

Quanta Services, Inc. and Subsidiaries Non-GAAP Financial Measures and Certain Other Data For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 (In thousands) (Unaudited)

The following table presents the non-GAAP financial measures of EBITA, EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010. Management believes that EBITA, or earnings before interest, taxes and amortization, and Adjusted EBITDA, which is earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization and certain other expenses as described below, provide useful information to investors, analysts and management in evaluating Quanta's operating results period to period or in comparison with the results of Quanta's competitors. EBITA/Adjusted EBITDA should not be considered as an alternative to cash flow from operating activities or as a measure of liquidity or as an alternative to net income or other measures of performance that are derived in accordance with GAAP.

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2011		2010		2011		2010	
Reconciliation of EBITA:								
Operating income	\$	93,981	\$	94,561	\$	124,795	\$	201,676
Amortization of intangible assets		8,295		13,396		21,432		28,334
EBITA	\$	102,276	\$	107,957	\$	146,227	\$	230,010
	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,				
	2011		2010		2011		2010	
Reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA:								
Net income attributable to common stock	\$	51,994	\$	62,780	\$	66,201	\$	119,510
Interest expense		738		269		1,248		4,660
Interest income		(226)		(418)		(761)		(1,166)
Provision for income taxes		37,341		31,489		50,306		70,323
Depreciation expense		29,135		26,502		86,499		80,377
Amortization of intangible assets		8,295		13,396		21,432		28,334
EBITDA		127,277		134,018		224,925		302,038
Acquisition and integration costs		973		1,726		973		2,524
Loss on early extinguishment of debt		-		-		-		7,107
Non-cash stock-based compensation		4,718		5,703		16,212		17,465
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	132,968	\$	141,447	\$	242,110	\$	329,134

<u>Definition of Days Sales Outstanding:</u>

Days Sales Outstanding is calculated by using the sum of current accounts receivable (which include retainage and unbilled balances), plus costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts less billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts, divided by average revenues per day during the quarter.