 11 100%	Primary Risk In-Force \$ 1,581 1,138 1,418 1,549 1,601 3,831 12,827 19,245 15,392 7,132 \$65,714	% of Total  2% 2 2 2 3 6 20 29 23 11 100%	Delinquency Rate  8.40% 3.90% 2.97% 3.40% 4.00% 4.00% 1.39% 1.27% 0.97% 0.12% 1.86%
	June	e 30, 2023	Decembe	r 31, 2022	June 3	0, 2022
	Primary Risk In-Force	Percent of Primary Risk In-Force	Primary Risk In-Force	Percent of Primary Risk In-Force	Primary Risk In-Force	Percent of Primary Risk In-Force
Loan-to-value ratio 95.01% and above 90.01% to 95.00% 85.01% to 90.00% 85.00% and below  Total	\$12,086 31,220 18,518 3,890 \$65,714	18% 48 28 6 100%	\$11,136 30,079 17,621 3,955 \$62,791	18% 48 28 6 100%	\$10,647 28,838 16,517 3,909 \$59,911	18% 48 27 7 100%
	June	e 30, 2023	Decembe	December 31, 2022		0, 2022
	Primary Risk In-Force	Percent of Primary Risk In-Force	Primary Risk In-Force	Percent of Primary Risk In-Force	Primary Risk In-Force	Percent of Primary Risk In-Force
Credit Quality Over 760 740 - 759 720 - 739 700 - 719 680 - 699 660 - 679 <sup>(2)</sup> 640 - 659 620 - 639 <620 Total	\$27,305 10,749 9,368 7,516 5,543 2,850 1,558 653 172 \$65,714	42% 16 14 12 9 4 2 1 100%	\$25,807 10,154 8,931 7,317 5,428 2,767 1,540 665 182 \$62,791	41% 16 14 12 9 5 2 1 —	\$24,252 9,559 8,484 7,129 5,329 2,728 1,547 687 196 \$59,911	40% 16 14 12 9 5 3 1 —

Direct primary case reserves exclude loss adjustment expenses, pool, incurred but not reported and reinsurance reserves.
Loans with unknown FICO scores are included in the 660-679 category.

**Long-Term Care Insurance Segment** 

### Adjusted Operating Income (Loss)—Long-Term Care Insurance Segment (amounts in millions)

		2023			2022					
	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q(1)	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	Full Year(2)	
REVENUES: Premiums	\$ 611	\$ 616	\$1,227	\$ 639	\$ 637	\$ 617	\$ 607	\$2,500	\$2,561	
Net investment income Net investment gains (losses)	470 62	473	943 71	470 20	497 (47)	486	447 41	1,900	2,027 257	
Policy fees and other income									1	
Total revenues	1,143	1,098	2,241	1,129	1,087	1,108	1,095	4,419	4,846	
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:										
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	941	944	1,885	965	956	942	925	3,788	3,808	
Liability remeasurement (gains) losses	61	(32)	29	(255)	3	23	(88)	(317)	68	
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	108	119	227	100	122	95	96	413	451	
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	18	18	36	18	19	18	19	74	76	
Total benefits and expenses	1,128	1,049	2,177	828	1,100	1,078	952	3,958	4,403	
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	15	49	64	301	(13)	30	143	461	443	
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	10	18	28	79	(1)	9	38	125	123	
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS:	5	31	36	222	(12)	21	105	336	320	
Net investment (gains) losses	(62)	(9)	(71)	(20)	47	(5)	(41)	(19)	(257)	
Expenses related to restructuring	1	(1)	_	(2)	_	1	_	(1)	12	
Taxes on adjustments	13	2	15	4	(9)	_	9	4	51	
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$ (43)	\$ 23	\$ (20)	\$ 204	\$ 26	\$ 17	\$ 73	\$ 320	\$ 126	
Liability remeasurement (gains) losses:										
Cash flow assumption updates	\$ (24)	\$ 21	\$ (3)	\$ (303)	\$ (10)	\$ (20)	\$ (2)	\$ (335)	\$ 227	
Actual to expected experience	85	(53)	32	48	13	43	(86)	18	(159)	
Total	\$ 61	\$ (32)	\$ 29	\$ (255)	\$ 3	\$ 23	\$ (88) =====	\$ (317)	\$ 68	
Ratio of the liability remeasurement (gains) losses to beginning reserves <sup>(3)</sup>	0.15%	(0.08)	% 0.07%	(0.62)	% — %	0.06%	(0.22)%	% (0.78)%	6 0.17%	

<sup>(1)</sup> In the fourth quarter of 2022, the liability remeasurement gain of \$255 million in the company's long-term care insurance business reflected favorable assumption updates of \$303 million, largely from an update to legal settlement elections attributable to the inclusion of a second legal settlement and the resulting expected reserve reduction. This settlement, comprised of PCS I and PCS II policies, represents approximately 15% of the overall block and impacts older unprofitable capped cohorts. While a favorable assumption impact was recognized in the fourth quarter of 2022, differences between actual experience and expectations will flow through earnings in subsequent periods. The company's long-term care insurance business also updated its interest rate assumptions to reflect the impact of the higher interest rate environment.

<sup>(2)</sup> In 2021, unfavorable assumption updates of \$227 million in the fourth quarter of 2021 related primarily to an update to the benefit utilization trend, which drove significant updates to the in-force rate action plan and related assumptions. Given the expected future increases in cost of care, the company expected its long-term benefit utilization to trend higher than previously assumed.

<sup>(3)</sup> The ratio of the liability remeasurement (gains) losses to beginning reserves is calculated by dividing the liability remeasurement (gains) losses by the beginning liability for future policy benefits at the original discount rate as of each applicable quarter.

#### Statutory Impact of In-Force Rate Actions—Long-Term Care Insurance Segment (amounts in millions)

		2023		2022						
	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total		
Impact of in-force rate actions on pre-tax statutory earnings(1)										
Premiums, premium tax, commissions and other expenses, net <sup>(2)</sup>	\$224	\$219	\$ 443	\$224	\$220	\$207	\$192	\$ 843		
Reserve changes <sup>(2)</sup>	104	94	198	124	120	113	132	489		
Settlement impacts - reserve changes	97	93	190	78	9	19	148	254		
Settlement impacts - litigation expenses and settlement payments	_(54)	(56)	(110)	(45)	(10)	(6)	(43)	(104)		
Settlement impacts, net	43	37	80	33	(1)	13	105	150		
Statutory earnings from in-force rate actions	\$371	\$350	<u>\$ 721</u>	\$381	\$339	\$333	\$429 ===	<u>\$1,482</u>		

Includes all implemented in-force rate actions since 2012.

Earned premium and reserve change estimates for statutory earnings reflect certain simplifying assumptions that may vary materially from actual historical results, including but not limited to, a uniform rate of coinsurance and premium taxes in addition to consistent policyholder behavior over time. Actual behavior may differ significantly from these assumptions and these impacts exclude reserve updates.

**Life and Annuities Segment** 

### Adjusted Operating Income (Loss)—Life and Annuities Segment (amounts in millions)

				2021					
	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	Full Year
REVENUES:									
Premiums	\$ 50	\$ 62	\$112	\$ 45	\$ 55	\$ 60	\$ 74	\$ 234	\$ (136)
Net investment income	261	264	525	268	271	265	279	1,083	1,195
Net investment gains (losses)	(7)	(10)	(17)	(3)	(15)		14	(4)	74
Policy fees and other income	165	163	328	167	169	164	169	669	718
Total revenues	469	479	948	477	480	489	536	1,982	1,851
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:									
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	240	246	486	226	247	(108)	255	620	688
Liability remeasurement (gains) losses	9	17	26	(12)	14	1	24	27	134
Changes in fair value of market risk benefits and associated hedges	(19)	17	(2)	(56)	(27)	20	(41)	(104)	(160)
Interest credited	126	126	252	125	128	126	125	504	511
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	51	53	104	54	57	416	77	604	233
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	44	51	95	54	57	63	66	240	<u>291</u>
Total benefits and expenses	451	510	961	391	476	518	506	1,891	1,697
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	18	(31)	(13)	86	4	(29)	30	91	154
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	3	(7)	(4)	17		(7)	6	16	30
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	15	(24)	(9)	69	4	(22)	24	75	124
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS:									
Net investment (gains) losses	7	10	17	3	15	_	(14)	4	(74)
Changes in fair value of market risk benefits attributable to interest rates, equity markets and							` ′		` ′
associated hedges <sup>(1)</sup>	(23)	14	(9)	(64)	(32)	8	(54)	(142)	(210)
Expenses related to restructuring	_		_	(1)				(1)	5
Pension plan termination costs				2	6			8	
Taxes on adjustments	3	(4)	(1)	14	1	(1)	14	28	59
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 2	\$ (4)	\$ (2)	\$ 23	\$ (6)	\$ (15)	\$ (30)	\$ (28)	\$ (96)

# Adjusted Operating Income (Loss)—Life and Annuities Segment—Life Insurance (amounts in millions)

				2021					
	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	Full Year
REVENUES:									
Premiums	\$ 50	\$ 62	\$112	\$ 45	\$ 55	\$ 60	\$ 74	\$ 234	\$ (136)
Net investment income	165	164	329	167	166	164	164	661	667
Net investment gains (losses)	(1)	(2)	(3)	1	(7)	2	9	5	74
Policy fees and other income	136	134	270	138	138	133	134	543	567
Total revenues	350	358	708	351	352	359	381	1,443	1,172
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:									
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	197	199	396	181	197	217	203	798	486
Liability remeasurement (gains) losses	7	18	25	(10)	16	4	22	32	109
Interest credited	98	98	196	97	98	96	94	385	373
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	34	36	70	39	40	32	56	167	136
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	_ 36	44	80	45	49	55	_ 57	206	254
Total benefits and expenses	372	395	767	352	400	404	432	1,588	1,358
LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	(22)	(37)	(59)	(1)	(48)	(45)	(51)	(145)	(186)
Benefit for income taxes	(5)	(8)	(13)	(1)	(10)	(10)	(11)	(32)	(40)
LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	(17)	(29)	(46)	_	(38)	(35)	(40)	(113)	(146)
ADJUSTMENTS TO LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS:									
Net investment (gains) losses	1	2	3	(1)	7	(2)	(9)	(5)	(74)
Expenses related to restructuring	_	_	_	(1)	_	_	_	(1)	4
Pension plan termination costs	_	_	—	2	6	—	_	8	_
Taxes on adjustments	(1)		(1)	1	(3)		2		15
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$(17)	\$(27)	\$ (44)	\$ 1	\$ (28)	\$(37)	\$ (47)	\$ (111)	\$ (201)
				=			<u> </u>		
		]							

### Adjusted Operating Income—Life and Annuities Segment—Fixed Annuities (amounts in millions)

	2023					2021			
	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	Full Year
REVENUES:									
Net investment income	\$ 87	\$ 91	\$178	\$ 93	\$ 96	\$ 93	\$108	\$ 390	\$498
Net investment gains (losses)	(5)	(8)	(13)	(4)	(7)	(2)	5	(8)	(2)
Policy fees and other income	2	2	4	1	2	2	2	7	9
Total revenues	84	85	169	90	91	93	115	389	505
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:									
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves <sup>(1)</sup>	35	39	74	37	42	(332)	46	(207)	188
Liability remeasurement (gains) losses	2	(1)	1	(2)	(2)	(3)	2	(5)	25
Changes in fair value of market risk benefits and associated hedges	(4)	8	4	_	(15)	(12)	(13)	(40)	(21)
Interest credited	27	27	54	27	28	29	30	114	133
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals <sup>(1)</sup>	7	8	15	7	7	372	9	395	44
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	4	3	7	4	4	4	4	16	17
Total benefits and expenses	71	84	155	73	64	58	78	273	386
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	13	1	14	17	27	35	37	116	119
Provision for income taxes	3	_	3	4	6	7	8	25	25
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	10	1	11	13	21	28	29	91	94
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS:									
Net investment (gains) losses	5	8	13	4	7	2	(5)	8	2
Changes in fair value of market risk benefits attributable to interest rates, equity markets and							(-)		
associated hedges <sup>(2)</sup>	(5)	8	3	(3)	(14)	(13)	(15)	(45)	(17)
Expenses related to restructuring	_								1
Taxes on adjustments	_	(3)	(3)	_	1	3	4	8	3
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME	\$ 10	\$ 14	\$ 24	\$ 14	\$ 15	\$ 20	\$ 13	\$ 62	\$ 83
<b>V</b>		===							

<sup>(1)</sup> In the second quarter of 2022, the recapture of certain single premium immediate annuity contracts by a third party reduced benefits and other changes in policy reserves by \$374 million and increased acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals, by \$365 million.

### Adjusted Operating Income—Life and Annuities Segment—Variable Annuities (amounts in millions)

		2023			2021				
	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	Full Year
REVENUES:									
Net investment income	\$ 9	\$ 9	\$ 18	\$ 8	\$ 9	\$ 8	\$ 7	\$ 32	\$ 30
Net investment gains (losses)	(1)		(1)	_	(1)	_	_	(1)	2
Policy fees and other income	27	27	54	28	29	29	33	119	142
Total revenues	35	36	71	36	37	37	40	150	174
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:									
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	8	8	16	8	8	7	6	29	14
Changes in fair value of market risk benefits and associated hedges	(15)	9	(6)	(56)	(12)	32	(28)	(64)	(139)
Interest credited	1	1	2	1	2	1	1	5	5
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	10	9	19	8	10	12	12	42	53
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	4	4	8	5	4	4	5	18	20
Total benefits and expenses	8	31	39	(34)	12	56	(4)	30	(47)
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	27	5	32	70	25	(19)	44	120	221
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	5	1	6	14	4	(4)	9	23	45
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	22	4	26	56	21	(15)	35	97	176
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS:									
Net investment (gains) losses	1		1	_	1	_	_	1	(2)
Changes in fair value of market risk benefits attributable to interest rates, equity markets and									` '
associated hedges <sup>(1)</sup>	(18)	6	(12)	(61)	(18)	21	(39)	(97)	(193)
Taxes on adjustments	4	(1)	3	13	3	(4)	8	20	41
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME	\$ 9	\$ 9	\$ 18	\$ 8	\$ 7	\$ 2	\$ 4	\$ 21	\$ 22
		I							
(1) Changes in fair value of market risk benefits and associated hedges were adjusted to exclude	changes ir	reserve	s, attribi	uted fee	s and b	enefit p	ayment	s as rec	onciled
below:	-					-	-		

**Corporate and Other** 

### Adjusted Operating Loss—Corporate and Other<sup>(1)</sup> (amounts in millions)

		2023						
	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
REVENUES:								
Premiums	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$ 4	\$ 1	\$ 2	\$ 1	\$ 2	\$ 6
Net investment income	4	4	8	4	1	—	3	8
Net investment gains (losses)	(3)	(10)	(13)	(21)	4	15	(13)	(15)
Policy fees and other income	<u> </u>				(1)	1		
Total revenues	3	(4)	(1)	(16)	6	17	(8)	(1)
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:								
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	(2)	(3)	(5)		(4)	(4)	(3)	(11)
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	15	16	31	11	11	10	9	41
Interest expense	16	16	32	14	14	13	13	54
Total benefits and expenses	29	29	58	25	21	19	19	84
LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	(26)	(33)	(59)	(41)	(15)	(2)	(27)	(85)
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	(4)	(5)	(9)	(16)	2	3	(5)	(16)
LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	(22)	(28)	(50)	(25)	(17)	(5)	(22)	(69)
ADJUSTMENTS TO LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS:								
Net investment (gains) losses	3	10	13	21	(4)	(15)	13	15
(Gains) losses on early extinguishment of debt	_	(1)	(1)	(1)	3	1	3	6
Expenses related to restructuring	_	4	4	1	_	_	_	1
Taxes on adjustments	(1)	(3)	(4)	(5)		3	(3)	(5)
ADJUSTED OPERATING LOSS	\$(20)	\$(18)	\$(38)	\$ (9)	\$(18)	\$(16)	\$ (9)	\$ (52)

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes inter-segment eliminations and the results of other businesses, including start-up growth initiatives and certain international businesses, that are managed outside the operating segments.

**Additional Financial Data** 

## **Investments Summary** (amounts in millions)

	June 30, 2023		March 31, 2023		December	December 31, 2022		30, 2022	June 30,	2022
	Carrying Amount	% of Total	Carrying Amount	% of Total	Carrying Amount	% of Total	Carrying Amount	% of Total	Carrying Amount	% of Total
Composition of Investment Portfolio										
Fixed maturity securities:										
Investment grade:										
Public fixed maturity securities	\$26,413	43%	\$26,894	44%	\$26,047	43%	\$25,550	43%	\$27,342	43%
Private fixed maturity securities	10,808	18	11,182	18	11,126	19	10,997	18	11,727	19
Residential mortgage-backed securities(1)	935	1	986	2	995	2	1,069	2	1,213	2
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	1,674	3	1,814	3	1,900	3	1,980	3	2,126	3
Other asset-backed securities	2,164 2,343	4	2,113 2,403	3 4	2,117 2,399	3 4	2,139 2,532	4	2,009 2,849	3 5
State and political subdivisions  Non-investment grade fixed maturity securities	1,733	3	1,989	3	1,999	3	2,332 1,948	3	2,849	3
Figuity securities:	1,733	3	1,909	3	1,999	3	1,946	3	2,020	3
Common stocks and mutual funds	326	1	306	1	258	1	204	_	172	_
Preferred stocks	52	_	58	_	61	_	70	_	71	_
Commercial mortgage loans, net	6,852	11	6,891	11	7,010	11	7,063	11	7,065	12
Policy loans	2,270	4	2,133	3	2,139	3	2,153	4	2,178	3
Limited partnerships	2,585	4	2,456	4	2,331	4	2,195	4	2,123	3
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and short-term investments	2,196	3	1,759	3	1,802	3	1,563	3	1,774	3
Other invested assets: Derivatives:										
Interest rate swaps	30	_	42	_	24	_	25	_	30	_
Foreign currency swaps	16	_	17	_	20	_	32	_	17	_
Equity index options	15	_	10	<b>—</b> ,	512		38	-	30	-,
Other	564	_1	541	1	513		493	1	446	1
Total invested assets and cash	\$60,976	100%	\$61,594	100%	\$60,747	100%	\$60,051	100%	\$63,192	100%
Public Fixed Maturity Securities—Credit Quality:										
NRSRO(2) Designation										
AAA	\$ 5,936	19%	\$ 6,112	19%	\$ 6.067	19%	\$ 6,174	20%	\$ 6,713	20%
AA	2,896	9	2,872	9	2,859	9	2,958	9	3,245	10
A	8,597	27	8,699	27	8,398	27	8,278	26	8,886	26
BBB	13,649	43	14,056	43	13,623	43	13,322	43	14,155	42
BB	564	2	786	2	776	2	780	2	846	2
В	23	_	41	_	34	_	33	_	33	_
CCC and lower	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total public fixed maturity securities	\$31,665	100%	\$32,566	100%	\$31,757	100%	\$31,545	100%	\$33,878	100%
Private Fixed Maturity Securities—Credit Quality:		_				_				
NRSRO <sup>(2)</sup> Designation										
AAA	\$ 863	6%	\$ 860	6%	\$ 825	6%	\$ 830	6%	\$ 806	5%
AA	1,416	10	1,422	10	1,421	10	1,407	10	1,421	9
A	4,135	29	4,217	28	4,170	28	4.059	28	4,308	28
BBB	6,845	47	7,154	48	7,221	48	7,239	48	7,732	50
ВВ	1,016	7	1,012	7	1,076	7	1,028	7	1,015	7
В	122	1	150	1	113	1	107	1	120	1
CCC and lower	8	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	6	_
Total private fixed maturity securities	\$14,405	100%	\$14,815	100%	\$14,826	100%	\$14,670	100%	\$15,408	100%
··· 1	====	=	====	=		=		=		=
	1									

<sup>(1)</sup> The company does not have any material exposure to residential mortgage-backed securities collateralized debt obligations (CDOs).

<sup>(2)</sup> Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organizations.

# Fixed Maturity Securities Summary (amounts in millions)

	June 30, 2023		March 3	March 31, 2023		31, 2022	2022 September 30		June 30	30, 2022	
	Fair Value	% of Total	Fair Value	% of Total	Fair Value	% of Total	Fair Value	% of Total	Fair Value	% of Total	
Fixed Maturity Securities - Security Sector:											
U.S. government, agencies and government-sponsored enterprises State and political subdivisions Foreign government U.S. corporate Foreign corporate Residential mortgage-backed securities Commercial mortgage-backed securities Other asset-backed securities Total fixed maturity securities  Corporate Bond Holdings - Industry Sector:	\$ 3,389 2,343 625 27,043 7,838 934 1,690 2,208 \$46,070	7% 5 1 59 17 2 4 5 100%	\$ 3,441 2,403 630 27,872 8,059 985 1,831 2,160 \$47,381	7% 5 1 59 17 2 4 5 100%	\$ 3,341 2,399 645 27,119 8,010 995 1,908 2,166 \$46,583	7% 5 1 59 17 2 4 5 100%	\$ 3,307 2,532 622 26,562 7,947 1,069 1,989 2,187 \$46,215	7% 6 1 58 17 2 4 5 100%	\$ 3,627 2,849 682 28,243 8,482 1,213 2,137 2,053 \$49,286	7% 6 1 58 17 2 5 4 100%	
Investment Grade: Finance and insurance Utilities Energy Consumer - non-cyclical Consumer - cyclical Capital goods Industrial Technology and communications Transportation Other Subtotal Non-Investment Grade:	\$ 8,871 4,653 3,022 4,863 1,558 2,490 1,857 3,599 1,428 973 33,314	26% 14 9 14 4 7 5 10 4 3	\$ 9,149 4,788 2,882 4,998 1,602 2,554 1,944 3,713 1,459 1,022 34,111	26% 13 8 14 4 7 6 10 4 3 95	4,591 2,813 4,872 1,594 2,517 1,863 3,564 1,439 1,048 33,287	26% 13 8 14 5 7 5 10 4 3 95	\$ 8,858 4,476 2,790 4,782 1,557 2,505 1,806 3,481 1,385 1,072 32,712	26% 13 8 14 5 7 5 10 4 3 95	\$ 9,313 4,857 3,043 5,221 1,576 2,677 1,877 3,681 1,465 1,147 34,857	25% 14 8 15 4 7 5 10 4 3 95	
Finance and insurance Utilities Energy Consumer - non-cyclical Consumer - cyclical Capital goods Industrial Technology and communications Transportation Other Subtotal Total  Fixed Maturity Securities - Contractual Maturity Dates:	154 46 228 139 273 172 149 226 35 145 1,567 \$34,881		164 47 407 150 291 178 155 247 37 144 1,820 \$35,931	1 -1 -1 -1  -1   5  100%	153 47 409 151 299 167 152 277 36 151 1,842 \$35,129	1	159 48 399 140 302 158 146 266 35 144 1,797 \$34,509		168 56 431 141 290 146 171 286 29 150 1,868 \$36,725		
Due in one year or less Due after one year through five years Due after five years through ten years Due after ten years Subtotal Mortgage and asset-backed securities Total fixed maturity securities	\$ 1,375 8,000 11,662 20,201 41,238 4,832 \$46,070	3% 17 25 44 89 11 100%	\$ 1,328 8,245 11,746 21,086 42,405 4,976 \$47,381	3% 17 25 44 89 11 100%	\$ 1,234 7,931 11,915 20,434 41,514 5,069 \$46,583	3% 17 26 43 89 11 100%	\$ 1,128 7,856 11,751 20,235 40,970 5,245 \$46,215	2% 17 25 45 89 11 100%	\$ 1,314 7,958 12,765 21,846 43,883 5,403 \$49,286	3% 16 26 44 89 11 100%	

### U.S. GAAP Net Investment Income Yields (amounts in millions)

		2023		2022						
	_2Q_	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total		
U.S. GAAP Net Investment Income										
Fixed maturity securities - taxable	\$ 567	\$ 561	\$1,128	\$ 562	\$ 576	\$ 578	\$ 580	\$2,296		
Fixed maturity securities - non-taxable	1	1	2	1	2	1	1	5		
Equity securities	3	2	5	3	3	2	2	10		
Commercial mortgage loans	75	76	151	81	81	78	81	321		
Policy loans	54	55	109	55	55	51	50	211		
Limited partnerships	17	28	45	22	38	32	7	99		
Other invested assets	70	68	138	71	67	66	63	267		
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and short-term investments	22	18	40	12	7	1		20		
Gross investment income before expenses and fees	809	809	1,618	807	829	809	784	3,229		
Expenses and fees	(24)	(22)	(46)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(20)	(83)		
Net investment income	\$ 785	\$ 787	\$1,572	\$ 787	\$ 808	\$ 787	\$ 764	\$3,146		
Annualized Yields										
Fixed maturity securities—taxable	4.5%	4.4%	4.5%	4.4%	4.5%	4.5%	4.4%	4.5%		
Fixed maturity securities—non-taxable	4.9%	4.6%	4.8%	4.0%	7.1%	3.6%	3.6%	4.7%		
Equity securities	3.2%	2.3%	2.8%	4.0%	4.6%	3.4%	3.7%	4.0%		
Commercial mortgage loans	4.4%	4.4%	4.4%	4.6%	4.6%	4.5%	4.7%	4.6%		
Policy loans	9.8%	10.3%	10.0%	10.3%	10.2%	9.7%	9.8%	10.0%		
Limited partnerships <sup>(1)</sup>	2.7%	4.7%	3.7%	3.9%	7.0%	6.2%	1.4%	4.7%		
Other invested assets <sup>(2)</sup>	50.7%	51.6%	51.2%	56.6%	57.0%	62.6%	64.8%	59.9%		
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and short-term investments	4.5%	4.0%	4.2%	2.9%	1.7%	0.3%	%	1.2%		
Gross investment income before expenses and fees	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.1%	4.9%	4.8%	5.0%		
Expenses and fees	(0.1)%	(0.1)%	(0.1)%	(0.2)%	(0.1)%	(0.1)%	(0.1)%	(0.2)%		
Net investment income	4.9%	4.9%	4.9%	4.8%	5.0%	4.8%	4.7%	4.8%		

Yields are based on net investment income as reported under U.S. GAAP and are consistent with how the company measures its investment performance for management purposes. Yields are annualized, for interim periods, and are calculated as net investment income as a percentage of average quarterly asset carrying values except for fixed maturity securities, derivatives and derivative counterparty collateral, which exclude unrealized fair value adjustments. See page 39 herein for average invested assets and cash used in the yield calculation.

<sup>(1)</sup> Limited partnership investments are primarily equity-based and do not have fixed returns by period.

<sup>(2)</sup> Investment income for other invested assets includes amortization of terminated cash flow hedges, which have no corresponding book value within the yield calculation.

# Net Investment Gains (Losses)—Detail (amounts in millions)

		2023		2022						
	2Q	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total		
Realized investment gains (losses):										
Net realized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities:										
Fixed maturity securities:										
U.S. corporate	\$ (39)	\$ (8)	\$ (47)	\$ (25)	\$ (23)	\$ (2)	\$(12)	\$ (62)		
U.S. government, agencies and government-sponsored enterprises	1	1	2	—	9	—	6	15		
Foreign corporate	1	(3)	(2)	(6)	(7)	(1)	(2)	(16)		
Foreign government	_	(1)	(1)	_	_	_	_	_		
Mortgage-backed securities	(2)	(5)	(7)	(4)	(5)	(1)	—	(10)		
Asset-backed securities	9		9		(1)			(1)		
Total net realized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities	(30)	(16)	(46)	(35)	(27)	(4)	(8)	(74)		
Net realized gains (losses) on equity securities sold	(1)	_	(1)	_	_	_	_	_		
Net realized gains (losses) on limited partnerships	_		_	—	—	_				
Total net realized investment gains (losses)	(31)	(16)	(47)	(35)	(27)	(4)	(8)	(74)		
Net change in allowance for credit losses on available-for-sale fixed maturity securities	11	(15)	(4)			_		_		
Write-down of available-for-sale fixed maturity securities	(1)	_	(1)	_	_	_	(2)	(2)		
Net unrealized gains (losses) on equity securities still held	21	11	32	11	(14)	(26)	(6)	(35)		
Net unrealized gains (losses) on limited partnerships	40	_	40	36	(24)	24	35	71		
Commercial mortgage loans	_	(2)	(2)	1	—	2	1	4		
Derivative instruments	(1)	12	11	(12)	7	18	19	32		
Other		(1)	(1)	(6)		5	3	2		
Net investment gains (losses), gross	39	(11)	28	(5)	(58)	19	42	(2)		
Adjustment for net investment (gains) losses attributable to noncontrolling interests	2		2							
Net investment gains (losses), net	\$ 41	\$(11)	\$ 30	\$ (5)	\$(58)	\$ 19	\$ 42	\$ (2)		

**Reconciliations of Non-GAAP Measures** 

### Reconciliation of Operating ROE (amounts in millions)

Quarterly Average ROE	Three months ended											
U.S. GAAP Basis ROE	June 30, March 31, 2023		December 31, 2022		September 30, 2022		June 30, 2022					
Net income available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders for the period ended <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 13	37 5	\$ 122	\$	381	\$ 1	136	\$ 159				
other comprehensive income (loss) <sup>(2)</sup>			\$10,269 4.8%	\$10,069 15.1%		\$9,8	831 5.5%	\$9,696 6.6%				
Operating ROE												
Adjusted operating income for the period ended <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 8	35	\$ 144	\$	338	\$ 1	158	\$ 153				
other comprehensive income (loss) <sup>(2)</sup>	\$10,30	7 5	\$10,269	\$1	0,069	\$9,8	831	\$9,696				
Annualized Operating Quarterly Basis ROE <sup>(1)/(2)</sup>	3.	.3%	5.6%	)	13.4%		6.4%	6.3%				

#### **Non-GAAP Definition for Operating ROE**

The company references the non-GAAP financial measure entitled "operating return on equity" or "operating ROE." The company defines operating ROE as adjusted operating income (loss) divided by average ending Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) in average ending Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity. Management believes that analysis of operating ROE enhances understanding of the efficiency with which the company deploys its capital. However, operating ROE is not a substitute for net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders divided by average ending Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

<sup>(1)</sup> Net income available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders and adjusted operating income from page 9 herein.

Quarterly average Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), is derived by averaging ending Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income (loss).

### Reconciliation of Consolidated Expense Ratio (amounts in millions)

		2023					2022								
	GAAP Basis Expense Ratio		2Q_	1Q		Total		4Q	4Q 3Q				1Q		Total
(A) (B) (A)/(B)	Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals  Premiums  GAAP Basis Expense Ratio	1 '	226 902 25%		240 915 26%	\$ 40 \$1,8	-	5 225 5 918 259	\$ \$ %	245 929 26%	\$	579 916 63%	\$ \$	236 917 26%	\$1,285 \$3,680 35%
	Adjusted Expense Ratio Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals Less: Reinsurance recapture payment <sup>(1)</sup> Less: Legal settlement expenses <sup>(2)</sup>	\$	226 — 1	\$	240 — 13	\$ 40	56 \$ - 14 _	5 225 — —	\$	245 — 20	\$	579 365 —	\$	236	\$1,285 365 20
<b>(C)</b>	Adjusted acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	\$	225	\$	227	\$ 43	52 \$	3 225	\$	225	\$	214	\$	236	\$ 900
	Premiums	\$	902 166	\$	915 163	\$1,8	17 \$ 29	5 918 167	\$	929 169	\$	916 165	\$	917 170	\$3,680 671
<b>(D)</b>	Adjusted revenues	\$1	,068	\$1	1,078	\$2,1	46 \$	51,085	\$1	,098	\$1	,081	\$1	,087	\$4,351
$(\mathbf{C}) / (\mathbf{D})$	Adjusted expense ratio <sup>(3)</sup>		21%		21%	, <u>'</u>	21%	219	%	20%	6	20%	,	22%	21%

#### Non-GAAP Definition for Adjusted Expense Ratio

The company references the non-GAAP financial measure entitled "adjusted expense ratio" as a measure of its operating performance. The company defines adjusted expense ratio as acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals, less certain reinsurance expenses, less legal settlement expenses incurred in the company's long-term care insurance business divided by the sum of premiums, policy fees and other income. Management believes that the expense ratio analysis enhances understanding of the operating performance of the company. However, the adjusted expense ratio as defined by the company should not be viewed as a substitute for the GAAP basis expense ratio.

<sup>(1)</sup> In the second quarter of 2022, the company paid \$365 million to a third party in connection with the recapture of certain single premium immediate annuity contracts.

<sup>(2)</sup> Estimated pre-tax class action attorney fees incurred in connection with legal settlements in the company's long-term care insurance business. These amounts are accrued in the period the court settlement occurs.

<sup>(3)</sup> In the first quarter of 2022, the company recorded a legal settlement accrual of \$25 million in its life insurance business, which increased the adjusted expense ratio by three percentage points for the three months ended March 31, 2022.

#### **Reconciliation of Reported Yield to Core Yield**

			2023	2022						
	(Assets - amounts in billions)	_2Q_	1Q	Total	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total	
	Reported - Total Invested Assets and Cash	\$61.0	\$61.6	\$ 61.0	\$60.7	\$60.1	\$63.2	\$68.2	\$ 60.7	
	Unrealized gains (losses)	(3.7)	(3.0)	(3.7)	(4.2)	(4.9)	(1.9)	3.0	(4.2)	
	Adjusted end of period invested assets and cash	\$64.7	\$64.6	\$ 64.7	<u>\$64.9</u>	\$65.0	\$65.1	\$65.2	\$ 64.9	
(A)	Average Invested Assets and Cash Used in Reported and Core Yield Calculation	\$64.6	\$64.8	\$ 64.7	\$65.0	\$65.0	\$65.2	\$65.4	\$ 65.2	
	(Income - amounts in millions)									
<b>(B)</b>	Reported - Net Investment Income	\$ 785	\$ 787	\$1,572	\$ 787	\$ 808	\$ 787	\$ 764	\$3,146	
	Bond calls and commercial mortgage loan prepayments	_	2	2	6	6	7	10	29	
	Other non-core items <sup>(1)</sup>	3	1	4	(1)				(1)	
(C)	Core Net Investment Income	\$ 782	\$ 784	\$1,566	<u>\$ 782</u>	\$ 802	\$ 780	\$ 754 ———	\$3,118	
(B) / (A) (C) / (A)	Reported Yield	4.86% 4.84%	4.86% 4.84%	4.86% 4.84%				6 4.67% 6 4.61%		

Note: Yields have been annualized.

#### **Non-GAAP Definition for Core Yield**

The company references the non-GAAP financial measure entitled "core yield" as a measure of investment yield. The company defines core yield as the investment yield adjusted for items that do not reflect the underlying performance of the investment portfolio. Management believes that analysis of core yield enhances understanding of the investment yield of the company. However, core yield is not a substitute for investment yield determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes cost basis adjustments on structured securities and various other immaterial items.