EVOLV TECHNOLOGIES HOLDINGS, INC.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE GUIDELINES

(As of July 16, 2021)

The Board of Directors (the "Board") of Evolv Technologies Holdings, Inc. (the "Company") has adopted the following Corporate Governance Guidelines (the "Guidelines") to assist the Board in the exercise of its responsibilities and to serve the interests of the Company and its stockholders. These Guidelines should be interpreted in the context of all applicable laws and the Company's certificate of incorporation, bylaws, the Stockholders Agreement (the "Stockholders Agreement") entered into in connection with the Company's initial public offering, for so long as such agreement is in effect, and other corporate governance documents. These Guidelines acknowledge the leadership exercised by the Board's standing committees and their chairs and are intended to serve as a flexible framework within which the Board may conduct its business and not as a set of legally binding obligations. These Guidelines should be interpreted in the context of all applicable laws and the Company's bylaws (as may be amended from time to time, the "Bylaws") and other corporate governance documents, and in the event of any conflict between all applicable laws, the Company's Bylaws or other corporate governance documents and these Guidelines, the applicable laws, the Company's Bylaws and other corporate governance documents shall supersede these Guidelines. The Guidelines are subject to modification from time to time by the Board as the Board may deem appropriate and in the best interests of the Company and its stockholders or as required by applicable laws and regulations.

I. THE BOARD

A. Size of the Board

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee will periodically review the size of the Board, and may make recommendations to the Board regarding the size that is most effective in relation to future operations.

B. Independence of the Board

Except as otherwise permitted by the applicable rules of The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC ("Nasdaq"), the Board will be comprised of a majority of directors who qualify as independent directors (the "Independent Directors") as required under Nasdaq rules.

C. Separate Sessions of Independent Directors

The Independent Directors will meet in executive session without non-Independent Directors or management present on a regularly scheduled basis, but no less than twice per year.

D. Chair and Vice Chair of the Board

The Board shall select its Chair, any Vice Chair and the Company's Chief Executive Officer in any way it considers in the best interests of the Company. Therefore, the Board does

not have a policy on whether the role of Chair and Chief Executive Officer should be separate or combined and, if it is to be separate, whether the Chair should be selected from the independent directors.

The Chair or any Vice Chair of the Board may be removed from such office at any time by a majority of the members of the Board. Any director, including the Chair or any Vice Chair, may be removed from the Board at any time, but only for cause, and only by the affirmative vote of the holders of at least a majority of the voting power of all of the then outstanding shares of voting stock of the Company entitled to vote at an election of directors. The Chair or any Vice Chair of the Board will be provided adequate staff and resources, as determined by the Board, to discharge his or her respective duties.

The Chair's responsibilities include, but are not limited to, scheduling, setting the agenda for, and presiding over, meetings of the Board at which such Chair is present; determining the need for special meetings of the Board; coordinating the work of the committees of the Board; coordinating communications among the members of the Board; overseeing the distribution of materials to the members of the Board; approving information sent to the Board; being available for consultation and direct communication if requested by major stockholders; recommending to the Board, in concert with the chairpersons of the respective Board committees, the retention of consultants and advisors who directly report to the Board, including such independent legal, financial or other advisors as he or she deems appropriate, without consulting or obtaining the advance authorization of any officer of the Company; and performing such other duties as the Board may from time to time delegate to assist the Board in the fulfillment of its duties.

Any person named Vice Chair shall assist the Chair in all of the above as the Chair reasonably requests, and may act as Chair of the Board and perform such duties to the extent that the Chair is temporarily unable to fulfill his or her duties.

E. Lead Director

If there is a Chair of the Board and the Chair is a member of management or does not otherwise qualify as independent, the Independent Directors may elect a lead director. The lead director's responsibilities include, but are not limited to: presiding over all meetings of the Board at which the Chair of the Board is not present, including any executive sessions of the Independent Directors; approving Board meeting schedules and agendas; and acting as the liaison between the Independent Directors and the Chief Executive Officer and Chair of the Board. If there is a Chair of the Board and the Chair is an Independent Director, the Chair of the Board will serve as lead director. The Board may modify its leadership structure in the future as it deems appropriate.

F. <u>Director Qualification Standards</u>

In evaluating the suitability of individual candidates (both new candidates and current Board members), the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, in recommending candidates for election, and the Board, in approving (and, in the case of vacancies, appointing) such candidates, in accordance with the qualification standards set forth in <u>Attachment A</u> to these Corporate Governance Guidelines. In addition, the Nominating and Corporate

Governance Committee and the Board may also consider the additional selection criteria listed in Attachment A.

G. Selection of New Directors

The Board is divided into three classes. As a result, approximately one-third of the Board will stand for election by the stockholders of the Company each year at the Company's annual meeting for three-year terms. Each year, at the annual meeting, the Board will recommend a slate of directors for election by the stockholders. In accordance with the Bylaws, the Board will also be responsible for filling vacancies or newly-created directorships on the Board that may occur between annual meetings of stockholders. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee is primarily responsible for identifying, screening and recommending candidates to the entire Board for Board membership.

H. Director Orientation and Continuing Education

Management will provide an orientation process for new directors, including background material on the Company and its business. As appropriate, management will provide opportunities for additional educational sessions for directors on matters relevant to the Company and its business.

I. <u>Service on Other Boards / No Specific Limitation on Other Board Service</u>

The Board does not believe that its members should be prohibited from serving on boards of other organizations and has not adopted any guidelines limiting such activities. However, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee may take into account the nature of and time involved in a director's service on other boards and/or committees in evaluating the suitability of individual director candidates and current directors. Prior to accepting any position on the board of directors of any organization, whether for-profit or not-for-profit, current directors should notify the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee shall review the proposed board membership to ensure compliance with applicable laws and policies.

Service on other boards and/or committees should be consistent with the Company's conflict of interest policies as set forth in the Company's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics.

J. <u>Directors Who Resign or Materially Change Their Current Positions With Their Own Company or Become Aware of Circumstances that May Adversely Reflect upon the Director or the Company</u>

When a director, including any director who is currently an officer or employee of the Company, resigns or materially changes his or her position with his or her employer or becomes aware of circumstances that may adversely reflect upon the director or the Company, such director should notify the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and the General Counsel of such circumstances. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, and in the case of any director designated by a stockholder of the Company pursuant to the Stockholders Agreement, the applicable designating party, will consider the circumstances, and may in certain cases

recommend that the Board request that the director submit his or her resignation from the Board if, for example, continuing service on the Board by the individual is not consistent with the criteria deemed necessary for continuing service on the Board.

K. Term Limit

As each director is periodically subject to election by stockholders, the Board does not believe it is in the best interests of the Company to establish term limits at this time. Additionally, such term limits may cause the Company to lose the contribution of directors who have been able to develop, over a period of time, increasing insight into the Company's business and therefore can provide an increasingly significant contribution to the Board.

L. Director Responsibilities

The business and affairs of the Company will be managed by or under the direction of the Board, including through one or more of its committees as set forth in the bylaws and committee charters. Each director is expected to spend the time and effort necessary to properly discharge his or her responsibilities. These include:

- exercising their business judgment in good faith;
- acting in what they reasonably believe to be the best interest of all stockholders;
- becoming and remaining well-informed about the Company's business and operations and general business and economic trends affecting the Company;
- reviewing and, where appropriate, approving the Company's major financial objectives, plans and actions;
- reviewing and, where appropriate, approving major changes in, and determinations under, these Corporate Governance Guidelines, the Company's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics and other Board-approved policies of the Company;
- reviewing and, where appropriate, approving actions to be undertaken by the Company that would result in a material change in the financial structure or control of the Company, the acquisition or disposition of any businesses or asset(s) material to the Company or the entry of the Company into any major new line of business;
- overseeing management of the Company's risks, including, without limitation, oversight of disclosure controls and procedures;
- reviewing the performance of the Chief Executive Officer and other executive officers, considering any input from the Compensation Committee;
- planning for succession with respect to the position of Chief Executive Officer and monitoring management's succession planning for other key executives;
- setting a "tone at the top" that emphasizes compliance with the highest standards
 of ethical conduct and promotes the Company's mission, vision, values and culture;
 and

• ensuring that the business of the Company is conducted so as to further the long-term interests of its stockholders.

M. <u>Compensation</u>

The Board believes that director compensation should fairly pay directors for work required in a business of the Company's size and scope, and that compensation should align directors' interests with the long-term interests of stockholders. The Compensation Committee will review and make recommendations to the Board regarding the cash and equity compensation of directors. The Company's executive officers shall not receive additional compensation for their service as directors.

Except as otherwise permitted by the applicable Nasdaq rules, members of the Audit Committee and Compensation Committee may not directly or indirectly receive any compensation from the Company other than their directors' compensation, including any compensation for service on committees of the Board and the receipt of equity incentive awards.

N. Stock Ownership

The Company encourages directors to own shares of the Company's stock. However, the number of shares of the Company's stock owned by any director is a personal decision and, at this time, the Board has chosen not to adopt a policy requiring ownership by directors of a minimum number of shares.

O. <u>Conflicts of Interest</u>

Directors are expected to avoid any action, position or interest that conflicts with the interests of the Company or gives the appearance of a conflict. If an actual or potential conflict of interest develops, the director should immediately report all facts regarding the matter to the Board. Any significant conflict must be resolved or the director may be requested to resign. For additional information, see the Company's "Code of Business Conduct and Ethics."

P. Interaction with Institutional Investors, the Press and Customers

The Board believes that management speaks for the Company. Each director should refer all inquiries from institutional investors, the press or customers regarding the Company's operations to management. Individual Board members may, from time to time at the request of management, meet or otherwise communicate with various constituencies that are involved with the Company. If comments from the Board are appropriate, they should, in most circumstances, come from the Chair of the Board, if applicable, or the Chief Executive Officer. For additional information, see the Company's "Policy Statement Guidelines for Corporate Disclosure."

Q. Board Access to Senior Management

The Board will have complete access to Company management in order to ensure that directors can ask any questions and receive all information necessary to perform their duties. Directors should exercise judgment to ensure that their contact with management does not distract managers from their jobs or disturb the business operations of the Company. Any meetings or contacts that a director wishes to initiate may be arranged through the Chief Executive Officer, the Chair of the Board or lead director, or if none is available or none is appropriate, directly by the director. To the extent appropriate, such contact, if in writing, should be copied to the Chief Executive Officer of the Company.

R. Board Access to Independent Advisors

The Board committees may hire independent advisors as set forth in their applicable charters. The Board as a whole shall have access to such advisors, whether retained by the Company, or directly by the Board, that the Board considers necessary to discharge its responsibilities.

S. Board and Committee Self-Evaluation

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee will oversee an annual selfevaluation of the Board and its committees.

II. BOARD MEETINGS

A. Frequency of Meetings

The Board will meet at least four (4) times annually. In addition, special meetings may be called from time to time as determined by the needs of the business.

B. Director Attendance

A director is expected to spend the time and effort necessary to properly discharge his or her responsibilities. Accordingly, a director is expected to regularly prepare for and attend meetings of the Board and all committees on which the director sits (including separate meetings of the Independent Directors), with the understanding that, on occasion, a director may be unable to attend a meeting. All directors are expected to attend at least 75% of Board and applicable committee meetings. A director who is unable to attend a meeting is expected to notify the Chief Executive Officer or the Chair of the appropriate committee in advance of such meeting, and, whenever possible, participate in such meeting via teleconference.

C. Attendance of Non-Directors

The Board and its committees are encouraged to invite Company management and outside advisors or consultants from time to time to participate in Board and/or committee meetings to (i) provide insight into items being discussed by the Board that involve the manager, advisor or consultant, (ii) make presentations to the Board on matters that involve the manager, advisor or consultant, and (iii) bring managers with high potential into contact with the Board. Attendance of non-directors at Board meetings is at the discretion of the Board.

D. Advance Receipt of Meeting Materials

Information regarding the topics to be considered at a meeting is essential to the Board's understanding of the business and the preparation of the directors for a productive meeting. To the extent feasible, the meeting agenda and any written materials relating to each Board meeting will be distributed to the directors sufficiently in advance of each meeting to allow for meaningful review of such agenda and materials by the directors. Directors are expected to have reviewed and be prepared to discuss all materials distributed in advance of any meeting.

III. COMMITTEE MATTERS

A. Number, Name, Responsibilities and Independence of Committees

The Board currently has four (4) committees: (i) the Audit Committee, (ii) the Compensation Committee, (iii) the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, and (iv) the Technology Sub-Committee. Each Committee is composed entirely of Independent Directors, subject to any exceptions provided by the Nasdaq rules and applicable laws and regulations. From time to time and depending upon the circumstances, the Board may form a new committee or disband a current committee. Each committee will perform its duties as assigned by the Board in compliance with the Company's bylaws and the committee's charter. It is the responsibility of the directors to attend the meetings of the committees on which they serve.

B. Appointment and Rotation of Committee Members

Committee members and committee chairs will be appointed by the Board according to criteria set forth in the applicable committee charter and such other criteria that the Board

determines to be appropriate in light of the responsibilities of each committee following the recommendation of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee. Committee membership and the position of committee chair will not be rotated on a mandatory basis unless the Board determines that rotation is in the best interest of the Company.

IV. SUCCESSION PLANNING

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee will work on a periodic basis with the Chief Executive Officer to evaluate the Company's succession plans for the Chief Executive Officer and other executive officers, including an emergency succession plan for the Chief Executive Officer.

V. RISK MANAGEMENT

As provided in the Audit Committee Charter, the Audit Committee is responsible for discussing the Company's policies with respect to risk assessment and risk management, including guidelines and policies to govern the process by which the Company's exposure to risk is handled. In accordance with those policies, the Board and the Board committees shall have an active role in overseeing management of the Company's risks. The Board shall regularly review information regarding the Company's credit, liquidity and operations, as well as the risks associated with each. The Company's Compensation Committee shall be responsible for overseeing the management of risks relating to the Company's incentive compensation and equity-based plans and arrangements. The Company's Audit Committee shall oversee management of financial and cybersecurity risks. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee shall manage risks associated with the independence of the Board and potential conflicts of interest as well as oversee the Company's efforts with regard to environmental, social and governance matters and associated risks. While each committee shall be responsible for evaluating certain risks and overseeing the management of such risks, the entire Board is regularly informed through committee reports about such risks.

Attachment A

Director Qualification Standards and Additional Selection Criteria

Director Qualification Standards

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, in recommending director candidates for election to the Board, and the Board, in nominating director candidates, will consider candidates who have a high level of personal and professional integrity, strong ethics and values and the ability to make mature business judgments. The Board believes that the Board membership should reflect a diversity of experience, qualifications, skills, gender, race and age in order to ensure that the Board, as a whole, has the necessary tools to perform its oversight function effectively in light of the Company's business and structure.

Additional Selection Criteria

In evaluating director candidates, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and the Board may also consider the following criteria as well as any other factor that they deem to be relevant:

- A. The candidate's experience in corporate management, such as serving as an officer or former officer of a publicly held company;
- B. The candidate's experience as a board member of another publicly held company;
- C. The candidate's professional and academic experience relevant to the Company's industry, operations, and target markets;
- D. The candidates ability to exercise mature business judgment, including, but not limited to, the ability to make independent analytical inquiries;
- E. The strength of the candidate's leadership skills;
- F. The candidate's experience in finance and accounting and/or executive compensation practices;
- G. Whether the candidate has the time required for preparation, participation and attendance at Board meetings and committee meetings, if applicable; and
- H. The candidates diversity of background and perspective, including, but not limited to, with respect to age, gender, race and geographic background as well as diversity of expertise and experience in substantive matters pertaining to the Company's business relative to other board members.

In addition, the Board will consider whether there are potential conflicts of interest with the candidate's other personal and professional pursuits.

The Board should monitor the mix of specific experience, qualifications and skills of its directors in order to assure that the Board, as a whole, has the necessary tools to perform its oversight function effectively in light of the Company's business and structure.