BancAnalysts Association of Boston Conference

November 7, 2025



Cautionary Statement

Regarding Forward-Looking and non-GAAP Financial Information

This presentation is not intended as a full business or financial review and should be viewed in the context of all of the information made available by PNC in its SEC filings and on our corporate website.

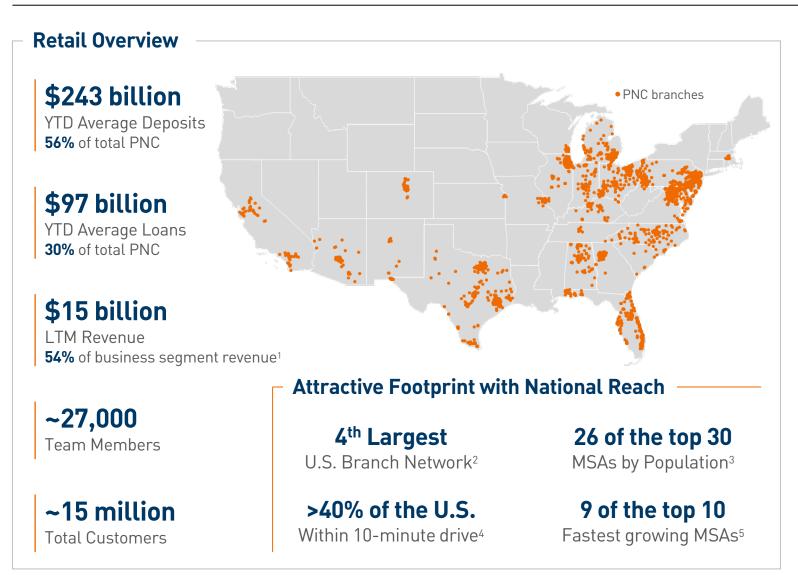
The presentation contains forward-looking statements regarding our outlook for financial performance, such as earnings, revenues, expenses, tax rates, capital and liquidity levels and ratios, asset levels, asset quality, financial position, and other matters regarding or affecting PNC and its future business and operations, including our sustainability strategy. Forward-looking statements are necessarily subject to numerous assumptions, risks and uncertainties, which change over time. The forward-looking statements in this presentation are qualified by the factors affecting forward-looking statements identified in the more detailed Cautionary Statement included in the Appendix. We provide greater detail regarding these as well as other factors in our most recent Form 10-K, any subsequent Form 10-Qs, and in our other subsequent SEC filings. Our forward-looking statements may also be subject to risks and uncertainties including those we may discuss in this presentation or in our SEC filings. Future events or circumstances may change our outlook and may also affect the nature of the assumptions, risks and uncertainties to which our forward-looking statements are subject. Forward-looking statements in this presentation speak only as of the date of this presentation. We do not assume any duty and do not undertake any obligation to update those statements. Actual results or future events could differ, possibly materially, from those anticipated in forward-looking statements, as well as from historical performance. As a result, we caution against placing undue reliance on any forward-looking statements.

We include non-GAAP financial information in this presentation. Reconciliations for such financial information may be found in our presentation, in these slides, including the Appendix, in other materials on our corporate website, and in our SEC filings. This information supplements our results as reported in accordance with GAAP and should not be viewed in isolation from, or as a substitute for, our GAAP results. We believe that this information and the related reconciliations may be useful to investors, analysts, regulators and others to help understand and evaluate our financial results, and with respect to adjusted metrics, because we believe they better reflect the ongoing financial results and trends of our businesses and increase comparability of period-to-period results. We may also use annualized, pro forma, estimated or third party numbers for illustrative or comparative purposes only. These may not reflect actual results.

References to our corporate website are to www.pnc.com under "About - Investor Relations." Our SEC filings are available both on our corporate website and on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov. We include web addresses here as inactive textual references only. Information on these websites is not part of this presentation.



Leading Retail Banking Franchise





Note: MSAs = metropolitan statistical areas. YTD = for the nine-month period ending Sep. 30. LTM = last twelve months. CAGR = compound annual growth rate. PPNR = Pretax, Pre-Provision Earnings. For non-GAAP figures, see reconciliation in appendix. Footnotes are presented on slide 14.



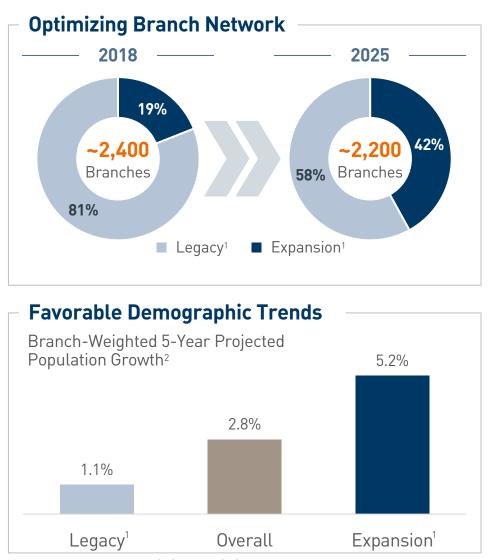
Straightforward, Client-Focused Strategy

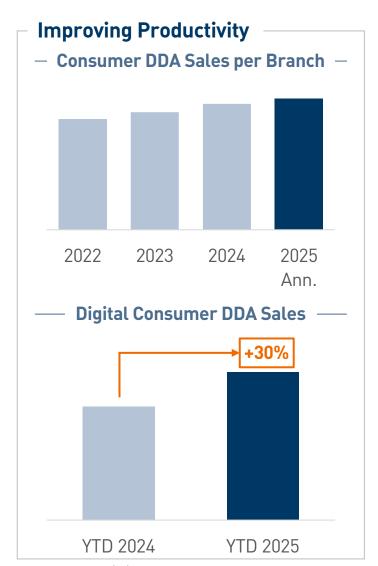


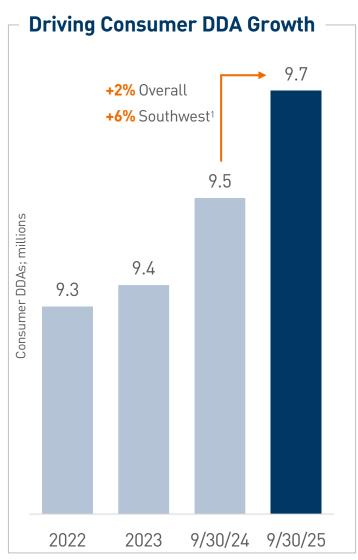
Note: DDAs = demand deposit accounts.



Accelerating the Growth of Our Client Base



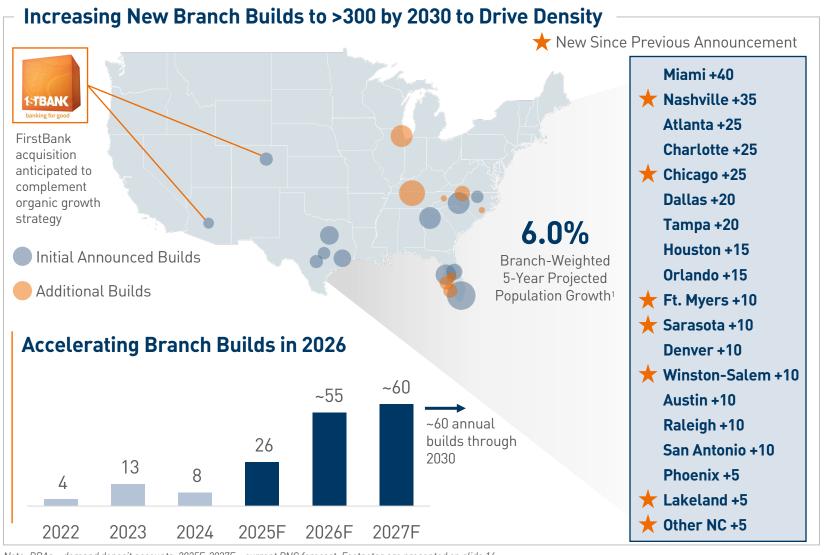


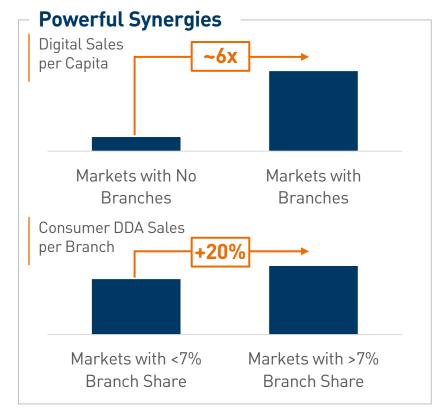


Note: Branch network data as of 6/30/2018 and 6/30/2025, respectively. DDAs = demand deposit accounts. 2025 Ann. = annualized as of YTD 9/30/2025. YTD = for the nine-month period ending Sep. 30. Footnotes are presented on slide 14.



Continuing to Scale Our Presence Across Key Markets





Attractive Economics

<4 Year Breakeven

Mid-Teens Internal rate of return (IRR)

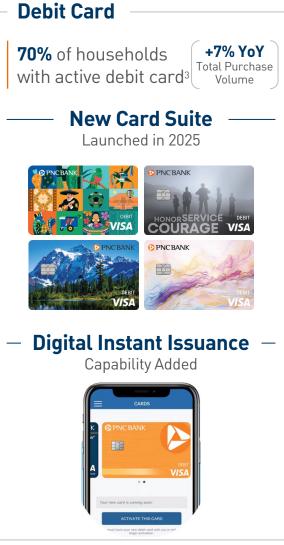
>\$20 billion Long-term deposit opportunity

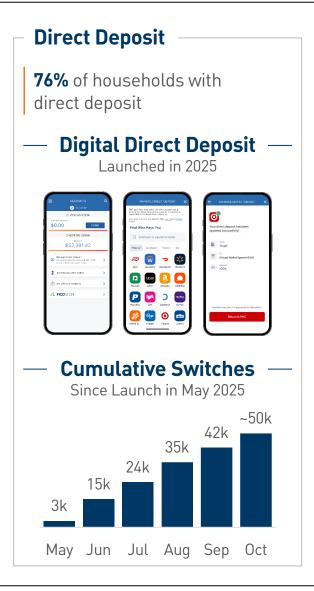
Note: DDAs = demand deposit accounts. 2025F-2027F = current PNC forecast. Footnotes are presented on slide 14.



Investing to Drive Primacy and Improve Experiences Across Channels

Digital Experience +7% YoY 77% of households Total Active are digitally active1 Mobile Users² New Online Banking Launched in 2025 New Mobile Banking Launching in 2026 ✓ Improved sales experience and personalization ✓ Modern design and architecture Developed using Agentic Al





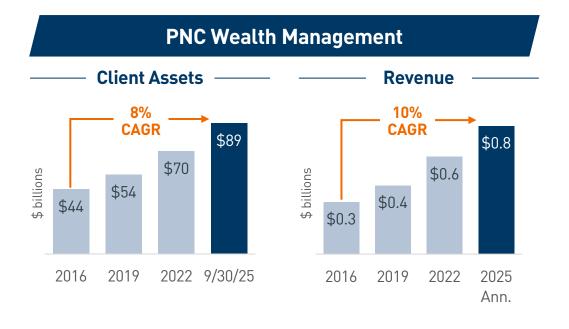


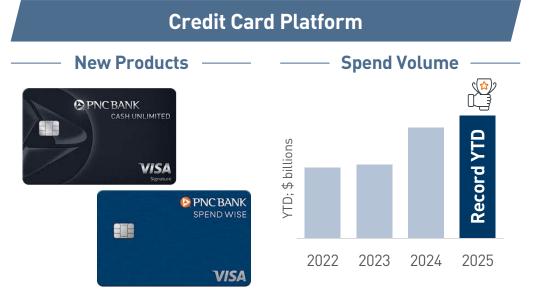
Note: YoY = year-over-year. NPS = net promotor score. Households = consumer DDA households. Footnotes are presented on slide 14.



Enhancing How We Serve Clients Through Their Lifecycles

Solid Progress





But Lots of Opportunity





Current
Penetration²

Adding Experienced Card Talent
Implementing New Decision Framework

Transforming Digital Originations

Enhancing Digital Servicing / Payments

Continuing to Enhance Card Portfolio

Building the #1 Card Platform for PNC Clients

Note: 2025 Ann. = annualized as of YTD 9/30/2025. CAGR = compound annual growth rate. YTD = for the nine-month period ending Sep. 30. Footnotes are presented on slide 14.



Key Takeaways



Large Retail Bank with Strong Financial Performance



Scaling Presence to Accelerate Client Growth





Investing to Drive Primacy and Improve Client Experience



Enhancing Capabilities to Serve Client Needs Throughout Their Lives



Appendix: Cautionary Statement

Regarding Forward-Looking Information

We make statements in this presentation, and we may from time to time make other statements, regarding our outlook for financial performance, such as earnings, revenues, expenses, tax rates, capital and liquidity levels and ratios, asset levels, asset quality, financial position, and other matters regarding or affecting us and our future business and operations, including our sustainability strategy, that are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act. Forward-looking statements are typically identified by words such as "believe," "plan," "expect," "anticipate," "see," "look," "intend," "outlook," "project," "forecast," "estimate," "goal," "will," "should" and other similar words and expressions.

Forward-looking statements are necessarily subject to numerous assumptions, risks and uncertainties, which change over time. Future events or circumstances may change our outlook and may also affect the nature of the assumptions, risks and uncertainties to which our forward-looking statements are subject. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date made. We do not assume any duty and do not undertake any obligation to update forward-looking statements. Actual results or future events could differ, possibly materially, from those anticipated in forward-looking statements, as well as from historical performance. As a result, we caution against placing undue reliance on any forward-looking statements.

Our forward-looking statements are subject to the following principal risks and uncertainties.

- Our businesses, financial results and balance sheet values are affected by business and economic conditions, including:
 - Changes in interest rates and valuations in debt, equity and other financial markets,
 - Disruptions in the U.S. and global financial markets,
 - Actions by the Federal Reserve Board, U.S. Treasury and other government agencies, including those that impact money supply, market interest rates and inflation,
 - Changes in customer behavior due to changing business and economic conditions or legislative or regulatory initiatives,
 - Changes in customers', suppliers' and other counterparties' performance and creditworthiness,
 - Impacts of sanctions, tariffs and other trade policies of the U.S. and its global trading partners,
 - Impacts of changes in federal, state and local governmental policy, including on the regulatory landscape, capital markets, taxes, infrastructure spending and social programs,
 - Our ability to attract, recruit and retain skilled employees, and
 - Commodity price volatility.



Appendix: Cautionary Statement

Regarding Forward-Looking Information

- Our forward-looking financial statements are subject to the risk that economic and financial market conditions will be substantially different than those we are currently expecting. These statements are based on our views that:
 - PNC's baseline forecast remains for continued expansion, but slower economic growth in 2025 and 2026 than in 2024. The government shutdown will weaken growth, but the economy should regain that growth once the shutdown ends. Tariffs are a drag on consumer spending and business investment, while AI-related capex and wealth effects have been key supports to growth.
 Consumer spending growth is slowing to a pace more consistent with household income growth, and government's contribution to economic growth will be smaller.
 - The baseline forecast anticipates real GDP growth slowing to below 2% in both 2025 and 2026, accompanied by a modest increase in the unemployment rate, which is expected to peak above 4.5% in mid-2026. Tariffs remain a risk to the outlook, and a reversal in sentiment around AI would be a drag. Additionally, a prolonged government shutdown has emerged as a downside risk.
 - The baseline forecast is for two consecutive federal funds rate cuts of 25 basis points each at the next two FOMC meetings, ending in late-January 2026 and resulting in a federal funds rate in the range of 3.25% to 3.50%. However, there are two-sided risks to this outlook: (1) if inflation re-accelerates or proves more persistent than expected, the Federal Reserve may cut less or (2) if growth falters or recession emerges, easing could be deeper and more prolonged.
- PNC's ability to take certain capital actions, including returning capital to shareholders, is subject to PNC meeting or exceeding minimum capital levels, including a stress capital buffer established by the Federal Reserve Board in connection with the Federal Reserve Board's Comprehensive Capital Analysis and Review (CCAR) process.
- PNC's regulatory capital ratios in the future will depend on, among other things, PNC's financial performance, the scope and terms of final capital regulations then in effect and management actions affecting the composition of PNC's balance sheet. In addition, PNC's ability to determine, evaluate and forecast regulatory capital ratios, and to take actions (such as capital distributions) based on actual or forecasted capital ratios, will be dependent at least in part on the development, validation and regulatory review of related models and the reliability of and risks resulting from extensive use of such models.
- Legal and regulatory developments could have an impact on our ability to operate our businesses, financial condition, results of operations, competitive position, reputation, or pursuit of attractive acquisition opportunities. Reputational impacts could affect matters such as business generation and retention, liquidity, funding, and ability to attract and retain employees. These developments could include:
 - Changes to laws and regulations, including changes affecting oversight of the financial services industry, changes in the enforcement and interpretation of such laws and regulations, and changes in accounting and reporting standards.
 - Unfavorable resolution of legal proceedings or other claims and regulatory and other governmental investigations or other inquiries resulting in monetary losses, costs, or alterations in our business practices, and potentially causing reputational harm to PNC.
 - Results of the regulatory examination and supervision process, including our failure to satisfy requirements of agreements with governmental agencies.
 - Costs associated with obtaining rights in intellectual property claimed by others and of adequacy of our intellectual property protection in general.



Appendix: Cautionary Statement

Regarding Forward-Looking Information

- Business and operating results are affected by our ability to identify and effectively manage risks inherent in our businesses, including, where appropriate, through effective use of systems and controls, third-party insurance, derivatives, and capital management techniques, and to meet evolving regulatory capital and liquidity standards.
- Our reputation and business and operating results may be affected by our ability to appropriately meet or address environmental, social or governance targets, goals, commitments or concerns that may arise.
- We grow our business in part through acquisitions and new strategic initiatives. Risks and uncertainties include those presented by the nature of the business acquired and strategic initiative, including in some cases those associated with our entry into new businesses or new geographic or other markets and risks resulting from our inexperience in those new areas, as well as risks and uncertainties related to the acquisition transactions themselves, regulatory issues, the integration of the acquired businesses into PNC after closing or any failure to execute strategic or operational plans.
- Competition can have an impact on customer acquisition, growth and retention and on credit spreads and product pricing, which can affect market share, deposits and revenues. Our ability to anticipate and respond to technological changes can also impact our ability to respond to customer needs and meet competitive demands.
- Business and operating results can also be affected by widespread manmade, natural and other disasters (including severe weather events), health emergencies, dislocations, geopolitical instabilities or events, terrorist activities, system failures or disruptions, security breaches, cyberattacks, international hostilities, or other extraordinary events beyond PNC's control through impacts on the economy and financial markets generally or on us or our counterparties, customers or third-party vendors and service providers specifically.

We provide greater detail regarding these as well as other factors in our most recent Form 10-K and in any subsequent Form 10-Qs, including in the Risk Factors and Risk Management sections and the Legal Proceedings and Commitments Notes of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in those reports, and in our other subsequent SEC filings. Our forward-looking statements may also be subject to other risks and uncertainties, including those we may discuss elsewhere in this news release or in our SEC filings, accessible on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov and on our corporate website at www.pnc.com/secfilings. We have included these web addresses as inactive textual references only. Information on these websites is not part of this document.



Appendix: Non-GAAP to GAAP Reconciliation

Pretax, Pre-Provision Earnings (non-GAAP)

	For the nine months ended		
\$ billions	Sep. 30, 2025	Sep. 30, 2022	
Retail Banking revenue	\$11.1	\$7.4	
Retail Banking noninterest expense	5.7	5.7	
Retail Banking Pretax, Pre-Provision Earnings (non-GAAP)	\$5.4	\$1.8	

We believe that pretax, pre-provision earnings is a useful tool to help evaluate the ability to provide for credit costs through operations and provides an additional basis to compare results between periods by isolating the impact of provision for credit losses, which can vary significantly between periods. Totals may not foot due to rounding.



Appendix: Non-GAAP to GAAP Reconciliation

Fee Income (non-GAAP)

\$ millions	For the three months ended			For the nine months ended	
	Sep. 30, 2025	Jun. 30, 2025	Sep. 30, 2024	Sep. 30, 2025	Sep. 30, 2024
Noninterest income					
Asset management and brokerage	\$404	\$391	\$383	\$1,186	\$1,111
Capital markets and advisory	432	321	371	1,059	902
Card and cash management	737	737	698	2,166	2,075
Lending and deposit services	335	317	320	968	929
Residential and commercial mortgage	161	128	181	423	459
Fee income (non-GAAP)	\$2,069	\$1,894	\$1,953	\$5,802	\$5,476
Other income	198	212	69	547	536
Total noninterest income	\$2,267	\$2,106	\$2,022	\$6,349	\$6,012

Fee income is a non-GAAP measure and is comprised of noninterest income in the following categories: asset management and brokerage, capital markets and advisory, card and cash management, lending and deposit services, and residential and commercial mortgage. We believe this non-GAAP measure serves as a useful tool for comparison of noninterest income related to fees.



Presentation Footnotes

Slide 2 - Leading Retail Banking Franchise

- 1. PNC has three reportable business segments: Retail Banking, Corporate & Institutional Banking and the Asset Management Group.
- 2. Source: FDIC 2025 Summary of Deposits per S&P Global Market Intelligence. Includes all commercial banks, savings banks and savings institutions as defined by the FDIC.
- 3. Source: S&P Global Market Intelligence. 30 largest Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs) represent top-30 MSAs ranked by 2025 population.
- 4. Based on PNC estimates. 10-minute drive calculated as percentage of the U.S. Population who live within a 10-minute drive of the nearest PNC branch location. Drive time is calculated using Environmental Systems Research Institute, Inc. (ESRI) based on current street networks and traffic volumes. Includes all individuals in the same census block group if any part of the group is within the 10-minute drive time.
- 5. Source: S&P Global Market Intelligence. 10 fastest growing MSAs represents the 10 MSAs with the highest estimated population growth from 2026 to 2031, within the 30 largest MSAs by population as of 2025.

Slide 4 - Accelerating the Growth of Our Client Base

- 1. PNC Expansion Markets: refer collectively to PNC's Southeast, Southwest and De Novo markets, excluding the business operations of PNC's national businesses. Southeast markets include PNC markets in the states of Florida, Georgia, North Carolina and South Carolina. These markets were acquired or heavily influenced by the BankAtlantic branch and RBC Bank (USA) acquisitions of 2011 and 2012, respectively. Southwest markets include PNC markets in the states of Alabama, Arizona, California, Colorado, Nevada, New Mexico and Texas. These markets were acquired or heavily influenced by the BBVA USA acquisition in 2021. De Novo markets include PNC markets in the states of Massachusetts, Minnesota, Oregon, Tennessee, Washington, Kansas and for C&IB and AMG only, the metropolitan statistical area of Kansas City. De Novo markets reflect markets that PNC has opened organically since 2012 and are otherwise not included in the Southeast or Southwest markets. PNC Legacy Markets refer to all PNC markets in the states of Delaware, Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, Maryland, Michigan, Missouri, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Virginia, West Virginia, Wisconsin, and the District of Columbia. Legacy markets exclude C&IB and AMG presences in the metropolitan statistical area of Kansas City. PNC's national businesses include PNC Business Credit, PNC Real Estate, PNC Asset Backed Finance, PNC's advisory businesses and PNC's Residential Mortgage business.
- 2. Source: S&P Global Market Intelligence and FDIC 2025 Summary of Deposits. Branch-Weighted 5-Year Projected Population Growth reflects estimated population growth from 2026 to 2031 in MSAs with a PNC branch presence as of 6/30/2025, weighted by PNC's branch count in each MSA as of 6/30/2025 per FDIC 2025 Summary of Deposits.

Slide 5 - Continuing to Scale Our Presence Across Key Markets

1. Source: S&P Global Market Intelligence. Branch-Weighted 5-Year Projected Population Growth reflects estimated population growth from 2026 to 2031 in listed MSAs, weighted by the number of expected branch builds in each MSA.

Slide 6 - Investing to Drive Primacy and Improve Experiences Across Channels

- 1. Digitally active represents consumer DDA households with at least one login to mobile or online banking over the 90-day period ending 9/30/2025.
- 2. Active mobile users represents total number of PNC customers who have used the PNC mobile app over the 90-day period ending 9/30/2025.
- 3. Represents percentage of consumer DDA households with a debit card that have conducted a point-of-sale transaction over the 30-day period ending 9/30/2025.

Slide 7 – Enhancing How We Serve Clients Through Their Lifecycles

- 1. Investments penetration defined as the percentage of consumer DDA households that maintain a PNC Investments relationship as of 9/30/2025. Leading peer range based on industry intelligence.
- 2. Credit card penetration defined as the percentage of consumer DDA households with a PNC credit card as of 9/30/2025.

