

KeyBanc Industrials & Basic Materials Virtual Conference May 29, 2020

Tricia L. Fulton
Interim President & CEO
Chief Financial Officer



Safe Harbor Statement

This presentation and oral statements made by management in connection herewith that are not historical facts are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties, and actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied by such statements. They include statements regarding current expectations, estimates, forecasts, projections, our beliefs, and assumptions made by Helios Technologies, Inc. ("Helios" or the "Company"), its directors or its officers about the Company and the industry in which it operates, and assumptions made by management, and include among other items, (i) the Company's strategies regarding growth, including its intention to develop new products and make acquisitions; (ii) the Company's financing plans; (iii) trends affecting the Company's financial condition or results of operations; (iv) the Company's ability to continue to control costs and to meet its liquidity and other financing needs; (v) the declaration and payment of dividends; and (vi) the Company's ability to respond to changes in customer demand domestically and internationally, including as a result of standardization. In addition, we may make other written or oral statements, which constitute forward-looking statements, from time to time. Words such as "may," "expects," "anticipates," "intends," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," variations of such words, and similar expressions are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. Similarly, statements that describe our future plans, objectives or goals also are forward-looking statements. These statements are not guaranteeing future performance and are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties. Our actual results may differ materially from what is expressed or forecasted in such forward-looking statements, and undue reliance should not be placed on such statements. All forward-looking statements are made as of the date hereof, and we undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. Factors that could cause the actual results to differ materially from what is expressed or forecasted in such forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, (i) conditions in the capital markets, including the interest rate environment and the availability of capital; (ii) changes in the competitive marketplace that could affect the Company's revenue and/or costs, such as increased competition, lack of qualified engineering, marketing, management or other personnel, and increased labor and raw materials costs; and (iii) new product introductions, product sales mix and the geographic mix of sales nationally and internationally. Further information relating to factors that could cause actual results to differ from those anticipated is included but not limited to information under the heading Item 1. "Business" and Item 1A. "Risk Factors" in the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 28, 2019.

Helios has presented forward-looking statements regarding non-GAAP cash EPS and Adjusted EBITDA margin. These non-GAAP financial measures are derived by excluding certain amounts, expenses or income from the corresponding financial measures determined in accordance with GAAP. The determination of the amounts that are excluded from these non-GAAP measures is a matter of management judgment and depends upon, among other factors, the nature of the underlying expense or income recognized in a given period. Helios is unable to present a quantitative reconciliation of forward-looking non-GAAP cash EPS and Adjusted EBITDA margin to their most directly comparable forward-looking GAAP financial measures because such information is not available, and management cannot reliably predict all the necessary components of such GAAP measures without unreasonable effort or expense. In addition, the Company believes that such reconciliations would imply a degree of precision that would be confusing or misleading to investors. The unavailable information could have a significant impact on Helios's full year 2020 financial results. These non-GAAP financial measures are preliminary estimates and are subject to risks and uncertainties, including, among others, changes in connection with quarter-end and year-end adjustments. Any variation between Helios's actual results and preliminary financial data set forth above may be material.

This presentation includes certain historical non-GAAP financial measures, which the Company believes are useful in evaluating our performance. You should not consider the presentation of this additional information in isolation or as a substitute for results prepared in accordance with GAAP. The Company has provided reconciliations of comparable GAAP to non-GAAP measures in tables found in the Supplemental Information portion of this presentation.



Growing Global Industrial Technology Leader



Hydraulics

Leading designer and manufacturer of high-performance screw-in hydraulic cartridge valves, electro-hydraulics, manifolds, integrated package solutions, and quick-release hydraulic coupling solutions

Electronics

Global provider of innovative electronic control, display and instrumentation solutions for recreational and off-highway vehicles, industrial stationary and mobile power equipment

Founded: 1970	IPO: 1997	Nasdaq: HLIO						
Market Capitalization	\$1,091 million	Common Shares Outstanding	32.1 million					
Recent Price	\$34.01	Regular Annualized Dividend / Yield	\$0.36 / 1.1%					
52 Week Range	\$29.03 - \$49.49	Institutional Ownership	89%					
Average trading Volume (Trailing three months)	193k	Insider Ownership*	4%					

^{*}Insider Ownership includes shares directly owned by Christine Koski, HLIO director, as well as shares owned by the Koski Family Limited Partnership, for which Christine Koski is a general partner. Ms. Koski disclaims beneficial ownership of the shares held by the Partnership to which she does not have a pecuniary interest. Previous reporting also included shares owned by the Koski family that are no longer required to be reported under Section 16 of the Securities Exchange Act.

Source: Capital IQ as of May 26, 2020; Ownership as of latest filings



Megatrends Impacting Our Global Markets

Globalization

Sophistication of Safe Machinery & Equipment

Computing Power

Global Needs Will Drive These Trends

Population Growth



Urbanization & Environment



Productivity & Efficiencies



Automation



Electrification & Digitalization



Energy Saving



COMPREHEND THE THREATS & OPPORTUNITIES: ADJUST AND ALIGN



ACHIEVE GLOBAL technology leadership IN THE

INDUSTRIAL GOODS SECTOR by 2025 WITH CRITICAL MASS

EXCEEDING \$1B in sales

WHILE MAINTAINING superior profitability & financial strength.

DESIGNER AND MANUFACTURER OF INTELLIGENT SYSTEMS & CONTROLS



Strategic Roadmap

Business Goals:

Strategies:

Tactics:

\$1B

>20%
ADJUSTED OPERATING MARGIN

>24%
ADJUSTED EBITDA MARGIN

Differentiation

Leadership

Customer Centricity

Human Capital Development

Ease of Doing Business

Innovation & Product

<u>Differentiation</u>

Simultaneous Engineering

Global Balance

High Performing & Learning Organization

Unique & Deeply Rooted Values



Key Milestones

1970 Sun Hydraulics founded by Robert Koski		2015 Established Vision 2025 Strategy		2016 Enovation Controls Acquisition	Faster	2018 Changed Name to Helios Technologies	CUST M°	2019 Changed Ticker to HLIO
	1997		2016		2018		2018	
sun hydraulics	Sun Hydraulics IPO (SNHY)		Wolfgang Dangel appointed CEO	ENOVATION CONTROLS	Faster Acquisition	HELIOS	Custom Fluidpower Acquisition	

Helios Technologies' Evolution to Global Technology Leadership



Smart Solutions For Demanding Applications

Hydraulics (~80%)

Electronics (~20%)

2019 Revenue

\$443MM

\$112MM

2019 Adjusted EBITDA Margin⁽¹⁾

23.6% Margin

Brands









Niche Technologies









Sun designs and manufactures screw-in hydraulic cartridge valves, manifolds, and integrated fluid power packages and subsystem, while Faster is focused on quick-release hydraulic coupling solutions.



Designs and manufactures sophisticated digital control solutions

Diversified End Markets

Mobile, Industrial & Agriculture Applications

Mobile, Industrial & Recreational Applications

(1) See Supplemental Information for definition of Adjusted EBITDA and Margin, reconciliation from GAAP and disclaimers regarding the use of non-GAAP financial measures



Strategic Execution

Maintaining a best-in-class component position as well as evolving into a recognized intelligent control systems provider



Path of Migration



Diversified End Markets

INDUSTRIAL









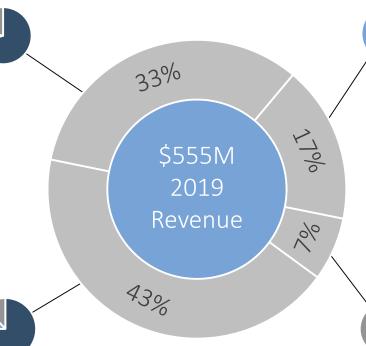
MOBILE











Sun Hydraulics
Faster

Enovation Controls

AGRICULTURE









RECREATIONAL









10



A Larger & More Diversified Technology Platform

2019 Revenue \$555 MM

2016 Revenue \$197 MM⁽¹⁾

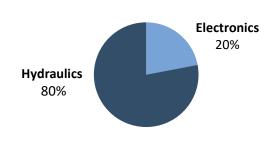
2019







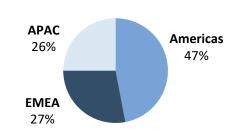
Enhanced Product Offering

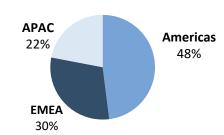


Electronics 4%

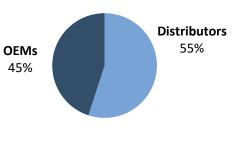


Broader Geographic Reach





Greater Access to OEMs





⁽¹⁾ Enovation Controls was acquired in December 2016 and therefore had a minimal impact on actual HLIO 2016 revenue



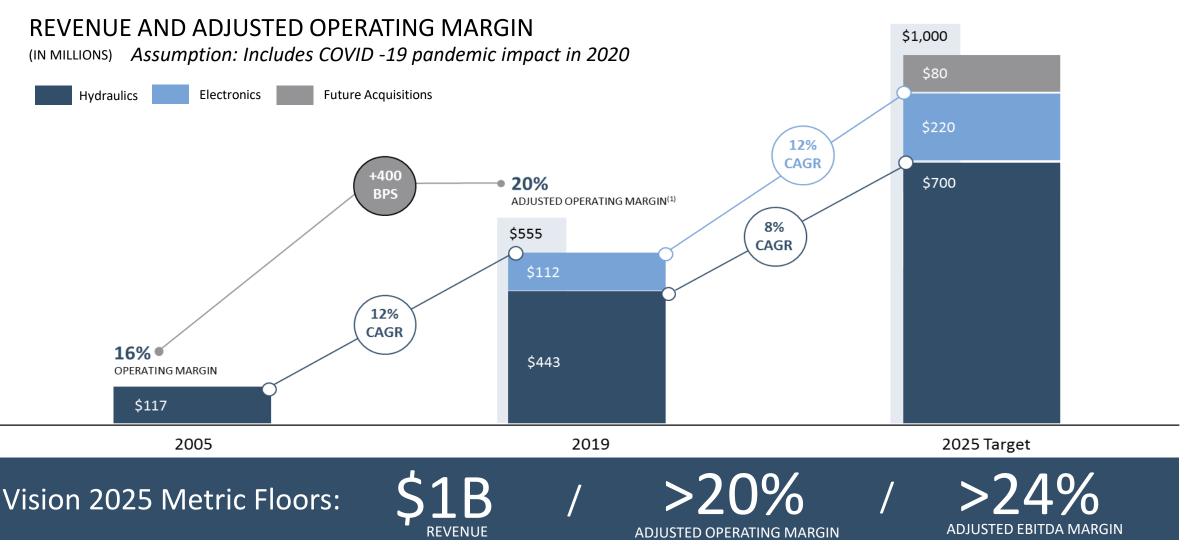
Achieving Our Vision 2025

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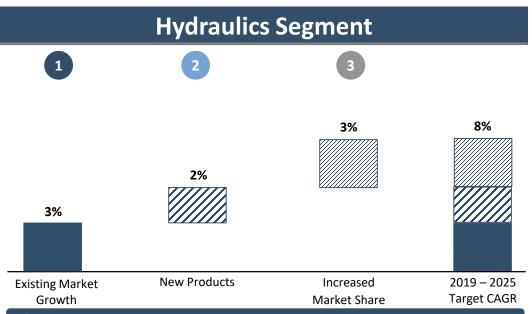
Current Vision 2025: Pathway to Superior Growth



⁽¹⁾ See Supplemental Information for definition of Adjusted Operating Margin and reconciliation from GAAP and other disclaimers regarding non-GAAP information



Reaching Vision 2025 Revenue Goals



1) Existing Market Growth

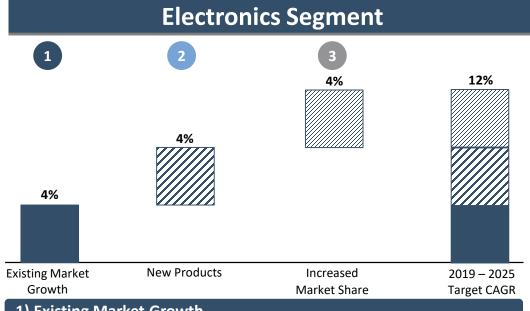
Industrial Production is a key driver of market growth

2) New Products

- Launch new product programs
- Expand core products

3) Increased Market Share

- Add new channel partners
- Deepen wallet share with existing customers:
 - More applications
 - More platforms
- Gain new customers



1) Existing Market Growth

Industrial Production + higher degree of electrification for industrial goods

2) New Products

- Proactive and consistent outreach to the middle market with expanded content
 - Reduce complexity with new product designs/content
 - Existing and new markets with similar applications

3) Increased Market Share

- Penetrate new OEMs globally
 - Expand international reach
- Grow systems sales to existing OEMs customers



Differentiated & Disciplined Acquisition Strategy

Goals

- Niche Technology leader (top 3)
- Broaden technology offerings and capabilities
- Increase solutions-based offerings
- Diversify end markets
- Expand aftermarket / MRO
- · Simultaneous engineering

Targets

- Strong management
- Culture supporting innovation
- Superior profitability
- Target revenue \$50-\$150 million per acquisition

Integration Model

- Successful on standalone basis
- Retain employees
- Keep customer relationships
- Retain brands
- Leverage engineering expertise
- High emphasis on sales synergies

Business Segment

Hydraulics (existing)

Horizon

NEAR-TERM FOCUS

Portfolio/Technology

Cartridge Valve
Technology (CVT)

Quick Release Couplings (QRC)

Brands



Faster

Linked Technologies (future)

MID-TERM FOCUS

Electromechanical Actuation, Software, IoT-Relevant, High Precision Manufacturing

Electronics (existing)

NEAR-TERM FOCUS

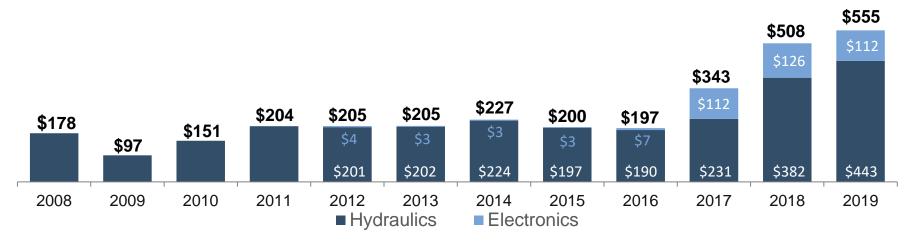
Electronic Controls & Instrumentation

ENOVATION

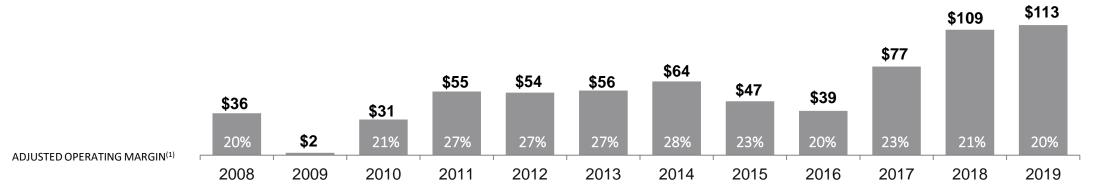


Driving Sustained Value Thru Profitable Growth

Revenue by Segment



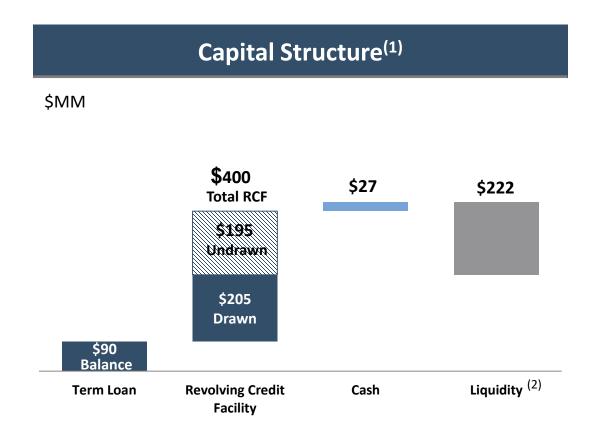
Adjusted Operating Income and Margin⁽¹⁾



(1) See Supplemental Information for definition of Adjusted Operating Income and Margin, and reconciliation from GAAP and other disclaimers regarding non-GAAP information



Capital Allocation Focused on Growth



Net Debt / Adj. EBITDA (1): 2.1x

Capital Allocation Priorities

1) Organic Growth

- Organically grow at 2x market
- New product development
- Integrate electronics and hydraulics know-how
- Support product platform

2) Debt Reduction

Goal of < 2x net debt / adjusted EBITDA

3) Acquisitive Growth

Ongoing assessment of mid- and long-term opportunities

4) Support Dividend

Continue quarterly cash dividend

⁽¹⁾ Information as of March 28, 2020; see Supplemental Information for definition of Adjusted EBITDA, reconciliation from GAAP and disclaimers regarding the use of non-GAAP financial information.

⁽²⁾ Liquidity is based on actual cash and borrowing capacity as of March 28, 2020; revolving credit facility also allows for a \$200 million accordion, subject to certain pro forma compliance requirements, not reflected above.



2020 Helios Outlook⁽¹⁾

- Withdrew 2020 guidance due to the impact of COVID-19 pandemic
- Cost containment actions already taken
 - Temporary 20% salary reduction for officers
 - Permanent layoffs and temporary salary reductions at Enovation Controls
 - A hiring freeze
 - Reduction in the use of contingent labor
 - Postponement of certain capital expenditures
 - Temporary 20% compensation reduction for Board of Directors
- Scenario analyses at varying potential levels
 - Postponing certain non-essential capital expenditures
 - Reducing temporary labor force
 - Reducing overtime
 - Applying additional salary reductions

- Reducing working hours to lower payroll expense
- Executing furlough programs and/or additional layoffs
- Reducing discretionary spending, including travel
- Continued confidence in successful management of current challenges
 - Well-respected brands
 - Dedicated global employees
 - Strong liquidity



Commitment to Shareholder Value Creation

- NICHE TECHNOLOGY A global niche technology leader in Hydraulics and Electronics with highly engineered and comprehensive in-house value add capabilities
- **SUPERIOR FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE Proven track record of growing 2x faster** than market at superior profitability levels (>24% adjusted EBITDA margin and >10% free cash flow)
- BROAD DIVERSIFICATION by 1) technology, 2) end markets, and 3) geographies

SALES GROWTH RATE **EXCEEDING MARKET**

CAPEX

AS % OF SALES

16% & 6%1 **ENGINEERING LABOR**

AS % OF SALES

>74%

ADJUSTED EBITDA MARGIN **FLOOR**

Defined Vision Designed Transformation



Supplemental Information



Segment Data

(\$ in thousands)		Three Mor	nths En	For the Year Ended				
,	N	1arch 28,	M	larch 30,	Ded	cember 28,	Dec	ember 29,
		2020		2019		2019	2018	
					(L	Inaudited)	(L	Inaudited)
Sales:								
Hydraulics	\$	103,818	\$	116,463	\$	442,812	\$	381,845
Electronics		25,665		30,388		111,853		126,200
Consolidated	\$	129,483	\$	146,851	\$	554,665	\$	508,045
					-			
Gross profit and margin:								
Hydraulics	\$	39,674	\$	42,634	\$	161,401	\$	141,674
		38.2%		36.6%		36.4%		37.1%
Electronics		12,176		13,875		50,881		55,450
		47.5%		45.7%		45.5%		43.9%
Corporate and other		-		- ,				(4,441)
Consolidated	\$	51,850	\$	56,509	\$	212,282	\$	192,683
		40.1%		38.5%		38.3%		37.9%
				_				
Operating (loss) income and margin:								
Hydraulics	\$	21,482	\$	23,762	\$	86,027	\$	83,858
		20.7%		20.4%		19.4%		22.0%
Electronics		4 <i>,</i> 778		6,512		21,994		25,046
		18.7%		21.4%		19.7%		19.8%
Corporate and other		(36,293)		(4,442)		(17,906)		(33,350)
Consolidated	\$	(10,033)	\$	25,832	\$	90,115	\$	75,554
		-7.7%		17.6%		16.2%		14.9%



Sales by Geographic Region & Segment

(Unaudited)

2020 Sales by Geographic Region and Segment

(\$ in millions)

(2 111 11111110113)		
		%
	Q1	of Total
Americas:		
Hydraulics	\$ 37.3	
Electronics	21.6	
Consol. Americas	58.9	45%
EMEA:		
Hydraulics	33.5	
Electronics	2.5	
Consol. EMEA	36.0	28%
APAC:		
Hydraulics	33.0	
Electronics	1.6	
Consol. APAC	34.6	27%
Total	\$ 129.5	-

2019 Sales by Geographic Region and Segment

(\$ in millions)

		%		%		%		%		%
	Q1	of Total	Q2	of Total	Q3	of Total	Q4	of Total	2019	of Total
Americas:										
Hydraulics	\$ 41.6		\$ 41.2		\$ 43.3		\$ 36.2		\$ 162.3	
Electronics	26.1		26.6		24.0		19.5		\$ 96.3	
Consol. Americas	67.7	46%	67.8	47%	67.3	49%	55.7	44%	258.6	47.0%
EMEA:										
Hydraulics	41.8		36.8		31.9		31.1		141.6	
Electronics	2.5		1.8		2.1		2.0		8.4	
Consol. EMEA	44.3	30%	38.6	27%	34.0	25%	33.1	26%	150.0	27.0%
APAC:		_		-		_				
Hydraulics	33.1		35.7		34.9		35.2		138.9	
Electronics	1.8		1.7		1.8		1.9		7.2	
Consol. APAC	34.9	24%	37.4	26%	36.7	26%	37.1	30%	146.1	26.0%
Total	\$ 146.9		\$ 143.8		\$ 138.0		\$ 125.9		\$ 554.7	



Adjusted Operating Income Reconciliation

(Unaudited)
(\$ in thousands)

	Year ended											
	Dec 27,	Jan 2,	Jan 1,	Dec 31,	Dec 29,	Dec 28,	Dec 27,	Jan 2,	Dec 31,	Dec 30,	Dec 29,	Dec 28,
	2008	2010	2011	2011	2012	2013	2014	2016	2016	2017	2018	2019
GAAP operating income	\$ 36,337	\$ 2,143	\$ 31,039	\$ 55,269	\$ 54,409	\$ 56,171	\$ 64,071	\$ 46,891	\$ 34,459	\$ 61,491	\$ 75,554	\$ 90,115
Acquisition-related amortization of intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,545	8,423	23,021	17,924
Acquisition-related amortization of inventory step-up	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,021	1,774	4,441	-
Acquisition and financing-related expenses (1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,537	1,019	5,685	11
Restructuring charges (2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,462	170	1,724
One-time operational items (3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,907	-	-
Loss on disposal of intangible asset	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,713
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	127
Non-GAAP adjusted operating income	\$ 36,337	\$ 2,143	\$ 31,039	\$ 55,269	\$ 54,409	\$ 56,171	\$ 64,071	\$ 46,891	\$ 38,562	\$ 77,076	\$ 108,871	\$ 112,614
GAAP operating margin	20.4%	2.2%	20.6%	27.1%	26.6%	27.4%	28.1%	23.4%	17.5%	17.9%	14.9%	16.2%
Non-GAAP Adjusted operating margin	20.4%	2.2%	20.6%	27.1%	26.6%	27.4%	28.1%	23.4%	19.6%	22.5%	21.4%	20.3%

- (1) Includes expenses associated with the Company's acquisition and financing activities to support its strategy
- (2) Includes 2017 charges to consolidate the Company's High Country Tek business into its Enovation Controls business, \$431 of which is included in cost of sales
- (3) Includes standard costing adjustments; temporary workforce, material outsourcing, and freight charges to recover from impact of Hurricane Irma; scrap and inventory issues attrbutable to the carve-out of Enovation Controls from its former organization

Non-GAAP Financial Measure:

Adjusted operating margin is adjusted operating income divided by sales. Adjusted operating income and adjusted operating margin are not measures determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States, commonly known as GAAP. Nevertheless, Sun believes that providing non-GAAP information such as adjusted operating income and adjusted operating margin are important for investors and other readers of Helios' financial statements, as they are used as analytical indicators by Sun's management to better understand operating performance. Because adjusted operating income and adjusted operating margin are non-GAAP measures and are thus susceptible to varying calculations, adjusted operating income and adjusted operating income margin, as presented, may not be directly comparable to other similarly titled measures used by other companies.



Adjusted EBITDA Reconciliation

(Unaudited)		Three Mon	ths Er	nded	For the Year Ended			
(\$ in thousands)	March 28, 2020		March 30, 2019		December 28, 2019		December 29, 2018	
Net income	\$	(17,223)	\$	16,404	\$	60,268	\$	46,730
Interest expense, net		2,951		4,385		15,387		13,876
Income tax provision		4,208		4,655		15,039		9,665
Depreciation and amortization		8,376		8,571		35,215		39,714
EBITDA		(1,688)		34,015		125,909		109,985
Acquisition-related amortization of inventory step-up		-		-		-		4,441
Acquisition and financing-related expenses		74		11		11		5,685
Restructuring charges		-		-		1,724		170
Foreign currency forward contract loss		-		-		-		2,535
Change in fair value of contingent consideration		-		719		652		1,482
Loss on disposal of intangible asset		-		-		2,713		-
CEO transcation costs		165		-		-		_
Goodwill impairment		31,871		-		-		-
Other		-		-		127		
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	30,422	\$	34,745	\$	131,136	\$	124,298
Adjusted EBITDA margin		23.5%		23.7%		23.6%		24.5%

Non-GAAP Financial Measure:

Adjusted EBITDA margin is Adjusted EBITDA divided by sales. Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin are not measures determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States, commonly known as GAAP. Nevertheless, Helios believes that providing non-GAAP information such as Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin are important for investors and other readers of Helios's financial statements, as they are used as analytical indicators by Helios's management to better understand operating performance. Because Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin, as presented, may not be directly comparable to other similarly titled measures used by other companies.



Non-GAAP Cash Net Income Reconciliation

(Unaudited)		Three Mor	nths Er	For the Year Ended					
(\$ in thousands)		March 28, 2020		March 30, 2019		December 28, 2019		December 29, 2018	
Net income	\$	(17,223)	\$	16,404	\$	60,268	\$	46,730	
Acquisition-related amortization of inventory step-up		-		-		-		4,441	
Acquisition and financing-related expenses		74		11		11		5,685	
Restructuring charges		-		-		1,724		170	
Loss on disposal of intangible asset		-		-		2,713		-	
Foreign currency forward contract loss		-		-		-		2,535	
Change in fair value of contingent consideration		-		719		652		1,482	
Amortization of intangible assets		4,348		4,460		18,065		23,262	
CEO transaction costs		165		-		-		-	
Goodwill impairment		31,871		-		-		-	
Impact of tax reform		-		-		-		(1,400)	
Other one-time tax related items		-		-		_		(1,920)	
Other		-		-		127		-	
Tax effect of above		(1,147)		(1,298)		(5,823)		(8,850)	
Non-GAAP cash net income	\$	18,088	\$	20,296	\$	77,737	\$	72,135	
Non-GAAP cash net income per diluted share	\$	0.56	\$	0.63	\$	2.43	\$	2.30	

Non-GAAP Financial Measure:

Adjusted net income per diluted share is adjusted net income divided by diluted weighted average common shares outstanding. Cash net income per share is cash net income divided by diluted weighted average common shares outstanding. Adjusted net income, adjusted net income per diluted share, cash net income and cash net income per diluted share are not measures determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States, commonly known as GAAP. Nevertheless, Helios believes that providing non-GAAP information such as adjusted net income, adjusted net income per diluted share is important for investors and other readers of Helios's financial statements, as they are used as analytical indicators by Helios's management to better understand operating performance. Because adjusted net income, adjusted net income per diluted share, cash net income and cash net income per diluted share are non-GAAP measures and are thus susceptible to varying calculations, adjusted net income, adjusted net income per diluted share, cash net income per diluted share, as presented, may not be directly comparable to other similarly titled measures used by other companies.



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