

VALUE FOCUSED PROVEN STRATEGY 02 EARNINGS REVIEW

August 7, 2024

www.ringenergy.com NYSE American: REI



Forward-Looking Statements and Supplemental Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Forward -Looking Statements

This Presentation includes forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. All statements, other than statements of historical fact included in this Presentation, regarding our strategy, future operations, financial position, estimated revenues and losses, projected costs, prospects, guidance, plans and objectives of management are forward-looking statements. When used in this Presentation, the words "could," "may," "will," "believe," "anticipate," "intend," "estimate," "expect," "guidance," "project," "goal," "plan," "potential," "probably," "target" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain such identifying words. These forward-looking statements are based on management's current expectations and assumptions about future events and are based on currently available information as to the outcome and timing of future events. However, whether actual results and developments will conform to expectations is subject to a number of material risks and uncertainties, including but not limited to: declines in oil, natural gas liquids or natural gas prices; the level of success in exploration, development and production activities; adverse weather conditions that may negatively impact development or production activities particularly in the winter; the timing of exploration and development expenditures; inaccuracies of reserve estimates or assumptions underlying them; revisions to reserve estimates as a result of changes in commodity prices; impacts to financial statements as a result of impairment writedowns; risks related to level of indebtedness and periodic redeterminations of the borrowing base and interest rates under the Company's credit facility; Ring's ability to generate sufficient cash flows from operations to meet the internally funded portion of its capital expenditures budget; the impacts of hedging on results of operations; the effects of future regulatory or legislative actions; cost and availability of transportation and storage capacity as a result of oversupply, government regulation or other factors; and Ring's ability to replace oil and natural gas reserves. Such statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties which are disclosed in the Company's reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), including its Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, and its other filings with the SEC. All forward-looking statements in this Presentation are expressly qualified by the cautionary statements and by reference to the underlying assumptions that may prove to be incorrect.

The Company undertakes no obligation to revise these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances that arise after the date hereof, except as required by applicable law. The financial and operating estimates contained in this Presentation represent our reasonable estimates as of the date of this Presentation. Neither our independent auditors nor any other third party has examined, reviewed or compiled the estimates and, accordingly, none of the foregoing expresses an opinion or other form of assurance with respect thereto. The assumptions upon which the estimates are based are described in more detail herein. Some of these assumptions inevitably will not materialize, and unanticipated events may occur that could affect our results. Therefore, our actual results achieved during the periods covered by the estimates will vary from the estimated results. Investors are not to place undue reliance on the estimates included herein.

Supplemental Non-GAAP Financial Measures

This Presentation includes financial measures that are not in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"), such as "Adjusted Net Income," "Adjusted EBITDA," "PV-10," "Adjusted Free Cash Flow" or "AFCF," "Adjusted Cash Flow from Operations" or "ACFFO," "Cash Return on Capital Employed" or "CROCE," "Leverage Ratio," "Allin Cash Operating Costs," and "Cash Operating Margin." While management believes that such measures are useful for investors, they should not be used as a replacement for financial measures that are in accordance with GAAP. For definitions of such non-GAAP financial measures and their reconciliations to GAAP measures, please see the Appendix.

Ring Energy - Independent Oil & Gas Company



Focused on **Conventional Permian** Assets in **Texas**



Q2 2024 Net Production ~19,786 Boe/d (69% oil and 86% liquids)



2023 SEC Proved Reserves^{1,2} 129.8 MMBoe/ PV10 ~\$1.65 Billion Proved Developed ~68%



Permian Basin Gross / Net Acres³ 96,127 / 80,535 450+ Proved Locations³



High Operational Ownership ~98% Operated WI ~81% Oil NRI ~85% Gas NRI

1. SEC Proved Reserves as of 12/31/2023 utilizing SEC prices, YE 2023 SEC Pricing Oil \$74.70 per bbl Gas \$2.64 per Mc.f.

 2. PV-10 is a Non-GAAP financial measure. See Appendix for reconciliation to GAAP measure.
 3. Includes all acreage and locations as of year-end 2023 operated and non-operated across "PDNP" and "PUD" reserve categories and project types.



Delivering Value YTD 2024

Key Takeaways - Upgraded Portfolio and Efficient Execution Drove Results



Adding Size and Scale

Upgraded portfolio helped drive YTD performance; exceeded high end of guidance¹ on oil sales volumes by 2% and total sales by 4%



Operational Excellence

Lowering cost structure YTD; LOE per Boe and Capex came in below the midpoint of guidance¹ by 3% and 10%, respectively



19 consecutive qtrs. generating positive AFCF; increased Adj EBITDA by 15% and AFCF by 60% as compared to 1H'23



Enhancing the Balance Sheet

3 Year Track record of improving balance sheet; Q2 leverage ratio of 1.59x is a 3% reduction from a year ago and nearly 2 turns lower than Q2 2021



Clear sight to reduce debt and leverage ratio by executing disciplined organic capital program focused on maximizing FCF Continued growth through balance sheet enhancing accretive acquisitions that help achieve the size and scale necessary to position the Company to return capital to stockholders

Positioning the Company to Return Capital to Stockholders

- 1. Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Free Cash Flow (AFCF) are Non-GAAP financial measures. See Appendix for reconciliation to GAAP measures.
- 2. Guidance is original guidance provided on May 6, 2024.



2024 Q2 Highlights

Improved Portfolio Leads to Superior Results





1. Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Free Cash Flow are Non-GAAP financial measures. See Appendix for reconciliation to GAAP measures.

2. Total Operating costs is defined as all "cash" costs including LOE, cash G&A, interest expense, workovers and other operating expenses, production taxes, ad valorem taxes, and gathering/transportation costs on a \$ per Boe basis.

3. Leverage Ratio is defined in Appendix.

Company Record

4. Liquidity is defined as cash and cash equivalents plus borrowing base availability under the Company's credit agreement.

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Improved Outlook - Updated Guidance Q3 & FY 2024

Continue to Grow Oil Production, Disciplined Capex Spend, Optimize FCF, Pay Down Debt

Sales Volumes	Q3 2024	FY 2024 Updated	FY 2024 Original	FY % Diff
Total (Bo/d)	13,200 - 13,800	13,200 - 13,800	12,600 - 13,300	
Mid Point (Bo/d)	13,500	13,500	12,950	+4%
Total (Boe/d)	19,000 - 19,800	19,000 - 19,800	18,000 - 19,000	
Mid Point (Boe/d)	19,400	19,400	18,500	+5%
- Oil (%)	~70%	~70%	~70%	
- NGLs (%)	~16%	~16%	~15%	
- Gas (%)	~14%	~14%	~15%	
Capital Program				
Capital spending ¹ (millions)	\$35 - \$45	\$141 - \$161	\$135 - \$175	
Mid Point (millions)	\$40	\$151	\$155	-3%
- New Hz wells drilled	7 - 8	19 - 23	18 - 24	
- New Vertical wells drilled	6 - 7	22 - 25	20 - 30	
- Wells completed and online	11 - 12	41 - 48	38 - 54	
Operating Expenses				
LOE (per Boe)	\$10.50 - \$11.25	\$10.50 - \$11.25	\$10.50 - \$11.50	-1%

1. In addition to Company-directed drilling and completion activities, the capital spending outlook includes funds for targeted well recompletions, capital workovers, infrastructure upgrades, and well reactivations. Also included is anticipated spending for leasing acreage, and non-operated drilling, completion, and capital workovers.



Positioned for Success in 2024 & Beyond



Updated Outlook





Enhanced Value for Stockholders YTD 2024



Executing Strategy Improves Metrics - Increased Production, Stable Operating Costs, and Enhanced FCF per Boe



1. See Appendix for calculation of All-in Cash Operating Costs.

2. Adjusted Free Cash Flow (\$/Boe) is Adjusted Free Cash Flow divided by total Boe in the period.

Continue Enhancing Value for Stockholders YTD 2024



Executing Strategy Improves Key Cash Flow Metrics Versus a Year Ago



1. Adjusted Cash Flow from Operations (ACFFO), Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted FCF are Non-GAAP financial measures. See Appendix for reconciliation to GAAP measures.

Distinguishing Attributes: Low PDP Base Decline



Ring's **Conventional Assets** have Shallow Base Decline Versus Other Permian & Shale Players



1. Source: Enverus as of 7/31/2024, using ENVERUS base decline model function. The declines are all yearly declines using Apr/May 2024 as starting period for each company selected (by any size) includes: Civitas, Devon, Diamondback, Magnolia, Ovintiv, Permian Resources, Riley Permian, SM Energy (Midland) and Vital Energy.

Distinguishing Attributes: Low Capital Intensity

Ring's Conventional Assets Provide Low D&C Capital Intensity Ratio Versus Other Permian & Shale Players

Capital Intensity Ratio: 2024E D&C Only Capex / 2024E Annual Oil Production (\$/Bo)



Source: Enverus, Public filings/market data, factset as of 4/30/2024. Each company selected (by any size) includes: Civitas, Devon, Diamondback, Magnolia, Ovintiv, Permian Resources, Riley Permian, SM Energy (Midland) and Vital Energy.

Distinguishing Attributes: Long Life Reserves & Oil %

Ring's Conventional Assets have Extended Reserve Life and are Oily Versus Peers of Similar Size^{1,2}

Reserve Life: YE 2023 SEC Proved Reserves / Q4'23 Annualized Production





Peers based on similar size sub \$2B market cap and include: Amplify Energy, Berry Corporation, Crescent Energy, Riley Permian, SilverBow Resources, Vital Energy, TXO Partners and W&T Offshore.
 Source information for data obtained from Peer Reports and Factset as of 5/1/24.

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Distinguishing Attributes: High Operating Margins



Ring's **Conventional Assets** with High Netbacks Drive Strong Cash Operating Margins vs. Peers^{1,2}



Operational Excellence and Cost Control Drive Profitability

- **High oil weighting of ~70%** (85% mix of oil + liquids) contributes to high realized pricing per Boe
- Low cash operating costs and maintaining cost discipline drive margin expansion
- Generating **over \$30 per Boe in margin** in 2023 demonstrates strength of **long-life asset base**
- **Strong cash operating margins** allow the Company to withstand volatile commodity price swings
- Robust margins lead to increased cash flow, debt reduction and stronger returns

"Improving operational margins leads to higher returns...pursuing strategic acquisitions of high margin assets leads to sustainable higher returns " - Paul McKinney

1. Peers include: Amplify Energy, Berry Corporation, Crescent Energy, Mach Natural Resources, Riley Permian, SilverBow Resources, Vital Energy, TXO Partners and W&T Offshore.

2. Source information for data obtained from Peer Reports and Capital IQ and Factset as of 7/1/2024.

3. Cash Operating Margins is defined as revenues (excluding hedges) less LOE, cash G&A (excluding share-based compensation), interest expense, workovers and other operating expenses, production taxes, ad valorem taxes and gathering/transportation costs.

Outperforming YTD 2024 Stock Performance



Underlying Value and Operational Performance has Driven YTD Stock Performance



Outperforming Peers and Market YTD: **REI Distinguishing Drivers**

- Oil Weighted
- Low PDP Base Decline
- Low Capital Intensity
- Long Life Reserves
- High Netbacks
- High Operating Margins

The Company's **unique characteristics** provide the backdrop for additional upside as **Ring continues to execute its proven strategy**

1. Year to date stock performance is as of July 31, 2024.

2. Peers include: Amplify Energy, Berry Corporation, Crescent Energy, Riley Permian, SilverBow Resources, Vital Energy, TXO Partners and W&T Offshore.

Permian Basin - Conventional Opportunities



Acquisition Strategy - Focus on Lower Cost CBP & NWS to Grow



- Central Basin Platform (CBP) remains the underexplored opportunity of the Shale Era in Permian Basin
- Other Conventional Shelf opportunities suit Ring Energy's deep bench of technical talent
- M&A wave of conventional assets coming with divestitures from majors and large independents
- Lower costs, shallower declines and less public E&P competition sets the stage for accretive acquisitions
- We view the significant NWS and CBP production as an opportunity of potential targets for growth

79% 59% 59% 64% 63% 67% 68% 76% 81% 44% 93% 39% 60% 64% 71% 71% 74% 39% 56% 95% 86% 70% 73% 65% 78% 73% 95% 77% 62% 90% 59% 57% 76% 55% 85% 61% 99% 53% 87% 59% % Oil % Oil 146

 The Prize in CBP & NWS is... ~ 480,000 Boepd (G) 71% Oil

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Source: Enverus, July 31, 2024. Companies include APA, Basa Resources, Basin Oil, Blackbeard, Boyd & McWilliams, Browning, BTA Oil, Burk, Burnett, Citation, CRGY, CVX, Elevation, Extex, Formentera, Kinder Morgan, Lime Rock, Longfellow, Mack Energy, Maverick, Montare, Morningstar, MRO, OXY, REPX, Sabinal, Saddleback, Scout Energy, Silverback, Southwest Royalties, Spur, Steward, Sundown, Texland, Three Span, Two P Partners, XOM and Zarvona.

Value Proposition 2024 and Beyond







Despite volatile energy markets, Ring has **generated positive FCF** for 19 quarters straight

Delivering competitive returns to larger peers yet trading at a discount.

Strong Cash Operating margins help **deliver superior results** & helps manage risk in market downturns

Disciplined capital program focused on slightly increasing oil production, and **maximizing FCF** generation leads to further debt reduction

Pursuing accretive, **balance sheet enhancing acquisitions** to increase scale, lower break-even costs, build inventory and accelerate ability to pay down debt

Target **leverage ratio below 1.0x** and position Ring to **return capital to stockholders**



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Track Record of Growth

Expanding Core Areas in NWS & CBP

Acquisition Track Record

- Since 2018, Ring has successfully grown production by a ~22% CAGR¹ through 2024E.
- Founders Acquisition added accretive near-term cash flows combined with 5+ years of high return drilling inventory assuming 10 wells drilled per year
- Recent acquisitions have significantly **increased size & scale**, positioning the Company for future transactions
- Ring's Value Focused Proven Strategy pursuing accretive, balance sheet enhancing acquisitions is a key component of our future growth





1 CAGR is compounded annualized growth rate.

- 2 Acquired proved reserves for each of the transactions listed are based on the price forecasts reported as of the time the acquisition was announced.
- 3 Arithmetic sum, or average, as the case may be, of the three acquisitions.
- 4 Acquisition price at announcement including stock value at announcement.

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Historical Metrics

Quarterly Analysis of AFCF¹

Leverage Ratio (LTM)²



Disciplined and Efficient Capital Spending Focused on Sustainably Generating AFCF Enhances Our Unrelenting Goal to Strengthen the Balance Sheet

1. Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Free Cash Flow are Non-GAAP financial measures. See Appendix for reconciliation to GAAP measures.

See Appendix for reconciliation. The Q3 2023 Leverage Ratio of 1.69x included \$11.9 million deferred cash payment paid in December 2023 for the Founders Acquisition. Excluding the deferred payment in the calculation results in a Leverage Ratio of 1.64x.
 Net Interest Expense included in table is interest expense net of interest income and excludes deferred financing costs amortization.



Reducing Debt & Increasing Liquidity



Disciplined Capital Spending & Sustainably Generating AFCF



1. Paydown of \$17 million is net of the \$182 million that was borrowed to fund the Stronghold acquisition.

2. Paydown of \$19 million is net of the \$50 million that was borrowed to fund the Founders acquisition.

3. Liquidity is defined as cash and cash equivalents plus available borrowings under Ring's credit agreement.

Liquidity³ (\$ Million)





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Assets Overview



Core Assets in NWS & CBP

	Q2 2024
Net Production (MBoe/d)	~19.8
NWS (70% oil) CBP (68% oil)	~8.0 ~11.8
LOE (\$ per Boe)	\$10.72
Capex (\$MM)	\$35.4
YE23 PD Reserves ¹ PV10 (\$MM)	\$1,263
YE23 PD Reserves ¹ (MMBoe)	88
YE23 PUD Reserves ¹ PV10 (\$MM)	\$384
YE23 PUD Reserves ¹ (MMBoe)	42

1. Reserves as of 12/31/23 utilizing SEC prices, YE 2023 SEC Pricing Oil \$74.70 per bbl and Gas \$2.64 per Mcf, PV-10 is a Non-GAAP financial measure. See Appendix for reconciliation to GAAP measure.



Committed to ESG

Critical to Sustainable Success



Progressing our ESG Journey

- Created ESG Task Force in 2021 to monitor Company's adherence to ESG standards and formally communicate to CEO and the Board on ongoing basis.
- Established **Target Zero 365 (TZ-365)** Safety & Environmental Initiative in 2021 to further build culture for employees to work safely, openly communicate incidents, near misses, and strive for continuous improvement.
 - Designed to protect workforce, environment, communities and financial sustainability.
 - Focused on **Safety-first** environment and achieving high percentage of **Target Zero Days.**
- 2024 Capital Program includes **Emission Reduction** plans with:
 - Upgrades of Tank Vent Control Systems including High and Low pressure Flares.
 - Upgrades of vessel controls to **eliminate pneumatic devices** and/or **convert to non-vent controls**.
 - Establishing Leak Detection and Repair program.
- Refreshed all charters, guidelines and bylaws.
- Increased charitable giving and employee outreach within the communities in which we live and work.



A Target Zero Day is a Day that Results in:



Zero Company or Contractor OSHA Recordable Injury, and



Zero Agency Reportable Spill or Release as Defined by TRRC, EPA, TCEQ, etc., and



Zero Preventable Vehicle Incidents, and



Zero H2S Alarms of 10PPM or Greater



2024 Q2 Operations Update

Historical Quarterly Net Sales Production



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Proved Reserves¹ and Inventory



SEC YE 2023



Significant Increase in Proved Reserves and Inventory from Stronghold & Founders Acquisitions Provides Sustainable Future Growth and Capital Allocation Flexibility

1. Reserves as of December 31, 2023 utilizing SEC prices, YE 2023 SEC Pricing Oil \$74.70 per bbl Gas \$2.64 per Mcf. 3. Includes all locations operated and non-operated across "PDNP" and "PUD" reserve categories and project types. 2. PV-10 is a Non-GAAP financial measure. See Appendix for reconciliation to GAAP measure.

4. Based on Q4 2023 annualized production rate.

Assets Overview



Deep Inventory of High-Return Drilling and Re-Completion Locations

Se	lect Rec	ent New	Drill Vertical Well Re	esults			Basin Northwest Shelf		YOA		RRY			ect Rece orthwes		Drill Horizontal Well Re	esults			
		asin Plat					Delaware CBP			×				Geological Region	Area	Well Name	Peak IP 30 / 60 (Boepd)	Oil (%)	Lateral Length (ft)	WI (%)
	Geological	Area	Well Name	Peak IP 30 / 60	Oil	WI (%)	Midland					<u> </u>		NWS	Platang	Cowboy Joe 708 4XH ²	505	84%	7041	95%
	Region			(Boepd)	(%)									NWS	Platang	Longhorn 708 3XH ²	432	80%	7735	75%
	CBP	PJ Lea	PJ Lea #3907M ^{1,2}	186	75%	100%			_ G/	AINES		D		NWS	Platang	Boomer 727 B 2XH ²	288	76%	7628	100%
	CBP	PJ Lea	PJ Lea #4701M ^{1,2}	211	80%	100%							2023	NWS	Platang	Longhorn 708 15XH ²	459	81%	7735	75%
2023	CBP	PJ Lea	PJ Lea #4006M ^{1,2}	239	77%	100%		۱ I		Щ.				NWS	Platang	Reveille 644 B #2H ²	304	88%	5053	100%
3	CBP	PJ Lea	PJ Lea #4007M ^{1,2}	276	82%	100%				5				NWS	Platang	Wishbone Farms 710 #4H ²	451	86%	4463	75%
	CBP	PJ Lea	PJ Lea #3910M ^{1,2}	214	73%	100%								NWS	Sable	Freddy Falcon 360 3H ²	232	93%	4882	100%
	CBP	PJ Lea	PJ Lea #4008M ^{1,2}	210	81%	100%							2024	NWS	Platang	Matador 646 B #4H ²	450	90%	5048	100%
	CBP	PJ Lea	PJ Lea #3909M ^{1,2}	287	81%	100%							20	NWS	Platang	Matador 646 C #2H ²	326	91%	5064	100%
2024	CBP	PJ Lea	PJ Lea #3912M ^{1,2}	275	80%	100%				N		M/								
20	CBP	Penwell	Scharbauer C NW #103 ^{1,2}	342	76%	100%							Sel	ect Rece	ent New I	Drill Horizontal Well Re	esults			
	CBP	Penwell	Scharbauer C #301 ^{1,2}	178	84%	100%				ANDREWS			- C	entral R	asin Platf	orm				
	CBP	Penwell			0.001	100%							<u> </u>			01111				
		1 CHWCH	Millard D #104 ^{1,2}	299	86%	100%						_								
	lect Rece		ompletion Well Res		86%	100%								Geological Region	Area	Well Name	Peak IP 30 / 60 (Boepd)	Oil (%)	Lateral Length (ft)	WI (%)
	lect Rece	ent Re-C	ompletion Well Res	ults	86%	100%	LOVING	WINK	LER	ECTOR				Region	Area Shafter Lake	Well Name Zena WP 2XH ²	30 / 60		Length	WI (%) 100%
	lect Rece	ent Re-Co asin Plat	ompletion Well Rest form	oults Peak IP	86% Oil		LOVING	WINK	LER	ECTOR	MID		23	Region CBP	Shafter Lake		30 / 60 (Boepd)	(%)	Length (ft)	
	lect Rece Central B	ent Re-C	ompletion Well Res	Peak IP 60	Oil (%)	100% WI (%)	LOVING	WINK	(LER	ECTOR	MIC	DLAI	2023	Region CBP CBP	Shafter Lake Shafter Lake	Zena WP 2XH ²	30 / 60 (Boepd) 228	(%) 88%	Length (ft) 7730	100%
- C	lect Rece Central B Geological Region	ent Re-Co asin Plat Area	ompletion Well Rest form Well Name	Peak IP 60 (Boepd)	Oil (%)	WI (%)	LOVING	WINK	(LER	ECTOR	MID	DLA	2023	Region CBP CBP CBP	Shafter Lake Shafter Lake	Zena WP 2XH ² University Block 14 Cons. #2501XH ²	30 / 60 (Boepd) 228 279	(%) 88% 87%	Length (ft) 7730 7387	100% 100%
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60 day production data.

Assets Overview

New Drill Inventory Performance



Consistent HZ Well Performance San Andres Horizontal Play ¹ **Consistent Vertical Well Performance** CBP Vertical Multi-Stacked Play ²







1. San Andres Horizontal includes the Average well Performance for the Peak 90 days (Gross BOE) for development wells in both the CBP & NWS area each year included 2020-2022 (40) and 2023-2024 (18). Excludes step out wells.

2. CBP Vertical Multi Stacked Pay Horizontal includes the Average well Performance for the First 90 days (Gross BOE) for development wells in Southern CBP 2020-2022 (35) and 2023-2024 (17). Excludes step out wells.

San Andres Horizontal Play Characteristics



Proven, Conventional, Top Tier Returns

	San Andres Hz	Delaware Hz	Midland Hz
High ROR Oil Play	✓	✓	\checkmark
Low D&C Costs	✓		
Lower 1 st Year Decline	✓		
Low Lease Acquisition Cost	✓		
Long life wells	✓		
Oil IPs >750 Bbl/d		✓	\checkmark
Multiple Benches		✓	✓
> 85% Oil	✓		
\$30-35/Bbl D&C Break-even ²	✓		

1. D&C capex range is for both 1.0 & 1.5 mile laterals and includes inflation adjustments.

2. Break-even costs is for core inventory in NWS & CBP horizontal asset areas. The range in break-even based on 1H'24 capex spend and depends on lateral length, asset area, completion and artificial lift type.

Vertical Multi-Stacked Pay Characteristics



Proven, Conventional, Top Tier Returns

	CBP Vt Stack & Frac	Delaware Hz	Midland Hz
High ROR Oil Play	✓	\checkmark	\checkmark
Low D&C Costs	✓		
Lower 1 st Year Decline	✓		
Low Lease Acquisition Cost	✓		
Long life wells	✓		
Oil IPs >750 Bbl/d		\checkmark	\checkmark
Multiple Benches	✓	\checkmark	\checkmark
High NRI's	✓		
\$35-\$40/Bbl D&C Break-even ²	✓		

- Central Basin Platform has produced >15 BBboe
 - Vertical multi-stage fracs targeting legacy reservoirs that have been productive throughout the basin (Clearfork to Wolfcamp)
- Low D&C costs¹ \$1.2 \$1.9 MM per well
- Targeted Vertical completion depths of ~4,000-7,000'
- Typical oil column of 1,000-1,500'
- Life >30+ years
- Initial peak oil rates of 150 - 400 Bbl/d
- Higher primary recovery than shales
- Potential for waterflood and CO₂ flood

1. D&C capex range accounts for variable completion intervals and includes inflation adjustments.

2. Break-even costs is for core inventory in CBP S vertical asset areas. The range in break-even based on 1H'24 capex spend and depends on lateral length, asset area, completion and artificial lift type.



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Enhanced Value for Stockholders in 2023 Continued...



Track Record of Improving Corporate Returns



Strong CROCE %

- Disciplined and successful capital program driving returns
- Shallower declining production base contributes to higher returns
- **High quality** inventory together with operating proficiency and efficient execution on capital program led to increased profitability
- Multiple asset core areas in NWS & CBP with existing infrastructure provide diverse inventory of high return, low cost horizontals and verticals providing flexibility to react to volatile market conditions and ability to maximize AFCF generation

1. The Company defines "CROCE" as Adjusted Cash Flow from Operations divided by average debt and shareholder equity for the period.

REI Historical Price Performance¹



Price Performance Since January 1, 2022



1. Source: Factset as of 7/31/2024.

Experienced Management Team



Shared Vision with a Track Record of Success



Board of Directors

Accomplished and Diversified Experience



Chairman & Chief

Executive Officer

- 40+ years of domestic & international oil & gas industry experience
- Executive & board roles include CEO, President, COO, Region VP and public & private board directorships





- John A. Crum Independent Director
- 45+ years of domestic & international oil & gas industry experience Extensive executive roles including
 - CEO, President & COO, and multiple public & private board chairs & directorships





Thomas L. Mitchell Independent Director



- 24+ years of oil & gas industry, • finance & capital markets experience
- Wide range of operations, engineering, financial and capital markets roles and experience including Managing Director and numerous Board Director positions

WARBURG PINCUS Kayne Anderson Capital Advisors, L.P. NSA. ARCO 💠

Regina Roesener

Independent

Director

- 35+ years of domestic & international oil & gas industry experience
- Executive & board roles include CFO, VP Accounting, Controller and public & private board directorships







- 43+ years of banking, capital markets, governance & financial experience
 - Executive and Board positions include CEO, President, multiple board chairs & directorships





Richard E. Harris Independent Director

- 40+ years of experience across multiple industries
- Executive positions in oil & gas, industrial equipment, and technology including CIO, Treasurer, Finance and **Business Development**



- 35+ years of banking, capital markets, governance & financial experience
 - Executive and Board positions including COO, director and Board Director positions

🕂 NTB FINANCIAI







MIDSTATES

Financial Overview

Derivative Summary as of June 30, 2024



								Oil Hedg	ges ('	WTI)						
	C	3 2024	0	Q4 2024	C	1 2025	C	22 2025	Q	3 2025	C	4 2025	Q	1 2026	C	2 2026
Swaps:																
Hedged volume (Bbl)		282,900		368,000		71,897		52,063		265,517		64,555		449,350		432,701
Weighted average swap price	\$	65.49	\$	68.43	\$	72.03	\$	72.03	\$	72.94	\$	72.03	\$	70.38	\$	69.53
Deferred premium puts:																
Hedged volume (Bbl)		125,070		88,405		_		_		_		_		_		_
Weighted average strike price	\$	75.00	\$	75.00	\$	_	\$	—	\$	—	\$	—	\$	—	\$	_
Weighted average deferred premium price	\$	2.61	\$	2.61	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Two-way collars:																
Hedged volume (Bbl)		230,000		128,800		474,750		464,100		225,400		404,800		_		_
Weighted average put price	\$	64.00	\$	60.00	\$	57.06	\$	60.00	\$	65.00	\$	60.00	\$	_	\$	
Weighted average call price	\$	76.50	\$	73.24	\$	75.82	\$	69.85	\$	78.91	\$	75.68	\$	_	\$	_

						C	Dil H	edges (ba	sis di	ifferentia	l)					
	C	3 2024	(Q4 2024	(Q1 2025	C	2 2025	Q	3 2025	C	Q4 2025	Q	1 2026	Q2 2	2026
Argus basis swaps:																
Hedged volume (Bbl)		244,000		368,000		270,000		273,000	2	276,000		276,000		—		_
Weighted average spread price (1)	\$	1.15	\$	1.15	\$	1.00	\$	1.00	\$	1.00	\$	1.00	\$	_	\$	

(1) The oil basis swap hedges are calculated as the fixed price (weighted average spread price above) less the difference between WTI Midland and WTI Cushing, in the issue of Argus Americas Crude.

	Q3	2024	Q4	2024	Q1	1 2025	Q2	2 2025	Q3	3 2025	Q4 2	2025	Q1 :	2026	Q	2 2026
NYMEX Swaps:																
Hedged volume (MMBtu)	3	86,350	6!	53,100	6	616,199	5	594,400	2	289,550		_		_	ţ	532,500
Weighted average swap price	\$	3.55	\$	4.43	\$	3.78	\$	3.43	\$	3.72	\$	_	\$	—	\$	3.38
Two-way collars:																

Gas Hedges (Henry Hub)

Hedged volume (MMBtu)	3	87,350	27,600	33,401	27,300	3	08,200	5	98,000	5	53,500	_
Weighted average put price	\$	3.94	\$ 3.00	\$ 3.00	\$ 3.00	\$	3.00	\$	3.00	\$	3.50	\$ —
Weighted average call price	\$	6.17	\$ 4.15	\$ 4.39	\$ 4.15	\$	4.75	\$	4.15	\$	5.03	\$ _



Income Statement and Operational Stats



Income Statement

	1	(Unaudi hree Month		d		Six Mont	ths Ended		
	June 30,	March	31,	June 30,		June 30,	June 30,		
	2024	2024		2023		2024	2023		
Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Revenues	\$ 99,139,349	\$ 94,50	3,136	\$ 79,348,57	73 \$	193,642,485	\$ 167,431,48		
Costs and Operating Expenses									
Lease operating expenses	19,309,017	18,36	0,434	15,938,10)6	37,669,451	33,410,79		
Gathering, transportation and processing costs	107,629	16	6,054	(1,63	32)	273,683	(2,45		
Ad valorem taxes	1,337,276	2,14	5,631	1,670,34	13	3,482,907	3,340,95		
Oil and natural gas production taxes	3,627,264	4,42	8,303	4,012,13	39	8,055,567	8,420,27		
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	24,699,421		2,450	20,792,93		48,491,871	42,064,60		
Asset retirement obligation accretion	352,184		0,834	353,87		703,018	719,72		
Operating lease expense	175,090		5,091	115,35		350,181	228,49		
General and administrative expense (including share- based compensation)	7,713,534	7,46	9,222	6,810,24	13	15,182,756	13,940,38		
Total Costs and Operating Expenses	57,321,415	56,88	8,019	49,691,36	62	114,209,434	102,122,77		
Income from Operations	41,817,934	37,61	5,117	29,657,2	1	79,433,051	65,308,70		
Other Income (Expense)									
Interest income	144,933	7	8,544	79,74	15	223,477	79,74		
Interest (expense)	(10,946,127)	(11,49	8,944)	(10,550,80)7)	(22,445,071)	(20,941,08		
Gain (loss) on derivative contracts	(1,828,599)	(19,01	4,495)	3,264,66	50	(20,843,094)	12,739,56		
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets	51,338		8,355	(132,10		89,693	(132,10		
Other income	_	2	5,686	116,6	10	25,686	126,21		
Net Other Income (Expense)	(12,578,455)	(30,37	0,854)	(7,221,90)1)	(42,949,309)	(8,127,67		
Income Before Benefit from (Provision for) Income Taxes	29,239,479	7,24	4,263	22,435,37	10	36,483,742	57,181,03		
Benefit from (Provision for) Income Taxes	(6,820,485)	(1,72	8,886)	6,356,29	95	(8,549,371)	4,326,35		
Net Income	\$ 22,418,994	\$ 5,51	5,377	\$ 28,791,60)5 \$	27,934,371	\$ 61,507,38		
Basic Earnings per Share	\$ 0.11	\$	0.03	\$ 0.1	15 \$	0.14	\$ 0.3		
Diluted Earnings per Share	\$ 0.11	\$	0.03	\$ 0.1			\$ 0.3		
Basic Weighted-Average Shares Outstanding	197,976,721	197,38	9.782	193,077,85	59	197,684,638	185,545,77		
	200,428,813	199,30	-,	,,,	33	199,845,512	193,023,96		

Operational Stats

			(Unaudited) e Months Ende	ed		 Six Month	onths Ended		
	June 30,		March 31,		June 30,	June 30,		June 30,	
	2024		2024		2023	2024		2023	
Net sales volumes:									
Oil (Bbls)	1,239,73		1,218,837		1,079,379	2,458,568		2,218,792	
Natural gas (Mcf)	1,538,34		1,496,507		1,557,545	3,034,854		3,158,952	
Natural gas liquids (Bbls)	304,44		263,802		232,698	568,250		472,690	
Total oil, natural gas and natural gas liquids (Boe) ⁽¹⁾	1,800,57	0	1,732,057		1,571,668	3,532,627		3,217,974	
% Oil	69	%	70 %		69 %	70 %		69 %	
% Natural Gas	14	%	15 %		16 %	14 %		16 %	
% Natural Gas Liquids	17	%	15 %		15 %	16 %		15 %	
Average daily sales volumes:									
Oil (Bbls/d)	13,62	3	13,394		11,861	13,509		12,259	
Natural gas (Mcf/d)	16,90	5	16,445		17,116	16,675		17,453	
Natural gas liquids (Bbls/d)	3,34	6	2,899		2,557	3,122		2,612	
Average daily equivalent sales (Boe/d)	19,78	6	19,034		17,271	19,410		17,779	
Average realized sales prices:									
Oil (\$/Bbl)	\$ 80.0	9 \$	75.72	\$	72.30	\$ 77.93	\$	72.85	
Natural gas (\$/Mcf)	(1.9	3)	(0.55)		(0.71)	(1.25)		(0.01)	
Natural gas liquids (\$/Bbls)	9.2	7	11.47		10.35	10.29		12.35	
Barrel of oil equivalent (\$/Boe)	\$ 55.0	6 \$	54.56	\$	50.49	\$ 54.82	\$	52.03	
Average costs and expenses per Boe (\$/Boe):									
Lease operating expenses	\$ 10.7	2 \$	10.60	\$	10.14	\$ 10.66	\$	10.38	
Gathering, transportation and processing costs	0.0		0.10		—	0.08		—	
Ad valorem taxes	0.7	4	1.24		1.06	0.99		1.04	
Oil and natural gas production taxes	2.0	1	2.56		2.55	2.28		2.62	
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	13.7	2	13.74		13.23	13.73		13.07	
Asset retirement obligation accretion	0.2)	0.20		0.23	0.20		0.22	
Operating lease expense	0.1	C	0.10		0.07	0.10		0.07	
General and administrative expense (including share-based compensation)	4.2	3	4.31		4.33	4.30		4.33	
G&A (excluding share-based compensation)	3.1	3	3.32		2.89	3.22		3.03	
G&A (excluding share-based compensation and transaction costs)	3.1	3	3.32		2.75	3.22		2.96	

(1) Boe is determined using the ratio of six Mcf of natural gas to one Bbl of oil (totals may not compute due to rounding.) The conversion ratio does not assume price equivalency and the price on an equivalent basis for oil, natural gas, and natural gas liquids may differ significantly.

		(Unaudited)		
Balance Sheet		June 30, 2024	Dec	cember 31, 2023
ASSETS	_	00110 00, 2024		
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,178,812	\$	296,384
Accounts receivable	Ŷ	41,578,158	Ŧ	38,965,002
Joint interest billing receivables, net		1,698,453		2,422,274
Derivative assets		3,369,762		6,215,374
Inventory		5,776,398		6,136,935
Prepaid expenses and other assets		2,622,425		1,874,850
Total Current Assets		56.224.008		55,910,819
Properties and Equipment		00,22 1,000		00,010,010
Oil and natural gas properties, full cost method		1,735,534,624		1,663,548,249
Financing lease asset subject to depreciation		4,192,099		3,896,316
Fixed assets subject to depreciation		3,355,968		3,228,793
Total Properties and Equipment		1,743,082,691		1,670,673,358
Accumulated depreciation, depletion and amortization		(425,424,564)		(377,252,572)
Net Properties and Equipment		1,317,658,127		1,293,420,786
Operating lease asset		2,206,218		2,499,592
Derivative assets Deferred financing costs		3,032,562		11,634,714
5	¢	10,632,970	¢	13,030,481
Total Assets	\$	1,389,753,885	\$	1,376,496,392
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	90,014,041	\$	104,064,124
Income tax liability	Ψ	182,805	Ψ	104,004,124
Financing lease liability		948,283		956,254
Operating lease liability		622,694		568,176
		,		
Derivative liabilities		18,114,594		7,520,336
Notes payable		1,355,795		533,734
Asset retirement obligations		165,720		165,642
Total Current Liabilities		111,403,932		113,808,266
Non-current Liabilities				
Deferred income taxes		16,846,398		8,552,045
Revolving line of credit		407,000,000		425,000,000
Financing lease liability, less current portion		685,471		906,330
Operating lease liability, less current portion		1,736,051		2,054,041
Derivative liabilities		6,255,428		11,510,368
Asset retirement obligations		28,409,700		28,082,442
Total Liabilities		572,336,980		589,913,492
Commitments and contingencies		012,000,000		000,010,402
Stockholders' Equity				
Preferred stock - \$0.001 par value; 50,000,000 shares authorized; no shares issued or outstanding		—		—
Common stock - \$0.001 par value; 450,000,000 shares authorized; 198,166,297 shares and 196,837,001 shares issued and outstanding, respectively		198,166		196,837
Additional paid-in capital		798,732,980		795,834,675
Retained earnings (Accumulated deficit)		18,485,759		(9,448,612)
Total Stockholders' Equity		817,416,905		786,582,900
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$	1,389,753,885	\$	1,376,496,392

Statements of Cash Flows	т	(Unaudited) hree Months Ende	əd	Six Mont	hs Ended
	June 30,	March 31,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,
	2024	2024	2023	2024	2023
Cash Flows From Operating Activities					
Net income	\$ 22,418,994	\$ 5,515,377	\$ 28,791,605	\$ 27,934,371	\$ 61,507,384
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	24,699,421	23,792,450	20,792,932	48,491,871	42,064,603
Asset retirement obligation accretion	352,184	350,834	353,878	703,018	719,725
Amortization of deferred financing costs	1,221,608	1,221,607	1,220,385	2,443,215	2,440,769
Share-based compensation	2,077,778	1,723,832	2,260,312	3,801,610	4,204,008
Bad debt expense	14,937	163,840	19,315	178,777	22,209
(Gain) loss on disposal of assets	(89,693)			(89,693)	—
Deferred income tax expense (benefit)	6,621,128	1,585,445	(6,548,363)	8,206,573	(4,575,710)
Excess tax expense (benefit) related to share-based compensation	46,972	40,808	150,877	87,780	150,877
(Gain) loss on derivative contracts	1,828,599	19,014,495	(3,264,660)	20,843,094	(12,739,565)
Cash received (paid) for derivative settlements, net	(2,594,497)	(1,461,515)	179,595	(4,056,012)	(478,930)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:					
Accounts receivable	2,955,975	(5,240,487)	5,320,051	(2,284,512)	8,748,338
Inventory	189,121	171,416	1,480,824	360,537	1,923,422
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(1,251,279)	503,704	(1,489,612)	(747,575)	(959,678)
Accounts payable	(7,712,355)	(1,601,276)	(5,471,391)	(9,313,631)	(15,061,289)
Settlement of asset retirement obligation	(160,963)	(591,361)	(429,567)	(752,324)	(919,886)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	50,617,930	45,189,169	43,366,181	95,807,099	87,046,277
Cash Flows From Investing Activities Payments for the Stronghold Acquisition	_	_	_	_	(18,511,170)
Payments to purchase oil and natural gas properties	(147,004)	(475,858)	(819,644)	(622,862)	(878,743)
Payments to develop oil and natural gas properties	(36,554,719)	(38,904,808)	(35,611,915)	(75,459,527)	(72,551,222)
Payments to acquire or improve fixed assets subject to depreciation	(26,649)	(124,937)	(11,324)	(151,586)	(25,894)
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets subject to depreciation	10,605	_	332,230	10,605	332,230
Proceeds from divestiture of equipment for oil and natural gas properties	_	—	_	—	54,558
Proceeds from sale of Delaware properties	—	—	7,992,917	—	7,992,917
Proceeds from sale of New Mexico properties	(144,398)		_	(144,398)	
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	(36,862,165)	(39,505,603)	(28,117,736)	(76,367,768)	(83,587,324)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities Proceeds from revolving line of credit	29,500,000	51,500,000	28,500,000	81,000,000	84,500,000
Payments on revolving line of credit	(44,500,000)	(54,500,000)	(53,500,000)	(99,000,000)	(102,500,000)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock from warrant exercises			8,687,655		12,301,596
Payments for taxes withheld on vested restricted shares, net	(86,991)	(814,985)	(141,682)	(901,976)	(276,063)
Proceeds from notes payable	1,501,507	_	1,565,071	1,501,507	1,565,071
Payments on notes payable	(145,712)	(533,734)	(152,397)	(679,446)	(652,277)
Payment of deferred financing costs	(45,704)	(300,101)	(102,001)	(45,704)	(002,277)
Reduction of financing lease liabilities	(176,128)	(255,156)	(182,817)	(431,284)	(359,831)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Financing Activities	(13,953,028)	(4,603,875)	(15,224,170)	(18,556,903)	(5,421,504)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash	(197,263)	1,079,691	24,275	882,428	(1,962,551)
Cash at Beginning of Period	1,376,075	296.384	1.725.700	296.384	3.712.526

Non-GAAP Disclosure



Certain financial information included in this Presentation are not measures of financial performance recognized by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"). These non-GAAP financial measures are "Adjusted Net Income," "Adjusted EBITDA," "Adjusted Free Cash Flow" or "AFCF," "Adjusted Cash Flow from Operations" or "ACFFO," "Cash Return on Capital Employed" or "CROCE," "PV-10," "Leverage Ratio," "All-in Cash Operating Costs," and "Cash Operating Margin." Management uses these non-GAAP financial measures in its analysis of performance. In addition, Adjusted EBITDA and CROCE are key metrics used to determine a portion of the Company's incentive compensation awards. These disclosures may not be viewed as a substitute for results determined in accordance with GAAP and are not necessarily comparable to non-GAAP performance measures which may be reported by other companies.

"Adjusted Net Income" is calculated as net income (loss) minus the estimated after-tax impact of share-based compensation, ceiling test impairment, unrealized gains and losses on changes in the fair value of derivatives, and transaction costs for executed acquisitions and divestitures (A&D). Adjusted Net Income is presented because the timing and amount of these items cannot be reasonably estimated and affect the comparability of operating results from period to period, and current period to prior periods. The Company believes that the presentation of Adjusted Net Income provides useful information to investors as it is one of the metrics management uses to assess the Company's ongoing operating and financial performance, and also is a useful metric for investors to compare our results with our peers.

The Company defines "Adjusted EBITDA" as net income (loss) plus net interest expense, unrealized loss (gain) on change in fair value of derivatives, ceiling test impairment, income tax (benefit) expense, depreciation, depletion and amortization, asset retirement obligation accretion, transaction costs for executed acquisitions and divestitures (A&D), share-based compensation, loss (gain) on disposal of assets, and backing out the effect of other income. Company management believes Adjusted EBITDA is relevant and useful because it helps investors understand Ring's operating performance and makes it easier to compare its results with those of other companies that have different financing, capital and tax structures. Adjusted EBITDA should not be considered in isolation from or as a substitute for net income, as an indication of operating performance or cash flows from operating activities or as a measure of liquidity. Adjusted EBITDA, as Ring calculates it, may not be comparable to Adjusted EBITDA measures reported by other companies. In addition, Adjusted EBITDA does not represent funds available for discretionary use.

The Company defines "Adjusted Free Cash Flow" or "AFCF" as Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities less changes in operating assets and liabilities (as reflected on our Condensed Statements of Cash Flows), plus transaction costs for executed acquisitions and divestitures (A&D), current income tax expense (benefit), proceeds from divestitures of equipment for oil and natural gas properties, loss (gain) on disposal of assets, and less capital expenditures, bad debt expense, and other income. For this purpose, our definition of capital expenditures includes costs incurred related to oil and natural gas properties (such as drilling and infrastructure costs and the lease maintenance costs) but excludes acquisition costs of oil and gas properties from third parties that are not included in our capital expenditures guidance provided to investors. Our management believes that Adjusted Free Cash Flow is an important financial performance measure for use in evaluating the performance and efficiency of our current operating activities after the impact of capital expenditures and networks and efficiency of on one period to another. Other companies may use different definitions of Adjusted Free Cash Flow.

without being impacted by items such as changes associated with working capital, which can vary substantially from one period to another. Other companies may use different definitions of Adjusted Free Cash Flow. The Company defines "Adjusted Cash Flow from Operations" or "ACFFO" as Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities, as reflected in our Condensed Statements of Cash Flows, less the changes in operating assets and liabilities, which includes accounts receivable, inventory, prepaid expenses and other assets, accounts payable, and settlement of asset retirement obligations, which are subject to variation due to the nature of the Company's operations. Accordingly, the Company believes this non-GAAP measure is useful to investors because it is used often in its industry and allows investors to compare this metric to other companies in its peer group as well as the E&P sector.

"Leverage" or the "Leverage Ratio" is calculated under our existing senior revolving credit facility and means as of any date, the ratio of (i) our consolidated total debt as of such date to (ii) our Consolidated EBITDAX for the four consecutive fiscal quarters ending on or immediately prior to such date for which financial statements are required to have been delivered under our existing senior revolving credit facility; provided that for the purposes of the definition of 'Leverage Ratio': (a) for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2023, Consolidated EBITDAX is calculated by multiplying Consolidated EBITDAX for the three fiscal quarter periods ended on March 31, 2023 by four-thirds, and (b) for each fiscal quarter thereafter, Consolidated EBITDAX will be calculated by adding Consolidated EBITDAX for the four consecutive fiscal quarters ending on such date. The Company defines "Consolidated EBITDAX" in accordance with our existing senior revolving credit facility that means for any period an amount equal to the sum of (i) consolidated net income (loss) for such period plus (ii) to the extent deducted in determining consolidated net income for such period, and without duplication, (A) consolidated interest expense, (B) income tax expense determined on a consolidated basis in accordance with GAAP, (D) exploration expenses determined on a consolidated basis in accordance with GAAP, (D) exploration expenses determined on a consolidated basis in accordance with GAAP, and (E) all other non-cash charges acceptable to our senior revolving credit facility and means as of calculating compliance with the financial covenants, to the extent that during such date consummated an acquisition period; provided that, for purposes of calculating compliance with the financial covenants, to the extent that during such date an equisition of any property or assets permitted by the senior revolving credit facility. Consolidated EBITDAX will be calculated on a pro forma basis with respect to the property or assets so acquired or dispose

PV-10 is a financial measure not prepared in accordance with GAAP that differs from a measure under GAAP known as "standardized measure of discounted future net cash flows" in that PV-10 is calculated without including future income taxes. Management believes that the presentation of the PV-10 value of the Company's oil and natural gas properties is relevant and useful to investors because it presents the estimated discounted future net cash flows attributable to its estimated proved reserves independent of its income tax attributes, thereby isolating the intrinsic value of the estimated future cash flows attributable to its reserves. Management believes the use of a pre-tax measure provides greater comparability of assets when evaluating companies because the timing and quantification of future income taxes is dependent on company-specific factors, many of which are difficult to determine. For these reasons, management uses and believes that the industry generally uses the PV-10 measure in evaluating and comparing acquisition candidates and assessing the potential rate of return on investments in oil and natural gas properties. PV-10 is not a measure of financial or operational performance under GAAP, nor should it be considered in isolation or as a substitute for the standardized measure of discounted future net cash flows as defined under GAAP.

The Company defines "Cash Return on Capital Employed" or "CROCE" as Adjusted Cash Flow from Operations divided by average debt and shareholder equity for the period.

The Company defines All-In Cash Operating Costs, a non-GAAP financial measure, as "all in cash" costs which includes lease operating expenses, G&A costs excluding share-based compensation, interest expense, workovers and other operating expenses, production taxes, ad valorem taxes, and gathering/transportation costs. Management believes that this metric provides useful additional information to investors to assess the Company's operating costs in comparison to its peers, which may vary from company to company. The Company defines Cash Operating Margin, a non-GAAP financial measure, as realized revenues per Boe less "all-in cash operating costs per Boe. Management believes that this metric provides useful additional information to investors to assess the Company's operating margins in comparison to its peers, which may vary from company to company.

The table below provides detail of PV-10 to the standardized measure of discounted future net cash flows as of December 31, 2023. (\$ in 000's)

Present value of estimated future net revenues (PV-10)	\$ 1,647,031
Future income taxes, discounted at 10%	247,846
Standardized measure of discounted future net cash flows	\$ 1,399,185

Non-GAAP Reconciliations



Adjusted Net Income

		(Unaudited for All Periods)										(Unaudited for All Periods)						
			Three Month	s Ended				Six Mon	ths Ended			Th	ree Months Ende	d	Six Montl	hs Ended		
	June 3	80,	March	31,	June 3	0,	June 3	60 ,	June 3	0,		June 30,	March 31,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,		
	2024		2024		2023		2024		2023			2024	2024	2023	2024	2023		
	Total	Per share - diluted	Total	Per share - diluted	Total	Per share - diluted	Total	Per share - diluted	Total	Per share - diluted	Net Income (Loss)	\$ 22,418,994	\$ 5,515,377	\$ 28,791,605	\$ 27,934,371	\$ 61,507,384		
Net Income (Loss)	\$22,418,994	\$ 0.11	\$ 5,515,377	\$ 0.03	\$28,791,605	\$ 0.15	\$27,934,371	\$ 0.14	\$61,507,384	\$ 0.32								
											Interest expense, net	10,801,194	11,420,400	10,471,062	22,221,594	20,861,341		
Share-based compensation	2,077,778	0.01	1,723,832	0.01	2,260,312	0.01	3,801,610	0.02	4,204,008	0.02	Unrealized loss (gain) on change in fair value of derivatives	(765,898)	17,552,980	(3,085,065)	16,787,082	(13,218,495)		
Unrealized loss (gain) on change in fair value of derivatives	(765,898)	_	17,552,980	0.08	(3,085,065)	(0.02)	16,787,082	0.08	(13,218,495)	(0.07)	Income tax (benefit) expense	6,820,485	1,728,886	(6,356,295)	8,549,371	(4,326,352)		
Transaction costs - executed A&D	_		3.539	_	220,191	_	3,539	_	220,191	_	Depreciation, depletion and amortization	24,699,421	23,792,450	20,792,932	48,491,871	42,064,603		
Tax impact on adjusted items	(304,225)		(4,447,977)		(171,282)		(4,752,202)				Asset retirement obligation accretion	352,184	350,834	353,878	703,018	719,725		
Tax impact on aujusted items	(304,223)		(4,447,977)	(0.02)	(171,202)		(4,752,202)	(0.02)	307,105		Transaction costs - executed A&D	_	3,539	220,191	3,539	220,191		
Adjusted Net Income	23,426,649	\$ 0.12	20,347,751	\$ 0.10	28,015,761	\$ 0.14	43,774,400	\$ 0.22	53,020,273	\$ 0.27	Share-based compensation	2,077,778	1,723,832	2,260,312	3,801,610	4,204,008		
	20, 120,010	¢ 0.1.2	20,011,101	\$ 0110		ψ U.I.I		¢ 0.22		¢ 0.21	Loss (gain) on disposal of assets	(51,338)	(38,355)	132,109	(89,693)	132,109		
Diluted Weighted-Average Shares Outstanding	200,428,813		199,305,150		195,866,533		199,845,512		193,023,966		Other income		(25,686)	(116,610)	(25,686)	(126,210)		
outstanding	200,420,013		199,000,100		190,000,000		199,040,012		190,020,900			<u> </u>						
Adjusted Net Income per Diluted											Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 66,352,820	\$ 62,024,257	\$ 53,464,119	\$128,377,077	\$112,038,304		
Share	\$ 0.12		\$ 0.10		\$ 0.14		\$ 0.22		\$ 0.27		1							
											Adjusted EBITDA Margin	67 %	66 %	67 %	66 %	67 %		

Adjusted EBITDA

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1. Adjusted EBITDA Margin is Adj. EBITDA divided by oil, natural gas, and natural gas liquids revenue.

Non-GAAP Reconciliations (cont.)



Leverage Ratio

	S	eptember 30,	D	ecember 31,		March 31,		June 30,	Last Four Quarters
		2023		2023		2024		2024	
Consolidated EBITDAX Calculation:									
Net Income (Loss)	\$	(7,539,222)	\$	50,896,479	\$	5,515,377	\$	22,418,994	\$ 71,291,628
Plus: Consolidated interest expense		11,301,328		11,506,908		11,420,400		10,801,194	45,029,830
Plus: Income tax provision (benefit)		(3,411,336)		7,862,930		1,728,886		6,820,485	13,000,965
Plus: Depreciation, depletion and amortization		21,989,034		24,556,654		23,792,450		24,699,421	95,037,559
Plus: non-cash charges acceptable to Administrative Agent		36,396,867		(29,695,076)		19,627,646		1,664,064	 27,993,501
Consolidated EBITDAX	\$	58,736,671	\$	65,127,895	\$	62,084,759	\$	66,404,158	\$ 252,353,483
Plus: Pro Forma Acquired Consolidated EBITDAX		4,810,123		_		_		_	4,810,123
Less: Pro Forma Divested Consolidated EBITDAX		(672,113)		(66,463)		40,474		(4,643)	 (702,745)
Pro Forma Consolidated EBITDAX	\$	62,874,681	\$	65,061,432	\$	62,125,233	\$	66,399,515	\$ 256,460,861
Non-cash charges acceptable to Administrative Agent									
Asset retirement obligation accretion	\$	354,175	\$	351.786	\$	350.834	\$	352,184	
Unrealized loss (gain) on derivative assets	Ŷ	33,871,957	Ť	(32,505,544)	Ŷ	17,552,980	Ŷ	(765,898)	
Share-based compensation		2,170,735		2,458,682		1,723,832		2,077,778	
Total non-cash charges acceptable to Administrative Agent	\$	36,396,867	\$	(29,695,076)	\$	19,627,646	\$	1,664,064	
			_						
		As of							
		June 30,							
		2024							
Leverage Ratio Covenant:									
Revolving line of credit	\$	407,000,000							
Pro Forma Consolidated EBITDAX		256,460,861							
Leverage Ratio		1.59							
Maximum Allowed		≤ 3.00x							

Adjusted Free Cash Flow

=	Thi June 30, 2024 50,617,930	March 31, 2024	d June 30, 2023	Six Month June 30, 2024	s Ended June 30, 2023
=	2024	2024	·	,	,
-	-		2023	2024	2023
	50,617,930	A 15 100 100			
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities \$		\$ 45,189,169	\$ 43,366,181	\$ 95,807,099	\$ 87,046,277
Adjustments - Condensed Statements of Cash Flows					
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	5,979,501	6,758,004	589,695	12,737,505	6,269,093
Transaction costs - executed A&D	_	3,539	220,191	3,539	220,191
Income tax expense (benefit) - current	152,385	102,633	41,191	255,018	98,481
Capital expenditures	(35,360,832)	(36,261,008)	(31,608,483)	(71,621,840)	(70,533,980)
Proceeds from divestiture of equipment for oil and natural gas properties	_	_	_	_	54,558
Bad debt expense	(14,937)	(163,840)	(19,315)	(178,777)	(22,209)
Loss (gain) on disposal of assets	38,355	(38,355)	132,109	_	132,109
Other income	_	(25,686)	(116,610)	(25,686)	(126,210)
Adjusted Free Cash Flow \$	21,412,402	\$ 15,564,456	\$ 12,604,959	\$ 36,976,858	\$ 23,138,310
		(Un	audited for All Pe	riods)	
	Т	hree Months End	ed	Six Mo	onths Ended
_	June 30,	March 31,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,
-	2024	2024	2023	2024	2023
Adjusted EBITDA \$	66,352,820	\$ 62,024,257	\$ 53,464,119	\$ 128,377,07	7 \$ 112,038,30
Net interest expense (excluding amortization of deferred financing costs)	(9,579,586)	(10,198,793)	(9,250,677)	(19,778,379	9) (18,420,57
Capital expenditures	(35,360,832)	(36,261,008)	(31,608,483)	(71,621,840	0) (70,533,98
Proceeds from divestiture of equipment for oil and natural gas properties	_				- 54,55
Adjusted Free Cash Flow \$	5 21,412,402	\$ 15,564,456	\$ 12,604,959	\$ 36,976,858	8 \$ 23,138,31

Non-GAAP Reconciliations (cont.)



Adjusted Cash Flow from Operations (ACFFO)

Cash Return on Capital Employed (CROCE)

		(Ur	naudited for All P	eriods)	
	Th	ree Months En	ded	Six Mont	hs Ended
	June 30, March 31, June 30,		June 30,	June 30,	June 30,
	2024	2024	2023	2024	2023
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$50,617,930	\$45,189,169	\$43,366,181	\$ 95,807,099	\$ 87,046,277
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	5,979,501	6,758,004	589,695	12,737,505	6,269,093
Adjusted Cash Flow from Operations	\$56,597,431	\$51,947,173	\$43,955,876	\$ 108,544,604	\$ 93,315,370

G&A Reconciliations

(Unaudited for All Periods)											
Th	ree Months End	bed	Six Mont	hs Ended							
June 30,	March 31,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,							
2024	2024	2023	2024	2023							
\$ 7,713,534	\$ 7,469,222	\$ 6,810,243	\$15,182,756	\$13,940,382							
2,077,778	1,723,832	2,260,312	3,801,610	4,204,008							
5,635,756	5,745,390	4,549,931	11,381,146	9,736,374							
	3,539	220,191	3,539	220,191							
\$ 5,635,756	\$ 5,741,851	\$ 4,329,740	\$11,377,607	\$ 9,516,183							
	June 30, 2024 \$ 7,713,534 2,077,778 5,635,756	Three Months End June 30, March 31, 2024 2024 \$ 7,713,534 \$ 7,469,222 2,077,778 1,723,832 5,635,756 5,745,390 — 3,539	Three Months Ended June 30, March 31, June 30, 2024 2024 2023 \$ 7,713,534 \$ 7,469,222 \$ 6,810,243 2,077,778 1,723,832 2,260,312 5,635,756 5,745,390 4,549,931 — 3,539 220,191	Three Months Ended Six Mont June 30, March 31, June 30, June 30, June 30, June 30, Z024 Z023 Z024 Z024 <thz04< th=""> Z024 <thz04<< td=""></thz04<<></thz04<>							

December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	December 31,	December 31,
2023	2022		
	2022	2021	2020
\$425,000,000	\$415,000,000	\$290,000,000	\$313,000,000
786,582,900	661,103,391	300,624,207	294,765,813
420,000,000 723,843,146	352,500,000 480,863,799	301,500,000 297,695,010	339,750,000 409,137,873
\$1,143,843,146	\$833,363,799	\$599,195,010	\$748,887,873
\$198,170,459 1,180,748	\$196,976,729 24,091,577	\$72,731,212 3,236,824	\$72,159,255 2,418,446
\$196,989,711	\$172,885,152	\$69,494,388	\$69,740,809
17.2 %	20.7 %	11.6 %	9.3 %
	786,582,900 420,000,000 723,843,146 \$1,143,843,146 \$198,170,459 1,180,748 \$196,989,711	786,582,900 661,103,391 420,000,000 352,500,000 723,843,146 480,863,799 \$1,143,843,146 \$833,363,799 \$198,170,459 \$196,976,729 1,180,748 24,091,577 \$196,989,711 \$172,885,152	786,582,900 661,103,391 300,624,207 420,000,000 352,500,000 301,500,000 723,843,146 480,863,799 297,695,010 \$1,143,843,146 \$833,363,799 \$599,195,010 \$198,170,459 \$196,976,729 \$72,731,212 1,180,748 24,091,577 3,236,824 \$196,989,711 \$172,885,152 \$69,494,388

PV-10

	Oil (Bbl)	Gas (Mcf)	Natural Gas Liquids (Bbl)	Net (Boe)	 PV-10
Balance, December 31, 2022	88,704,743	157,870,449	23,105,658	138,122,143	\$ 2,773,656,500
Purchase of minerals in place	6,543,640	3,372,965	1,089,382	8,195,183	
Extensions, discoveries and improved recovery	3,098,845	4,113,480	1,014,343	4,798,768	
Sales of minerals in place	(4,897,921)	(2,674,955)	(392,953)	(5,736,700)	
Production	(4,579,942)	(6,339,158)	(976,852)	(6,613,320)	
Revisions of previous quantity estimates	(6,728,088)	(9,946,459)	(621,014)	(9,006,845)	
Balance, December 31, 2023	82,141,277	146,396,322	23,218,564	129,759,229	\$ 1,647,031,127

Non-GAAP Reconciliations (cont.)



All-In Cash Operating Costs

	(Unaudited for All Periods)										
		Т	hree	Months End	ed		Six Months Ended				
	June 30,			March 31,		June 30,		June 30,		June 30,	
		2024		2024		2023		2024		2023	
All-In Cash Operating Costs:											
Lease operating expenses (including workovers)	\$	19,309,017	\$	18,360,434	\$	15,938,106	\$	37,669,451	\$	33,410,797	
G&A excluding share-based compensation		5,635,756		5,745,390		4,549,931		11,381,146		9,736,374	
Net interest expense (excluding amortization of deferred financing costs)		9,579,586		10,198,793		9,250,677		19,778,379		18,420,572	
Operating lease expense		175,090		175,091		115,353		350,181		228,491	
Oil and natural gas production taxes		3,627,264		4,428,303		4,012,139		8,055,567		8,420,279	
Ad valorem taxes		1,337,276		2,145,631		1,670,343		3,482,907		3,340,956	
Gathering, transportation and processing costs		107,629		166,054		(1,632)		273,683		(2,455)	
All-in cash operating costs	\$	39,771,618	\$	41,219,696	\$	35,534,917	\$	80,991,314	\$	73,555,014	
Вое		1,800,570		1,732,057		1,571,668		3,532,627		3,217,974	
All-in cash operating costs per Boe	\$	22.09	\$	23.80	\$	22.61	\$	22.93	\$	22.86	

Cash Operating Margin

		Three Months Ended						Six Mont	Ided	
	June 30, 2024		March 31, 2024		June 30, 2023		June 30, 2024		June 30, 2023	
Cash Operating Margin										
Realized revenues per Boe	\$	55.06	\$	54.56	\$	50.49	\$	54.82	\$	52.03
All-in cash operating costs per Boe		22.09		23.80		22.61		22.93		22.86
Cash Operating Margin per Boe	\$	32.97	\$	30.76	\$	27.88	\$	31.89	\$	29.17





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